

تعلم
القرآن الكريم لفظاً لفظاً

Study the NOBLE QUR'ÂN

Word-for-Word

Volume 1

Part 1-10

For the first time
Word-for-word English translation
to increase the awareness of
the Arabic Verses

Compiled by
DARUSSALAM



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Publishers & Distributors
Riyadh, Houston, New York, Lahore

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سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْأَلِفِ ١ ذَٰلِكَ الْكِتَابُ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ هُدًى لِّلْمُتَّقِينَ ٢ الَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْغَيْبِ وَيُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ وَمِمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ يُنفِقُونَ ٣ وَالَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِمَا أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكَ وَمَا أُنزِلَ مِن قَبْلِكَ وَبِالْآخِرَةِ هُمْ يُوقِنُونَ ٤ أُولَٰئِكَ عَلَىٰ هُدًى مِّن رَّبِّهِمْ وَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ ٥ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا سَوَاءٌ عَلَيْهِمْ ءَأَنذَرْتَهُمْ أَمْ لَمْ تُنذِرْهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ٦

Alif-Lam-Mim ١ ذَٰلِكَ the Book الْكِتَابُ that الْأَلِفِ ٢ in it هُدًى a guidance لِّلْمُتَّقِينَ ٣ for the pious الَّذِينَ who يُؤْمِنُونَ believe بِالْغَيْبِ in unseen (unperceivable humanly apparently) وَيُقِيمُونَ the prayer الصَّلَاةَ and perform وَمِمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ and out of what رَزَقْنَاهُمْ and who يُؤْمِنُونَ they spend وَالَّذِينَ provided them ٤ أُولَٰئِكَ in what أُنزِلَ has been revealed (sent down) وَمَا أُنزِلَ what



تعلم القرآن الكريم لفظاً لفظاً

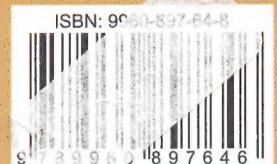
Study the Noble Qur'ân Word-for-Word

To understand the Qur'ân, it is necessary that one should learn the translation of every word of the Verses. It is very difficult to understand the Qur'ân without the knowledge of the meanings of the Arabic words. Therefore, to convey the accurate meaning of the Quranic Verses this task has been done. The idiomatic translation has also been added in order to ease the readers to see the word-for-word translation of the Arabic Verses along with the idiomatic one on the same page.

All the present English translations of the meanings of the Qur'ân are idiomatic. Such translations are not designed to help the reader learn the meanings of each Arabic word. Therefore, the readers and reciters simply proceed forward without knowledge of the Arabic vocabulary used in the Verses. But when one knows the meanings of each Arabic word of the Verse, then whether he himself recites the Qu'rân, or listens to some other's recitation, he gets the pleasure of understanding it.



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تعلم القرآن الكريم معنا

Study the Meaning of
the English Translation of

THE NOBLE QUR'ÂN

Word-for-Word
from Arabic to English

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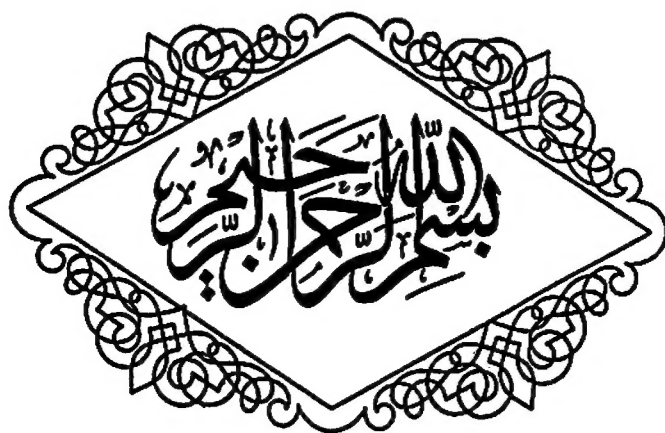
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بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

A Note from the Publisher

To understand the Qur'ân, it is necessary that one should know the translation of every word of the Verses. It is very difficult to understand the Qur'ân without knowledge of the meanings of the Arabic words. Therefore, to overcome this difficulty and to convey to the people the accurate meaning of the Qur'ânic Verses, we are producing the word-for-word translation of the meanings of the Noble Qur'ân. Since mere word-for-word translation itself does not lead to complete understanding, we have produced the idiomatic translation also in order to allow the readers to see the word-for-word translation of the Arabic Verses along with the idiomatic one on the same page.

I remember from my childhood, when I was studying in the fourth grade, my father used to teach us the Qur'ân along with its Urdu translation. We studied the necessary interpretation and the Arabic grammar. After about three years of study, I was able to recite on my own the first few parts of the Qur'ân while understanding its meaning in the Urdu language. Whenever the *Imam* recited Verses from those parts in the congregational prayers at the mosque, I easily understood the meaning of the Verses. I felt great joy at being able to understand the recitation of the *Imam*.

This memory initiated me to produce this translation of the meanings of the Noble Qur'ân so that the readers and reciters of the Qur'ân may extract more pleasure from the recitation by understanding its meanings.

All the present English translations of the meanings of the Qur'ân are idiomatic. Such translations are not designed to help the reader learn the meanings of each Arabic word. Therefore, the readers and reciters simply proceed forward without knowledge of the Arabic vocabulary used in the Verses. But when one knows the meanings of each Arabic word of the Verse, then whether he himself recites the Qur'ân, or listens to some other's recitation, he gets the pleasure of understanding it.

The real marvel of the Qur'ân comes with its understanding. The Qur'ân itself emphasizes this point:

﴿وَلَقَدْ يَسَّرْنَا الْقُرْآنَ لِلذِّكْرِ فَهَلْ مِنْ مُدَكِّرٍ﴾ [القمر : ٤٠]

“And indeed, We have made the Qur'ân easy to understand and remember; then is there any that will remember?” (*Sûrat Al-Qamar*, 54:40)

Also Allâh has encouraged us to contemplate the meanings of the Qur'ân. We receive blessings for its recital, but mere recital alone in melodious tone is not the goal of Qur'ânic recitation. The intent of reading the Qur'ân should be to reflect upon and understand the address of Allâh Himself to mankind. Allâh says:

﴿ أَفَلَا يَتَذَكَّرُونَ الْقُرْآنَ أَتَرَعَلَى قُلُوبِ أَفْفَالِهَا ﴾ [محمد: ٢٤]

“Do they not then **think deeply (contemplate)** in the Qur’ân, or are their hearts locked up (from understanding it)?” (*Sûrat Muhammad*, 47:24)

If one approaches the Qur’ân with the intent of reflecting upon its meanings, then he achieves the full objective of the Qur’ân’s revelation, which is guidance for mankind. As Allâh says:

﴿ شَهْرُ رَمَضَانَ الَّذِي أُنْزِلَ فِيهِ الْقُرْآنُ هُدًى لِّلنَّاسِ ﴾ [البقرة: ١٨٥]

“The month of Ramadan, in which the Qur’ân was revealed as a **guidance** for mankind.” (*Sûrat Al-Baqarah*, 2:185)

It should also be noted that some Islamic scholars have certain reservations about the word-for-word translation, saying that such a translation may cause confusion in the minds of the readers. But other renowned scholars of the Indo-Pak Subcontinent have produced such translations in the Urdu language. The most popular one being done by Shah Rafiuddin, the son of Shah Waliullah. Until now, this translation is considered the best and the most authentic one. Hafiz Nazeer Ahmad, the former principal of Oriental College, Lahore, performed another recent word-for-word translation in the Urdu language. Some other scholars have also contributed in this regard.

It may be that the native speakers of Arabic do not give much importance to the word-for-word translation, but they will know its importance if they ask any non-Arab Muslim about it. This will be especially clear after one has gone through this translation of the Qur’ân which we have produced. After studying this translation, the native English speaker will relate how pleased he is with his increased understanding of the Qur’ânic recitation.

I must thank Mr. Aqeel Walker, Mr. Said Dabas, Mr. Syed Masoodul Hasan, Mr. Mohammad Ayub and Mr. Aziz-ur-Rahman who worked on this project.

It should be particularly noted that in this compilation, we have produced with all its references, the translation of the interpretation of the meanings of the Noble Qur’ân done by Dr. Muhammad Taqi-ud-Din Al-Hilâlî and Dr. Muhammad Muhsin Khân.

We will be thankful for every comment, suggestion or advice by the readers and reciters of the Qur’ân, that may help to improve this presentation. وما علينا إلا البلاغ

Abdul Malik Mujahid

General Manager

November 1999

سُورَةُ الْفَاتِحَةِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ① الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ② مَلِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّينِ ③ إِيَّاكَ نَعْبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ
نَسْتَعِينُ ④ اهْدِنَا الصِّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ ⑤ صِرَاطَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ غَيْرِ الْمَغْضُوبِ
عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ ⑥

the Most Gracious (of) Allah in the Name
(is) to Allah all praise the Most Merciful ①
the Most Gracious (of) the worlds ② the Lord
③ the Most Merciful ④ Owner the Most Merciful ⑤
and You (of) Resurrection we worship You Alone
the Way guide us to we seek help Alone
⑥ the Straight the Way the Straight ⑦
(of) those the Way the Straight ⑧
(of) those on them You have bestowed your Grace
(of those) nor upon them those) your anger is
who went astray

Sûrat Al-Fâtihah

(The Opening) I

1. In the Name of Allâh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful. 2. All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinn and all that exists). 3. The Most Gracious, the Most Merciful. 4. The Only Owner (and the Only Ruling Judge) of the Day of Recompense (i.e. the Day of Resurrection) 5. You (Alone) we worship, and You (Alone) we ask for help (for each and everything). 6. Guide us to the Straight Way. 7. The way of those on whom You have bestowed Your Grace, not (the way) of those who earned Your Anger, nor of those who went astray.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّكَّانِ الرَّحْمَنِ ﴿١﴾

الْعَلَمِ ﴿١﴾ ذَلِكَ الْكِتَابُ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ هُدًى لِلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿٢﴾ الَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْغَيْبِ وَيُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ وَمِمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ يُنْفِقُونَ ﴿٣﴾ وَالَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِمَا أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكَ وَمَا أُنزِلَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ وَبِالْآخِرَةِ هُمْ يُوقِنُونَ ﴿٤﴾ أُولَئِكَ عَلَى هُدًى مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ ﴿٥﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا سَوَاءٌ عَلَيْهِمْ ءَأَنْذَرْتَهُمْ أَمْ لَمْ تُنْذِرْهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٦﴾

Alif-Lam-Mim ﴿١﴾ that the Book ﴿٢﴾ in it a guidance ﴿٣﴾ for the pious ﴿٤﴾ who believe in unseen (unperceivable humanly apparently) and perform the prayer ﴿٥﴾ and out of what they spend they spend ﴿٦﴾ and who believe ﴿٧﴾ in what has been revealed (sent down) in what was revealed before you and in the Hereafter ﴿٨﴾ they believe with certainty ﴿٩﴾ and those (are) their Lord from guidance and those (are) the successful ﴿١٠﴾ they (who are) disbelieve same to them whether you warn them or not they would believe

Sûrat Al-Baqarah

(The Cow) II

In the Name of Allâh,

the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful

1. *Alif-Lâm-Mîm*. [These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings.] 2. This is the Book (the Qur'ân), whereof there is no doubt, a guidance to those who are *Al-Muttaqîn* [the pious believers of

Islamic Monotheism who fear Allâh much (abstain from all kinds of sins and evil deeds which He has forbidden) and love Allâh much (perform all kinds of good deeds which He has ordained)]. 3. Who believe in the *Ghaib* and perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), and spend out of what we have provided for them [i.e. give *Zakât*, spend on themselves, their parents, their children, their wives, and also give charity to the poor and also in Allâh's Cause — *Jihâd*]. 4. And who believe in (the Qur'ân and the *Sunnah*) which has been sent down (revealed) to you (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) and in that which were sent down before you [the Taurât (Torah) and the Injîl (Gospel)] and they believe with certainty in the Hereafter. (Resurrection, recompense of their good and bad deeds, Paradise and Hell). 5. They are on (true) guidance from their Lord, and they are the successful. 6. Verily, those who disbelieve, it is the same to them whether you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) warn them or do not warn them, they will not believe.

خَتَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ وَعَلَى سَمْعِهِمْ وَعَلَى أَبْصَارِهِمْ غِشْوَةٌ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿٧﴾ وَ مِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يَقُولُ آمَنَّا بِاللَّهِ وَيَأْتِيهِمْ الْآخِرُ وَمَا هُمْ بِمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٨﴾ يَخْتَدِعُونَ اللَّهَ وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَمَا يَخْدَعُونَ إِلَّا أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿٩﴾ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ مَرَضٌ فَزَادَهُمُ اللَّهُ مَرَضًا وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْذِبُونَ ﴿١٠﴾

and on their hearts قُلُوبِهِمْ on Allah الله (has) set a seal خَتَمَ (there is) غِشْوَةٌ their eyes أَبْصَارِهِمْ and on their hearings سَمْعِهِمْ وَلَهُمْ a covering عَذَابٌ a great عَظِيمٌ ﴿٧﴾ and of النَّاسِ people (mankind) وَمِنْ say يَقُولُ (there are some) who and of الْآخِرُ the Last وَمَا we believe in وَالْيَوْمِ in Day وَالَّذِينَ they deceive يَخْتَدِعُونَ believe ﴿٨﴾ they هُمْ not they deceive يَخْدَعُونَ while (do) not وَمَا believe and those who they perceive يَشْعُرُونَ and do not وَمَا themselves أَنفُسَهُمْ except إِلَّا and increased فَزَادَهُمُ (is) a disease مَرَضٌ their hearts قُلُوبِهِمْ in فِي and for them (is) وَلَهُمْ (in) disease مَرَضًا and عَذَابٌ tell يَكْذِبُونَ they used to كَانُوا for what بِمَا a painful torment أَلِيمٌ lies

7. Allâh has set a seal on their hearts and on their hearing, (i.e. they are closed from accepting Allâh's Guidance), and on their eyes there is a covering. Theirs will be a great torment. 8. And of mankind, there are some (hypocrites) who say: "We believe in Allâh and the Last Day," while in fact they believe not. 9. They (think to) deceive Allâh and those who believe, while they only deceive themselves, and

perceive (it) not! 10. In their hearts is a disease (of doubt and hypocrisy) and Allâh has increased their disease. A painful torment is theirs because they used to tell lies.

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ لَا تُفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ قَالُوا إِنَّمَا نَحْنُ مُصْلِحُونَ ﴿١٠﴾ أَلَا إِنَّهُمْ هُمُ الْمُفْسِدُونَ وَلَكِنْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿١١﴾ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ ءَامِنُوا كَمَا ءَامَنَ النَّاسُ قَالُوا أَنُؤْمِنُ كَمَا ءَامَنَ الْأَشْفَهَاءُ أَلَا إِنَّهُمْ هُمُ الْأَشْفَهَاءُ وَلَكِنْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٢﴾ وَإِذْ يَقُولُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ءَامِنُوا ءَامِنًا وَإِذَا خَلَوْا إِلَىٰ شَيَاطِينِهِمْ قَالُوا إِنَّا مَعَكُمْ إِنَّمَا نَحْنُ مُسْتَهْزِءُونَ ﴿١٣﴾

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ لَا تُفْسِدُوا (you) do not to them لَهُمْ it is said and when وَإِنَّمَا they say قَالُوا the earth فِي make mischief only نَحْنُ we (are) مُصْلِحُونَ ﴿١٠﴾ peace-makers أَلَا verily إِنَّهُمْ they are هُمُ they are الْمُفْسِدُونَ who (are) mischief-makers وَلَكِنْ but لَا do not يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿١١﴾ they perceive and when قَالُوا (other) people النَّاسُ believe as ءَامِنُ believe they say قَالُوا (other) people النَّاسُ believe as ءَامِنُ shall we believe أَنُؤْمِنُ they (themselves) are هُمُ they are الْأَشْفَهَاءُ the fools أَلَا the fools they (themselves) are هُمُ they are verily لَا but they know يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٢﴾ and when وَإِذَا they meet قَالُوا we believe ءَامِنًا they say قَالُوا believe those (who) الَّذِينَ they privately meet خَلَوْا to شَيَاطِينِهِمْ their devils (evil geniuses) قَالُوا they say إِنَّا truly we (are) مَعَكُمْ with you إِنَّمَا only we مُسْتَهْزِءُونَ ﴿١٣﴾ (were) mocking

11. And when it is said to them: "Make not mischief on the earth," they say: "We are only peacemakers." 12. Verily, they are the ones who make mischief, but they perceive not. 13. And when it is said to them (hypocrites): "Believe as the people (followers of Muhammad ﷺ, *Al-Ansâr* and *Al-Muhajirîn*) have believed," they say: "Shall we believe as the fools have believed?" Verily, they are the fools, but they know not. 14. And when they meet those who believe, they say: "We believe," but when they are alone with their *Shayâtîn* (devils — polytheists, hypocrites), they say: "Truly, we are with you; verily, we were but mocking."

اللَّهُ يَسْتَهْزِئُ بِهِمْ وَيَمُدِّهُمْ فِي طُغْيَانِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ ﴿١٤﴾ أُولَٰئِكَ الَّذِينَ اشْتَرَوُا الضَّلَالَةَ بِالْهُدَىٰ فَمَا رَبَحَت بِتِجَارَتِهِمْ وَمَا كَانُوا مُنْتَفِعِينَ ﴿١٥﴾ مَثَلُهُمْ كَمَثَلِ الَّذِي اسْتَوْفَدَ نَارًا فَلَمَّا أَضَاءَتْ مَا حَوْلَهُ ذَهَبَ اللَّهُ بِنُورِهِمْ وَزَكَرَهُمْ فِي ظُلُمَاتٍ لَا يُبْصِرُونَ ﴿١٦﴾ ضَمَّ بَيْنَهُمْ عَمًى فَهُمْ لَا يَرْجِعُونَ ﴿١٧﴾

and gives them rope وَتَكُفُّهُمْ at them يَسْتَهْزِئُ mocks Allah الله
 they wander يَتَفَتَّحُونَ their wrong-doings يَتَفَتَّحُونَ (increases) فِي
 blindly أُولَئِكَ those are الَّذِينَ they who اشْتَرَوْا purchased الضَّلَالَةَ
 error بِالْهَدَىٰ for guidance فَمَا so did not رِيحَت bring profit يَجْعَلُهُمْ
 guided هُدًى they were كَاوُوا and not وَمَا their commerce
 (of one) who الَّذِي (is) like a parable كَمَثَلِ their parable مَثَلُهُمْ
 what مَا it lighted أَضَاءَتْ then when فَلَمَّا a fire نَارًا kindled اسْتَوْقَدَ
 their هَوَاهُمْ Allah الله took away ذَهَبَ (was) around him حَوْلَهُ
 (do) not لَا darkness ظَلَمَت in فِي and left them وَرَكَعَهُمْ light
 so بَصِيرُونَ (17) they see صُمُّ (they are) deaf بُكْمٌ dumb عُمًى blind فَهُمْ
 return يَرْجِعُونَ (18) (will) not لَا they

15. Allâh mocks at them and gives them increase in their wrong-doing to wander blindly. 16. These are they who have purchased error for guidance, so their commerce was profitless. And they were not guided. 17. Their likeness is as the likeness of one who kindled a fire; then, when it lighted all around him, Allâh took away their light and left them in darkness. (So) they could not see. 18. They are deaf, dumb, and blind, so they return not (to the Right Path).

أَوْ كَصَيْبٍ مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ فِيهِ ظُلُمَاتٌ وَرَعْدٌ وَرَقٌّ يَجْعَلُونَ أَصْوَعًا فِي ءَاذَانِهِم مِّنَ الصَّوَاعِقِ حَذَرَ الْمَوْتِ وَاللَّهُ مُحِيطٌ
 بِالْكَافِرِينَ (17) يَكَادُ الْبَرْقُ يَخْطَفُ أَبْصَارَهُمْ كُلَّمَا أَضَاءَ لَهُمْ مَشَوْا فِيهِ وَإِذَا أَظْلَمَ عَلَيْهِمْ قَامُوا وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَذَهَبَ
 بِسَمْعِهِمْ وَأَبْصَارِهِمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ (18) يَأْتِيهَا النَّاسُ أَعْبُدُوا رَبَّكُمُ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ وَالَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ
 لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ (19)

wherein فِي the sky السَّمَاءِ from مِّنَ like rainstrom كَصَيْبٍ or
 they يَجْعَلُونَ and lightning وَرَقٌّ and thunder وَرَعْدٌ darknesses ظُلُمَاتٌ
 thrust (they put) أَصْوَعًا in فِي their fingers مِّنَ ءَاذَانِهِم their ears
 and death الْمَوْتِ حَذَرَ for fear of الصَّوَاعِقِ thunder claps وَاللَّهُ
 almost يَكَادُ the disbelievers بِالْكَافِرِينَ (17) encompasses مُحِيطٌ Allah
 the lightning يَخْطَفُ snatches away أَبْصَارَهُمْ their sight كُلَّمَا
 in it فِي they walk مَشَوْا for them لَهُمْ it flashes أَضَاءَ whenever
 they stand قَامُوا against them عَلَيْهِمْ it darkens أَظْلَمَ and when وَإِذَا

still وَلَوْ and if شَاءَ Allah ﷻ willed لَذَهَبَ He took away يَسْمِعُهُمْ their hearing وَأَبْصَرَهُمْ their sight إِنَّك certainly Allah ﷻ عَلَى O تَبَاطَيْتُهَا النَّاسُ (is) All-Powerful قَدِيرٌ things شَيْءٍ all over كُلِّ Who خَلَقَكُمْ your Lord رَبِّكُمْ worship عِبُدُوا mankind! so that you may لَمَلَكُمْ before you مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ and those وَالَّذِينَ you تَتَّقُونَ become pious

19. Or like a rainstorm from the sky, wherein is darkness, thunder, and lightning. They thrust their fingers in their ears to keep out the stunning thunderclap for fear of death. But Allâh ever encompasses the disbelievers (i.e. Allâh will gather them all together). 20. The lightning almost snatches away their sight, whenever it flashes for them, they walk therein, and when darkness covers them, they stand still. And if Allâh willed, He could have taken away their hearing and their sight. Certainly, Allâh has power over all things. 21. O mankind! Worship your Lord (Allâh), Who created you and those who were before you so that you may become *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious. See V.2:2).

الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ الْأَرْضَ فِرَاشًا وَالسَّمَاءَ بِنَاءً وَأَنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً فَأَخْرَجَ بِهِ مِنَ الثَّمَرَاتِ رِزْقًا لَكُمْ فَلَا تَجْعَلُوا لِلَّهِ أَنْدَادًا وَأَنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾ وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ فِي رَيْبٍ مِمَّا نَزَّلْنَا عَلَىٰ عَبْدِنَا فَأْتُوا بِسُورَةٍ مِثْلِهِ وَادْعُوا شُهَدَاءَكُمْ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿٢١﴾

الَّذِي Who جَعَلَ made لَكُمْ for you الْأَرْضَ the earth فِرَاشًا a resting place وَالسَّمَاءَ and the sky بِنَاءً as a canopy وَأَنْزَلَ and sent down مِنَ the sky السَّمَاءِ from مَاءَ the sky (water) فَأَخْرَجَ (water) rain الثَّمَرَاتِ (from) fruits (food) رِزْقًا as a provision لَكُمْ as a provision rivals أَنْدَادًا unto Allah ﷻ set up تَجْعَلُوا so (do) not فَلَا for you وَأَنْتُمْ while you تَعْلَمُونَ know ﴿٢٠﴾ وَإِنْ and if كُنْتُمْ you are فِي in رَبِّ رَبِّ دُوبT مِمَّا نَزَّلْنَا about what رِزْقًا We sent down عَلَى to عَبْدِنَا Our slave فَاتُوا then produce سُورَةٍ a Surah (chapter) مِثْلِهِ of your witnesses (supporters) شُهَدَاءَكُمْ and call وَادْعُوا like of it besides اللَّهِ Allah ﷻ إِنْ if كُنْتُمْ you are صَادِقِينَ truthful

22. Who has made the earth a resting place for you, and the sky as a canopy, and sent down water (rain) from the sky and brought forth therewith fruits as a

provision for you. Then do not set up rivals unto Allâh (in worship) while you know (that He Alone has the right to be worshipped). 23. And if you (Arab pagans, Jews, and Christians) are in doubt concerning that which We have sent down (i.e. the Qur'ân) to Our slave (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), then produce a Sûrah (chapter) of the like thereof and call your witnesses (supporters and helpers) besides Allâh, if you are truthful.

فَإِنْ لَّمْ تَفْعَلُوا وَلَنْ تَفْعَلُوا فَاتَّقُوا النَّارَ الَّتِي وَقُودُهَا النَّاسُ وَالْحِجَارَةُ أُعِدَّتْ لِلْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٢٣﴾ وَيَبَشِّرِ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ أَنَّ لَهُمْ جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ كُلَّمَا رُزِقُوا مِنْهَا مِنْ ثَمَرٍ رِزْقًا قَالُوا هَذَا الَّذِي رُزِقْنَا مِنْ قَبْلُ وَأَتُوا بِهِمْ مُتَشَبِهًا وَلَهُمْ فِيهَا أَزْوَاجٌ مُطَهَّرَةٌ وَهُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ ﴿٢٤﴾

فَإِنْ لَّمْ تَفْعَلُوا and shall not you do it (could) not but if (تَفْعَلُوا) whose the Fire النَّارَ then fear (فَاتَّقُوا) you (be able to) do it (it is) أُعِدَّتْ and stones وَالْحِجَارَةُ men النَّاسُ fuel (would be) أُعِدَّتْ and give glad tidings وَيَبَشِّرِ for the disbelievers لِلْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٢٣﴾ prepared and do وَعَمِلُوا believe (those) who الَّذِينَ to (are) Gardens جَنَّاتٍ for them that لَهُمْ that righteas deeds أَنَّ flowing from تَحْتِهَا under them الْأَنْهَارُ the rivers كُلَّمَا of رُزِقُوا (whenever) they are provided مِنْهَا therefrom of ثَمَرٍ fruit رِزْقًا as a provision قَالُوا this الَّذِي (is) what رُزِقْنَا we were provided مِنْ قَبْلُ before وَأَتُوا بِهِمْ therefrom مُتَشَبِهًا things having resemblance وَلَهُمْ and for pure مُطَهَّرَةٌ (will be) spouses أَزْوَاجٌ therein and they shall abide forever خَالِدُونَ ﴿٢٤﴾ therein they

24. But if you do it not, and you can never do it, then fear the Fire (Hell) whose fuel is men and stones, prepared for the disbelievers. 25. And give glad tidings to those who believe and do righteous good deeds, that for them will be Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise). Every time they will be provided with a fruit therefrom, they will say: "This is what we were provided with before," and they will be given things in resemblance (i.e. in the same form but different in taste) and they shall have therein Azwâjun Mutahharatun (purified mates or wives), and they will abide therein forever.

﴿٢٤﴾ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَسْتَحْيِي أَنْ يَضْرِبَ مَثَلًا مَّا بَعُوضَةً فَمَا فَوْقَهَا فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا فَيَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّهُ الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فَيَقُولُونَ مَاذَا أَرَادَ اللَّهُ بِهَذَا مَثَلًا يُضِلُّ بِهِ كَثِيرًا وَيَهْدِي بِهِ كَثِيرًا

وَمَا يُضِلُّ بِهِ إِلَّا الْفَاسِقِينَ ﴿٦٦﴾ الَّذِينَ يَنْقُضُونَ عَهْدَ اللَّهِ مِنْ بَعْدِ مِيثَاقِهِ وَيَقْطَعُونَ مَا أَمَرَ اللَّهُ بِهِ أَنْ يُوصَلَ وَيُفْسِدُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ ﴿٦٧﴾

إِنَّ اللَّهَ verily لا Allah لَا is ashamed or disdains يَسْتَحْيِ not (of) a مَثَلًا to set forth even مَا a parable or similitude قَوْفَهَا more (insignificant) than it and (even) something فَمَا mosquito they know الَّذِينَ (those) who يَفْعَلُونَ believe قَالُوا and as for الَّذِينَ (those) who كَفَرُوا disbelieve and for رَبِّهِمْ their Lord وَأَمَّا that it is الْحَقُّ the truth مِنَ the truth الَّذِينَ those who كَفَرُوا disbelieve مَاذَا they say قَالُوا what أَرَادَ did intend اللَّهُ Allah بِهِذًا by this مَثَلًا parable or similitude يُضِلُّ He misleads by it بِهِ and He guides وَيَهْدِي many كَثِيرًا by it بِهِ He misleads وَيُضِلُّ many and (does) not وَمَا many إِلَّا except and the disobedient ones الْفَاسِقِينَ ﴿٦٦﴾ those who يَنْقُضُونَ break عَهْدَ covenant of Allah اللَّهُ (of) مِنْ بَعْدِ after مِيثَاقِهِ its ratification وَيَقْطَعُونَ to be severed what أَمَرَ ordered اللَّهُ Allah بِهِ (for it) which أَنْ the earth يُوصَلَ joined وَيُفْسِدُونَ and do mischief فِي in (on) الْأَرْضِ the earth أُولَٰئِكَ (they) who هُمُ it is they الْخَاسِرُونَ ﴿٦٧﴾ (are) the losers

26. Verily, Allâh is not ashamed to set forth a parable even of a mosquito or so much more when it is bigger (or less when it is smaller) than it. And as for those who believe, they know that it is the Truth from their Lord, but as for those who disbelieve, they say: "What did Allâh intend by this parable?" By it He misleads many, and many He guides thereby. And He misleads thereby only those who are *Al-Fâsiqûn* (the rebellious, disobedient to Allâh. 27. Those who break Allâh's Covenant after ratifying it, and sever what Allâh has ordered to be joined (as regards Allâh's religion of Islâmic Monotheism, and to practise its laws on the earth and also as regards keeping good relations with kith and kin), and do mischief on earth, it is they who are the losers.

كَيْفَ تَكْفُرُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَكُنْتُمْ أَمْوَاتًا فَأَحْيَاكُمْ ثُمَّ يُمَيِّتُكُمْ ثُمَّ يُحْيِيكُمْ ثُمَّ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿٦٨﴾ هُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ لَكُمْ مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا ثُمَّ أَسْتَوَىٰ إِلَى السَّمَاءِ فَسَوَّاهُنَّ سَبْعَ سَمَاوَاتٍ وَهُوَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٦٩﴾ وَإِذْ قَالَ رَبُّكَ لِلْمَلَائِكَةِ إِنِّي جَاعِلٌ فِي الْأَرْضِ خَلِيفَةً قَالُوا أَتَجْعَلُ فِيهَا مَنْ يُفْسِدُ فِيهَا وَيَسْفِكُ الدِّمَاءَ وَنَحْنُ نُسَبِّحُ بِحَمْدِكَ وَنُقَدِّسُ لَكَ قَالَ إِنِّي أَعْلَمُ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧٠﴾

كَيْفَ how تَكْفُرُونَ you disbelieve بِاللَّهِ in Allah وَكُنْتُمْ while you were أَمْوَاتًا lifeless فَأَخْيَضَكُمْ and He gave you life ثُمَّ then يُبْئِئُكُمْ He would give you death ثُمَّ then إِيَّاهُ unto Him تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿١٥﴾ (is) He هُوَ you will be returned إِلَى the earth (is) in فِي what مَا for you لَكُمْ created Who خَلَقَ all ثُمَّ then أَسْتَوَى (He ascended) He turned إِلَى to السَّمَاءِ the heaven فَسَوَّاهُنَّ seven سَمَوَاتٍ and He made them وَهُوَ and He بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ of every عَالِمٌ ﴿١٦﴾ (is) All-Knower وَإِذْ and when قَالَ said رَبُّكَ Your Lord لِلْمَلَائِكَةِ to the angels إِنِّي I am جَاعِلٌ a successor (mankind with خَلِيفَةً the earth فِي in going to place those who مَنْ in it فِيهَا will You place أَتَجْعَلُ they said قَالُوا free will) يُفْسِدُ will make mischief فِيهَا in it وَتَسْفِكُ and will shed الدِّمَاءَ the blood وَنَحْنُ while we تُسَبِّحُ glorify بِحَمْدِكَ with Your praises and thanks وَقَدْ سُبِّحْتَ and sanctify لَكَ you قَالَ He said إِنِّي I أعْلَمُ indeed I know مَا what لَا (do) not تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٧﴾ you know

28. How can you disbelieve in Allâh? Seeing that you were dead and He gave you life. Then He will give you death, then again will bring you to life (on the Day of Resurrection) and then unto Him you will return. (See V.40:11) 29. He it is Who created for you all that is on earth. Then He rose over (*Istawâ*) towards the heaven and made them seven heavens and He is the All-Knower of everything. 30. And (remember) when your Lord said to the angels: "Verily, I am going to place (mankind) generations after generations on earth." They said: "Will You place therein those who will make mischief therein and shed blood, — while we glorify You with praises and thanks and sanctify You." He (Allâh) said: "I know that which you do not know."

وَعَلَّمَ آدَمَ الْأَسْمَاءَ كُلَّهَا ثُمَّ عَرَضَهُمْ عَلَى الْمَلَائِكَةِ فَقَالَ أَنْبِئُونِي بِأَسْمَاءِ هَؤُلَاءِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿٣٠﴾ قَالُوا سُبْحَانَكَ لَا عِلْمَ لَنَا إِلَّا مَا عَلَّمْتَنَا إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْعَلِيمُ الْحَكِيمُ ﴿٣١﴾ قَالَ يَقَادِمُ أَنْبِئُهُمْ بِأَسْمَائِهِمْ فَلَمَّا أَنْبَأَهُمْ بِأَسْمَائِهِمْ قَالَ أَلَمْ أَقُلْ لَكُمْ إِنِّي أَعْلَمُ غَيْبَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَأَعْلَمُ مَا تُبْدُونَ وَمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْتُمُونَ ﴿٣٢﴾

وَعَلَّمَ and He taught آدَمَ Adam الْأَسْمَاءَ the names كُلَّهَا all of them ثُمَّ then عَرَضَهُمْ He showed (set) them عَلَى the angels الْمَلَائِكَةِ before فَقَالَ

and said أَنبِئُونِي tell me بِأَسْمَاءِ the names of هَؤُلَاءِ these إِنْ if كُنْتُمْ you are صَادِقِينَ ﴿٣١﴾ truthful قَالُوا they said سُبْحَنَكَ Glory is to You لَا except مَا what عَلَّمْنَا You taught عِلْمَ knowledge لَّا we have the All-Knower الْعَلِيمُ You (Alone are) أَنْتَ verily You إِنَّكَ us inform them يَا أَدَمُ O Adam يُكَادِمُ He said قَالَ the All-Wise الْحَكِيمُ ﴿٣٢﴾ of their names بِأَسْمَائِهِمْ and when فَلَمَّا of أَنبَأَهُمْ he informed them بِأَسْمَائِهِمْ that their names قَالَ He said أَلَمْ (did) not أَقُلْ I tell لَكُمْ (to) you إِنَّي (of) the heavens السَّمَوَاتِ unseen (secrets/hidden facts) غَيْبٍ know I وَأَعْلَمُ and the earth وَالْأَرْضِ and I know مَا and تُبْدُونَ you reveal وَمَا concealing تَكْتُمُونَ ﴿٣٣﴾ you have been and what كُنْتُمْ

31. And He taught Adam all the names (of everything), then He showed them to the angels and said, "Tell Me the names of these if you are truthful." 32. They (angels) said: "Glory is to You, we have no knowledge except what you have taught us. Verily, it is You, the All-Knower, the All-Wise." 33. He said: "O Adam! Inform them of their names," and when he had informed them of their names, He said: "Did I not tell you that I know the *Ghaib* (Unseen) in the heavens and the earth, and I know what you reveal and what you have been concealing?"

وَلِذَٰلِكَ لَنَبْلُوَكُمُ أَهْلًا ۖ فَسَجَدُوا لِأَدَمَ فَسَجَدُوا إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ أَبَىٰ وَاسْتَكْبَرَ وَكَانَ مِنَ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٣١﴾ وَقُلْنَا يٰٓأَدَمُ اسْكُنْ أَنْتَ وَزَوْجُكَ الْجَنَّةَ وَكُلَا مِنْهَا رَغَدًا حَيْثُ شِئْتُمَا وَلَا تَقْرَبَا هَٰذِهِ الشَّجَرَةَ فَتَكُونَا مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٣٢﴾ فَأَزَلَّهُمَا الشَّيْطَانُ عَنْهَا فَأَخْرَجَهُمَا مِمَّا كَانَا فِيهِ وَقُلْنَا اهْبِطُوا بَعْضُكُمْ لِبَعْضٍ عَدُوٌّ وَلَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مُسْتَقَرٌّ وَمَتَاعٌ إِلَىٰ حِينٍ ﴿٣٣﴾

وَلِذَٰلِكَ لَنَبْلُوَكُمُ We said قُلْنَا and (remember) when اسجُدوا to the angels لِّلْمَلَائِكَةِ to Adam فَسَجَدُوا except إِبْلِيسَ so they prostrated وَأَسْتَكْبَرَ he refused أَبَىٰ Iblis (Satan) وَكَانَ and was proud مِنَ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٣١﴾ (one) of the disbelievers وَقُلْنَا يَا أَدَمُ اسْكُنْ أَنْتَ وَزَوْجُكَ الْجَنَّةَ and your wife رَغَدًا from it وَكُلَا and eat both of you مِنْهَا and eat both of you حَيْثُ شِئْتُمَا (from) wherever شِئْتُمَا pleasure of وَلَا you wish تَقْرَبَا but (do) not هَٰذِهِ الشَّجَرَةَ this tree فَتَكُونَا or you both will be مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٣٢﴾ the wrong-doers فَأَزَلَّهُمَا then made both of them slip الشَّيْطَانُ

from what وَمَا and got them out فَأَخْرَجَهُمَا therefrom عَنْهَا the Satan
 get you down أَهْبَطُوا and We said وَقُلْنَا in it فِيهِ they were
 in (on) فِي and for you وَلَكُمْ as an enemy عَدُوًّا to others لِبَعْضٍ some of you
 for إِلَى and a livelihood وَمَتَّعَ (is) a dwelling place الْمُسْتَقَرَّ the earth الْأَرْضَ
 a (specific) time جِزِينَ ﴿١٧﴾

34. And (remember) when We said to the angels: "Prostrate yourselves before Adam." And they prostrated except *Iblis* (Satan), he refused and was proud and was one of the disbelievers (disobedient to Allâh). 35. And We said: "O Adam! Dwell you and your wife in the Paradise and eat both of you freely with pleasure and delight, of things therein as wherever you will, but come not near this tree or you both will be of the *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers)." 36. Then the *Shaitân* (Satan) made them slip therefrom (the Paradise), and gthem out from that in which they were. We said: "Get you down, all, with enmity between yourselves. On earth will be a dwelling place for you and an enjoyment for a time."

فَلَقَّحَ ءَادَمَ مِنْ رَبِّهِ كَلِمَةً فَتَابَ عَلَيْهِ إِنَّهُ هُوَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيمُ ﴿١٧﴾ فَلَمَّا أَهْبَطُوا مِنْهَا جَمِيعًا فَإِمَّا يَأْتِيَنَّكُمْ مِنِّي هُدًى
 فَمَنْ يَئِجْ هُدَاىَ فَلَا خَوْفَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿١٨﴾ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَكَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا أُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ هُمْ فِيهَا
 خَالِدُونَ ﴿١٩﴾ يٰٓبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ اذْكُرُوا نِعْمَتِيَ الَّتِي أَنْعَمْتُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَأَوْفُوا بِعَهْدِي أُوفِ بِعَهْدِكُمْ وَإِنِّي فَازَهَبُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾

words فَلَقَّحَ his Lord رَبِّهِ from Adam ءَادَمَ then received
 (is) فَتَابَ He عَلَيْهِ (on) him إِنَّهُ هُوَ the التَّوَّابُ He (is)
 We said فَلَمَّا the Most Merciful الرَّحِيمُ ﴿١٧﴾ the Acceptor of repentance
 أَهْبَطُوا and whenever فَإِمَّا all جَمِيعًا from it مِنْهَا you get down
 يَأْتِيَنَّكُمْ then whoever فَمَنْ هُدًى from Me مِنِّي comes to you
 عَلَيْهِمْ fear خَوْفٌ then (there is) no فَلَا My guidance هُدَاىَ follows
 but those وَالَّذِينَ shall grieve يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿١٨﴾ they هُمْ and not وَلَا on them
 who كَفَرُوا disbelieved وَكَذَّبُوا and denied بِآيَاتِنَا Our Signs
 in it هُمْ (of) the النَّارِ dwellers أَصْحَابُ they are
 خَالِدُونَ ﴿١٩﴾ O Children يٰٓبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ of Israel اذْكُرُوا
 I bestowed أَنْعَمْتُ which الَّتِي My Favour يَذْكُرُوا remember
 I shall fulfil أُوفِ My Covenant بِعَهْدِي and fulfil وَأَوْفُوا upon you
 (you) fear فَازَهَبُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾ and Me alone وَإِنِّي your covenant بِعَهْدِكُمْ

37. Then Adam received from his Lord Words. And his Lord pardoned him (accepted his repentance). Verily, He is the One Who forgives (accepts repentance), the Most Merciful. 38. We said: "Get down all of you from this place (the Paradise), then whenever there comes to you Guidance from Me, and whoever follows My Guidance, there shall be no fear on them, nor shall they grieve. 39. But those who disbelieve and belie Our Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) — such are the dwellers of the Fire. They shall abide therein forever. 40. O Children of Israel! Remember My Favour which I bestowed upon you, and fulfil (your obligations to) My Covenant (with you) so that I fulfil (My Obligations to) your covenant (with Me), and fear none but Me.

وَمَا آمَنُوا بِمَا أَنزَلْتُ مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا مَعَكُمْ وَلَا تَكُونُوا أَوَّلَ كَافِرٍ بِهِ وَلَا تَشْتَرُوا بِآيَاتِي ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا وَإِنِّي فَاتَّقُونِ ﴿١١﴾ وَلَا تَلْبِسُوا الْحَقَّ بِالْبَاطِلِ وَتَكْتُمُوا الْحَقَّ وَأَنتُمْ تَعْمُونَ ﴿١٢﴾ وَأَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ وَآتُوا الزَّكَاةَ وَارْكَعُوا مَعَ الرَّاكِعِينَ ﴿١٣﴾ أَتَأْمُرُونَ النَّاسَ بِالْبِرِّ وَتَنْسَوْنَ أَنفُسَكُمْ وَأَنتُمْ لَتَكُنَّ مِنَ الْكَاتِبِينَ ﴿١٤﴾ أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١٥﴾

وَمَا آمَنُوا I have sent down أَنزَلْتُ in what بِمَا and believe and (do) not وَلَا (is) with you مَعَكُمْ that (which) لِمَا confirming تَكُونُوا be أَوَّلَ first كَافِرٍ disbeliever بِهِ in it وَلَا and (do) not تَشْتَرُوا and Me وَإِنِّي. small قَلِيلًا price ثَمَنًا with My Verses buy the truth فَاتَّقُونِ ﴿١١﴾ (alone) fear وَلَا (do) not تَلْبِسُوا mix الْحَقَّ the truth and (not) conceal وَتَكْتُمُوا with the falsehood بِالْبَاطِلِ وَأَنتُمْ while you تَعْمُونَ ﴿١٢﴾ know وَأَقِيمُوا and perform الصَّلَاةَ the prayer وَارْكَعُوا Zakat and give الزَّكَاةَ مَعَ with الرَّاكِعِينَ ﴿١٣﴾ (on the) النَّاسَ do you enjoin أَتَأْمُرُونَ ﴿١٤﴾ those who bow down أَنفُسَكُمْ and you forget وَتَنْسَوْنَ piety and righteousness بِالْبِرِّ people وَأَنتُمْ yourselves وَتَكُنَّ the Scripture الْكَاتِبِينَ recite أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١٥﴾ do not you understand

41. And believe in what I have sent down (this Qur'ân), confirming that which is with you [the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)], and be not the first to disbelieve therein, and buy [get (تأخذ احصرا)] not with My Verses [the Taurât (Torah) and the Injîl (Gospel)] a small price (i.e. getting a small gain by selling My Verses), and fear Me and Me Alone. (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*, Vol. I, Page 253) 42. And mix not truth with falsehood, nor conceal the truth [i.e. Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم is Allâh's Messenger and his qualities are written in your Scriptures, the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] while you know (the truth). 43. And perform As-

Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât), and give *Zakât*, and bow down (or submit yourselves with obedience to Allâh) along with *Ar-Râki'ûn*. 44. Enjoin you *Al-Birr* (piety and righteousness and each and every act of obedience to Allâh) on the people and you forget (to practise it) yourselves, while you recite the Scripture [the Taurât (Torah)]! Have you then no sense?

وَأَسْتَعِينُوا بِالصَّبْرِ وَالصَّلَاةِ وَإِنَّهَا لَكَبِيرَةٌ إِلَّا عَلَى الْخَاشِعِينَ ﴿١٩﴾ الَّذِينَ يَظُنُّونَ أَنَّهُمْ مُلَاقُوا رَبِّهِمْ وَأَنَّهُمْ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ قَرِيبُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾ وَإِذْ يُوحَىٰ إِبْرَاهِيمَ أَذْكُرْ مَا بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكَ أَلَيْسَ الْأَتَىٰ أَنَّمَنُتُ عَلَيْكَ وَأَنِّي فَضَّلْتُكَ عَلَىٰ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٢١﴾ وَاتَّقُوا يَوْمًا لَا تَجْزِي نَفْسٌ عَنْ نَفْسٍ شَيْئًا وَلَا يُقْبَلُ مِنْهَا شَفَعَةٌ وَلَا يُؤْخَذُ مِنْهَا عَدْلٌ وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ ﴿٢٢﴾

وَأَسْتَعِينُوا and prayer وَالصَّلَاةِ in patience بِالصَّبْرِ and seek help وَإِنَّهَا the very hard لَكَبِيرَةٌ and truly it is إِلَّا عَلَى الْخَاشِعِينَ on except the الَّذِينَ humble minded who يَظُنُّونَ realize أَنَّهُمْ that surely they مُلَاقُوا unto and that they رَبِّهِمْ their Lord وَأَنَّهُمْ are going to meet (of) Israel إِبْرَاهِيمَ O Children بَيْنِي are going to return رَبِّهِمْ Him أَذْكُرْ remember بَيْنِي My Favours أَلَيْسَ which أَنَّمَنُتُ I bestowed عَلَيْكَ upon you وَأَنِّي and that I فَضَّلْتُكُمْ preferred you عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ over all وَاتَّقُوا the worlds يَوْمًا a Day (when) لَا not تَجْزِي anything شَيْئًا another (person) نَفْسٌ a person عَنْ نَفْسٍ avail nor يُقْبَلُ will be accepted مِنْهَا from him شَفَعَةٌ intercession وَلَا nor يُؤْخَذُ will be taken مِنْهَا from him عَدْلٌ compensation (ransom) وَلَا would be helped يُنصَرُونَ they and not

45. And seek help in patience and *As-Salât* (the prayer) and truly, it is extremely heavy and hard except for *Al-Khâshi'ûn* [i.e. the true believers in Allâh — those who obey Allâh with full submission, fear much from His punishment, and believe in His Promise (Paradise) and in His Warnings (Hell)]. 46. (They are those) who are certain that they are going to meet their Lord, and that unto Him they are going to return. 47. O Children of Israel! Remember My Favours which I bestowed upon you and that I preferred you to the '*Alamîn* [mankind and jinn (of your time period, in the past)]. 48. And fear a Day (of Judgement) when a person shall not avail another, nor will intercession be accepted from him nor will compensation be taken from him nor will they be helped.

وَإِذْ يَخِيفُ الْغُلَامَ يَذْكُرُونَ أَبْنَاءَهُمْ وَهُمْ يَسْتَحْيُونَ نِسَاءَهُمْ وَفِي ذَٰلِكُمْ بَلَاءٌ

مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ عَظِيمٌ ﴿٤٩﴾ وَإِذْ فَرَقْنَا بِكُمْ الْبَحْرَ فَأَنْجَيْنَاكُمْ وَأَغْرَقْنَا آلَ فِرْعَوْنَ وَأَنْتُمْ نَظَرُونَ ﴿٥٠﴾ وَإِذْ وَعَدْنَا مُوسَىٰ أَرْبَعِينَ لَيْلَةً ثُمَّ أَخَذْتُمُ الْعِجْلَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ وَأَنْتُمْ ظَالِمُونَ ﴿٥١﴾

وَإِذْ We delivered (saved) you بَجَّيْنَاكُمْ and (remember) when وَإِذْ who were afflicting بِسُوءٍكُمْ (of) Pharaoh فِرْعَوْنَ people from آلِ فِرْعَوْنَ you سِوَةَ (with) a horrible (evil) سِوَةَ you killing بَذَّيْحُونَ torment أُنْتَاهُكُمْ and let live (sparing) وَاسْتَحْيَوْنَ your sons رَبِّكُمْ from رَبِّكُمْ (was) a trial بَلَاءٌ that دَلِيلُكُمْ and in عَظِيمٌ ﴿٤٩﴾ great وَإِذْ We separated فَرَقْنَا and (remember) when وَإِذْ the sea الْبَحْرَ for you وَأَنْجَيْنَاكُمْ and saved you وَأَغْرَقْنَا and drowned آلَ فِرْعَوْنَ people فِرْعَوْنَ (of) Pharaoh وَأَنْتُمْ نَظَرُونَ ﴿٥٠﴾ We appointed for وَعَدْنَا and (remember) when وَإِذْ (were) looking you took (for) أَخَذْتُمْ and nights لَيْلَةً forty أَرْبَعِينَ Moses مُوسَىٰ and you أَخَذْتُمْ ظَالِمُونَ ﴿٥١﴾ (were) wrong-doers

49. And (remember) when We delivered you from Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people, who were afflicting you with a horrible torment, killing your sons and sparing your women, and therein was a mighty trial from your Lord. 50. And (remember) when We separated the sea for you and saved you and drowned Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people while you were looking (at them, when the sea-water covered them). 51. And (remember) when We appointed for Mûsâ (Moses) forty nights, and (in his absence) you took the calf (for worship), and you were Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrongdoers).

ثُمَّ عَفَوْنَا عَنْكُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٥٢﴾ وَإِذْ آتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْكِتَابَ وَالْفُرْقَانَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَهْتَدُونَ ﴿٥٣﴾ قَالَ مُوسَى لِقَوْمِهِ يَقَوْمِ إِنَّكُمْ ظَلَمْتُمْ أَنْفُسَكُمْ بِاتِّخَاذِكُمُ الْعِجْلَ فَتُوبُوا إِلَىٰ بَارِيكُمْ فَاقْتُلُوا أَنْفُسَكُمْ ذَلِكَ خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ عِنْدَ بَارِيكُمْ فَثَابَ عَلَيْكُمْ إِنَّهُ هُوَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيمُ ﴿٥٤﴾

ثُمَّ then عَفَوْنَا We forgave عَنْكُمْ you مِنْ بَعْدِ after ذَلِكَ that لَعَلَّكُمْ and (remember) when وَإِذْ return thanks تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٥٢﴾ and the آتَيْنَا مُوسَى the Scripture الْكِتَابَ Moses and the الْفُرْقَانَ and تَهْتَدُونَ ﴿٥٣﴾ so that you may be guided وَإِذْ criterion لَعَلَّكُمْ

to his people يَقَوْمِهِ Moses مُوسَى said قَالَ (remember) when
 have wronged ظَلَمْتُمْ verily you إِنَّكُمْ O my people
 the calf أَلْعِجَل by your taking (for worship) وَإِنَّمَا تَعْبُدُونَ
 and قَاتِلُوا your Creator بَارِئِكُمْ to إِيَّاي so turn in repentance
 فَتُوبُوا kill أَنْفُسَكُمْ yourselves ذَلِكُمْ that خَيْرٌ (is) better لَكُمْ for you عِنْدَ
 بَارِئِكُمْ your Creator فَتَابَ then He accepted repentance عَلَيْكُمْ
 He (Who is) هُوَ truly He is إِنَّهُ of you
 the Most Merciful الرَّحِيمُ ﴿٥١﴾ repentance

52. Then after that We forgave you so that you might be grateful. 53. And (remember) when We gave Mûsâ (Moses) the Scripture [the Taurât (Torah)] and the criterion (of right and wrong) so that you may be guided aright." 54. And (remember) when Mûsâ (Moses) said to his people: "O my people! Verily, you have wronged yourselves by worshipping the calf. So turn in repentance to your Creator and kill yourselves (the innocent kill the wrongdoers among you), that will be better for you with your Creator." Then He accepted your repentance. Truly, He is the One Who accepts repentance, the Most Merciful.

وَإِذْ قُلْتُمْ يٰمُوسَىٰ لَنْ نُّؤْمِنَ لَكَ حَتَّىٰ نَرَىٰ ٱللَّهَ جَهْرَةً فَأَخَذْنَاكُم بٱلصَّيْقَةِ وَأَنْتُمْ نَظُرُونَ ﴿٥٢﴾ ثُمَّ بَعَثْنَاكَ مِنْ بَعْدِ
 مَوْتِكَ لِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٥٣﴾ وَظَلَّلْنَا عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْمَنَآمَ وَٱزْلَمْنَا عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْغَمَامَ وَٱلْسَلَوٰى كُلَّآ مِنْ طَيِّبَاتِ مَا
 رَزَقْنَاكُمْ وَمَا ظَلَمُونَا وَلٰكِن كَانُوا أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿٥٤﴾

وَإِذْ قُلْتُمْ يٰمُوسَىٰ you said قُلْتُمْ and (remember) when
 Allah ٱللَّه we see نَرَىٰ till حَتَّىٰ (in) you لَكَ we believe نُؤْمِنُ never
 the جَهْرَةً so seized (over took) you فَأَخَذْنَاكُم plainly
 وَأَنْتُمْ while you نَظُرُونَ ﴿٥٢﴾ ثُمَّ were looking بَعَثْنَاكُمْ then
 so that you مَوْتِكُمْ your death لِمَا كُنْتُمْ We raised you
 and We shaded (caused وَظَلَّلْنَا return thanks تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٥٣﴾
 and sent وَٱزْلَمْنَا (with) the clouds عَلَيْكُم shadow)
 eat كُلُوا and the quails ٱلْغَمَامَ ٱلْمَنَآمَ on you عَلَيْكُم down
 We have رَزَقْنَاكُمْ which مَا good (pure, lawful) things طَيِّبَاتِ of مِنْ
 but وَلٰكِن they wrong Us ظَلَمُونَا and (did) not وَمَا provided for you
 كَانُوا أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿٥٤﴾ themselves wrong

55. And (remember) when you said: "O Mûsâ (Moses)! We shall never believe in you until we see Allâh plainly." But you were seized with a thunderbolt (lightning) while you were looking. 56. Then We raised you up after your death, so that you might be grateful. 57. And We shaded you with clouds and sent down on you *Al-Manna* and the quail, (saying): "Eat of the good lawful things We have provided for you," (but they rebelled). And they did not wrong Us but they wronged themselves.

وَإِذْ قُلْنَا ادْخُلُوا هَذِهِ الْقَرْيَةَ فَكُلُوا مِنْهَا حَيْثُ شِئْتُمْ رَغَدًا وَادْخُلُوا الْبَابَ سُجَّدًا وَقُولُوا حِطَّةٌ نَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ خَطِيئَتَكُمْ وَسَيَزِيدُ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٥٦﴾ فَبَدَّلَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا قَوْلًا غَيْرَ الَّذِي قِيلَ لَهُمْ فَأَرْسَلْنَا عَلَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا رِجْزًا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ بِمَا كَانُوا يَفْسُقُونَ ﴿٥٧﴾ وَإِذْ اسْتَسْقَى مُوسَى لِقَوْمِهِ فَقُلْنَا اضْرِبْ بِعَصَاكَ الْحَجَرَ فَانْفَجَرَتْ مِنْهُ اثْنَتَا عَشْرَةَ عَيْنًا قَدْ عَلِمَ كُلُّ أُنَاسٍ مَفْزِعَهُمْ كَلُوا وَاشْرَبُوا مِنْ رِزْقِ اللَّهِ وَلَا تَعْتَوْا فِي الْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِينَ ﴿٥٨﴾

وَإِذْ قُلْنَا and (remember) when ادْخُلُوا enter this الْقَرْيَةَ town
فَكُلُوا and eat مِنْهَا therein حَيْثُ wherever شِئْتُمْ you wish رَغَدًا
in prostration سُجَّدًا the gate الْبَابَ and enter وَادْخُلُوا with pleasure
وَقُولُوا and say حِطَّةٌ forgive us نَغْفِرْ We shall forgive لَكُمْ you
(for) the good-doers الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٥٦﴾ and We will increase وَسَيَزِيدُ your sins
فَبَدَّلَ but changed الَّذِينَ those who ظَلَمُوا did wrong (change) قَوْلًا
to them لَهُمْ was told قِيلَ that (which) الَّذِي other (than) غَيْرَ word
فَأَرْسَلْنَا so We sent عَلَى upon الَّذِينَ those who ظَلَمُوا wronged رِجْزًا
they used to كَانُوا because بِمَا the heaven السَّمَاءِ from punishment
asked for water يَسْقُونَ ﴿٥٧﴾ and (remember)when وَإِذْ disobey
مُوسَى Moses لِقَوْمِهِ for his people قُلْنَا We said اضْرِبْ strike بِعَصَاكَ
from مِنْهُ then gushed forth فَانْفَجَرَتْ the stone الْحَجَرُ with your stick
people اثْنَتَا عَشْرَةَ it عَيْنًا twelve قَدْ عَلِمَ knew كُلُّ every أُنَاسٍ
مَفْزِعَهُمْ their drinking place كَلُوا eat وَاشْرَبُوا and drink مِنْ from رِزْقِ
act تَعْتَوْا and (do) not وَلَا (of) Allah اللَّهِ provision (sustenance)
making mischief مُفْسِدِينَ ﴿٥٨﴾ the earth الْأَرْضِ (in) on فِي corruptly

58. And (remember) when We said: "Enter this town (Jerusalem) and eat bountifully therein with pleasure and delight wherever you wish, and enter the gate in prostration (or bowing with humility) and say: 'Forgive us,' and We shall

forgive you your sins and shall increase (reward) for the good-doers.” 59. But those who did wrong changed the word from that which had been told to them for another, so We sent upon the wrongdoers *Rijz* (a punishment) from the heaven because of their rebelling against Allâh’s obedience. (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*, Vol. I, Page 305) 60. And (remember) when Mûsâ (Moses) asked for water for his people, We said: “Strike the stone with your stick.” Then gushed forth therefrom twelve springs. Each (group of) people knew its own place for water. “Eat and drink of that which Allâh has provided and do not act corruptly, making mischief on the earth.”

وَإِذْ قُلْتُمْ يٰمُوسَىٰ لَنْ نَّصْبِرَ عَلَىٰ طَعَامٍ وَجَدُوا قَادِحٌ لَنَا رَبِّكَ يُخْرِجْ لَنَا مِمَّا تُثْمِتُ الْاَرْضُ مِنْ بَقْلِهَا وَقِثَّائِهَا وَفُومِهَا وَعَدَسِيهَا وَيَصْلِيهَا قَالِ اَنْتَ جِدْلُوْكَ الَّذِي هُوَ اَدْنٰى بِالَّذِي هُوَ خَيْرٌ اَمْ يَطِطُوا مِصْرًا اِنْ لَكُمْ مَّا سَاَلْتُمْ وَضُرِبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الذِّلَّةُ وَالْمَسْكَنَةُ وَبَاءُوا بِغَضَبِنَا مِنْ اَللّٰهِ ذٰلِكَ بِاَنَّهُمْ كَانُوْا يَكْفُرُوْنَ بِآيٰتِ اَللّٰهِ وَيَقْتُلُوْنَ النَّبِيْنَ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ ذٰلِكَ بِمَا عَصَوْا وَكَانُوْا يَعْتَدُوْنَ ﴿٦٠﴾

وَإِذْ قُلْتُمْ يٰمُوسَىٰ you said قُلْتُمْ and (remember) when
 نَصْبِرَ we endure عَلَىٰ on طَعَامٍ food وَجَدُوا one (one kind of) قَادِحٌ so
 لَنَا to bring forth رَبِّكَ your Lord لَنَا for us
 مِمَّا تُثْمِتُ of what الْاَرْضُ grows بَقْلِهَا of
 وَقِثَّائِهَا and its cucumbers وَفُومِهَا and its garlic
 وَيَصْلِيهَا and its onions قَالِ he said اَنْتَ جِدْلُوْكَ would you take in
 الَّذِي exchange اَدْنٰى which اَمْ for that
 خَيْرٌ (is) better اَمْ يَطِطُوا go you down مِصْرًا to any town
 لَكُمْ indeed (is) for you مَّا what سَاَلْتُمْ you have asked for
 وَضُرِبَتْ upon them عَلَيْهِمُ and were stamped (stuck) الذِّلَّةُ
 وَالْمَسْكَنَةُ humiliation and misery وَبَاءُوا and they drew بِغَضَبِنَا
 مِنْ anger اَللّٰهِ from اَللّٰهِ ذٰلِكَ (was) that بِاَنَّهُمْ because they كَانُوْا
 يَكْفُرُوْنَ disbelieve بِآيٰتِ in the Signs, Verses اَللّٰهِ (of) Allah
 وَيَقْتُلُوْنَ and kill النَّبِيْنَ the Prophets بِغَيْرِ without الْحَقِّ just cause
 ذٰلِكَ (was) that بِمَا because عَصَوْا they disobeyed وَكَانُوْا and used
 يَعْتَدُوْنَ to ﴿٦٠﴾ transgress

61. And (remember) when you said, “O Mûsâ (Moses)! We cannot endure one kind of food. So invoke your Lord for us to bring forth for us of what the earth

grows, its herbs, its cucumbers, its *Fûm* (wheat or garlic), its lentils and its onions." He said, "Would you exchange that which is better for that which is lower? Go you down to any town and you shall find what you want!" And they were covered with humiliation and misery, and they drew on themselves the Wrath of Allâh. That was because they used to disbelieve the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations etc.) of Allâh and killed the Prophets wrongfully. That was because they disobeyed and used to transgress the bounds (in their disobedience to Allâh, i.e. commit crimes and sins).

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَالَّذِينَ هَادُوا وَالصَّابِئِينَ مَنْ ءَامَنَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَعَمِلَ صَالِحًا فَلَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ
عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ وَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿١٦﴾ وَإِذْ أَخَذْنَا مِيثَاقَكُمْ وَرَفَعْنَا فَوْقَكُمُ الطُّورَ خُذُوا مَا ءَاتَيْنَاكُمْ
يَقُولُوا وَادْكُرُوا مَا فِيهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ ﴿١٧﴾ ثُمَّ تَوَلَّيْتُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ فَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَتُهُ لَكُنْتُمْ مِنَ
الْخَاسِرِينَ ﴿١٨﴾

and those who **وَالَّذِينَ** believed **ءَامَنُوا** those who **الَّذِينَ** verily **إِنَّ**
and Sabians **وَالصَّابِئِينَ** and Christians **وَالنَّصَارَى** became Jews **هَادُوا**
the **الْيَوْمِ** and Day **وَالْآخِرِ** in Allah **بِاللَّهِ** believed **مَنْ ءَامَنَ** whoever **مَنْ**
(is) **أَجْرُهُمْ** for them **فَلَهُمْ** good deeds **صَالِحًا** and does **وَعَمِلَ** Last
خَوْفٌ and (there is) no **لَا** their Lord **رَبِّهِمْ** with **عِنْدَ** their reward
وَأَذْ shall grieve **يَحْزَنُونَ** they **هُمْ** nor **لَا** on them **عَلَيْهِمْ** fear
and (remember) when **أَخَذْنَا** We took **مِيثَاقَكُمْ** your covenant **وَرَفَعْنَا**
the Tur (Mount Sinai) **الطُّورَ** above you **فَوْقَكُمْ** and We raised
with strength **يَقُولُوا** We have given you **ءَاتَيْنَاكُمْ** what **مَا** hold
so that you **لَعَلَّكُمْ** therein **فِيهِ** what (is) **مَا** and remember **وَادْكُرُوا**
you **تَوَلَّيْتُمْ** then **ثُمَّ** act piously (become pious) **تَتَّقُونَ** may
Grace **فَضْلُ** had it not been **فَلَوْلَا** that **ذَلِكَ** after **بَعْدَ** turned away
Allah **اللَّهُ** (of) Allah **عَلَيْكُمْ** upon you **وَرَحْمَتُهُ** and His Mercy **لَكُنْتُمْ**
the losers **الْخَاسِرِينَ** of **يَنْ** indeed you would have been

62. Verily, those who believe and those who are Jews and Christians, and Sabians, whoever believes in Allâh and the Last Day and does righteous good deeds shall have their reward with their Lord, on them shall be no fear, nor shall they grieve.
63. And (O Children of Israel, remember) when We took your covenant and We raised above you the Mount (saying): "Hold fast to that which We have given you, and remember that which is therein so that you may become *Al-Muttaqûn* (the

pious. See V.2:2). 64. Then after that you turned away. Had it not been for the Grace and Mercy of Allâh upon you, indeed you would have been among the losers.

وَلَقَدْ عَلِمْتُمُ الَّذِينَ اعْتَدَوْا مِنْكُمْ فِي السَّبْتِ فَقُلْنَا لَهُمْ كُونُوا قِرَدَةً خَاسِئِينَ ﴿٦٥﴾ جَعَلْنَاهَا نَكَالًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهَا وَمَا خَلْفَهَا وَمَوْعِظَةً لِّلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿٦٦﴾ وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَى لِقَوْمِهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَأْمُرُكُمْ أَنْ تَذْبَحُوا بَقَرَةً قَالُوا أَنُذْخِدُنَا هَؤُلَاءِ قَالَ أَعُوذُ بِاللَّهِ أَن أَكُونَ مِنَ الْجَاهِلِينَ ﴿٦٧﴾

وَلَقَدْ those who الَّذِينَ you knew عَلِمْتُمْ and indeed اعْتَدَوْا
(of) the السَّبْتِ (in) the matter فِي amongst you مِنْكُمْ transgressed
be you كُونُوا to them لَهُمْ We said فَقُلْنَا Sabbath (Saturday)
and We made جَعَلْنَاهَا despised (and rejected) خَاسِئِينَ monkeys
in front بَيْنَ يَدَيْهَا for those لِّمَا (punishment) an example نَكَالًا this
and a lesson وَمَوْعِظَةً after them خَلْفَهَا and those وَمَا of them
لِّلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿٦٦﴾ and (remember) when وَإِذْ for the pious
said قَالَ and (remember) when وَإِذْ for the pious
commands يَأْمُرُكُمْ Allah الله verily إِنَّ to his people Moses
قَالُوا a cow بَقَرَةً you slaughter تَذْبَحُوا that أَنْ you
أَعُوذُ I take refuge قَالَ fun هَؤُلَاءِ do you make of us
the foolish الْجَاهِلِينَ among مِنْ I be أَكُونَ that with Allah

65. And indeed you knew those amongst you who transgressed in the matter of the Sabbath (i.e. Saturday). We said to them: "Be you monkeys, despised and rejected." 66. So We made this punishment an example to their own and to succeeding generations and a lesson to those who are *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious. See V.2:2). 67. And (remember) when Mûsâ (Moses) said to his people: "Verily, Allâh commands you that you slaughter a cow." They said, "Do you make fun of us?" He said, "I take Allâh's Refuge from being among *Al-Jâhilûn* (the ignorant or the foolish)."

قَالُوا أَدْخِلْنَا آلَ رَبِّكَ بَيْنَنَا لَنَا مَآ هِيَ قَالَ إِنَّهُ يَقُولُ إِنَّهَا بَقَرَةٌ لَا فَارِضٌ وَلَا يَكْرُ عَوَائِ بَيْنَكَ ذَلِكَ فَأَفْعَلُوا مَا تَأْمُرُونَ ﴿٦٨﴾ قَالُوا أَدْخِلْنَا آلَ رَبِّكَ بَيْنَنَا لَنَا مَآ لَوْ هِيَ قَالَ إِنَّهُ يَقُولُ إِنَّهَا بَقَرَةٌ صَفْرَاءُ فَاقِعٌ لَّوْنُهَا تَسُرُّ النَّاظِرِينَ ﴿٦٩﴾ قَالُوا أَدْخِلْنَا آلَ رَبِّكَ بَيْنَنَا لَنَا مَآ هِيَ إِنَّ الْبَقَرَ تَشَبَهَ عَلَيْنَا وَإِنَّا إِن شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَمُهْتَدُونَ ﴿٧٠﴾

قَالُوا أَنُعِ call upon لَنَا for us رَبِّكَ your Lord يَا رَبِّ He
 he said قَالَ it is (like) هِيَ what مَا to us لَنَا will make clear
 إِنَّهَا says يَقُولُ verily it (should be) بَقَرَةٌ a cow لَا
 (but) عَوَانٌ immature (young) يَكُنْ nor وَلَا old فَارِضٌ neither
 what مَا so do فَافْعَلُوا that ذَلِكَ between يَبِينُ middling
 for لَنَا call upon أَنُعِ they said قَالُوا you are commanded ﴿٦٨﴾
 us رَبِّكَ your Lord يَبِينُ to make clear لَنَا to us مَا what لَوْئِهَا
 a بَقَرَةٌ it is إِنَّهَا says يَقُولُ verily He إِنَّهُ he said قَالَ its color (is)
 that تَسْرُ (in) its color لَوْئِهَا bright فَاصْفَاءُ yellow صَفْرَاءُ cow
 لَنَا call upon أَنُعِ they said قَالُوا the beholders ﴿٦٩﴾
 it هِيَ what مَا to us لَنَا to make clear يَبِينُ your Lord رَبِّكَ for us
 and وَإِنَّا to us عَيْنًا are alike تَسْبَهُ the cows الْبَقَرُ verily إِنَّ (is)
 will be guided ﴿٧٠﴾ اللهُ Allah wills شَاءَ if إِن surely we

68. They said, "Call upon your Lord for us that He may make plain to us what it is!" He said, "He says, 'Verily, it is a cow neither too old nor too young, but (it is) between the two conditions', so do what you are commanded." 69. They said, "Call upon your Lord for us to make plain to us its colour." He said, "He says, 'It is a yellow cow, bright in its colour, pleasing the beholders.' " 70. They said, "Call upon your Lord for us to make plain to us what it is. Verily, to us all cows are alike. And surely, if Allâh wills, we will be guided."

قَالَ إِنَّهُ يَقُولُ إِنَّهَا بَقَرَةٌ لَا ذَلُولٌ تُثِيرُ الْأَرْضَ وَلَا تَسْقِي الْمَرْثَ مُسَلَّمَةٌ لَا شِئَةَ فِيهَا قَالُوا أَلَنَ جِئْتَ بِالْحَقِّ
 فَذَبَحُوهَا وَمَا كَادُوا يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿٧١﴾ وَإِذْ قَتَلْتُمْ نَفْسًا فَادَرَأْتُمْ فِيهَا وَاللَّهُ مُخْرِجٌ مَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْتُمُونَ ﴿٧٢﴾ فَقُلْنَا اضْرِبُوهُ
 بِبَعْضِهَا كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ الْفُتُورَ وَيُرِيكُمْ ءَايَاتِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿٧٣﴾

قَالَ He said إِنَّهُ He indeed يَقُولُ says إِنَّهَا it is بَقَرَةٌ a cow لَا
 (it) neither ذَلُولٌ trained تُثِيرُ to till الْأَرْضَ the soil وَلَا nor تَسْقِي (it)
 mark, الْمَرْثَ waters the fields مُسَلَّمَةٌ sound لَا (with) no شِئَةَ
 you (have) جِئْتَ now أَلَنَ they said قَالُوا in it فِيهَا blemish
 and (did) وَمَا so they slaughtered it فَذَبَحُوهَا the truth بِالْحَقِّ brought
 and (remember) وَإِذْ doing (it) ﴿٧١﴾ يَفْعَلُونَ they almost كَادُوا not

when you killed **فَقَتَلْتُمْ** a man **فَكَذَرْتُمْ** then you disputed **فِيهَا** regarding it **وَاللَّهُ** but Allah **مُخْرِجٌ** brought forth **مَا** what **كُنْتُمْ** you were **تَكْتُمُونَ** concealing **فَقُلْنَا** so We said **أَخْبِرُوهُ** strike him **بِبَعْضِهَا** thus **يُنِى** with a piece of it **كَذَلِكَ** Allah **اللَّهُ** brings to life **الْمَوْتِ** so that you **لَكُمْ** His Signs **آيَاتِهِ** and shows you **وَرُيِّكُمْ** the dead **تَعْقِلُونَ** may understand

71. He [Mûsâ (Moses)] said, "He says, 'It is a cow neither trained to till the soil nor water the fields, sound, having no other colour except bright yellow.' " They said, "Now you have brought the truth." So they slaughtered it though they were near to not doing it. 72. And (remember) when you killed a man and fell into dispute among yourselves as to the crime. But Allâh brought forth that which you were hiding. 73. So We said: "Strike him (the dead man) with a piece of it (the cow)." Thus Allâh brings the dead to life and shows you His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) so that you may understand.

ثُمَّ قَسَتْ قُلُوبُكُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ فَهِيَ كَالْحِجَارَةِ أَوْ أَشَدُّ قَسْوَةً وَإِنَّ مِنَ الْحِجَارَةِ لَمَا يَتَفَجَّرُ مِنْهُ الْأَنْهَارُ وَإِنَّ مِنْهَا لَمَا يَشْقُقُ فَيَخْرُجُ مِنْهُ الْمَاءُ وَإِنَّ مِنْهَا لَمَا يَهْبِطُ مِنْ خَشْيَةِ اللَّهِ وَمَا اللَّهُ بِمُنْفِلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٧١﴾ أَفَنَنْظُمُونَ أَنْ يُؤْمِنُوا لَكُمْ وَقَدْ كَانَ فَرِيقٌ مِنْهُمْ يَسْمَعُونَ كَلِمَ اللَّهِ ثُمَّ يُحَرِّفُونَهُ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا عَقَلُوهُ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧٢﴾

ثُمَّ قَسَتْ then قُلُوبُكُمْ your hearts were hardened (even) worse **أَوْ** as stones **كَالْحِجَارَةِ** so they (were) **فَهِيَ** that **قَسْوَةً** in hardness **وَإِنَّ** and indeed **مِنْ** of **الْحِجَارَةِ** the stones **لَهَا** there are some **يَتَفَجَّرُ** gush forth **مِنْهُ** from them **الْأَنْهَارُ** the rivers **وَإِنَّ** and indeed **مِنْهَا** of them (are stones) **يَشْقُقُ** which **لَهَا** from them **الْمَاءُ** the water **وَإِنَّ** so that flows **فَيَخْرُجُ** asunder **مِنْهَا** and indeed **يَهْبِطُ** which **لَهَا** of them (are stones) **فِيهَا** from **خَشْيَةِ اللَّهِ** fear (of) Allah **وَمَا** and not **اللَّهُ** Allah (is) **بِمُنْفِلٍ** you do **أَفَنَنْظُمُونَ** do you covet **أَنْ** that **يُؤْمِنُوا** they will believe **لَكُمْ** in you **وَقَدْ** while indeed **كَانَ** the **يَسْمَعُونَ** of them **مِنْهُمْ** a group **فَرِيقٌ** used to **كَلِمَ** hear **اللَّهُ** Word (of) Allah **ثُمَّ** then **يُحَرِّفُونَهُ** they change it **مِنْ بَعْدِ** after **عَقَلُوهُ** what **مَا** they understood it **وَهُمْ** and they **يَعْلَمُونَ** know

74. Then, after that, your hearts were hardened and became as stones or even worse in hardness. And indeed, there are stones out of which rivers gush forth, and indeed, there are of them (stones) which split asunder so that water flows from them, and indeed, there are of them (stones) which fall down for fear of Allâh. And Allâh is not unaware of what you do. 75. Do you (faithful believers) covet that they will believe in your religion inspite of the fact that a party of them (Jewish rabbis) used to hear the Word of Allâh [the Taurât (Torah)], then they used to change it knowingly after they understood it?

وَإِذَا لَقُوا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا قَالُوا ءَامَنُوا وَإِذَا خَلَا بِبَعْضِهِمْ ءَامَنُوا قَالُوا لَا تَحْذَرُنَا إِنَّا كُنَّا مُسْلِمِينَ ۝٧٤ وَإِذَا لَقُوا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا قَالُوا ءَامَنُوا وَإِذَا خَلَا بِبَعْضِهِمْ ءَامَنُوا قَالُوا لَا تَحْذَرُنَا إِنَّا كُنَّا مُسْلِمِينَ ۝٧٥ وَإِذَا لَقُوا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا قَالُوا ءَامَنُوا وَإِذَا خَلَا بِبَعْضِهِمْ ءَامَنُوا قَالُوا لَا تَحْذَرُنَا إِنَّا كُنَّا مُسْلِمِينَ ۝٧٦ وَإِذَا لَقُوا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا قَالُوا ءَامَنُوا وَإِذَا خَلَا بِبَعْضِهِمْ ءَامَنُوا قَالُوا لَا تَحْذَرُنَا إِنَّا كُنَّا مُسْلِمِينَ ۝٧٧ وَإِذَا لَقُوا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا قَالُوا ءَامَنُوا وَإِذَا خَلَا بِبَعْضِهِمْ ءَامَنُوا قَالُوا لَا تَحْذَرُنَا إِنَّا كُنَّا مُسْلِمِينَ ۝٧٨

وَإِذَا and when لَقُوا they meet الَّذِينَ those who ءَامَنُوا believe قَالُوا they say ءَامَنُوا we believe وَإِذَا but when خَلَا privately meet بِبَعْضِهِمْ some of them إِنَّا some others قَالُوا with بَعْضِ revealed فَتَحَ what shall you tell them أَنَحْذَرُنَا they say so that they argue with إِلَيْكُمْ to you عَلَيْكُمْ Allah (disclosed) do not then أَفَلَا your Lord رَبِّكُمْ before عِنْدَ therewith يَدُ you تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿٧٤﴾ you understand أَوَلَا do not يَعْلَمُونَ they know أَنَّ that Allah and what يَعْلَمُ Allah مَا knows يُرِيدُونَ what they conceal وَمَا (are) unlettered أُمِّيُونَ and among them وَمِنْهُمْ they reveal ﴿٧٥﴾ but لَا people (who) يَعْلَمُونَ (do) not كِتَابَ the Book إِنَّا the Book لَا people (who) guess يَخْتَلِفُونَ ﴿٧٦﴾ but لَا they هُمْ and (not) وَإِنْ false desires أَمَانِي

76. And when they (Jews) meet those who believe (Muslims), they say, "We believe", but when they meet one another in private, they say, "Shall you (Jews) tell them (Muslims) what Allâh has revealed to you [Jews, about the description and the qualities of Prophet Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم, which are written in the Taurât (Torah)], that they (Muslims) may argue with you (Jews) about it before your Lord?" Have you (Jews) then no understanding? 77. Know they (Jews) not that Allâh knows what they conceal and what they reveal? 78. And there are among them (Jews) unlettered people, who know not the Book, but they trust upon false desires and they but guess.

فَوَيْلٌ لِلَّذِينَ يَكْتُبُونَ الْكِتَابَ بِأَيْدِيهِمْ ثُمَّ يَقُولُونَ هَذَا مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ لِيَشْتَرُوا بِهِمْ ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا فَوَيْلٌ لَهُمْ مِمَّا كَتَبَتْ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَوَيْلٌ لَهُمْ مِمَّا يَكْسِبُونَ ﴿٧٩﴾ وَقَالُوا لَنْ نَمَسَّنَا النَّارُ إِلَّا أَنْتَ بَعْدَ مَعْدُودَةٍ قَلِيلٍ أَخَذْتُمْ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ عَهْدًا فَلَنْ يُخْلَفَ اللَّهُ عَهْدَهُ أَمْ نَقُولُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٨٠﴾ بَلَى مَنْ كَسَبَ سَيِّئَةً وَأَحَاطَتْ بِهِ خَطِيئَتُهُ فَأُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ ﴿٨١﴾

فَوَيْلٌ لِلَّذِينَ يَكْتُبُونَ the Book write بِأَيْدِيهِمْ to those who with their own hands then يَقُولُونَ this هَذَا they say عِنْدَ اللَّهِ (is) from Allah لِيَشْتَرُوا with it that they may purchase ثَمَنًا price (gain) قَلِيلًا little فَوَيْلٌ so woe لَهُمْ to them وَوَيْلٌ their hands and woe كَتَبَتْ what wrote أَيْدِيهِمْ for what يَكْسِبُونَ ﴿٧٩﴾ وَقَالُوا they earn لَنْ and they say نَمَسَّنَا the Fire touch us إِلَّا but أَنْتَ (for) days مَعْدُودَةٍ Allah from have you taken أَخَذْتُمْ say قُل a few numbered عَهْدًا oppose (break) يُخْلَفُ so will never اَللَّهُ a covenant فَلَنْ what Allah on you say نَقُولُونَ or أَمْ His covenant عَهْدَهُ لا not تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٨٠﴾ بَلَى you know مَنْ yes! whosoever كَسَبَ evil سَيِّئَةً وَأَحَاطَتْ him and surrounded خطيئتهُ his sin فَأُولَٰئِكَ they أَصْحَابُ (are) dwellers (inmates) النَّارِ of the Fire هُمْ in shall abide forever خَالِدُونَ ﴿٨١﴾ it

79. Then woe to those who write the Book with their own hands and then say, "This is from Allâh," to purchase with it a little price! Woe to them for what their hands have written and woe to them for that they earn thereby. 80. And they (Jews) say, "The Fire (i.e. Hell-fire on the Day of Resurrection) shall not touch us but for a few numbered days." Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم to them): "Have you taken a covenant from Allâh, so that Allâh will not break His Covenant? Or is it that you say of Allâh what you know not?" 81. Yes! Whosoever earns evil and his sin has surrounded him, they are dwellers of the Fire (i.e. Hell); they will dwell therein forever.

وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ أُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةِ هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ ﴿٨٢﴾ وَإِذْ أَخَذْنَا مِيثَاقَ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ لَا تَعْبُدُونَ إِلَّا اللَّهَ وَالْوَالِدَيْنِ إِحْسَانًا وَذِي الْقُرْبَىٰ وَالْيَتَامَىٰ وَالسَّكِينِ وَقُولُوا لِلنَّاسِ حُسْنًا وَأَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ وَآتُوا الزَّكَاةَ ثُمَّ تَوَلَّيْتُمْ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِّنْكُمْ وَأَنتُمْ مُّعْرِضُونَ ﴿٨٣﴾

وَالَّذِينَ good and do وَعَمِلُوا believe ءَامَنُوا and those (who) أُولَئِكَ (of) Paradise الْجَنَّةُ (are) dwellers (inmates) أَصْحَابُ they أُولَئِكَ deeds هُمْ فِيهَا in it خَالِدُونَ ﴿٨٢﴾ shall abide forever وَإِذْ (remember) أَخَذْنَا when أَخَذْنَا We took مِيثَاقَ (from) بَنِي the Children اِسْرَءِيلَ a covenant (from) مِيثَاقَ (of) Israel لَا (of) Israel لَا تَعْبُدُونَ not إِلَّا you shall worship إِلَهًا but اللَّهُ Allah وَإِلَىٰ آلِهِنَّ and (to) kindered وَذِي الْقُرْبَىٰ (be) good إِحْسَانًا and (to) parents and (to) orphans وَالسَّكِينِ and (to) orphans and the poor (needy) وَقُولُوا and speak الْكَلِمَ الطَّيِّبَاتِ to people حَسَنًا good (kindly) وَأَقِيمُوا and perform الصَّلَاةَ the prayer وَآتُوا and give الزَّكَاةَ Zakat (poor-due) ثُمَّ then تَوَلَّيْتُمْ you turned back إِلَّا except قَلِيلًا a few مِنْكُمْ of you وَأَنْتُمْ while you are مُّعْرِضُونَ ﴿٨٣﴾ averse (backsliders)

82. And those who believe (in the Oneness of Allāh - Islāmīc Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds, they are dwellers of Paradise, they will dwell therein forever. (See V.2:257) 83. And (remember) when We took a covenant from the Children of Israel, (saying): Worship none but Allāh (Alone) and be dutiful and good to parents, and to kindred, and to orphans and *Al-Masākīn* (the poor), and speak good to people [i.e. enjoin righteousness and forbid evil, and say the truth about Muhammad ﷺ], and perform *As-Salāt* (*Iqāmat-as-Salāt*), and give *Zakāt*. Then you slid back, except a few of you, while you are backsliders. (*Tafsir Al-Qurtubī*, Vol. 2, Page 392)

وَإِذْ أَخَذْنَا مِيثَاقَكُمْ لَا تَسْفِكُونَ دِمَاءَكُمْ وَلَا تُخْرِجُونَ أَنْفُسَكُمْ مِنْ دِيَارِكُمْ ثُمَّ أَقْرَرْتُمْ وَأَنْتُمْ تَشْهَدُونَ ﴿٨٢﴾ ثُمَّ أَنْتُمْ هَؤُلَاءِ تَقْسِمُونَ أَنْفُسَكُمْ وَتُخْرِجُونَ فَرِيقًا مِنْكُمْ مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ تَظَاهَرُونَ عَلَيْهِمْ بِالْإِلْمِ وَالْعُدْوَانِ وَإِنْ يَأْتُوكُمْ أُسْرَىٰ تَقْتُلُوهُمْ وَهِيَ مُحَرَّمٌ عَلَيْكُمْ إِخْرَاجُهُمْ أَفَتُؤْمِنُونَ بِبَعْضِ الْكِتَابِ وَتَكْفُرُونَ بِبَعْضٍ فَمَا جَزَاءُ مَنْ يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ مِنْكُمْ إِلَّا خِزْيٌ فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا وَيَوْمَ أَقِيمُوا يَوْمَئِذٍ إِلَهُ أَشَدَّ الْعَذَابِ وَمَا اللَّهُ بِغَفِيلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٨٣﴾

وَإِذْ and (remember) when أَخَذْنَا We took مِيثَاقَكُمْ your covenant لَا (do) not تَسْفِكُونَ you shed دِمَاءَكُمْ your blood وَلَا (do) not تُخْرِجُونَ you turn out أَنْفُسَكُمْ yourselves مِنْ دِيَارِكُمْ from دِيَارِكُمْ your dwellings ثُمَّ then أَقْرَرْتُمْ you ratified وَأَنْتُمْ you bear witness تَشْهَدُونَ ﴿٨٢﴾

ثُمَّ أَنْتُمْ هَؤُلَاءِ those (who) تَقْتُلُونَ kill أَنْفُسَكُمْ then
 مِنْكُمْ a party قَرِيبًا and drive out تَخْرُجُونَ yourselves
 مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ تَظَاهَرُونَ their homes وَيُسَاحِدُونَ (assist) aiding one another عَلَيْهِمْ
 and if وَإِنْ and transgression وَالْعَدُونَ in sin بِالْإِثْمِ against them
 يَأْتُونَكُمْ they come to you أَسْرَى (as) captives تَقْدُوهُمْ you ransom
 وَهُمْ مُحَرَّمٌ though (this) حَرَّمَ عَلَيْهِمْ forbidden to you إِخْرَاجَهُمْ
 in part بَعْضُ then do you believe أَنتُمْؤْمِنُونَ their expulsion (was)
 some of بَعْضُ and you reject وَتَكْفُرُونَ (of) the Scripture الْكِتَابِ
 (of) those who مَنْ (is the) recompense جَزَاءُ then what فَمَا it
 يَفْعَلُ do ذَلِكَ مِنْكُمْ that among you إِلَّا except خِزْيٌ disgrace
 and on the Day وَيَوْمَ (of) (this) world الدُّنْيَا the life الْحَيَاةِ
 الْفَيْئَمَةِ (of) Resurrection يَرْدُونَ they would be consigned إِلَيْهِ to أَشَدِّ
 (is) عَذَابٍ most grievous وَعَذَابُ Allah and not وَمَا torment يُعَذِّبُ
 you do تَعْمَلُونَ of what عَمَّا unaware

84. And (remember) when We took your covenant (saying): Shed not the blood of your (people), nor turn out your own people from their dwellings. Then, (this) you ratified and (to this) you bear witness. 85. After this, it is you who kill one another and drive out a party of you from their homes, assist (their enemies) against them, in sin and transgression. And if they come to you as captives, you ransom them, although their expulsion was forbidden to you. Then do you believe in a part of the Scripture and reject the rest? Then what is the recompense of those who do so among you, except disgrace in the life of this world, and on the Day of Resurrection they shall be consigned to the most grievous torment. And Allâh is not unaware of what you do.

أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ اشْتَرُوا الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا بِالْآخِرَةِ فَلَا يَخَفُ عَنْهُمْ الْعَذَابُ وَلَا هُمْ يُبْصِرُونَ ﴿٨٤﴾ وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْكِتَابَ وَقَفَّيْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِ بِالرُّسُلِ وَآتَيْنَا عِيسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ الْبَيْنَتِ وَأَيَّدْنَاهُ بِرُوحِ الْقُدُسِ أَفَكُلَّمَا جَاءَكُمْ رَسُولٌ بِمَا لَا تَهْوَى أَنْفُسُكُمْ اسْتَكْبَرْتُمْ فَفَرِيقًا كَذَّبْتُمْ وَفَرِيقًا تَقْتُلُونَ ﴿٨٥﴾ وَقَالُوا قُلُوبُنَا غُلْفٌ بَلْ لَعَنَهُمُ اللَّهُ بِكُفْرِهِمْ فَقَلِيلًا مَّا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٨٦﴾

أُولَئِكَ those (are) الَّذِينَ they who اشْتَرُوا the life الْحَيَاةِ bought
 of (this) world بِالْآخِرَةِ for the Hereafter فَلَا so not يَخَفُ shall be
 the torment الْعَذَابُ on them وَلَا nor هُمْ lightened عَنْهُمْ

يُنصرون ﴿٨٦﴾ We gave مَاآتَيْنَا and indeed وَلَقَدْ shall be helped
 مِنَ بَعْدِهِ and We followed him up وَفَقَّيْنَا the Book الْكِتَابَ Moses
 ابْنِ Jesus and We gave وَمَاآتَيْنَا by Prophets الرُّسُلِ after him
 and supported him وَأَيَّدْنَاهُ clear signs (of) Mary مَرْيَمَ son
 يُرِيعُ الْقُدُسِ the holy Ghost (Gabriel) أَفَكُلَّمَا with the holy Ghost
 جَاءَكُمْ then whenever أَفَكُلَّمَا with the holy Ghost
 لَا not بِمَا a Messenger رَسُولٌ came to you
 and فَتَرَفْتُمْ you grew arrogant أَنْتُمْ yourselves
 قَتَلْتُمْ and some قَتَلْتُمْ and some قَتَلْتُمْ
 بَلْ are wrapped غُلِّقْنَا our hearts and they said وَقَالُوا
 اللَّهُ cursed them يَكْفُرُهُمْ Allah for their disbelief قَلِيلًا so little
 they believe يُؤْمِنُونَ (is) that which

86. Those are they who have bought the life of this world at the price of the Hereafter. Their torment shall not be lightened nor shall they be helped. 87. And indeed, We gave Mûsâ (Moses) the Book and followed him up with a succession of Messengers. And We gave 'Isâ (Jesus), the son of Maryam (Mary), clear signs and supported him with *Rûh-ul-Qudus* [Jibrâil (Gabriel) عده السلام]. Is it that whenever there came to you a Messenger with what you yourselves desired not, you grew arrogant? Some you disbelieved and some you killed. 88. And they say, "Our hearts are wrapped (i.e. do not hear or understand Allâh's Word)." Nay, Allâh has cursed them for their disbelief, so little is that which they believe.

وَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ كِتَابٌ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ مُصَدِّقٌ لِمَا مَعَهُمْ وَكَانُوا مِنْ قَبْلُ يَسْتَفْتِحُونَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ مَا عَرَفُوا كَفَرُوا بِهِ فَلَعْنَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٨٧﴾ يَسْمَا أَشْرَوْا بِوَيْهَاتِهِمْ أَنْ يَكْفُرُوا بِمَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ بَغْيًا أَنْ يَنْزِلَ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ عَلَى مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ فَبَاءُوا بِغَضَبٍ عَلَى غَضَبٍ وَلِلْكَافِرِينَ عَذَابٌ مُهِينٌ ﴿٨٨﴾

وَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ and when كِتَابٌ a Book came to them from عِنْدِ اللَّهِ Allah مُصَدِّقٌ confirming لِمَا with them مَعَهُمْ (is) وَكَانُوا and when كَفَرُوا those who كَفَرُوا disbelieved فَلَمَّا and when جَاءَهُمْ they recognised عَرَفُوا what مَا came to them (be) on عَلَى (of) Allah اللَّهُ so the curse فَلَعْنَةُ in it disbelieved

they bought **أَشْتَرُوا** how bad is that **بِئْسَمَا** the disbelievers **الْكَافِرِينَ** ﴿٨٩﴾
 they **يَكْفُرُوا** that **أَنْ** their ownelves **أَنْفُسَهُمْ** for it **بِئْسَ**
 Allah **اللَّهُ** revealed **أُنْزِلَ** in (that) which **بِمَا** (should) disbelieve
 His **فَضْلِهِ** of **مِنْ** Allah **اللَّهُ** reveals **يُنْزِلَ** that **أَنْ** grudging
 His slaves **عِبَادِهِ** of **مِنْ** He wills **يَشَاءُ** whom **مَنْ** unto **عَلَى** Grace
 anger **غَضَبٍ** upon **عَلَى** anger **يَغْضَبُ** they have drawn (incurred) **فَبَاءُوا**
 (there is a) **مُهِيتٌ** ﴿٩٠﴾ torment **عَذَابٌ** and for the disbelievers **وَالْكَافِرِينَ**
 disgracing

89. And when there came to them (the Jews), a Book (this Qur'ân) from Allâh confirming what is with them [the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)], although aforetime they had invoked Allâh (for coming of Muhammad صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم) in order to gain victory over those who disbelieved, then when there came to them that which they had recognised, they disbelieved in it. So let the Curse of Allâh be on the disbelievers. 90. How bad is that for which they have sold their ownelves, that they should disbelieve in that which Allâh has revealed (the Qur'ân), grudging that Allâh should reveal of His Grace unto whom He wills of His slaves. So they have drawn on themselves wrath upon wrath. And for the disbelievers, there is disgracing torment.

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ ءَامِنُوا بِمَا أُنْزِلَ اللَّهُ قَالُوا نُؤْمِنُ بِمَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا وَنَكْفُرُ بِمَا وَرَاءَهُ وَهُوَ الْحَقُّ مُصَدِّقًا لِمَا مَعَهُمْ قُلْ فَلِمَ تَقْتُلُونَ أَنْبِيَاءَ اللَّهِ مِنْ قَبْلُ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٩٠﴾ وَلَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ مُوسَىٰ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ ثُمَّ اتَّخَذْتُمُ الْعِجْلَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ وَأَنْتُمْ ظَالِمُونَ ﴿٩١﴾

وإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ ءَامِنُوا بِمَا أُنْزِلَ اللَّهُ قَالُوا نُؤْمِنُ بِمَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا وَنَكْفُرُ بِمَا وَرَاءَهُ وَهُوَ الْحَقُّ مُصَدِّقًا لِمَا مَعَهُمْ قُلْ فَلِمَ تَقْتُلُونَ أَنْبِيَاءَ اللَّهِ مِنْ قَبْلُ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٩٠﴾ وَلَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ مُوسَىٰ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ ثُمَّ اتَّخَذْتُمُ الْعِجْلَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ وَأَنْتُمْ ظَالِمُونَ ﴿٩١﴾

in what **بِمَا** believe **ءَامِنُوا** to them **لَهُمْ** it is said **قِيلَ** and when **وَإِذَا**
 in what **بِمَا** we believe **نُؤْمِنُ** they say **قَالُوا** Allah **اللَّهُ** sent down **أُنْزِلَ**
 in what **بِمَا** and they disbelieve **وَنَكْفُرُ** to us **عَلَيْنَا** was sent down **أُنْزِلَ**
 after it **وَهُوَ** what (came) **وَرَاءَهُ** while it is **الْحَقُّ** the truth **مُصَدِّقًا**
 then why did **قُلْ** say **فَلِمَ** with them **مَعَهُمْ** what is **لِمَا** confirming
 if **قَتَلُونَ** you kill **أَنْبِيَاءَ** Allah **اللَّهُ** Prophets (of) **مِنْ قَبْلُ** aforetime **إِنْ**
 you were **كُنْتُمْ** **مُؤْمِنِينَ** (true) believers **﴿٩٠﴾** and indeed **جَاءَكُمْ**
 yet **يَا لَبِئْسَ** Moses **مُوسَىٰ** came to you **ثُمَّ**
 and you **أَتَّخَذْتُمُ** the calf **الْعِجْلَ** you took (for worship)
 after him **وَأَنْتُمْ** and you **ظَالِمُونَ** (were) **﴿٩١﴾** wrong-doers

91. And when it is said to them (the Jews), "Believe in what Allâh has sent down," they say, "We believe in what was sent down to us." And they disbelieve in that which came after it, while it is the truth confirming what is with them. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم to them): "Why then have you killed the Prophets of Allâh aforetime, if you indeed have been believers?" 92. And indeed Mûsâ (Moses) came to you with clear proofs, yet you worshipped the calf after he left, and you were *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers).

وَإِذْ أَخَذْنَا مِيثَاقَكُمْ وَرَفَعْنَا فَوْقَكُمُ الطُّورَ خُذُوا مَا آتَيْنَاكُمْ بِقُوَّةٍ وَاسْمَعُوا قَالُوا سَمِعْنَا وَعَصَيْنَا وَأَشْرَبُوا فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ الْمَاجِلَ يَكْفُرِهِمْ قُلْ يَسْمَا يَأْمُرُكُمْ بِهِ إِيمَانُكُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٣﴾ قُلْ إِنْ كَانَتْ لَكُمْ الدَّارُ الْآخِرَةُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ خَالِصَةً مِنْ دُونِ النَّاسِ فَتَمَنَّوُا الْمَوْتَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿١٤﴾

وَإِذْ أَخَذْنَا and (remember) when your covenant مِيثَاقَكُمْ We took and We raised above you the Tur (mount Sinai) الطُّورَ فَوْقَكُمُ and We raised وَرَفَعْنَا خُذُوا مَا hold مَا what آتَيْنَاكُمْ We gave you بِقُوَّةٍ firmly and we disobeyed وَعَصَيْنَا we heard سَمِعْنَا they said قَالُوا hear their hearts قُلُوبِهِمْ in فِي and they were cherished (drunk the love of) أَلْمَجِلَ the calf يَكْفُرِهِمْ (because) of their disbelief قُلْ say يَسْمَا your faith إِيمَانُكُمْ to it بِهِ commands you يَأْمُرُكُمْ evil is what إِنْ if كُنْتُمْ you are مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٣﴾ believers قُلْ say إِنْ if كَانَتْ is لَكُمْ Allah with اللَّهِ (of) the Hereafter الْآخِرَةُ the home الدَّارُ for you then long فَتَمَنَّوُا (other) people النَّاسِ excluding مِنْ دُونِ specially خَالِصَةً truthfully صَادِقِينَ ﴿١٤﴾ you are كُنْتُمْ if إِنْ (for) death الْمَوْتَ

93. And (remember) when We took your covenant and We raised above you the Mount (saying), "Hold firmly to what We have given you and hear (Our Word)." They said, "We have heard and disobeyed." And their hearts absorbed (the worship of) the calf because of their disbelief. Say: "Worst indeed is that which your faith enjoins on you if you are believers." 94. Say to (them): "If the home of the Hereafter with Allâh is indeed for you specially and not for others, of mankind, then long for death if you are truthful."

وَلَنْ يَتَمَنَّوْهُ أَبَدًا بِمَا قَدَّمَتْ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِالظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٥﴾ وَلَنَجْذِئُنَّهُمْ أَهْرَاصَ النَّاسِ عَلَى حَيَاقِفٍ وَمَنْ الَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا يَوَدُّ أَحَدُهُمْ أَنْ يُعَمَّرَ أَلْفَ سَنَةٍ وَمَا هُوَ بِمُرَزَّحٍ مِنْ الْعَذَابِ أَنْ يُعَمَّرَ وَاللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٦﴾

قُلْ مَنْ كَانَ عَدُوًّا لِجِبْرِيلَ فَإِنَّهُ نَزَّلَهُ عَلَى قَلْبِكَ بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ مُصَدِّقًا لِمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ وَهُدًى وَبُشْرَى
لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٧﴾

وَلَنْ يَسْتَمْنُوهُ but will never أَبَدًا they long for it بِمَا ever قَدَّمَتْ for what (is) All-Aware عَلِيمٌ and Allah رَأَاهُ their hands أَيْدِيَهُمْ sent ahead and verily you will find them وَلَنَجْذِثَهُمْ of the wrong-doers ﴿١٨﴾ بِالظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٩﴾ أَغْرَمَ greediest النَّاسِ (of) mankind عَلَى for حَيَوةٍ life وَمِنْ and of الَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا those who ascribed partners to Allah يَوَدُّ wishes أَحَدُهُمْ (of) he could be given a life يُمْتَرُّ if (each) one of them لَوْ would (save) سَنَةً a thousand years وَمَا but not هُوَ this بِمُزَجَّجَةٍ (save) though يُعَمَّرُ the punishment الْعَذَابِ from remove him away مِنْ he be given that life وَآلَهُ and Allah بَصِيرٌ (is) All-Seer بِمَا they do قُلْ مَنْ say of what يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾ عَدُوًّا is whosoever كَانَ (has) brought it نَزَّلَهُ for indeed he فَإِنَّهُ to Gabriel لِيَجْزِيَ enemy (of) قَلْبِكَ your heart بِإِذْنِ (leave) by Allah (of) Allah مُصَدِّقًا confirming لِمَا (came) what بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ before it وَهُدًى and guidance وَبُشْرَى and glad tidings ﴿٢١﴾ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ

95. But they will never long for it because of what their hands have sent before them (i.e. what they have done). And Allâh is All-Aware of the *Zâlimun* (polytheists and wrongdoers). 96. And verily, you will find them (the Jews) the greediest of mankind for life and (even greedier) than those who ascribe partners to Allâh (and do not believe in Resurrection — Majûs, pagans, and idolaters). Everyone of them wishes that he could be given a life of a thousand years. But the grant of such life will not save him even a little from (due) punishment. And Allâh is All-Seer of what they do. 97. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم): "Whoever is an enemy to Jibrâil (Gabriel) (let him die in his fury), for indeed he has brought it (this Qur'ân) down to your heart by Allâh's Permission, confirming what came before it [i.e. the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] and guidance and glad tidings for the believers.

مَنْ كَانَ عَدُوًّا لِلَّهِ وَمَلَائِكَتِهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَجِبْرِيلَ وَمِيكَائِيلَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ عَدُوٌّ لِلْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٢٢﴾ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَيْكَ ءَايَاتِنَا بَيِّنَاتٍ وَمَا يَكْفُرُ بِهَا إِلَّا الْفَاسِقُونَ ﴿٢٣﴾ أَوْ كَلَّمَا عَاهَدُوا عَهْدًا نَبَذَهُ فَرِيقٌ مِنْهُمْ بَلْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٢٤﴾ وَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ رَسُولٌ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ مُصَدِّقٌ لِمَا مَعَهُمْ بَدَّ فَرِيقٌ مِنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ

كِتَابَ اللَّهِ وَرَاءَ ظُهُورِهِمْ كَانَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٠١﴾

and His وَمَلَائِكَتِهِ to Allah لِلَّهِ enemy كَانَ is whoso مَنْ and Gabriel وَرُسُلِهِ and His Messengers وَمِيكَائِيلَ and Michael فَإِنَّكَ then verily اللَّهُ Allah (is) enemy عَدُوٌّ (is) لِلْكَافِرِينَ ﴿١٠٢﴾ to you إِلَيْكَ We sent down أَنْزَلْنَا and indeed وَلَقَدْ the disbelievers ءَايَاتِنَا Ayat (proofs, verses) بَيِّنَاتٍ and none وَمَا يَكْفُرُ is disobedient ones أَفَكُلَّمَا but إِلَّا in them يَكْفُرُونَ ﴿١٠٣﴾ disbelieve بِعَهْدِهِمْ they contract عَنْهُمْ it not so (that) whenever أَكْثَرُهُمْ a party فَرِيقٌ threw it away they came and when وَلَكِنَّمَا believe يَوْمُنَا ﴿١٠٤﴾ (do) not لَا them رَسُولٌ a Messenger مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ from Allah مُصَدِّقٌ confirming لِمَا with them مَعَهُمْ what was ثَوًّا of party الَّذِينَ (who) those أُوتُوا were given الْكِتَابِ the Scripture كَتَبَ the Book اللَّهُ (of) Allah وَرَاءَ behind ظُهُورِهِمْ كَانَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٠٥﴾ (do) not لَا as if they know

98. "Whoever is an enemy to Allâh, His Angels, His Messengers, Jibrâîl (Gabriel) and Mikâîl (Michael), then verily, Allâh is an enemy to the disbelievers." 99. And indeed We have sent down to you manifest *Ayât* (these Verses of the Qur'ân which inform in detail about the news of the Jews and their secret intentions), and none disbelieve in them but *Fâsiqûn* (those who rebel against Allâh's Command). 100. Is it not (the case) that every time they make a covenant, some party among them throw it aside? Nay! (the truth is:) most of them believe not. 101. And when there came to them a Messenger from Allâh (i.e. Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) confirming what was with them, a party of those who were given the Scripture threw away the Book of Allâh behind their backs as if they did not know!

وَاتَّبَعُوا مَا تَتْلُوا الشَّيَاطِينُ عَلَىٰ مُلْكٍ سَلِيمٍ ۖ وَمَا كَفَرُوا سَلِيمِينَ وَلَكِنَّ الشَّيَاطِينَ كَفَرُوا يُعَلِّمُونَ النَّاسَ السِّحْرَ ۖ وَمَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَى الْمَلَائِكَةِ بِبَابِلَ هُرُوتَ وَمَرُوتَ ۖ وَمَا يُعَلِّمَانِ مِنْ أَحَدٍ حَتَّى يَقُولَا إِنَّمَا نَحْنُ فِتْنَةٌ فَلَا تَكْفُرْ ۖ فَيَتَعَلَّمُونَ مِنْهُمَا مَا يُفَرِّقُونَ بِهِ بَيْنَ الْمَرْءِ وَزَوْجِهِ ۖ وَمَا هُمْ بِضَارِّينَ بِهِ مِنْ أَحَدٍ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ ۖ وَيَتَعَلَّمُونَ مَا يَضُرُّهُمْ وَلَا يَنْفَعُهُمْ ۖ وَلَقَدْ عَلَّمُوا لَمِينَ اشْرَنَهُ مَا لَوْ فِي الْأَخْزَرِ مِنْ خَلْقٍ وَكَيْفٍ مَا سَكَّرُوا بِهِ أَنْفُسَهُمْ لَوْ كَانُوا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٠٦﴾

وَاتَّبَعُوا (gave out) recited تَتْلُوا what مَا and they followed
 and not وَمَا (of) Solomon سُلَيْمَنَّ kingdom مُلْكِي in عَلَى the devils
 the كَفَرُوا disbelieved سُلَيْمَنَّ Solomon وَلَكِنَّ and but الشَّيَاطِينِ
 magic كَفَرُوا disbelieved يُعَلِّمُونَ teaching النَّاسَ the two angels
 وَمَا and what أَنْزَلَ came down عَلَى to الْمَلَائِكَةِ the two angels بِبَابِلَ
 at هَارُوتَ Harut وَمَرْوُتَ Marut and وَمَا but neither يُعَلِّمَانِ
 they (had) said حَتَّى till يَقُولَا anyone (of) these two taught
 إِنَّمَا only نَحْنُ we (are) فِتْنَةً (for) trial فَلَا so (do) not تَكْفُرُوا
 from these two مِنْهُمَا but they did learn فَيَتَعَلَّمُونَ disbelieve
 (angels) مَا what يُفَرِّقُونَ they might separate بِهِ with it بَيْنَ
 they هُمُ but do not وَمَا and his wife وَزَوْجِهِ man between
 by بِضَآئِرٍ harm بِهِ with it مِنْ أَحَدٍ anyone إِلَّا except بِإِذْنِ
 and they learn وَتَتَعَلَّمُونَ (of) Allah اَللَّهِ Permission
 and indeed وَلَمْ لَا harms them يَنْفَعُهُمْ profits them وَلَقَدْ
 عَلِمُوا they knew لَمَنِ that whosoever اشْتَرَاهُ buys it مَا not لَّهُ
 any share فِي (is) for him فِي الْآخِرَةِ the Hereafter مِنْ خَلْقٍ
 وَلَيْسَ (was) indeed how bad مَا what شَرُّوا they sold بِهِ for
 it أَنْفُسَهُمْ their ownelves لَوْ كَانُوا would that يَعْلَمُوا they
 knew!

102. They followed what the *Shayâtîn* (devils) gave out (falsely of the magic) in the lifetime of Sulaimân (Solomon). Sulaimân did not disbelieve, but the *Shayâtîn* (devils) disbelieved, teaching men magic and such things that came down at Babylon to the two angels, Hârût and Mârût, but neither of these two (angels) taught anyone (such things) till they had said, "We are for trial, so disbelieve not (by learning this magic from us)." And from these (angels) people learn that by which they cause separation between man and his wife, but they could not thus harm anyone except by Allâh's Leave. And they learn that which harms them and profits them not. And indeed they knew that the buyers of it (magic) would have no share in the Hereafter. And how bad indeed was that for which they sold their ownelves, if they but knew.

وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ ءَامَنُوا وَاتَّقَوْا لَمَثُوبَةٌ مِّنْ عِندِ اللَّهِ خَيْرٌ لَّوْ كَانُوا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٠٢﴾ يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا لَا تَقُولُوا رَاعَيْتَ وَقُولُوا نَعْمَ وَأَنْظِرْنَا وَأَسْمِعُوا وَلِلْكَافِرِينَ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿١٠٣﴾ مَا يُوَدُّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْ أَهْلِ

مِثْلِهِمَا that أَنْ you know تَعْلَم did not أَلَمْ similar to it
 عَلَى over كُلِّ thing قَدِيرٌ ﴿٣٩﴾ is All-Powerful
 تَعْلَمُ you know أَنَّ that اللَّهُ Allah for Him تِلْكَ (is) dominion
 السَّمَوَاتِ of the heavens وَالْأَرْضِ and the earth وَمَا and not لَكُمْ
 وَلِيٌّ Wali of (any) مِنْ Allah besides مِنْ دُونِ (is) for you
 لَا nor نَصِيرٌ ﴿٤٠﴾ (any) helper or تُرِيدُونَ do
 أَنْ you want تَسْأَلُوا that your Messenger رُسُلَكُمْ as كَمَا
 سِئِلَ was asked مُوسَى Moses مِنْ قَبْلُ before وَمَنْ and whoso يَتَّبِعْ
 الْكُفْرَ changes disbelief بِالْإِيمَانِ for faith فَقَدْ verily ضَلَّ he went
 سَوَاءً astray from the even (Right) السَّبِيلِ ﴿٤١﴾ Way

106. Whatever a Verse (revelation) do We abrogate or cause to be forgotten, We bring a better one or similar to it. Know you not that Allâh is Able to do all things?

107. Know you not that it is Allâh to Whom belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth? And besides Allâh you have neither any Wali (protector or guardian) nor any helper. 108. Or do you want to ask your Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) as Mûsâ (Moses) was asked before (i.e. show us openly our Lord)? And he who changes Faith for disbelief, verily, he has gone astray from the Right Way.

وَدَّ كَثِيرٌ مِّنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ لَوْ يَرُدُّوكُمْ مِّنْ بَعْدِ إِيمَانِكُمْ كُفَّارًا حَسَدًا مِّنْ عِندِ أَنْفُسِهِمْ مِّنْ بَعْدِ مَا
 بَيَّنَّ لَهُمُ الْحَقُّ فَاعْتُوا وَأَصْفَحُوا حَتَّىٰ يَأْتِيَ اللَّهُ بِأَمْرٍ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿٣٩﴾ وَأَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ
 وَآتُوا الزَّكَاةَ وَمَا تُقَدِّمُوا لِأَنْفُسِكُمْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ يَجِدُوهُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿٤٠﴾

وَدَّ كَثِيرٌ many مِّنْ أَهْلِ the People الْكِتَابِ of
 لَوْ if يَرُدُّوكُمْ they could turn you back مِّنْ بَعْدِ after إِيمَانِكُمْ
 كُفَّارًا (as) disbelievers حَسَدًا your belief (you have believed)
 مِّنْ عِندِ from أَنْفُسِهِمْ their ownelves مِّنْ بَعْدِ after مَا what بَيَّنَّ
 so forgive فَاعْتُوا the truth الْحَقُّ unto them لَهُمْ had become manifest
 وَأَصْفَحُوا and overlook حَتَّىٰ till يَأْتِيَ brings اللَّهُ Allah بِأَمْرٍ His
 إِنَّ Command اللَّهُ Allah عَلَىٰ over كُلِّ thing قَدِيرٌ ﴿٣٩﴾
 and give وَأَقِيمُوا (is) All-Powerful الصَّلَاةَ and perform
 وَمَا you send forth تُقَدِّمُوا and whatever وَمَا Zakat (poor-due) (pay)

لَأَنشُرَنَّكُمْ for yourselves of حَسْبُ good نَجِدُوهُ you shall find it عند
 with اللَّهُ Allah إِنَّ certainly اللَّهُ Allah بما of what تَعْمَلُونَ you do
 بصيرٌ (is) All-Seer

109. Many of the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) wish that if they could turn you away as disbelievers after you have believed, out of envy from their own selves, even after the truth (that Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم is Allâh's Messenger) has become manifest unto them. But forgive and overlook, till Allâh brings His Command. Verily, Allâh is Able to do all things. 110. And perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), and give *Zakât*, and whatever of good (deeds that Allâh loves) you send forth for yourselves before you, you shall find it with Allâh. Certainly, Allâh is All-Seer of what you do.

وَقَالُوا لَن يَدْخُلَ الْجَنَّةَ إِلَّا مَن كَانَ هُودًا أَوْ نَصْرِيًّا تِلْكَ أَمَانِيُّهُمْ قُلْ هَاتُوا بُرْهَانَكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿١٠٩﴾ بَلَىٰ مَن أَسْلَمَ وَجْهَهُ لِلَّهِ وَهُوَ مُحْسِنٌ فَلَهُ أَجْرُهُ عِندَ رَبِّهِ وَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿١١٠﴾ وَقَالَتِ الْيَهُودُ لَن نَّصْرِيَّ عَلَىٰ شَيْءٍ وَقَالَتِ النَّصْرِيُّ لَن يَكُونَ الْيَهُودُ عَلَىٰ شَيْءٍ وَهُمْ يَتْلُونَ الْكِتَابَ كَذَلِكَ قَالَ الَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ مِثْلَ قَوْلِهِمْ فَاللَّهُ يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ فِيمَا كَانُوا فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ ﴿١١١﴾

وَقَالُوا لَن يَدْخُلَ الْجَنَّةَ none shall enter and they said وَقَالُوا
 except مَن who كَانَ هُودًا أَوْ or نَصْرِيًّا a Christian تِلْكَ
 these are أَمَانِيُّهُمْ desires قُلْ their (own) say هَاتُوا bring بُرْهَانَكُمْ
 if كُنتُمْ your proof إِن yes بَلَىٰ truthful ﴿١٠٩﴾ you are صَادِقِينَ
 whoever أَسْلَمَ submitted وَجْهَهُ لِلَّهِ to Allah وَهُوَ and he
 (is) good-doer فَلَهُ (is) then for him أَجْرُهُ his reward عِندَ (is)
 His Lord وَلَا (there is) no خَوْفٌ and عَلَيْهِمْ fear وَلَا on them nor هُمْ
 they يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿١١٠﴾ shall grieve وَقَالَتِ الْيَهُودُ and said لَن يَكُونَ
 the Christians النَّصْرِيُّ are not عَلَىٰ on شَيْءٍ anything وَقَالَتِ
 the Christians لَن يَكُونَ the Jews الْيَهُودُ are not عَلَىٰ on شَيْءٍ
 anything وَهُمْ though they يَتْلُونَ the Scripture كَذَلِكَ
 similarly قَالَ said الَّذِينَ those who لَا (do) not يَعْلَمُونَ know
 like قَوْلِهِمْ فَاللَّهُ their words يَحْكُمُ so Allah يَحْكُمُ shall judge بَيْنَهُمْ
 between them يَوْمَ (on) the Day الْقِيَمَةِ (of) Resurrection فِيمَا
 that كَانُوا they (have been) فِيهِ wherein يَخْتَلِفُونَ ﴿١١١﴾ differing

111. And they say, "None shall enter Paradise unless he be a Jew or a Christian." These are their own desires. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ), "Produce your proof if you are truthful." 112. Yes, but whoever submits his face (himself) to Allâh (i.e. follows Allâh's religion of Islâmic Monotheism) and he is a *Muhsin* then his reward is with his Lord (Allâh), on such shall be no fear, nor shall they grieve. [See *Tafsir Ibn Kathîr*, Vol.1, Page 154]. 113. The Jews said that the Christians follow nothing (i.e. are not on the right religion); and the Christians said that the Jews follow nothing (i.e. are not on the right religion); though they both recite the Scripture. Like unto their word, said (the pagans) who know not. Allâh will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection about that wherein they have been differing.

وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّن مَّنَعَ مَسْجِدَ اللَّهِ أَنْ يُذْكَرَ فِيهَا اسْمُهُ وَسَعَىٰ فِي خَرَابِهِمْ أُولَٰئِكَ مَا كَانَ لَهُمْ أَنْ يَدْخُلُوهَا إِلَّا خَافِيَةً لَهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا خِزْيٌ وَلَهُمْ فِي الْآخِرَةِ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿١١٢﴾ وَاللَّهُ الشَّرِيفُ الْغَرِيبُ فَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مَوَاجِدُ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ وَاسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١١٣﴾ وَقَالُوا اتَّخَذَ اللَّهُ وَلَدًا سُبْحَنَهُ بَلْ لَمْ يَمَّا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ كُلُّ لَمْ قَنِتُونَ ﴿١١٤﴾

than (is) and who (is) أَظْلَمُ greater wrong-doer (unjust) مِمَّن those (who) مَّنَعَ forbid مَسْجِدَ Mosques (of) Allah أَنْ (of) to يُذْكَرُ in and strive وَسَعَى His Name اسْمُهُ in them فِي be mentioned خَرَابِهِمْ their ruin أُولَٰئِكَ these people مَا not كَانَ was لَهُمْ (proper) in fear خَافِيَةً except إِلَّا enter them يَدْخُلُوهَا to أَنْ for them وَلَهُمْ (is) disgrace خِزْيٌ the world الدُّنْيَا in for them وَلَهُمْ (is) torment عَذَابٌ the Hereafter الْآخِرَةِ in for them عَظِيمٌ ﴿١١٢﴾ and the west وَالْغَرِيبُ the east الشَّرِيفُ and for Allah (is) وَاللَّهُ great so there will be قَمَمٌ you turn (your face) قَوْلُوا so wherever فَأَيُّهَا face اللَّهِ Allah إِنَّ (of) Allah وَاسِعٌ (is) Infinite, عَلِيمٌ All-Embracing has اتَّخَذَ and they said وَقَالُوا All-knower عَلِيمٌ ﴿١١٣﴾ وَلَدًا a son سُبْحَنَهُ Glory is to Him بَلْ but لَمْ (is) for Him (is) مَا what (is) فِي in السَّمَوَاتِ the heavens وَالْأَرْضِ and the earth كُلُّ all لَمْ to Him قَنِتُونَ ﴿١١٤﴾ (are) subservient

114. And who are more unjust than those who forbid that Allâh's Name be glorified and mentioned much (i.e. prayers and invocations) in Allâh's mosques and strive for their ruin? It was not fitting that such should themselves enter them

(Allâh's mosques) except in fear. For them there is disgrace in this world, and they will have a great torment in the Hereafter. 115. And to Allâh belong the east and the west, so wherever you turn (yourselves or your faces) there is the Face of Allâh (and He is High above, over His Throne). Surely, Allâh is All-Sufficient for His creatures' needs, All-Knowing. 116. And they (Jews, Christians and pagans) say: 'Allâh has begotten a son (children or offspring).' Glory be to Him (Exalted is He above all that they associate with Him). Nay, to Him belongs all that is in the heavens and on earth, and all surrender with obedience (in worship) to Him.

يَدْعُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَإِذَا قَضَىٰ أَمْرًا فَإِنَّمَا يَقُولُ لَهُ كُنْ فَيَكُونُ ﴿١١٧﴾ وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ لَوْلَا يُكَلِّمُنَا اللَّهُ أَوْ تَأْتِينَا آيَةٌ كَذَلِكَ قَالَ الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِم مِّثْلَ قَوْلِهِمْ تَشَبَّهَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ قَدْ بَيَّنَّا الْآيَاتِ لِقَوْمٍ يُوقِنُونَ ﴿١١٨﴾ إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ بِالْحَقِّ بَشِيرًا وَنَذِيرًا وَلَا تُسْأَلُ عَنْ أَصْحَابِ الْجَحِيمِ ﴿١١٩﴾

and the earth وَالْأَرْضِ (of) the heavens السَّمَوَاتِ the Originator يَدْعُ He DECREES قَضَىٰ and when وَإِذَا He says لَهُ to it كُنْ be فَيَكُونُ ﴿١١٧﴾ and it becomes وَقَالَ and said الَّذِينَ and those who لَا do not يَعْلَمُونَ know لَوْلَا why (does) not يُكَلِّمُنَا or تَأْتِينَا آيَةٌ a sign كَذَلِكَ a sign or ALLAH اللَّهُ speak to us قَال so (even thus) الَّذِينَ have said الَّذِينَ those (people) who were قَوْلِهِمْ like مِثْلَ before them قُلُوبُهُمْ their hearts تَشَبَّهَتْ their words قَدْ indeed بَيَّنَّا We have made clear الْآيَاتِ Signs/Verses يُوقِنُونَ ﴿١١٨﴾ for people لِقَوْمٍ bearers of بَشِيرًا with the truth بِالْحَقِّ sent you أَرْسَلْنَاكَ verily We you will be نَذِيرًا and a warner وَلَا and تُسْأَلُ and not أَصْحَابِ the blazing Fire الْجَحِيمِ ﴿١١٩﴾ dwellers about asked

117. The Originator of the heavens and the earth. When He decrees a matter, He only says to it : "Be!" — and it is. 118. And those who have no knowledge say: "Why does not Allâh speak to us (face to face) or why does not a sign come to us?" So said the people before them words of similar import. Their hearts are alike, We have indeed made plain the signs for people who believe with certainty. 119. Verily, We have sent you (O Muhammad ﷺ) with the truth (Islâm), a bringer of glad tidings (for those who believe in what you brought, that they will enter Paradise) and a warner (for those who disbelieve in what you brought, that they will enter the Hell-fire). And you will not be asked about the dwellers of the blazing Fire.

وَلَنْ رَضَىٰ عَنْكَ الْيَهُودُ وَلَا النَّصْرَىٰ حَتَّىٰ تَتَّبِعَ مِلَّتَهُمْ قُلْ إِنَّ هُدَىٰ اللَّهِ هُوَ الْهُدَىٰ وَلَئِنْ اتَّبَعْتَ أَهْوَاءَهُمْ بَعْدَ الَّذِي جَاءَكَ مِنَ الْعِلْمِ مَا لَكَ مِنَ اللَّهِ مِنْ وَلِيٍّ وَلَا نَصِيرٍ ﴿١٢٠﴾ الَّذِينَ آمَنَتْهُمْ الْكِتَابَ يَتْلُونَهُ حَقَّ تِلَاوَتِهِ أُولَٰئِكَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ ۖ وَمَن يَكْفُرْ بِهِ فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ ﴿١٢١﴾ يٰبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ اذْكُرُوا نِعْمَتِيَ الَّتِي أَنْعَمْتُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَأَنِّي فَضَّلْتُكُمْ عَلَىٰ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٢٢﴾

the Jews الْيَهُودُ with you عَنْكَ will be pleased رَضَىٰ and never وَلَنْ
 وَلَا النَّصْرَىٰ nor the Christians حَتَّىٰ تَتَّبِعَ till you follow مِلَّتَهُمْ their
 (of) the Guidance هُدَىٰ verily إِنَّ say قُلْ religion (creed)
 هُوَ Allah that (is only) الْهُدَىٰ guidance وَلَئِنْ and if اتَّبَعْتَ you
 came to أَهْوَاءَهُمْ their desires بَعْدَ after الَّذِي what جَاءَكَ
 from for you لَكَ not مَا the knowledge of الْعِلْمِ you
 (any) nor نَصِيرٍ protector وَلَا any مِنَ Allah (wrath of)
 الَّذِينَ those آمَنَتْهُمْ We gave them الْكِتَابَ the Book يَتْلُونَهُ
 those (are) أُولَٰئِكَ to be recited تِلَاوَتِهِ (as it has) right حَقَّ recite it
 who) يُؤْمِنُونَ believe بِهِ in it وَمَن and whoso يَكْفُرْ disbelieves بِهِ
 the losers الْخَاسِرُونَ they (who are) هُم then those (are) in it فَأُولَٰئِكَ
 My اذْكُرُوا (of) إِسْرَءِيلَ O Children يٰبَنِي remember نِعْمَتِيَ Favour
 and that I أَنْعَمْتُ which عَلَيْكُمْ I bestowed upon you وَأَنِّي and that I
 all the communities الْعَالَمِينَ over preferred you فَضَّلْتُكُمْ

120. Never will the Jews nor the Christians be pleased with you (O Muhammad ﷺ) till you follow their religion. Say: "Verily, the Guidance of Allāh (i.e. Islāmic Monotheism) that is the (only) Guidance. And if you (O Muhammad ﷺ) were to follow their (Jews and Christians) desires after what you have received of Knowledge (i.e. the Qur'ān), then you would have against Allāh neither any *Walī* (protector or guardian) nor any helper. 121. Those (who embraced Islām from Banī Isrā'īl) to whom We gave the Book [the Taurāt (Torah)] [or those (Muhammad's Companions) to whom We have given the Book (the Qur'ān)] recite it (i.e. obey its orders and follow its teachings) as it should be recited (i.e. followed), they are the ones who believe therein. And whoso disbelieve in it (the Qur'ān), those are they who are the losers. (*Tafsir Al-Qurtubī*. Vol. 2, Page 95). 122. O Children of Israel! Remember My Favour which I bestowed upon you and that I preferred you to the 'Alamīn [mankind and jinn (of your time period, in the past)].

وَأَتَّقُوا يَوْمًا لَا تَجْزِي نَفْسٌ عَنْ نَفْسٍ شَيْئًا وَلَا يُقْبَلُ مِنْهَا عَدْلٌ وَلَا تَنْفَعُهَا شَفْعَةٌ وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ ﴿١٢٣﴾ وَإِذْ ابْتَلَىٰ إِبْرَاهِيمَ رَبُّهُ بِكَلِمَاتٍ فَأَتَمَّهُنَّ قَالَ إِنِّي جَاعِلُكَ لِلنَّاسِ إِمَامًا قَالَ وَمِنْ ذُرِّيَّتِي قَالَ لَا يَنَالُ عَهْدِي الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٢٤﴾ وَإِذْ جَعَلْنَا الْبَيْتَ مَثَابَةً لِّلنَّاسِ وَأَمْنَا وَاتَّخِذُوا مِن مَّقَامِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ مُصَلًّى وَعَهِدْنَا إِلَىٰ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ أَن طَهِّرَا بَيْتِيَ لِلطَّائِفِينَ وَالْقَائِمِينَ وَالرُّكَّعِ السُّجُودِ ﴿١٢٥﴾

وَأَتَّقُوا and fear يَوْمًا the Day (when) لَا not تَجْزِي will avail نَفْسٌ person
عَنْ نَفْسٍ another شَيْئًا in the least وَلَا nor يُقْبَلُ shall be accepted مِنْهَا
shall benefit شَفْعَةٌ nor وَلَا any ransom (compensation) عَدْلٌ from him
هُم nor وَلَا intercession تَنْفَعُهُ shall be helped يُنصَرُونَ they ﴿١٢٣﴾ وَإِذْ
his Lord رَبُّهُ Ibrâhîm tried and (remember) when ابْتَلَىٰ
He said قَالَ then he fulfilled them فَأَتَمَّهُنَّ with Words (Commands)
a leader إِمَامًا for mankind النَّاسِ going to make you جَاعِلُكَ verily I am
قَالَ he said وَمِنْ of ذُرِّيَّتِي my offspring قَالَ He said لَا (does)
the wrong-doers الظَّالِمِينَ My Covenant عَهْدِي reach (includes) يَنَالُ
وَإِذْ when and (remember) when جَعَلْنَا We made الْبَيْتَ the House (Ka'bah)
مَثَابَةً a resort لِّلنَّاسِ for mankind وَأَمْنَا and safety وَاتَّخِذُوا and take
(as) place of مُصَلًّى (of) Ibrâhîm Maqam (place of standing) إِبْرَاهِيمَ
prayer وَعَهِدْنَا and We covenanted إِلَىٰ with إِبْرَاهِيمَ Abraham وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ
that طَهِّرَا they purify بَيْتِي My House (Ka'bah) لِّلطَّائِفِينَ
and those who stay (for I'tikaf) وَالْقَائِمِينَ for those who circumambulate it
وَالرُّكَّعِ and those who bow down السُّجُودِ ﴿١٢٥﴾ (and) prostrate

123. And fear the Day (of Judgement) when no person shall avail another, nor shall compensation be accepted from him, nor shall intercession be of use to him, nor shall they be helped. 124. And (remember) when the Lord of Ibrâhîm (Abraham) [i.e., Allâh] tried him with (certain) Commands, which he fulfilled. He (Allâh) said (to him), "Verily, I am going to make you an *Imâm* (a leader) for mankind (to follow you)." [Ibrâhîm (Abraham)] said, "And of my offspring (to make leaders)." (Allâh) said, "My Covenant (Prophethood) includes not *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers)." 125. And (remember) when We made the House (the Ka'bah at Makkah) a place of resort for mankind and a place of safety. And take you (people) the *Maqâm* (place) of Ibrâhîm (Abraham) [or the stone on which Ibrâhîm (Abraham) عليه السلام stood while he was building the Ka'bah] as a place of prayer (for some of your prayers, e.g. two *Rak'at* after the *Tawâf* of the Ka'bah at Makkah),

(this service) from us. Verily, You are the All-Hearer, the All-Knower." 128. "Our Lord! And make us submissive unto You and of our offspring a nation submissive unto You, and show us our *Manâsik* (all the ceremonies of pilgrimage — *Hajj* and 'Umrah), and accept our repentance. Truly, You are the One Who accepts repentance, the Most Merciful.

رَبَّنَا وَأَبْنِتْ فِيهِمْ رَسُولًا مِنْهُمْ يَتْلُو عَلَيْهِمْ آيَاتِكَ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَيُزَكِّيهِمْ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ ﴿١٢٩﴾ وَمَنْ يَرْغَبُ عَنْ مِلَّةِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ إِلَّا مَنْ سَفِهَ نَفْسَهُ وَلَقَدْ اصْطَفَيْنَاهُ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَإِنَّهُ فِي الْآخِرَةِ لَكَنَّ الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿١٣٠﴾ إِذْ قَالَ لَهُ رَبُّهُ أَسْلِمْ قَالَ أَسْلَمْتُ لِرَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٣١﴾

رَبَّنَا our Lord! وَأَبْنِتْ and send فِيهِمْ amongst them رَسُولًا a Messenger
 مِنْهُمْ (out) of them يَتْلُو عَلَيْهِمْ who shall recite آيَاتِكَ Your
 Verses وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ and teach (instruct) them الْكِتَابَ the Book وَالْحِكْمَةَ and
 وَيُزَكِّيهِمُ the Wisdom أَنْتَ You verily إِنَّكَ and purify them
 الْحَكِيمُ (are) the All-Mighty وَمَنْ the All-Wise يَرْغَبُ and who
 عَنْ away from مِلَّةِ Ibrâhîm إِلَّا (of) except مَنْ he
 سَفِهَ (who) نَفْسَهُ himself وَلَقَدْ and truly اصْطَفَيْنَاهُ We
 فِي in the الدُّنْيَا the world وَإِنَّهُ and verily he فِي in الْآخِرَةِ
 كَنَّ the Hereafter لَكَنَّ the righteous الصَّالِحِينَ (would be) among
 إِذْ when he said قَالَ said لَهُ to him رَبُّهُ his Lord أَسْلِمْتُ submit قَالَ he said
 أَسْلَمْتُ I submitted لِرَبِّ to Lord الْعَالَمِينَ of the worlds

129. "Our Lord! Send amongst them a Messenger of their own (and indeed Allâh answered their invocation by sending Muhammad (صلى الله عليه وسلم), who shall recite unto them Your Verses and instruct them in the Book (this Qur'ân) and *Al-H* (full knowledge of the Islâmic laws and jurisprudence or wisdom or Prophethood), and purify them. Verily, You are the All-Mighty, the All-Wise." 130. And who turns away from the religion of Ibrâhîm (Abraham) (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism) except him who befools himself? Truly, We chose him in this world and verily, in the Hereafter he will be among the righteous. 131. When his Lord said to him, "Submit (i.e. be a Muslim)!" He said, "I have submitted myself (as a Muslim) to the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinn and all that exists)."

وَوَصَّى بِهَا إِبْرَاهِيمَ بَنِيهِ وَيَعْقُوبُ يٰبَنِيَّ إِنَّ اللَّهَ اصْطَفَىٰ لَكُمُ الدِّينَ فَلَا تَمُوتُنَّ إِلَّا وَأَنتُمْ مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿١٣٢﴾ أَمْ كُنْتُمْ شُهَدَاءَ إِذْ حَضَرَ يَعْقُوبَ الْمَوْتَ إِذْ قَالَ لِبَنِيهِ مَا تَعْبُدُونَ مِن بَعْدِي قَالُوا نَعْبُدُ إِلَهَكَ وَإِلَهَ آبَائِكَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ

وَأَسْمِعِيلَ وَإِسْحَاقَ إِلَٰهًا وَحِدًا وَنَحْنُ لَهُ مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿١٣٢﴾ تِلْكَ أُمَّةٌ قَدْ خَلَتْ لَهَا مَا كَسَبَتْ وَلَكُمْ مَا كَسَبْتُمْ وَلَا تُسْأَلُونَ عَمَّا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٣٣﴾

وَوَصَّى بِهَا إِبْرَاهِيمُ ابْنِيهِ to it and enjoined his sons and Jacob
has chosen Allah verily o my sons! and Isaac
لَكُمْ the (true) religion for you then not you die
Muslims (who have surrendered unto you are but
came when witnesses were you or Him)
he (approached) to Jacob the death when
said to his sons what will you worship after me
your God we shall worship they said after me
and God and Isaac and Ishmael (of) your fathers
and we and One God and Isaac and Ishmael
to Him (are) submissive that (was a) nation
they had passed away what for them that has earned
and not you earn what and for you earned
they used to do of what you will be asked
(they were doing)

132. And this (submission to Allâh, Islâm) was enjoined by Ibrâhîm (Abraham) upon his sons and by Ya'qûb (Jacob) (saying), "O my sons! Allâh has chosen for you the (true) religion, then die not except in the Faith of Islâm (as Muslims — Islâmic Monotheism)." 133. Or were you witnesses when death approached Ya'qûb (Jacob)? When he said unto his sons, "What will you worship after me?" They said, "We shall worship your *Ilâh* (God — Allâh) the *Ilâh* (God) of your fathers, Ibrâhîm (Abraham), Ismâ'îl (Ishmael), Ishâq (Isaac), One *Ilâh* (God), and to Him we submit (in Islâm)." 134. That was a nation who has passed away. They shall receive the reward of what they earned and you of what you earn. And you will not be asked of what they used to do.

وَقَالُوا كُونُوا هُودًا أَوْ نَصَارَى تَهْتَدُوا قُلْ بَلْ مِلَّةَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ حَنِيفًا وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿١٣٤﴾ قُولُوا آمَنَّا بِاللَّهِ وَمَا أُنزِلَ إِلَيْنَا وَمَا أُنزِلَ إِلَيْهِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَلَا اسْمِعِيلَ وَإِسْحَاقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ وَلَا لُوطَ وَلَا هَارُونَ وَمَا أُوۓيَاقِينَ ﴿١٣٥﴾ أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْمُتَّقُونَ ﴿١٣٦﴾

Christians قَوْمًا or Jews هُودًا be كُونُوا and they said وَقَالُوا هَتَدُوا the creed (the مِلَّةَ nay بَلْ say قُلْ you would be guided تَهْتَدُوا) (of) Abraham إِبْرَاهِيمَ religion) حَنِيفًا وَمَا and not كَانَ we مَأْمَنَّا say قُولُوا the polytheists الْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿١٣٥﴾ of مِنْ he was إِلَيْنَا has been sent down أُنزِلَ and what وَمَا in Allah بِاللَّهِ believe Abraham إِبْرَاهِيمَ to إِلَهِ was sent down أُنزِلَ and what وَمَا to us and وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ and Ishmael وَإِسْحَاقَ and Isaac وَيَعْقُوبَ and Jacob وَالْأَسْبَاطِ and Jacob's descendants (the tribes) أُولَئِكَ was given أُولَئِكَ and what وَمَا (their) descendants (the tribes) distinction we تَفَرِّقُ no لَا their Lord رَبِّهِمْ from مِنْ the Prophets to Him لَكُمْ and we وَنَحْنُ of them مِنْهُمْ any أَحَدٍ between بَيْنَ make are submissive مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿١٣٦﴾

135. And they say, "Be Jews or Christians, then you will be guided." Say (to them O Muhammad ﷺ), "Nay, (we follow) only the religion of Ibrâhîm (Abraham), *Hanîf* [Islâmic Monotheism, i.e. to worship none but Allâh (Alone)], and he was not of *Al-Mushrikûn* (those who worshipped others along with Allâh — see V.2:105)." 136. Say (O Muslims): "We believe in Allâh and that which has been sent down to us and that which has been sent down to Ibrâhîm (Abraham), Ismâ'il (Ishmael), Ishâq (Isaac), Ya'qûb (Jacob), and to *Al-Asbât* [the offspring of the twelve sons of Ya'qûb (Jacob)], and that which has been given to Mûsâ (Moses) and 'Isâ (Jesus), and that which has been given to the Prophets from their Lord. We make no distinction between any of them, and to Him we have submitted (in Islâm)."

فَإِنْ ءَامَنُوا بِمِثْلِ مَا ءَامَنَ بِهِ فَقَدْ اهْتَدَوْا وَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنَّمَا هُمْ فِي شِقَاقٍ فَسَيَكْفِيكَهُمُ اللَّهُ وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ ﴿١٣٦﴾ صِبْغَةَ اللَّهِ وَمَنْ أَحْسَنُ مِنْ اللَّهِ صِبْغَةً وَنَحْنُ لَهُ عَابِدُونَ ﴿١٣٧﴾ قُلْ أَتُمَارِءُونَنَا فِي اللَّهِ وَهُوَ رَبُّنَا وَرَبُّكُمْ وَلَنَا أَعْمَالُنَا وَلَكُمْ أَعْمَالُكُمْ وَنَحْنُ لَهُ مُخْلِصُونَ ﴿١٣٨﴾

فَإِنْ ءَامَنُوا what مَا in the like of بِمِثْلِ they believed so if they are guided, they have اهْتَدَوْا then فَقَدْ in it بِمِثْلِ you believe but if تَوَلَّوْا they turn away فَإِنَّمَا then only هُمْ then only فَسَيَكْفِيكَهُمُ schism (opposition) شِقَاقٍ in فِي they (are) the السَّمِيعُ and He (is) وَهُوَ Allah اللَّهُ suffice you against them

(Our life takes its) hue صبغة the All-Knower ﴿١٣٧﴾ All-Hearer الله than من (is) better أحسن and who ومن (from) Allah الله are صبغة Allah at coloring وَهْنٌ and we لَهُ to Him ﴿١٣٨﴾ عِبْدُونَ are الله about فِي do you dispute with us اتَّعَاجُونا say قُلْ worshippers وَهُوَ Allah (is) رَبُّنا while He (is) رَبُّكُمْ and your Lord وَكُنَّا and for us (are) أَعْمَلْنَا our deeds وَلَكُمْ and for you (are) أَعْمَلْتُمْ sincere غُلُوصُونَ ﴿١٣٩﴾ to Him (are) لَهُ and we وَهْنٌ your deeds

137. So if they believe in the like of that which you believe then they are rightly guided; but if they turn away, then they are only in opposition. So Allâh will suffice for you against them. And He is the All-Hearer, the All-Knower. 138. [Our *Sibghah* (religion) is] the *Sibghah* (religion) of Allâh (Islâm) and which *Sibghah* (religion) can be better than Allâh's? And we are His worshippers. [Tafsir Ibn Kathîr] 139. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم to the Jews and Christians), "Dispute you with us about Allâh while He is our Lord and your Lord? And we are to be rewarded for our deeds and you for your deeds. And we are sincere to Him [in worship and obedience (i.e. we worship Him Alone and none else, and we obey His Orders)]."

أَمْ يَقُولُونَ إِنَّ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ وَإِسْحَاقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ وَالْأَسْبَاطَ كَانُوا هُودًا أَوْ نَصَارَى قُلْ أَعْلَمُ أَمْ
الله وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنْ كَتَمَ شَهَادَةً عِنْدَ رَبِّهِ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَمَا اللَّهُ بِغَافِلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٣٨﴾ تِلْكَ أُمَّةٌ قَدْ خَلَتْ لَهَا مَا
كَسَبَتْ وَلَكُمْ مِمَّا كَسَبْتُمْ وَلَا تُسْأَلُونَ عَمَّا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٣٩﴾

أَمْ or يَقُولُونَ you say إِنَّ that إِبْرَاهِيمَ Abraham and وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ Ishmael and وَإِسْحَاقَ Isaac and وَيَعْقُوبَ Jacob and وَالْأَسْبَاطَ (their) descendants (the tribes) كَانُوا هُودًا Jews أَوْ or نَصَارَى Christians قُلْ أَعْلَمُ do you أَعْلَمُ know better أَمْ or الله Allah وَمَنْ (is) أَظْلَمُ and who (is) أَظْلَمُ more unjust وَمِمَّنْ from الله الله (that is) with him عِنْدَ testimony شَهَادَةً concealed of what عَمَّا is unaware بِغَافِلٍ Allah الله and not وَمَا Allah that has تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٣٨﴾ you do تِلْكَ that (was a) أُمَّةٌ nation قَدْ خَلَتْ and for وَلَكُمْ they earned كَسَبَتْ what مِمَّا for them مَا passed away you will be تُسْأَلُونَ and not وَلَا you earn كَسَبْتُمْ what مِمَّا you to do يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٣٩﴾ they used كَانُوا of what عَمَّا asked

140. Or say you that Ibrâhîm (Abraham), Ismâ'îl (Ishmael), Ishâq (Isaac), Ya'qûb (Jacob) and *Al-Asbât* [the offspring of the twelve sons of Ya'qûb (Jacob)] were Jews or Christians? Say, "Do you know better or does Allâh (know better... that they all were Muslims)? And who is more unjust than he who conceals the testimony [i.e. to believe in Prophet Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم when he comes, as is written in their Books. (See Verse 7:157)] he has from Allâh? And Allâh is not unaware of what you do." 141. That was a nation who has passed away. They shall receive the reward of what they earned, and you of what you earn. And you will not be asked of what they used to do.

﴿ سَيَقُولُ السُّفَهَاءُ مِنَ النَّاسِ مَا وَلَّيْنَاهُمْ عَنْ قِبَلِهِمُ الَّذِي كَانُوا عَلَيْهِمْ قُلْ لِلَّهِ الْمَشْرِقُ وَالْمَغْرِبُ يَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ ﴾

﴿ سَيَقُولُ السُّفَهَاءُ the fools among the people مَا وَلَّيْنَاهُمْ turned them from قِبَلِهِمُ their Qiblah (prayer direction) الَّذِي that (which) direction) كَانُوا they were عَلَيْهِمُ on it قُلْ say لِلَّهِ and the west الْمَغْرِبُ the east الْمَشْرِقُ for Allah (belong to Allah) يَهْدِي He guides مَنْ He guides يَشَاءُ whom He wills إِلَى a Way صِرَاطٍ to مُسْتَقِيمٍ Straight ﴾

142. The fools (pagans, hypocrites, and Jews) among the people will say: "What has turned them (Muslims) from their *Qiblah* [prayer direction (towards Jerusalem)] to which they used to face in prayer." Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم); "To Allâh belong both, east and the west. He guides whom He wills to the Straight Way."

وَكَذَلِكَ جَعَلْنَاكُمْ أُمَّةً وَسَطًا لِتَكُونُوا شُهَدَاءَ عَلَى النَّاسِ وَيَكُونَ الرَّسُولُ عَلَيْكُمْ شَهِيدًا وَمَا جَعَلْنَا الْقِبْلَةَ الَّتِي كُنْتَ عَلَيْهَا إِلَّا لِنَعْلَمَ مَنْ يَتَّبِعِ الرَّسُولَ مِمَّنْ يَنْقَلِبُ عَلَى عَقْبَيْهِ وَإِنْ كَانَتْ لَكَبِيرَةً إِلَّا عَلَى الَّذِينَ هَدَى اللَّهُ وَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيُضِلَّكُمْ إِنَّمَا يَكُنِ اللَّهُ بِالْكَاسِ لَرُءُوفٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿١٤٢﴾

وَكَذَلِكَ جَعَلْنَاكُمْ أُمَّةً a nation وَسَطًا We have made you and thus جَعَلْنَاكُمْ over عَلَى witnesses شُهَدَاءَ that you be لَتَكُونُوا just (and best) over عَلَيْكُمْ the Messenger الرَّسُولُ and be وَيَكُونَ mankind النَّاسِ you شَهِيدًا وَمَا a witness جَعَلْنَا and did not الْقِبْلَةَ We make the الْقِبْلَةَ the Messenger the Messenger follows يَتَّبِعِ whoso مَنْ We might know مِمَّنْ يَنْقَلِبُ from those عَلَى who would be turned عَقْبَيْهِ on his heels وَإِنْ his heels and indeed كَانَتْ it was لَكَبِيرَةً great (hard test) إِلَّا except عَلَى those whom هَدَى guided اللَّهُ Allah وَمَا and not كَانَ truly إِنَّ your faith يَمُنُّكُمْ to let lose يَضِلُّكُمْ Allah was (is) Most Compassionate لَرُءُوفٌ towards mankind رَحِيمٌ Most Merciful ﴿١٤٢﴾

143. Thus We have made you [true Muslims — real believers of Islâmic Monotheism, true followers of Prophet Muhammad ﷺ and his *Sunnah* (legal ways)], a just (and the best) nation, that you be witnesses over mankind and the Messenger (Muhammad ﷺ) be a witness over you. And We made the *Qiblah* (prayer direction towards Jerusalem) which you used to face, only to test those who followed the Messenger (Muhammad ﷺ) from those who would turn on their heels (i.e. disobey the Messenger). Indeed it was great (heavy) except for those whom Allâh guided. And Allâh would never make your faith (prayers) to be lost (i.e. your prayers offered towards Jerusalem). Truly, Allâh is full of kindness, the Most Merciful towards mankind.

قَدْ رَأَى نَفْلَكَ وَجْهَكَ فِي السَّمَاءِ فَلَنُوَلِّيَنَّكَ قِبْلَةً تَرْضَاهَا فَوَلِّ وَجْهَكَ شَطْرَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ وَحَيْثُ مَا كُنْتُمْ فَوَلُّوا وُجُوهَكُمْ شَطْرَهُ وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ لَيَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّهُ الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ وَمَا اللَّهُ بِغَافِلٍ عَمَّا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٤٣﴾

قَدْ رَأَى verily We see نَفْلَكَ turning وَجْهَكَ (of) your face to the السَّمَاءِ the heaven فَلَنُوَلِّيَنَّكَ (to) you (so surely) We shall turn you Qiblah رَضَاهَا so turn فَوَلِّ you will be pleased with it وَجْهَكَ and the Sacred الْمَسْجِدِ the Mosque towards شَطْرَ your face your faces وَجُوهَكُمْ turn فَوَلُّوا you (people) are مَا كُنْتُمْ wheresoever were سَطْرَهُ towards it وَإِنَّ and certainly الَّذِينَ those who أُوتُوا the أَلْكِتَابِ the Scripture لَيَعْلَمُونَ know (well) أَنَّهُ that الْحَقُّ Allah and not وَمَا their Lord رَبِّهِمْ (is) from the truth مِنْ they do يَعْمَلُونَ of what (is) unaware عَمَّا

144. Verily, We have seen the turning of your (Muhammad's) face towards the heaven. Surely, We shall turn you to a *Qiblah* (prayer direction) that shall please you, so turn your face in the direction of *Al-Masjid Al-Harâm* (at Makkah). And wheresoever you people are, turn your faces (in prayer) in that direction. Certainly, the people who were given the Scripture (i.e. Jews and the Christians) know well that, that (your turning towards the direction of the Ka'bah at Makkah in prayers) is the truth from their Lord. And Allâh is not unaware of what they do.

وَلَيْنَ اتَّيْتِ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ بِكُلِّ آيَةٍ مَا تَتَّبِعُوا فَنُنْكَرَ وَمَا أَنتَ بِتَابِعٍ قِبْلَتِهِمْ وَمَا بَعْضُهُمْ بِتَابِعٍ قِبْلَةَ بَعْضٍ وَلَكِنَّ آتَيْنَاكَ مِنْ بَدَا مَا جَاءَكَ مِنَ الْوَيْلِ إِذَا لَوْنُ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٤٤﴾ الَّذِينَ آتَيْنَاهُمْ الْكِتَابَ يَمْرُقُونَ كَمَا يَعْرِفُونَ أَبْنَاءَهُمْ وَإِنَّ فَرِيقًا مِنْهُمْ لَيَكْتُمُونَ الْحَقَّ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٤٥﴾

وَلَكِنْ (to) those who الَّذِينَ you were to bring أَتَيْتَ and even if أُوتُوا Signs آيَاتُ all بِكُلِّ the Scripture الْكِتَابِ were given مَا nor أَنْتَ your Qiblah قِبْلَتَكَ they follow تَتَّبِعُوا (would) not you يَتَّبِعُ (be) a follower فَاتَّبِعْ (of) their Qiblah وَمَا (of) the Qiblah قِبْلَةَ (are) followers some of them بَعْضُهُمْ (of) the Qiblah قِبْلَةَ and if وَلَكِنْ others أَتَّبَعْتَ you followed أَهْوَاءَهُمْ their desires مِنْ knowledge أَلْمِلِمُ of مَا came to you جَاءَكَ what after بَعْدَ the إِنَّكَ of لَئِنْ of the الظَّالِمِينَ the الَّذِينَ to whom We gave آتَيْنَاهُمْ those wrong-doers يَتَّبِعُونَ Scripture كَمَا recognize it يَعْرِفُونَ they recognize أَبْنَاءَهُمْ of them لَيَكُونُوا but verily وَلَئِنْ قَوْمًا a group مِنْهُمْ while they وَهُمْ the truth الْحَقُّ conceal

145. And even if you were to bring to the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) all the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), they would not follow your *Qiblah* (prayer direction), nor are you going to follow their *Qiblah* (prayer direction). And they will not follow each other's *Qiblah* (prayer direction). Verily, if you follow their desires after that which you have received of knowledge (from Allâh), then indeed you will be one of the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrongdoers). 146. Those to whom We gave the Scripture (Jews and Christians) recognise him (Muhammad ﷺ or the Ka'bah at Makkah) as they recognize their sons. But verily, a party of them conceal the truth while they know it — [i.e. the qualities of Muhammad ﷺ which are written in the *Taurât* (Torah) and the *Injeel* (Gospel)].

الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّكَ فَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْمُمْتَرِينَ ﴿١٤٥﴾ وَلِكُلِّ وُجْهَةٍ هُوَ مَوْلَانَا فَاسْتَبِقُوا الْخَيْرَاتِ أَيْنَ مَا تَكُونُوا يَأْتِ بِكُمُ اللَّهُ جَمِيعًا إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٤٦﴾ وَمِنْ حَيْثُ خَرَجْتَ فَوَلِّ وَجْهَكَ شَطْرَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ وَإِنَّهُ لِلْحَقِّ مِنْ رَبِّكَ وَمَا اللَّهُ بِغَافِلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٤٧﴾

الْحَقُّ (this is) the truth رَبِّكَ from (you) be تَكُونَنَّ of الْمُمْتَرِينَ ﴿١٤٥﴾ and for وَلِكُلِّ those who doubt هُوَ (there is) a direction وَجْهَةً every (nation) to which مَوْلَانَا He turns them (they face in their prayers) فَاسْتَبِقُوا

كَوْنُوا wheresoever مَا (in) good works الْخَيْرَاتِ (one another) all جَمِيعاً Allah اَللّٰهُ you بِكُمْ will bring يَأْتِ you may be thing شَيْءٌ every كُلِّ over عَلَى Allah اَللّٰهُ truly اِنَّ together wheresoever حَيْثُ and from وَمِنْ (is) All-Powerful قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٤٧﴾ حَرَجْتَ قَوْلِ you come forth وَجْهَكَ (in prayer) سَطَرَ your face (in prayer) and indeed this اِنَّكَ the Sacred الْحَرَامِ Mosque الْمَسْجِدِ towards اَلْحَقُّ the truth (is) مِنْ from رَبِّكَ your Lord وَمَا and not اَللّٰهُ you do يَنْفَعُ Allah (is) عَمَّا of what تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٤٨﴾

147. (This is) the truth from your Lord. So be you not one of those who doubt.
148. For every nation there is a direction to which they face (in their prayers). So hasten towards all that is good. Wheresoever you may be, Allâh will bring you together (on the Day of Resurrection). Truly, Allâh is Able to do all things.
149. And from wheresoever you start forth (for prayers), turn your face in the direction of *Al-Masjid Al-Harâm* (at Makkah), that is indeed the truth from your Lord. And Allâh is not unaware of what you do.

وَمِنْ حَيْثُ حَرَجْتَ قَوْلِ وَجْهَكَ سَطَرَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ وَحَيْثُ مَا كُنْتُمْ فَوَلُّوا وُجُوهَكُمْ شَطْرَهُ اِنَّمَا يَكُونُ لِلنَّاسِ عَلَيْكُمْ حُجَّةٌ اِلَّا الَّذِيْنَ ظَلَمُوا مِنْهُمْ فَلَا تَخْشَوْهُمْ وَاخْشَوْنِيْ وَلَئِيْنَ يَفْعَلْ عَلَيْكُمْ مَا يُكْرَهُ وَلَكُمْ تَهْتَدُوْنَ ﴿١٤٩﴾ كَمَا اَرْسَلْنَا فِيْكُمْ رُسُلًا مِنْكُمْ يَتْلُوْا عَلَيْكُمْ اٰيٰتِنَا وَرِزْقِيْكُمْ وَيُعَلِّمُكُمُ الْكِتٰبَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَيُزَكِّيْكُمْ مَّا لَمْ تَكُوْنُوْا تَعْلَمُوْنَ ﴿١٥٠﴾

وَمِنْ حَيْثُ حَرَجْتَ قَوْلِ you come forth وَجْهَكَ (in prayer) سَطَرَ your face (in prayer) and indeed this اِنَّكَ the Sacred الْحَرَامِ Mosque الْمَسْجِدِ towards اَلْحَقُّ the truth (is) مِنْ from رَبِّكَ your Lord وَمَا and not اَللّٰهُ you do يَنْفَعُ Allah (is) عَمَّا of what تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٤٨﴾

so وَجْهَكَ turn your face (in prayer) and wheresoever مَا كُنْتُمْ and wheresoever فَوَلُّوا turn وَجُوهَكُمْ turn وَجُوهَكُمْ towards it اِنَّمَا يَكُونُ so that not اِلَّا towards it اِنَّمَا يَكُونُ the truth from your Lord. So be you not one of those who doubt. For every nation there is a direction to which they face (in their prayers). So hasten towards all that is good. Wheresoever you may be, Allâh will bring you together (on the Day of Resurrection). Truly, Allâh is Able to do all things. And from wheresoever you start forth (for prayers), turn your face in the direction of *Al-Masjid Al-Harâm* (at Makkah), that is indeed the truth from your Lord. And Allâh is not unaware of what you do.

وَمِنْ حَيْثُ حَرَجْتَ قَوْلِ وَجْهَكَ سَطَرَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ وَحَيْثُ مَا كُنْتُمْ فَوَلُّوا وُجُوهَكُمْ شَطْرَهُ اِنَّمَا يَكُونُ لِلنَّاسِ عَلَيْكُمْ حُجَّةٌ اِلَّا الَّذِيْنَ ظَلَمُوا مِنْهُمْ فَلَا تَخْشَوْهُمْ وَاخْشَوْنِيْ وَلَئِيْنَ يَفْعَلْ عَلَيْكُمْ مَا يُكْرَهُ وَلَكُمْ تَهْتَدُوْنَ ﴿١٤٩﴾ كَمَا اَرْسَلْنَا فِيْكُمْ رُسُلًا مِنْكُمْ يَتْلُوْا عَلَيْكُمْ اٰيٰتِنَا وَرِزْقِيْكُمْ وَيُعَلِّمُكُمُ الْكِتٰبَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَيُزَكِّيْكُمْ مَّا لَمْ تَكُوْنُوْا تَعْلَمُوْنَ ﴿١٥٠﴾

(who) recites **يَتْلُوا** from among you **مِّنْكُمْ** a Messenger **رَّسُولًا**
 and sanctifies you **وَرَزَّيْكُمْ** Our Verses **آيَاتِنَا** to you **عَلَيْكُمْ**
 the Book **الْكِتَابَ** and teaches you **وَيُعَلِّمُكُمُ** (purifies your lives)
 what **مَا** and teaches you **وَيُعَلِّمُكُمُ** and Wisdom **وَالْحِكْمَةَ** (Qur'an)
 لم **لَمْ** not **تَكُونُوا** you did **تَعْلَمُونَ** know ﴿١٥٠﴾

150. And from wheresoever you start forth (for prayers), turn your face in the direction of *Al-Masjid Al-Harâm* (at Makkah), and wheresoever you are, turn your faces towards it (when you pray) so that men may have no argument against you except those of them that are wrongdoers, so fear them not, but fear Me! — And so that I may complete My Blessings on you and that you may be guided.
 151. Similarly (to complete My Blessings on you), We have sent among you a Messenger (Muhammad ﷺ) of your own, reciting to you Our Verses (the Qur'ân) and purifying you, and teaching you the Book (the Qur'ân) and the *Hikmah* (i.e. *Sunnah*, Islâmic laws and *Fiqh* — jurisprudence), and teaching you that which you did not know.

فَأَذْكُرُوا I will remember you **أَذْكُرْكُمْ** therefore remember Me **فَأَذْكُرُوا**
 be **كُفْرُونَ** and (do) not **وَلَا** to Me **لِي** and give thanks **وَأَشْكُرُوا**
يَتَّخِئَهَا O you! **الَّذِينَ** ungrateful to Me **الَّذِينَ**
بِالصَّبْرِ with patience **وَالصَّلَاةِ** and prayer **إِنَّ** truly **اللَّهُ**
 and (do) not **وَلَا** the patient ones **الصَّابِرِينَ** (is) with **مَعَ** Allah
نَقُولُوا (you) say **لِمَنْ** of those who **يُقْتَلُ** killed **فِي** (are) **سَبِيلِ**
 (they are) **أَحْيَاءَ** nay **بَلْ** (they are) dead **أَمْوَاتٌ** (of) Allah **اللَّهُ** Way
 and surely **وَلَتَبْلُوكُمْ** you perceive **تَشْعُرُونَ** not **لَا** but **وَلَكِنْ**
الْخَوْفِ of **مِنْ** with something **بِشَيْءٍ** We shall test you
وَالْجُوعِ and the hunger **وَنَقْصٍ** and loss **مِنْ** of **الْأَمْوَالِ** wealth **وَالْأَنْفُسِ**
 but give glad tidings **وَبَشِيرٍ** and fruits (crops) **وَالشَّرَارِثِ** and lives
الصَّابِرِينَ (to) the patient ones ﴿١٥١﴾

I will remember you **أَذْكُرْكُمْ** therefore remember Me **فَأَذْكُرُوا**
 be **كُفْرُونَ** and (do) not **وَلَا** to Me **لِي** and give thanks **وَأَشْكُرُوا**
يَتَّخِئَهَا O you! **الَّذِينَ** ungrateful to Me **الَّذِينَ**
بِالصَّبْرِ with patience **وَالصَّلَاةِ** and prayer **إِنَّ** truly **اللَّهُ**
 and (do) not **وَلَا** the patient ones **الصَّابِرِينَ** (is) with **مَعَ** Allah
نَقُولُوا (you) say **لِمَنْ** of those who **يُقْتَلُ** killed **فِي** (are) **سَبِيلِ**
 (they are) **أَحْيَاءَ** nay **بَلْ** (they are) dead **أَمْوَاتٌ** (of) Allah **اللَّهُ** Way
 and surely **وَلَتَبْلُوكُمْ** you perceive **تَشْعُرُونَ** not **لَا** but **وَلَكِنْ**
الْخَوْفِ of **مِنْ** with something **بِشَيْءٍ** We shall test you
وَالْجُوعِ and the hunger **وَنَقْصٍ** and loss **مِنْ** of **الْأَمْوَالِ** wealth **وَالْأَنْفُسِ**
 but give glad tidings **وَبَشِيرٍ** and fruits (crops) **وَالشَّرَارِثِ** and lives
الصَّابِرِينَ (to) the patient ones ﴿١٥١﴾

152. Therefore remember Me (by praying, glorifying). I will remember you, and be grateful to Me (for My countless Favours on you) and never be ungrateful to Me. 153. O you who believe! Seek help in patience and *As-Salât* (the prayer). Truly, Allâh is with *As-Sâbirûn* (the patient). 154. And say not of those who are killed in the way of Allâh, "They are dead." Nay, they are living, but you perceive (it) not. 155. And certainly, We shall test you with something of fear, hunger, loss of wealth, lives and fruits, but give glad tidings to *As-Sâbirûn* (the patient).

الَّذِينَ إِذَا أَصَابَتْهُمْ مُصِيبَةٌ قَالُوا إِنَّا لِلَّهِ وَإِنَّا إِلَيْهِ رَاجِعُونَ ﴿١٥٢﴾ أُولَٰئِكَ عَلَيْهِمْ صَلَوَاتٌ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ وَرَحْمَةٌ وَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْمُتَّقُونَ ﴿١٥٣﴾ إِنَّ الصَّفَا وَالْمَرْوَةَ مِنْ شَعَائِرِ اللَّهِ فَمَنْ حَجَّ الْبَيْتَ أَوِ اعْتَمَرَ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِ أَنْ يَطَّوَّفَ بِهِمَا وَمَنْ تَطَوَّعَ خَيْرًا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ شَاكِرٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٥٤﴾

الَّذِينَ إِذَا those who أَصَابَتْهُمْ afflicts them مُصِيبَةٌ calamity قَالُوا they say إِنَّا we truly belong to الله and indeed we وَإِنَّا return (shall) إِلَيْهِ to Him رَاجِعُونَ (they are) those أُولَٰئِكَ (they are) those عَلَيْهِمْ thier Lord رَبِّهِمْ from blessings مِنْ upon whom (are) رَحْمَةٌ and mercy وَأُولَٰئِكَ and (they are) those هُمُ who (are) الْمُتَّقُونَ the guided ones إِنَّ the الصَّفَا As-Safa and الْمَرْوَةَ Al-Marwah (two mountains in Makkah) (are) of مِنْ the شَعَائِرِ symbols of الله (of) فَمَنْ so whoever حَجَّ Hajj (there) أَوِ (of) the بَيْتِ House (there) أَعْتَمَرَ performed Umrah or فَلَا (is) no جُنَاحَ sin عَلَيْهِ on him أَنْ that يَطَّوَّفَ he walks (between) يَهْتَمُّ the two وَمَنْ and whoever تَطَوَّعَ does voluntarily خَيْرًا good فَإِنَّ then verily الله All-Recogniser شَاكِرٌ (is) عَلِيمٌ All-Knower

156. Those who, when afflicted with calamity, say: "Truly, to Allâh we belong and truly, to Him we shall return." 157. They are those on whom are the *Salawât* (i.e. who are blessed and will be forgiven) from their Lord, and (they are those who) receive His Mercy, and it is they who are the guided ones. 158. Verily, As-Safâ and Al-Marwah (two mountains in Makkah) are of the Symbols of Allâh. So it is not a sin on him who performs *Hajj* or '*Umrah* (pilgrimage) of the House (the Ka'bah at Makkah) to perform the going (*Tawâf*) between them (As-Safâ and Al-Marwah). And whoever does good voluntarily, then verily, Allâh is All-Recogniser, All-Knower.

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَكْتُمُونَ مَا أُنزِلَ مِنَ الْبَيِّنَاتِ وَالْهُدَىٰ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا بَيَّنَّاهُ لِلنَّاسِ فِي الْكِتَابِ أُولَٰئِكَ يَلْعَنُهُمُ اللَّهُ وَيَلْعَنُهُمُ
 اللَّعْنُونَ ﴿١٥٩﴾ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُوا وَأَصْلَحُوا وَبَيَّنَّاهُمْ فَأُولَٰئِكَ أَتُوبُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَأَنَا التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيمُ ﴿١٦٠﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
 وَمَاتُوا وَهُمْ كُفَّارٌ أُولَٰئِكَ لَعْنَةُ اللَّهِ وَالْمَلَائِكَةِ وَالنَّاسِ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿١٦١﴾

We have أَنْزَلْنَا what مَا conceal يَكْتُمُونَ those who الَّذِينَ verily إِنَّ and the guidance وَالْهُدَىٰ the clear proofs الْبَيِّنَاتِ of مِنْ sent down for the النَّاسِ We have made it clear بَيَّنَّاهُ that مَا after مِنْ بَعْدِ curses يَلْعَنُهُمْ such are those أُولَٰئِكَ the Book الْكِتَابِ in فِي people لَا the cursers اللَّعْنُونَ and curse them وَيَلْعَنُهُمُ Allah اللَّهُ them and mend (their وَأَصْلَحُوا repent تَابُوا those who الَّذِينَ except I أَتُوبُ those (are) وَأُولَٰئِكَ and declare (the truth) وَبَيَّنَّاهُمْ ways) (am) and I وَأَنَا for them عَلَيْهِمْ will accept repentance those who الَّذِينَ verily إِنَّ Most Merciful الرَّحِيمُ Oft-Returning (were) كُفَّارٌ while they وَهُمْ and died وَمَاتُوا disbelieved كَفَرُوا (of) curse لَعْنَةُ on them (is) عَلَيْهِمْ it is they أُولَٰئِكَ disbelievers and (of) mankind وَالنَّاسِ and (of) the angels وَالْمَلَائِكَةِ Allah أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿١٦١﴾ combined

159. Verily, those who conceal the clear proofs, evidences and the guidance, which We have sent down, after We have made it clear for the people in the Book, they are the ones cursed by Allâh and cursed by the cursers. 160. Except those who repent and do righteous deeds, and openly declare (the truth which they concealed). These, I will accept their repentance. And I am the One Who accepts repentance, the Most Merciful. 161. Verily, those who disbelieve, and die while they are disbelievers, it is they on whom is the Curse of Allâh and of the angels and of mankind, combined.

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا لَا يَخَفُ عَنْهُمْ الْعَذَابُ وَلَا هُمْ يُنظَرُونَ ﴿١٦٢﴾ وَاللَّهُ كَرِيمٌ ﴿١٦٣﴾ وَاللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الرَّحْمَنُ الرَّحِيمُ ﴿١٦٤﴾

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا they shall abide فِيهَا in it لَا neither يَخَفُ will be they عَنْهُمْ lightened from them الْعَذَابُ the punishment وَلَا nor هُمْ they يُنظَرُونَ ﴿١٦٢﴾ will be reprieved وَاللَّهُ كَرِيمٌ ﴿١٦٣﴾ and your God اللَّهُ (is) God وَلَا One (there is) no إِلَهَ god إِلَّا but هُوَ He الرَّحْمَنُ the Most Merciful الرَّحِيمُ ﴿١٦٤﴾ Most Beneficent

162. They will abide therein (under the curse in Hell), their punishment will neither be lightened, nor will they be reprieved. 163. And your *Ilâh* (God) is One *Ilâh* (God — Allâh), *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (there is none who has the right to be worshipped but He), the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

إِنَّ فِي خَلْقِ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَاخْتِلَافِ اللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ وَالْفُلِّ الَّتِي تَجْرِي فِي الْبَحْرِ بِمَا يَنْفَعُ النَّاسَ وَمَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مِنْ مَّاءٍ فَأَخْيَا بِهِ الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا وَبَيَّتَ فِيهَا مِنْ كُلِّ دَابَّةٍ وَتَصْرِيفِ الرِّيْحِ وَالسَّحَابِ الْمُسَخَّرِ بَيْنَ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ لَآيَاتٍ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١٦٣﴾

إِنَّ verily فِي in خَلْقِ the creation السَّمَوَاتِ (of) the heavens وَالْأَرْضِ (of) the earth and the night اللَّيْلِ and (in) the alternation وَاخْتِلَافِ and the day النَّهَارِ and the ships وَالْفُلِّ الَّتِي which تَجْرِي sail in the sea الْبَحْرِ through which يَنْفَعُ benefits النَّاسَ mankind from وَمَا the mankind أَنْزَلَ and what اللَّهُ sent down مِنَ Allah and (and) thus مَاءٍ water (rain) of the sky (height) السَّمَاءِ (and) thus the earth الْأَرْضَ therewith made alive بَعْدَ after مَوْتِهَا its death وَبَيَّتَ and scattered فِيهَا therein مِنْ of كُلِّ (of) all (kinds) دَابَّةٍ (of) the winds الرِّيْحِ and (in) veering وَتَصْرِيفِ moving creatures وَالسَّحَابِ which are controlled بَيْنَ the clouds الْمُسَخَّرِ and the sky السَّمَاءِ (are) indeed proofs لَآيَاتٍ and the earth وَالْأَرْضِ the sky (signs) لِقَوْمٍ who understand يَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١٦٣﴾ for people

164. Verily, in the creation of the heavens and the earth, and in the alternation of night and day, and the ships which sail through the sea with that which is of use to mankind, and the water (rain) which Allâh sends down from the sky and makes the earth alive therewith after its death, and the moving (living) creatures of all kinds that He has scattered therein, and in the veering of winds and clouds which are held between the sky and the earth, are indeed *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, signs, etc.) for people of understanding.

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَن يَتَّخِذُ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ أَنْدَادًا يُحِبُّونَهُمْ كَحُبِّ اللَّهِ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا أَشَدُّ حُبًّا لِلَّهِ وَلَوْ رَأَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا إِذْ يَرُونَ الْعَذَابَ أَنَّ الْقُوَّةَ لِلَّهِ جَمِيعًا وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيدُ الْعَذَابِ ﴿١٦٤﴾ إِذْ تَبَرَّأَ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوا مِنَ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوا وَرَأَوْا الْعَذَابَ وَتَقَطَّعَتْ بِهِمُ الْأَسْبَابُ ﴿١٦٥﴾

take يَتَّخِذُوا (are) (some) who مَنْ people النَّاسِ yet of وَمِنْ (others) مِنْ دُونِ besides اللَّهُ Allah أُنْدَادًا (as) rivals (with Allah) يُحِبُّونَهُمْ they love them كَحُبِّ اللَّهِ like the love (of) اللَّهُ Allah وَالَّذِينَ (in their) حُبًّا (are) stauncher أَسَدُ believed مَاتُوا but those who (could) see يَرَى and if only (would that) وَلَوْ for Allah يَتَّو love they will see يَرَوْنَ when إِذْ did wrong ظَلَمُوا those who الَّذِينَ the torment أَلْعَذَابِ أَنَّ the القوةَ that اللَّهُ all power belongs to Allah جَمِيعًا wholly وَأَنَّ and that اللَّهُ Allah شَدِيدُ (is) Severe الْعَذَابِ (165) أَتَتَّبِعُوا those who الَّذِينَ will disown تَبَرَّأَ when إِذْ (in) punishment أَتَّبَعُوا those who الَّذِينَ were followed وَرَأَوْا followed (them) and they would see وَتَقَطَّعَتِ the torment الْعَذَابِ and they would see off يَوْمَ all relations الْأَنْسَابِ (166)

165. And of mankind are some who take (for worship) others besides Allâh as rivals (to Allâh). They love them as they love Allâh. But those who believe, love Allâh more (than anything else). If only, those who do wrong could see, when they will see the torment, that all power belongs to Allâh and that Allâh is Severe in punishment. 166. When those who were followed disown (declare themselves innocent of) those who followed (them), and they see the torment, then all their relations will be cut off from them.

وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوا لَوْ أَنَا كُنَّا كَمَا تَبَرَّأُوا مِنَّا كَذَلِكَ يَرِيهِنَّ اللَّهُ أَعْمَلْتُمْ حَسْرَتٍ عَلَيْهِمْ وَمَا هُمْ بِخَارِجِينَ مِنَ النَّارِ ﴿١٦٦﴾ يَا أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ كُلُوا مِمَّا فِي الْأَرْضِ حَلْالًا طَيِّبًا وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا خُطُوَاتِ الشَّيْطَانِ إِنَّهُ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌّ مُبِينٌ ﴿١٦٧﴾ إِنَّمَا يَأْمُرُكُمْ بِالسُّوءِ وَالْفَحْشَاءِ وَأَن تَقُولُوا عَلَى اللَّهِ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٦٨﴾

وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوا those who الَّذِينَ and will say وَقَالَ لَوْ أَنَا that then we would disown فَتَبَرَّأَ (were) a return كَرَّةً for us كَذَلِكَ us كَذَلِكَ they have disowned تَبَرَّأُوا as كَمَا them كَذَلِكَ اللَّهُ will show them أَعْمَلْتُمْ their deeds حَسْرَتٍ (as) regrets عَلَيْهِمْ for them وَمَا never هُمْ and they بِخَارِجِينَ they will get out of that النَّارِ the Fire ﴿١٦٦﴾ يَا أَيُّهَا O النَّاسُ people كُلُوا eat مِمَّا which (is) in الْأَرْضِ the earth حَلْالًا lawful طَيِّبًا good وَلَا and

(do) not تَتَّبِعُوا follow the footsteps خُطَاوَاتِ (of) Satan الشَّيْطَانِ only إِنْشَاءً open an enemy مُبِينٌ ﴿١٦٨﴾ for you لَكُمْ verily he (is) بِأَمْرِكُمْ and the فَاحْشَةٍ of the evil بِالسُّوءِ He commands you بِأَمْرِكُمْ and that أَنْ and obscenity تَقُولُوا you say عَلَى you Allah اللَّهُ about مَا what لَا (do) not تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٦٩﴾ you know

167. And those who followed will say: "If only we had one more chance to return (to the worldly life), we would disown (declare ourselves as innocent from) them as they have disowned (declared themselves as innocent from) us." Thus Allâh will show them their deeds as regrets for them. And they will never get out of the Fire. 168. O mankind! Eat of that which is lawful and good on the earth, and follow not the footsteps of *Shaitân* (Satan). Verily, he is to you an open enemy. 169. He [*Shaitân* (Satan)] commands you only what is evil and *Fahshâ* (sinful), and that you should say against Allâh what you know not.

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ اتَّبِعُوا مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ قَالُوا بَلْ نَتَّبِعُ مَا أَلْفَيْنَا عَلَيْهِ آبَاءَنَا أَوَلَوْ كَانَ آبَاؤُهُمْ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ شَيْئًا وَلَا يَهْتَدُونَ ﴿١٦٨﴾ وَمَثَلِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا كَمَثَلِ الَّذِي يَبْعُثُ بِمَا لَا يَسْمَعُ إِلَّا دُعَاءَ وَنِدَاءَ صُمُّ بُكْمٌ عُمْى فَهُمْ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١٦٩﴾ يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا كُلُوا مِنْ طَيِّبَاتِ مَا رَزَقْنَاكُمْ وَاشْكُرُوا لِلَّهِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ إِيَّاهُ تَعْبُدُونَ ﴿١٧٠﴾

وَإِذَا قِيلَ and when قِيلَ it is said لَهُمْ to them اتَّبِعُوا follow مَا what we shall أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ has sent down قَالُوا they say بَلْ nay تَتَّبِعُ we shall our fathers أَلْفَيْنَا what follow مَا follow upon it عَلَيْهِ we found آبَاءَنَا our fathers أَوَلَوْ even if كَانَ did آبَاؤُهُمْ their fathers لَا not يَعْقِلُونَ (did) they find Right يَهْتَدُونَ nor وَلَا anything شَيْئًا understand disbelieved كَفَرُوا (of) those who الَّذِينَ and the example وَمَثَلِ guidance كَمَثَلِ like (is) الَّذِي he who يَبْعُثُ (of) shouts بِمَا to that لَا does not يَسْمَعُ hear إِلَّا except دُعَاءَ shouts وَنِدَاءَ and cries صُمُّ and (they are) deaf بُكْمٌ dumb عُمْى blind فَهُمْ so they لَا (do) not يَعْقِلُونَ understand ﴿١٦٩﴾ يَا أَيُّهَا O you! الَّذِينَ who آمَنُوا believe كُلُوا We have طَيِّبَاتِ of طَيِّبَاتِ the good (lawful) things مَا that رَزَقْنَاكُمْ provided you (with) وَاشْكُرُوا and be grateful لِلَّهِ to Allah إِنْ if كُنْتُمْ you إِيَّاهُ Him (alone) تَعْبُدُونَ ﴿١٧٠﴾ [you] worship

170. When it is said to them: "Follow what Allâh has sent down." They say: "Nay! We shall follow what we found our fathers following." (Would they do that!) even though their fathers did not understand anything nor were they guided? 171. And the example of those who disbelieve is as that of him who shouts to those (flock of sheep) that hears nothing but calls and cries. (They are) deaf, dumb and blind. So they do not understand. 172. O you who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh — Islâmic Monotheism)! Eat of the lawful things that We have provided you with, and be grateful to Allâh, if it is indeed He Whom you worship.

إِنَّمَا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْمَيْتَةَ وَالدَّمَ وَلَحْمَ الْخَنِزِيرِ وَمَا أُهِلَّ بِهِ لِغَيْرِ اللَّهِ فَمَنِ اضْطُرَّ غَيْرَ بَاغٍ وَلَا عَادٍ فَلَا إِثْمَ عَلَيْهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿١٧١﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَكْتُمُونَ مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ مِنَ الْكِتَابِ وَيَشْتُرُونَ بِهِ ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا أُولَٰئِكَ مَا يَأْكُلُونَ فِي بُطُونِهِمْ إِلَّا النَّارَ وَلَا يُكَلِّمُهُمُ اللَّهُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ وَلَا يُزَكِّيهِمْ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿١٧٢﴾

إِنَّمَا verily حَرَّمَ He has forbidden عَلَيْكُمْ on you الْمَيْتَةَ the dead (flesh) وَالدَّمَ and blood وَلَحْمَ and flesh الْخَنِزِيرِ (of) swine وَمَا (of) that أُهِلَّ consecrated بِهِ to لِغَيْرِ اللَّهِ any other than اللَّهُ Allah فَمَنِ Allah (is) forced by necessity اضْطُرَّ but whoso غَيْرَ بَاغٍ (is) then عَادٍ nor وَلَا disobedience (there is) no إِثْمَ sin عَلَيْهِ on him إِنَّ on him عَفُورٌ Allah indeed رَّحِيمٌ Oft-Forgiving Most-Merciful ﴿١٧١﴾ إِنَّ verily الَّذِينَ those who يَكْتُمُونَ conceal مَا what أَنْزَلَ Allah has sent down مِنَ the Book وَيَشْتُرُونَ and purchase بِهِ there with ثَمَنًا a قَلِيلًا small gain أُولَٰئِكَ they مَا do not يَأْكُلُونَ into فِي their bellies إِلَّا but النَّارَ fire وَلَا and not يُكَلِّمُهُمُ Allah to them يَوْمَ Day (on) الْقِيَمَةِ Resurrection وَلَا (of) وَلَهُمْ will purify them يُزَكِّيهِمْ and for them (will be) عَذَابٌ painful أَلِيمٌ torment ﴿١٧٢﴾

173. He has forbidden you only the *Maitah* (dead animals), and blood, and the flesh of swine, and that which is slaughtered as a sacrifice for others than Allâh (or has been slaughtered for idols, on which Allâh's Name has not been mentioned while slaughtering). But if one is forced by necessity without willful disobedience nor transgressing due limits, then there is no sin on him. Truly, Allâh is Oft-

Forgiving, Most Merciful. 174. Verily, those who conceal what Allâh has sent down of the Book, and purchase a small gain therewith (of worldly things), they eat into their bellies nothing but fire. Allâh will not speak to them on the Day of Resurrection, nor purify them, and theirs will be a painful torment.

أُولَٰئِكَ الَّذِينَ اشْتَرُوا الضَّلَالَةَ بِالْهُدَىٰ وَالْعَذَابَ بِالْمَغْفِرَةِ ۖ فَمَا أَصْبَرَهُمْ عَلَى النَّارِ ﴿١٧٤﴾ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُ
نَزَّلَ الْكِتَابَ بِالْحَقِّ وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ اخْتَلَفُوا فِي الْكِتَابِ لَفِي شِقَاقٍ بَعِيدٍ ﴿١٧٥﴾

أُولَٰئِكَ those (are) الَّذِينَ they who اشْتَرُوا purchased error الضَّلَالَةَ at the price of guidance بِالْهُدَىٰ and torment وَالْعَذَابَ at the price of forgiveness بِالْمَغْفِرَةِ so how the price of forgiveness فَمَا they are أَصْبَرَهُمْ the price of forgiveness عَلَى النَّارِ ﴿١٧٤﴾ the Fire ذَلِكَ (is) بِأَنَّهُ because اللَّهُ Allah نَزَّلَ and has sent down الْكِتَابَ the Book بِالْحَقِّ with the truth وَإِنَّ and verily الَّذِينَ those who اخْتَلَفُوا differed in the concerning الْكِتَابِ Book لَفِي (are) in شِقَاقٍ a schism بَعِيدٍ far

175. Those are they who have purchased error at the price of guidance, and torment at the price of forgiveness. So how bold they are (for evil deeds which will push them) to the Fire. 176. That is because Allâh has sent down the Book (the Qur'ân) in truth. And verily, those who disputed as regards the Book are far away in opposition.

لَيْسَ الْبِرُّ أَنْ تُولُوا وُجُوهَكُمْ قِبَلَ الْمَشْرِقِ وَالْمَغْرِبِ وَلَكِنَّ الْبِرَّ مَنْ ءَامَنَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَالْمَلَائِكَةِ وَالْكِتَابِ وَالنَّبِيِّينَ وَءَاتَى الْمَالَ عَلَى حُبِّهِ ذَوِي الْقُرْبَىٰ وَالْيَتَامَىٰ وَالْمَسْكِينِ وَابْنَ السَّبِيلِ وَالسَّائِلِينَ وَفِي الرِّقَابِ وَأَقَامَ الصَّلَاةَ وَءَاتَى الزَّكَاةَ وَالْمُوفُونَ بِعَهْدِهِمْ إِذَا عَاهَدُوا وَالصَّابِرِينَ فِي الْبَأْسَاءِ وَالضَّرَّاءِ وَحِينَ الْبَأْسِ ۗ أُولَٰئِكَ الَّذِينَ صَدَقُوا وَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْمُتَّقُونَ ﴿١٧٦﴾

لَيْسَ (it is) not الْبِرُّ righteousness أَنْ that تُولُوا you turn وُجُوهَكُمْ your faces قِبَلَ towards الْمَشْرِقِ the east وَالْمَغْرِبِ the west and (or) he who ءَامَنَ believes بِاللَّهِ Allah وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ the Last Day وَالْمَلَائِكَةِ and the angels وَالْكِتَابِ the Book وَالنَّبِيِّينَ and the Prophets وَءَاتَى and gives الْمَالَ and wealth عَلَى in spite of حُبِّهِ his love for it ذَوِي الْقُرْبَىٰ to the kinsfolk وَالْيَتَامَىٰ and the orphans وَالْمَسْكِينِ and the needy وَابْنَ السَّبِيلِ and the wayfarer

and (to those) who ask (for help) **وَالسَّائِلِينَ** and the wayfarer **وَالضَّالِّينَ** and offers **وَأَقَامَ** the ransom of slaves; **وَالرِّقَابَ** and in (for) and who fulfil **وَالْمُؤْتُونَ** Zakat **وَالزَّكَاةَ** and pays **وَمَا آتَى** the prayer and **يَعْتَدُوا** they promise **إِذَا** when their promise **بِعَهْدِهِمْ** and affliction **وَالضَّرَّاءَ** adversity **فِي** in who remain patient **وَالَّذِينَ** such are they **أُولَئِكَ** peril **وَالَّذِينَ** and at the time of **وَحِينَ** they (who are) **هُمْ** and those (are) **وَأُولَئِكَ** have proved true **صَادِقُونَ** **وَالْمُتَّقُونَ** pious

177. It is not *Al-Birr* (piety, righteousness, and each and every act of obedience to Allâh) that you turn your faces towards east and (or) west (in prayers); but *Al-Birr* is (the quality of) the one who believes in Allâh, the Last Day, the Angels, the Book, the Prophets and gives his wealth, in spite of love for it, to the kinsfolk, to the orphans, and to *Al-Masâkin* (the poor), and to the wayfarer, and to those who ask, and to set slaves free, performs *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), and gives the *Zakât*, and who fulfil their covenant when they make it, and who are patient in extreme poverty and ailment (disease) and at the time of fighting (during the battles). Such are the people of the truth and they are *Al-Muttaqûn*.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْقِصَاصُ فِي الْقَتْلِ الْحُرِّ بِالْحُرِّ وَالْعَبْدُ بِالْعَبْدِ وَالْأُنْثَىٰ بِالْأُنْثَىٰ فَمَنْ عُفِيَ لَهُ مِنْ أَخِيهِ شَيْءٌ فَاتِّبَاعٌ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَأَدَاءٌ إِلَيْهِ بِإِحْسَنٍ ذَلِكَ تَخْفِيفٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ وَرَحْمَةٌ فَمَنِ اعْتَدَىٰ بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ فَلَهُ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ **١٧٧**

يَا أَيُّهَا O you الَّذِينَ who ءَامَنُوا who believe كُتِبَ (is) prescribed عَلَيْكُمْ (is) prescribed the الْقِصَاصُ retribution فِي in (cases of) الْقَتْلِ murder الْحُرِّ free for the slave الْعَبْدُ and the slave بِالْعَبْدِ free for the free بِالْحُرِّ and the female بِالْأُنْثَىٰ and the female بِالْأُنْثَىٰ but whoso عُفِيَ something for him (is) مِنْ by أَخِيهِ his brother شَيْءٌ his brother forgiven according to تَخْفِيفٌ (of blood money) then adhering to it بِالْمَعْرُوفِ to him وَأَدَاءٌ and payment be made إِلَيْهِ usage (with fairness) بِإِحْسَنٍ in a goodly manner ذَلِكَ that (is) تَخْفِيفٌ an alleviation وَمِنْ from رَبِّكُمْ your Lord وَرَحْمَةٌ and a Mercy فَمَنِ and whoever اعْتَدَىٰ and whoever transgresses بَعْدَ after ذَلِكَ this فَلَهُ for him (is) عَذَابٌ painful أَلِيمٌ **١٧٨**

178. O you who believe! *Al-Qisâs* (the Law of Equality in punishment) is prescribed for you in case of murder: the free for the free, the slave for the slave, and the female for the female. But if the killer is forgiven by the brother (or the relatives) of the killed against blood money, then adhering to it with fairness and payment of the blood money to the heir should be made in fairness. This is an alleviation and a mercy from your Lord. So after this whoever transgresses the limits (i.e. kills the killer after taking the blood money), he shall have a painful torment.

وَلَكُمْ فِي الْقِصَاصِ حَيَوةٌ يَا أُولِي الْأَلْبَابِ لَعَلَّكُمْ لَتَتَّقُونَ ﴿١٧٨﴾ كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ إِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَدَكُمُ الْمَوْتُ إِنْ تَرَكَ خَيْرًا الْوَصِيَّةُ لِلْوَالِدَيْنِ وَالْأَقْرَبِينَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ حَقًّا عَلَى الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١٧٩﴾ فَمَنْ بَدَّلَهُ بَعْدَ مَا سَمِعَهُ فَأَنَّى إِنَّمَا عَلَى الَّذِينَ يُبَدِّلُونَهُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٨٠﴾

وَلَكُمْ فِي الْقِصَاصِ حَيَوةٌ (is) life (is) retribution and for you يَا أُولِي الْأَلْبَابِ O men of understanding! لَعَلَّكُمْ that you may تَتَّقُونَ ﴿١٧٨﴾ when كُتِبَ (it is) prescribed عَلَيْكُمْ (it is) become pious إِذَا for you حَضَرَ أَحَدَكُمُ approaches any of you الْمَوْتُ death إِنْ if تَرَكَ he leaves خَيْرًا wealth الْوَصِيَّةُ the making of bequest لِلْوَالِدَيْنِ (is) for parents وَالْأَقْرَبِينَ and next of kin بِالْمَعْرُوفِ according to reasonable manners حَقًّا (it is) an obligation عَلَى on الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١٧٩﴾ the God-fearing فَمَنْ then whoever بَدَّلَهُ (the will) changes it (the will) بَعْدَ after that سَمِعَهُ he had heard it فَأَنَّى then only إِنَّمَا its sin عَلَى (will be) upon الَّذِينَ those who يُبَدِّلُونَهُ change it إِنَّ verily اللَّهُ Allah سَمِيعٌ (is) All-Hearer عَلِيمٌ All-Knower ﴿١٨٠﴾

179. And there is (a saving of) life for you in *Al-Qisâs* (the Law of Equality in punishment), O men of understanding, that you may become *Al-Muttaqûn*. 180. It is prescribed for you, when death approaches any of you, if he leaves wealth, that he makes a bequest to parents and next of kin, according to reasonable manners. (This is) a duty, upon *Al-Muttaqûn* 181. Then whoever changes the bequest after hearing it, the sin shall be on those who make the change. Truly, Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

فَمَنْ خَافَ مِنْ مَوْصٍ جَنَفًا أَوْ إِثْمًا فَأَصْلَحَ بَيْنَهُمْ فَلَا إِثْمَ عَلَيْهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿١٨١﴾ يَتَايَأُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الصِّيَامُ كَمَا كُتِبَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ ﴿١٨٢﴾

فَمَنْ a testator مُوصٍ from مِنْ fears خَافَ then whoso
 and فَاصْلَحَ wrong-doing إِمَّا or أَوْ partiality (some unjust act)
 (there is) no مَلَا between them (the parties) يَبْنِيهِمْ makes peace
 (is) Oft-Forgiving عَفُوٌّ Allah الله verily إِنَّ on him عَلَيْهِ sin
 تَجِبُ Most Merciful يَأَيُّهَا O you الَّذِينَ who مَأْمُورًا believe كُتِبَ
 it عَلَيْكُمْ (is) prescribed الصِّيَامُ for you كَمَا the fasting كُتِبَ as
 before you لَكُمْ those الَّذِينَ for عَلَى was prescribed
 become God-fearing تَتَّقُونَ so that you may

182. But he who fears from a testator some unjust act or wrong-doing, and thereupon he makes peace between the parties concerned, there shall be no sin on him. Certainly, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful. 183. O you who believe! Observing *As-Saum* (the fasting) is prescribed for you as it was prescribed for those before you, that you may become *Al-Muttaqûn*.

أَيَّامًا مَعْدُودَاتٍ فَمَنْ كَانَ مِنْكُمْ مَّرِيضًا أَوْ عَلَى سَفَرٍ فَعِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَيَّامٍ أُخَرَ وَعَلَى الَّذِينَ يُطِيقُونَهُ فِدْيَةٌ
 طَعَامُ مَسْكِينٍ فَمَنْ تَطَوَّعَ خَيْرًا فَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَهُ وَأَنْ تَصُومُوا خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ

أَيَّامًا days مَعْدُودَاتٍ numbered فَمَنْ then whoso كَانَ is مِنْكُمْ
 (the same) مَرِيضًا you sick أَوْ or عَلَى on سَفَرٍ journey فَعِدَّةٌ
 those أَيَّامٍ of أَيَّامٍ other أُخَرَ and وَعَلَى upon الَّذِينَ and
 (is) ransom فِدْيَةٌ afford it (can do it with difficulty) يُطِيقُونَهُ who
 طَعَامُ feeding مَسْكِينٍ (of) a needy person فَمَنْ (of) but whoso تَطَوَّعَ
 خَيْرًا does voluntarily (willingly) فَهُوَ good خَيْرٌ it (is) better لَهُ
 for him وَأَنْ and that تَصُومُوا you fast خَيْرٌ (is) better لَكُمْ
 know تَعْلَمُونَ you if كُنْتُمْ you

184. [Observing *Saum* (fasts)] for a fixed number of days, but if any of you is ill or on a journey, the same number (should be made up) from other days. And as for those who can fast with difficulty, (e.g. an old man), they have (a choice either to fast or) to feed a *Miskîn* (poor person) (for every day). But whoever does good of his own accord, it is better for him. And that you fast is better for you if only you know.

شَهْرَ رَمَضَانَ الَّذِي أُنْزِلَ فِيهِ الْقُرْآنُ هُدًى لِّلنَّاسِ وَبَيِّنَاتٍ مِّنَ الْهُدَىٰ وَالْفُرْقَانِ فَمَن شَهِدَ مِنْكُمُ الشَّهْرَ فَلْيَصُمْهُ وَمَن كَانَ مَرِيضًا أَوْ عَلَىٰ سَفَرٍ فَعِدَّةٌ مِّنْ أَيَّامٍ أُخَرَ يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ بِكُمُ الْيُسْرَ وَلَا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ الْعُسْرَ وَلِتُكْمِلُوا الْعِدَّةَ وَلِتُكَبِّرُوا اللَّهَ عَلَىٰ مَا هَدَيْتُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٢١٨﴾ وَإِذَا سَأَلَكَ عِبَادِي عَنِّي فَإِنِّي قَرِيبٌ أُجِيبُ دَعْوَةَ الدَّاعِ إِذَا دَعَانِ فَلْيَسْتَجِيبُوا لِي وَلْيُؤْمِنُوا بِلَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْشُدُونَ ﴿٢١٩﴾

شَهْرَ رَمَضَانَ (of) Ramadan the month (is) that أُنْزِلَ (is) revealed in it the Qur'an هُدًى a guidance لِّلنَّاسِ for mankind and clear proofs وَبَيِّنَاتٍ of الْهُدَى the guidance وَالْفُرْقَانِ the criterion فَمَن and the criterion شَهِدَ so whoever وَمِنَ of you الشَّهْرَ (of Ramadan) فَلْيَصُمْهُ the month (of Ramadan) أَوْ sick مَرِيضًا is كَانَ and whosoever عَلَى or أَزْ on سَفَرٍ other أَجْرُ days of أَيَّامٍ (the same) number journey and لَا ease الْيُسْرَ for you بِكُمُ Allah wants يُرِيدُ (later) (does) not want بِكُمُ for you الْعُسْرَ hardship وَلِتُكْمِلُوا and that the number (of days) الْعِدَّةَ that you complete He guided هَدَيْتُمْ that مَا on ALLAH you should magnify give thanks (to Him) تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٢١٨﴾ so that you may وَلَعَلَّكُمْ you about Me عَنِّي My slaves عِبَادِي ask you سَأَلَكَ and when وَإِذَا I respond to قَرِيبٌ then indeed I am فَإِنِّي دَعْوَةَ call الدَّاعِ (of) the caller إِذَا when دَعَانِ he calls (on) Me فَلْيَسْتَجِيبُوا to Me لِي so let them respond وَلْيُؤْمِنُوا and believe لَعَلَّهُمْ in Me يَرْشُدُونَ ﴿٢١٩﴾ so that they may

185. The month of Ramadan in which was revealed the Qur'ân, a guidance for mankind and clear proofs for the guidance and the criterion (between right and wrong). So whoever of you sights (the crescent on the first night of) the month (of Ramadan i.e. is present at his home), he must observe *Saum* (fasts) that month, and whoever is ill or on a journey, the same number [of days which one did not observe *Saum* (fasts) must be made up] from other days. Allâh intends for you ease, and He does not want to make things difficult for you. (He wants that you) must complete the same number (of days), and that you must magnify Allâh [i.e.

to say *Takbîr* (*Allâhu Akbar*: Allâh is the Most Great)] for having guided you so that you may be grateful to Him. 186. And when My slaves ask you (O Muhammad ﷺ) concerning Me, then (answer them), I am indeed near (to them by My Knowledge). I respond to the invocations of the supplicant when he calls on Me (without any mediator or intercessor). So let them obey Me and believe in Me, so that they may be led aright.

أَحِلَّ لَكُمْ لَيْلَةَ الصِّيَامِ الرَّفَثُ إِلَى نِسَائِكُمْ هُنَّ لِيَابُكُمْ وَأَنْتُمْ لِيَاسُهُنَّ وَلَهُنَّ عِلْمٌ اللَّهُ أَنْتُمْ كُنْتُمْ تَخْتَانُونَ أَنْفُسَكُمْ فَتَابَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَعَفَا عَنْكُمْ فَالْآنَ بَاشِرُوهُمْ وَأَنْتُمْ أَمَّا كُنْتُمْ تَكْتُمُونَ لَكُمْ لَيْلَةٌ وَكُلُوا وَأَشْرَبُوا وَحَتَّى يَتَبَيَّنَ لَكُمُ الْخَيْطُ الْأَبْيَضُ مِنَ الْخَيْطِ الْأَسْوَدِ مِنَ الْفَجْرِ ثُمَّ أَتُوا الصِّيَامَ إِلَى الْبَيْتِ وَلَا تَبَاشِرُوهُمْ وَأَنْتُمْ عَاكِفُونَ فِي الْمَسَاجِدِ تِلْكَ حُدُودُ اللَّهِ فَلَا تَقْرُبُوهَا كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لِنَاسٍ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَّقُونَ ﴿١٨٧﴾

أَحِلَّ لَكُمْ is allowed (on) the night لَيْلَةَ الصِّيَامِ of the fasts الرَّفَثُ إِلَى consorting with نِسَائِكُمْ your women هُنَّ لِيَابُكُمْ (are) garment لَكُمْ for you وَأَنْتُمْ (are) لِيَاسُهُنَّ and you (are) garment لَهُنَّ for them عِلْمٌ Allah knew أَنْتُمْ that you Kُنْتُمْ so (you) were تَخْتَانُونَ deceiving أَنْفُسَكُمْ yourselves فَتَابَ عَلَيْكُمْ (from) you عَنْكُمْ and forgave He accepted your repentance وَعَفَا عَنْكُمْ and seek بَاشِرُوهُمْ so now فَالْآنَ you can associate with them وَأَنْتُمْ أَمَّا Kُنْتُمْ Allah ordained كُنْتُمْ what مَا كُنْتُمْ and eat وَكُلُوا for you لَكُمْ Allah ordained كُنْتُمْ what مَا كُنْتُمْ and drink وَأَشْرَبُوا until يَتَبَيَّنَ distinct لَكُمْ becomes distinct الْخَيْطُ the white thread مِنَ الْخَيْطِ the black thread مِنَ الْفَجْرِ of the dawn ثُمَّ أَتُوا then أَتُوا complete الصِّيَامَ fasts إِلَى till associate with them تَبَاشِرُوهُمْ (do) not وَلَا the nightfall الْبَيْتِ the nightfall (your wives) وَأَنْتُمْ (your wives) عَاكِفُونَ are confining yourselves (in) عَاكِفُونَ while you أَنْتُمْ (your wives) limits هَذِهِ these (are) حُدُودُ the mosques تِلْكَ in I'tikaf) فِي الْمَسَاجِدِ the mosques تِلْكَ (of) Allah فَلَا (of) Allah so (do) not تَقْرُبُوهَا approach them كَذَلِكَ thus يُبَيِّنُ Allah makes clear بَيِّنَاتُ His Signs (Verses) لِلنَّاسِ to mankind لَعَلَّهُمْ become God-Fearing يَتَّقُونَ ﴿١٨٧﴾

187. It is made lawful for you to have sexual relations with your wives on the night of *As-Saum* (the fasts). They are *Libâs* [i.e. body-cover, or screen, or *Sakan* (i.e. you enjoy the pleasure of living with them — as in Verse 7:189) *Tafsir At-*

Tabarî] for you and you are the same for them. Allâh knows that you used to deceive yourselves, so He turned to you (accepted your repentance) and forgave you. So now have sexual relations with them and seek that which Allâh has ordained for you (offspring), and eat and drink until the white thread (light) of dawn appears to you distinct from the black thread (darkness of night), then complete your *Saum* (fast) till the nightfall. And do not have sexual relations with them (your wives) while you are in *I'tikâf* (i.e. confining oneself in a mosque for prayers and invocations leaving the worldly activities) in the mosques. These are the limits (set) by Allâh, so approach them not. Thus does Allâh make clear His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, revelations, verses, laws, legal and illegal things, Allâh's set limits, orders, etc.) to mankind that they may become *Al-Muttaqûn*.

وَلَا تَأْكُلُوا أَمْوَالَكُمْ بَيْنَكُمْ بِالْبَاطِلِ وَتُدْلُوا بِهَا إِلَى الْحُكَّامِ لِتَأْكُلُوا فَرِيقًا مِّنْ أَمْوَالِ النَّاسِ بِالْإِثْمِ وَأَنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٨٨﴾ يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الْأَهِلَّةِ قُلْ هِيَ مَوَاقِيتُ لِلنَّاسِ وَالْحَجِّ وَلَيْسَ الْبِرُّ بِأَنْ تَأْتُوا الْبُيُوتَ مِنْ ظُهُورِهَا وَلَكِنَّ الْبِرَّ مَنِ اتَّقَىٰ وَأَتُوا الْبُيُوتَ مِنْ أَبْوَابِهَا وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ ﴿١٨٩﴾

وَلَا (do) not تَأْكُلُوا (eat up) usurp أَمْوَالَكُمْ your property بَيْنَكُمْ among yourselves (one another) بِالْبَاطِلِ by unjust means وَتُدْلُوا so that تَأْكُلُوا the authorities الْحُكَّامِ to it بِهَا nor present (of) النَّاسِ property أَمْوَالِ of فَرِيقًا a portion you usurp (eat) تَعْلَمُونَ while you وَأَنْتُمْ sinfully بِالْإِثْمِ others know (that) يَسْأَلُونَكَ they ask you عَنِ of الْأَهِلَّةِ new moons قُلْ say هِيَ they ask you for people مَوَاقِيتُ are (for the determination of) times لِلنَّاسِ and (it is) no الْبِرُّ virtue بِأَنْ that وَتَأْتُوا الْبُيُوتَ you enter أَبْوَابِهَا from ظُهُورِهَا their backs وَلَكِنَّ but الْبِرَّ the righteous (is) مَنِ the righteous he who اتَّقَىٰ fears (Allah) وَأَتُوا and enter الْبُيُوتَ the houses مِنْ from أَبْوَابِهَا their gates وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ and fear لَعَلَّكُمْ Allah تَفْلِحُونَ so that you may attain success

188. And eat up not one another's property unjustly (in any illegal way, e.g. stealing, robbing, deceiving), nor give bribery to the rulers (judges before presenting your cases) that you may knowingly eat up a part of the property of others sinfully. 189. They ask you (O Muhammad ﷺ) about the new moons. Say: These are signs to mark fixed periods of time for mankind and for the

pilgrimage. It is not *Al-Birr* (piety, righteousness) that you enter the houses from the back, but *Al-Birr* (is the quality of the one) who fears Allâh. So enter houses through their proper doors, and fear Allâh that you may be successful.

وَقَاتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ الَّذِينَ يُقَاتِلُونَكُمْ وَلَا تَعْتَدُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُعْتَدِينَ ﴿١٩٠﴾ وَأَقْتُلُوهُمْ حَيْثُ تَجِدُوهُمْ وَأَخْرِجُوهُمْ مِنْ حَيْثُ أَخْرَجُوكُمْ وَالْفِتْنَةُ أَشَدُّ مِنَ الْقَتْلِ وَلَا تُقَاتِلُوهُمْ عِنْدَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ حَتَّى يُقَاتِلَكُمْ فِيهِ فَإِنْ قَتَلُوكُمْ فَاقْتُلُوهُمْ كَذَلِكَ جَزَاءُ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿١٩١﴾

وَقَاتِلُوا and fight فِي in سَبِيلِ the Way اللَّهُ (of) Allah الَّذِينَ (of) the Way
وَلَا fight you يُقَاتِلُونَكُمْ (against) those who
تَعْتَدُوا but do not لَا Allah اللَّهُ verily إِنَّ transgress
يُحِبُّ does not لَا Allah اللَّهُ the transgressors الْمُعْتَدِينَ ﴿١٩٠﴾
وَأَقْتُلُوهُمْ the transgressors حَيْثُ wherever and kill them
تَجِدُوهُمْ and kill them وَأَخْرِجُوهُمْ you find them حَيْثُ from
وَأَخْرِجُوهُمْ where أَخْرَجُوكُمْ they have turned you out وَالْفِتْنَةُ and wrongful
أَشَدُّ persecution (is) worse مِنَ (is) killing قَتْلُ than
تُقَاتِلُونَهُمْ fight them عِنْدَ at الْمَسْجِدِ the Mosque الْحَرَامِ the Sacred
يُقَاتِلُونَكُمْ unless يُقَاتِلُونَكُمْ they fight you فِيْ therein فَإِنْ but if قَتَلُوكُمْ
كَذَلِكَ then slay them جَزَاءُ such (is) the
الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿١٩١﴾ (of) the disbelievers reward

190. And fight in the way of Allâh those who fight you, but transgress not the limits. Truly, Allâh likes not the transgressors. [This Verse is the first one that was revealed in connection with *Jihâd*, but it was supplemented by another (9:36)].

191. And kill them wherever you find them, and turn them out from where they have turned you out. And *Al-Fitnah* is worse than killing. And fight not with them at *Al-Masjid Al-Harâm* (the sanctuary at Makkah), unless they (first) fight you there. But if they attack you, then kill them. Such is the recompense of the disbelievers.

فَإِنْ أَنهَوْا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُوٌّ رَحِيمٌ ﴿١٩٢﴾ وَقَاتِلُوهُمْ حَتَّى لَا تَكُونَ فِتْنَةٌ وَيَكُونَ الدِّينُ لِلَّهِ فَإِنْ أَنهَوْا فَلَا عُدْوَانَ عَلَيَّ الْفَاسِقِينَ ﴿١٩٣﴾ الشَّهْرُ الْحَرَامُ بِالشَّهْرِ الْحَرَامِ وَالْحُرُمَتُ قِمَاصٌ فَمَنِ اعْتَدَى عَلَيْكُمْ فَاعْتَدُوا عَلَيْهِ بِمِثْلِ مَا اعْتَدَى عَلَيْكُمْ وَأَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَ الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١٩٤﴾ وَأَنفِقُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَلَا تُلْقُوا بِأَيْدِيكُمْ إِلَى التَّهْلُكَةِ وَأَحْسِنُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿١٩٥﴾

فَإِنْ but if أَنْهَرُوا they desist فَإِنَّ then verily اللَّهُ Allah عَفُورٌ (is) All-Forgiving رَحِيمٌ Most Merciful وَقَاتِلُوهُمْ and fight them حَتَّى until لَا تَكُونُ exists not فِتْنَةٌ oppression/persecution وَيَكُونُ and fight them فَإِنْ for Allah (alone) worship لِلَّهِ becomes against عَدَا except hostility لَا (let there be) no desist فَكَلَّا the wrong-doers الْقَالِيلِينَ prohibited الْحَرَامُ the month الْحَرَامُ prohibited (is) for the month then whoever فَهِيَ (there is) the law of equality فَصَاحُ things عَدَى transgresses عَلَيْكُمْ against you فَأَعْتَدُوا you transgress عَلَيْهِ as he transgressed عَدَى against him likewise مَا and know أَنَّ and fear اللَّهُ Allah وَأَتَّقُوا the pious people الْمُتَّقِينَ (is) with اللَّهِ Allah مَعَ and spend وَأَنْفِقُوا the Cause (Way) سَبِيلِ (of) Allah وَلَا and do not تُلْقُوا throw in سَبِيلِ your (hands) selves بِأَيْدِيكُمْ into the destruction وَأَخْسِرُوا and do good إِنَّ Allah verily يُحِبُّ loves الْمُحْسِنِينَ the good-doers

192. But if they cease, then Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful. 193. And fight them until there is no more *Fimah* (disbelief and worshipping of others along with Allâh) and (all and every kind of) worship is for Allâh (Alone). But if they cease, let there be no transgression except against *Az-Zâlimûn* (the polytheists, and wrong-doers) 194. The sacred month is for the sacred month, and for the prohibited things, there is the Law of Equality (*Qisâs*). Then whoever transgresses the prohibition against you, you transgress likewise against him. And fear Allâh, and know that Allâh is with *Al-Muttaqûn*. 195. And spend in the Cause of Allâh (i.e. *Jihâd* of all kinds) and do not throw yourselves into destruction (by not spending your wealth in the Cause of Allâh), and do good. Truly, Allâh loves *Al-Muhsinûn* (the good-doers).

وَأَتُوا الْحَجَّ وَالْعُمْرَةَ لِلَّهِ فَإِنْ أُخْصِرْتُمْ فَمَا اسْتَيْسَرَ مِنَ الْهَدْيِ وَلَا تَحْلِفُوا رُءُوسَكُمْ حَتَّىٰ يَبْلُغَ الْهَدْيُ مَحَلَّهُ فَمَنْ كَانَ مِنْكُمْ مَّرِيضًا أَوْ بِهِ أَذًى مِنْ رَأْسِهِ فَفِدْيَةٌ مِنْ صِيَامٍ أَوْ صَدَقَةٍ أَوْ نُسُكٍ فَإِذَا أَمِنْتُمْ فَمَنْ تَمَنَّعَ بِالْعُمْرَةِ إِلَى الْحَجِّ فَمَا اسْتَيْسَرَ مِنَ الْهَدْيِ فَمَنْ لَمْ يَمِدْ فَصِيَامُ ثَلَاثَةِ أَيَّامٍ فِي الْحَجِّ وَسَبْعَةٍ إِذَا رَجَعْتُمْ تِلْكَ عَشْرَةٌ كَامِلَةٌ ذَلِكَ لِمَنْ يَكُنْ أَهْلُهُ حَاضِرِي الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ

for Allah ﷻ and Umrah **وَالْعُمْرَةَ** the Hajj **وَالْحَجَّ** and complete **وَأَتِمُّوا** then (send) whatever **فَمَا** you are prevented **أُحْصِرْتُمْ** and if **بِإِنْ** **أَسْتَيْسَرَ** and do not **وَلَا** offering **الْمَنْدِي** of **يَنْ** is easy to obtain **وَحَقِّقُوا** the offering **الْمَنْدِي** reaches **يَبْلُغُ** until **حَتَّى** your heads **رُؤُوسَكُمْ** shave **يَحْلُكُمُ** among **مِنْكُمْ** is **كَانَ** and whoever **مَنْ** its (appointed) place **أَيُّ** you **مَرِيضًا** or **أَوْ** sick **يَوْءُ** he has **أَذَى** an ailment **يَنْ** [of] in **رَأْسِهِ** fasting **صِيَامٍ** of **يَنْ** then (he must pay) ransom **فِدْيَةً** his scalp and if **صَدَقَاتٍ** or **أَوْ** alms-giving (charity) **سُلُوفٍ** sacrifice **فَإِذَا** **أُيُسِّرْكُمْ** then whoever **مَنْ** you become safe **تَمَنَّعَ** took advantage **بِالْعُمْرَةِ** can be had **أَسْتَيْسَرَ** then whatever **فَمَا** Hajj **وَالْحَجَّ** till **إِلَى** of Umrah **يَجِدْ** (did) not **لَمْ** and whoever **مَنْ** offering **الْمَنْدِي** of **يَنْ** with ease days **أَيَّامٍ** (for) three **ثَلَاثَةِ** then (he should observe) fast **فَصِيَامٌ** find **بِ** during **وَسَبْعَةٍ** the Hajj **وَالْحَجَّ** during **بِ** when **إِذَا** and seven (days) **وَسَبْعَةٍ** **رَبِّكُمْ** in all **كَامِلَةً** (is) ten (days) **عَشْرَةَ** that **يَلَاكُ** you have returned **لِئِنْ** that **لَمْ يَكُنْ** (is) for those **أَهْلُهُ** whose family **حَاضِرِي** present **وَأَتَّقُوا** and fear **اللَّهَ** (at) the Sacred **الْمَكْرَامِ** Mosque **الْمَسْجِدِ** Allah **وَأَعْلَمُوا** and know **أَنَّ** that **اللَّهُ** Allah (is) Severe **شَدِيدٌ** (in)punishment **الْعِقَابِ**

196. And perform properly (i.e. all the ceremonies according to the ways of Prophet Muhammad ﷺ), the *Hajj* and 'Umrah (i.e. the pilgrimage to Makkah) for Allâh. But if you are prevented (from completing them), sacrifice a *Hady* (animal, i.e. a sheep, a cow, or a camel) such as you can afford, and do not shave your heads until the *Hady* reaches the place of sacrifice. And whosoever of you is ill or has an ailment in his scalp (necessitating shaving), he must pay a *Fidyah* (ransom) of either observing *Saum* (fasts) (three days) or giving *Sadaqah* (charity — feeding six poor persons) or offering sacrifice (one sheep). Then if you are in safety and whosoever performs the 'Umrah in the months of *Hajj*, before (performing) the *Hajj*, (i.e. *Hajj-at-Tamattu'* and *Al-Qirân*), he must slaughter a *Hady* such as he can afford, but if he cannot afford it, he should observe *Saum* (fasts) three days during the *Hajj* and seven days after his return (to his home), making ten days in all. This is for him whose family is not present at *Al-Masjid Al-Harâm* (i.e. non-resident of Makkah). And fear Allâh much and know that Allâh is Severe in punishment.

الْحَجَّ أَشْهُرٌ مَّعْلُومَةٌ ۖ فَمَنْ رَزَقَ فِيهِمْ الْحَجَّ فَلَا رَفَثَ وَلَا فُسُوقَ وَلَا جِدَالَ فِي الْحَجِّ ۚ وَمَا تَفْعَلُوا مِنْ خَيْرٍ يَعْلَمُهُ اللَّهُ ۖ وَكَرَّوْهُوا فَإِن كُنَّ خَيْرَ الْأَرْزَاقِ النَّفَقَىٰ ۚ وَأَتَّقُوا يَا أُولِيَ الْأَلْبَابِ ﴿١٩٧﴾

and well-known مَّعْلُومَةٌ (is in) months أَشْهُرٌ the Hajj الْحَجَّ who ever رَزَقَ undertook (intends) فِيهِمْ in these (months) الْحَجَّ obscenity (sexual رَفَثَ then (there be) no فَلَا to perform Hajj wrangling جِدَالَ nor وَلَا wickedness فُسُوقَ nor وَلَا relations) فِي (during) الْحَجَّ the Hajj وَمَا تَفْعَلُوا and whatever you do وَمَا the Hajj in (during) الْحَجَّ and take وَكَرَّوْهُوا Allah اللَّهُ knows it خَيْرٌ good يَعْلَمُهُ (of) provision فَإِن provision خَيْرٌ then verily النَّفَقَىٰ the best الْأَرْزَاقِ provision (of) يَا أُولِيَ O men الْأَلْبَابِ ﴿١٩٧﴾ so fear Me (is) piety وَأَتَّقُوا (is) piety understanding

197. The *Hajj* (pilgrimage) is (in) the well-known (lunar year) months (i.e. the 10th month, the 11th month and the first ten days of the 12th month of the Islâmic calendar, i.e. two months and ten days). So whosoever intends to perform *Hajj* therein (by assuming *Ihrâm*), then he should not have sexual relations (with his wife), nor commit sin, nor dispute unjustly during the *Hajj*. And whatever good you do, (be sure) Allâh knows it. And take a provision (with you) for the journey, but the best provision is *At-Taqwa* (piety, righteousness). So fear Me, O men of understanding!

لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ أَن تَبْتَغُوا فَضْلًا مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ ۚ فَإِذَا أَفَضْتُمْ مِّن عَرَفَاتٍ ۚ فَاذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ عِندَ الْمَشْعَرِ الْحَرَامِ ۖ وَاذْكُرُوهُ كَمَا هَدَيْتُكُمْ وَإِن كُنْتُمْ مِّن قَبْلِهِ لَئِن الضَّالِّينَ ﴿١٩٨﴾ ثُمَّ أَفِضُوا مِّن حَيْثُ أَفَاضَ النَّاسُ ۖ وَاسْتَغْفِرُوا اللَّهَ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿١٩٩﴾

لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ on you جُنَاحٌ (there is) no لَيْسَ you تَبْتَغُوا that seek فَضْلًا of رَّبِّكُمْ your Lord فَإِذَا and when أَفَضْتُمْ you return مِّن عَرَفَاتٍ Arafat then فَاذْكُرُوا Hajj cite-Muzdalifah at الْمَشْعَرِ Allah اللَّهُ remember He has هَدَيْتُكُمْ as كَمَا and remember Him وَاذْكُرُوهُ Sacred الْحَرَامِ directed you وَإِن كُنْتُمْ and indeed مِّن قَبْلِهِ you were لَئِن the الضَّالِّينَ of those الَّذِينَ who went astray ثُمَّ then أَفِضُوا ﴿١٩٨﴾

the depart (return) أَكْأَصْ where حَيْثُ (return) مِنْ
 verily (of) Allah ﷻ and ask forgiveness وَاسْتَغْفِرُوا people
 Most Merciful عَفُورٌ (is) All-Forgiving رَحِيمٌ

198. There is no sin on you if you seek the Bounty of your Lord (during pilgrimage by trading). Then when you leave 'Arafât, remember Allâh (by glorifying His Praises, i.e. prayers and invocations) at the (Hajj cite-Muzdalifah). And remember Him (by invoking Allâh for all good) as He has guided you, and verily, you were, before, of those who were astray. 199. Then depart from the place whence all the people depart and ask Allâh for His forgiveness. Truly, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most-Merciful.

فَإِذَا قَضَيْتُمْ مَنَاسِكَكُمْ فَاذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ كَذِكْرِكُمْ آبَاءَكُمْ أَوْ أَشَدَّ ذِكْرًا فَمِنْ الْكَاسِرِينَ
 يَقُولُ رَبَّنَا آتِنَا فِي الدُّنْيَا وَمَا لَهُ فِي الْآخِرَةِ مِنْ خَلْقٍ وَمِنْهُمْ مَن يَقُولُ رَبَّنَا آتِنَا فِي الدُّنْيَا
 حَسَنَةً وَفِي الْآخِرَةِ حَسَنَةً وَقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ

your مَنَاسِكَكُمْ you have accomplished قَضَيْتُمْ and when فَإِذَا
 as your كَذِكْرِكُمْ Allah ﷻ then remember فَاذْكُرُوا Hajj rites
 (with) أَشَدَّ or أَوْ (of) your forefathers آبَاءَكُمْ remembering
 people الْكَاسِرِينَ but of فَمِنْ remembrance ذِكْرًا far more
 in فِي give us آتِنَا our Lord! رَبَّنَا say يَقُولُ (are) those who
 الدُّنْيَا the world وَمَا and nothing لَهُ (is) for him فِي in الْآخِرَةِ
 (are) مِنْ the Hereafter خَلْقٍ of وَمِنْهُمْ share and of them
 الدُّنْيَا in فِي give us آتِنَا O our Lord! رَبَّنَا say يَقُولُ those who
 حَسَنَةً the Hereafter الْآخِرَةِ and in فِي good حَسَنَةً the world
 of the Fire النَّارِ torment عَذَابَ and save us (from) وَقِنَا good

200. So when you have accomplished your *Manâsik*, remember Allâh as you remember your forefathers or with a far more remembrance. But of mankind there are some who say: "Our Lord! Give us (Your Bounties) in this world!" and for such there will be no portion in the Hereafter. 201. And of them there are some who say: "Our Lord! Give us in this world that which is good and in the Hereafter that which is good, and save us from the torment of the Fire!"

mischieف وَإِنَّا and when قِيلَ it is said لَهُ to him أَنَّى fear الله
 Allah أَخَذَتْهُ takes him أَلْمَزَّةُ arrogance بِالْإِثْمِ to sin فَحَسَبُهُمْ
 Hell جَهَنَّمَ suffices for him وَلَيْسَ and indeed (is) worst أَلْمِهَادُ ﴿٦٥﴾
 the resting place

204. And of mankind there is he whose speech may please you (O Muhammad ﷺ), in this worldly life, and he calls Allāh to witness as to that which is in his heart, yet he is the most quarrelsome of the opponents. 205. And when he turns away (from you O Muhammad ﷺ), his effort in the land is to make mischief therein and to destroy the crops and the cattle, and Allāh likes not mischief. 206. And when it is said to him, "Fear Allāh", he is led by arrogance to (more) crime. So enough for him is Hell, and worst indeed is that place to rest!

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَن يَشْرِى نَفْسَهُ ابْتِغَاءَ مَرْضَاتِ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ رَءُوفٌ بِالْعِبَادِ ﴿٦٥﴾ يٰٓأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
 أَدْخُلُوا فِي السِّلْمِ كَآفَّةً وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا خُطُوٰتِ الشَّيْطٰنِ إِنَّكُمْ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌّ مُّبِينٌ ﴿٦٦﴾ فَإِن رَّكَلْتُم مِّنْ
 بَعْدِ مَا جَآءَتْكُمُ الْبَيِّنٰتُ فَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿٦٧﴾

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ and of النَّاسِ mankind مَنْ (is) he who يَشْرِى sells نَفْسَهُ
 (of) Allah ابْتِغَاءَ seeking مَرْضَاتِ pleasure الله (His) to (His) بِالْعِبَادِ (is) Most Compassionate
 and Allah رَءُوفٌ and who يٰٓأَيُّهَا O الَّذِينَ slaves
 enter أَدْخُلُوا believe and do not wholly (completely) كَآفَّةً Islam into
 تَتَّبِعُوا (you) follow خُطُوٰتِ footsteps الشَّيْطٰنِ (of) Satan. إِنَّكُمْ
 and indeed he (is) لَكُمْ for you عَدُوٌّ enemy مُّبِينٌ ﴿٦٦﴾ open فَإِن
 came to جَآءَتْكُمُ what مَا after وَنُبَدِّلْ you slide back رَّكَلْتُم if
 you الْبَيِّنٰتُ the clear signs فَاعْلَمُوا then know أَنَّ indeed الله
 Allah عَزِيزٌ (is) All-Mighty حَكِيمٌ ﴿٦٧﴾ All-Wise

207. And of mankind is he who would sell himself, seeking the Pleasure of Allāh. And Allāh is full of kindness to (His) slaves. 208. O you who believe! Enter perfectly in Islām (by obeying all the rules and regulations of the Islāmic religion) and follow not the footsteps of *Shaitān* (Satan). Verily, he is to you a plain enemy. 209. Then if you slide back after the clear signs (Prophet Muhammad ﷺ and this Qur'ān and Islām) have come to you, then know that Allāh is All-Mighty, All-Wise.

كَانَ النَّاسُ أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً فَبَعَثَ اللَّهُ النَّبِيِّينَ مُبَشِّرِينَ وَمُنْذِرِينَ وَأَنْزَلَ مَعَهُمُ الْكِتَابَ بِالْحَقِّ لِيَحْكُمَ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ فِي مَا اخْتَلَفُوا فِيهِ وَمَا اخْتَلَفَ فِيهِ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ أُوتُوهُ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَتْهُمْ الْبَيِّنَاتُ بَغْيًا بَيْنَهُمْ فَهَدَى اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لِمَا اخْتَلَفُوا فِيهِ مِنَ الْحَقِّ بِإِذْنِهِ ۗ وَاللَّهُ يَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ ﴿١٣٣﴾

كَانَ النَّاسُ أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً one community and sent فَبَعَثَ Allah the النَّبِيِّينَ the Prophets مُبَشِّرِينَ glad tidings and warnings وَمُنْذِرِينَ and sent وَأَنْزَلَ with them مَعَهُمُ the Book بِالْحَقِّ in truth to judge لِيَحْكُمَ between the الناس people and did وَمَا (in it) فِيهِ they differed اخْتَلَفُوا in what people who were أُوتُوهُ those except الَّذِينَ in it differ فِيهِ not after (the Book) جَاءَتْهُمْ that مَا came to them الْبَيِّنَاتُ the clear proofs بَيِّنَاتٍ through hatred بَيْنَهُمْ one to another فَهَدَى then guided اللَّهُ the الذين who believed آمَنُوا those who اللَّهُ then guided الَّذِينَ who differed فِيهِ in it of الْحَقِّ the truth بِإِذْنِهِ by His leave وَاللَّهُ and يَهْدِي guides مَنْ whom يَشَاءُ He wills إِلَى to صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ Straight Path ﴿١٣٣﴾

213. Mankind were one community and Allâh sent Prophets with glad tidings and warnings, and with them He sent down the Scripture in truth to judge between people in matters wherein they differed. And only those to whom (the Scripture) was given differed concerning it after clear proofs had come unto them through hatred, one to another. Then Allâh by His Leave guided those who believed to the truth of that wherein they differed. And Allâh guides whom He wills to the Straight Path.

أَمْ حَسِبْتُمْ أَنْ تُدْخِلُوا الْجَنَّةَ وَلَمَّا يَأْتِكُمْ مَثَلُ الَّذِينَ خَلَوْا مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ مَسْتَهْمُ الْبَاسَاءِ وَالضَّرَّةِ وَرَزَّلُوا حَتَّى يَقُولَ الرَّسُولُ وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مَعَهُ مَتَى نَصْرُ اللَّهِ أَلَا إِنَّ نَصْرَ اللَّهِ قَرِيبٌ ﴿١٣٤﴾ يَسْأَلُونَكَ مَاذَا يُنْفِقُونَ قُلْ مَا أَنْفَقْتُ مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَلِللَّذِينَ وَالْأَقْرَبِينَ وَالْيَتَامَى وَالْمَسْكِينِ وَابْنِ السَّبِيلِ وَمَا تَفْعَلُوا مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ بِهِ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٣٥﴾

أَمْ or حَسِبْتُمْ you think أَنْ that تُدْخِلُوا you will enter الْجَنَّةَ Paradise وَلَمَّا while يَأْتِكُمْ has not yet قُلْ the like مَثَلُ come to you الَّذِينَ (of) those who خَلَوْا passed away مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ before you مَسْتَهْمُ

and were وَزَلُّوا and affliction وَالضَّرَّةُ adversity befell them
 the Messenger الرُّسُولُ said يَقُولُ that even حَقَّ (so) shaken
 when (will مَتَى with him مَعَهُ believed مَأْمُونًا and those who
 Help نَصْرُ certainly إِذَا yes لَا (of) Allah اللَّهُ Help نَصْرُ come)
 what مَاذَا they ask you يَسْأَلُونَكَ (is) near قَرِيبٌ ﴿١١٧﴾ (of) Allah اللَّهُ
 you spend أَنْفَقْتُمْ whatever مَا say قُلْ they should spend يُنْفِقُونَ
 and وَالْأَقْرَبِينَ (is) for parents فِالْوَالِدَيْنِ wealth (good) خَيْرٌ of
 and the needy وَالْمَسْكِينِ and the orphans وَالْيَتَامَى kindered
 of مِنْ you do تَفْعَلُوا and whatever وَمَا and the wayfarer
 (is) Well-Informed عَلِيمٌ ﴿١١٨﴾ of it بِهِ Allah اللَّهُ indeed فَإِنَّ good

214. Or think you that you will enter Paradise without such (trials) as came to those who passed away before you? They were afflicted with severe poverty and ailments and were so shaken that even the Messenger and those who believed along with him said, "When (will come) the Help of Allâh?" Yes! Certainly, the Help of Allâh is near! 215. They ask you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) what they should spend. Say: "Whatever you spend of good must be for parents and kindred and orphans and *Al-Masâkin* (the poor) and the way farer, and whatever you do of good deeds, truly, Allâh knows it well."

كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْقِتَالُ وَهُوَ كُرْهُ لَكُمْ وَعَسَى أَنْ تَكْرَهُوا شَيْئًا وَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ وَعَسَى أَنْ تُحِبُّوا شَيْئًا وَهُوَ شَرٌّ لَكُمْ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١١٧﴾

كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْقِتَالُ fighting وَهُوَ though it is
 كُرْهُ لَكُمْ dislike كُرْهُ for you وَعَسَى أَنْ تَكْرَهُوا
 شَيْئًا dislike وَهُوَ a thing (is) and it
 تُحِبُّوا you like شَيْئًا and it (is) وَهُوَ
 شَرٌّ لَكُمْ bad كُرْهُ for you وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ and Allah
 لَا تَعْلَمُونَ do not know ﴿١١٨﴾ know

216. *Jihâd* (holy fighting in Allâh's Cause) is ordained for you (Muslims) though you dislike it, and it may be that you dislike a thing which is good for you and that you like a thing which is bad for you. Allâh knows but you do not know.

يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الشَّهْرِ الْحَرَامِ قِتَالٍ فِيهِ قُلْ فِيهِ كِبِيرٌ وَمَصْدٌ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَكَفْرٌ بِهِ وَالْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ
وإِخْرَاجِ أَهْلِهِ مِنْهُ أَكْبَرُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَالْفِتْنَةُ أَكْبَرُ مِنَ الْقَتْلِ وَلَا يَزَالُونَ يَقْتُلُونَكُمْ حَتَّى يَرُدُّوكُمْ عَنْ دِينِكُمْ إِنْ
اسْتَطَاعُوا وَمَنْ يَرْتَدِدْ مِنْكُمْ عَنْ دِينِهِ فَيَمُتْ وَهُوَ كَافِرٌ فَأُولَئِكَ حَبِطَتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ
وَأُولَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ ﴿٢١٧﴾

the prohibited (sacred) Month **الشَّهْرِ الْحَرَامِ** about **عَنِ** they ask you **يَسْأَلُونَكَ**
قِتَالٍ فِيهِ fighting in it **قُلْ** say **فِيهِ** in it **كِبِيرٌ** (is) fighting
Way **سَبِيلِ** from **عَنْ** and preventing **وَمَصْدٌ** a great/grave (offence)
اللَّهُ (of) Allah **وَكُفْرٌ** (in) Him **وَالْمَسْجِدِ** (in) Him
its inhabitants **أَهْلِهِ** and expelling **وِإِخْرَاجِ** the Sacred **الْحَرَامِ** Mosque
with (in the sight of) **عِنْدَ** (is) greater (offence) **أَكْبَرُ** from it **مِنْهُ**
(is) greater (more **أَكْبَرُ** and persecution **وَالْفِتْنَةُ** Allah **اللَّهُ**
they will cease **وَلَا** and not **يَزَالُونَ** than **الْقَتْلِ** killing (is) heinous)
from **عَنْ** they turn you back **يَرُدُّوكُمْ** till **حَتَّى** fighting you **يَقْتُلُونَكُمْ**
and whoso **وَمَنْ** they can **اسْتَطَاعُوا** if **إِنْ** your religion **دِينِكُمْ**
يَرْتَدِدْ turns away **عَنْ** of you **مِنْكُمْ** his religion **دِينِهِ** **فَيَمُتْ**
such are **كَافِرٌ** disbeliever **وَأُولَئِكَ** while he is **وَهُوَ** and dies
حَبِطَتْ those (as) rendered vain **أَعْمَالُهُمْ** their works **فِي** in **الدُّنْيَا**
وَالْآخِرَةِ (this) world **وَأُولَئِكَ** and those **أَصْحَابُ**
النَّارِ (of) the Fire **هُمْ** in it **فِيهَا** they **يَقْتُلُونَكُمْ**
will abide forever

217. They ask you concerning fighting in the Sacred Months (i.e. 1st, 7th, 11th and 12th months of the Islâmic calendar). Say, "Fighting therein is a great (transgression) but a greater (transgression) with Allâh is to prevent mankind from following the way of Allâh, to disbelieve in Him, to prevent access to *Al-Masjid Al-Harâm* (at Makkah), and to drive out its inhabitants, and *Al-Fitnah* is worse than killing. And they will never cease fighting you until they turn you back from your religion (Islâmic Monotheism) if they can. And whosoever of you turns back from his religion and dies as a disbeliever, then his deeds will be lost in this life and in the Hereafter, and they will be the dwellers of the Fire. They will abide therein forever."

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَالَّذِينَ هَاجَرُوا وَجَاهَدُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَولَئِكَ يَرْجُونَ رَحْمَتَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿٢١٨﴾
 وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الْخَمْرِ وَالْمَيْسِرِ قُلْ فِيهِمَا إِثْمٌ كَبِيرٌ وَمَنْفَعٌ لِلنَّاسِ وَإِثْمُهُمَا أَكْبَرُ مِنْ نَفْعِهِمَا
 وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ مَاذَا يُنْفِقُونَ قُلِ الْمَفْزُوءُ كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ ءَايَاتِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَفَكَّرُونَ ﴿٢١٩﴾

and those الَّذِينَ believed ءَامَنُوا those who verily الَّذِينَ who هَاجَرُوا emigrated وَجَاهَدُوا strove in سَبِيلِ Way of اللَّهِ and those who رَجُونَ hope (for) رَحْمَتَ the Mercy of اللَّهِ Most (is) Oft-Forgiving رَّحِيمٌ ﴿٢١٨﴾ and Allah عَفُورٌ and Allah (of) اللَّهُ Merciful ﴿٢١٩﴾ they ask you وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ about الْخَمْرِ intoxicants and الْمَيْسِرِ evil/sin قُلْ in both فِيهِمَا say قُلْ and games of chance and كَبِيرٌ great (is) وَمَنْفَعٌ benefits and لِلنَّاسِ for men وَإِثْمُهُمَا and their evil أَكْبَرُ greater (is) مِنْ than نَفْعِهِمَا their benefit وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ and they ask you مَاذَا what (how much) يُنْفِقُونَ they should spend قُلِ Allah makes clear يُبَيِّنُ thus كَذَلِكَ the surplus الْمَفْزُوءُ say لَكُمْ to you (His) ءَايَاتِهِ revelations لَعَلَّكُمْ so that you may تَتَفَكَّرُونَ ﴿٢١٩﴾ reflect

218. Verily, those who have believed, and those who have emigrated (for Allâh's religion) and have striven hard in the way of Allâh, all these hope for Allâh's Mercy. And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most-Merciful. 219. They ask you (O Muhammad ﷺ) concerning alcoholic drink and gambling. Say: "In them is a great sin, and (some) benefits for men, but the sin of them is greater than their benefit." And they ask you what they ought to spend. Say: "That which is beyond your needs." Thus Allâh makes clear to you His Laws in order that you may give thought."

فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الْيَتَامَى قُلْ إِصْلَاحٌ لَّهُمْ خَيْرٌ وَإِنْ تُخَالِطُوهُمْ فَإِخْوَانُكُمْ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ الْمُفْسِدَ مِنَ الْمُصْلِحِ وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَأَغْنَتْكُمْ عَنْ اللَّهِ غَيْرُهُ حِكْمٌ ﴿٢٢٠﴾

and the Hereafter وَالْآخِرَةُ (this) world الدُّنْيَا on فِي وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ and the يَتَامَى orphans قُلْ say إِصْلَاحٌ (seeking) and تُخَالِطُوهُمْ and if (is) خَيْرٌ best وَإِنْ (is) good لَّهُمْ

then (they are) your brothers **فَاِخْوَانُكُمْ** with them (your affairs) **وَاللّٰهُ** and Allah **يَعْلَمُ** knows the mischievous **مِّنَ** the **الْمُفْسِدِ** **لَاغْنَتَكُمْ** Allah **اللّٰهُ** had willed **وَلَوْ** and the well-wisher **الْمُصْلِحِ** **اِنَّ** He could have put you in difficulties **عَزِيزٌ** Allah **اللّٰهُ** indeed **حَكِيمٌ** All-Wise (is) All-Mighty

220. In (to) this worldly life and in the Hereafter. And they ask you concerning orphans. Say: "The best thing is to work honestly in their property, and if you mix your affairs with theirs, then they are your brothers. And Allâh knows him who means mischief (e.g. to swallow their property) from him who means good (e.g. to save their property). And if Allâh had wished, He could have put you into difficulties. Truly, Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise."

وَلَا تُنكِحُوا الْمُشْرِكَةَ حَتَّىٰ تُؤْمِنَ ۚ وَلَا أُمَةٌ مُّؤْمِنَةٌ حَتَّىٰ مِّنْ مُّشْرِكٍ وَلَوْ أَعْجَبَتْكُمْ وَلَا تُنكِحُوا الْمُشْرِكِينَ حَتَّىٰ يُؤْمِنُوا ۚ وَلَعَبْدٌ مُّؤْمِنٌ خَيْرٌ مِّمَّنْ مُّشْرِكٍ وَلَوْ أَعْجَبَكُمْ ۚ أُولَٰئِكَ يَدْعُونَ إِلَى النَّارِ وَاللّٰهُ يَدْعُو إِلَى الْجَنَّةِ وَالْمَغْفِرَةِ بِآيَاتِهِ ۚ وَبَيِّنَ آيَاتِهِ لِلنَّاسِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿٢٢٠﴾

until **وَلَا** idolateresses **الْمُشْرِكَةَ** marry **تُنكِحُوا** and do not **يُؤْمِنَ** believing **وَلَا أُمَةٌ** and indeed a slave **مُؤْمِنَةٌ** **خَيْرٌ** (is) better **مِّنْ** **مُشْرِكٍ** an idolatress **وَلَوْ** even though **أَعْجَبَتْكُمْ** give in marriage **تُنكِحُوا** and do not **وَلَا** she pleases (allures) you **يُؤْمِنُوا** until **حَتَّىٰ** (to) idolaters **الْمُشْرِكِينَ** your women **وَلَعَبْدٌ** (is) better **خَيْرٌ** believing **مُؤْمِنٌ** and indeed a slave **مُشْرِكٍ** he pleases you **أُولَٰئِكَ** even though **وَلَوْ** an idolater **يَدْعُونَ** those **وَاللّٰهُ** the Fire **إِلَى النَّارِ** and Allah **يَدْعُو** invite (you) **إِلَى الْجَنَّةِ** and (to) forgiveness **وَالْمَغْفِرَةِ** **بِآيَاتِهِ** and He makes clear **وَبَيِّنَ** by His Leave **لِلنَّاسِ** His Verses **لَعَلَّهُمْ** so that they may **يَتَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿٢٢٠﴾** for people (to mankind) remember

221. And do not marry *Al-Mushrikât* (idolateresses) till they believe (worship Allâh Alone). And indeed a slave woman who believes is better than a (free) *Mushrikah* (idolateress), even though she pleases you. And give not (your daughters) in

marriage to *Al-Mushrikûn* till they believe (in Allâh Alone) and verily, a believing slave is better than a (free) *Mushrik* (idolater), even though he pleases you. Those (*Al-Mushrikûn*) invite you to the Fire, but Allâh invites (you) to Paradise and forgiveness by His Leave, and makes His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) clear to mankind that they may remember.

وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الْمَحِيضِ قُلْ هُوَ أَذًى فَأَعْرِضُوا عَنِ النِّسَاءِ فِي الْمَحِيضِ وَلَا تَقْرُبُوهُنَّ حَتَّى يَطْهَرْنَ فَإِذَا تَطَهَّرْنَ فَأْتُوهُنَّ مِنْ حَيْثُ أَمَرَكُمُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ التَّوَّابِينَ وَيُحِبُّ الْمُتَطَهِّرِينَ ﴿٢٢٢﴾

وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ menstruation about عَنِ and they ask you قُلْ
so keep away فَأَعْرِضُوا noxiousness (illness) أَذًى it (is) هُوَ say
and do لَا menstruation الْمَحِيضِ during فِي (from) women النِّسَاءِ
they are cleansed يَطْهَرْنَ till حَتَّى approach them لَا تَقْرُبُوهُنَّ
then come (go) to them فَأَتُوهُنَّ they are cleansed تَطَهَّرْنَ and when
Allah الله verily إِنَّ Allah الله commanded you أَمَرَكُمُ as مِنْ حَيْثُ
يُحِبُّ those who repent التَّوَّابِينَ and loves وَيُحِبُّ الْمُتَطَهِّرِينَ ﴿٢٢٢﴾
those who purify themselves

222. They ask you concerning menstruation. Say: that is an *Adha* (a harmful thing for a husband to have a sexual intercourse with his wife while she is having her menses), therefore, keep away from women during menses and go not unto them till they are purified (from menses and have taken a bath). And when they have purified themselves, then go in unto them as Allâh has ordained for you (go in unto them in any manner as long as it is in their vagina). Truly, Allâh loves those who turn unto Him in repentance and loves those who purify themselves (by taking a bath and cleaning and washing thoroughly their private parts and bodies for their prayers).

يَسْأَلُكُمْ حَرْثٌ لَكُمْ فَأْتُوا حَرْثَكُمْ أَنْتُمْ وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّكُمْ مُلْفُوهٌ وَبَشِّرِ
الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٢٢٣﴾ وَلَا تَجْعَلُوا اللَّهَ عُرْضَةً لِأَيْمَانِكُمْ أَنْ تَبَرُّوا وَتَتَّقُوا وَتُصْلِحُوا بَيْنَ النَّاسِ وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ
عَلِيمٌ ﴿٢٢٤﴾

يَسْأَلُكُمْ حَرْثٌ your wives لَكُمْ (are) (as) a tilth حَرْثٌ فَأْتُوا for you
(to) حَرْثَكُمْ your tilth أَنْتُمْ as (when and how) وَاعْلَمُوا you wish
and send before you لِأَيْمَانِكُمْ and تَبَرُّوا for yourselves (your souls) وَاعْلَمُوا

meet Him **تَلْقَوْهُ** that you **أَنْتُمْ** and know **وَأَعْلَمُوا** Allah **اللَّهُ** fear
 and **وَلَا** the believers **الْمُؤْمِنِينَ** and give good tidings to **وَبَشِّرِ**
 impediment **عُرْضَةً** Allah (Allah's name) **اللَّهُ** make **تَجْعَلُوا** do not
 you do good **تَبَرُّوا** that **أَب** in your oaths **لَا يَمْنِكُمْ** (an excuse)
وَتَتَّقُوا among **بَيْنَ** and reconcile **وَتُصْلِحُوا** and act piously **وَتَتَّقُوا**
 mankind **وَاللَّهُ** and Allah **سَمِيعٌ** (is) All-Hearing **عَلِيمٌ**
 All-Knowing

223. Your wives are a tilth for you, so go to your tilth, when or how you will, and send (good deeds, or ask Allâh to bestow upon you pious offspring) for your own selves beforehand. And fear Allâh, and know that you are to meet Him (in the Hereafter), and give good tidings to the believers (O Muhammad ﷺ).

224. And make not Allâh's (Name) an excuse in your oaths against your doing good and acting piously, and making peace among mankind. And Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower (i.e. do not swear much and if you have sworn against doing something good then give an expiation for the oath and do good).

لَا يُؤَاخِذُكُمُ اللَّهُ بِالْفُتُوِّ فِي أَيْمَانِكُمْ وَلَكِنْ يُؤَاخِذُكُمْ بِمَا كَسَبَتْ قُلُوبُكُمْ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ حَلِيمٌ **لِلَّذِينَ يُؤْلُونَ مِنْ نِسَائِهِمْ**
رَبْعَ أَشْهُرٍ فَإِنْ فَاءُوا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ **وَإِنْ عَزَمُوا الطَّلَاقَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ**

لَا **يُؤَاخِذُكُمُ** Allah **اللَّهُ** will blame you **بِالْفُتُوِّ** not **فِي**
أَيْمَانِكُمْ in **وَلَكِنْ** your oaths **يُؤَاخِذُكُمْ** but **بِمَا** will call you to account
 (is) **عَفُورٌ** and Allah **وَاللَّهُ** your hearts **قُلُوبُكُمْ** earned **كَسَبَتْ** for what
لِلَّذِينَ All-Forbearing **حَلِيمٌ** All-Forgiving
 (is) a **رَبْعَ** their wives **نِسَائِهِمْ** from **يُنْ** swear for abstinence
 they return **فَاءُوا** then if **فَإِنْ** months **أَشْهُرٍ** (of) four **أَرْبَعَةَ** waiting
فَإِنَّ Most **رَحِيمٌ** (is) All-Forgiving **عَفُورٌ** Allah **وَاللَّهُ** verily
وَإِنْ Merciful **عَزَمُوا** and if **الطَّلَاقَ** they resolve on (decide upon)
عَلِيمٌ (is) All-Hearing **سَمِيعٌ** Allah **وَاللَّهُ** then indeed **فَإِنَّ** divorce
 All-Knowing

225. Allâh will not call you to account for that which is unintentional in your oaths, but He will call you to account for that which your hearts have earned. And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most-Forbearing. 226. Those who take an oath not to have

sexual relation with their wives must wait for four months, then if they return (change their idea in this period), verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful. 227. And if they decide upon divorce, then Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

وَالْمُطَلَّقَاتُ يَرْجِعْنَ بِأَنْفُسِهِنَّ ثَلَاثَةَ قُرُوءٍ وَلَا يَحِلُّ لَهُنَّ أَنْ يَكْتُمْنَ مَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ فِي أَرْحَامِهِنَّ إِنْ كُنَّ يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَيَعُولُنَّ أَحَقُّ بِرَدِّهِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ إِنْ أَرَادُوا إِصْلَاحًا وَلَهُنَّ مِثْلُ الَّذِي عَلَيْهِنَّ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَلِلرِّجَالِ عَلَيْهِنَّ دَرَجَةٌ ۗ وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿٢٢٧﴾

وَالْمُطَلَّقَاتُ shall wait يَرْجِعْنَ and divorced women ثَلَاثَةَ قُرُوءٍ menstrual periods three ثَلَاثَةَ concerning themselves وَلَا they يَكْتُمْنَ that أَنْ to them هُنَّ it is allowed (lawful) يَحِلُّ not their أَرْحَامِهِنَّ in فِي Allah اللَّهُ created خَلَقَ what مَا conceal Day وَالْيَوْمِ in Allah بِاللَّهِ believe يُؤْمِنُ they كُنَّ if إِنْ wombs have better right (are أَحَقُّ and their husbands وَيَعُولُنَّ the Last الْآخِرُ more entitled) بِرَدِّهِنَّ to take them back فِي in ذَلِكَ (period) that إِنْ and for them وَلَهُنَّ reconciliation إِصْلَاحًا they intended if أَرَادُوا (is) on them عَلَيْهِنَّ (of) that which الَّذِي (is) the like مِثْلُ (wives) over them عَلَيْهِنَّ but for men وَلِلرِّجَالِ to what is reasonable بِالْمَعْرُوفِ دَرَجَةٌ (is) a degree وَاللَّهُ and عَزِيزٌ All-Mighty حَكِيمٌ (is) All-Wise

All-Wise

228. And divorced women shall wait (as regards their marriage) for three menstrual periods, and it is not lawful for them to conceal what Allâh has created in their wombs, if they believe in Allâh and the Last Day. And their husbands have the better right to take them back in that period, if they wish for reconciliation. And they (women) have rights (over their husbands as regards living expenses) similar (to those of their husbands) over them (as regards obedience and respect) to what is reasonable, but men have a degree (of responsibility) over them. And Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise.

الطَّلَاقُ مَرَّتَانٍ فَإِنْ سَاقَا بِمَعْرُوفٍ أَوْ تَسَرَّعَا فِي الْحَسَنِ وَلَا يَحِلُّ لَكُمَّ أَنْ تَأْخُذُوا بِمَا آتَيْنَهُنَّ شَيْئًا إِلَّا أَنْ يَخَافَا أَلَّا يُقِيمَا حُدُودَ اللَّهِ فَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ أَلَّا يُقِيمَا حُدُودَ اللَّهِ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا فِيمَا افْتَدَتْ بِهِ تِلْكَ حُدُودُ اللَّهِ فَلَا تَعْتَدُوهَا وَمَنْ يَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَ اللَّهِ فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ ﴿٢٢٨﴾

أَطْلَقُ then retaining فَاِمْسَاكِ (is) twice مَرَّتَيْنِ the divorce
 and وَلَا with kindness بِإِحْسَنٍ releasing تَسْرِيحٍ or reasonably
 (you) take back تَأْخُذُوا that أَنْ for you لَكُمْ it is lawful يَحِلُّ not
 anything شَيْئًا you had given them (wives) ءَاتَيْتُمُوهُنَّ of what
 they will be يُقِيمَا that not إِلَّا both fear يَخَافَا that أَنْ except
 you fear خِفْتُمْ and if فَإِنْ (of) Allah ﷻ limits حُدُودَ able to keep
 (of) ﷻ limits حُدُودَ they will be able to keep يُقِيمَا that not إِلَّا
 on both of them عَلَيْهِمَا sin جُنَاحٌ then (there is) no فَلَا Allah
 these (are) تِلْكَ for that بِهَا she paid as ransom أَتَتْكَ in what
 transgress تَعْتَدُوهُنَّ so do not فَلَا (of) Allah ﷻ limits حُدُودَ
 (of) ﷻ limits حُدُودَ transgresses يَتَعَدَّ and whoever وَمَنْ them
 the wrong-doers الظَّالِمُونَ ﷻ they هُمْ those (are) ﷻ Allah

229. The divorce is twice, after that, either you retain her on reasonable terms or release her with kindness. And it is not lawful for you (men) to take back (from your wives) any of your *Mahr* (bridal-money given by the husband to his wife at the time of marriage) which you have given them, except when both parties fear that they would be unable to keep the limits ordained by Allâh (e.g. to deal with each other on a fair basis). Then if you fear that they would not be able to keep the limits ordained by Allâh, then there is no sin on either of them if she gives back (the *Mahr* or a part of it) for her *Al-Khul'* (divorce). These are the limits ordained by Allâh, so do not transgress them. And whoever transgresses the limits ordained by Allâh, then such are the *Zâlimûn* (wrongdoers).

فَإِنْ طَلَّقَهَا فَلَا يَحِلُّ لَهُ مِنْ بَعْدُ حَتَّى تَنْكِحَ زَوْجًا غَيْرَهُ فَإِنْ طَلَّقَهَا فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا أَنْ يَرْجِعَا إِنْ ظَنَّا أَنْ يُقِيمَا حُدُودَ
 ﷻ وَتِلْكَ حُدُودُ ﷻ يُبَيِّنُهَا لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ ﷻ

فَإِنْ طَلَّقَهَا and if فَلَا he divorces her طَلَّقَهَا then not يَحِلُّ she is lawful لَهُ
 a مِنْ بَعْدُ thereafter حَتَّى until تَنْكِحَ she marries زَوْجًا
 فَلَا he divorces her طَلَّقَهَا then if فَإِنْ other than him غَيْرَهُ husband
 they يَرْجِعَا that أَنْ on both of them عَلَيْهِمَا sin جُنَاحٌ (there is) no
 يُقِيمَا that أَنْ both of them think ظَنَّا if إِنْ return to one another
 and وَتِلْكَ (of) Allah ﷻ limits حُدُودَ they would be able to keep

He makes them clear **يُبَيِّنُهَا** (of) Allah **اللَّهُ** limits **حُدُودُ** these (are) who know **يَعْلَمُونَ** to people **لِقَوْمٍ**

230. And if he has divorced her (the third time), then she is not lawful unto him thereafter until she has married another husband. Then, if the other husband divorces her, it is no sin on both of them that they reunite, provided they feel that they can keep the limits ordained by Allâh. These are the limits of Allâh, which He makes plain for the people who have knowledge.

وَإِذَا طَلَّقْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ فَلَمَّا بَلَغْنَ أَجَلَهُنَّ فَأَمْسِكُوهُنَّ بِمَعْرُوفٍ أَوْ سَرِّحُوهُنَّ بِمَعْرُوفٍ وَلَا تُمْسِكُوهُنَّ ضِرَارًا لِّتَعْتَدُوا وَمَن يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ فَقَدْ ظَلَمَ نَفْسَهُ وَلَا تَتَّخِذُوا آيَاتِ اللَّهِ هُزُوًا وَاذْكُرُوا فِعْلَتَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ وَمَا أُنزِلَ عَلَيْكُم مِّنَ الْكِتَابِ وَالْحِكْمَةِ يَعِظُكُم بِهِ وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٢٣٠﴾

and they **طَلَّقْتُمُ** women **النِّسَاءَ** you divorce **وَالِذَا** and when **فَلَمَّا** reach **أَجَلَهُنَّ** their prescribed term **فَأَمْسِكُوهُنَّ** then retain them **بِمَعْرُوفٍ** let them go **أَوْ** in a fair manner **سَرِّحُوهُنَّ** to hurt (them) **بِمَعْرُوفٍ** retain them **وَلَا** manner **تُمْسِكُوهُنَّ** but do not **ضِرَارًا** that **يَفْعَلْ** and whoso **وَمَن** so that you transgress **لِّتَعْتَدُوا** does **ذَلِكَ** indeed **فَقَدْ** he wrongs **نَفْسَهُ** and do not **وَلَا** himself **تَتَّخِذُوا** and **آيَاتِ** you take **اللَّهُ** Verses **اللَّهُ** (of) Allah **هُزُوًا** as a jest **وَاذْكُرُوا** and **فِعْلَتَ** remember **اللَّهُ** Favour **اللَّهُ** (of) Allah **عَلَيْكُمْ** upon you **وَمَا** and **أُنزِلَ** that which **عَلَيْكُمْ** He sent down **مِّنَ** upon you **الْكِتَابِ** of the Book **يَعِظُكُم** with **بِهِ** He admonishes you **وَاتَّقُوا** and (of) the Wisdom **وَالْحِكْمَةِ** it **وَاللَّهُ** and fear **وَاللَّهُ** and know (well) **وَالْعِلْمُ** and **أَنَّ** that **اللَّهُ** Allah **بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ** of all things **عَلِيمٌ** (is) Aware

231. And when you have divorced women and they have fulfilled the term of their prescribed period, either take them back on reasonable basis or set them free on reasonable basis. But do not take them back to hurt them, and whoever does that, then he has wronged himself. And treat not the Verses (Laws) of Allâh as a jest, but remember Allâh's Favours on you (i.e. Islâm), and that which He has sent down to you of the Book (i.e. the Qur'ân) and *Al-Hikmah* (the Prophet's *Sunnah* — legal ways — Islâmic jurisprudence) whereby He instructs you. And fear Allâh, and know that Allâh is All-Aware of everything.

وَلِذَا طَلَقْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ فَلَمْ تَمُضُوا لَهُنَّ أَنْ يَنْكِحْنَ أَزْوَاجَهُنَّ إِذَا تَرَاضَوْا بَيْنَهُمْ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ ذَلِكَ يُوعَظُ بِهِ مَنْ كَانَ مِنْكُمْ يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ ذَلِكَ لَكُمْ وَأَظْهَرُ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٨٧﴾

وَلِذَا طَلَقْتُمُ women the nîsâ you divorce and when then do not فَلَمْ their (waiting) prescribed term reach أَجَلَهُنَّ they get married يَنْكِحْنَ that أَنْ prevent them تَمُضُوا they agree بَيْنَهُمْ mutually this (is admonition) ذَلِكَ in a fair manner بِالْمَعْرُوفِ of you مِنْكُمْ (is) كَذَ he who مَنْ with it (is) بِهِ admonished وَالْيَوْمِ in Allah believes the Last and the Day وَالْآخِرُ (and) وَأَظْهَرُ and purer وَاللَّهُ and (is) that (is) أَتَى cleaner لَكُمْ for you وَأَنْتُمْ knows Allah لَا and you لَا تَعْلَمُونَ know

232. And when you have divorced women and they have fulfilled the term of their prescribed period, do not prevent them from marrying their (former) husbands, if they mutually agree on reasonable basis. This (instruction) is an admonition for him among you who believes in Allâh and the Last Day. That is more virtuous and purer for you. Allâh knows and you know not.

وَالْوَالِدَاتُ يُرْضِعْنَ أَوْلَدَهُنَّ حَوْلَيْنِ كَامِلَيْنِ لِمَنْ أَرَادَ أَنْ يُنَمِّىَ الرِّضَاعَةَ وَعَلَى الْمَوْلُودِ لَهُ يَرْزُقُهُنَّ وَيَكْسُوهُنَّ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ لَا تَكْلَفُ نَفْسٌ إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا لَا تُضَارُّ وَالِدَةٌ بَوْلِدَهَا وَلَا مَوْلُودٌ لَهُ يُولَدُهَا وَعَلَى الْوَارِثِ مِثْلُ ذَلِكَ فَإِنْ أَرَادَا فِصَالًا عَنْ تَرَاضٍ مِنْهُمَا وَشَاوِرٍ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا وَإِنْ أَرَدْتُمْ أَنْ تَسْتَرْضِعُوا أَوْلَادَكُمْ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ إِذَا سَلَّمْتُمْ مَا آتَيْتُم بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَالْقَوْلُ اللَّهُ وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿٨٨﴾

وَالْوَالِدَاتُ shall suckle يُرْضِعْنَ and the mothers أَوْلَدَهُنَّ their for those who لِمَنْ whole حَوْلَيْنِ (for) two years كَامِلَيْنِ children أَرَادَ أَنْ desire to يُنَمِّىَ the suckling الرِّضَاعَةَ complete وَعَلَى the food (is) their (mothers) يَرْزُقُهُنَّ him to whom the child is born الْمَوْلُودُ لَهُ not لَا in a fair manner بِالْمَعْرُوفِ and their clothing تَكْلَفُ نَفْسٌ is tasked إِلَّا a soul وُسْعَهَا except لَا to its capacity وَشَاوِرٍ (should be) made to suffer neither بَوْلِدَهَا mother وَالِدَةٌ

for وَلَدِهِ he to whom the child is born مَوْلُوهُ nor وَلَا her child
 (of) that ذَٰلِكَ (is) like مِثْلُ the heir الْوَارِثُ and on وَعَلَى his child
 فَإِنْ and if أَرَادَا both decide فِصَالًا on weaning عَنْ by رَاضٍ
 and (after) وَتَشَاوَرَا of both of them (mutual) مَتَشَاوَرَا consent
 on them both عَلَيْهِمَا sin جُنَاحٌ then (there is) no consultation
 to give out to nurse (to تَسْتَرْضِعُونَ you decide أَرَدْتُمْ and if
 then (there is) فَلَا your children أَوْلَدَكُمْ engage a wet-nurse) (for)
 جُنَاحٌ no عَلَيْكُمْ sin on you إِذَا when سَلَّمْتُمْ you pay مَا what مَالَكُمْ
 and fear وَالْقَوَا in a fair manner بِالْمَعْرُوفِ (is) due from you
 Allah وَأَعْلَمُوا and know well أَنَّ that اللَّهُ Allah of what بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ
 (is) All-Seer ﴿٢٢٣﴾ you do

233. The mothers shall give suck to their children for two whole years, (that is) for those (parents) who desire to complete the term of suckling, but the father of the child shall bear the cost of the mother's food and clothing on a reasonable basis. No person shall have a burden laid on him greater than he can bear. No mother shall be treated unfairly on account of her child, nor father on account of his child. And on the (father's) heir is incumbent the like of that (which was incumbent on the father). If they both decide on weaning, by mutual consent, and after due consultation, there is no sin on them. And if you decide on a foster suckling-mother for your children, there is no sin on you, provided you pay (the mother) what you agreed (to give her) on reasonable basis. And fear Allâh and know that Allâh is All-Seer of what you do.

وَالَّذِينَ يُتَوَفَّوْنَ مِنْكُمْ وَيَذَرُونَ أَزْوَاجًا يَتَرَضَّعْنَ أَنْفُسَهُنَّ أَرْبَعَةَ أَشْهُرٍ وَعَشْرًا فَإِذَا بَلَغْنَ أَجَلَهُنَّ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ
 فِيمَا فَعَلْنَ فِي أَنْفُسِهِنَّ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ﴿٢٢٣﴾

and leave وَيَذَرُونَ of you مِنْكُمْ die يُتَوَفَّوْنَ and those who
 with regard بِأَنْفُسِهِنَّ they (the wives) shall wait يَتَرَضَّعْنَ wives أَزْوَاجًا
 and ten (days) وَعَشْرًا months أَشْهُرٍ (for) four أَرْبَعَةَ to themselves
 فَلَا their (waiting) term أَجَلَهُنَّ they reach بَلَغْنَ and when إِذَا
 they فَعَلْنَ in what فِيمَا on you عَلَيْكُمْ sin جُنَاحٌ then (there is) no

do concerning أَنفُسِهِنَّ themselves بِالْمَعْرُوفِ in a fair manner and وَاللَّهِ (is) Well-Aware خَيْرٌ you do تَعْمَلُونَ of what بِمَا Allah

234. And those of you who die and leave wives behind them, they (the wives) shall wait (as regards their marriage) for four months and ten days, then when they have fulfilled their term, there is no sin on you if they (the wives) dispose of themselves in a just and honourable manner (i.e. they can marry). And Allâh is Well-Acquainted with what you do.

وَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِيمَا عَرَّضْتُمْ بِهِ مِنْ خُطْبَةِ النِّسَاءِ أَوْ أَكْنَنْتُمْ فِي أَنْفُسِكُمْ عِلْمَ اللَّهِ أَنَكُمْ سَتَذْكُرُوهُنَّ وَلَٰكِنْ لَا تُوَاعِدُوهُنَّ سِرًّا إِلَّا أَنْ تَقُولُوا قَوْلًا مَّعْرُوفًا وَلَا تَعْرِضُوا عُقْدَةَ النِّكَاحِ حَتَّىٰ يَبْلُغَ الْكِتَابُ أَجَلَهُ وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي أَنْفُسِكُمْ فَاحْذَرُوهُ وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ حَلِيمٌ

وَلَا (there is) no جُنَاحَ sin عَلَيْكُمْ on you فِيمَا in what عَرَّضْتُمْ you offered (with it) مِنْ of خُطْبَةِ marriage proposal النِّسَاءِ (such) women أَوْ or أَكْنَنْتُمْ you concealed it فِي in أَنْفُسِكُمْ yourselves عِلْمَ Allah knows اللَّهُ that you أَنْكُمْ will سَتَذْكُرُوهُنَّ that you make تُوَاعِدُوهُنَّ do not لَا but وَلَٰكِنْ mention them/remember them you secretly إِلَّا except أَنْ that you تَقُولُوا say قَوْلًا (something) a saying مَّعْرُوفًا honourably وَلَا and do not تَعْرِضُوا the tie عُقْدَةَ marriage (of) حَتَّىٰ till يَبْلُغَ reaches الْكِتَابُ the prescribed term أَجَلُهُ its end وَاعْلَمُوا and know أَنَّ that اللَّهُ knows مَا what (is) فِي in أَنْفُسِكُمْ that and know وَاعْلَمُوا so beware of Him فَاحْذَرُوهُ your minds اللَّهُ Allah عَفُورٌ (is) All-Forgiving حَلِيمٌ All-Forbearing

235. And there is no sin on you if you make a hint of betrothal or conceal it in yourself, Allâh knows that you will remember them, but do not make a promise of contract with them in secret except that you speak an honourable saying according to the Islâmic law. And do not consummate the marriage until the term prescribed is fulfilled. And know that Allâh knows what is in your minds, so fear Him. And know that Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Forbearing.

لَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ إِنْ طَلَقْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ مَا لَمْ تَمْسُوهُنَّ أَوْ تَقْرِضُوا لَهُنَّ فَرِيضَةً وَمَتِّعُوهُنَّ عَلَى الْوَسْعِ قَدَرُهُ وَعَلَى الْمَقْتَرِ قَدَرُهُ مَتْنَعًا بِالْمَعْرُوفِ حَقًّا عَلَى الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٢٣٦﴾

لَا (there is) no جُنَاحَ sin عَلَيْكُمْ on you إِنْ if طَلَقْتُمُ divorce
النِّسَاءَ women مَا while لَمْ not تَمْسُوهُنَّ you have touched them أَوْ
تَقْرِضُوا you have fixed لَهُنَّ for them فَرِيضَةً a settled portion
وَمَتِّعُوهُنَّ (dower) عَلَى and provide for them الْوَسْعِ wealthy قَدَرُهُ
according to his means وَعَلَى according to poor قَدَرُهُ means
a duty حَقًّا reasonable بِالْمَعْرُوفِ (is) a provision مَتْنَعًا to his means
عَلَى upon الْمُحْسِنِينَ the good-doers ﴿٢٣٦﴾

236. There is no sin on you, if you divorce women while yet you have not touched (had sexual relation with) them, nor appointed unto them their *Mahr* (bridal-money given by the husband to his wife at the time of marriage). But bestow on them (a suitable gift), the rich according to his means, and the poor according to his means, a gift of reasonable amount is a duty on the doers of good.

وَإِنْ طَلَقْتُمُوهُنَّ مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تَمْسُوهُنَّ وَقَدْ فَرَضْتُمْ لَهُنَّ فَرِيضَةً فَنِصْفُ مَا فَرَضْتُمْ إِلَّا أَنْ يَعْفُوَا أَوْ يَعْفُوا الَّذِي بِيَدِهِ عُقْدَةُ النِّكَاحِ وَأَنْ تَعْفُوا أَقْرَبُ لِلتَّقْوَى وَلَا تَنْسُوا الْفَضْلَ بَيْنَكُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿٢٣٧﴾

وَإِنْ and if طَلَقْتُمُوهُنَّ you divorce them مِنْ قَبْلِ before أَنْ that
تَمْسُوهُنَّ you touch them وَقَدْ (indeed) فَرَضْتُمْ you have fixed
لَهُنَّ for them فَرِيضَةً a settled portion (dower) فَنِصْفُ then half
(of) what فَرَضْتُمْ unless إِلَّا أَنْ you have fixed (that) يَعْفُوَا they
or يَعْفُوا (agree to) forego أَوْ (agree to) forego الَّذِي (agrees to) he بِيَدِهِ in
whose hand عُقْدَةُ (is) knot النِّكَاحِ (of) marriage وَأَنْ and that
تَعْفُوا you (agree to) forego أَقْرَبُ (is) closer لِلتَّقْوَى to
piety وَلَا and do not تَنْسُوا (you) forget الْفَضْلَ grace
(liberality) بَيْنَكُمْ among yourselves إِنَّ indeed اللَّهُ Allah بِمَا
of what تَعْمَلُونَ you do بَصِيرٌ ﴿٢٣٧﴾ (is) All-Seer

237. And if you divorce them before you have touched (had a sexual relation with) them, and you have appointed unto them the *Mahr* (bridal-money given by the husband to his wife at the time of marriage), then pay half of that (*Mahr*), unless they (the women) agree to forego it, or he (the husband), in whose hands is the marriage tie, agrees to forego and give her full appointed *Mahr*. And to forego and give (her the full *Mahr*) is nearer to *At-Taqla* (piety, righteousness). And do not forget liberality between yourselves. Truly, Allâh is All-Seer of what you do.

حَافِظُوا عَلَى الصَّلَوَاتِ وَالصَّلَاةِ الْوُسْطَىٰ وَقُومُوا لِلَّهِ قَانِتِينَ ﴿٢٣٧﴾ فَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ فَرِجَالًا أَوْ رُكْبَانًا فَإِذَا أَمِنْتُمْ فَأَذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ كَمَا عَلَّمَكُم مَّا لَمْ تَكُونُوا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٢٣٨﴾ وَالَّذِينَ يُتَوَفَّوْنَ مِنْكُمْ وَيَذَرُونَ أَزْوَاجًا وَصِيَّةً لِأَزْوَاجِهِمْ مَّتَعًا إِلَى الْحَوْلِ غَيْرَ إِخْرَاجٍ فَإِنْ خَرَجْنَ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِي مَا فَعَلْنَ فِي أَنْفُسِهِنَّ مِنْ مَّعْرُوفٍ وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿٢٣٩﴾

the prayers الصَّلَوَاتِ over عَلَى be watchful (offer regularly) حَافِظُوا
for and stand up قُومُوا middle الْوُسْطَى and the prayer الصَّلَاةِ
Allah قَانِتِينَ ﴿٢٣٧﴾ and if خِفْتُمْ utmost obediently/truly devout
and when فَإِذَا riding رُكْبَانًا or أَوْ then on foot فَرِجَالًا you fear
as أَمِنْتُمْ Allah الله then remember فَأَذْكُرُوا you feel secured
you did عَلَّمَكُم not لَمْ that which مَّا He has taught you
of you تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٢٣٨﴾ know وَالَّذِينَ and those يُتَوَفَّوْنَ who die مِنْكُمْ
(should make) a bequest وَصِيَّةً wives أَزْوَاجًا and leave وَيَذَرُونَ
لِأَزْوَاجِهِمْ مَّتَعًا for their wives (for) maintenance إِلَى for الْحَوْلِ
one year غَيْرَ without إِخْرَاجٍ turning them out فَإِنْ but if خَرَجْنَ
in on you عَلَيْكُمْ sin جُنَاحَ then (there is) no فَلَا they leave
in themselves مَعْرُوفٍ for فِي they do فَعَلْنَ what مَّا
(is) All-Mighty عَزِيزٌ and Allah وَاللَّهُ an honourable manner
All-Wise حَكِيمٌ ﴿٢٣٩﴾

238. Guard strictly (five obligatory) *As-Salawât* (the prayers) especially the middle *Salât* (i.e. the best prayer - '*Asr*'). And stand before Allâh with obedience [and do not speak to others during the *Salât* (prayers)]. 239. And if you fear (an enemy), perform *Salât* (pray) on foot or riding. And when you are in safety, offer the *Salât* (prayer) in the manner He has taught you, which you knew not (before). 240. And

those of you who die and leave behind wives should bequeath for their wives a year's maintenance and residence without turning them out, but if they (wives) leave, there is no sin on you for that which they do of themselves, provided it is honourable (e.g. lawful marriage). And Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise.

وَالْمُطَلَّقَاتُ مَتَّعٌ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ حَقًّا عَلَى الْمَتَّقِينَ ﴿٩١﴾ كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ ءَايَاتِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿٩٢﴾ أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ خَرَجُوا مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ وَهُمْ أُلُوفٌ حَذَرَ الْمَوْتِ فَقَالَ لَهُمُ اللَّهُ مُوتُوا ثُمَّ أَحْيَاهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَذُو فَضْلٍ عَلَى النَّاسِ وَلَٰكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٩٣﴾

وَالْمُطَلَّقَاتُ (is) a provision مَتَّعٌ and for divorced women the الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿٩١﴾ on عَلَى a duty حَقًّا on a reasonable (scale) for لَكُمْ Allah الله makes clear يُبَيِّنُ thus كَذَلِكَ God-Fearing ﴿٩٢﴾ so that you may لَعَلَّكُمْ His Injunctions ءَايَاتِهِ you ﴿٩٣﴾ understand أَلَمْ تَرَ have not تَرَ you looked إِلَى (at) to the الَّذِينَ those who خَرَجُوا went forth مِنْ from دِيَارِهِمْ their homes وَهُمْ of the الْمَوْتِ (for) fear حَذَرَ (in) thousands أُلُوفٌ while they (were) then ثُمَّ die مَاتُوا Allah الله to them لَهُمُ and said فَقَالَ death (is) أَحْيَاهُمْ He revived them إِنَّ Allah الله indeed لَذُو فَضْلٍ (is) Bounteous/Gracious عَلَى to النَّاسِ mankind وَلَٰكِنَّ but أَكْثَرَ give thanks يَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٩٣﴾ do not لَا people النَّاسِ most

241. And for divorced women, maintenance (should be provided) on reasonable (scale). This is a duty on *Al-Muttaqûn*. 242. Thus Allâh makes clear His *Āyât* (Laws) to you, in order that you may understand. 243. Did you (O Muhammad ﷺ) not think of those who went forth from their homes in thousands, fearing death? Allâh said to them, "Die". And then He restored them to life. Truly, Allâh is full of bounty to mankind, but most men thank not.

وَقَاتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٩٤﴾ مَنْ ذَا الَّذِي يقرضُ اللَّهُ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا فَيُضَاعِفَهُ لَهُ أَضْعَافًا كَثِيرَةً وَاللَّهُ يَقْبِضُ وَيَبْصِطُ وَإِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿٩٥﴾

وَقَاتِلُوا and fight فِي in سَبِيلِ the Way الله الله (of) and واعْلَمُوا know أَنَّ that الله Allah سَمِيعٌ (is) All-Hearer عَلِيمٌ ﴿٩٤﴾ All-Knower مَنْ who ذَا (is) he الَّذِي that يُقرضُ lends الله Allah

قَرْضًا حَسَنًا a loan so that He will multiply it قَرْضًا حَسَنًا goodly قَرْضًا حَسَنًا
 قَرْضًا حَسَنًا many قَرْضًا حَسَنًا times قَرْضًا حَسَنًا for him قَرْضًا حَسَنًا
 and to Him قَرْضًا حَسَنًا and amplifies (increases) قَرْضًا حَسَنًا (decreases)
 قَرْضًا حَسَنًا you will be returned قَرْضًا حَسَنًا

244. And fight in the way of Allâh and know that Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower. 245. Who is he that will lend to Allâh a goodly loan so that He may multiply it to him many times? And it is Allâh that decreases or increases (your provisions), and unto Him you shall return.

أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الْمَلَكِ مِنْ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ مِنْ بَعْدِ مُوسَى إِذْ قَالُوا لِنَبِيِّ لَهُمْ آتِنَا مَلِكًا نُقَاتِلَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
 قَالَ هَلْ عَسَيْتُمْ إِنْ كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْقِتَالُ أَلَّا تُقَاتِلُوا قَالُوا وَمَا لَنَا أَلَّا نُقَاتِلَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَقَدْ
 أُخْرِجْنَا مِنْ دِيَارِنَا وَأَبْنَاءِنَا فَلَمَّا كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقِتَالُ تَوَلَّوْا إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِّنْهُمْ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ
 بِالظَّالِمِينَ

أَلَمْ تَرَ have not you turned the vision إِلَى to the Chiefs الْمَلِكِ of
 of بَنِي Children إِسْرَءِيلَ (of) Israel مِنْ بَعْدِ after مُوسَى Moses إِذْ when
 قَالُوا they said لِنَبِيِّ to a Prophet لَهُمْ of theirs آتِنَا appoint
 لَنَا for us مَلِكًا a king نُقَاتِلَ we will fight فِي in سَبِيلِ
 Way (of) Allah قَالَ he said هَلْ عَسَيْتُمْ is it expected of you
 إِنْ (would you) كُتِبَ if عَلَيْكُمُ upon you الْقِتَالُ
 the fighting أَلَّا that do not تُقَاتِلُوا you fight قَالُوا they said
 and what is لَنَا for us أَلَّا that not نُقَاتِلَ we shall fight فِي in
 we have been أُخْرِجْنَا when وَقَدْ (of) Allah Way سَبِيلِ
 and our children دِيَارِنَا our homes وَأَبْنَاءِنَا from دِيَارِنَا driven out
 for them عَلَيْهِمُ was prescribed كُتِبَ but when فَلَمَّا (families)
 a few قَلِيلًا except إِلَّا they turned back تَوَلَّوْا the fighting الْقِتَالُ
 مِنْهُمْ of them وَاللَّهُ and عَلَيْهِمُ (is) All-Knower بِالظَّالِمِينَ
 of the wrong-doers

246. Have you not thought about the group of the Children of Israel after (the time of) Mûsâ (Moses)? When they said to a Prophet of theirs, "Appoint for us a king

indeed إِنَّ their Prophet نَبِيُّهُمْ to them لَهُمْ and said وَقَالَ
there آيَةً (is) that أَنْ (of) his dominion مُلْكِهِ a sign
of سَكِينَةٍ in it (lies) فِيهِ the Ark الْتَابُوتُ would come to you
of رَيْبِكُمْ from رَبِّكُمْ your Lord وَبَقِيَّةً and a remnant وَمَا
and left تَرَكَ مَا the family مُوسَى (of) Moses and
the angels أَمَلَهُ will bear it (of) Aaron أَهْلُ family
if إِنَّ truly فِي in ذَلِكَ that لَآيَةٍ (is) a sign لَكُمْ for you
believers كُنْتُمْ you are مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١١٨﴾

248. And their Prophet (Samuel عليه السلام) said to them: "Verily! The sign of His kingdom is that there shall come to you *At-Tâbût* (a wooden box), wherein is *Sakīnah* (peace and reassurance) from your Lord and a remnant of that which Mûsâ (Moses) and Hârûn (Aaron) left behind, carried by the angels. Verily, in this is a sign for you if you are indeed believers."

فَلَمَّا فَصَلَ طَالُوتُ بِالْجُنُودِ قَالَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ مُبْتَلِيكُمْ بِنَهَرٍ فَمَنْ شَرِبَ مِنْهُ فَلَيْسَ مِنِّي وَمَنْ لَمْ يَطْعَمْهُ فَإِنَّهُ مِنِّي إِلَّا مَنِ اغْتَرَفَ غُرْفَةً بِيَدِهِ فَشَرِبُوا مِنْهُ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِنْهُمْ فَلَمَّا جَاوَزَهُ هُوَ وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مَعَهُ قَالُوا لَا طَاقَةَ لَنَا الْيَوْمَ بِجَالُوتَ وَجُنُودِهِ قَالَ الَّذِينَ يَظُنُّونَ أَنَّهُم مُّلْكُوا اللَّهَ كَمِ مَنْ فَتَنَ قَلِيلَةً غَلَبَتْ قَوْمَهُ يَذَنُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ مَعَ الصَّادِقِينَ ﴿١١٩﴾

فَلَمَّا فَصَلَ Talut (saul) طَالُوتُ set out بِالْجُنُودِ and when
will test you قَالَ he said إِنَّ Allah الله verily
بِنَهَرٍ of it شَرِبَ so whoever فَمَنْ with a stream
tastes it يَطْعَمْهُ not لَمْ and whoever وَمَنْ of me
takes it فَإِنَّهُ he who مَنِ except إِلَّا of me indeed he is
غُرْفَةً (in the) hollow بِيَدِهِ of his hand فَشَرِبُوا yet they drank
of it إِلَّا except قَلِيلًا a few مِنْهُمْ of them فَلَمَّا so when
believed هُوَ and those who وَالَّذِينَ he crossed it
مَعَهُ with him قَالُوا they said لَا (there is) no طَاقَةَ strength
and his against Jalut (Goliath) جَالُوتَ today الْيَوْمَ for us
that they knew يَظُنُّونَ those who الَّذِينَ said قَال forces

(were) مُلْتَقُوا Allah ﷻ to meet كَمْ how often مِّنْ فَتَنَةٍ a group
 قَلِيلَةٍ small غَلَبَتْ overcame فَتَنَةً a group كَثِيرَةً large يَازِيدُ
 (is) with مَعَ and Allah ﷻ (of) Allah ﷻ with (by) Leave
 the patient ones الصَّابِرِينَ ﴿٢٤٩﴾

249. Then when Tâlût (Saul) set out with the army, he said: "Verily, Allâh will try you by a river. So whoever drinks thereof, he is not of me; and whoever tastes it not, he is of me, except him who takes (thereof) in the hollow of his hand." Yet, they drank thereof, all, except a few of them. So when he had crossed it (the river), he and those who believed with him, they said: "We have no power this day against Jâlût (Goliath) and his hosts." But those who knew certainty that they were going to meet Allâh, said: "How often a small group overcame a mighty host by Allâh's Leave?" And Allâh is with As-Sâbirûn (the patient).

وَلَمَّا بَرَزُوا لِجَالُوتَ وَجُنُودِهِ قَالُوا رَبَّنَا أَخْرِجْ عَلَيْنَا صَبْرًا وَثَبِّتْ أَقْدَامَنَا وَأَنْصُرْنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ
 الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٢٤٩﴾ فَهَزَمُوهُمْ بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ وَقَتَلَ دَاوُدُ جَالُوتَ وَءَاتَاهُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ
 وَعَلَّمَهُ مَا يَشَاءُ وَلَوْلَا دَفْعُ اللَّهِ النَّاسَ بَعْضَهُم بِبَعْضٍ لَّفَسَدَتِ الْأَرْضُ وَلَٰكِنَّ اللَّهَ ذُو
 فَضْلٍ عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٢٥٠﴾ تِلْكَ آيَاتُ اللَّهِ تَنْتَلُوهَا عَلَيْكَ بِالْحَقِّ وَإِنَّكَ لَمِنَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿٢٥١﴾

وَلَمَّا بَرَزُوا and when جَالُوتَ they went forth Jalut (Goliath)
 وَجُنُودِهِ our Lord رَبَّنَا they said قَالُوا and his people (forces)
 أَخْرِجْ عَلَيْنَا pour forth صَبْرًا patience وَثَبِّتْ and make firm
 أَقْدَامَنَا our steps وَأَنْصُرْنَا and grant us victory عَلَى over الْقَوْمِ
 so they routed them الْكَافِرِينَ disbelieving فَهَزَمُوهُمْ people
 بِإِذْنِ by Leave اللَّهُ (of) Allah ﷻ وَقَتَلَ and killed دَاوُدُ David
 جَالُوتَ Goliath وَءَاتَاهُ and gave him اللَّهُ Allah ﷻ الْمُلْكَ dominion
 وَالْحِكْمَةَ and wisdom وَعَلَّمَهُ and taught him مَا يَشَاءُ of what
 وَلَوْلَا He willed وَلَوْلَا and had it not been (for) دَفْعُ اللَّهِ Allah's
 النَّاسَ repelling بَعْضَهُم some of them بَعْضٍ by some
 لَّفَسَدَتِ (others) لَفَسَدَتِ surely (would be) overlaid with mischief
 الْأَرْضُ the earth وَلَٰكِنَّ but اللَّهُ Allah ﷻ ذُو فَضْلٍ (is)
 Bounteous عَلَى (to) الْعَالَمِينَ the worlds تِلْكَ (are) these

عَايَاتِ Verses اللّهِ (of) Allah نَتْلُوهُمَا We recite them عَلَيْكَ of
 بِٱلْحَقِّ you وَإِنَّكَ with truth لَئِنْ and indeed you are
 الْمُرْسَلِينَ the Messengers ﴿٩٧﴾

250. And when they advanced to meet Jâlût (Goliath) and his forces, they invoked: "Our Lord! Pour forth on us patience, and set firm our feet and make us victorious over the disbelieving people." 251. So they routed them by Allâh's Leave and Dâwûd (David) killed Jâlût (Goliath), and Allâh gave him [Dâwûd (David)] the kingdom [after the death of Talût (Saul) and Samuel] and *Al-Hikmah* (Prophethood), and taught him of that which He willed. And if Allâh did not check one set of people by means of another, the earth would indeed be full of mischief. But Allâh is full of bounty to the 'Âlamîn (mankind, jinn and all that exists). 252. These are the Verses of 'Allâh, We recite them to you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) in truth, and surely, you are one of the Messengers (of Allâh

﴿تِلْكَ الرُّسُلُ فَضَّلْنَا بَعْضَهُمْ عَلَى بَعْضٍ مِنْهُمْ مَنْ كَلَّمَ اللَّهُ وَرَفَعَ بَعْضَهُمْ دَرَجَاتٍ وَآتَيْنَا عِيسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ الْبَيِّنَاتِ وَأَيَّدْنَاهُ بِرُوحِ الْقُدُسِ وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ مَا اقْتَتَلَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَتْهُمْ الْبَيِّنَاتُ وَلَكِنْ اخْتَلَفُوا فَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ آمَنَ وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ كَفَرَ وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ مَا اقْتَتَلُوا وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ يَفْعَلُ مَا يُرِيدُ﴾ (٢٥٦)

﴿تِلْكَ الرُّسُلُ those Messengers فَضَّلْنَا We preferred (exalted) بَعْضَهُمْ some of them عَلَى over بَعْضٍ some others مِنْهُمْ of them (are) مَنْ whom (to) كَلَّمَ spoke اللَّهُ Allah وَرَفَعَ and raised بَعْضَهُمْ and We gave دَرَجَاتٍ some of them (in) degrees (status) وَآتَيْنَا (granted) عِيسَى Jesus ابْنِ of مَرْيَمَ Mary clear signs الْبَيِّنَاتِ of the Holy and supported him وَأَيَّدْنَاهُ بِرُوحِ (of) الْقُدُسِ with spirit وَلَوْ and if شَاءَ willed اللَّهُ Allah مَا would not اقْتَتَلَ have (came) after them الَّذِينَ those who fought one another مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ (Prophets) after مَا that جَاءَتْهُمْ had come to them الْبَيِّنَاتُ and some of them فَمِنْهُمْ they differed اخْتَلَفُوا but clear signs وَلَكِنْ and some of them (are) مَنْ who (are) آمَنَ believed وَمِنْهُمْ (denied) who كَفَرَ disbelieved and if شَاءَ willed اللَّهُ Allah مَا not اقْتَتَلُوا they would have fought one another وَلَكِنْ but اللَّهُ Allah يَفْعَلُ does مَا what يُرِيدُ ﴿٢٥٦﴾ He likes (wants)

253. Those Messengers! We preferred some of them to others; to some of them Allâh spoke (directly); others He raised to degrees (of honour); and to 'Isâ (Jesus), the son of Maryam (Mary), We gave clear proofs and evidences, and supported him with *Rûh-ul-Qudus* [Jibrîl (Gabriel)]. If Allâh had willed, succeeding generations would not have fought against each other, after clear Verses of Allâh had come to them, but they differed — some of them believed and others disbelieved. If Allâh had willed, they would not have fought against one another, but Allâh does what He likes.

يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا أَتَقُوا مِمَّا رَزَقْنَاكُمْ مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ يَأْتِيَ يَوْمٌ لَا بَيْعٌ فِيهِ وَلَا خُلَّةٌ وَلَا شَفِيعَةٌ ۗ وَالْكَافِرُونَ هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ ﴿٢٥٧﴾

of that بِمَا spend أَنْفِقُوا believe مَآمَنُوا who الَّذِينَ O you تَيَّابُهَا
 a رَزَقْنَكُمْ We provided you مِن قَبْلُ before أَنْ that يَأْتِي comes يَوْمَ
 in it bargaining (selling) بَيْعٌ (there will be) no لَا Day
 intercession شَفَعَةٌ nor وَلَا friendship حُلَّةٌ nor وَلَا (when)
 the الْكَافِرُونَ they (indeed) هُمْ and the disbelievers (are) wrong-doers

254. O you who believe! Spend of that with which We have provided for you, before a Day comes when there will be no bargaining, nor friendship, nor intercession. And it is the disbelievers who are the *Zâlimûn* (wrongdoers).

اللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْحَيُّ الْقَيُّومُ لَا تَأْخُذُهُ سِنَّةٌ وَلَا نَوْمٌ لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ مَنْ ذَا الَّذِي يَشْفَعُ
 عِنْدَهُ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِهِ يَعْلَمُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ وَلَا يُحِيطُونَ بِشَيْءٍ مِنْ عِلْمِهِ إِلَّا بِمَا شَاءَ وَسِعَ كُرْسِيُّهُ
 السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ وَلَا يَئُودُهُ حِفْظُهُمَا وَهُوَ الْعَلِيُّ الْعَظِيمُ ﴿٢٥٤﴾

Allah اللَّهُ لَا (there is) no إِلَهَ god إِلَّا except هُوَ He الْحَيُّ the
 Ever-Living الْقَيُّومُ the Sustainer & Protector لَا neither تَأْخُذُهُ
 sleep نَوْمٌ nor وَلَا slumber سِنَّةٌ overtakes Him (for) Him لَهُ
 (is) مَا (is) فِي in السَّمَوَاتِ the heavens وَمَا and what (is) فِي
 on (in) الْأَرْضِ the earth مَنْ Who (is) ذَا that الَّذِي who (could)
 intercede عِنْدَهُ with Him إِلَّا except بِإِذْنِهِ with His
 Permission يَعْلَمُ He knows مَا (is) بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ what (is) between their
 hands (happens to them now) وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ and what is after them
 (and what will happen to them later) وَلَا and never يُحِيطُونَ they
 encompass بِشَيْءٍ of anything مِنْ عِلْمِهِ His Knowledge إِلَّا except
 He willed شَاءَ what وَسِعَ extends (overspread) كُرْسِيُّهُ His
 Chair (dominion) السَّمَوَاتِ the heavens وَالْأَرْضِ and the earth وَلَا
 and (does) not يَئُودُهُ weary Him (feel fatigue) حِفْظُهُمَا their
 upholding (guarding them) وَهُوَ and He الْعَلِيُّ the Most High (is)
 the Most Great الْعَظِيمُ ﴿٢٥٤﴾

255. Allâh! *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He), *Al-Hayyul-Qayyum* (the Ever Living, the One Who sustains and protects all that exists). Neither slumber nor sleep overtakes Him. To Him belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth. Who is he that can intercede with Him except with His Permission? He knows what happens to them (His creatures) in this world, and what will happen to them in the Hereafter. And they will never compass anything of His Knowledge except that which He wills. His *Kursî* extends over the heavens and the earth, and He feels no fatigue in guarding and preserving them. And He is the Most High, the Most Great. [This Verse 2:255 is called *Ayat-ul-Kursî*.]

لَا إِكْرَاهَ فِي الدِّينِ قَدْ بَيَّنَّ الرُّشْدَ مِنَ الْغَيِّ فَمَنْ يَكْفُرْ بِالطَّاغُوتِ وَيُؤْمِرْ بِاللَّهِ فَقَدِ اسْتَمْسَكَ بِالْعُرْوَةِ
الْوُثْقَىٰ لَا انْفِصَامَ لَهَا وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٢٥٥﴾

لَا no إِكْرَاهَ compulsion فِي in الدِّينِ the religion قَدْ verily the wrong الْغَيِّ from the Right Path الرُّشْدَ became distinct
فَمَنْ hence who يَكْفُرْ disbelieves (rejects) بِالطَّاغُوتِ false deities
وَيُؤْمِرْ (evil ones) and believes بِاللَّهِ Allah فَقَدِ indeed
اسْتَمْسَكَ he took hold الْعُرْوَةِ of handle الْوُثْقَىٰ firm لَا no
(is) All-Hearer سَمِيعٌ and Allah وَاللَّهُ for it لَهَا breakage
All-Knower عَلِيمٌ ﴿٢٥٥﴾

256. There is no compulsion in religion. Verily, the Right Path has become distinct from the wrong path. Whoever disbelieves in *Tāghût* and believes in Allâh, then he has grasped the most trustworthy handhold that will never break. And Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

اللَّهُ وَلِيُّ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا يُخْرِجُهُم مِّنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى النُّورِ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا أَوْلِيَائُهُمُ الطَّاغُوتُ يُخْرِجُونَهُم
مِّنَ النُّورِ إِلَى الظُّلُمَاتِ أُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ ﴿٢٥٦﴾

اللَّهُ Allah وَلِيُّ Guardian الَّذِينَ (is) those آمَنُوا (of) who believed
يُخْرِجُهُم He brings them out مِنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ darkness إِلَى to
النُّورِ Light وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا and those الَّذِينَ who disbelieved
أَوْلِيَائُهُمُ their guardians الطَّاغُوتُ (are) false deities (evil ones) يُخْرِجُونَهُم

they bring them out from the Light to the darkness (of) the Fire dwellers those (are) those who will abide forever in it

257. Allâh is the *Walî* (Protector or Guardian) of those who believe. He brings them out from darkness into light. But as for those who disbelieve, their *Auliya* (supporters and helpers) are *Taghût* (false deities and false leaders), they bring them out from light into darkness. Those are the dwellers of the Fire, and they will abide therein forever.

أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِي حَاجَّ إِبْرَاهِيمَ فِي رَبِّهِ أَنْ آتَاهُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكَ إِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَاهِيمُ رَبِّيَ الَّذِي يُعْجِبُ وَيُمِيتُ قَالَ أَنَا أُعْجِبُ وَأُمِيتُ قَالَ إِبْرَاهِيمُ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ يَأْتِي بِالشَّمْسِ مِنَ الْمَشْرِقِ فَأْتِ بِهَا مِنَ الْمَغْرِبِ فَبُهِتَ الَّذِي كَفَرَ وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِينَ

أَلَمْ تَرَ have not you looked إِلَى at الَّذِي who him who disputed حَاجَّ him who (with) إِبْرَاهِيمَ Abraham فِي about رَبِّهِ his Lord أَنَّ because آتَاهُ had given (granted) him اللَّهُ Allah الْمُلْكَ the kingdom إِذْ when قَالَ said إِبْرَاهِيمُ Abraham رَبِّيَ (is) my Lord الَّذِي He Who يُعْجِبُ He Who gives life وَيُمِيتُ and causes death قَالَ He said أَنَا I أُعْجِبُ I give life وَأُمِيتُ and cause death قَالَ said إِبْرَاهِيمُ Abraham فَإِنَّ the east اللَّهُ Allah يَأْتِي بِالشَّمْسِ the sun مِنَ the east فَأْتِ بِهَا you bring it (out) مِنَ the west فَبُهِتَ the west the east he who (had) كَفَرَ he who (was confounded) defeated people guide الْقَوْمَ does not لَا and Allah وَاللَّهُ disbelieved wrong-doers الظَّالِمِينَ

258. Have you not looked at him who disputed with Ibrâhîm (Abraham) about his Lord (Allâh), because Allâh had given him the kingdom? When Ibrâhîm (Abraham) said (to him): "My Lord (Allâh) is He Who gives life and causes death." He said, "I give life and cause death." Ibrâhîm (Abraham) said, "Verily, Allâh brings the sun from the east; then bring it you from the west." So the disbeliever was utterly defeated. And Allâh guides not the people, who are *Zâlimûn* (wrongdoers).

أَوْ كَالَّذِي مَرَّ عَلَى قَرْيَةٍ وَهِيَ خَاوِيَةٌ عَلَى عُرُوشِهَا قَالَ أَنَّى يُحْيِي هَذِهِ اللَّهُ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا فَأَمَاتَهُ اللَّهُ مِائَةَ عَامٍ ثُمَّ بَعَثَهُ قَالَ كَمْ لَبِثْتُ قَالَ لَبِثْتُ يَوْمًا أَوْ بَعْضَ يَوْمٍ قَالَ بَلْ لَبِثْتُ مِائَةَ عَامٍ فَانْظُرْ إِلَى طَعَامِكَ وَشَرَابِكَ لَمْ يَتَسَنَّهْ وَانْظُرْ إِلَى جِمَاركَ وَلِنَجْعَلَكَ آيَةً لِلنَّاسِ وَانْظُرْ إِلَى الْعِظَامِ كَيْفَ نُنشِزُهَا ثُمَّ نَكْسُوهَا لَحْمًا فَلَمَّا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُ قَالَ أَعْلَمُ أَنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٥٩﴾

or a town كَالَّذِي (by) passed مَرَّ like the one who وَهِيَ خَاوِيَةٌ and it had tumbled عَلَى عُرُوشِهَا upon its roofs قَالَ he said أَنَّى (will) how يُحْيِي (will) bring (restore) life هَذِهِ (to) this (town) اللَّهُ Allah بَعْدَ after مَوْتِهَا its death فَأَمَاتَهُ so caused him to die اللَّهُ He raised him بَعَثَهُ then مِائَةَ (for) a hundred عَامٍ years ثُمَّ (and) asked كَمْ how long لَبِثْتُ (to life) (dead) قَالَ he said لَبِثْتُ I remained (so) يَوْمًا or a day أَوْ or a day بَعْضَ part (of) a day قَالَ he said نَآي nay لَبِثْتُ you have remained (dead) مِائَةَ (for) a hundred عَامٍ years فَانْظُرْ look إِلَى (at) طَعَامِكَ your food وَشَرَابِكَ your drink لَمْ (did) not يَتَسَنَّهْ (get musty) show change وَانْظُرْ it and look إِلَى at جِمَاركَ your donkey وَلِنَجْعَلَكَ and thus We have made you آيَةً a sign لِلنَّاسِ for people وَانْظُرْ and look إِلَى at الْعِظَامِ the bones كَيْفَ how نُشِزُهَا We will put them together ثُمَّ then نَكْسُوهَا will clothe them لَحْمًا (with) flesh فَلَمَّا when تَبَيَّنَ became clear لَهُ to him قَالَ he said أَعْلَمُ I know أَنَّ that اللَّهُ Allah عَلَى over كُلِّ thing قَدِيرٌ is All-Powerful ﴿١٥٩﴾

259. Or like the one who passed by a town and it had tumbled upon its roofs. He said: "Oh! How will Allâh ever bring it to life after its death?" So Allâh caused him to die for a hundred years, then raised him up (again). He said: "How long did you remain (dead)?" He (the man) said: "(Perhaps) I remained (dead) a day or part of a day." He said: "Nay, you have remained (dead) for a hundred years, look at your food and your drink, they show no change; and look at your donkey! And thus We have made of you a sign for the people. Look at the bones, how We bring them together and clothe them with flesh." When this was clearly shown to him, he said, "I know (now) that Allâh is Able to do all things."

(is) **وَأَسِعَ** and Allah **وَاللَّهُ** He wills (pleases) **يَشَاءُ** for whom spend **يُنْفِقُونَ** those (who) **الَّذِينَ** All-Knower **عَلِيمٌ** Munificent **أَمْوَالَهُمْ** their wealth **فِي** in **سَبِيلِ** Way **اللَّهُ** Allah (of) **ثُمَّ** then **لَا** they spent **أَنْفَقُوا** what **مَا** they follow up **يَتَّبِعُونَ** (do) not and **وَلَا** with reminder of generosity (stressing benevolence) for them (they will **لَهُمْ** hurting (them) injury **أَذَى** neither (by) and **وَلَا** their Lord **رَبِّهِمْ** (is) with **عِنْدَ** their reward (have) **أَجْرُهُمْ** they **نُورٌ** nor **وَلَا** on them **عَلَيْهِمْ** fear **خَوْفٌ** (there is) no shall grieve **يَحْزَنُونَ**

261. The likeness of those who spend their wealth in the way of Allâh, is as the likeness of a grain (of corn); it grows seven ears, and each ear has a hundred grains. Allâh gives manifold increase to whom He wills. And Allâh is All-Sufficient for His creatures' needs, All-Knower. 262. Those who spend their wealth in the Cause of Allâh, and do not follow up their gifts with reminders of their generosity or with injury, their reward is with their Lord. On them shall be no fear, nor shall they grieve.

﴿قَوْلٌ مَّعْرُوفٌ وَمَغْفِرَةٌ خَيْرٌ مِّنْ صَدَقَةٍ يَتَّبِعَهَا أَذًى وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ حَلِيمٌ﴾ **يَتَابِعُهَا** الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا لَا تَبْطُلُوا صَدَقَتِكُمْ بِالْمَنِّ وَالْأَذَى كَالَّذِي يُنْفِقُ مَالَهُ رِيقَةً تَالَيْسَ بِاللَّيْسَ وَلَا يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ فَمَثَلُهُ كَمَثَلِ صَفْوَانٍ عَلَيْهِ رَبَابٌ فَأَصَابَهُ وَابِلٌ فَتَرَكَهُ صَلْدًا لَا يَقْدِرُونَ عَلَى شَيْءٍ مِّمَّا كَسَبُوا وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الْكَافِرِينَ

﴿قَوْلٌ مَّعْرُوفٌ﴾ word **وَمَغْفِرَةٌ** (a) kind **وَمَغْفِرَةٌ** and forgiving (of faults) **خَيْرٌ** which is **يَتَّبِعَهَا** Sadaqah (charity) **صَدَقَةٍ** than **مِنَ** (are) better (is) **أَذًى** followed by **وَاللَّهُ** and Allah **غَفُورٌ** (hurt) injury **حَلِيمٌ** All-Sufficient (Rich) **يَتَابِعُهَا** O you **الَّذِينَ** your **صَدَقَتِكُمْ** render in vain **تَبْطُلُوا** do not **لَا** believe **ءَامَنُوا** who by (stressing benevolence) reminder of generosity **بِالْمَنِّ** charity spends **وَالْأَذَى** like one who **كَالَّذِي** and causing hurt (injury) **يُنْفِقُ** **مَالَهُ** his wealth **رِيقَةً** to be seen **تَالَيْسَ** of men **وَلَا** and does not **يُؤْمِنُ** his **مَثَلُهُ** the Last **وَالْيَوْمِ** and Day **الْآخِرِ** believe **بِاللَّهِ**

(of) a smooth صَفَوَانِ (is) likeness كَمَثَلِ (their) example (likeness) rock عَلَيْهِ over it رُثَابٌ (is) soil/dust فَاصَابَهُمْ and fell on it وَابِلٌ they يَقْدِرُونَ no لَا bare صَدًّا and left it فَزَكَّكُمُ heavy rain they كَسَبُوا for what مِمَّا anything شَيْءٍ over عَلَى have control people وَاللَّهُ earned and لَا and اللَّهُمَّ guide يَهْدِي does not لَا and اللَّهُمَّ deniers (disbelievers) الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿١١٥﴾

263. Kind words and forgiving of faults are better than *Sadaqah* (charity) followed by injury. And Allâh is Rich (Free of all needs) and He is Most-Forbearing.

264. O you who believe! Do not render in vain your *Sadaqah* (charity) by reminders of your generosity or by injury, like him who spends his wealth to be seen of men, and he does not believe in Allâh, nor in the Last Day. His likeness is the likeness of a smooth rock on which is a little dust; on it falls heavy rain which leaves it bare. They are not able to do anything with what they have earned. And Allâh does not guide the disbelieving people.

وَمَثَلُ الَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ أَمْوَالَهُمْ ابْتِغَاءَ مَرْضَاتِ اللَّهِ وَتَثْبِيَةً مِّنْ أَنفُسِهِمْ كَمَثَلِ جَنَّتٍ بِرَبْوَةٍ أَصَابَهَا وَابِلٌ فَتَأْتَّى أَكْثَلَها ضِعْفَيْنِ فَإِن لَّمْ يُصِبْهَا وَابِلٌ فَطَلٌّ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿١١٦﴾

وَمَثَلُ (of) those who الَّذِينَ and (example) likeness كَمَثَلِ spend يُنْفِقُونَ (of) their wealth ابْتِغَاءَ seeking مَرْضَاتِ Pleasure اللَّهُ (of) their souls أَنفُسِهِمْ of مِّنْ and for strengthening تَثْبِيَةً Allah on a hill بِرَبْوَةٍ (of) a garden جَنَّتٍ (is) like the example كَمَثَلِ its أَصَابَهَا and it yielded فَتَأْتَّى heavy rain وَابِلٌ fell on it أَكْثَلَها fell on يُصِيبُهَا did not لَّمْ and if double فَإِن then light rain طَلٌّ heavy rain وَابِلٌ (smite) it and اللَّهُمَّ then light rain فَطَلٌّ heavy rain وَابِلٌ (is) All-Seer بَصِيرٌ ﴿١١٦﴾ you do تَعْمَلُونَ of what يَمَّا

265. And the likeness of those who spend their wealth seeking Allâh's Pleasure while they in their own selves are sure and certain that Allâh will reward them (for their spending in His Cause), is the likeness of a garden on a hill; heavy rain falls on it and it doubles its yield of harvest. And if it does not receive heavy rain, light rain suffices it. And Allâh is All-Seer (knows well) of what you do.

أَبَوْدُ أَحَدُكُمْ أَنْ تَكُونَتْ لَهُ جَنَّةٌ مِّنْ نَّجِيلٍ وَأَعْنَابٍ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ لَهُ فِيهَا مِنْ كُلِّ الثَّمَرَاتِ
وَأَصَابَهُ الْكِبَرُ وَلَمْ ذُرِّيَّةٌ ضِعْفَاءُ فَأَصَابَهَا إِعْصَارٌ فِيهِ نَارٌ فَاحْتَرَقَتْ كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ الْآيَاتِ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَفَكَّرُونَ ﴿٢٦٦﴾

he أَبَوْدُ it be تَكُونَتْ that أَنْ any of you أَحَدُكُمْ would wish
and grapes وَأَعْنَابٍ date-palms نَجِيلٍ of مِّنْ a garden جَنَّةٌ have
for تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ (streams) rivers underneath it
(of) fruits الثَّمَرَاتِ all kinds (sorts) مِنْ كُلِّ in it (are) فِيهَا him
and وَأَصَابَهُ الْكِبَرُ old age and has stricken (over taken) him
and it is struck (by) ضِعْفَاءُ weak children ذُرِّيَّةٌ he has
and إِعْصَارٌ فِيهِ نَارٌ a whirlwind in which (there is) fire فَاحْتَرَقَتْ
it is burnt كَذَلِكَ thus يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ Allah لَكُمْ
give تَتَفَكَّرُونَ ﴿٢٦٦﴾ so that you may لَعَلَّكُمْ Signs الْآيَاتِ for you
thought (reflect)

266. Would any of you wish to have a garden with date palms and grapes with rivers flowing underneath, and all kinds of fruits for him therein, while he is stricken with old age, and his children are weak (not able to look after themselves), then it is struck with a fiery whirlwind, so that it is burnt? Thus does Allâh make clear His Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses) to you that you may give thought.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا أَنْفِقُوا مِنْ طَيِّبَاتِ مَا كَسَبْتُمْ وَمِمَّا أَخْرَجْنَا لَكُمْ مِنَ الْأَرْضِ وَلَا تَيَمَّمُوا الْخَبِيثَ مِنْهُ تُنْفِقُونَ وَلَسْتُمْ بِكَافِرِينَ بِهِ ؕ أَلَا أَنْ تَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿٢٦٧﴾

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا أَنْفِقُوا believe who الَّذِينَ O you
and out of طَيِّبَاتِ مَا كَسَبْتُمْ you have earned وَمِمَّا أَخْرَجْنَا لَكُمْ
the الثَّمَرَاتِ from الْأَرْضِ for you لَكُمْ We have produced what
of it الْخَبِيثَ aim at تَيَمَّمُوا and do not وَلَا earth
تُنْفِقُونَ you spend وَلَسْتُمْ and you would not
and تَعْلَمُوا in it فِيهِ you overlook (defects) أَنْ except
Most عَزِيزٌ (is) Most Sufficient اللَّهُ Allah عَزِيزٌ that
Praise-Worthy

267. O you who believe! Spend of the good things which you have (legally) earned, and of that which We have produced from the earth for you, and do not aim at that which is bad to spend from it, (though) you would not accept it save if you close your eyes and tolerate therein. And know that Allâh is Rich (Free of all needs), and Worthy of all praise.

الشَّيْطَانُ يَعِدُكُمُ الْفَقْرَ وَيَأْمُرُكُم بِالْفَحْشَاءِ وَاللَّهُ يَعِدُكُم مَّغْفِرَةً مِنْهُ وَفَضْلًا وَاللَّهُ وَاسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٢٦٧﴾
 الْحِكْمَةُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَمَنْ يُؤْتَ الْحِكْمَةَ فَقَدْ أُوتِيَ خَيْرًا كَثِيرًا وَمَا يَذَّكَّرُ إِلَّا أُولُو الْأَلْبَابِ ﴿٢٦٨﴾ وَمَا
 أَنْفَقْتُمْ مِنْ نَفَقَةٍ أَوْ نَذَرْتُمْ مِنْ نَذْرٍ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُهَا وَمَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ مِنْ أَنْصَارٍ ﴿٢٦٩﴾

الشَّيْطَانُ Satan يَعِدُكُم promises you الْفَقْرَ (of) poverty وَيَأْمُرُكُم whereas Allâh وَاللَّهُ (of) indecency بِالْفَحْشَاءِ and orders you
 يَعِدُكُم مَّغْفِرَةً promises you مِنْهُ forgiveness from Him وَفَضْلًا and bounty
 وَاللَّهُ (is) All-Generous وَاسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ (is) All-Knowing يُؤْتِي to whom مَنْ Wisdom الْحِكْمَةُ He grants
 وَمَنْ He wills وَيُؤْتِ the (is) granted الْحِكْمَةُ Wisdom فَقَدْ and who
 أُوْتِيَ indeed he is granted خَيْرًا good كَثِيرًا abundantly وَمَا but
 يَذَّكَّرُ none remembers إِلَّا except أُولُو people الْأَلْبَابِ (of)
 (out) of أَنْفَقْتُمْ and whatever وَمَا understanding you spend مِنْ
 نَفَقَةٍ (your) spendings أَوْ or نَذَرْتُمْ you vow (to spend) مِنْ
 (out) of نَذْرٍ (your) vows (to spend) فَإِنَّ indeed Allâh
 يَعْلَمُهَا knows that وَمَا (there are) no لِلظَّالِمِينَ for the
 any helpers مِنْ أَنْصَارٍ ﴿٢٦٩﴾

268. *Shaitân* (Satan) threatens you with poverty and orders you to commit *Fahshâ* (evil deeds, illegal sexual intercourse, sins); whereas Allâh promises you forgiveness from Himself and bounty, and Allâh is All-Sufficient for His creatures' needs, All-Knower. 269. He grants *Hikmah* to whom He wills, and he, to whom *Hikmah* is granted, is indeed granted abundant good. But none remember (will receive admonition) except men of understanding. 270. And whatever you spend for spendings (e.g., in *Sadaqah* — charity for Allâh's Cause) or whatever vow you make, be sure Allâh knows it all. And for the *Zâlimûn* (wrongdoers) there are no helpers.

إِنْ تُبْدُوا الصَّدَقَاتِ فَنِعِمَّا هِيَ وَإِنْ تُخْفُوهَا وَتُؤْتُوهَا الْفُقَرَاءَ فَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ وَيُكَفِّرُ عَنْكُمْ مِنْ سَيِّئَاتِكُمْ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ﴿٢٧١﴾ لَيْسَ عَلَيْكَ هُدَاهُمْ وَلَئِنَّ اللَّهَ يَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَمَا تُنْفِقُوا مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَلَا تُنْفِقُوا إِلَّا ابْتِغَاءَ وَجْهِ اللَّهِ وَمَا تُنْفِقُوا مِنْ خَيْرٍ يُوَفَّ إِلَيْكُمْ وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تُظْلَمُونَ ﴿٢٧٢﴾

إِنْ تُبْدُوا if you declare الصَّدَقَاتِ (your) charity فَنِعِمَّا هِيَ well and give it (to) وَتُؤْتُوهَا you conceal it تُخْفُوهَا and if it (is) الْفُقَرَاءَ the poor فَهُوَ that is خَيْرٌ better لَكُمْ for you وَيُكَفِّرُ (some) of your bad عَنْكُمْ of you would atone (is) سَيِّئَاتِكُمْ of what تَعْمَلُونَ and اللَّهُ and He does وَآلَهُ well-Aware Well-Aware He wills لَيْسَ not عَلَيْكَ upon you هُدَاهُمْ their guidance but اللَّهُ Allah يَهْدِي guides مَنْ whom يَشَاءُ He wills وَمَا and whatever تُنْفِقُوا you spend مِنْ of خَيْرٍ wealth فَلَا تُنْفِقُوا (it is) for yourselves وَمَا (of) Allah the Face وَآلَهُ seeking وَآلَهُ will be يُنْفِقُوا whatever you spend مِنْ of خَيْرٍ wealth يُوَفَّ will لا and you أَنْتُمْ to you إِلَيْكُمْ repaid in full not تَنْظُمُونَ ﴿٢٧٢﴾ be wronged

271. If you disclose your *Sadaqât* (almsgiving), it is well; but if you conceal them and give them to the poor, that is better for you. (Allâh) will expiate you some of your sins. And Allâh is Well-Acquainted with what you do. 272. Not upon you (Muhammad ﷺ) is their guidance, but Allâh guides whom He wills. And whatever you spend in good, it is for yourselves, when you spend not except seeking Allâh's Face. And whatever you spend in good, it will be repaid to you in full, and you shall not be wronged.

لِلْفُقَرَاءِ الَّذِينَ أُحْصِرُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ لَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ ضَرْبًا فِي الْأَرْضِ يَحْسَبُهُمُ الْجَاهِلُ أَغْنِيَاءَ مِنَ التَّعَفُّفِ تَعْرِفُهُمْ بِسِيمَاهُمْ لَا يَسْأَلُونَ النَّاسَ إِلْحَاقًا وَمَا تُنْفِقُوا مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ بِهِ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٢٧٣﴾ الَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ أَمْوَالَهُمْ بِالْإِيلِ وَالنَّهَارِ سِرًّا وَعَلَانِيَةً فَلَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ وَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿٢٧٤﴾

in wrapped up أَخْصَرُوا who الَّذِينَ for the poor لِّلْفُقَرَاءِ
 they are able لَا (of) Allah سَبِيلِ Cause
 supposes بِحَسْبِهِمُ the earth الْأَرْضِ in فِي to move about
 أَغْنِيَاءَ the unaware (the ignorant man) الْجَاهِلُ (thinks) them
 بِسَيِّئِهِمْ you know them تَعْرِفُهُمْ modesty of مِنَ wealthy
 people النَّاسِ they beg يَسْأَلُونَ do not لَا by their mark
 of مِنْ you spend تُنْفِقُوا and whatever وَمَا with importunity
 knows عَلَيْهِ ۞ Allah إِنَّهُ indeed قَاتَ wealth
 their wealth أَمْوَالَهُمْ spend those who الَّذِينَ well
 and openly وَعَلَانِيَةً secretly سِرًّا and (by) day وَالنَّهَارِ by night
 their رَبِّهِمْ (is) with عَنْدَ their reward أَجْرُهُمْ so for them
 وَلَا Lord وَلَا (there is) no خَوْفٌ fear عَلَيْهِمْ on them وَلَا nor هُمْ
 they يَحْزَنُونَ ۞ shall grieve

273. (Charity is) for *Fuqarâ* (the poor), who in Allâh's Cause are restricted (from travel), and cannot move about in the land (for trade or work). The one who knows them not, thinks that they are rich because of their modesty. You may know them by their mark, they do not beg of people at all. And whatever you spend in good, surely, Allâh knows it well. 274. Those who spend their wealth (in Allâh's Cause) by night and day, in secret and in public, they shall have their reward with their Lord. On them shall be no fear, nor shall they grieve.

الَّذِينَ يَأْكُلُونَ الرِّبَا لَا يَقُومُونَ إِلَّا كَمَا يَقُومُ الَّذِي يَتَخَبَّطُهُ الشَّيْطَانُ مِنَ الْمَسِّ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَالُوا إِنَّمَا
 الْبَيْعُ مِثْلُ الرِّبَا وَأَحَلَّ اللَّهُ الْبَيْعَ وَحَرَّمَ الرِّبَا فَمَنْ جَاءَهُ مَوْعِظَةٌ مِنْ رَبِّهِ فَانْتَهَى فَلَهُ مَا سَلَفَ وَأَمْرُهُ إِلَى اللَّهِ
 وَمَنْ عَادَ فَأُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ ۞

الَّذِينَ يَأْكُلُونَ [eat] devour الرِّبَا interest (usury) لَا
 not يَقُومُونَ they will stand إِلَّا except كَمَا like (one) who يَقُومُ
 stands الَّذِي whom يَتَخَبَّطُهُ confounded him الشَّيْطَانُ Satan مِنْ
 with الْمَسِّ (his) touch ذَلِكَ (is) that بِأَنَّهُمْ because they قَالُوا
 إِنَّمَا indeed الْبَيْعُ trade مِثْلُ (is) like الرِّبَا interest /usury وَأَحَلَّ

and made **وَحَرَّمَ** the trade **الْبَيْعَ** Allah **اللَّهُ** while made lawful
رَبُّهُ received **جَهْدُهُ** so whoever **مَنْ** the interest **الْزُورَ** unlawful
for **لَهُ** and he refrained **فَأَنهَنِي** his Lord **رَبِّي** from **مِنْ** admonition
and his case (is left) **وَأَمْرُهُ** (is) (in the) past **سَلَفَ** what **مَا** him is
are they **أَمْ** repeated **أَوَّلَئِكَ** but those who **وَمَنْ** Allah **اللَّهُ** to **إِلَى**
are **أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ** (of) Fire **هُمْ** they **فِيهَا** in it **حَالِدِينَ** abide forever

275. Those who eat *Ribâ* will not stand (on the Day of Resurrection) except like the standing of a person beaten by *Shaitân* (Satan) leading him to insanity. That is because they say: "Trading is only like *Ribâ*," whereas Allâh has permitted trading and forbidden *Ribâ*. So whosoever receives an admonition from his Lord and stops eating *Ribâ*, shall not be punished for the past; his case is for Allâh (to judge); but whoever returns (to *Ribâ*), such are the dwellers of the Fire — they will abide therein.

يَمَحُقُ اللَّهُ الرِّيَا وَيُرِي الصَّدَقَاتِ وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ كُلَّ كَفَّارٍ أَثِيمٍ ﴿٧٧﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ وَأَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ وَآتَوُا الزَّكَاةَ لَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ وَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿٧٨﴾

يَمَحُفُّ the interest الرِّبَا Allah ﷻ deprives of blessings
to (alms giving) deeds of charity and gives increase
وَاللَّهُ ﷻ and Allah ﷻ لَا does not يُحِبُّ like كُلُّ all كَفَّارٍ
ungrateful اَيمٍ ﴿٧٦﴾ indeed اَلَّذِينَ sinners اٰمَنُوا those who
believed وَعَمِلُوا and did deeds الصَّالِحَاتِ righteous
established الصَّلَاةَ (Salat) prayer وَآتُوا gave (paid) الزَّكَاةَ
Zakat لَهُمْ for them اَجْرُهُمْ their reward عِنْدَ with رَبِّهِمْ
Lord وَلَا (and) (there is) no خَوْفٌ fear عَلَيْهِمْ on them وَلَا
they يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿٧٧﴾ shall grieve

276. Allâh will destroy *Ribâ* and will give increase for *Sadaqât* (deeds of charity, alms). And Allâh likes not the disbelievers, sinners. **277.** Truly, those who believe, and do deeds of righteousness, and perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), and give *Zakât*, they will have their reward with their Lord. On them shall be no fear, nor shall they grieve.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَذَرُوا مَا بَقِيَ مِنَ الرِّبَا إِن كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٢٧٨﴾ فَإِن لَّمْ تَقْعَلُوا فَاذْنُوا بِحَرْبٍ مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَإِن تُبْتِغُوا فَلَئِنَّكُمْ لَفِي ذَمٍّ مِّنْ أَمْوَالِكُمُ لَا تَظْلِمُونَ وَلَا تُظْلَمُونَ ﴿٢٧٩﴾ وَإِن كَانِ ذُو عُسْرَةٍ فَنَظِرَةٌ إِلَىٰ مَيْسَرَةٍ وَأَن تَصَدَّقُوا خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ إِن كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٢٨٠﴾ وَآتُوا يَوْمَ تَرْجَعُونَ فِيهِ إِلَى اللَّهِ ثُمَّ تُوَفَّى كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا كَسَبَتْ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ﴿٢٨١﴾

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا who O you اتَّقُوا Allah fear and give up مَا what and remain of الرِّبَا interest if كُنْتُمْ you (are) مُؤْمِنِينَ believers فَإِن but if لَّمْ do not تَقْعَلُوا you (are) warned (permitted) بِحَرْبٍ then be of war مِّنَ Allah and if تُبْتِغُوا and his Messenger وَرَسُولِهِ and if فَلَئِنَّكُمْ (are) your capital رُءُوسُ أَمْوَالِكُمْ for you (you shall have) sums لَا not تَظْلِمُونَ you do wrong and not تُظْلَمُونَ you will be wronged and if كَانِ (debtor) is ذُو عُسْرَةٍ in difficulty until مَيْسَرَةٍ then delay إِلَىٰ you remit it by way of Charity تَصَدَّقُوا and that وَأَن ease خَيْرٌ (is) better لَّكُمْ for you إِن if كُنْتُمْ you shall تَعْلَمُونَ know وَآتُوا and fear يَوْمَ the Day تَرْجَعُونَ and be brought back إِلَى اللَّهِ Allah ثُمَّ then تُوَفَّى it shall be paid كُلُّ every نَفْسٍ person/soul مَّا what كَسَبَتْ shall be wronged يُظْلَمُونَ and they وَهُمْ earned

278. O you who believe! Be afraid of Allâh and give up what remains (due to you) from *Ribâ* (from now onward) if you are (really) believers. 279. And if you do not do it, then take a notice of war from Allâh and His Messenger but if you repent, you shall have your capital sums. Deal not unjustly (by asking more than your capital sums), and you shall not be dealt with unjustly (by receiving less than your capital sums). 280. And if the debtor is in a hard time (has no money), then grant him time till it is easy for him to repay; but if you remit it by way of charity, that is better for you if you did but know. 281. And be afraid of the Day when you shall be brought back to Allâh. Then every person shall be paid what he earned, and they shall not be dealt with unjustly.

يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا إِذَا تَدَايَنْتُمْ بِدَيْنٍ إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى فَاكْتُبُوهُ وَلْيَكْتُبَ بَيْنَكُمْ كَاتِبٌ بِالْعَدْلِ وَلَا يَأْبَ كَاتِبٌ أَنْ يَكْتُبَ كَمَا عَلَّمَهُ اللَّهُ فَلْيَكْتُبْ وَلْيُمْلِلِ الَّذِي عَلَيْهِ الْحَقُّ وَلْيَتَّقِ اللَّهَ رَبَّهُ وَلَا يَبْخَسْ مِنْهُ شَيْئًا فَإِنْ كَانَ الَّذِي عَلَيْهِ الْحَقُّ سَفِيهًا أَوْ ضَعِيفًا أَوْ لَا يَسْطِيعُ أَنْ يُمِلَّ هُوَ فَلْيُمْلِلْ وَلِيُّهُ بِالْعَدْلِ وَاسْتَشْهِدُوا شَهِيدَيْنِ مِنْ رِجَالِكُمْ فَإِنْ لَمْ يَكُونَا رَجُلَيْنِ فَرَجُلٌ وَامْرَأَتَانِ مِمَّن رَضَوْنَ مِنَ الشَّهَادَةِ أَنْ تَضِلَّ إِحْدَاهُمَا فَتُذَكَّرَ إِحْدَاهُمَا الْأُخْرَىٰ وَلَا يَأْبَ الشَّهَادَةُ إِذَا مَا دُعُوا وَلَا تَسْمَعُوا أَنْ تَكْتُبُوهُ صَغِيرًا أَوْ كَبِيرًا إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ ذَٰلِكُمْ أَقْسَطُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَأَقْوَمُ لِلشَّهَادَةِ وَأَدْنَىٰ أَلَّا تَرْتَابُوا إِلَّا أَنْ تَكُونَ تِجَارَةً حَاضِرَةً تُدِيرُونَهَا بَيْنَكُمْ فَلَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ أَلَّا تَكْتُبُوهَا وَأَشْهِدُوا إِذَا تَبَايَعْتُمْ وَلَا يُضَارَ كَاتِبٌ وَلَا شَهِيدٌ وَإِنْ تَفَلَّحُوا فَإِنَّهُ فُسُوقٌ بِكُمْ وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٢٨﴾

يَتَأْتِيهَا O you الَّذِينَ who ءَامَنُوا believe إِذَا when تَدَايَنْتُمْ you
 a period أَجَلٍ for إِلَىٰ a debt بِدَيْنٍ contract from one another
 let write it down فَاكْتُبُوهُ fixed مُسَمًّى so write it down وَلْيَكْتُبْ
 and وَلَا in justice بِالْعَدْلِ a scribe كَاتِبٌ between you بَيْنَكُمْ
 write it down يَكْتُبْ to أَنْ a scribe كَاتِبٌ refuse يَأْبَ (should) not
 so let him write فَلْيَكْتُبْ Allah اللَّهُ has taught him عَلَّمَهُ as كَمَا
 (is) وَلْيُمْلِلِ the one الَّذِي and let dictate عَلَيْهِ the one (is) الْحَقُّ on whom (is)
 وَلَا his Lord رَبُّهُ Allah اللَّهُ and let him fear وَلْيَتَّقِ the liability
 but if فَإِنْ any thing شَيْئًا (out) of it دِينَارٌ diminish مِنْهُ and not
 (of) low سَفِيهًا the liability الْحَقُّ on whom one الَّذِي is كَانَ
 understanding أَوْ or weak ضَعِيفًا أَوْ لَا or لَا يَسْطِيعُ not capable أَنْ
 his guardian وَلِيُّهُ then let dictate فَلْيُمْلِلْ he هُوَ dictates يُمِلُّ that
 two شَهِيدَيْنِ and call for evidence وَاسْتَشْهِدُوا in justice بِالْعَدْلِ
 be يَكُونَا not لَمْ and if فَإِنْ your men رِجَالِكُمْ of witnesses
 and two وَامْرَأَتَانِ then a man فَرَجُلٌ two men رَجُلَيْنِ available
 of (as) وَمِنْ you agree رَضَوْنَ of those الشَّهَادَةِ (as)
 one of (two women) إِحْدَاهُمَا errs تَضِلُّ (so) that (if) أَنْ witnesses
 other فَتُذَكَّرُ reminds إِحْدَاهُمَا (two women) (one of (them)) الْأُخْرَىٰ
 وَلَا (should) not يَأْبَ and الشَّهَادَةُ refuse إِذَا the witnesses
 that دُعُوا they are called وَلَا (do) not تَسْمَعُوا and أَنْ become weary

تَكْتُبُوهُ or صَغِيرًا or كَبِيرًا large إِلَى (in more just (fairest) أَقْسَطُ that (is) عَلَيْكُمْ its period أَجَلِهِمُ (the sight of) اللهَ Allah وَأَقْوَمُ and more reliable لِلسَّهْدَةِ and evidence وَأَدْنَى and nearer (to) وَلَا that do not تَرَكَوْا that you have تَرَكَوْا evidence إِلَّا except أَنْ that تَكُونَ it be تَجَرَةً a trade حَاضِرَةً among yourselves بَيْنَكُمْ you carry it out تُدِيرُونَهَا present تَكُنْجُومًا that do not إِلَّا sin جُنَاحٌ on you عَلَيْكُمْ then (there is) not تَكْتُبُونَهَا when إِذَا but take witnesses وَأَشْهَدُوا you write it down لَا neither يُضَارَّ let suffer harm كَاتِبٌ scribe وَلَا nor شَهِيدٌ witness وَإِنْ and if تَفْعَلُوا you do it فَلَاكُمْ so fear فَسُوءٌ wickedness بِكُمْ on your part وَأَتَّقُوا and Allah اللهُ Allah وَيُعَلِّمُكُمُ Allah اللهُ and teaches you كُلِّ شَيْءٍ of every عِلْمٍ (is) All-Knower

282. O you who believe! When you contract a debt for a fixed period, write it down. Let a scribe write it down in justice between you. Let not the scribe refuse to write as Allâh has taught him, so let him write. Let him (the debtor) who incurs the liability dictate, and he must fear Allâh, his Lord, and diminish not anything of what he owes. But if the debtor is of poor understanding, or weak, or is unable to dictate for himself, then let his guardian dictate in justice. And get two witnesses out of your own men. And if there are not two men (available), then a man and two women, such as you agree for witnesses, so that if one of them (two women) errs, the other can remind her. And the witnesses should not refuse when they are called (for evidence). You should not become weary to write it (your contract), whether it be small or big, for its fixed term, that is more just with Allâh; more solid as evidence, and more convenient to prevent doubts among yourselves, save when it is a present trade which you carry out on the spot among yourselves, then there is no sin on you if you do not write it down. But take witnesses whenever you make a commercial contract. Let neither scribe nor witness suffer any harm, but if you do (such harm), it would be wickedness in you. So be afraid of Allâh; and Allâh teaches you. And Allâh is the All-Knower of each and everything.

وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ عَلَى سَفَرٍ وَلَمْ تَجِدُوا كَاتِبًا فَرِهَنَّ مَقْبُوضَةً فَإِنْ أَتَى بَعْضُكُمْ بَعْضًا فَلْيُؤَدِّ الَّذِي أُؤْتِيَ ائْتِنَ ائْتِنَتْهُ وَلِيَتَّقِ اللَّهَ رَبَّهُ وَلَا تَكْتُمُوا الشَّهَادَةَ وَمَنْ يَكْتُمْهَا فَإِنَّهُ إِيَّاهُمْ قُلُوبُهُمُ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٢٨٢﴾

الْسَّكُوتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَإِنْ تُبْدُوا مَا فِي أَنْفُسِكُمْ أَوْ تُخْفُوهُ يُحَاسِبْكُمْ بِهِ اللَّهُ فَيَغْفِرُ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ وَيُعَذِّبُ
مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿٢٨٣﴾

and did not وَلَمْ a journey on سَفَرٍ you are كُنْتُمْ and if وَإِنْ
in hand تَجِدُوا you find كَاتِبًا a scribe فَرِهْنِ then a pledge مَقْبُوضَةً
then another فَايُودِ any of you بَعْضُكُمْ trusted بَيْنَ but if فَإِنْ
and وَلَيْتَنِي his trust أَمْتَنَتْ is trusted أَوْثِقِينَ one who الَّذِي let fulfil
you and (do) not وَلَا his Lord رَبُّهُ Allāh اللَّهُ let him fear
conceals it يَكْتُمُهَا and who وَمَنْ the evidence الشَّهَادَةُ conceal
فَإِنَّهُ surely he ءَامِنٌ (is) sinful قَلْبُهُ (his) heart وَاللَّهُ and Allāh
for Allāh (is) All-knower عَلِيمٌ ﴿٢٨٤﴾ you do تَعْمَلُونَ of what
and what (is) وَمَا the heavens السَّمَوَاتِ (is) in فِي what (is)
(is) فِي what مَا you declare تُبْدُوا and if وَإِنْ the earth الْأَرْضِ in
will تُخْفُوهُ you conceal it or أَوْ your own selves أَنْفُسِكُمْ in
and will forgive فَيَغْفِرُ Allāh اللَّهُ for it بِهِ call you to account
whom وَمَنْ (to) whom يَشَاءُ He wills and will punish وَيُعَذِّبُ
thing كُلِّ every شَيْءٍ and Allāh وَاللَّهُ He wills
(is) All-Powerful قَدِيرٌ ﴿٢٨٥﴾

283. And if you are on a journey and cannot find a scribe, then let there be a pledge taken (mortgaging), then if one of you entrusts the other, let the one who is entrusted discharge his trust (faithfully), and let him be afraid of Allāh, his Lord. And conceal not the evidence, for he who hides it, surely, his heart is sinful. And Allāh is All-Knower of what you do. 284. To Allāh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is on the earth, and whether you disclose what is in your own selves or conceal it, Allāh will call you to account for it. Then He forgives whom He wills and punishes whom He wills. And Allāh is Able to do all things.

ءَامَنَ الرُّسُلُ بِمَا أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْهِ مِنْ رَبِّهِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ كُلٌّ ءَامَنَ بِاللَّهِ وَمَلَائِكَتِهِ وَكُتُبِهِ وَرُسُلِهِ لَا تَفْرِقُ بَيْنَ أَحَدٍ
مِنْ رُسُلِهِ وَقَالُوا سَمِعْنَا وَأَطَعْنَا غُفْرَانَكَ رَبَّنَا وَإِلَيْكَ الْمَصِيرُ ﴿٢٨٦﴾

was sent الرُّسُلُ believed بِمَا the Messenger أَنْزَلَ in what
and the إِلَيْهِ to him مِنْ رَبِّهِ his Lord وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ
and His وَمَلَائِكَتِهِ in Allāh بِاللَّهِ all ءَامَنَ believers
(do) لَا and His Messengers وَرُسُلِهِ and His Books كُتُبِهِ angels

any one **أَحَدٍ** between **بَيْنَ** we make distinction **نُفَرِّقُ** not
 we **سَمِعْنَا** and they said **وَقَالُوا** His Messengers **رُسُلِهِ** of **مِنَ**
 (we seek) Your forgiveness **عُفْرَانِكَ** and we obeyed **وَأَطَعْنَا** heard
 the return **وَالْمَصِيرَ** and to You (is) **وَإِلَيْكَ** our Lord **رَبَّنَا**

285. The Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) believes in what has been sent down to him from his Lord, and (so do) the believers. Each one believes in Allâh, His Angels, His Books, and His Messengers. (They say,) "We make no distinction between any one of His Messengers" — and they say, "We hear, and we obey. (We seek) Your forgiveness, our Lord, and to You is the return (of all)."

لَا يُكَلِّفُ اللَّهُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا لَهَا مَا كَسَبَتْ وَعَلَيْهَا مَا اكْتَسَبَتْ رَبَّنَا لَا تُؤَاخِذْنَا إِنْ نَسِينَا أَوْ أَخْطَأْنَا رَبَّنَا وَلَا تَحْمِلْ عَلَيْنَا إِمْرًا كَمَا حَمَلْتُمْ عَلَى الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِنَا رَبَّنَا وَلَا تُحَمِّلْنَا مَا لَا طَاقَةَ لَنَا بِهِ وَاعْفُ عَنَّا وَاعْفِرْ لَنَا وَارْحَمْنَا أَنْتَ مَوْلَانَا فَانصُرْنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٢٨٥﴾

but **لَا** any soul **نَفْسًا** Allah **اللَّهُ** burden **يُكَلِّفُ** (does) not **لَا**
 it earned (good) **كَسَبَتْ** what **مَا** for it **لَهَا** to its capacity **وُسْعَهَا**
 our Lord **رَبَّنَا** it earned (evil) **اِكْتَسَبَتْ** what **مَا** and against it **وَعَلَيْهَا**
 we **نَسِينَا** if **إِنْ** take us to task **تُؤَاخِذْنَا** do not **لَا**
 forgot **أَوْ** or **أَخْطَأْنَا** we committed mistakes **رَبَّنَا** our Lord **وَلَا**
 like that **كَمَا** a burden **إِمْرًا** on us **عَلَيْنَا** lay **تَحْمِلْ** and do not
 those who (were) **الَّذِينَ** on **عَلَى** You laid **حَمَلْتُمْ** which (as)
 lay on us **تَحْمِلْنَا** and (do) not **وَلَا** our Lord **رَبَّنَا** before us **قَبْلِنَا**
 we have **لَنَا** power **طَاقَةً** (do) not **لَا** (of) which **مَا** (burdens)
 and forgive **وَاعْفِرْ** from us **عَنَّا** and pardon **وَاعْفُ** for that **بِهِ**
 You (are) **أَنْتَ** and have mercy on us **وَارْحَمْنَا** for us **لَنَا**
 our Protector **مَوْلَانَا** so grant us victory **فَانصُرْنَا** over **عَلَى** the disbelieving **الْكَافِرِينَ** people

286. Allâh burdens not a person beyond his scope. He gets reward for that (good) which he has earned, and he is punished for that (evil) which he has earned. "Our Lord! Punish us not if we forget or fall into error, our Lord! Lay not on us a burden like that which You did lay on those before us (Jews and Christians); our Lord! Put not on us a burden greater than we have strength to bear. Pardon us and grant us forgiveness. Have mercy on us. You are our *Maulâ* (Patron, Supporter and Protector) and give us victory over the disbelieving people.

سُورَةُ آلِ عِمْرَانَ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْحَيُّ الْقَيُّومُ ﴿١﴾ نَزَّلَ عَلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ بِالْحَقِّ مُصَدِّقًا لِمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ وَأَنزَلَ التَّوْرَةَ وَالْإِنْجِيلَ ﴿٢﴾ مِن قَبْلُ هُدًى لِّلنَّاسِ وَأَنزَلَ الْفُرْقَانَ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ ذُو انْتِقَامٍ ﴿٣﴾ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَخْفَى عَلَيْهِ شَيْءٌ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي السَّمَاءِ ﴿٤﴾

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ Alif-Lam-Mim (there is) no god but He the Sustainer (and the the Ever-Living He Protector) He sent down the Book to you the Book confirming what is before it with truth and He sent down the Torah and the Gospel and the Gospel before (this) and He sent down a guidance for mankind and He sent down the Criterion (the Quran) for those who disbelieved indeed the Verses of Allah (of) Allah severe torment (is) All-Mighty and Allah All-Able of retribution indeed Allah not anything from Him is hidden in the earth and not the heaven

Sûrat Âl-'Imrân

(The Family of Imran) III

*In the Name of Allâh
the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.*

1. *Alif-Lâm-Mîm.* [These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings.] 2. *Allâh! Lâ ilahâ illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He), *Al-Hayyul-Qayyum* (the Ever Living, the One Who sustains and protects all that exists). 3. It is He Who has sent down the Book (the Qur'ân) to you (Muhammad ﷺ) with truth, confirming what came

before it. And He sent down the Taurât (Torah) and the Injîl (Gospel), 4. Aforetime, as a guidance to mankind. And He sent down the criterion [of judgement between right and wrong (this Qur'ân)]. Truly, those who disbelieve in the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh, for them there is a severe torment; and Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Able of Retribution. 5. Truly, nothing is hidden from Allâh, in the earth or in the heaven.

هُوَ الَّذِي يُصَوِّرُكُمْ فِي الْأَرْحَامِ كَيْفَ يَشَاءُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ ﴿٦﴾ هُوَ الَّذِي أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ مِنْهُ آيَاتٌ مُّحْكَمَاتٌ هُنَّ أُمُّ الْكِتَابِ وَأُخَرُ مُتَشَابِهَاتٌ فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ زَيْغٌ فَيَتَّبِعُونَ مَا تَشَابَهَ مِنْهُ ابْتِغَاءَ الْفِتْنَةِ وَابْتِغَاءَ تَأْوِيلِهِ وَمَا يَقْلُمُ تَأْوِيلَهُ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَالرَّاسِخُونَ فِي الْعِلْمِ يَقُولُونَ آمَنَّا بِهِ كُلٌّ مِنْ عِنْدِ رَبِّنَا وَمَا يَذَّكَّرُ إِلَّا أُولُو الْأَلْبَابِ ﴿٧﴾

هُوَ the He it is الَّذِي Who يُصَوِّرُكُمْ shapes you in the الْأَرْحَامِ wombs كَيْفَ how يَشَاءُ He wills لَا (there is) no إِلَهَ god إِلَّا but هُوَ Him الْعَزِيزُ the All-Mighty الْحَكِيمُ the All-Wise ﴿٦﴾ هُوَ the the Book الْكِتَابَ to you عَلَيْكَ sent down أُنْزِلَ Who He الَّذِي the آيَاتٌ Verses مُّحْكَمَاتٌ absolutely clear هُنَّ which (are) أُمُّ it (are) الْكِتَابِ basis (of) the Book وَأُخَرُ and others مُتَشَابِهَاتٌ (is) فَتَنَةٌ whose hearts قُلُوبِهِمْ in those الَّذِينَ but فَأَمَّا not clear (is) فَتَنَةٌ what تَشَابَهَ they follow فَيَتَّبِعُونَ perversity ابْتِغَاءَ seeking الْفِتْنَةِ mischief وَابْتِغَاءَ it (real) تَأْوِيلِهِ and seeking meaning وَمَا and does not يَقْلُمُ know تَأْوِيلَهُ its (real) meaning إِلَّا except اللَّهُ Allah وَالرَّاسِخُونَ and (those) who are firmly rooted in it الْعِلْمِ knowledge يَقُولُونَ they say آمَنَّا we believe بِهِ in it كُلٌّ all مِنْ عِنْدِ from رَبِّنَا our Lord وَمَا but do not يَذَّكَّرُ heed إِلَّا except أُولُو men الْأَلْبَابِ (of) understanding ﴿٧﴾

6. He it is Who shapes you in the wombs as He wills. *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He), the All-Mighty, the All-Wise. 7. It is He Who has sent down to you (Muhammad ﷺ) the Book (this Qur'ân). In it are Verses that are entirely clear, they are the foundations of the Book [and those are the Verses of *Al-Ahkâm* (commandments), *Al-Fara'id* (obligatory duties) and *Al-Hudud* (laws for the punishment of thieves, adulterers)]; and others not entirely clear. So as for those in whose hearts there is a deviation (from the truth) they follow that which is not entirely clear thereof, seeking *Al-Fitnah* (polytheism and

trials), and seeking for its hidden meanings, but none knows its hidden meanings save Allâh. And those who are firmly grounded in knowledge say: "We believe in it; the whole of it (clear and unclear Verses) are from our Lord." And none receive admonition except men of understanding. (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*)

رَبَّنَا لَا تُغِثْ قُلُوبَنَا بَعْدَ إِذْ هَدَيْتَنَا وَهَبْ لَنَا مِنْ لَدُنْكَ رَحْمَةً إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْوَكَابُ ۝٨ رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ جَمَاعُ النَّاسِ يَوْمَ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ إِنَّكَ اللَّهُ لَا يُخْلِفُ الْوَعْدَ ۝٩ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لَنْ تُنْفِكَ عَنْهُمْ أَمْوَالَهُمْ وَلَا أَزْلَهُمُ مِنَ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا وَأُولَئِكَ هُمْ وَقُودُ النَّارِ ۝١٠

رَبَّنَا our Lord لَا do not تُغِثْ deviate قُلُوبَنَا our hearts بَعْدَ after إِذْ (when) هَدَيْتَنَا You have guided us وَهَبْ and grant لَنَا (to) us مِنْ (from) لَدُنْكَ Your (self) رَحْمَةً mercy إِنَّكَ indeed You أَنْتَ You (Alone are) الْوَكَابُ ۝٨ رَبَّنَا the Bestower إِنَّكَ our Lord جَمَاعُ (will) gather النَّاسِ mankind يَوْمَ on a Day لَا (there is) no رَيْبَ doubt فِيهِ in it إِنَّكَ Allah لَا (does) not يُخْلِفُ no رَيْبَ break الْوَعْدَ ۝٩ (His) promise إِنَّ indeed الَّذِينَ those who كَفَرُوا disbelieved لَنْ will never تُنْفِكَ avail عَنْهُمْ them أَمْوَالَهُمْ their wealth وَلَا and not أَزْلَهُمُ their offspring مِنَ اللَّهِ from اللَّهِ شَيْئًا anything وَأُولَئِكَ and those هُمْ they وَقُودُ (are) fuel النَّارِ ۝١٠ (of) the Fire

8. (They say): "Our Lord! Let not our hearts deviate (from the truth) after You have guided us, and grant us mercy from You. Truly, You are the Bestower."

9. "Our Lord! Verily, it is You Who will gather mankind together on the Day about which there is no doubt. Verily, Allâh never breaks His Promise."

10. Verily, those who disbelieve, neither their properties nor their offspring will avail them whatsoever against Allâh; and it is they who will be fuel of the Fire.

كَذَابَ آلِ فِرْعَوْنَ وَالَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا فَاحْذَرُهُمُ اللَّهُ يَذُوبُهُمْ وَاللَّهُ شَوِيدُ الْوَقَابِ ۝١١ قُلِ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا سَعْيُهُمْ وَتُحْشَرُونَ إِلَىٰ جَهَنَّمَ وَبِئْسَ الْيَمَادُ ۝١٢ قَدْ كَانَ لَكُمْ آيَةٌ فِي فِئَتَيْنِ الْتَقَتَا فِئَةٌ تُقَاتِلُ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَأُخْرَىٰ كَافِرَةٌ يَرَوْنَهُمْ مِثْلَهُمْ رَأَىٰ الْعَيْنُ وَاللَّهُ يُؤَيِّدُ بَصَرِيهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ إِنَّكَ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَوْزَنَةٌ لَآؤُلَى الْأَبْصَارِ ۝١٣

كَذَّابٍ (of) Pharaoh فِرْعَوْنَ (of) people مَالٍ like behaviour
 Our يَا أَيُّهَا they belied كَذَّبُوا before them and those
 for بَدُّوا Allah اللَّهُ so seized them فَآخَذَهُمْ Verses (revelation)
 (in) الْقَوَابِ (is) Severe شَدِيدٌ and Allah وَاللَّهُ their sins
 disbelieved كَفَرُوا to those who الَّذِينَ say قُل punishment
 to and gathered وَتُحْشَرُونَ you shall be overpowered إِنَّكَ
 جَهَنَّمَ Hell وَيَسَّ and (that is) an evil الْمِهَادُ resting place قَدْ
 two فِئَتَيْنِ in فِي a sign آيَةً for you لَكُمْ was كَذَّابٌ indeed
 (was) one group وَفِي which met (in combat) الْقَتْلُ groups
 and the other وَأُخْرَى (of) Allah اللَّهُ Way سَبِيلٍ in فِي fighting
 they were seeing them يَرَوْنَهُمْ disbelievers كَافِرَةٌ (was of)
 and وَاللَّهُ with their own eyes رَأَى الْعَيْنِ twice of them ثَلَاثِينَ
 He يُؤَيِّدُ whom مَن with His Victory وَيَصْرِفُهُ supports يُؤَيِّدُ Allah
 for لَذَلِ (is) a lesson لَوْزَةٍ that ذَلِكَ in فِي surely إِنَّك wills
 (understanding) eyes (to see) الْأَبْصَارِ those who have

11. Like the behaviour of the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and those before them; they belied Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.). So Allâh seized (destroyed) them for their sins. And Allâh is Severe in punishment. 12. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) to those who disbelieve: "You will be defeated and gathered together to Hell, and worst indeed is that place of rest." 13. There has already been a sign for you (O Jews) in the two armies that met (in combat, i.e. the battle of Badr). One was fighting in the Cause of Allâh, and as for the other, (they) were disbelievers. They (the believers) saw them (the disbelievers) with their own eyes twice their number (although they were thrice their number). And Allâh supports with His Victory whom He wills. Verily, in this is a lesson for those who understand. (See Verse 8:44). (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*)

زَيْنَ النَّاسِ حُبُّ الشَّهَوَاتِ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ وَالْبَنِينَ وَالْقَنَاطِيرِ الْمُقَنْطَرَةِ مِنَ الذَّهَبِ وَالْأَنْصَابِ وَالْأَخْيَالِ
 الْمُسَوَّمَةِ وَالْأَنْعَامِ وَالْحَرْثِ ذَلِكَ مَتَاعُ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا وَاللَّهُ عِنْدَهُ حُسْنُ الْمَعَآبِ ﴿١١﴾ قُلْ أَوْفَيْتُكُمْ
 بِخَيْرٍ مِّنْ ذَٰلِكُمْ لِلَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا عِندَ رَبِّهِمْ جَنَّاتٌ تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا وَأَزْوَاجٌ مُّطَهَّرَةٌ
 وَرِضْوَانٌ مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ بِالْعِبَادِ ﴿١٢﴾

زُيِّنَ (of) things أَشْهُوتَ love حُبُّ for people لِلنَّاسِ is beautified مِنْ they covet مِنَ الْبَنِينَ women وَالْبَنِينَ and children وَالْفَنَاطِيرِ and the gold of الذَّهَبِ stored up مِنَ and heaps وَالْمُقْتَضِرِ silver وَالْخَيْلِ and horses الْمُسَوَّمِ and branded وَالْأَنْعَامِ and cattle وَالْحَرْثِ possessions مَتَكُ (that) those are ذَلِكَ and land وَالْأَنْعَامِ (is) life الدُّنْيَا the world وَاللَّهُ but اللَّهُ عِنْدَهُ with Him حُسْنُ (is) shall I inform أَوْتِيْتُكُمْ say قُلْ abode to return الْعَقَابِ excellent ۞ you بِخَيْرٍ of better مِن than دَلِيلُكُمْ that لِلَّذِينَ for those who أَتَقُوا flow تَجْرِي (are) Gardens جَنَّاتُ their Lord رَبِّهِمْ with عِنْدَ fear they will abide forever خَالِدِينَ rivers الْأَنْهَارُ beneath which تَحْتِهَا therein وَأَزْوَاجٌ and spouses مُطَهَّرَةٌ pure وَرِضْوَانٌ and (is) All-Seer بَصِيرٌ and اللَّهُ Allah of مِنْ Pleasure بِالْأَعْبَادِ ۞ of (His) slaves

14. Beautified for men is the love of things they covet; women, children, much of gold and silver (wealth), branded beautiful horses, cattle and well-tilled land. This is the pleasure of the present world's life; but Allâh has the excellent return (Paradise with flowing rivers) with Him. 15. Say: "Shall I inform you of things far better than those? For *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious — See V.2:2) there are Gardens (Paradise) with their Lord, underneath which rivers flow. Therein (is their) eternal (home) and *Azwâjun Mutahharatun* (purified mates or wives). And Allâh will be pleased with them. And Allâh is All-Seer of the (His) slaves."

الَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا إِنَّنَا آمَنَّا فَاغْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ ۝۱۶ الصَّابِرِينَ وَالصَّادِقِينَ وَالْقَانِتِينَ وَالْمُنْفِقِينَ وَالْمُسْتَغْفِرِينَ بِالْأَسْحَارِ ۝۱۷ شَهِدَ اللَّهُ أَنَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ وَأُولُو الْعِلْمِ قَائِمًا بِالْقِسْطِ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ ۝۱۸

الَّذِينَ those who يَقُولُونَ say رَبَّنَا our Lord إِنَّنَا we have indeed آمَنَّا believed فَاغْفِرْ so forgive لَنَا (for) us ذُنُوبَنَا our sins وَقِنَا (of) Fire النَّارِ (from) punishment عَذَابِ (of) Fire الصَّابِرِينَ (of) Fire الصَّابِرِينَ and the الْقَانِتِينَ and the truthful وَالصَّادِقِينَ the patient and (those) who spend (in Way of Allah) الْمُنْفِقِينَ obedient وَالْمُسْتَغْفِرِينَ early بِالْأَسْحَارِ ۝۱۷ and who pray for forgiveness

(there is) no **لَا** that **أَنَّ** Allah **اللَّهُ** bears witness **شَهِدَ** morning
 and men **وَأُولُوا** and the angels **وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ** He **هُوَ** but **إِلَّا** god **إِلَٰهَ**
الْعِزِّ (of) knowledge **فَالْبَاقِيَ** standing firm **بِالْقِسْطِ** on justice **لَا**
 the All-Mighty **الْعَزِيزُ** He **هُوَ** but **إِلَّا** god **إِلَٰهَ** (that there is) no
 the All-Wise **الْحَكِيمُ**

16. Those who say: "Our Lord! We have indeed believed, so forgive us our sins and save us from the punishment of the Fire." 17. (They are) those who are patient, those who are true (in Faith, words, and deeds), and obedient with sincere devotion in worship to Allâh. Those who spend (give the *Zakât* and alms in the way of Allâh) and those who pray and beg Allâh's Pardon in the last hours of the night. 18. Allâh bears witness that *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He), and the angels, and those having knowledge (also give this witness); (He always) maintains His creation in justice. *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He), the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ أَلِمْسَلَمُوا وَمَا اخْتَلَفَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ إِلَّا مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَهُمْ أَوَّلُهُمْ بَقِيًا يَنْتَهُمُ
 وَمَنْ يَكْفُرْ بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ سَرِيعُ الْحِسَابِ ﴿١٦﴾ فَإِنْ حَاجُّوكَ فَقُلْ أَسْلَمْتُ وَجْهِيَ لِلَّهِ وَمَنِ اتَّبَعْنِي وَقُلْ لِلَّذِينَ
 أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ وَالْأُمِّيِّينَ ءَأَسْلَمْتُمْ فَإِنْ أَسْلَمُوا فَقَدْ اهْتَكَدُوا وَإِنْ قَوْلُوا فَإِنَّمَا عَلَيْكَ الْبَلَاغُ وَاللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ
 بِالْعِبَادِ ﴿١٧﴾

إِنَّ truly الَّذِينَ the religion عِنْدَ with اللَّهُ Allah أَلِمْسَلَمُوا (is)
 were أَوْتُوا those who الَّذِينَ differ اخْتَلَفَ and did not وَمَا Islam
 the Scripture الْكِتَابَ given إِلَّا except مِنْ بَعْدِ after مَا what جَاءَهُمْ
 through بَقِيًا the knowledge أَوَّلُهُمْ had come to them
 and who وَمَنْ among themselves يَنْتَهُمُ transgression
 then verily فَإِنَّ (of) Allah اللَّهُ Signs بِآيَاتِ disbelieves
 Allah سَرِيعُ (is) Swift الْحِسَابِ ﴿١٦﴾ (in) reckoning فَإِنْ and if حَاجُّوكَ
 my وَجْهِيَ I have submitted أَسْلَمْتُ say فَقُلْ they argued with you
 and say وَجْهِيَ to Allah اللَّهُ and who اتَّبَعْنِي followed me وَقُلْ
 الَّذِينَ the Scripture الْكِتَابَ were given أُوتُوا to those who
 and illiterates ءَأَسْلَمْتُمْ did you submit yourselves? فَإِنْ so if أَسْلَمُوا

they are rightly guided **أَهْتَدُوا** then indeed **فَقَدْ** they submit upon you **عَلَيْكَ** then only **فَلَمَّا** they turn away **قَوْلُوا** but if **وَإِن** of **الْبَلَّغُ** (is) All-Seer **بَصِيرٌ** and Allah **وَاللَّهُ** to convey **أَلْبَغُ** (is) (His) slaves

19. Truly, the religion with Allâh is Islâm. Those who were given the Scripture (Jews and Christians) did not differ except, out of mutual jealousy, after knowledge had come to them. And whoever disbelieves in the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh, then surely, Allâh is Swift in calling to account. 20. So if they dispute with you (Muhammad صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم) say: "I have submitted myself to Allâh (in Islâm), and (so have) those who follow me." And say to those who were given the Scripture (Jews and Christians) and to those who are illiterates (Arab pagans): "Do you (also) submit yourselves (to Allâh in Islâm)?" If they do, they are rightly guided; but if they turn away, your duty is only to convey the Message; and Allâh is All-Seer of (His) slaves.

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَكْفُرُونَ بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ وَيَقْتُلُونَ النَّبِيِّينَ بِغَيْرِ حَقٍّ وَيَقْتُلُونَ الَّذِينَ يَأْمُرُونَ بِالْقِسْطِ مِنَ النَّاسِ فَبَشِّرْهُمْ بِعَذَابٍ أَلِيمٍ ﴿٢١﴾ أُولَٰئِكَ الَّذِينَ حَبِطَتْ أَعْمَلُهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ وَمَا لَهُمْ مِنَ النِّعَمِ ﴿٢٢﴾ أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا نَصِيبًا مِّنَ الْكِتَابِ يُدْعَوْنَ إِلَى كِتَابِ اللَّهِ لِيَحْكُمَ بَيْنَهُمْ ثُمَّ يَتَوَلَّوْنَ فَوِيقَ بَيْنَهُمْ وَهُمْ مُّعْرِضُونَ ﴿٢٣﴾

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ verily **الَّذِينَ** those who **يَكْفُرُونَ** disbelieve **بِآيَاتِ** in Verses **اللَّهُ** without **بِغَيْرِ** the Prophets **النَّبِيِّينَ** and slay **وَيَقْتُلُونَ** (of) Allah **حَقٍّ** right **وَيَقْتُلُونَ** and slay **الَّذِينَ** those who **يَأْمُرُونَ** command **بِالْقِسْطِ** (with) justice **مِنَ** of **النَّاسِ** the people **فَبَشِّرْهُمْ** give them **عَذَابٍ** tidings (assurance to) **أَلِيمٍ** of torment **أُولَٰئِكَ** those **الَّذِينَ** whose **حَبِطَتْ** went to waste **أَعْمَلُهُمْ** their works **فِي** in **الدُّنْيَا** (this) world **وَالْآخِرَةِ** and (in) the **وَمَا** Hereafter **لَهُمْ** and not **لَهُمْ** for them (they will have) **أَلَيْسَ** (to) **إِلَّا** you seen **أَلَمْ** have not **تَرَ** helpers **لِّمَنْ** who **أُوتُوا** have been given **نَصِيبًا** a portion **مِّنَ** of **الْكِتَابِ** the Book **اللَّهُ** (of) **يُدْعَوْنَ** they are invited **إِلَى** to **كِتَابِ** Scripture

Allah يَحْكُمُ to judge بَيْنَهُمْ between them ثُمَّ then turns away فَرِيقٌ a party مِنْهُمْ (from) them وَهُمْ and they مُّعْرِضُونَ ﴿١٧﴾ (are) averse

21. Verily, those who disbelieve in the Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh and kill the Prophets without right, and kill those men who order just dealings, ... then announce to them a painful torment. 22. They are those whose works will be lost in this world and in the Hereafter, and they will have no helpers. 23. Have you not seen those who have been given a portion of the Scripture? They are being invited to the Book of Allâh to settle their dispute, then a party of them turn away, and they are averse.

ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَالُوا لَن نَّمَسَّكَ النَّارُ إِلَّا أَيَّامًا مَّعْدُودَاتٍ وَغَرَّبُوا فِي دِينِهِمْ مَا كَانُوا يَفْقَهُونَ ﴿١٧﴾ تَكَيْفَ إِذَا جُمِعْتَهُمْ يَوْمَ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ وَوُفِّيَتْ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَا كَسَبَتْ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ﴿١٨﴾ قُلِ اللَّهُمَّ مَلِكُ الْمُلْكِ تُؤْتِي الْمُلْكَ مَن تَشَاءُ وَتَنْزِعُ الْمُلْكَ مِمَّن تَشَاءُ وَتُعِزُّ مَن تَشَاءُ وَتُذِلُّ مَن تَشَاءُ بِيَدِكَ الْخَيْرُ إِنَّكَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٩﴾

ذَٰلِكَ (is) this بِأَنَّهُمْ because they قَالُوا say لَن shall not نَّمَسَّكَ touch us the النَّارُ Fire إِلَّا but أَيَّامًا days مَّعْدُودَاتٍ numbered وَغَرَّبُوا they what كَانُوا their religion دِينِهِمْ in فِي and deceived them We used to يَفْقَهُونَ ﴿١٧﴾ invent تَكَيْفَ how إِذَا then جُمِعْتَهُمْ when دُوبْتُ فِيهِ (there is) no لَا on a Day يَوْمَ shall gather them every كُلُّ and would be paid وَوُفِّيَتْ in it (about which) not لَا and they وَهُمْ it has earned كَسَبَتْ what مَا person يُظْلَمُونَ ﴿١٨﴾ would be wronged قُلِ say اللَّهُمَّ O Allah! مَلِكُ Lord the dominion الْمُلْكَ You give تُؤْتِي (of) the dominion الْمُلْكَ the and take away وَتَنْزِعُ You will تَشَاءُ (to) whom dominion مِمَّن from whom تَشَاءُ You will وَتُعِزُّ and You exalt مَن and You humiliate وَتُذِلُّ whom تَشَاءُ whom verily You will بِيَدِكَ (is) the good الْخَيْرُ in Your Hand إِنَّكَ the every شَيْءٍ thing قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٩﴾ (are) All-Powerful

24. This is because they say: "The Fire shall not touch us but for a number of days." And that which they used to invent regarding their religion has deceived them. 25. How (will it be) when We gather them together on the Day about which

there is no doubt (i.e. the Day of Resurrection). And each person will be paid in full what he has earned? And they will not be dealt with unjustly. 26. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "O Allâh! Possessor of the kingdom, You give the kingdom to whom You will, and You take the kingdom from whom You will, and You endue with honour whom You will, and You humiliate whom You will. In Your Hand is the good. Verily, You are Able to do all things.

تُولِجُ اللَّيْلَ فِي النَّهَارِ وَتُؤَلِّجُ النَّهَارَ فِي اللَّيْلِ وَتُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مِنَ الْمَيِّتِ وَتُخْرِجُ الْمَيِّتَ مِنَ الْحَيِّ وَتَرْزُقُ مَنْ تَشَاءُ بِغَيْرِ حِسَابٍ ﴿٢٧﴾ لَا يَتَّخِذِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ الْكَافِرِينَ أَوْلِيَاءَ مِنْ دُونِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَمَنْ يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ فَلَيْسَ مِنَ اللَّهِ فِي شَيْءٍ إِلَّا أَنْ تَتَّقُوا مِنْهُمْ تُقَاتُوا وَيُحَذِّرُكُمُ اللَّهُ نَفْسَكُمْ وَإِلَى اللَّهِ الْمَصِيرُ ﴿٢٨﴾

تُولِجُ You enter اللَّيْلَ the night into النَّهَارَ the day and You
تُؤَلِّجُ enter النَّهَارَ the day into اللَّيْلَ the night and You
تُخْرِجُ out of الْحَيَّ the living مِنَ the dead
تُخْرِجُ out of الْمَيِّتِ the dead مِنَ the living
تَرْزُقُ You will (to) مَنْ whom تُشَاءُ give sustenance
حِسَابٍ ﴿٢٧﴾ measure (account) لَا not يَتَّخِذِ let take الْمُؤْمِنُونَ the believers
أَوْلِيَاءَ the disbelievers أَوْلِيَاءَ (for their) allies مِنْ دُونِ instead of
يَفْعَلْ and whoever وَمَنْ the believers الْمُؤْمِنِينَ instead of
أَيُّ شَيْءٍ in Allah اللَّهُ مِنْ he is not فَلَيْسَ that ذَلِكَ
إِلَّا except أَنْ that تَتَّقُوا you fear مِنْهُمْ (of) them تُقَاتُوا
نَفْسَكُمْ Allah اللَّهُ and warns you (of) Himself
وَإِلَى اللَّهِ and to اللَّهُ الْمَصِيرُ ﴿٢٨﴾ (is) the return

27. You make the night to enter into the day, and You make the day to enter into the night (i.e. increase and decrease in the hours of the night and the day during winter and summer), You bring the living out of the dead, and You bring the dead out of the living. And You give wealth and sustenance to whom You will, without limit (measure or account). 28. Let not the believers take the disbelievers as *Auliya* (supporters, helpers) instead of the believers, and whoever does that, will never be helped by Allâh in any way, except if you indeed fear a danger from them. And Allâh warns you against Himself (His punishment), and to Allâh is the final return.

قُلْ إِنْ تُخْفُوا مَا فِي صُدُورِكُمْ أَوْ تُبْدُوهُ يَعْلَمُهُ اللَّهُ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿٢٩﴾ يَوْمَ تَجِدُ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَا عَمِلَتْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ مُحْضَرًا وَمَا عَمِلَتْ مِنْ سُوءٍ تَوَدُّ لَوْ أَنَّ بَيْنَهَا وَبَيْنَهُ أَمَدًا بَعِيدًا وَيُحَذِّرُكُمُ اللَّهُ نَفْسَهُ وَاللَّهُ رَءُوفٌ بِالْعِبَادِ ﴿٣٠﴾

قُلْ (is) in what you conceal تُخْفُوا whether say إِنْ or your breasts صُدُورِكُمْ or تُبْدُوهُ you reveal it يَعْلَمُهُ Allah knows it وَاللَّهُ the heavens (is) in what and He knows وَيَعْلَمُ the earth (is) in what and what وَمَا on the Day (is) All-Powerful قَدِيرٌ thing كُلِّ every شَيْءٍ (when) it has عَمِلَتْ what soul نَفْسٍ every shall find تَجِدُ (when) it confronted وَمَا and what عَمِلَتْ and what خَيْرٍ good مُحْضَرًا confronted وَمَا if (that there were) تَوَدُّ it will wish سُوءٍ evil of has done بَيْنَهَا indeed between it وَبَيْنَهُ and between that أَمَدًا distance بَعِيدًا a great warns you وَيُحَذِّرُكُمُ Allah and (of) نَفْسَهُ Allah Himself وَاللَّهُ and Allah رَءُوفٌ (is) very Kind بِالْعِبَادِ (His) slaves

29. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "Whether you hide what is in your breasts or reveal it, Allâh knows it, and He knows what is in the heavens and what is in the earth. And Allâh is Able to do all things." 30. On the Day when every person will be confronted with all the good he has done, and all the evil he has done, he will wish that there were a great distance between him and his evil. And Allâh warns you against Himself (His punishment) and Allâh is full of kindness to (His) slaves.

قُلْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تُحِبُّونَ اللَّهَ فَاتَّبِعُونِي يُحْبِبْكُمُ اللَّهُ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ ذُنُوبَكُمْ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿٣١﴾ قُلْ أَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَالرَّسُولَ فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٣٢﴾ إِنْ اللَّهُ أَصْطَفَىٰ آدَمَ وَنُوحًا وَآلَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَآلَ عِمْرَانَ عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٣٣﴾ ذُرِّيَّةً بَعْضُهَا مِنْ بَعْضٍ وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٣٤﴾

قُلْ say إِنْ if كُنْتُمْ you تُحِبُّونَ love اللَّهُ Allah فَاتَّبِعُونِي then follow يُحْبِبْكُمُ me اللَّهُ would love you وَيَغْفِرْ and forgive لَكُمْ and ذُنُوبَكُمْ (for) you (is) All-Forgiving غَفُورٌ and اللَّهُ your sins أَطِيعُوا obey اللَّهُ Allah قُلْ Most Merciful رَحِيمٌ

then فَإِنَّ they turn away تَوَلَّوْا and if فَإِنْ and the Messenger
 the اللَّهُ indeed لَا (dote not) يُحِبُّ like الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٣٢﴾
 Adam chose مَا دَامَ Allah truly إِنَّ disbelievers
 and family وَمَا (of) Abraham إِبْرَاهِيمَ and family وَمَا and Noah
 عِمْرَانَ (of) Imran عَلَى above الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٣٣﴾ mankind ذُرِّيَّتَهُ offspring بَعْضُهَا
 (is) All-Hearing سَمِيعٌ and Allah وَاللَّهُ (the) others بَعْضُ from some
 All-Knowing عَلِيمٌ ﴿٣٤﴾

31. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ to mankind): "If you (really) love Allāh, then follow me (i.e. accept Islāmic Monotheism, follow the Qur'ān and the *Sunnah*), Allāh will love you and forgive you your sins. And Allāh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful." 32. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "Obey Allāh and the Messenger (Muhammad ﷺ)." But if they turn away, then Allāh does not like the disbelievers. 33. Allāh chose Adam, Nûh (Noah), the family of Ibrâhîm (Abraham) and the family of 'Imrân above the 'Ālamîn (mankind and jinn) (of their times). 34. Offspring, one of the other, and Allāh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

إِذْ قَالَتِ امْرَأَتُ عِمْرَانَ رَبِّ إِنِّي نَذَرْتُ لَكَ مَا فِي بَطْنِي مُحَرَّرًا فَتَقَبَّلْ مِنِّي إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ ﴿٣٢﴾ فَلَمَّا وَضَعَتْهَا قَالَتْ رَبِّ إِنِّي وَضَعْتُهَا أُنْثَىٰ وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا وَضَعْتَ وَلَيْسَ الذَّكَرُ كَالْأُنْثَىٰ وَإِنِّي سَمَّيْتُهَا مَرْيَمَ وَإِنِّي أُعِيذُهَا بِكَ وَذُرِّيَّتَهَا مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيمِ ﴿٣٣﴾

my Lord رَبِّ (of) Imran عِمْرَانَ a woman امْرَأَتُ said قَالَتْ when إِذْ
 my Lord رَبِّ I إِنِّي have vowed لَكَ to you مَا in فِي (is) in بَطْنِي
 womb مُحَرَّرًا to be dedicated فَتَقَبَّلْ so accept مِنِّي from me إِنَّكَ
 (are) All-Hearing السَّمِيعُ You أَنْتَ indeed you
 she قَالَتْ she delivered her وَضَعْتُهَا then when فَلَمَّا All-Knowing
 a female أُنْثَىٰ have delivered وَضَعْتُهَا إِنِّي my Lord رَبِّ said
 she delivered وَضَعْتَ of what بِمَا knows better وَأَعْلَمُ and Allah
 وَلَيْسَ (is) not الذَّكَرُ and the female كَالْأُنْثَىٰ like the female وَإِنِّي and I سَمَّيْتُهَا
 seek refuge for her أُعِيذُهَا and I مَرْيَمَ Mary وَإِنِّي have named her
 Satan الشَّيْطَانِ from مِنَ and her offspring وَذُرِّيَّتَهَا with You بِكَ
 the rejected الرَّجِيمِ ﴿٣٤﴾

35. (Remember) when the wife of 'Imrân said: "O my Lord! I have vowed to You what (the child that) is in my womb to be dedicated for Your services (free from all worldly work; to serve Your place of worship), so accept this from me. Verily, You are the All-Hearer, the All-Knowing." 36. Then when she gave birth to her [child Maryam (Mary)], she said: "O my Lord! I have given birth to a female child," — and Allâh knew better what she brought forth, — "And the male is not like the female, and I have named her Maryam (Mary), and I seek refuge with You (Allâh) for her and for her offspring from *Shaitân* (Satan), the outcast."

فَقَبَّلَهَا رَبُّهَا بِقَبُولٍ حَسَنٍ وَأَنْبَتَهَا نَبَاتًا حَسَنًا وَكَفَّلَهَا زَكَرِيَّا كُلَّمَا دَخَلَ عَلَيْهَا زَكَرِيَّا الْمِحْرَابَ وَجَدَ عِنْدَهَا رِزْقًا قَالَ يَنَزَّيْمُ إِنَّ لِيَ لَلرَّبِّ هَذَا قَالَتْ هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَرْزُقُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ بِغَيْرِ حِسَابٍ ﴿١٣٧﴾ هُنَالِكَ دَعَا زَكَرِيَّا رَبَّهُ قَالَ رَبِّ هَبْ لِي مِنْ لَدُنْكَ ذُرِّيَّةً طَيِّبَةً إِنَّكَ سَمِيعُ الدُّعَاءِ ﴿١٣٨﴾

فَقَبَّلَهَا رَبُّهَا بِقَبُولٍ حَسَنٍ with acceptance her Lord رَبُّهَا so accepted her وَأَنْبَتَهَا goodly نَبَاتًا growth حَسَنًا goodly وَكَفَّلَهَا entered دَخَلَ whenever كُلَّمَا Zacharia زَكَرِيَّا and put her in the care of عَلَيْهَا (to see) her زَكَرِيَّا Zacharia الْمِحْرَابَ (at her) praying place وَجَدَ he found عِنْدَهَا her (provided) with رِزْقًا food قَالَ he said يَنَزَّيْمُ she said قَالَتْ this هَذَا you get لَرَّبِّ from where أَنْقِ O Mary! هُوَ this (is) مِنْ عِنْدِ from اللَّهِ Allah إِنَّ verily اللَّهُ Allah يَرْزُقُ without يَغْيِرُ He wills (to) whom يَشَاءُ provides sustenance حِسَابٍ ﴿١٣٧﴾ measure هُنَالِكَ there دَعَا invoked زَكَرِيَّا Zacharia رَبَّهُ from رَبِّ he said قَالَ his Lord لِي me مِنْ grant رَبِّ my Lord هَبْ indeed you سَمِيعُ (of) invocation الدُّعَاءِ ﴿١٣٨﴾ (are) All-Hearer

37. So her Lord (Allâh) accepted her with goodly acceptance. He made her grow in a good manner and put her under the care of Zakariyyâ (Zachariya). Every time he entered *Al-Mihrâb* to (visit) her, he found her supplied with sustenance. He said: "O Maryam (Mary)! From where have you got this?" She said, "This is from Allâh." Verily, Allâh provides sustenance to whom He wills, without limit. 38. At that time Zakariyyâ (Zachariya) invoked his Lord, saying: "O my Lord! Grant me from You, a good offspring. You are indeed the All-Hearer of invocation."

فَنَادَتْهُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ وَهُوَ قَائِمٌ يُصَلِّي فِي الْمِحْرَابِ أَنَّ اللَّهَ يُبَشِّرُكَ بِيَحْيَىٰ مُصَدِّقًا بِكَلِمَةٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَسَيِّدًا وَحَصُورًا وَنَبِيًّا
 مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿٣٩﴾ قَالَ رَبِّ أَنَّىٰ يَكُونُ لِي غُلَامٌ وَقَدْ بَلَغَنِيَ الْكِبَرُ وَامْرَأَتِي عَاقِرٌ قَالَ كَذَلِكَ اللَّهُ يَفْعَلُ مَا
 يَشَاءُ ﴿٤٠﴾

فَنَادَتْهُ the angels الْمَلَائِكَةُ while he قَائِمٌ (was) standing يُصَلِّي in the prayer place الْمِحْرَابِ that Allah يُبَشِّرُكَ gives you glad tidings of John يَحْيَىٰ مُصَدِّقًا of the Word بِكَلِمَةٍ confirming and noble وَحَصُورًا and chaste وَنَبِيًّا and a Prophet مِنَ (of) Allah and from Allah وَسَيِّدًا He said رَبِّ he said أَنَّىٰ my Lord! يَكُونُ how I have لِي is it غُلَامٌ a son وَقَدْ when بَلَغَنِيَ the old age الْكِبَرُ and my wife امْرَأَتِي (is) barren عَاقِرٌ He wills يَشَاءُ what مَا does يَقَعُ Allah اللَّهُ thus كَذَلِكَ said

39. Then the angels called him, while he was standing in prayer in *Al-Mihrâb* (a praying place or a private room), (saying): "Allâh gives you glad tidings of Yahyâ (John), confirming (believing in) the Word from Allâh [i.e. the creation of 'Îsâ (Jesus), *طه السمع*, the Word from Allâh ("Be!" — and he was!)], noble, keeping away from sexual relations with women, a Prophet, from among the righteous." 40. He said: "O my Lord! How can I have a son when I am very old, and my wife is barren?" (Allâh) said: "Thus Allâh does what He wills."

قَالَ رَبِّ اجْعَلْ لِي آيَةً قَالَ مَا يَشَاءُكَ أَلَّا تُكَلِّمَ النَّاسَ ثَلَاثَةَ أَيَّامٍ إِلَّا رَمْرًا وَادَّكُرَ رَبُّكَ كَثِيرًا وَسَيَحْيَىٰ بِالْعِشِيِّ
 وَالْإِنْجَارِ ﴿٤١﴾ وَإِذْ قَالَتِ الْمَلَائِكَةُ يَمْرُؤُا إِنَّ اللَّهَ اصْطَفَاكِ وَطَهَّرَكِ وَأَصْلَحَكِ عَلَىٰ نِسَاءِ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٤٢﴾
 يَمْرُؤُا أَقْبَىٰ لِرَبِّكِ وَأَسْجُدِي وَأَرْكَبِي مَعَ الرَّاكِبِينَ ﴿٤٣﴾

قَالَ he said رَبِّ my Lord اجْعَلْ make لِي for me آيَةً a sign He said مَا يَشَاءُكَ your sign (is) أَلَّا that not تُكَلِّمَ you shall speak النَّاسَ (to) people ثَلَاثَةَ (for) three أَيَّامٍ days إِلَّا except رَمْرًا gesture and remember رَبُّكَ your Lord كَثِيرًا much وَسَيَحْيَىٰ and glorify (him) بِالْعِشِيِّ in the evening وَالْإِنْجَارِ and when morning لَزًا and قَالَتِ the angels الْمَلَائِكَةُ said يَمْرُؤُا the angels

and وَطَهَّرَكَ Allah اَصْطَفَاكِ verily إِنَّ O Mary
 women اَصْطَفَاكِ purified you عَلَى and chosen you نِسَاءً above
 اَلْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٧﴾ O Mary يَمْرُؤُ (of) the world اَقْنِي remain devout لِرَبِّكِ
 and bow وَاسْجُدِي to your Lord وَارْكَعِي and prostrate (yourself)
 those who bow down اَلرَّكَعِينَ ﴿١٨﴾ with مَعَ down

41. He said: "O my Lord! Make a sign for me." (Allâh) said: "Your sign is that you shall not speak to mankind for three days except with signals. And remember your Lord much (by praising Him again and again), and glorify (Him) in the afternoon and in the morning." 42. And (remember) when the angels said: "O Maryam (Mary)! Verily, Allâh has chosen you, purified you (from polytheism and disbelief), and chosen you above the women of the 'Âlamîn (mankind and jinn) (of her lifetime)." 43. O Mary! "Submit yourself with obedience to your Lord (Allâh, by worshipping none but Him Alone) and prostrate yourself, and bow down along with Ar-Râkî'ûn (those who bow down)."

ذَٰلِكَ مِنْ أَنْبَاءِ الْغَيْبِ نُوحِيهِ إِلَيْكَ وَمَا كُنْتَ لَدَيْهِمْ إِذْ يَقُولُ أَفْلَتَمَهُمْ أَيُّهُمْ يَكْفُلُ مَرْيَمَ وَمَا كُنْتَ لَدَيْهِمْ إِذْ يَخْتَصِمُونَ ﴿١٨﴾ إِذْ قَالَتِ الْمَلَائِكَةُ يَمْرُؤُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَبْشُرُكِ بِكَلِمَةٍ مِنْهُ اسْمُهُ الْمَسِيحُ عِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ وَجِهَا فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ وَمِنَ الْمُقَرَّبِينَ ﴿١٩﴾

ذَٰلِكَ this مِنْ (is) from أَنْبَاءِ news الْغَيْبِ (of) unseen نُوحِيهِ We inspire (reveal) إِلَيْكَ to you وَمَا as not كُنْتَ were you لَدَيْهِمْ
 اَقْلَمَهُمْ è their pens (as to) they threw يَلْقَوْنَ when إِذْ with them
 and not وَمَا Mary مَرْيَمُ takes care (of) يَكْفُلُ which of them أَيُّهُمْ
 they disputed يَخْتَصِمُونَ ﴿١٨﴾ when إِذْ with them لَدَيْهِمْ you were كُنْتَ
 إِذْ when قَالَتِ said الْمَلَائِكَةُ the angels يَمْرُؤُ O Mary! إِنَّ verily اللَّهُ
 from Him مِنْهُ of a Word يَكْمُمُ gives you glad tidings يَبْشُرُكِ Allah
 Mary مَرْيَمُ son of ابْنُ è Jesus عِيسَى (is) Messiah اَسْمُهُ his name
 وَجِهَا in الدُّنْيَا (this) world وَالْآخِرَةِ and the Hereafter وَمِنَ
 those who are near (to Allah) الْمُقَرَّبِينَ ﴿١٩﴾ and of

44. This is a part of the news of the *Ghaib* (Unseen, i.e. the news of the past nations of which you have no knowledge) which We reveal to you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم). You were not with them, when they cast lots with their pens as to which

of them should be charged with the care of Maryam (Mary); nor were you with them when they disputed. 45. (Remember) when the angels said: "O Maryam (Mary)! Verily, Allâh gives you the glad tidings of a Word ["Be!" — and he was! i.e. 'Isâ (Jesus) the son of Maryam (Mary)] from Him, his name will be the Messiah 'Isâ (Jesus), the son of Maryam (Mary), held in honour in this world and in the Hereafter, and will be one of those who are near to Allâh."

وَيُكَلِّمُ النَّاسَ فِي الْمَهْدِ وَكَهْلًا وَمِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿٤٥﴾ قَالَتْ رَبِّ أَنَّى يَكُونُ لِي وَلَدٌ وَلَمْ يَمَسِّنِي بَشَرٌ قَالَ كَذَلِكَ اللَّهُ يَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُ إِذَا فَضَعْنَا أَمْرًا فَإِنَّمَا يَقُولُ لَهُ كُنْ فَيَكُونُ ﴿٤٦﴾ وَيُعَلِّمُهُ الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَالتَّوْرَةَ وَالْإِنْجِيلَ ﴿٤٧﴾

وَيُكَلِّمُ the النَّاسَ and He will speak (to) in the people the الْمَهْدِ in the cradle وَكَهْلًا and (in) maturity وَمِنَ and (will be) of الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿٤٥﴾ is it الْيَكُونُ how رَبِّ my Lord she said قَالَتْ the righteous I have لِي a son وَلَمْ a son وَلَمْ when did not يَمَسِّنِي touch me بَشَرٌ whatever مَا creates يَخْلُقُ Allah اللهُ thus كَذَلِكَ he said قَالَ a man يَشَاءُ He wills إِذَا when فَضَعْنَا He decrees أَمْرًا a thing فَإِنَّمَا just يَقُولُ He says لَهُ to it كُنْ be فَيَكُونُ ﴿٤٦﴾ and it is وَيُعَلِّمُهُ and He will teach him الْكِتَابَ the Book وَالْحِكْمَةَ the Wisdom and the تَّوْرَةَ and the الْإِنْجِيلَ ﴿٤٧﴾ and the Torah

46. "He will speak to the people, in the cradle and in manhood, and he will be one of the righteous." 47. She said: "O my Lord! How shall I have a son when no man has touched me." He said: "So (it will be) for Allâh creates what He wills. When He has decreed something, He says to it only: "Be!" —and it is. 48. And He (Allâh) will teach him ['Isâ (Jesus)] the Book and Al-Hikmah (i.e. the *Sunnah*, the faultless speech of the Prophets, wisdom), (and) the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel).

وَرَسُولًا إِلَىٰ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ أَنِّي قَدْ جِئْتُكُمْ بِآيَاتٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ أَنِّي أَخْلَقُ لَكُمْ مِنَ الطَّيْرِ كَهَيْئَةِ الطَّيْرِ فَأَنفُخُ فِيهِ فَيَكُونُ طَيْرًا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ وَأُبْرِئُ الْأَكْمَهَ وَالْأَبْرَصَ وَأُخْرِجُ الْأَمْوَاتَ بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ وَأُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا تَكُونُونَ وَمَا تَنْذِرُونَ فِي يَوْمِكُمْ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً لِّكُم إِن كُنتُمْ مُّؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٤٨﴾

وَرَسُولًا to بَنِي Children إِسْرَءِيلَ (of) إِسْرَءِيلَ and a Messenger أَنِّي that I قَدْ جِئْتُكُمْ have come to you بِآيَاتٍ with a sign مِّن from

رَبِّكُمْ your Lord أَنِّي I that أَنفَعُ will make لَكُمْ for you مِن
 and will فَأَنْشُخُ (of) a bird الطَّيْرِ like figure كَهَيْئَةِ clay الطِّينِ from
 and it would become فَيَكُونُ into it فِيهِ breathe
 the born الْأَكْمَهَ and I will heal وَأُزِيلُ Allah اللَّه by Leave (of)
 the الْمَوْتِ and will bring life (to) وَأُحْيِي and leper وَالْأَبْرَصَ blind
 and I will inform you وَأُنَبِّئُكُمْ Allah اللَّه by Leave (of) يَأْتِي dead
 in بِمَا you store تَدْخِرُونَ and what وَمَا you eat تَأْكُلُونَ of what
 (is) a sign لَكُمْ this ذَلِكَ in فِي surely إِنَّ your houses يُؤْتِيكُمْ
 لَكُمْ for you إِن كُنْتُمْ you are مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٩﴾ believers

49. And will make him [‘Isâ (Jesus)] a Messenger to the Children of Israel (saying): “I have come to you with a sign from your Lord, that I design for you out of clay, a figure like that of a bird, and breathe into it, and it becomes a bird by Allâh’s Leave; and I heal him who was born blind, and the leper, and I bring the dead to life by Allâh’s Leave. And I inform you of what you eat, and what you store in your houses. Surely, therein is a sign for you, if you believe.

وَمُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيَّ مِنَ التَّوْرَةِ وَلَأَجَلَ لَكُمْ بَعْضَ الَّذِي حُرِّمَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَجِئْتُكُمْ بِآيَاتٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ
 فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا ۖ إِنَّ اللَّهَ رَبِّي وَرَبُّكُمْ فَاعْبُدُوهُ هَذَا صِرَاطٌ مُسْتَقِيمٌ ﴿٢٠﴾ ﴿٢١﴾ فَلَمَّا أَحَسَّ عِيسَىٰ مِنْهُمْ
 الْكُفْرَ قَالَ مَنْ أَنْصَارِي إِلَى اللَّهِ قَالَ الْحَوَارِيُّونَ نَحْنُ أَنْصَارُ اللَّهِ ءَامَنَّا بِاللَّهِ وَأَشْهَدُ بِأَنَّا مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿٢٢﴾

وَمُصَدِّقًا and confirming لِّمَا that which بَيْنَ يَدَيَّ was before me
 مِنَ the تَّوْرَةِ of the Torah وَلَأَجَلَ and to make lawful لَكُمْ and to you
 بَعْضَ part الَّذِي (of) what حُرِّمَ was forbidden عَلَيْكُمْ to you
 وَجِئْتُكُمْ with a sign بِآيَاتٍ and I have come to you مِن رَّبِّكُمْ
 your Lord فَاتَّقُوا so fear اللَّه Allah وَأَطِيعُوا ۖ and obey Me إِنَّ
 اللَّهَ verily رَبِّي Allah رَبُّكُمْ (is) my Lord فَاعْبُدُوهُ and your Lord
 هَذَا so worship Him صِرَاطٌ this مُسْتَقِيمٌ ﴿٢٠﴾ (is) Straight ﴿٢١﴾ فَلَمَّا
 of their Jesus عِيسَىٰ became conscious أَحَسَّ but when
 الْكُفْرَ disbelief قَالَ he said مَنْ أَنْصَارِي my helpers إِلَى
 اللَّهَ to قَالَ Allah قَالَ the disciples الْحَوَارِيُّونَ نَحْنُ we (are)
 أَنْصَارُ helpers اللَّه Allah (of) ءَامَنَّا we believe بِاللَّهِ in Allah وَأَشْهَدُ
 and bear witness بِأَنَّا that we (are) مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿٢٢﴾ Muslims

superior to those who disbelieve [in the Oneness of Allâh, or disbelieve in some of His Messengers, e.g. Muhammad ﷺ, 'Isâ (Jesus), Mûsâ (Moses), or in His Holy Books, e.g. the Taurât (Torah), the Injeel (Gospel), the Qur'ân] till the Day of Resurrection. Then you will return to Me and I will judge between you in the matters in which you used to dispute."

فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فَعَذَابُهُمْ عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ وَمَا لَهُمْ مِنْ نَاصِرِينَ ﴿٥٦﴾ وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ فَيُوَفِّيهِمْ أُجُورَهُمْ وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٥٧﴾ ذَلِكَ نَتْلُوهُ عَلَيْكَ مِنَ الْآيَاتِ وَالذِّكْرِ الْحَكِيمِ ﴿٥٨﴾ إِنَّ مَثَلَ عِيسَىٰ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ كَمَثَلِ ءَادَمَ خَلَقْنَاهُ مِنْ تُرَابٍ ثُمَّ قَالَ لَهُ كُنْ فَيَكُونُ ﴿٥٩﴾

I shall punish كَفَرُوا disbelieve فَأَعَذَّيْهُمْ as to الَّذِينَ (this) world الدُّنْيَا in severe شَدِيدًا torment عَذَابًا them (with) for them (they لَهُمْ and not وَمَا and (in) the Hereafter وَالْآخِرَةِ those الَّذِينَ and as to وَأَمَّا helpers نَاصِرِينَ of ءَامَنُوا will have) righteous deeds الصَّالِحَاتِ and do وَعَمِلُوا believe who ءَامَنُوا and their reward أُجُورَهُمْ He will grant them in full فَيُوَفِّيهِمْ and Allah لَا (does) not يُحِبُّ love الظَّالِمِينَ the wrong-doers ذَلِكَ the Verses and the Reminder الْحَكِيمِ and the Wise إِنَّ مَثَلَ عِيسَىٰ similitude مَثَلِ indeed إِنَّ (of) Jesus عِنْدَ (of) Allah كَمَثَلِ (is) like similitude ءَادَمَ (of) Adam He created him مِنْ تُرَابٍ dust ثُمَّ قَالَ then He said لَهُ to him كُنْ be فَيَكُونُ and he was

56. "As to those who disbelieve, I will punish them with a severe torment in this world and in the Hereafter, and they will have no helpers." 57. And as for those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh) and do righteous good deeds, Allâh will pay them their reward in full. And Allâh does not like the *Zalimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers). 58. This is what We recite to you (O Muhammad ﷺ) of the Verses and the Wise Reminder (i.e. the Qur'ân). 59. Verily, the likeness of 'Isâ (Jesus) before Allâh is the likeness of Adam. He created him from dust, then (He) said to him: "Be!" — and he was.

الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّكَ فَلَا تَكُنْ مِنَ الْمُمْتَرِينَ ﴿٦٠﴾ فَمَنْ حَاجَّكَ فِيهِ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَكَ مِنَ الْوَحْيِ فَقُلْ تَعَالَوْا نَدْعُ أَبْنَاءَنَا وَأَبْنَاءَكُمْ وَنِسَاءَنَا وَنِسَاءَكُمْ وَأَنْفُسَنَا وَأَنْفُسَكُمْ ثُمَّ نَبْتَهِلْ فَنَجْعَلْ لَعْنَتَ اللَّهِ عَلَى الْكَاذِبِينَ ﴿٦١﴾ إِنَّ هَذَا لَهُوَ الْقَصَصُ الْحَقُّ وَمَا مِنْ إِلَهٍ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ ﴿٦٢﴾

الْحَقُّ (this is) the truth **مِنْ** from رَبِّكَ your Lord **فَلَا** so not **تَكُنْ** you be **مِنْ** of **الْمُتَشَكِّكِينَ** the doubters **فَمَنْ** and whoever **حَاجَّكَ** has come **جَاءَكَ** what **مَا** after **مِنْ** in it **فِيهِ** disputes with you let us **نَدْعُ** come **تَقُلْ** say **تَعَالَوْا** knowledge **أَلَمِ** of **يَنْ** to you and our women **وَنِسَاءَنَا** and your sons **وَأَبْنَاءَكُمْ** our sons **تَدْعُوا** call and ourselves **وَأَنْفُسَنَا** and your women **وَنِسَاءَكُمْ** and we **فَتَجْعَلْ** we pray humbly **ثُمَّ** then **نَبْتَهِلْ** yourselves **لَعْنَتَ** invoke **اللَّهِ** curse **عَلَى** (of) Allah **الْكَاذِبِينَ** the liars **وَمَا** and indeed **وَمَا** the true story **الْقَصَصُ** is **لَهُوَ** this verily **هَذَا** **لَهُوَ** (there is) no **إِلَهِ** god **إِلَّا** but **اللَّهُ** Allah **وَلَا** and indeed **وَلَا** the All-Mighty **الْعَزِيزُ** (is) He (Who is) **لَهُوَ** Allah **الْحَكِيمُ** All-Wise

60. (This is) the truth from your Lord, so be not of those who doubt. 61. Then whoever disputes with you concerning him [‘Isâ (Jesus)] after (all this) knowledge that has come to you [i.e. ‘Isâ (Jesus) being a slave of Allâh, and having no share in Divinity], say (O Muhammad ﷺ): “Come, let us call our sons and your sons, our women and your women, ourselves and yourselves — then we pray and invoke (sincerely) the Curse of Allâh upon those who lie.” 62. Verily, this is the true narrative [about the story of ‘Isâ (Jesus)], and *Lâ ilâha illallâh* (none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh, the One and the Only True God, Who has neither a wife nor a son). And indeed, Allâh is the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ بِالْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿٣٧﴾ قُلْ يَهْدِلِ الْكَاسِبُ تَعَالَوْا إِلَى كَلِمَةٍ سَوَاءٍ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَكُمْ أَلَّا نَعْبُدَ إِلَّا اللَّهَ وَلَا نُشْرِكَ بِهِ شَيْئًا وَلَا يَتَّخِذَ بَعْضُنَا بَعْضًا أَرْبَابًا مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَقُولُوا اشْهَدُوا بِأَنَّا مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿٣٨﴾

فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا and if **فَإِنَّ** they turn away **اللَّهُ** Allah **عَلِيمٌ** (is) O people **يَهْدِلِ** say **قُلْ** of mischief-makers **الْمُفْسِدِينَ** All-Aware **الْكَاسِبُ** (of) the Scripture **تَعَالَوْا** come **إِلَى** to **كَلِمَةٍ** a word **سَوَاءٍ** that (do) **أَلَّا** and between you **وَبَيْنَكُمْ** between us **بَيْنَنَا** common **وَلَا** and (do) not **وَلَا** Allah **اللَّهُ** but **إِلَّا** we worship **نَعْبُدُ** not **يَتَّخِذَ** and not **وَلَا** anything **شَيْئًا** with him **بِهِ** we associate

besides **وَمِنْ دُونِ** (as) lords **أَرْبَابًا** others **بَعْضًا** of us **بَعْضُنَا** shall take
then tell them **فَقُولُوا** they turn away **وَوَلَّوْا** and if **إِن** Allâh **اللَّهُ**
أَشْهَدُوا Muslims **مُسْلِمُونَ** that we (are) **بِأَنَّا** bear witness

63. And if they turn away (and do not accept these true proofs and evidences), then surely, Allâh is All-Aware of those who do mischief. 64. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم): "O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians): Come to a word that is just between us and you, that we worship none but Allâh (Alone), and that we associate no partners with Him, and that none of us shall take others as lords besides Allâh. Then, if they turn away, say: "Bear witness that we are Muslims."

يَتَأَهَّلَ الْكِتَابِ لِمَ تُحَاجُّونَ فِي إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَمَا أُنْزِلَتِ التَّوْرَةُ وَالْإِنْجِيلُ إِلَّا مِنْ بَعْدِهِ أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ **هَٰكَذَا هُمْ هَٰؤُلَاءِ حُجِّجْتُمْ فِيهِمَا بِمَا لَكُمْ بِهِ عِلْمٌ فَلِمَ تُحَاجُّونَ فِيهِمَا لَيْسَ لَكُمْ بِهِ عِلْمٌ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ** **مَا كَانَ إِبْرَاهِيمُ يَهُودِيًّا وَلَا نَصْرَانِيًّا وَلَكِنْ كَانَ حَنِيفًا مُسْلِمًا وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ**

يَتَأَهَّلَ الْكِتَابِ O people **لِمَ** (of) the Scripture **تُحَاجُّونَ** why
(were) **أُنْزِلَتِ** while not **وَمَا** Abraham **إِبْرَاهِيمَ** about **فِي** you dispute
the Torah **وَالْإِنْجِيلُ** and the Gospel **إِلَّا** but **مِنْ**
تَعْقِلُونَ do not **أَفَلَا** after him **هَٰكَذَا هُمْ** you understand
حُجِّجْتُمْ those who **هَٰؤُلَاءِ** are **فِيهِمَا** about that **لَكُمْ**
you have **عِلْمٌ** of which **فَلِمَ** knowledge **تُحَاجُّونَ** why then
dispute **فِيهِمَا** about that **لَيْسَ** do not **لَكُمْ** you have **بِهِ** of which
knowledge **وَاللَّهُ** and Allah **يَعْلَمُ** knows **وَأَنْتُمْ لَا** and you
not **تَعْلَمُونَ** **مَا** know **كَانَ** neither **إِبْرَاهِيمُ** Abraham **يَهُودِيًّا**
a Jew **وَلَا** (and) nor **نَصْرَانِيًّا** a Christian **لَكِنْ** but **كَانَ** was **حَنِيفًا**
Muslim **مُسْلِمًا** wholly devoted **وَمَا** and not **كَانَ** was he **مِنْ** of
the polytheists **الْمُشْرِكِينَ**

65. O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! Why do you dispute about Ibrâhîm (Abraham), while the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel) were not revealed till after him? Have you then no sense? 66. Verily, you are those who have disputed about that of which you have knowledge. Why do you then dispute concerning that of which you have no knowledge? It is Allâh Who knows, and you know not. 67. Ibrâhîm (Abraham) was neither a Jew nor a Christian, but he was a

true Muslim *Hanîfa* (Islâmic Monotheism — to worship none but Allâh Alone) and he was not of *Al-Mushrikûn* (See V.2:105).

إِنَّ أَوْلَى النَّاسِ بِإِبْرَاهِيمَ لَلَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوهُ وَهَذَا النَّبِيُّ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَاللَّهُ وَلِيُّ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٦٨﴾ وَدَّتْ طَائِفَةٌ مِّنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ لَوْ يُضِلُّوكُمْ وَمَا يُضِلُّوكُمْ إِلَّا أَنفُسُهُمْ وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿٦٩﴾ يَتَّخِذُ الْكِتَابَ لِمَ تَكْفُرُونَ بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ وَأَنْتُمْ تَشْهَدُونَ ﴿٧٠﴾ يَتَّخِذُ الْكِتَابَ لِمَ تَلْسُونُ الْحَقَّ بِالْبَاطِلِ وَتَكْتُمُونَ الْحَقَّ وَأَنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧١﴾

إِنَّ verily أَوْلَى best النَّاسِ (of) people (to claim) *إِبْرَاهِيمَ* who followed (are) those *الَّذِينَ* relationship) with Abraham have *ءَامَنُوا* and those who *وَالَّذِينَ* Prophet *النَّبِيُّ* and this *وَهَذَا* Him (of) *وَاللَّهُ* (is) Guardian *وَلِيُّ* and Allah believed (in Him) *الْمُؤْمِنِينَ* the believers *وَدَّتْ* a party *طَائِفَةٌ* of *مِّنْ* *أَهْلِ* People *الْكِتَابِ* and *وَمَا* they lead you astray *يُضِلُّوكُمْ* could (of) the Scripture *وَمَا* themselves *أَنفُسُهُمْ* but *إِلَّا* they shall lead astray *يُضِلُّوكُمْ* not (of) the *الْكِتَابِ* O People *يَتَّخِذُ* they perceive *يَشْعُرُونَ* and not Signs *يَكْفُرُونَ* why *لِمَ* Scripture *تَكْفُرُونَ* you reject/disbelieve in *بِآيَاتِ* Allah *وَأَنْتُمْ* (of) Allah *تَشْهَدُونَ* while you bear witness *يَتَّخِذُ* do you mix *تَلْسُونُ* why (of) the Scripture *الْكِتَابِ* O people the truth *بِالْبَاطِلِ* truth *وَتَكْتُمُونَ* with falsehood and conceal *الْحَقَّ* the truth while you know *وَأَنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ*

68. Verily, among mankind who have the best claim to *Ibrâhîm* (Abraham) are those who followed him, and this Prophet (Muhammad ﷺ) and those who have believed (Muslims). And Allâh is the *Walî* (Protector and Helper) of the believers. 69. A party of the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) wish to lead you astray. But they shall not lead astray anyone except themselves, and they perceive not. 70. "O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians): Why do you disbelieve in the *Ayât* of Allâh, [the Verses about Prophet Muhammad ﷺ present in the *Taurât* (Torah) and the *Injeel* (Gospel)] while you (yourselves) bear witness (to their truth)." 71. "O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians): Why do you mix truth with falsehood and conceal the truth while you know?"

وَقَالَتْ طَائِفَةٌ مِّنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ ءَامِنُوا بِالَّذِي أُنْزِلَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَجَهَ النَّهَارَ وَكَفَرُوا ءَاخِرَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ ﴿٧٢﴾ وَلَا تَوَمَّنُوا إِلَّا لِمَنْ تَبِعَ دِينَكُمْ قُلْ إِنَّ الْهُدَى هُدَى اللَّهِ أَن يُؤْتَى أَحَدٌ مِّثْلَ مَا أُوتِيتُمْ أَوْ يُعَاجِلْكُمْ عَذَابُ اللَّهِ

with a heap of wealth يَظُنُّكَ you entrust him تَأْتِيَهُ if إن (is he) who
 مِّن and of (among) them وَمِنْهُمْ to you إِلَيْكَ will pay it back يُؤَدُّهُ
 with one Dinar بِدِينَارٍ you entrust him تَأْتِيَهُ if إن there is who
 لَا (coin) to you إِلَيْكَ will pay it back يُؤَدُّهُ not لَا
 عَلَيْكَ standing قَائِمًا over him عَلَيْكَ you keep مَا دُمْتَ except/unless
 on us عَلَيْنَا (there is) no لَيْسَ say قَالُوا because they بِأَنَّهُمْ that (is)
 way (of سَبِيلُ the unlettered people فِي as to الْأُمِّيِّينَ
 الكَذِبِ Allah against عَلَى but they tell وَيَقُولُونَ accountability)
 know (it) يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧٥﴾ while they وَهُمْ a lie

74. He selects for His Mercy (Islâm and the Qur'ân with Prophethood) whom He wills and Allâh is the Owner of Great Bounty. 75. Among the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) is he who, if entrusted with a *Qintâr* (a great amount of wealth), will readily pay it back; and among them there is he who, if entrusted with a single silver coin, will not repay it unless you constantly stand demanding, because they say: "There is no blame on us to betray and take the properties of the illiterates (Arabs)." But they tell a lie against Allâh while they know it.

بَلَىٰ مَنْ أَوْفَىٰ بِعَهْدِهِ وَاتَّقَىٰ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿٧٥﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَشْرُونَ بِعَهْدِ اللَّهِ وَأَيْمَانِهِمْ ثَمًّا قَلِيلًا أُولَٰئِكَ لَا خَلَاقَ لَهُمْ فِي الْآخِرَةِ وَلَا يُكَلِّمُهُمُ اللَّهُ وَلَا يَنْظُرُ إِلَيْهِمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ وَلَا يُزَكِّيهِمْ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿٧٦﴾

and وَاتَّقَىٰ his covenant بِعَهْدِهِ fulfils أَوْفَىٰ whoever مَنْ yes بَلَىٰ
 those who يُحِبُّ Allah اللَّهُ indeed فَإِنَّ fears (Allah)
 Covenant بِعَهْدِ sell يَشْرُونَ those who الَّذِينَ verily إِنَّ fear Him
 اللَّهُ (of) Allah اللَّهُ وَأَيْمَانِهِمْ and their oaths ثَمًّا (gain) price قَلِيلًا
 in فِي for them لَهُمْ share خَلَاقَ no لَا they (have) أُولَٰئِكَ a small
 الْآخِرَةِ the Hereafter وَلَا neither يُكَلِّمُهُمُ will speak to them اللَّهُ
 Allah وَلَا nor يَنْظُرُ إِلَيْهِمْ look إِلَيْهِمْ at them يَوْمَ (on) the Day الْقِيَامَةِ
 (of) Resurrection وَلَا nor يُزَكِّيهِمْ will He purify them وَلَهُمْ
 painful عَذَابٌ a torment أَلِيمٌ ﴿٧٦﴾ and for them (will be)

76. Yes, whoever fulfils his pledge and fears Allâh much; verily, then Allâh loves those who are *Al-Muttaqûn*. 77. Verily, those who purchase a small gain at the

cost of Allâh's Covenant and their oaths, they shall have no portion in the Hereafter (Paradise). Neither will Allâh speak to them nor look at them on the Day of Resurrection nor will He purify them, and they shall have a painful torment.

وَلَإِنَّ مِنْهُمْ لَفَرِيقًا يَلُونِ الْكِتَابَ لِتَحْسَبُوهُ مِنَ الْكِتَابِ وَمَا هُوَ مِنْ الْكِتَابِ وَيَقُولُونَ هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ وَمَا هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ وَيَقُولُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ الْكَذِبَ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧٨﴾

وَلَإِنَّ مِنْهُمْ and verily of them لَفَرِيقًا (is) a party يَلُونِ they twist
 الْكِتَابَ their tongues بِالْكِتَابِ in (reciting) the Book
 لِتَحْسَبُوهُ so in (reciting) the Book
 مِنَ that you think it (is) from الْكِتَابِ the Book
 وَمَا but not وَمَا the Book
 هُوَ it (is) from الْكِتَابِ the Book
 وَيَقُولُونَ and they say
 هُوَ it (is) from عِنْدِ اللَّهِ (is) from عِنْدِ اللَّهِ
 وَمَا but not هُوَ it (is) from عِنْدِ اللَّهِ
 اللَّهُ Allah وَيَقُولُونَ Allah
 عَلَى and they speak
 الْكَذِبَ a lie
 اللَّهُ Allah
 وَهُمْ while they know (it) يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧٨﴾

78. And verily, among them is a party who distort the Book with their tongues (as they read), so that you may think it is from the Book, but it is not from the Book, and they say: "This is from Allâh," but it is not from Allâh; and they speak a lie against Allâh while they know it.

مَا كَانَ لِشَيْءٍ أَنْ يُؤْتِيَهُ اللَّهُ الْكِتَابَ وَالْحُكْمَ وَالنَّبُوءَ ثُمَّ يَقُولَ لِلنَّاسِ كُونُوا عِبَادًا لِي مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ وَلَكِنْ كُونُوا رَبَّيْنَ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تُعَلِّمُونَ الْكِتَابَ وَبِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَدْرُسُونَ ﴿٧٩﴾ وَلَا يَأْمُرُكُمْ أَنْ تَتَّخِذُوا لِلنَّفْسِ وَالْوَالِدَيْنِ أَرْبَابًا أَيَأْمُرُكُمْ بِالْكُفْرِ بَعْدَ إِذْ أَنْتُمْ مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿٨٠﴾

مَا not كَانَ it is لِشَيْءٍ for a human being
 يُؤْتِيَهُ that gives
 اللَّهُ him اللَّهُ the Book وَالْحُكْمَ the Judgement
 وَالنَّبُوءَ and the Prophethood
 ثُمَّ then يَقُولَ He says
 لِلنَّاسِ to people
 كُونُوا become عِبَادًا slaves (worshipers)
 لِي to me
 مِنْ دُونِ rather
 اللَّهِ than
 وَلَكِنْ but كُونُوا men of God
 رَبَّيْنَ become
 بِمَا because
 كُنْتُمْ you have been
 تُعَلِّمُونَ teaching
 الْكِتَابَ the Book
 وَبِمَا and because
 كُنْتُمْ you have been
 تَدْرُسُونَ studying (it) ﴿٧٩﴾
 وَلَا nor
 يَأْمُرُكُمْ He will command you
 أَنْ that
 تَتَّخِذُوا you take
 لِلنَّفْسِ the
 وَالْوَالِدَيْنِ and the
 أَرْبَابًا (for your) Lords
 أَيَأْمُرُكُمْ will

you أنتم when إِذ after بَعْد to disbelief بِالْكَفْرِ He command you
Muslims مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿٨٠﴾ (have become)

79. It is not (possible) for any human being to whom Allâh has given the Book and *Al-Hukm* (the knowledge and understanding of the laws of religion) and Prophethood to say to the people: "Be my worshippers rather than Allâh's." On the contrary (he would say): "Be you *Rabbâniyyûn* (learned men of religion who practise what they know and also preach others), because you are teaching the Book, and you are studying it." 80. Nor would he order you to take angels and Prophets for lords (gods). Would he order you to disbelieve after you have submitted to Allâh's Will? (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*).

وَإِذْ أَخَذَ اللَّهُ مِيثَاقَ النَّبِيِّينَ لَمَا آتَيْتُكُمْ مِنْ كِتَابٍ وَحِكْمَةٍ ثُمَّ جَاءَكُمْ رَسُولٌ مُصَدِّقٌ لِمَا مَعَكُمْ لَتُؤْمِنُنَّ بِهِ، وَلَتَنْصُرُنَّهُ قَالَ أَأَقْرَرْتُمْ وَأَخَذْتُمْ عَلَىٰ ذَٰلِكُمْ إِصْرِي قَالُوا أَقْرَرْنَا قَالَ فَاشْهَدُوا وَأَنَا مَعَكُمْ مِنَ الشَّاهِدِينَ ﴿٨١﴾
فَمَنْ تَوَلَّىٰ بَعْدَ ذَٰلِكَ فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْفَاسِقُونَ ﴿٨٢﴾

وَإِذْ أَخَذَ Allah الميثاقَ النَّبِيِّينَ (of) the covenant مِيثَاقَ I gave you آتَيْتُكُمْ whatever كِتَابٍ of Prophets
a رَسُولٌ came to you جَاءَكُمْ then ثُمَّ and Wisdom وَحِكْمَةٍ
مُصَدِّقٌ confirming لِمَا what مَعَكُمْ with you (is) تَؤْمِنُنَّ (is) with you
وَلَتَنْصُرُنَّهُ in him بِهِ you must believe and you must help him قَالَ
وَأَخَذْتُمْ do you agree أَقْرَرْتُمْ He (Allah) said and do you take
أَقْرَرْنَا they said قَالُوا My covenant إِصْرِي that ذَٰلِكُمْ on
فَاشْهَدُوا (Allah) said قَالَ then bear witness وَأَنَا and I am مَعَكُمْ
then الشَّاهِدِينَ of (among) النَّبِيِّينَ the witnesses فَمَنْ with you
تَوَلَّىٰ whoever (will) turn away بَعْدَ after ذَٰلِكَ this فَأُولَٰئِكَ then
they هُمُ the transgressors الْفَاسِقُونَ ﴿٨٢﴾ (are)

81. And (remember) when Allâh took the Covenant of the Prophets, saying: "Take whatever I gave you from the Book and *Hikmah* (understanding of the Laws of Allâh), and afterwards there will come to you a Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) confirming what is with you; you must, then, believe in him and help him." Allâh said: "Do you agree (to it) and will you take up My Covenant (which I conclude with you)?" They said: "We agree." He said: "Then bear witness; and I am with you among the witnesses (for this)." 82. Then whoever turns away after this, they are the *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious: those who turn away from Allâh's obedience).

أَفَعَبِّرَ دِينَ اللَّهِ يَبْغُوتُ وَلَهُ أَسْلَمَ مَنْ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ طَوْعًا وَكَرْهًا وَإِلَيْهِ يُرْجَعُونَ ﴿٨٣﴾ قُلْ ءَامَنَّا بِاللَّهِ وَمَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا وَمَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْكَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ وَإِسْحَاقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ وَالْأَسْبَاطِ وَمَا أُوتِيَ مُوسَى وَعِيسَى وَالنَّبِيُّونَ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ لَا نُفَرِّقُ بَيْنَ أَحَدٍ مِنْهُمْ وَنَحْنُ لَهُ مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿٨٤﴾

they (of) Allah religion do other (than) أَفَعَبِّرَ seek وَلَهُ أَسْلَمَ while to Him submitted مَنْ in all who (are) in السَّمَوَاتِ the heavens وَالْأَرْضِ the earth طَوْعًا willingly وَكَرْهًا unwillingly and to Him وَإِلَيْهِ they will be يُرْجَعُونَ ﴿٨٣﴾ and what وَمَا in Allah we believe ءَامَنَّا say قُلْ returned and what أُنْزِلَ (has been) sent down عَلَيْنَا to us وَمَا and what أُنْزِلَ sent down عَلَيْكَ to إِبْرَاهِيمَ Abraham وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ Ishmael and إِسْحَاقَ and Isaac وَيَعْقُوبَ and Jacob وَالْأَسْبَاطِ the tribes and وَمَا and Jesus وَعِيسَى Moses مُوسَى was given (to) أُوتِيَ and what (do) not لَا their Lord رَبِّهِمْ from and the Prophets وَالنَّبِيُّونَ نُفَرِّقُ we make distinction بَيْنَ between أَحَدٍ (any) one مِنْهُمْ of them وَنَحْنُ and we لَهُ to Him مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿٨٤﴾ surrender

83. Do they seek other than the religion of Allâh (the true Islâmic Monotheism — worshipping none but Allâh Alone), while to Him submitted all creatures in the heavens and the earth, willingly or unwillingly. And to Him shall they all be returned. 84. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم): "We believe in Allâh and in what has been sent down to us, and what was sent down to Ibrâhîm (Abraham), Ismâ'il (Ishmael), Ishâq (Isaac), Ya'qûb (Jacob) and Al-Asbât [the offspring of the twelve sons of Ya'qûb (Jacob)] and what was given to Mûsâ (Moses), 'Îsâ (Jesus) and the Prophets from their Lord. We make no distinction between one another among them and to Him (Allâh) we have submitted (in Islâm)."

وَمَنْ يَبْتَغِ غَيْرَ الْإِسْلَامِ دِينًا فَلَنْ يُقْبَلَ مِنْهُ وَهُوَ فِي الْآخِرَةِ مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ ﴿٨٥﴾ كَيْفَ يَهْدِي اللَّهُ قَوْمًا كَفَرُوا بَعْدَ إِسْلَامِهِمْ وَشَهِدُوا أَنَّ الرُّسُولَ حَقٌّ وَجَاءَهُمُ الْبَيِّنَاتُ وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٨٦﴾ أُولَئِكَ جَزَاؤُهُمْ أَنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ لَعْنَةَ اللَّهِ وَالْمَلَائِكَةِ وَالنَّاسِ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿٨٧﴾

وَمَنْ يَبْتَغِ and whoever غَيْرَ seeks الْإِسْلَامِ Islam دِينًا as religion فَلَنْ (it) will never be يُقْبَلَ accepted مِنْهُ of him وَهُوَ and

the ﴿٨٥﴾ of the Hereafter (will be) in he a people قَوْمًا Allah shall guide يَهْدِي how كَيْفَ losers and كَفَرُوا who disbelieved بَعْدَ their belief إِيمَانِهِمْ and وَشَهِدُوا true حَقُّ the Messenger الرَّسُولُ that أَنْ bore witness and وَجَاءَهُمُ the clear proofs الْبَيِّنَاتُ had come to them the ﴿٨٦﴾ (the) people الْقَوْمَ guide يَهْدِي (does) not the ﴿٨٧﴾ (is) recompense of them (is) جَزَاءُهُمْ those أُولَئِكَ wrong-doers عَلَيْهِمْ that (rests) لعْنَةُ curse اللَّهُ (of) Allah (of) الْمَلَائِكَةِ and (of) mankind وَالنَّاسِ and (of) angels أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿٨٧﴾ all

85. And whoever seeks a religion other than Islâm, it will never be accepted of him, and in the Hereafter he will be one of the losers. 86. How shall Allâh guide a people who disbelieved after their Belief and after they bore witness that the Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) is true and after clear proofs had come unto them? And Allâh guides not the people who are *Dhalimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers). 87. They are those whose recompense is that on them (rests) the Curse of Allâh, of the angels, and of all mankind.

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا لَا يُخَفَّفُ عَنْهُمْ الْعَذَابُ وَلَا هُمْ يُنْظَرُونَ ﴿٨٥﴾ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُوا مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ وَأَصْلَحُوا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿٨٦﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بَعْدَ إِيمَانِهِمْ ثُمَّ أَزْدَادُوا كُفْرًا أَنْ تَقْبَلَ تَوْبَتُهُمْ وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الضَّالُّونَ ﴿٨٧﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَمَاتُوا وَهُمْ كُفَّارٌ فَلَنْ يُقْبَلَ مِنْ أَحَدِهِمْ مِلَّةٌ مِنَ الْأَرْضِ ذَهَبًا وَلَوْ افْتَدَى بِهِ أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ وَمَا لَهُمْ مِنْ نَاصِرِينَ ﴿٨٧﴾

will be خَالِدِينَ neither لَا in it فِيهَا they will abide forever they عَنْهُمْ lightened the torment الْعَذَابُ وَلَا nor هُمْ they يُنْظَرُونَ ﴿٨٥﴾ would be reprieved إِلَّا those who الَّذِينَ تَابُوا those who تَابُوا repent مِنْ بَعْدِ after ذَلِكَ that وَأَصْلَحُوا and make amends فَإِنَّ Most Merciful Allah غَفُورٌ (is) رَحِيمٌ ﴿٨٦﴾ indeed إِنَّ الَّذِينَ verily الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا those who بَعْدَ disbelieved after إِيمَانِهِمْ will كُفْرًا (in their) disbelief كَفَرًا grew أَزْدَادُوا then their belief تَقْبَلَ never be تَوْبَتُهُمْ accepted and those أُولَئِكَ their repentance

هُمْ (are) الضَّالُّونَ ﴿٩٠﴾ astray إِنَّ الَّذِينَ verily those who كَفَرُوا
 (are) كُفَّارًا while they وَهُمْ and died وَمَاتُوا disbelieved
 any أَحَدِهِمْ from مَنْ accepted يُقْبَلُ will not be فَكَّنْ disbelievers
 even if وَلَوْ (of) gold ذَهَبًا (of) earth الْأَرْضِ fill مِلءُ one of them
 for them لَهُمْ those are أُولَئِكَ by it بِهِ he offered as ransom أَمْتَنَ
 عَذَابُ أَلِيمٌ torment and (there will be) not وَمَا (is) a painful
 helpers نَصِيرِينَ ﴿٩١﴾ any مِنْ for them

88. They will abide therein (Hell). Neither will their torment be lightened, nor will it be delayed or postponed (for a while). 89. Except for those who repent after that and do righteous deeds. Verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful. 90. Verily, those who disbelieved after their Belief and then went on increasing in their disbelief (i.e. disbelief in the Qur'ân and in Prophet Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) — never will their repentance be accepted (because they repent only by their tongues and not from their hearts). And they are those who are astray. 91. Verily, those who disbelieved, and died while they were disbelievers, the (whole) earth full of gold will not be accepted from anyone of them even if they offered it as a ransom. For them is a painful torment and they will have no helpers.

لَنْ تَنَالُوا الْبِرَّ حَتَّى تُنْفِقُوا مِمَّا تُحِبُّونَ وَمَا تُنْفِقُوا مِنْ شَيْءٍ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ بِهِ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٧﴾ كُلُّ الطَّعَامِ كَانَ حِلًّا لِبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ إِلَّا مَا حَرَّمَ إِسْرَءِيلُ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تُنَزَّلَ التَّوْرَةُ قُلْ فَأْتُوا بِالتَّوْرَةِ فَاتْلُوهَا إِن كُنتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿١٨﴾ فَمَنْ أَفْترَى عَلَى اللَّهِ الْكَذِبَ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ ﴿١٩﴾

لَنْ تَنَالُوا the Al-Birr (piety, righteousness — here it means Allah's reward, i.e. Paradise), unless you spend (in Allah's Cause) of that which you love; and whatever of good you spend, Allah knows it well. 93. All food was lawful to the Children of Israel, except what Israel made unlawful for himself before the Taurât (Torah) was revealed. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم): "Bring here the Taurât and recite it, if you are truthful." 94. Then after that, whosoever shall invent a lie against Allah, ... such shall indeed be the *Dhâlimûn* (disbelievers).

قُلْ صَدَقَ اللَّهُ فَاتَّبِعُوا مِلَّةَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ حَنِيفًا وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿١٩﴾ إِنَّ أَوَّلَ بَيْتٍ وُضِعَ لِلنَّاسِ لَلَّذِي بِبَكَّةَ مُبَارَكًا وَهُدًى لِلْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٢٠﴾ فِيهِ آيَاتٌ بَيِّنَاتٌ مَقَامُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَمَنْ دَخَلَهُ كَانَ آمِنًا وَلِلَّهِ عَلَى النَّاسِ حِجُّ الْبَيْتِ مَنِ اسْتَطَاعَ إِلَى سَبِيلٍ وَمَنْ كَفَرَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٢١﴾

قُلْ say صَدَقَ Allah has spoken the truth فَاتَّبِعُوا so follow مِلَّةَ the creed إِبْرَاهِيمَ (of) Abraham حَنِيفًا upright وَمَا and not كَانَ he was مِنَ of the polytheists الْمُشْرِكِينَ the first أَوَّلَ verily إِنَّ the polytheists the first بَيْتٍ house وُضِعَ was set up لِلنَّاسِ for mankind لَلَّذِي which is بِبَكَّةَ

and a guidance وَهْدَى full of blessing مُبَارَكًا at Bakkah
 manifest مَنَام signs بَيِّنَات in it (are) فِيهِ for the worlds
 enters دَخَلَ and whoever وَمَنْ (of) Abraham إِبْرَاهِيمَ (like) station
 and Allah has (a right) وَلِلَّهِ secure أَمِنًا he becomes كَانَ it
 (to) the النَّاسِ to perform pilgrimage حُجَّ the people on
 a journey سَبِيلًا to it إِلَيْهِ is able أَسْتَطَاعَ who مَنْ House
 Allah اللَّهُ then verily فَإِنَّ denies (the Hajj) كَفَرَ and who
 the worlds أَلَمَلَيْنِ of عَنِ stands not in need

95. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "Allâh has spoken the truth; follow the religion of Ibrâhîm (Abraham) *Hanîfa* (Islâmic Monotheism, i.e. he used to worship Allâh Alone), and he was not of *Al-Mushrikûn*." 96. Verily, the first House (of worship) appointed for mankind was that at *Bakkah* (Makkah), full of blessing, and a guidance for *Al-'Âlamîn*. 97. In it are manifest signs (for example), the *Maqâm* (place) of Ibrâhîm; whosoever enters it, he attains security. And *Hajj* (pilgrimage to Makkah) to the House (Ka'bah) is a duty that mankind owes to Allâh, those who can afford the expenses (for one's conveyance, provision and residence); and whoever disbelieves [i.e. denies *Hajj*, then he is a disbeliever of Allâh], then Allâh stands not in need of any of the '*Âlamîn*."

قُلْ يٰٓأَهْلَ الْكِتٰبِ لِمَ تَكْفُرُونَ بِآيٰتِ اللّٰهِ وَاللّٰهِ شَهِيدٌ عَلَىٰ مَا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٩٥﴾ قُلْ يٰٓأَهْلَ الْكِتٰبِ لِمَ تَصُدُّونَ عَن سَبِيلِ اللّٰهِ مَنۢ ءٰمَنَ تَبٰغُوتًا عِوَجًا وَّأَنْتُمْ شٰهَدَآءُ وَمَا اللّٰهُ بِغَفِلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٩٦﴾ يٰٓأَيُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ ءٰمَنُوا إِن تُطِيعُوا فَرِيقًا مِّنَ الَّذِيْنَ أَوْتُوا الْكِتٰبَ يَرُدُّوكُمْ بَعْدَ إِيمٰنِكُمْ كَافِرِينَ ﴿٩٧﴾

قُلْ say يٰٓأَهْلَ O People الْكِتٰبِ (of) the Scripture لِمَ (of) تَكْفُرُونَ why
 when اللّٰهِ (of) اللّٰهِ the Signs بَيِّنَات do you reject
 عَلَىٰ (is) Witness مَا to تَعْمَلُونَ what قُلْ you do يٰٓأَهْلَ
 O People الْكِتٰبِ (of) the Book لِمَ (of) تَصُدُّونَ why
 do you stop تَصُدُّونَ why (of) تَصُدُّونَ why
 have believed ءٰمَنَ those who (of) اللّٰهِ Way سَبِيلِ from
 تَبٰغُوتًا crooked عِوَجًا seeking (to make) it (the way) وَّأَنْتُمْ
 you شٰهَدَآءُ (are) witnesses وَمَا (are) witnesses اللّٰهِ and not بَغِيضٍ
 O you يٰٓأَيُّهَا of what تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٩٦﴾ you do يٰٓأَيُّهَا O الَّذِيْنَ
 if اٰمَنُوا believed إِن a party فَرِيقًا you obey تُطِيعُوا of الَّذِيْنَ

they would **يَرُدُّوْكُمْ** the Scripture **الْكِتَابَ** were given **أُوتُوا** those who
disbelievers **كٰفِرِيْنَ** your belief **إِيْمَانِكُمْ** after **بَعْدَ** render you

98. Say: "O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! Why do you reject the *Ayât* of Allâh (verses, signs, revelations, etc.) while Allâh is Witness to what you do?" 99. Say: "O people of the Scripture! Why do you stop those who have believed, from the path of Allâh, seeking to make it seem crooked, while you (yourselves) are witnesses [to Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم as a Messenger of Allâh and Islâm (Allâh's religion, i.e. to worship none but Him Alone)]? And Allâh is not unaware of what you do." 100. O you who believe! If you obey a group of those who were given the Scripture (Jews and Christians), they would (indeed) render you disbelievers after you have believed!

وَكَيْفَ تَكْفُرُونَ وَأَنْتُمْ تُتْلَىٰ عَلَيْكُمْ آيَاتُ اللَّهِ وَفِيكُمْ رَسُولُهُ وَمَنْ يَعْتَصِم بِاللَّهِ فَقَدْ هُدِيَ إِلَىٰ صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ حَقَّ تَقَاتِهِ وَلَا تَمُوتُنَّ إِلَّا وَأَنْتُمْ مُسْلِمُونَ

وَكَيْفَ and how **تَكْفُرُونَ** would you disbelieve **وَأَنْتُمْ** when you **تُتْلَىٰ**
and **عَلَيْكُمْ** are recited **آيَاتُ اللَّهِ** Verses (of) Allah **وَفِيكُمْ** and whoever **يَعْتَصِم**
His Messenger **رَسُولُهُ** among you (is) **وَمَنْ** and whoever **يَعْتَصِم**
he is guided **هُدًى** then indeed **فَقَدْ** to Allah **بِاللَّهِ** holds fast
a Straight **مُسْتَقِيمٍ** **يَا أَيُّهَا** O you **الَّذِينَ** who **آمَنُوا**
(that) He **تَقَاتِهِ** (as is His) right **حَقَّ** Allah **اللَّهُ** fear **اتَّقُوا** believed
and do not **وَلَا** should be feared **تَمُوتُنَّ** you die **إِلَّا** except **وَأَنْتُمْ**
Muslims **مُسْلِمُونَ** when you are

101. And how would you disbelieve, while unto you are recited the Verses of Allâh, and among you is His Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم)? And whoever holds firmly to Allâh, (i.e. follows Islâm — Allâh's religion, and obeys all that Allâh has ordered, practically), then he is indeed guided to the Right Path. 102. O you who believe! Fear Allâh (by doing all that He has ordered and by abstaining from all that He has forbidden) as He should be feared. (Obey Him, be thankful to Him, and remember Him always,) and die not except in a state of Islâm [as Muslims (with complete submission to Allâh)].

وَأَعْتَصِمُوا بِحَبْلِ اللَّهِ جَمِيعًا وَلَا تَفَرَّقُوا وَاذْكُرُوا نِعْمَتَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ إِذْ كُنْتُمْ أَعْدَاءَ فَأَلَّفَ بَيْنَ قُلُوبِكُمْ فَأَصْبَحْتُمْ
بِرَحْمَتِهِ إِخْوَانًا وَكُنْتُمْ عَلَى شَفَا حُفْرَةٍ مِنَ النَّارِ فَأَنْقَذَكُمْ مِنْهَا كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ آيَاتِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَهْتَدُونَ ﴿١٠٣﴾

وَأَعْتَصِمُوا (of) Allah the Rope and hold fast
(together) وَلَا you divided تَفَرَّقُوا and be not
remember نِعْمَتَ (of) Allah Favours on you إِذْ on you
when كُنْتُمْ you were أَعْدَاءَ enemies فَأَلَّفَ then he
made friendship بَيْنَ between قُلُوبِكُمْ your hearts فَأَصْبَحْتُمْ and you
became بِرَحْمَتِهِ by His Grace إِخْوَانًا brethren وَكُنْتُمْ and you were
on شَفَا brink حُفْرَةٍ (of) pit النَّارِ of the Fire فَأَنْقَذَكُمْ and He
saved you مِنْهَا from it كَذَلِكَ thus يُبَيِّنُ Allah makes clear
لَكُمْ to you آيَاتِهِ His Signs لَعَلَّكُمْ so that you
guided

103. And hold fast, all of you together, to the Rope of Allâh (i.e. this Qur'ân), and be not divided among yourselves, and remember Allâh's Favours on you, for you were enemies one to another but He joined your hearts together, so that, by His Grace, you became brethren (in Islâmic Faith), and you were on the brink of a pit of Fire, and He saved you from it. Thus Allâh makes His (Ayât verses, signs, revelations, etc.,) clear to you, that you may be guided.

وَلَتَكُنْ مِنْكُمْ أُمَّةٌ يَدْعُونَ إِلَى الْخَيْرِ وَيَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ ﴿١٠٤﴾ وَلَا
تَكُونُوا كَالَّذِينَ تَفَرَّقُوا وَاخْتَلَفُوا مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَهُمُ الْبَيِّنَاتُ وَأُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿١٠٥﴾ يَوْمَ تَبْيَضُّ وُجُوهٌ وَتَسْوَدُّ
وُجُوهٌ فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ اسْوَدَّتْ وُجُوهُهُمْ أَكْفَرْتُمْ بَعْدَ إِيمَانِكُمْ فَذُوقُوا الْعَذَابَ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْفُرُونَ ﴿١٠٦﴾

وَلَتَكُنْ and there must be مِنْكُمْ out of you أُمَّةٌ a group of people
يَدْعُونَ إِلَى who invite إِلَى the good الْخَيْرِ وَيَأْمُرُونَ and command بِالْمَعْرُوفِ
the right وَيَنْهَوْنَ and forbid عَنِ (from) الْمُنْكَرِ the wrong وَأُولَئِكَ
and those (are) هُمُ they (who will be) الْمُفْلِحُونَ the successful
وَلَا and (do) not تَكُونُوا you be كَالَّذِينَ like those who تَفَرَّقُوا
divided وَاخْتَلَفُوا and disputed مِنْ بَعْدِ after مَا that جَاءَهُمْ had come
وُجُوهٌ and those تَبْيَضُّ the clear signs وَأُولَئِكَ for them عَذَابٌ

on the Day (when) **يَوْمَ** (is) an awful torment عَظِيمٌ and would be **وَسَوْدُ** (some) faces **وُجُوهُ** would be brightened and **وُجُوهُ** blackened **فَأَمَّا** (some) faces **الَّذِينَ** those **أَسْوَدَّتْ** did you disbelieve? **أَكْفَرْتُمْ** their faces **وُجُوهُهُمْ** blackened **إِيمَانَكُمْ** after your faith **فَذُوقُوا** then taste **الْعَذَابَ** the torment **بِمَا** disbelieve **تَكْفُرُونَ** you used to **كُنْتُمْ** for [that]

104. Let there arise out of you a group of people inviting to all that is good (Islâm), enjoining *Al-Ma'rûf* (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism and all that Islâm orders one to do) and forbidding *Al-Munkar* (polytheism and disbelief and all that Islâm has forbidden). And it is they who are the successful. 105. And be not as those who divided and differed among themselves after the clear proofs had come to them. It is they for whom there is an awful torment. 106. On the Day (i.e. the Day of Resurrection) when some faces will become white and some faces will become black; as for those whose faces will become black (to them will be said): "Did you reject Faith after accepting it? Then taste the torment (in Hell) for rejecting Faith."

وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ أَبْيَضَتْ وَجُوهُهُمْ فَبِإِيمَانِهِمْ فِي رَحْمَةِ اللَّهِ هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ ﴿١٠٤﴾ تِلْكَ آيَاتُ اللَّهِ نَتْلُوهَا عَلَيْكَ بِالْحَقِّ وَمَا اللَّهُ يُرِيدُ ظُلْمًا لِلْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٠٥﴾ وَاللَّهُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَإِلَى اللَّهِ تُرْجَعُ الْأُمُورُ ﴿١٠٦﴾ كُنْتُمْ خَيْرَ أُمَّةٍ أُخْرِجَتْ لِلنَّاسِ تَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَتَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَتُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَلَوْ آمَنَ أَهْلُ الْكِتَابِ لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَهُمْ مِّنْهُمْ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَأَكْثَرُهُمُ الْفَاسِقُونَ ﴿١٠٧﴾

and as for **الَّذِينَ** those **أَبْيَضَتْ** brightened **وُجُوهُهُمْ** their faces **فَبِإِيمَانِهِمْ** they **هُمْ** (of) Allah **اللَّهُ** Mercy **رَحْمَةٍ** (are) in **فِيهَا** in it **خَالِدُونَ** will abide forever **تِلْكَ** these **آيَاتُ** (are) Verses **اللَّهُ** (of) Allah **نَتْلُوهَا** We recite them **عَلَيْكَ** to you **بِالْحَقِّ** in truth **وَمَا** and **اللَّهُ** (does) not **يُرِيدُ** desire **ظُلْمًا** injustice **لِلْعَالَمِينَ** to the **اللَّهُ** worlds **وَاللَّهُ** and for Allah (is) in **فِي** what **مَا** (is) in **السَّمَوَاتِ** the heavens **وَمَا** and what **فِي** (is) in **الْأَرْضِ** the earth **وَإِلَى** and to **اللَّهُ** best **كُنْتُمْ** you are **خَيْرَ** the matters **الْأُمُورُ** go back **تُرْجَعُ** Allah **أُمَّةٍ** people **أُخْرِجَتْ** raised **لِلنَّاسِ** for mankind **تَأْمُرُونَ** you command **وَتَنْهَوْنَ** and forbid **عَنِ** from **الْمُنْكَرِ** the good **بِالْمَعْرُوفِ**

and had وَلَوْ in Allah بِاللَّهِ and you believe وَتُؤْمِنُونَ wrong (evil) it كَانَ (of) the Scripture الْكِتَابِ People أَهْلُ believed آمَنَ was خَيْرًا better لَهُمْ for them مِنْهُمْ (some) of them الْمُؤْمِنُونَ (are) but most of them أَكْثَرُهُمْ (are) believers transgressors

107. And for those whose faces will become white, they will be in Allâh's Mercy (Paradise), therein they shall dwell forever. 108. These are the Verses of Allâh. We recite them to you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) in truth, and Allâh wills no injustice to the 'Âlamîn (mankind, jinn and all that exists). 109. And to Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. And all matters go back (for decision) to Allâh. 110. You (true believers in Islâmic Monotheism, and real followers of Prophet Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم and his *Sunnah*) are the best of peoples ever raised up for mankind; you enjoin *Al-Ma'rûf* (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism and all that Islâm has ordained) and forbid *Al-Munkar* (polytheism, disbelief and all that Islâm has forbidden), and you believe in Allâh. And had the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) believed, it would have been better for them; among them are some who have Faith, but most of them are *Al-Fâsiqûn* (disobedient to Allâh and rebellious against Allâh's Command).

لَنْ يَضُرَّوْكُمْ إِلَّا أَذًى وَإِنْ يُقَاتِلُوكُمْ يُلَاقُواكُمْ أَلَدْبَارًا ثُمَّ لَا يُصْرَفُونَ ضُرِبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الذِّلَّةُ أَيْنَ مَا تَفَقَّوْا إِلَّا بِحَبْلِ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَحَبْلٍ مِنَ النَّاسِ وَبَاءُ وَبَغَضٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَضُرِبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الْمَسْكَنَةُ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَانُوا يَكْفُرُونَ بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ وَيَقْتُلُونَ الْأَنْبِيَاءَ بِغَيْرِ حَقٍّ ذَلِكَ بِمَا عَصَوْا وَكَانُوا يَعْتَدُونَ

لَنْ Never يَضُرَّوْكُمْ they harm you إِلَّا except أَذًى a little they will turn to you يُلَاقُواكُمْ they fight you وَإِنْ hurt they will be helped أَلَدْبَارًا ثُمَّ the backs لَا then لَا يُصْرَفُونَ not whereupon they was stamped عَلَيْهِمُ الذِّلَّةُ disgrace أَيْنَ wherever from تَفَقَّوْا they are found إِلَّا except بِحَبْلِ with a covenant مِنَ from اللَّهِ Allah and they وَبَاءُ men and a covenant وَبَغَضٍ from اللَّهِ Allah and was ضُرِبَتْ upon them الْمَسْكَنَةُ the humiliation ذَلِكَ (is) that يَكْفُرُونَ reject because they كَانُوا used to آیَاتِ Verses اللَّهِ

they disobeyed **عَصَوْا** because **بِمَا** that (is) **ذَلِكَ** right **حَقٌّ** without **وَكَانُوا** and used to **يَعْتَدُونَ** transgress **وَيَقْتُلُونَ** (of) Allah **وَالْأَنْبِيَاءَ** the Prophets **بِغَيْرِ**

111. They will do you no harm, barring a trifling annoyance; and if they fight against you, they will show you their backs, and they will not be helped. 112. Indignity is put over them wherever they may be, except when under a covenant (of protection) from Allâh, and from men; they have drawn on themselves the Wrath of Allâh, and destruction is put over them. This is because they disbelieved in the *Ayât* (verses, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh and killed the Prophets without right. This is because they disobeyed (Allâh) and used to transgress beyond bounds (in Allâh's disobedience, crimes and sins).

﴿لَيْسُوا سَوَاءً مِّنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ أُمَّةٌ قَائِمَةٌ يَتْلُونَ آيَاتِ اللَّهِ آنَاءَ اللَّيْلِ وَهُمْ يَسْجُدُونَ ﴿١١٣﴾ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَكَانُورُوت بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَيُسْرِعُونَ فِي الْخَيْرَاتِ وَأُولَٰئِكَ مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿١١٤﴾ وَمَا يَفْعَلُوا مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَلَن يُكْفَرُوهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِالْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١١٥﴾﴾

﴿لَيْسُوا﴾ they are not (all) **سَوَاءً** alike **مِّنْ أَهْلِ** of **الْكِتَابِ** People they recite **يَتْلُونَ** upright **أُمَّةٌ** People (of) the Scripture **قَائِمَةٌ** **آيَاتِ** Verses **اللَّهِ** (of) Allah **آنَاءَ** (during) hours **الَّيْلِ** (of) the night **وَهُمْ** and they **يَسْجُدُونَ** prostrate **يُؤْمِنُونَ** they believe **وَالْيَوْمِ** the Last **الْآخِرِ** and Day **وَالْيَوْمِ** in Allah **وَاللَّهُ** **وَالْمَعْرُوفِ** the good **وَيَنْهَوْنَ** and forbid **عَنِ** [from] **الْمُنْكَرِ** (doing) good **وَيُسْرِعُونَ** and they hasten **فِي** in **الْخَيْرَاتِ** the wrong **وَأُولَٰئِكَ** deeds **وَأُولَٰئِكَ** and they (are) **مِّنْ** of **الصَّالِحِينَ** the righteous **وَمَا** will never **فَلَن** good **يَفْعَلُوا** and whatever **يُكْفَرُوهُ** knows **وَاللَّهُ** and Allah **عَلِيمٌ** they be denied (its reward) **وَالْمُتَّقِينَ** well **بِالْمُتَّقِينَ** the pious

113. Not all of them are alike; a party of the people of the Scripture stand for the right, they recite the Verses of Allâh during the hours of the night, prostrating themselves in prayer. 114. They believe in Allâh and the Last Day; they enjoin *Al-Ma'rûf* (Islâmic Monotheism, and following Prophet Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) and forbid *Al-Munkar* (polytheism, disbelief and opposing Prophet Muhammad

(صلى الله عليه وسلم); and they hasten in (all) good works; and they are among the righteous. 115. And whatever good they do, nothing will be rejected of them; for Allâh knows well those who are *Al-Muttaqûn*.

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لَنْ تُغْنِيَ عَنْهُمْ أَمْوَالُهُمْ وَلَا أَوْلَادُهُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا وَأُولَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ ﴿١١٥﴾ مَثَلُ مَا يُنْفِقُونَ فِي هَذِهِ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا كَمَثَلِ رِيحٍ فِيهَا صِرٌّ أَصَابَتْ حَرْثَ قَوْمٍ ظَلَمُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ فَأَهْلَكَتْهُ وَمَا ظَلَمَهُمُ اللَّهُ وَلَكِنْ أَنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿١١٦﴾

indeed إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا those who disbelieved لَنْ تُغْنِيَ عَنْهُمْ أَمْوَالُهُمْ nor their wealth وَلَا أَوْلَادُهُمْ their offspring from Allah شَيْئًا [and] they أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ companions of the Fire هُمْ فِيهَا are خَالِدُونَ ﴿١١٥﴾ they will abide forever مَثَلُ example of what يُنْفِقُونَ (of) they spend فِي this life الدُّنْيَا the world (of) كَمَثَلِ (is) like the example of a wind رِيحٍ (of) فِيهَا in it صِرٌّ severe cold أَصَابَتْ it struck حَرْثَ harvest قَوْمٍ (of) people ظَلَمُوا (did) not أَنْفُسَهُمْ themselves and destroyed it وَمَا and (did) not ظَلَمَهُمُ wronged them Allah وَلَكِنْ but أَنْفُسَهُمْ themselves they did wrong يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿١١٦﴾

116. Surely, those who reject Faith (disbelieve in Allâh and in Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم as being Allâh's Messenger and in all that which he صلى الله عليه وسلم has brought from Allâh), neither their properties nor their offspring will avail them aught against Allâh. They are the dwellers of the Fire, therein they will abide. 117. The likeness of what they spend in this world is the likeness of a wind which is extremely cold; it struck the harvest of a people who did wrong against themselves and destroyed it (i.e. the good deed of a person is only accepted if he is a monotheist and believes in all the Prophets of Allâh, including the Christ عليه السلام and Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم). Allâh wronged them not, but they wronged themselves.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لَا تَتَّخِذُوا بِطَانَةَ دُونِكُمْ لَا يَأْتُونَكُمْ حَبَالًا وَدُّوا مَا عَنِتُّمْ قَدْ بَدَتِ الْبَغْضَاءُ مِنْ أَفْوَاهِهِمْ وَمَا تُخْفِي صُدُورُهُمْ أَكْبَرُ قَدْ بَيَّنَّا لَكُمُ الْآيَاتِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١١٧﴾

يَتَّخِذُوا do not لَا believe مَاتُوا those who الَّذِينَ O يَا أَيُّهَا
 no لَا out of you (your religion) دُونَكُمْ from مِّن as friends يَتَّخِذُوا
 they وَدُّوا corrupt خَبَالًا they spare effort to make you يَتَّخِذُوا
 has بَدَتْ indeed قَدْ distresses you عَنِمْ whatever مَا desire
 (the أَفْوَاهِهِمْ from مِّن (their) hatred الْبَغْضَاءُ become apparent
 تُخْفِي conceal and what وَمَا utterances) of their mouths
 We have بَيَّنَّا verily قَدْ (is) (even) greater أَكْثَرُ their breasts
 you did كُنْتُمْ if إِنْ the Verses الْآيَاتِ to you لَكُمْ made plain
 understand تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١١٨﴾

118. O you who believe! Take not as (your) *Bitânah* (advisors, consultants, protectors, helpers, friends) those outside your religion (pagans, Jews, Christians, and hypocrites) since they will not fail to do their best to corrupt you. They desire to harm you severely. Hatred has already appeared from their mouths, but what their breasts conceal is far worse. Indeed We have made plain to you the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses) if you understand.

هَآأَنْتُمْ أَوْلَآءُ يُحِبُّونَهُمْ وَلَا يُحِبُّونَكُمْ وَتُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْكِتَآبِ كُلِّهِ وَإِذَا لَقُوكُمْ قَالُوا ءَامَنَّا وَإِذَا خَلَوْا عَصَوْا عَٰلَيْكُمْ ٱلْأَنَآئِلَ
 مِّنَ ٱلْفِتْيَٰنِ قُلْ مَوْتُواْ بِغَيْظِكُمْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ ٱلصُّدُورِ ﴿١١٨﴾ إِنْ تَمَسَّكْتُمْ حَسَنَةً سَوْءُهُمْ وَإِنْ تُصِيبْكُمْ سَيِّئَةٌ
 يَفْرَحُواْ بِهَا وَإِنْ تَصْبِرُواْ وَتَتَّقُواْ لَا يَضُرُّكُمْ كَيْدُهُمْ شَيْئًا إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ﴿١١٩﴾

هَآأَنْتُمْ but وَلَا you love them يُحِبُّونَهُمْ those (that) أَوْلَآءُ lo! you are
 (do) not يُحِبُّونَكُمْ and you believe وَتُؤْمِنُونَ they love you بِالْكِتَآبِ
 they meet you لَقُوكُمْ and when وَإِذَا all of it كُلِّهِ in the Scripture
 we believe ءَامَنَّا they say خَلَوْا but when إِذَا عَصَوْا they go apart
 they bite عَلَيْكُمْ at you ٱلْأَنَآئِلَ (tips of their) fingers مِّنَ ٱلْفِتْيَٰنِ in
 say قُلْ مَوْتُواْ بِغَيْظِكُمْ perish بِغَيْظِكُمْ in your rage إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ certainly
 Allah عَلِيمٌ (is) All-Knower بِذَاتِ of what is in ٱلصُّدُورِ (their)
 if تَمَسَّكْتُمْ a good حَسَنَةً befalls you سَوْءُهُمْ it grieves
 and if تُصِيبْكُمْ a misfortune سَيِّئَةٌ overtakes you وَإِنْ them
 you remain steadfast تَصْبِرُواْ but if وَإِنْ at it يَهْتَأُ they rejoice

وَتَنَقُّوا (would) not لَا and become pious (fear Allah) كَيْدَهُمْ their designs إِنَّ at all indeed اللَّهُ Allah بِمَا يَكْمُلُونَ of what they do مُحِيطٌ ﴿١١٩﴾ envompasses

119. Lo! You are the ones who love them but they love you not, and you believe in all the Scriptures [i.e. you believe in the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel), while they disbelieve in your Book, the Qur'ân]. And when they meet you, they say, "We believe." But when they are alone, they bite the tips of their fingers at you in rage. Say: "Perish in your rage. Certainly, Allâh knows what is in the breasts (all the secrets)." 120. If a good befalls you, it grieves them, but if some evil overtakes you, they rejoice at it. But if you remain patient and become *Al-Muttaqûn*, not the least harm will their cunning do to you. Surely, Allâh surrounds all that they do.

وَإِذْ عَدَوْتَ مِنْ أَهْلِكَ تُبَوِّئُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ مَقْعِدَ الْقِتَالِ وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٢١﴾ إِذْ هَمَّتْ طَائِفَتَانِ مِنْكُمْ أَنْ تَفْشَلَا وَاللَّهُ وَلِيُّهَا وَعَلَى اللَّهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٢٢﴾ وَلَقَدْ نَصَرَكُمُ اللَّهُ بِبَدْرٍ وَأَنْتُمْ أَذِلَّةٌ فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿١٢٣﴾

وَإِذْ عَدَوْتَ and when عَدَوْتَ you left early morning مِنْ (from) أَهْلِكَ at مَقْعِدَ the believers الْمُؤْمِنِينَ to post تُبَوِّئُ your household (is) الْقِتَالِ (their) stations وَاللَّهُ and اللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ and All-Knower All-Hearer عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٢١﴾ إِذْ All-Knower Hearer show طَائِفَتَانِ inclined and of you مِنْكُمْ two groups تَفْشَلَا to أَنْ (was) their Protector وَلِيُّهَا and اللَّهُ weakness وَعَلَى in اللَّهُ the believers الْمُؤْمِنُونَ should trust فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ in اللَّهُ and certainly نَصَرَكُمُ helped you بِبَدْرٍ at Badr وَأَنْتُمْ utterly weak أَذِلَّةٌ when you were فَاتَّقُوا so fear اللَّهُ Allah تَشْكُرُونَ that you may be grateful ﴿١٢٣﴾

121. And (remember) when you (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) left your household in the morning to post the believers at their stations for the battle (of Uhud). And Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower. 122. When two parties from among you were about to lose heart, but Allâh was their *Walî* (Supporter and Protector). And in Allâh should the believers put their trust. 123. And Allâh has already made you victorious at Badr, when you were a weak little force. So fear Allâh much that you may be grateful.

إِذْ تَقُولُ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَلَنْ يَكْفِيَكُمْ أَنْ يُبَدِّدَ رَبُّكُمْ بِثَلَاثَةِ آلَافٍ مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ مُزْلِينَ ﴿١٢٤﴾ بَلَىٰ إِنْ تَصْبِرُوا وَتَتَّقُوا وَيَأْتُوكُمْ مِنْ فُورِهِمْ هَذَا يُمْدِدْكُمْ رَبُّكُمْ بِخَمْسَةِ آلَافٍ مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ مُسَوِّمِينَ ﴿١٢٥﴾ وَمَا جَعَلَهُ اللَّهُ إِلَّا بُشْرَىٰ لَكُمْ وَلِتَطْمَئِنَّ قُلُوبُكُمْ بِهِ وَمَا النَّصْرُ إِلَّا مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ الْعَزِيزِ الْحَكِيمِ ﴿١٢٦﴾

إِذْ تَقُولُ when you said to the believers أَلَنْ يَكْفِيكُمْ أَنْ يُبَدِّدَ رَبُّكُمْ بِثَلَاثَةِ you Lord helps you that suffice you by three thousand of angels مُزْلِينَ sent down وَتَتَّقُوا if yes and fear Allah وَتَقُولُ you are steadfast and come to you رُبُّكُمْ will help you with five thousand of angels مُسَوِّمِينَ marked وَمَا not جَعَلَهُ make it but بُشْرَىٰ glad tiding for you وَلِتَطْمَئِنَّ and assure قُلُوبُكُمْ your hearts وَمَا with it and (there is) no النَّصْرُ help إِلَّا except from عِنْدِ اللَّهِ Allah the All-Mighty الْحَكِيمِ the All-Wise

124. (Remember) when you (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) said to the believers, "Is it not enough for you that your Lord (Allâh) should help you with three thousand angels sent down?" 125. "Yes, if you hold on to patience and piety, and the enemy comes rushing at you; your Lord will help you with five thousand angels having marks (of distinction)." 126. Allâh made it not but as a message of good news for you and as an assurance to your hearts. And there is no victory except from Allâh, the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

لَيَقْطَعَ طَرَفًا مِّنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا أَوْ يَكْبِتُنَّهُمْ فَيَنْقَلِبُوا خَائِبِينَ ﴿١٢٧﴾ لَيْسَ لَكَ مِنَ الْأَمْرِ شَيْءٌ أَوْ يَتُوبَ عَلَيْهِمْ أَوْ يُعَذِّبُهُمْ فَإِنَّهُمْ ظَالِمُونَ ﴿١٢٨﴾ وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ يَغْفِرُ لِمَن يَشَاءُ وَيُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿١٢٩﴾

لَيَقْطَعَ cuts off طَرَفًا a (part) group of الَّذِينَ who كَفَرُوا disbelieved أَوْ or يَكْبِتُنَّهُمْ subdue them فَيَنْقَلِبُوا return خَائِبِينَ frustrated لَيْسَ (is) not لَكَ for you مِنَ الْأَمْرِ decision شَيْءٌ at all أَوْ whether يَتُوبُ He turns (in mercy) عَلَيْهِمْ

verily they are **فَالَهُمْ** He punishes them **يُعَذِّبُهُمْ** or **أَوْ** them
 in **فِي** what (is) **مَا** and (is) for Allah **وَاللَّهُ** wrong-doers **ظَالِمُونَ**
 the earth **الْأَرْضِ** in **فِي** and what (is) **وَمَا** the heavens **السَّمَوَاتِ**
 and He **وَيُعَذِّبُ** He wills **يَسَاءُ** (to) whom **لِمَنْ** He forgives
 (is) **عَفْوٌ** and Allah **وَاللَّهُ** He wills **يَسَاءُ** whom **مَنْ** punishes
 Most Merciful **رَحِيمٌ** All-Forgiving

127. That He might cut off a part of those who disbelieve, or expose them to infamy, so that they retire frustrated. 128. Not for you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم, but for Allâh) is the decision; whether He turns in mercy to (pardons) them or punishes them; verily, they are the *Dhâlimûn* (polytheists, disobedients and wrongdoers). 129. And to Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. He forgives whom He wills, and punishes whom He wills. And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا لَا تَأْكُلُوا الرِّبَا أَضْعَافًا مُضَاعَفَةً وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ **وَاتَّقُوا النَّارَ الَّتِي أُعِدَّتْ لِلْكَافِرِينَ** **وَأَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَالرَّسُولَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ** **وَسَارِعُوا إِلَى مَغْفِرَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ وَجَنَّةٍ عَرْضُهَا السَّمَوَاتُ وَالْأَرْضُ أُعِدَّتْ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ**

يَتَأْتِيهَا O you **الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا** who **لَا** believe **تَأْكُلُوا** (eat) **رِّبَا** devour
أَضْعَافًا interest **مُضَاعَفَةً** doubled (and) **وَاتَّقُوا** redoubled
اللَّهُ but fear **لَعَلَّكُمْ** Allah **تُفْلِحُونَ** that you may achieve success
وَاتَّقُوا and fear **النَّارَ** the Fire **الَّتِي أُعِدَّتْ** which is prepared
لِلْكَافِرِينَ for the disbelievers **وَأَطِيعُوا** and obey **اللَّهَ** Allah **وَالرَّسُولَ**
لَعَلَّكُمْ and the Messenger **تُرْحَمُونَ** that you may be shown
مَغْفِرَةٍ to **وَسَارِعُوا** and hasten **إِلَى** mercy **وَجَنَّةٍ** and Paradise **عَرْضُهَا** whose width (is like)
السَّمَوَاتُ that of) **وَالْأَرْضُ** the heavens **وَالْأَرْضُ** the earth **أُعِدَّتْ** and the earth
لِلْمُتَّقِينَ prepared for the pious

130. O you who believe! Eat not *Ribâ* doubled and multiplied, but fear Allâh that you may be successful. 131. And fear the Fire, which is prepared for the disbelievers. 132. And obey Allâh and the Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) that you may obtain mercy. 133. And march forth in the way (which leads to)

forgiveness from your Lord, and for Paradise as wide as the heavens and the earth, prepared for *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious).

الَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ فِي السَّرَّاءِ وَالضَّرَّاءِ وَالْكَبِيرِ وَالضَّعِيفِ وَالْعَافِينَ عَنِ النَّاسِ وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿١٣٤﴾
وَالَّذِينَ إِذَا فَعَلُوا فَحِشَةً أَوْ ظَلَمُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ ذَكَرُوا اللَّهَ فَاسْتَغْفَرُوا لِذُنُوبِهِمْ وَمَنْ يَغْفِرُ الذُّنُوبَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ
وَلَمْ يُصِرُّوا عَلَى مَا فَعَلُوا وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٣٥﴾

الَّذِينَ *and* *those who* *spend* *in* *prosperity* *and* *adversity* *those who control* *their* *rage* *and* *who forgive* *the people* *and* *Allah* *loves* *the good-doers* *when* *and* *those who* *the good-doers* *they do* *or* *they wrong* *or* *something* *indecent* *they do* *they remember* *themselves* *and* *ask forgiveness* *for their sins* *and* *who* *can* *forgive* *the sins* *but* *Allah* *and* *do not* *persist* *in* *what* *they did* *while they know*

134. Those who spend (in Allâh's Cause) in prosperity and in adversity, who repress anger, and who pardon men; verily, Allâh loves *Al-Muhsinûn* (the good-doers). 135. And those who, when they have committed *Fâhishah* (illegal sexual intercourse) or wronged themselves with evil, remember Allâh and ask forgiveness for their sins; — and none can forgive sins but Allâh — and do not persist in what (wrong) they have done, while they know.

أُولَئِكَ جَزَاؤُهُمْ مَغْفِرَةٌ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ وَجَنَّاتُ جَعْدَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا وَنِعَمَ أَجْرُ الْعَمِلِينَ ﴿١٣٦﴾ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ سُنَنٌ فَسِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ فَانظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ ﴿١٣٧﴾ هَذَا بَيَانٌ لِلنَّاسِ وَهُدًى وَمَوْعِظَةٌ لِّلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١٣٨﴾

أُولَئِكَ *those* *their reward* *is* *forgiveness* *from* *their Lord* *and* *Gardens* *and* *the rivers* *under which* *they will abide forever* *and* *how excellent* *is* *therein*

before you **مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ** passed **قَدْ خَلَتْ** those who do (good deeds) **سُنُّ** in (through) **فِي** so travel **فَسِيرُوا** (many such) situations **عَنْهُ** end **كَانَ** how **كَيْفَ** and see **فَانظُرُوا** the earth (is) **يَا أَيُّهَا** this **هَٰذَا** (of) the deniers (of truth) **الْمُكَذِّبِينَ** and a guidance **وَهُدًى** for mankind **لِلنَّاسِ** a declaration for Allah-fearing **لِلْمُتَّقِينَ** and admonition

136. For such, the reward is forgiveness from their Lord, and Gardens with rivers flowing underneath (Paradise), wherein they shall abide forever. How excellent is this reward for the doers (who do righteous deeds according to Allâh's Orders).

137. Many similar ways (and mishaps of life) were faced by nations (believers and disbelievers) that have passed away before you (as you have faced in the battle of Uhud), so travel through the earth, and see what was the end of those who disbelieved (in the Oneness of Allâh, and disobeyed Him and His Messengers).

138. This (the Qur'ân) is a plain statement for mankind, a guidance and instruction to those who are *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious).

وَلَا تَهِنُوا وَلَا تَحْزَنُوا وَأَنْتُمْ الْأَعْلَوْنَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٣٦﴾ إِنْ يَمَسُّكُمْ فَتْرٌ فَقَدْ مَسَّ الْقَوْمَ فَتْرٌ مِثْلُهُ وَتِلْكَ الْآيَاتُ نَذَاوِلُهَا بَيْنَ النَّاسِ وَلِيَعْلَمَ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَيَتَّخِذَ مِنْكُمْ شُهَدَاءَ وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٣٧﴾ وَلِيَمْحَسَ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَيَتَمَقَّقَ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿١٣٨﴾

وَلَا be grieved **تَحْزَنُوا** nor **وَلَا** be weak **تَهِنُوا** and do not you are **كُنْتُمْ** if **إِنْ** upper-handed **الْأَعْلَوْنَ** and you (will be) **مُؤْمِنِينَ** (true) believers **إِنْ** if **يَمَسُّكُمْ** has touched you **فَتْرٌ** the (disbelieving) people **الْقَوْمَ** touched **مَسَّ** so has **فَقَدْ** wound **فَتْرٌ** a wound **مِثْلُهُ** and these **وَتِلْكَ** similar to that **الْآيَاتُ** days [and] so **نَذَاوِلُهَا** We turn them **بَيْنَ** among **النَّاسِ** people **وَلِيَعْلَمَ** that knows **اللَّهُ** Allah **الَّذِينَ** those who **آمَنُوا** (really) believe **مِنْكُمْ** from (among) you **وَيَتَّخِذَ** He may take **شُهَدَاءَ** martyrs **وَاللَّهُ** and Allah **لَا** (does) not **يُحِبُّ** like **الظَّالِمِينَ** the wrong-doers **وَلِيَمْحَسَ** [and] so that may purge **اللَّهُ** Allah **الَّذِينَ** those who **آمَنُوا** believed **وَيَمَقَّقَ** and destroys **الْكَافِرِينَ** the disbelievers

139. So do not become weak (against your enemy), nor be sad, and you will be superior (in victory) if you are indeed (true) believers. 140. If a wound (and killing) has touched you, be sure a similar wound (and killing) has touched the others. And so are the days (good and not so good), that We give to men by turns, that Allâh may test those who believe, and that He may take martyrs from among you. And Allâh likes not the *Dhâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers). 141. And that Allâh may test (or purify) the believers (from sins) and destroy the disbelievers.

أَمْ حَسِبْتُمْ أَنْ تَدْخُلُوا الْجَنَّةَ وَلَمَّا يَأْتِ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ جَاهَدُوا مِنْكُمْ وَيَعْلَمَ الصَّابِرِينَ ﴿١٣٩﴾ وَلَقَدْ كُنْتُمْ تَمَنَّوْنَ
الْمَوْتَ مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تَلْقَوْهُ فَقَدْ رَأَيْتُمُوهُ وَأَنْتُمْ تَنْظُرُونَ ﴿١٤٠﴾ وَمَا مُحَمَّدٌ إِلَّا رَسُولٌ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ الرُّسُلُ أَفَإِنْ مَاتَ
أَوْ قُتِلَ انْقَلَبْتُمْ عَلَى أَعْقَابِكُمْ وَمَنْ يَنْقَلِبْ عَلَى عَقْبَيْهِ فَلَنْ يَضُرَّ اللَّهَ شَيْئًا وَسَيَجْزِي اللَّهُ الشَّاكِرِينَ ﴿١٤١﴾

أَمْ حَسِبْتُمْ or did you think أَنْ that تَدْخُلُوا you would enter الْجَنَّةَ Paradise وَلَمَّا and has not yet يَأْتِ Allah [known] tried الَّذِينَ those who جَاهَدُوا strove hard مِنْكُمْ of you وَيَعْلَمُ and (has not known) الصَّابِرِينَ tried and وَلَقَدْ those who are the steadfast الَّذِينَ tried and كُنْتُمْ indeed you used to تَمَنَّوْنَ death long (for) الْمَوْتَ you have تَلْقَوْهُ so verily [that] أَنْ before you met it رَأَيْتُمُوهُ and you faced it وَأَنْتُمْ and you تَنْظُرُونَ (were) observing (it) وَمَا [indeed] مُحَمَّدٌ (is) not إِلَّا but رَسُولٌ a Messenger قَدْ a Messenger أَمَّا Messengers مَنْ passed away قَبْلَهُ from him أَمَّا Messengers مَنْ (will) you turn انْقَلَبْتُمْ (is) killed أَوْ or قُتِلَ he died مَاتَ then if he dies or is killed, will you then turn back on your heels (as disbelievers)? And he who turns back on his heels, not the least harm will he do to Allâh; and Allâh will give reward to those who are grateful.

142. Do you think that you will enter Paradise before Allâh tests those of you who fought (in His Cause) and (also) tests those who are *As-Sâbirûn* (the patient)? 143. You did indeed wish for death (*Ash-Shahâdah* — martyrdom) before you met it. Now you have seen it openly with your own eyes. 144. Muhammad (ﷺ) is no more than a Messenger, and indeed (many) Messengers have passed away before him. If he dies or is killed, will you then turn back on your heels (as disbelievers)? And he who turns back on his heels, not the least harm will he do to Allâh; and Allâh will give reward to those who are grateful.

وَمَا كَانَ لِنَفْسٍ أَنْ تَمُوتَ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ كَتَبْنَا مُوَجَّلَاتُهَا وَمَنْ يُرِيدُ ثَوَابَ الدُّنْيَا نُؤْتِيهِ مِنْهَا وَمَنْ يُرِيدُ ثَوَابَ
 الْآخِرَةِ نُؤْتِيهِ مِنْهَا وَسَنَجْزِي الشَّاكِرِينَ ﴿١٤٥﴾ وَكَانَ مِنْ نَبِيِّ قَتَلَ مَعَهُ رِثْيُونَ كَثِيرٌ فَمَا وَهَنُوا لِمَا أَصَابَهُمْ فِي
 سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَمَا ضَعُفُوا وَمَا اسْتَكَانُوا وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الصَّابِرِينَ ﴿١٤٦﴾

وَمَا كَانَ it is لِنَفْسٍ that أَنْ for a person تَمُوتَ and not كَانَ but إِلَّا by Leave (of) Allah كَتَبْنَا an appointed مُوَجَّلَاتُهَا term (of) the Hereafter يُرِيدُ desires ثَوَابَ a reward الدُّنْيَا and whoever وَمَنْ of it وَمِنْ We shall give him نُؤْتِيهِ the world (of) the Hereafter يُرِيدُ desires ثَوَابَ a reward الْآخِرَةِ and We shall reward وَسَنَجْزِي of it وَمِنْ shall give him الشَّاكِرِينَ ﴿١٤٥﴾ and many وَكَانَ (of) نَبِيِّ a Prophet قَتَلَ fought مَعَهُ with him رِثْيُونَ numerous كَثِيرٌ godly men أَصَابَهُمْ for what لِمَا they lost heart وَهَنُوا in فِي they suffered ضَعُفُوا nor (of) Allah وَمَا the Way اسْتَكَانُوا they abased themselves وَاللَّهُ and اللَّهُ يُحِبُّ loves the steadfast الصَّابِرِينَ ﴿١٤٦﴾

145. And no person can ever die except by Allâh's Leave and at an appointed term. And whoever desires a reward in (this) world, We shall give him of it; and whoever desires a reward in the Hereafter, We shall give him thereof. And We shall reward the grateful. 146. And many a Prophet (i.e. many from amongst the Prophets) fought (in Allâh's Cause) and along with him (fought) large bands of religious learned men. But they never lost heart for that which did befall them in Allâh's way, nor did they weaken nor degrade themselves. And Allâh loves As-Sâbirûn (the patient).

وَمَا كَانَ قَوْلُهُمْ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا رَبَّنَا اغْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَإِسْرَافَنَا فِي أَمْرِنَا وَثَبَّتْ أَدْمَانَا وَأَنْصُرْنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ
 الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿١٤٧﴾ فَقَالَتْ لَهُمْ اللَّهُ ثَوَابَ الدُّنْيَا وَحَسَنَ ثَوَابَ الْآخِرَةِ وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿١٤٨﴾ يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
 إِنْ تُطِيعُوا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا يُزِيدُوا كُفْرَهُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ غَوًى عَظِيمًا فَتَنْقَلِبُوا خَاسِرِينَ ﴿١٤٩﴾

وَمَا كَانَ قَوْلُهُمْ was قَوْلُهُمْ that إِلَّا except أَنْ our Lord! رَبَّنَا اغْفِرْ our Lord! اغْفِرْ [for] us ذُنُوبَنَا our sins وَإِسْرَافَنَا our excesses (transgressions) أَمْرِنَا in فِي and our affairs

وَقَيَّتْ and help us وَأَصْرَبْنَا our feet أَقْدَامَنَا and set firmly
 so الْقَوْمِ the disbelieving الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿١٤٧﴾ the people فَكَانَتْهُمْ
 اللَّهُ gave them ثَوَابَ reward الدُّنْيَا (of) (this) world وَحَسَنَ
 and excellent (is) ثَوَابِ reward الْآخِرَةِ (of) the Hereafter وَاللَّهُ
 اللَّهُ يُحِبُّ loves الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿١٤٨﴾ the good-doers يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ
 those who تَطِيعُوا if believe إِنْ who
 on كَفَرُوا disbelieve يَرْدُّكُمْ they will drive you back عَلَى
 and you will turn back (from Faith) فَتَقْلِبُوا your heels
 as losers خَسِرِينَ ﴿١٤٩﴾

147. And they said nothing but: "Our Lord! Forgive us our sins and our transgressions (in keeping our duties to You), establish our feet firmly, and give us victory over the disbelieving folk." 148. So Allâh gave them the reward of this world, and the excellent reward of the Hereafter. And Allâh loves *Al-Muhsinûn* (the good-doers). 149. O you who believe! If you obey those who disbelieve, they will send you back on your heels, and you will turn back (from Faith) as losers.

بَلَىٰ اللَّهُ مَوْلَاكُمْ وَهُوَ خَيْرُ النَّاصِرِينَ ﴿١٥٠﴾ سَنُلْقِي فِي قُلُوبِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا الرُّعْبَ بِمَا أَشْرَكُوا
 بِاللَّهِ مَا لَمْ يُنَزَّلْ بِهِ سُلْطَانًا وَمَأْوَهُمُ النَّارُ وَبِئْسَ مَثْوَى الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٥١﴾

بَلَىٰ but اللَّهُ Allah مَوْلَاكُمْ (is) your Protector وَهُوَ and He خَيْرٌ
 فِي We shall cast سَنُلْقِي (of) the helpers الْبَاقِينَ ﴿١٥٠﴾ (is) the Best
 disbelieved كَفَرُوا (of) those who الَّذِينَ the hearts قُلُوبَ into
 with الرُّعْبَ they associated أَشْرَكُوا because بِمَا terror
 with it بِهِ He send يُنَزَّلْ (did) not لَمْ that which مَا Allah
 (is) the Fire النَّارُ and their abode وَمَأْوَهُمُ any sanction
 وَبِئْسَ [and] how bad مَثْوَى abode الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٥١﴾ (of) the
 wrong-doers

150. Nay, Allâh is your *Mawlâ* (Patron, Lord, Helper, Protector), and He is the Best of helpers. 151. We shall cast terror into the hearts of those who disbelieve, because they joined others in worship with Allâh, for which He had sent no authority; their abode will be the Fire and how evil is the abode of the *Dhâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers).

وَلَقَدْ صَدَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ وَعْدَهُ إِذْ تَحُسُّونَهُمْ بِإِذْنِهِ ۖ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا فَشِلْتُمْ وَتَنَزَّعْتُمْ فِي الْأَمْرِ
وَعَصَيْتُمْ مِمَّا أَرْسَلَكُمْ مَأْتِحِبُونَ ۖ مِنْكُمْ مَن يُرِيدُ الدُّنْيَا وَمِنْكُمْ مَن يُرِيدُ الْآخِرَةَ
ثُمَّ صَرَّفَكُمْ عَنْهُمْ لِيَبْلِيَكُمْ وَلَقَدْ عَفَا عَنْكُمْ ۚ وَاللَّهُ ذُو فَضْلٍ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٥٢﴾

وَلَقَدْ and indeed صَدَقَكُمُ Allah Truthful to you وَعْدَهُ with
إِذْ you were destroying them تَحُسُّونَهُمْ when promise
حَتَّىٰ until إِذَا you showed weakness فَشِلْتُمْ when His Leave
وَتَنَزَّعْتُمْ about the order الْأَمْرِ and you fell to disputing
وَعَصَيْتُمْ what after مِمَّا and you disobeyed أَرْسَلَكُمْ He
ثُمَّ you love مِنْكُمْ of you who يُرِيدُ desires الدُّنْيَا this world and of you
وَمِنْكُمْ who يُرِيدُ desires الْآخِرَةَ the Hereafter ثُمَّ He made صَرَّفَكُمْ then
وَلَقَدْ that He may test you لِيَبْلِيَكُمْ from them عَنْهُمْ you flee
وَلَقَدْ and اللَّهُ you عَنْكُمْ He forgave عَفَا indeed
وَاللَّهُ and اللَّهُ ذُو فَضْلٍ the believers الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (is) Most Gracious

152. And Allâh did indeed fulfil His Promise to you when you were killing them (your enemy) with His Permission; until (the moment) you lost your courage and fell to disputing about the order, and disobeyed after He showed you (of the booty) which you love. Among you are some that desire this world and some that desire the Hereafter. Then He made you flee from them (your enemy), that He might test you. But surely, He forgave you, and Allâh is Most Gracious to the believers.

﴿١٥٣﴾ إِذْ تَصْعَدُونَ وَلَا تَكُونُوا عَلَىٰ أَحَدٍ وَالرَّسُولُ يَدْعُوكُمْ فِي أَخْرَجَكُمْ فَأَتَيْتُمْ عَنْكُمْ
يَسْمِعُ لِكَيْلًا تَحْزَنُوا عَلَىٰ مَا فَاتَكُمْ وَلَا مَا أَصَابَكُمْ ۚ وَاللَّهُ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٥٤﴾

﴿١٥٣﴾ إِذْ (and remember) when تَصْعَدُونَ you were climbing (the hill) وَلَا and not تَكُونُوا you paying a heed عَلَىٰ أَحَدٍ any
وَالرَّسُولُ one and the Messenger يَدْعُوكُمْ was calling you فِي
عَنْكُمْ in أَخْرَجَكُمْ your rear فَأَتَيْتُمْ then He rewarded you
يَسْمِعُ for grief لِكَيْلًا so that may neither تَحْزَنُوا you grieve

on which مَا nor وَلَا escaped you فَانْكُمْ what مَا over عَلَى
 أَصَبَكُمْ befell you وَاللَّهُ and خَبِيرٌ Well-Aware (is) بِمَا
 you do تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٥٣﴾ of what

153. (And remember) when you ran away (dreadfully) without even casting a side glance at anyone, and the Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) was in your rear calling you back. There did Allâh give you one distress after another by way of requital to teach you not to grieve for that which had escaped you, nor for that which had befallen you. And Allâh is Well-Aware of all that you do.

ثُمَّ أَنْزَلَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِنْ بَدِّ الْقَمَرِ أَمْنَةً تُعَاسَى يَغْشَى طَائِفَةً مِنْكُمْ وَطَائِفَةٌ قَدْ أَهَمَّتْهُمْ أَنْفُسُهُمْ يَظُنُّونَ بِاللَّهِ غَيْرَ الْحَقِّ ظَنَّ الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ يَقُولُونَ هَلْ لَنَا مِنَ الْأَمْرِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ قُلْ إِنَّ الْأَمْرَ كُلَّهُ لِلَّهِ يُخْفُونَ فِي أَنْفُسِهِمْ مَا لَا يُبْدُونَ لَكَ يَقُولُونَ لَوْ كَانْ لَنَا مِنَ الْأَمْرِ شَيْءٌ مَا قُتِلْنَا هُنَا قُلْ لَوْ كُنْتُمْ فِي بُيُوتِكُمْ لَبَرَزَ الَّذِينَ كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقَتْلُ إِلَى مَضَاجِعِهِمْ وَلِيَبْتَلِيَ اللَّهُ مَا فِي صُدُورِكُمْ وَلِيُمَحَّصَ مَا فِي قُلُوبِكُمْ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ ﴿١٥٤﴾

ثُمَّ أَنْزَلَ then He sent down عَلَيْكُمْ upon you مِنْ بَدِّ الْقَمَرِ after
 أَمْنَةً (this) grief (distress) an inner peace تُعَاسَى slumber يَغْشَى
 طَائِفَةً مِنْكُمْ a group of you وَطَائِفَةٌ overtakes
 قَدْ أَهَمَّتْهُمْ أَنْفُسُهُمْ another) group were concerned about
 يَظُنُّونَ thinking بِاللَّهِ of Allah غَيْرَ الْحَقِّ wrongly ظَنَّ thought
 الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ (of) (days of) ignorance يَقُولُونَ they say هَلْ is لَنَا for
 [of] in the affair الْأَمْرِ the affair مِنْ any شَيْءٍ thing قُلْ say إِنَّ
 indeed the affair الْأَمْرِ the affair كُلُّهُ all of it لِلَّهِ (is) for Allah يُخْفُونَ they
 hide فِي within أَنْفُسِهِمْ themselves مَا what لَا (do) not يُبْدُونَ
 they reveal لَكَ to you يَقُولُونَ they say لَوْ if كَانَ (there) was لَنَا
 for us مِنْ (of) the affair الْأَمْرِ the affair شَيْءٌ anything مَا not قُتِلْنَا we
 were killed هُنَا here قُلْ say لَوْ (even) if كُنْتُمْ you had been فِي
 in بُيُوتِكُمْ your houses لَبَرَزَ would have gone forth الَّذِينَ those
 was decreed عَلَيْهِمُ for them الْقَتْلُ the death إِلَى to مَضَاجِعِهِمْ
 and so that tests وَلِيَبْتَلِيَ places of their death and so that He may
 (is) in صُدُورِكُمْ your breasts وَلِيُمَحَّصَ and so that He may
 purge مَا what فِي (is) in قُلُوبِكُمْ your hearts وَاللَّهُ and Allah عَلِيمٌ
 (is) All-Knower بِذَاتِ of (what is in) الصُّدُورِ ﴿١٥٤﴾ in the breasts

154. Then after the distress, He sent down security for you. Slumber overtook a party of you, while another party was thinking about themselves (as how to save their own selves, ignoring the others and the Prophet صلى الله عليه وسلم) and thought wrongly of Allâh — the thought of ignorance. They said, "Have we any part in the affair?" Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم): "Indeed the affair belongs wholly to Allâh." They hide within themselves what they dare not reveal to you, saying: "If we had anything to do with the affair, none of us would have been killed here." Say: "Even if you had remained in your homes, those for whom death was decreed would certainly have gone forth to the place of their death," but that Allâh might test what is in your breasts; and to purify that which was in your hearts (sins), and Allâh is All-Knower of what is in (your) breasts.

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ تَوَلَّوْا مِنْكُمْ يَوْمَ الْتَقَى الْجَمْعَانِ إِنَّمَا اسْتَزَلَّهُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ بِبَعْضِ مَا كَسَبُوا وَلَقَدْ عَفَا اللَّهُ عَنْهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ حَلِيمٌ ﴿١٥٥﴾ يٰٓأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا لَا تَكُونُوا كَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَقَالُوا لِإِخْوَانِهِمْ إِذَا ضَرَبُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ أَوْ كَانُوا غُرًى لَوْ كَانُوا عِنْدَنَا مَا مَاتُوا وَمَا قُتِلُوا لِيَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ ذَٰلِكَ حَسْرَةً فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ وَاللَّهُ يُحْيِي وَيُمِيتُ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿١٥٦﴾

إِنَّ surely الَّذِينَ those who تَوَلَّوْا turned their backs مِنْكُمْ of you
 يَوْمَ on (the) day الْتَقَى met الْجَمْعَانِ the two hosts إِنَّمَا only
 اسْتَزَلَّهُمُ Satan الشَّيْطَانُ made them slip بِبَعْضِ (of) for some مَا
 كَسَبُوا what they had earned وَلَقَدْ but indeed عَفَا Allah (is) All-Forgiving
 عَنْهُمْ them إِنَّ verily اللَّهُ Allah غَفُورٌ All-Forbearing حَلِيمٌ ﴿١٥٥﴾
 يٰٓأَيُّهَا O you الَّذِينَ who ءَامَنُوا believe لَا
 تَكُونُوا (do) not كَالَّذِينَ like those who كَفَرُوا disbelieved
 وَقَالُوا and said لِإِخْوَانِهِمْ to their brethern إِذَا when ضَرَبُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
 أَوْ they were traveling through the earth كَانُوا or غُرًى were
 عِنْدَنَا they had been with us مَا neither مَاتُوا fighting
 قُتِلُوا nor وَمَا they would have died
 لِيَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ ذَٰلِكَ حَسْرَةً it so that makes
 فِي a cause of regret وَاللَّهُ their hearts قُلُوبِهِمْ in
 وَيُحْيِي and gives life وَيُمِيتُ and
 بِمَا of what تَعْمَلُونَ you do بَصِيرٌ ﴿١٥٦﴾
 (is) All-Seer

155. Those of you who turned back on the day the two hosts met (i.e. the battle of Uhud), it was *Shaitân* (Satan) who caused them to backslide (run away from the battlefield) because of some (sins) they had earned. But Allâh, indeed, has forgiven them. Surely, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Forbearing. 156. O you who believe! Be not like those who disbelieve (hypocrites) and who say to their brethren when they travel through the earth or go out to fight: "If they had stayed with us, they would not have died or been killed," so that Allâh may make it a cause of regret in their hearts. It is Allâh that gives life and causes death. And Allâh is All-Seer of what you do.

وَلَيْنَ قُتِلْتُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَوْ مُتُّمْ لَمَغْفِرَةٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَرَحْمَةٌ خَيْرٌ مِمَّا يَجْمَعُونَ ﴿١٥٦﴾ وَلَيْنَ مُتُّمْ أَوْ قُتِلْتُمْ لَإِلَى اللَّهِ تُحْشَرُونَ ﴿١٥٧﴾ فِيمَا رَحِمَهُ مِنَ اللَّهِ لَيْتَ لَهُمْ وَلَوْ كُنْتَ فَظًا غَلِيظَ الْقَلْبِ لَانْفَضُّوا مِنْ حَوْلِكَ فَاعْفُ عَنْهُمْ وَاسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ وَشَاوِرْهُمْ فِي الْأَمْرِ فَإِذَا عَزَمْتَ فَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُتَوَكِّلِينَ ﴿١٥٨﴾

وَلَيْنَ قُتِلْتُمْ and if indeed قُتِلْتُمْ in you are killed سَبِيلِ the Way اللَّهِ (of) Allah أَوْ or مُتُّمْ die لَمَغْفِرَةٌ surely forgiveness مِنَ اللَّهِ from اللَّهِ وَرَحْمَةٌ Allah and خَيْرٌ (are) better مِمَّا يَجْمَعُونَ ﴿١٥٦﴾ than what they amass وَلَيْنَ they amass مُتُّمْ and if indeed أَوْ you did die قُتِلْتُمْ or قُتِلْتُمْ you will be gathered تُحْشَرُونَ ﴿١٥٧﴾ Allah اللَّهِ surely to قُتِلْتُمْ killed لَإِلَى killed فِيمَا and by رَحِمَهُ Mercy مِنَ اللَّهِ of اللَّهِ لَيْتَ you dealt gently لَهُمْ with them وَلَوْ had كُنْتَ you been فَظًا rough غَلِيظَ (and) surely they would have broken لَانْفَضُّوا (of) heart الْقَلْبِ fierce away مِنْ from حَوْلِكَ about you فَاعْفُ so pardon عَنْهُمْ them وَاسْتَغْفِرْ and ask forgiveness لَهُمْ for them وَشَاوِرْهُمْ and consult them فِي in الْأَمْرِ the (public) matters فَإِذَا but when عَزَمْتَ you have resolved فَتَوَكَّلْ then put your trust عَلَى in اللَّهِ Allah إِنَّ verily اللَّهُ Allah يُحِبُّ loves الْمُتَوَكِّلِينَ ﴿١٥٨﴾ those who put their trust (in Allah)

157. And if you are killed or die in the way of Allâh, forgiveness and mercy from Allâh are far better than all that they amass (of worldly wealths). 158. And whether you die or are killed, verily, unto Allâh you shall be gathered. 159. And by the Mercy of Allâh, you dealt with them gently. And had you been severe and harsh-hearted, they would have broken away from about you; so pass over (their faults), and ask (Allâh's) forgiveness for them; and consult them in the affairs. Then when you have taken a decision, put your trust in Allâh, certainly, Allâh loves those who put their trust (in Him).

إِنْ يَنْصُرْكُمُ اللَّهُ فَلَا غَالِبَ لَكُمْ وَإِنْ يَخْذُلْكُمْ فَمَنْ ذَا الَّذِي يَنْصُرُكُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ وَعَلَى اللَّهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٦٠﴾
وَمَا كَانَ لِنَبِيٍّ أَنْ يَغْلُفَ وَمَنْ يَفْغُلْ يَأْتِ بِمَا غَلَّ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ ثُمَّ تُوَفَّى كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَا كَسَبَتْ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ﴿١٦١﴾
أَفَمَنْ اتَّبَعَ رِضْوَانُ اللَّهِ كَمَنْ بَاءَ بِسَخَطِ اللَّهِ وَمَا أُوتِيَ جَهَنَّمَ وَرِيسَ الْمَصِيرِ ﴿١٦٢﴾

إن if يَنْصُرْكُمُ Allah helps you فَلَا then none غَالِبَ (can) overcome لَكُمْ you وَإِنْ you يَخْذُلْكُمْ and if يَنْصُرُكُمْ (is there) who (can) ذَا الَّذِي who should put their trust عَلَى Allah and in Him فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ the believers الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٦٠﴾ it was كَانَ and not وَمَا the believers أَن يَغْلُفَ He defrauds وَمَنْ He defrauds يَفْغُلْ defrauds يَأْتِ (on) the Day يَوْمَ he had defrauded غَلَّ what will bring forth shall be fully recompensed ثُمَّ (of) Resurrection تُوَفَّى then كُلُّ نَفْسٍ every person مَا what كَسَبَتْ he has earned وَهُمْ and they لَا يَظْلَمُونَ ﴿١٦١﴾ so then who أَفَمَنْ shall be wronged (is) like one كَمَنْ (of) Allah good Pleasure رِضْوَانُ followed and who بَاءَ is laden بِسَخَطِ with wrath of اللَّهِ Allah وَمَا أُوتِيَ and the worst وَرِيسَ (is) Hell جَهَنَّمَ his abode destination

160. If Allâh helps you, none can overcome you; and if He forsakes you, who is there after Him that can help you? And in Allâh (Alone) let believers put their trust. 161. It is not for any Prophet to take illegally a part of the booty (*Ghulul*), and whosoever deceives his companions as regards the booty, he shall bring forth on the Day of Resurrection that which he took (illegally). Then every person shall be paid in full what he has earned, and they shall not be dealt with unjustly. 162. Is then one who follows (seeks) the good Pleasure of Allâh (by not taking illegally a part of the booty) like the one who draws on himself the Wrath of Allâh (by taking a part of the booty illegally — *Ghulul*)? — his abode is Hell, and worst, indeed is that destination!

هُمْ دَرَجَتٌ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٦٣﴾ لَقَدْ مَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ إِذْ بَعَثَ فِيهِمْ رَسُولًا مِنْ أَنْفُسِهِمْ يَتْلُوا عَلَيْهِمْ آيَاتِهِ وَيُزَكِّيهِمْ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَإِنْ كَانُوا مِنْ قَبْلُ لَفِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ ﴿١٦٤﴾ أَوْ لَمَّا أَصَابَكُمْ مُصِيبَةٌ قَدْ أَصَبْتُمْ مِثْلِهَا قُلْنَا إِنَّ هَذَا قُلْ هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ أَنْفُسِكُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٦٥﴾

هُمْ they دَرَجَاتُ (have different) grades with Allah ﷻ and Allah ﷻ they do يَسْمَعُونَ ﴿١٦٣﴾ of what بِمَا (is) All-Seer and Allah ﷻ indeed مَنْ conferred a favour على Allah ﷻ on الْمُؤْمِنِينَ the believers إِذْ when بَعَثَ He sent رَسُولًا in them فِيهِمْ who recites يَتْلُوا (among) themselves أَنْفُسِهِمْ from مَنْ and يُزَكِّيهِمْ and purifies them وَرُكُوعِهِمْ and the Wisdom وَالْحِكْمَةَ the Book الْكِتَابُ teaches them error ضَلَالٍ in لَيْفٍ before (that) مِنْ قَبْلُ they were كَانُوا and indeed مُبِينٍ ﴿١٦٤﴾ manifest أَوْلَمَّا or when أَصَابَكُمْ has befallen you أَصَابَكُمْ (already) inflicted (to) أَصَبْتُمْ [indeed] a calamity قَدْ (is) مِنْ هَذَا from where أَنْقَ you say قُلْتُمْ twice to that وَتَنبِيئًا them) قُلْ this هُوَ (is) مِنْ عِنْدِ from أَنْفُسِكُمْ yourselves إِنَّ (is) اللهُ Allah ﷻ عَلَى over كُلِّ شَيْءٍ thing قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٦٥﴾ (is) All-Powerful

163. They are in varying grades with Allâh, and Allâh is All-Seer of what they do.

164. Indeed, Allâh conferred a great favour on the believers when He sent among them a Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) from among themselves, reciting unto them His Verses (the Qur'ân), and purifying them (from sins by their following him), and instructing them (in) the Book (the Qur'ân) and *Al-Hikmah* [the wisdom and the *Sunnah* of the Prophet صلى الله عليه وسلم (i.e. his legal ways, statements and acts of worship)], while before that they had been in manifest error. 165. (What is the matter with you?) When a single disaster smites you, although you smote (your enemies) with one twice as great, you say: "From where does this come to us?" Say (to them), "It is from yourselves (because of your evil deeds)." And Allâh has power over all things.

وَمَا أَصَابَكُمْ يَوْمَ الْتَقَى الْجَمْعَانِ فَيَا ذِي اللَّهِ وَلِيَعْلَمَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٦٦﴾ وَلِيَعْلَمَ الَّذِينَ نَافَقُوا وَقِيلَ لَهُمْ تَمَالَوْا قَاتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَوْ أَدْفَعُوا قَالُوا لَوْ نَعْلَمُ فَمَا لَنَا لَاتَجْعَلَنَّاكُمْ هُمْ لِكُفْرِ يَوْمِهِ أَقْرَبُ مِنْهُمْ لِلْإِيمَانِ يَقُولُونَ بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ مَا لَيْسَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَكْتُمُونَ ﴿١٦٧﴾

وَمَا أَصَابَكُمْ and what أَصَابَكُمْ (on the) day when يَوْمَ the (true) الْمُؤْمِنِينَ [and] that He might know (test) وَلِيَعْلَمَ the الْجَمْعَانِ two hosts (armies) فَيَا ذِي (was) by Leave (of) اللَّهُ Allah ﷻ met

وَالَّذِينَ الَّذِينَ and that He might know believers
 to them هُمْ and it was said وَقِيلَ were tainted with hypocrisy
 or (of) Allah اللَّهُ the Way سَبِيلِ in فِي fight قَاتِلُوا come
 we known نَعْلَمُ had لَوْ they said قَالُوا defend (yourselves) اِدْفَعُوا
 we would have certainly followed you لَاتَّبَعَنَّكُمْ fighting وَقَالَ
 from مِنْهُمْ nearer أَقْرَبُ that day يَوْمَئِذٍ to disbelief لِّلْكَافِرِ they
 with their بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ they say يَقُولُونَ to faith لِلْإِيمَانِ them than
 and اللَّهُ their hearts قُلُوبِهِمْ in فِي (is) not لَيْسَ what مَا mouths
 they conceal يَكْتُمُونَ ﴿١٦٧﴾ of what بِمَا has full knowledge اللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ

166. And what you suffered (of the disaster) on the day (of the battle of Uhud when) the two armies met, was by the Leave of Allâh, in order that He might test the believers. 167. And that He might test the hypocrites, it was said to them: "Come, fight in the way of Allâh or (at least) defend yourselves." They said: "Had we known that fighting will take place, we would certainly have followed you." They were that day, nearer to disbelief than to Faith, saying with their mouths what was not in their hearts. And Allâh has full knowledge of what they conceal.

وَالَّذِينَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا لَا يُخَوِّنُهُمْ وَقَعَدُوا لَوْ أَطَاعُونَا مَا قُتِلُوا قُلْ فَادْرَءُوا عَنْ أَنْفُسِكُمُ الْمَوْتَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿١٦٨﴾ وَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ قُتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَمْوَاتًا بَلْ أَحْيَاءُ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ يُرْزَقُونَ ﴿١٦٩﴾ فَرِحِينَ بِمَا آتَاهُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ وَكَسْتَبْشِرُونَ بِالَّذِينَ لَمْ يَلْحَقُوا بِهِمْ مِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ أَلَّا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿١٧٠﴾

وَالَّذِينَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا لَا يُخَوِّنُهُمْ to their brethern وَقَعَدُوا while
 قَالُوا they followed us أَطَاعُونَا had لَوْ they sat (at home) قُتِلُوا
 your أَنْفُسِكُمْ from عَنْ avert قُلْ say قُلْ they had been killed
 truthful صَادِقِينَ ﴿١٦٨﴾ you are كُنْتُمْ if إِنْ the death الْمَوْتَ ownelves
 وَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ (do) not الَّذِينَ you think تَحْسَبَنَّ (about) those who قُتِلُوا
 (as) dead أَمْوَاتًا (of) Allah اللَّهُ the Way سَبِيلِ in فِي are killed
 they أَحْيَاءُ but عِنْدَ (they are) alive رَبِّهِمْ with رَبُّهُمْ their Lord يُرْزَقُونَ ﴿١٦٩﴾
 has فَرِحِينَ are well-provided بِمَا jubilant جُبِلِينَ for what آتَاهُمُ
 His Bounty فَضْلِهِ (out) of مِنْ Allah اللَّهُ bestowed upon them
 وَكَسْتَبْشِرُونَ بِالَّذِينَ and rejoice لَمْ for those who يَلْحَقُوا (have) not

that no left behind (of) them (yet) joined
 fear (shall come) on them and not they
 will grieve

168. (They are) the ones who said about their killed brethren while they themselves sat (at home): "If only they had listened to us, they would not have been killed." Say: "Avert death from your ownelves, if you speak the truth."

169. Think not of those as dead who are killed in the way of Allâh . Nay, they are alive, with their Lord, and they have provision. 170. They rejoice in what Allâh has bestowed upon them of His Bounty and rejoice for the sake of those who have not yet joined them, but are left behind (not yet martyred) that on them no fear shall come, nor shall they grieve.

يَسْتَبْشِرُونَ بِنِعْمَةٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَفَضْلٍ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُضِيعُ أَجْرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٧١﴾ الَّذِينَ اسْتَجَابُوا لِلَّهِ وَالرَّسُولِ مِنْ بَعْدِ
 مَا أَصَابَهُمُ الْقَرْحُ لِلَّذِينَ أَحْسَنُوا مِنْهُمْ وَاتَّقُوا أَجْرَ عَظِيمٍ ﴿١٧٢﴾ الَّذِينَ قَالَ لَهُمُ النَّاسُ إِنَّ النَّاسَ قَدْ جَمَعُوا لَكُمْ
 فَاخْشَوْهُمْ فَزَادَهُمْ إِيمَانًا وَقَالُوا حَسْبُنَا اللَّهُ وَنِعْمَ الْوَكِيلُ ﴿١٧٣﴾

يَسْتَبْشِرُونَ they rejoice بِنِعْمَةٍ at favour of اللَّهِ Allah وَفَضْلٍ will waste لَا Allah and that وَأَنَّ (His) Bounty أَجْرَ reward الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٧١﴾ (of) the believers الَّذِينَ those who اسْتَجَابُوا after and the Messenger الرَّسُولِ to اللَّهِ responded the injury الْقَرْحُ befell them (they had received) مَا أَصَابَهُمُ what لِلَّذِينَ for those who أَحْسَنُوا did good مِنْهُمْ of them وَاتَّقُوا and feared Allah أَجْرَ reward عَظِيمٍ ﴿١٧٢﴾ great الَّذِينَ those قَالَ said لَهُمُ the people النَّاسُ verily إِنَّ the people (to) them but فَزَادَهُمْ so fear them فَاخْشَوْهُمْ against you لَكُمْ have gathered (is) حَسْبُنَا and they said وَقَالُوا in faith إِيْمَانًا increased them اللَّهُ sufficient for us وَنِعْمَ Allah and (He is) Excellent الْوَكِيلُ ﴿١٧٣﴾
 Guardian

171. They rejoice in a grace and a bounty from Allâh, and that Allâh will not waste the reward of the believers. 172. Those who answered (the Call of) Allâh and the Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) after being wounded; for those of them who did good deeds and feared Allâh, there is a great reward. 173. Those

(i.e. believers) unto whom the people (hypocrites) said, “Verily, the people (pagans) have gathered against you (a great army), therefore, fear them.” But it (only) increased them in Faith, and they said: “Allâh (Alone) is Sufficient for us, and He is the Best Disposer of affairs (for us).”

فَانْقَلَبُوا بِنِعْمَةِ رَبِّهِمْ فَغَضِبُوا عَلَيْهِمْ سَوَاءٌ وَاتَّبَعُوا رِضْوَانَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ ذُو فَضْلٍ عَظِيمٍ ﴿١٧٦﴾ إِنَّمَا ذَلِكُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ يُخَوِّفُ أَوْلِيَاءَهُ فَلَا تَخَافُوهُمْ وَخَافُوا مِنِّي إِن كُنتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٧٧﴾ وَلَا يَحْزِنَكَ الَّذِينَ يَسْعَوْْنَ فِي الْكُفْرِ إِنَّهُمْ لَن يَصْرِوْا اللَّهَ شَيْئًا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ أَلَّا يَجْعَلَ لَهُمْ حِصًّا فِي الْآخِرَةِ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿١٧٨﴾

فَانْقَلَبُوا with Favours of Allah of من and Bounty فَغَضِبُوا so they returned
وَاتَّبَعُوا and they followed رِضْوَانَ Allah good Pleasure (of)
وَاللَّهُ ذُو فَضْلٍ عَظِيمٍ (is) Lord of (of) Bounty Great
إِنَّمَا ذَلِكُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ يُخَوِّفُ Satan that-to you it is only
أَوْلِيَاءَهُ you fear them so (do) not فَخَافُوهُمْ (of) his allies
وَلَا تَخَافُوا but fear Me إِن كُنتُمْ you are مُؤْمِنِينَ (true) believers
وَلَا يَحْزِنَكَ (let) not those who يَسْعَوْْنَ rush (in) فِي
إِنَّهُمْ disbeliever towards الكُفْرِ verily they لَن
يَصْرِوْا will never harm
اللَّهُ شَيْئًا the least يُرِيدُ Allah wills أَلَّا that not يَجْعَلَ
لَهُمْ He will give حِصًّا to them portion فِي in الْآخِرَةِ the
وَلَهُمْ Hereafter عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ (is a) great torment

174. So they returned with grace and bounty from Allâh. No harm touched them; and they followed the good Pleasure of Allâh. And Allâh is the Owner of great bounty. 175. It is only *Shaitân* (Satan) that suggests to you the fear of his *Auliya'* [supporters and friends (polytheists, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh and in His Messenger, Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم)]; so fear them not, but fear Me, if you are (true) believers. 176. And let not those grieve you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) who rush with haste to disbelieve; verily, not the least harm will they do to Allâh. It is Allâh's Will to give them no portion in the Hereafter. For them there is a great torment.

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا لَا يُدْعَوْنَ إِلَى إِيْمَانٍ وَلَا إِلَى كُفْرٍ وَلَا يَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا أَنَّ نَارَ اللَّهِ خَيْرٌ لِّانْفُسِهِمْ إِنَّ نَارَ اللَّهِ تُنْزِلُهَا فِي الْقُلُوبِ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿١٧٩﴾

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ have purchased أَشْتَرُوا those who indeed الْكَفَرُ disbelieve
بِالْإِيمَانِ they harm لَنْ at the price of faith will never يَضُرُّوْا
اللَّهُ they harm شَيْئًا the least وَلَهُمْ and for them عَذَابٌ (is) torment أَلِيمٌ ﴿١٧٧﴾
painful وَلَا and (let) not يَحْسَبُونَ think الَّذِينَ those who كَفَرُوا
disbelieved أَنَّمَا that نُؤْتِي We give respite لَهُمْ to them خَيْرٌ (is)
good لِنَفْسِهِمْ for themselves إِنَّمَا only نُؤْتِي We give respite لَهُمْ
to them لِيَزْدَادُوا so that they may grow إِسْئَارًا in sinfulness وَلَهُمْ
and for them عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ ﴿١٧٨﴾ (is a) humiliating torment

177. Verily, those who purchase disbelief at the price of Faith, not the least harm will they do to Allâh. For them, there is a painful torment. 178. And let not the disbelievers think that Our postponing of their punishment is good for them. We postpone the punishment only so that they may increase in sinfulness. And for them is a disgracing torment.

مَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيَذَرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى مَا أَنْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ حَتَّى يَمِيزَ الْخَيْرَ مِنَ الْطَّيِّبِ وَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيُطْلِعَكُمْ عَلَى الْغَيْبِ وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ يَجْتَبِي مِنْ رُسُلِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ فَآمِنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَإِنْ تُؤْمِنُوا وَتَتَّقُوا فَلَكُمْ أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿١٧٩﴾

مَا not كَانَ is اللَّهُ Allah لِيَذَرَ that He leaves الْمُؤْمِنِينَ the believers
عَلَى on مَا what أَنْتُمْ you (are) عَلَيْهِ on it حَتَّى till يَمِيزَ He
distinguishes الْخَيْرَ the good مِنَ the wicked الْطَّيِّبِ from وَمَا the good
not كَانَ is اللَّهُ Allah لِيُطْلِعَكُمْ going to inform you عَلَى about الْغَيْبِ
the unseen وَلَكِنَّ but اللَّهُ Allah يَجْتَبِي chooses مِنْ of رُسُلِهِ His
Messengers مَنْ whom يَشَاءُ He wills فَآمِنُوا so believe بِاللَّهِ in
Allah رُسُلِهِ and His Messengers وَإِنْ and if تُؤْمِنُوا you believe
and fear Allah فَلَكُمْ and then for you أَجْرٌ (is) a reward عَظِيمٌ
great ﴿١٧٩﴾

179. Allâh will not leave the believers in the state in which you are now, until He distinguishes the wicked from the good. Nor will Allâh disclose to you the secrets of the *Ghaib* (Unseen), but Allâh chooses of His Messengers whom He wills. So believe in Allâh and His Messengers. And if you believe and fear Allâh, then for you there is a great reward.

وَلَا يَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ يَبْخُلُونَ بِمَا ءَاتَاهُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ هُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّهُمْ بَلْ هُوَ مَرٌّ لَّهُمْ سَيُطَوَّقُونَ مَا بَخُلُوا بِهِ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ وَلِلَّهِ مِيرَاثُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ﴿١٨٠﴾ لَقَدْ سَمِعَ اللَّهُ قَوْلَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ فَقِيرٌ وَنَحْنُ أَغْنِيَاكَ سَتَكْتُبُ مَا قَالُوا وَقَتْلَهُمُ الْأَنْبِيَاءَ بِغَيْرِ حَقٍّ وَنَقُولُ ذُوقُوا عَذَابَ الْحَرِيقِ ﴿١٨١﴾

وَلَا يَحْسَبَنَّ those who think الَّذِينَ (do) not covetously يَبْخُلُونَ of what withheld بِمَا of Allah ﷻ has granted them ءَاتَاهُمُ His Bounty هُوَ but بَلْ for them لَّهُمْ good خَيْرٌ it (is) هُوَ (is) مَرٌّ bad لَّهُمْ will be hung about their necks سَيُطَوَّقُونَ for them (on) the يَوْمَ of it they covetously withheld يَبْخُلُوا what (is) Day الْقِيَامَةِ and for Allah ﷻ and (of) Resurrection مِيرَاثُ heritance السَّمَوَاتِ (of) the heavens وَالْأَرْضِ and the earth ﷻ (is) Well-Acquainted خَبِيرٌ you do تَعْمَلُونَ with what Allah ﷻ said قَالُوا those who indeed سَمِعَ Allah ﷻ has heard قَوْلَ saying الَّذِينَ (of) and فَقِيرٌ Allah ﷻ verily إِنَّ said (is) poor وَنَحْنُ and they أَغْنِيَاكَ rich سَتَكْتُبُ what We shall record قَالُوا (are) we (are) وَقَتْلَهُمُ the killing and الْأَنْبِيَاءَ the Prophets بِغَيْرِ (of) taste ذُوقُوا and We shall say وَنَقُولُ (of) right حَقٍّ in defiance عَذَابَ the torment الْحَرِيقِ (of) burning (Fire) ﴿١٨١﴾

180. And let not those who covetously withhold of that which Allâh has bestowed on them of His Bounty (wealth) think that it is good for them (and so they do not pay the obligatory *Zakât*). Nay, it will be worse for them; the things which they covetously withheld, shall be tied to their necks like a collar on the Day of Resurrection. And to Allâh belongs the heritage of the heavens and the earth; and Allâh is Well-Acquainted with all that you do. 181. Indeed, Allâh has heard the statement of those (Jews) who say: "Truly, Allâh is poor and we are rich!" We shall record what they have said and their killing of the Prophets unjustly, and We shall say: "Taste you the torment of the burning (Fire)."

ذَٰلِكَ بِمَا قَدَّمْتُمْ أَيْدِيَكُمْ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ لَيْسَ بِظَلَّامٍ لِّلْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٨٢﴾ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَهِدَ إِلَيْنَا أَلاَّ نؤمن
رَسُولَ حَقٍّ يَأْتِيَنَا بِقُرْآنٍ تَأْكُلُهُ النَّارُ قُلْ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ رَسُولٌ مِّن قَبْلِ يَابِسَتِ وَبِالَّذِي قُلْتُمْ فَلِمَ
قَتَلْتُمُوهُمْ إِنَّ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿١٨٣﴾ فَإِنْ كَذَّبُوكَ فَقَدْ كَذَّبَ رَسُولٌ مِّن قَبْلِكَ جَاءُوا بِالْبَيْتِ وَالزُّبُرِ
وَالْكِتَابِ الْمُنِيرِ ﴿١٨٤﴾

and وَأَنَّ your hands أَيْدِيكُمْ sent مَدَّتْ for what بِمَا that (is) ذَلِكَ
 to His إِلَهِهِ unjust بَظْلًا (is) never لَيْسَ Allah اللَّهُ that
 Allah اللَّهُ verily إِنْ said قَالُوا those who الَّذِينَ slaves
 we shall believe نُؤْمِنُ that not أَلَّا has taken our promise
 an offering بِضْرَانِ he brings to us يَأْتِينَا until حَتَّى a Messenger
 came to جَاءَكُمْ verily قَدْ say قُل the fire النَّارُ devours it
 with clear signs بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ before me مِن قَبْلِي Messengers رُسُلُ
 and with what قُلْتُمْ you speak of قَالُوا then why فَتَلَسُّوهُمْ
 then if كُنْتُمْ you are صَادِقِينَ (who) truthfully قَالُوا then if
 were rejected كَذَّبُوا they have rejected you فَقَدْ so كَذَّبَ
 Messengers مِن قَبْلِكَ before you جَاءُوا (who) had come بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ
 and the Book وَالْكِتَابِ and the Scripture وَالزَّبُورِ with clear signs
 (of Enlightenment) illuminating الْمُنِيرِ

182. This is because of that (evil) which your hands have sent before you. And certainly, Allâh is never unjust to (His) slaves. 183. Those (Jews) who said: "Verily, Allâh has taken our promise not to believe in any Messenger unless he brings to us an offering which the fire (from heaven) shall devour." Say: "Verily, there came to you Messengers before me, with clear signs and even with what you speak of; why then did you kill them, if you are truthful?" 184. Then if they reject you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), so were Messengers rejected before you, who came with *Al-Baiyyinât* (clear signs, proofs, evidences) and the Scripture and the Book of Enlightenment.

كُلُّ نَفْسٍ ذَائِقَةُ الْمَوْتِ وَإِنَّمَا تُوَفَّقُونَ أُجُورَكُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ فَمَن دُخِيَ عَنِ النَّارِ وَأُدْخِلَ الْجَنَّةَ فَقَدْ
 فَازَ وَمَا الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا إِلَّا مَتَاعُ الْمُرُورِ ﴿١٨٣﴾ لَتَجَلَّوْا فِي أَمْوَالِكُمْ وَأَنفُسِكُمْ وَلَتَسْمَعُنَّ مِنَ
 الَّذِينَ أَوتُوا الْكِتَابَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ وَمِنَ الَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا أَذًى كَثِيرًا وَإِن تَصْبِرُوا وَتَتَّقُوا فَإِنَّ ذَلِكَ
 مِن عَزْمِ الْأُمُورِ ﴿١٨٤﴾

كُلُّ every نَفْسٍ being ذَائِقَةُ (shall) taste الْمَوْتِ death وَإِنَّمَا and
 only تُوَفَّقُونَ you shall be paid أُجُورَكُمْ your reward يَوْمَ (on) the
 Day الْقِيَمَةِ (of) Resurrection فَمَن (of) دُخِيَ then who was drawn

and was admitted وَأَدْخِلَ the Fire النَّارِ from عَنِ away
 and is nothing وَمَا he is successful فَازٌ indeed فَقَدْ (to) Paradise
 enjoyment الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا (of this) world إِلَّا except/but مَتَاعٌ
 you would certainly تَتَّبَلَوْنَ ﴿١٨٥﴾ (of) illusory (deception) and your
 and your أَنْفُسِكُمْ your wealth أَمْوَالِكُمْ in فِي be put to test
 those الَّذِينَ from مِنْ and you shall certainly hear وَلَتَسْمَعُنَّ lives
 before أَوْتُوا the Book الْكِتَابِ have been given from مِّنْ قَبْلِكُمْ
 practiced polytheism أَشْرَكُوا those who الَّذِينَ and from وَمِنْ you
 you remain قَصِيرُوا and if وَإِنْ many things كَثِيرًا hurtful أَذًى
 patient وَتَتَّقُوا and become pious فَإِنَّ indeed ذَلِكَ (is) that مِنْ
 matters الْأُمُورِ ﴿١٨٦﴾ great عَظِيمٍ from

185. Everyone shall taste death. And only on the Day of Resurrection shall you be paid your wages in full. And whoever is removed away from the Fire and admitted to Paradise, he indeed is successful. The life of this world is only the enjoyment of deception (a deceiving thing). 186. You shall certainly be tried and tested in your wealth and properties and in your personal selves, and you shall certainly hear much that will grieve you from those who received the Scripture before you (Jews and Christians) and from those who ascribe partners to Allâh; but if you persevere patiently, and become *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious) then verily, that will be a determining factor in all affairs (and that is from the great matters which you must hold on with all your efforts).

وَإِذْ أَخَذَ اللَّهُ مِيثَاقَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ لَتُبَيِّنُنَّهُ لِلنَّاسِ وَلَا تَكْتُمُونَهُ فَنَبَذُوهُ وَرَاءَ ظُهُورِهِمْ وَأَشْرَوْا بِهِ مِمَّا كَانُوا يَكْتُمُونَ ﴿١٨٥﴾ قَلِيلًا فَبَشَّرُوهُ بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْتُمُونَ ﴿١٨٦﴾ لَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ يَفْرَحُونَ بِمَا أَنُوتُوا وَيُحِبُّونَ أَنْ يُحْمَدُوا بِمَا لَمْ يَفْعَلُوا فَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّهُمْ بِمَفَازٍ مِنَ الْعَذَابِ أَلِيمٍ ﴿١٨٧﴾

and (remember) when وَإِذْ took أَخَذَ Allah اللَّهُ covenant مِيثَاقَ
 الَّذِينَ (of) those who أُوتُوا the Scripture الْكِتَابَ were given لَتُبَيِّنُنَّهُ
 you hide تَكْتُمُونَهُ (do) not وَلَا to people لِلنَّاسِ that you explain it
 it فَتَبَذُوهُ وَرَاءَ ظُهُورِهِمْ behind but they threw it away
 and أَشْرَوْا بِهِ with it مِمَّا كَانُوا يَكْتُمُونَ a little قَلِيلًا gain
 you تَحْسَبَنَّهُمْ (do) not لَا they buy يَشْتَرُونَ ﴿١٨٦﴾ what مَا worst (is)

they أَنَا for what بِمَا rejoice يَقْرَحُونَ those who الَّذِينَ think (that)
 they يَحْمَدُوا that أَنْ and they love وَيُحِبُّونَ have brought (done)
 so do not فَلَا they do يَفْعَلُوا did not لَمْ for what بِمَا are praised
 the الْعَذَابُ from مِّن escape بِمَقَازِرْ you think that they will تَحْسَبَنَّهُمْ
 (is a) painful أَلِيمٌ torment عَذَابٌ but for them وَلَهُمْ torment

187. (And remember) when Allâh took a covenant from those who were given the Scripture (Jews and Christians) to make it (the news of the coming of Prophet Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم and the religious knowledge) known and clear to mankind, and not to hide it, but they threw it away behind their backs, and purchased with it some miserable gain! And indeed worst is that which they bought. 188. Think not that those who rejoice in what they have done (or brought about), and love to be praised for what they have not done,— think not you that they are rescued from the torment, and for them is a painful torment.

وَلِلَّهِ مُلْكُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٨٧﴾ إِنَّ فِي خَلْقِ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَاخْتِلَافِ اللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ لَآيَاتٍ لِّأُولِي الْأَلْبَابِ ﴿١٨٨﴾ الَّذِينَ يَذْكُرُونَ اللَّهَ قِيَمًا وَقُعُودًا وَعَلَىٰ جُنُوبِهِمْ وَيَتَفَكَّرُونَ فِي خَلْقِ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ رَبَّنَا مَا خَلَقْتَ هَذَا بَطْلًا سُبْحَنَكَ فَقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ ﴿١٨٩﴾

(of) the السَّمَوَاتِ (is the) dominion مُلْكُ and for Allah وَلِلَّهِ
 over عَلَى and Allah وَاللَّهُ and the earth وَالْأَرْضِ heavens
 every شَيْءُ thing قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٨٧﴾ (is) All-Powerful إِنَّ in خَلْقِ in
 creation السَّمَوَاتِ (of) the heavens وَالْأَرْضِ and the earth وَاخْتِلَافِ
 (are) اللَّيْلِ and night (of) النَّهَارِ day and لَآيَاتٍ alternation
 (of) understanding الَّذِينَ (of) الْأَلْبَابِ for men لَآيَاتٍ verily signs
 those who يَذْكُرُونَ remember الله Allah قِيَمًا standing وَقُعُودًا
 [and] sitting وَعَلَىٰ (lying) on جُنُوبِهِمْ and their sides وَيَتَفَكَّرُونَ
 (of) the heavens السَّمَوَاتِ creation خَلْقِ (on) فِي and they reflect
 You create خَلَقْتَ did not مَا our Lord! رَبَّنَا and the earth وَالْأَرْضِ
 then save us فَقِنَا Glory be to You سُبْحَنَكَ in vain بَطْلًا this هَذَا
 (of) the Fire النَّارِ the torment عَذَابُ (from)

189. And to Allâh belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth, and Allâh has power over all things. 190. Verily, in the creation of the heavens and the earth, and in the alternation of night and day, there are indeed signs for men of understanding. 191. Those who remember Allâh (always, and in prayers) standing, sitting, and lying down on their sides, and think deeply about the creation of the heavens and the earth, (saying): "Our Lord! You have not created (all) this without purpose, glory to You! (Exalted are You above all that they associate with You as partners). Give us salvation from the torment of the Fire.

رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ مَنْ تُدْخِلُ النَّارَ فَقَدْ أَخْزَيْتَهُ وَمَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ مِنْ أَنْصَارٍ ﴿١٩١﴾ رَبَّنَا إِنَّا سَمِعْنَا مُنَادِيًا يُنَادِي لِلْإِيمَانِ أَنْ ءَامِنُوا بِرَبِّكُمْ فَآمَنَّا رَبَّنَا فَاغْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَكَفِّرْ عَنَّا سَيِّئَاتِنَا وَتَوَفَّنَا مَعَ الْأَبْرَارِ ﴿١٩٢﴾ رَبَّنَا وَآئِنَا مَا وَعَدْتَنَا عَلَى رُسُلِكَ وَلَا تُخْزِنَا يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ إِنَّكَ لَا تُخْلِفُ الْوَعْدَ ﴿١٩٣﴾

رَبَّنَا our Lord! إِنَّكَ verily مَنْ whom تُدْخِلُ You admit to the النَّارَ Fire فَقَدْ surely أَخْزَيْتَهُ You disgraced him وَمَا (there will be) لِلظَّالِمِينَ no helpers رَبَّنَا our Lord! سَمِعْنَا indeed we heard مُنَادِيًا a crier يُنَادِي calling in your Lord رَبِّكُمْ believe that أَنْ for the faith ءَامِنُوا us that فَآمَنَّا we have believed رَبَّنَا our Lord! فَاغْفِرْ our sins ذُنُوبَنَا and expiate عَنَّا from us سَيِّئَاتِنَا our evil deeds وَتَوَفَّنَا and make us die مَعَ with الْأَبْرَارِ the truly ﴿١٩٢﴾ وَآئِنَا what [and] grant us رَبَّنَا our Lord! وَعَدْتَنَا virtuous and do not عَلَى through رُسُلِكَ Your Messengers وَلَا Your Messengers promised us خُزِّنَا disgrace us يَوْمَ (on) Day الْقِيَمَةِ (of) Ressurrection إِنَّكَ (Your) promise الْوَعْدَ violate never لَا indeed You

192. "Our Lord! Verily, whom You admit to the Fire, indeed, You have disgraced him; and never will the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers) find any helpers. 193. "Our Lord! Verily, we have heard the call of one (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) calling to Faith: 'Believe in your Lord,' and we have believed. Our Lord! Forgive us our sins and expiate from us our evil deeds, and make us die (in the state of righteousness) along with *Al-Abrâr* (the believers of Islamic Monotheism, the pious and righteous). 194. "Our Lord! Grant us what You promised unto us through Your Messengers and disgrace us not on the Day of Resurrection, for You never break (Your) Promise."

فَاسْتَجَابَ لَهُمْ رَبُّهُمْ أَنِّي لَا أُضِيعُ عَمَلَ عَمَلٍ مِنْكُمْ مِنْ ذَكَرٍ أَوْ أَنثَىٰ بَعْضُكُمْ مِنْ بَعْضٍ ۚ فَالَّذِينَ هَاجَرُوا وَأُخْرِجُوا مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ وَأُودُوا فِي سَبِيلِي وَقُتِلُوا وَقُتِلُوا لَا أَكْفِرُنَّ عَنْهُمْ سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ وَلَا أَذِلُّنَّهُمْ جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرَىٰ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ ثَوَابًا مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ عِنْدَهُ حُسْنُ الثَّوَابِ ﴿١١٩﴾

do I to them and answered رَبُّهُمْ their Lord أَنِّي I لَا not
of (of) a worker عَمَلٍ labour let go to waste أُضِيعُ not
each of you (is) أَنْثَى female or أَوْ male ذَكَرٍ from you
emigrated هَاجَرُوا so those who الَّذِينَ the other بَعْضُ from
وَأُخْرِجُوا their homes دِيَارِهِمْ from and were driven out
and who وَقُتِلُوا My Cause سَبِيلِي in and were persecuted
fought وَقُتِلُوا and were killed أَكْفِرُنَّ surely I will remit عَنْهُمْ
and would certainly أَذِلُّنَّهُمْ their evil deeds سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ from them
under them جَنَّاتٍ Gardens تَجْرَى flow مِنْ تَحْتِهَا admit them (to)
(of) the Presence اللَّهِ the from a reward ثَوَابًا rivers الْأَنْهَارُ
(of) best الثَّوَابِ (of) with Him (is) عِنْدَهُ and Allah وَاللَّهُ Allah
rewards

195. So their Lord accepted of them (their supplication and answered them), "Never will I allow to be lost the work of any of you, be he male or female. You are (members) one of another, so those who emigrated and were driven out from their homes, and suffered harm in My Cause, and who fought, and were killed (in My Cause), verily, I will expiate from them their evil deeds and admit them into Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise); a reward from Allâh, and with Allâh is the best of rewards."

لَا يَغُرُّكَ تَقَلُّبُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فِي الْبِلَادِ ﴿١٢٠﴾ مَتَّعَ قَلِيلًا ثُمَّ مَأْوَاهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ وَبِئْسَ إِلَهَادٌ ﴿١٢١﴾ لَكِنَّ الَّذِينَ أَتَقَوْا رَبَّهُمْ لَهُمْ جَنَّاتٌ تَجْرَىٰ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا نَزَّلْنَا مِنَ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ وَمَا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ خَيْرٌ لِلْآبِرَارِ ﴿١٢٢﴾

لَا يَغُرُّكَ deceive you تَقَلُّبُ Fluctuation (free disposal) الَّذِينَ let not
(of) those who كَفَرُوا in the land الْبِلَادِ disbelieved مَتَّعَ the
their destination مَأْوَاهُمْ then ثُمَّ a brief قَلِيلًا and enjoyment
جَهَنَّمُ (is) Hell وَبِئْسَ the worst إِلَهَادٌ resing place لَكِنَّ but الَّذِينَ

(are) جَنَّتٌ for them رَبِّهِمْ their Lord fear اتَّقُوا those who
 جَنَّاتٍ flowing Gardens تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا under them الْأَنْهَارُ rivers
 from مِنْ a hospitality تُزَلَّوْنَ therein فِيهَا they would dwell for ever
 عِنْدِ and that (which is) وَمَا (of) Allāhِ the Presence عِنْدِ
 for the truly virtuous لِلْأَبْرَارِ (is) best خَيْرٌ Allāhِ with

196. Let not the free disposal (and affluence) of the disbelievers throughout the land deceive you. 197. A brief enjoyment; then, their ultimate abode is Hell; and worst indeed is that place for rest. 198. But, for those who fear their Lord, are Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise); therein are they to dwell (for ever), an entertainment from Allāh; and that which is with Allāh is the Best for *Al-Abrâr* (the pious, believers of Islamic Monotheism).

وَأَنَّ مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ لَمَنْ يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ وَمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْهِمْ خَاشِعِينَ لِلَّهِ لَا يَشْتَرُونَ بِعَائِدَتِ
 اللَّهُ ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَرِيعُ الْحِسَابِ ﴿١٩٨﴾ يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ
 ءَامَنُوا أَصْبِرُوا وَصَابِرُوا وَرَابِطُوا وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ ﴿١٩٩﴾

وَأَنَّ مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ People أَهْلٍ among مِنْ and certainly (of) the
 in Allah يُؤْمِنُ (there are) those who لَمَنْ Scripture
 and what وَمَا to you إِلَيْكُمْ has been revealed وَأُنْزِلَ and what
 they bow in humility خَاشِعِينَ to them إِلَيْهِمْ has been revealed
 (of) اللَّهُ Verses لَا they sell بِعَائِدَتِ (do) not to Allah
 for them ثَمَنًا Allah (at) price قَلِيلًا a little أُولَئِكَ those لَهُمْ
 indeed (is) أَجْرُهُمْ their reward عِنْدَ with رَبِّهِمْ their Lord إِنَّ
 اللَّهُ سَرِيعُ Allah (is) Swift الْحِسَابِ (to take) account يَتَأْتِيهَا
 and الَّذِينَ O you أَصْبِرُوا believe ءَامَنُوا and stand firm وَرَابِطُوا
 and أَتَّقُوا and stand firm as guards وَرَابِطُوا and stand firm
 successfull لَعَلَّكُمْ Allah fear اللَّهُ

199. And there are, certainly, among the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians), those who believe in Allāh and in that which has been revealed to you, and in that which has been revealed to them, humbling themselves before Allāh. They do not sell the Verses of Allāh for a little price, for them is a reward

with their Lord. Surely, Allâh is Swift in account. 200. O you who believe! Endure and be more patient (than your enemy), and guard your territory by stationing army units permanently at the places from where the enemy can attack you, and fear Allâh, so that you may be successful.

سُورَةُ النِّسَاءِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ اتَّقُوا رَبَّكُمُ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ مِنْ نَفْسٍ وَجَعَلَ مِنْهَا زَوْجَهَا وَبَثَّ مِنْهُمَا رِجَالًا كَثِيرًا وَنِسَاءً وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ الَّذِي تَسَاءَلُونَ بِهِ وَالْأَرْحَامَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَيْكُمْ رَقِيبًا ﴿١﴾ وَآتُوا الْيَتَامَىٰ أَمْوَالَهُمْ وَلَا تَبْدِلُوا الصَّالِحِينَ بِالْأَطْيَبِ وَلَا تَأْكُلُوا أَمْوَالَكُمْ الَّتِي آمَوَاكُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ حَوِيًّا كَبِيرًا ﴿٢﴾

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ اتَّقُوا رَبَّكُمُ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ and created you from نَفْسٍ single person وَجَعَلَ مِنْهَا Zَوْجَهَا from it (him) mate وَبَثَّ and spread مِنْهُمَا and from them both رِجَالًا many men and نِسَاءً women and اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ Allah the one Whom you demand تَسَاءَلُونَ through Him وَالْأَرْحَامَ and the wombs إِنَّ and the wombs indeed اللَّهُ Allah is عَلَيْكُمْ over you رَقِيبًا Watchful ﴿١﴾ وَآتُوا الْيَتَامَىٰ orphans and give وَلَا تَبْدِلُوا and (do) not exchange الصَّالِحِينَ the good بِالْأَطْيَبِ bad (by) وَلَا تَأْكُلُوا and (do) not devour أَمْوَالَكُمْ their wealth الَّتِي آمَوَاكُمْ a sin حَوِيًّا is adding (it) to your wealth إِنَّ this indeed كَانَ great ﴿٢﴾

Sûrat An-Nisâ'

(The Women) IV

In the Name of Allâh,
the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

1. O mankind! Be dutiful to your Lord, Who created you from a single person (Adam), and from him (Adam) He created his wife [Hawwâ (Eve)], and from them both He created many men and women; and fear Allâh through Whom you demand (your mutual rights), and (do not cut the relations of) the wombs (kinship). Surely, Allâh is Ever an All-Watcher over you. 2. And give unto

orphans their property and do not exchange (your) bad things for (their) good ones; and devour not their substance (by adding it) to your substance. Surely, this is a great sin.

وَأَنْ خِفْتُمْ أَلَّا تُقْسِطُوا فِي الْيَمِينِ فَأَنْكِحُوا مَا طَابَ لَكُمْ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ مَثْنٍ وَتِلْكَ وَرِثَةُ الْآلِ ۚ أَنْ خِفْتُمْ أَلَّا تُعْلِلُوا فَوَاحِدَةً أَوْ مَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُكُمْ ذَلِكَ آدَبُ الْأَعْمَالِ ۖ فَلَا تَعْمَلُوا فِيهَا إِثْمًا ﴿٦٠﴾ وَأَتُوا النِّسَاءَ صِدْقَيْنِ فَعَلَةٌ ۚ فَإِنْ طَبَنَ لَكُمْ عَنْ شَيْءٍ مِنْهُ نَفْسًا فَكُلُوهُ هَنَيْئًا مَرِيئًا ﴿٦١﴾

you will be able **تَقْسِطُوا** that not **أَلَا** you fear **خِفْتُمْ** and if **وَلَوْ**
 then marry **فَانكِحُوا** the orphan (girls) **الْيَتَامَى** in **فِي** to do justice
 two **مَثْنَى** women **النِّسَاءَ** of **يَنْ** to you **لَكُمْ** seems good **حَاب** what
 that **وَلَكِنَّتِ** or three **وَرُبْعٌ** or four **فَإِنْ** but if **خِفْتُمْ** you fear **أَلَا**
 what **مَا** or **أَوْ** then one **فَوَاحِدَةً** you can do justice **لَمْ يُولُوا**
 that **أَلَا** nearer **أَقْرَبَ** that (is) **ذَلِكَ** your right hands **أَيْمَنُكُمْ** possess
 not **تَعْمَلُوا** you will oppress **وَأَتَاؤُا** and give **النِّسَاءَ** women **صَدَقَتِهِنَّ**
 they willingly **طِبْنَ** but if **فَإِنْ** happily (as a gift) **غِلَّةً** their dower
لَكُمْ remit **عَنْكُمْ** to you any part **وَمِنْهُ** of it **قَسَا** on their own **فَكُلُوهُ**
 easy digestion **مَرِيئًا** with wholesomeness **فَمِنْهَا** then you eat it

3. And if you fear that you shall not be able to deal justly with the orphan girls then marry (other) women of your choice, two or three, or four; but if you fear that you shall not be able to deal justly (with them), then only one or (slaves) that your right hands possess. That is nearer to prevent you from doing injustice. 4. And give to the women (whom you marry) their *Mahr* (obligatory bridal-money given by the husband to his wife at the time of marriage) with a good heart; but if they, of their own good pleasure, remit any part of it to you, take it, and enjoy it without fear of any harm (as Allâh has made it lawful).

وَلَا تَقُولُوا السُّفَهَاءَ آمَنُوا لَكُمْ إِلَى جَلِّ اللَّهِ لَكُمْ فِيهَا وَأَنْزَلْنَاهُمْ فِيهَا وَأَكْسَاهُمْ وَفَوَّلُوا لَهُمْ قَوْلًا مَتَرُوكًا ﴿٦٠﴾ وَاتَّبَعُوا الْيَتِيمَ
 حَتَّى إِذَا بَلَغُوا النِّكَاحَ فَإِنْ آنَسْتُمْ مِنْهُمْ رُشْدًا فَادْفَعُوا إِلَيْهِمْ أَمْوَالَهُمْ وَلَا تَأْكُلُوهَا إِسْرَافًا وَبِدَارًا أَنْ يَكْبَرُوا وَمَنْ كَانَ
 غَنِيًّا فَلْيَسْتَعِزَّزْ وَلَمْ يَكُنْ بِالسُّفَهَاءِ أَمْوَالَهُمْ فَأَشْهَدُوا عَلَيْهِمْ وَكَفَى بِإِلَهِكُمْ حَسِيبًا ﴿٦١﴾

(to) weak of understanding **الْشُّكَّهَ** you give **تُؤْتُوا** and (do) not **وَلَا** for **أَمْوَالِكُمْ** Allah **اللَّهُ** has made **جَعَلَ** which **الَّتِي** your wealth **فِيهَا** from it **بِهَا** but feed them **وَارْزُقُوهُمْ** means of support **وَقُولُوا لَهُمْ** to them **وَقُولُوا لَهُمْ** and clothe them **وَكُسُوهُمْ** **مَعْرِفًا** the orphans **وَالْيَتَامَى** and you test **وَابْتَلُوا** (of) good **حَقًّا** then **إِذَا** marriage **الزَّكَاحَ** they reach (age of) **بَلَغُوا** when **فَإِنْ** if **مَا نَسْتُمْ** you perceive **وَمِنْهُمْ** [of] them **رُشْدًا** mature minded **فَادْفَعُوا** but do not **وَلَا** their wealth **أَمْوَالَهُمْ** to them **إِلَيْهِمْ** then deliver (fearing) that **أَنْ** and hastily **وَبِدَارًا** wastefully **إِسْرَافًا** you eat it **يَكْبُرُوا** they would grow up **وَمَنْ** and who **كَانَ** is **غَنِيًّا** rich **فَلْيَسْتَعْفِفْ** and who **وَمَنْ** he should abstain entirely (from taking wages) **فَإِذَا** fairly **بِالْمَعْرُوفِ** let him eat of it **فَقِيلَ** poor **فَلْيَأْكُلْ** is **دَفَعْتُمْ** you deliver **إِلَيْهِمْ** to them **أَمْوَالَهُمْ** their wealth **فَاشْهَدُوا** take witness **عَلَيْهِمْ** on them **وَكُنْ** and is sufficient **بِاللَّهِ** Allah **حَسِيبًا** in taking account

5. And give not unto the foolish your property which Allâh has made a means of support for you, but feed and clothe them therewith, and speak to them words of kindness and justice. 6. And try orphans (as regards their intelligence) until they reach the age of marriage; if then you find sound judgement in them, release their property to them, but consume it not wastefully and hastily fearing that they should grow up, and whoever (amongst guardians) is rich, he should take no wages, but if he is poor, let him have for himself what is just and reasonable (according to his labour). And when you release their property to them, take witness in their presence; and Allâh is All-Sufficient in taking account.

لِلرِّجَالِ نَصِيبٌ مِّمَّا تَرَكَ الْوَالِدَانِ وَالْأَقْرَبُونَ وَلِلنِّسَاءِ نَصِيبٌ مِّمَّا تَرَكَ الْوَالِدَانِ وَالْأَقْرَبُونَ مِمَّا قَلَّ مِنْهُ أَوْ كَثُرَ ۚ نَصِيبًا مَّفْرُوضًا ۖ وَإِذَا حَضَرَ الْقِسْمَةَ أُولُو الْقُرْبَىٰ وَالْيَتَامَىٰ وَالْمَسْكِينُ فَأَرْزُقُوهُمْ مِنْهُ وَقُولُوا لَهُمْ قَوْلًا مَعْرُوفًا ۚ وَلَا يَحْسَ الَّذِينَ لَوْ تَرَكُوا مِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ ذُرِّيَّةً ضِعَفًا خَافُوا عَلَيْهِمْ فَلْيَسْتَفِئُوا اللَّهَ وَلْيَقُولُوا قَوْلًا سَدِيدًا ۚ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَأْكُلُونَ أَمْوَالَ الْيَتَامَىٰ ظُلْمًا إِنَّمَا يَكُونُونَ فِي بُطُونِهِمْ نَارًا وَسَيَصْلَوْنَ سَعِيرًا ۚ

left **رَكَ** from what **مِمَّا** (there is) (is) a share **نَصِيبٌ** for men **لِلرِّجَالِ**
 and for **وَاللِّسَاءِ** and near relatives **وَالْأَقْرَبُونَ** (by) parents **الْوَالِدَانِ**
 (by) parents **الْوَالِدَانِ** left **رَكَ** from what **مِمَّا** a share **نَصِيبٌ** women
وَالْأَقْرَبُونَ of it **مِنْهُ** little **قَلَّ** from what **مِمَّا** and near relatives
وَالْأَقْرَبُونَ ordained (by Allah) **وَأَمَّا** a share **نَصِيبًا** much **كَثُرَ** or
أُولُوا الْقَرْبَىٰ (at the time of) division **عَلَيْهِمْ** come **وَمِنْهُمْ** and when
 and the needy **وَالْمَسْكِينُ** and the orphans **وَالْيَتَامَىٰ** the relatives
 to them **وَمِنْهُمْ** and say **وَقُولُوا** out of it **مِنْهُ** then feed them **فَارْزُقُوهُمْ**
قَوْلًا words **مَعْرُوفًا** (of) kindness **وَلِيَحْشَوْا** and let fear **وَالَّذِينَ**
 offspring **دُيَّةً** after them **مِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ** they left **رَكُوا** if **لَوْ** those who
 about them **عَلَيْهِمْ** they would have feared **خَافُوا** weak **ضَعْفًا**
 words **قَوْلًا** and speak **وَلْيَقُولُوا** Allah **اللَّهُ** so let them fear **فَلْيَتَّقُوا**
 those who **الَّذِينَ** indeed **إِنَّ** well-directed (right and fair) **سَدِيدًا**
 wrongfully **ظُلْمًا** (of) orphans **الْيَتَامَىٰ** wealth **أَمْوَالَ** eat up **يَأْكُلُونَ**
 fire **نَارًا** their bellies **بُطُونِهِمْ** in **فِي** they eat up **يَأْكُلُونَ** only **إِنَّمَا**
 (in) blazing Fire **سَوِيرًا** and they will soon be burnt **وَسَيَصْلَوْنَ**

7. There is a share for men and a share for women from what is left by parents and those nearest related, whether, the property be small or large — a legal share.
 8. And when the relatives and the orphans and *Al-Masâkin* (the poor) are present at the time of division, give them out of the property, and speak to them words of kindness and justice. 9. And let those (executors and guardians) have the same fear in their minds as they would have for their own, if they had left weak offspring behind. So let them fear Allâh and speak right words. 10. Verily, those who unjustly eat up the property of orphans, they eat up only fire into their bellies, and they will be burnt in the blazing Fire!

يُوصِيكُمُ اللَّهُ فِي أَوْلَادِهِ لِلَّذِ كَرٍ مِثْلَ حَظِّ الْأُنثَيَيْنِ فَإِنْ كُنَّ نِسَاءً فَوْقَ اثْنَتَيْنِ فَلَهُنَّ ثُلُثَا مَا تَرَكَ وَإِنْ كَانَتْ وَاحِدَةً فَلَهَا النِّصْفُ وَلِلْأَبَوَيْنِ لِكُلِّ وَاحِدٍ مِّنْهُمَا الشُّدُسُ مِمَّا تَرَكَ إِنْ كَانَ لَهُ وَلَدٌ فَإِنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ وَلَدٌ وَوَرِثَهُ أَبَوَاهُ فَلِلْأُمِّهِ الثُّلُثُ فَإِنْ كَانَ لَهُ إِخْوَةٌ فَلِلْأُمِّهِ الشُّدُسُ مِنْ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّتِهِ يُوصِي بِهَا أَوْ دِينٌ أَمْبَاؤُكُمْ وَأَبْنَاؤُكُمْ لَا تَدْرُونَ أَيُّهُمْ أَقْرَبُ لَكُمْ نَفْعًا فَرِيضَةٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ إِنْ اللَّهُ كَانَ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ﴿١١﴾

يُوصِيكُمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ enjoins you في in أَوْلَادِكُمْ your children لِلذَّكَرِ (of) two females فَالنَّسَاءِ equal to مِثْلُ for the male كُنَّ if (there) are نِسَاءً women قَوْفَى more (than) اثْنَتَيْنِ two فَلَهُنَّ (they) left ثُلُثُ (of) what مَا two-thirds ثَلَاثًا then for them(is) and if كَانَتْ (there) is وَاحِدَةً (only) one فَلَهَا then for her (is) one أَنْصَفَ the half وَلِلْأَبَوَيْنِ and for parents لِكُلِّ and for each وَاحِدٍ one وَنَهْمَا of them أَلْسُدُسُ a sixth مِمَّا of what تَرَكَ (was) left إِنْ if كَانَ he has وَلَدٌ a child فَإِنْ and if لَمْ did not يَكُنْ لَهُ he have وَلَدٌ then for his وَلَدُهُ a child أَبَوَاهُ and inherit him فَلِأَبَوَيْهِ his parents وَلِلْأَخَوَاتِ he has إِخْوَتُهُ brothers (payment وَصِيَّتِهِ after مِنْ a sixth أَلْسُدُسُ then for his mother debts or دَيْنٍ [of] which يَهَبُ he bequests of) bequest أَبَائِكُمْ your parents وَأَبْنَاؤُكُمْ or your children لَا or your children تَدْرُونَ (do) not أَيُّهُمُ which of them أَقْرَبُ (is) nearer لَكُمْ to you نَفْسًا indeed إِنَّ اللَّهَ by اللَّهُ prescribed فِيكُمْ in benefit عَلِيمًا All-Knowing عَكِيمًا All-Wise

11. Allâh commands you as regards your children's (inheritance): to the male, a portion equal to that of two females; if (there are) only daughters, two or more, their share is two-thirds of the inheritance; if only one, her share is a half. For parents, a sixth share of inheritance to each if the deceased left children; if no children, and the parents are the (only) heirs, the mother has a third; if the deceased left brothers or (sisters), the mother has a sixth. (The distribution in all cases is) after the payment of legacies he may have bequeathed or debts. You know not which of them, whether your parents or your children, are nearest to you in benefit; (these fixed shares) are ordained by Allâh. And Allâh is Ever All-Knower, All-Wise.

وَلَكُمْ نِصْفُ مَا تَرَكَ أَزْوَاجُكُمْ إِنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُنَّ وَلَدٌ فَإِنْ كَانَ لَهُنَّ وَلَدٌ فَلَكُمْ الرُّبْعُ مِمَّا تَرَكَنَّ مِنْ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّتِهِ يَوْصِيَنَّ بِهِمَا أَوْ دَيْنٌ وَلَهُنَّ الرُّبْعُ مِمَّا تَرَكَتُمْ إِنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَكُمْ وَلَدٌ فَإِنْ كَانَ لَكُمْ وَلَدٌ فَلَهُنَّ الثُّلُثُ مِمَّا تَرَكَتُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّتِهِمْ نَوْصُوكَ بِهِمَا أَوْ دَيْنٌ وَإِنْ كَانَ رَجُلٌ يُورَثُ كَلَالَةً أَوْ امْرَأَةٌ وَلَهُ أَخٌ أَوْ أُخْتُ فَلِكُلِّ وَاحِدٍ مِّنْهُمَا أَلْسُدُسُ فَإِنْ كَانُوا أَكْثَرَ

مِنْ ذَلِكَ فَهُمْ شُرَكَاءُ فِي الثَّلَاثِ مِنْ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّتِ يَوْصِي بِهَا أَوْ دَيْنٍ غَيْرِ مُضَارٍّ وَصِيَّةً مِنَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ خَلِيمٌ ﴿١١﴾

left (of) what مَا (is) half نِصْفٌ and for you وَلَكُمْ
 أَزْوَاجُكُمْ your wives إِنْ if لَمْ (did) not يَكُنْ لَهُنَّ they have وَلَدٌ
 then for فَلَكُمْ a child فَإِنْ and if كَانَ لَهُنَّ they had وَلَدٌ
 after مِنْ بَعْدِ they left تَرَكَنَّ of what مِمَّا a fourth أَرْبُعُ you
 of بِهَا they bequeath وَصِيَّتِ (of) bequest يَوْصِي (payment)
 a fourth أَرْبُعُ and for them وَلَهُنَّ debt أَوْ or دَيْنٌ which
 you did not لَمْ if إِنْ you have left تَرَكَتُمْ of what
 a child وَلَدٌ you have كَانَ لَكُمْ and if فَإِنْ a child
 you تَرَكَتُمْ of what مِمَّا (is) an eighth الثَّمَنُ then for them فَلَهُنَّ
 (payment of) bequest وَصِيَّتِ after مِنْ بَعْدِ have left behind
 and if وَإِنْ debt دَيْنٌ or أَوْ of which you bequeath بِهَا تُوصُونَ
 having no parents and كَلِيلَةٌ testator يُوْرَثُ man رَجُلٌ is كَانَتْ
 or أَوْ children أَوْ or أَمْرَأَةٌ woman وَلَهُ but he has أَخٌ a brother
 أُخْتُ a sister وَلِكُلِّ one of two بَيْنَهُمَا of two أَلْسُدُسُ
 but if فَإِنْ (is) a sixth كَانُوا they are أَكْثَرُ more مِنْ than ذَلِكَ
 that فَهُمْ then they are شُرَكَاءُ partners فِي in الثَّلَاثِ a third مِنْ
 بَعْدِ after وَصِيَّتِ bequest يَوْصِي he bequeaths بِهَا of which أَوْ or
 دَيْنٍ debt غَيْرِ without مُضَارٍّ being harmful وَصِيَّةً (this is)
 a Commandment مِنَ from اللَّهِ Allah وَاللَّهُ and عَلِيمٌ (is)
 All-Forebearing خَلِيمٌ All-Knowing ﴿١١﴾

12. In that which your wives leave, your share is a half if they have no child; but if they leave a child, you get a fourth of that which they leave after payment of legacies that they may have bequeathed or debts. In that which you leave, their (your wives) share is a fourth if you leave no child; but if you leave a child, they get an eighth of that which you leave after payment of legacies that you may have bequeathed or debts. If the man or woman whose inheritance is in question has left neither ascendants nor descendants, but has left a brother or a sister, each one of the two gets a sixth; but if more than two, they share in a third, after payment of legacies he (or she) may have bequeathed or debts, so that no loss is caused (to anyone). This is a Commandment from Allâh; and Allâh is Ever All-Knowing, Most-Forbearing.

تِلْكَ حُدُودُ اللَّهِ وَمَنْ يُطِيعِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ يُدْخِلْهُ جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا وَذَلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ ﴿١٣﴾ وَمَنْ يَعْصِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَيَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَهُ يُدْخِلْهُ نَارًا خَالِدًا فِيهَا وَلَهُ عَذَابٌ مُهِينٌ ﴿١٤﴾

تِلْكَ these (are) حُدُودُ Allah limits (set by) وَمَنْ and whosoever يُطِيعِ Allah obeys وَرَسُولَهُ and His Messenger يُدْخِلْهُ He would be admitted جَنَّاتٍ (to) Gardens تَجْرِي flow under them الْأَنْهَارُ the rivers تَحْتِهَا under them خَالِدِينَ the rivers ever فِيهَا therein وَذَلِكَ and that (would be) الْفَوْزُ success and whosoever يَعْصِ and whosoever وَمَنْ the great الْعَظِيمُ ﴿١٣﴾ and transgresses وَيَتَعَدَّ and His Messenger Allah وَرَسُولَهُ and transgresses His limits يُدْخِلْهُ He would admit him نَارًا (to) Fire خَالِدًا He would admit him فِيهَا therein وَلَهُ and he will have عَذَابٌ a torment مُهِينٌ ﴿١٤﴾ disgraceful

13. These are the limits (set by) Allâh (or ordinances as regards laws of inheritance), and whosoever obeys Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) will be admitted to Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise), to abide therein, and that will be the great success. 14. And whosoever disobeys Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), and transgresses His limits, He will cast him into the Fire, to abide therein; and he shall have a disgraceful torment.

وَالَّذِينَ يَأْتِيكَ الْفَاحِشَةُ مِنْ نِسَائِكُمْ فَاسْتَشْهِدُوا عَلَيْهِنَ أَرْبَعَةً مِنْكُمْ فَإِنْ شَهِدُوا فَأَمْسِكُوهُنَّ فِي الْبُيُوتِ حَتَّى يَتَوَفَّيَهُنَّ الْمَوْتُ أَوْ يَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ لَهُنَّ سَبِيلًا ﴿١٥﴾ وَالَّذَانِ يَأْتِيَنِهَا مِنْكُمْ فَقَادُوهُمَا فَإِنْ تَابَا وَأَصْلَحَا فَأَعْرِضُوا عَنْهُمَا إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ تَوَّابًا رَحِيمًا ﴿١٦﴾ إِنَّمَا التَّوْبَةُ عَلَى اللَّهِ لِلَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ السُّوءَ بِجَهْلَةٍ ثُمَّ يَتُوبُونَ مِنْ قَرِيبٍ فَأُولَئِكَ يَتُوبُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ﴿١٧﴾

وَالَّذِينَ يَأْتِيكَ الْفَاحِشَةُ commit and those who يَأْتِيكَ of نِسَائِكُمْ your women فَاسْتَشْهِدُوا so call to witness عَلَيْهِنَ they bear شَهِدُوا and if فَإِنْ of you مِنْكُمْ four أَرْبَعَةً them (their) الْبُيُوتِ [in] to فِي then confine them فَأَمْسِكُوهُنَّ witness

or (the) death الْمَوْتُ comes to them until يَتَوَفَّيْنَهُنَّ houses
 and اَلَّذَانِ a way سَبِيلًا ﴿١٥﴾ for them اللهُ Allah makes يَجْعَلُ
 of you مِنْكُمْ who commit that يَأْتِيْنِيْهَا those two
 and mend وَأَصْلَحَا they repent تَابَا then if فَلَايُ punish them both
 indeed إِنَّ then leave them alone فَأَعْرِضُوا عَنْهُمَا their ways
 Most تَجِبَمَا ﴿١٦﴾ Acceptor of the repentance Allah كَانَ is
 [on] (acceptance of) repentance التَّوْبَةُ verily إِنَّمَا Merciful
 evil اَلْأَسْوَى do يَعْمَلُونَ (is) for those who لِلَّذِيْنَ Allah اللهُ by
 soon مِنْ قَرِيبٍ they repent يَتُوبُونَ then ثُمَّ in ignorance
 of theirs عَلَيْهِمُ Allah اللهُ accepts repentance يَتُوبُ and those
 All-Wise حَكِيمًا ﴿١٧﴾ All-Knowing Allah اللهُ is

15. And those of your women who commit illegal sexual intercourse, take the evidence of four witnesses from amongst you against them; and if they testify, confine them (i.e. women) to houses until death comes to them or Allâh ordains for them some (other) way. 16. And the two persons (man and woman) among you who commit illegal sexual intercourse, hurt them both. And if they repent (promise Allâh that they will never repeat, i.e. commit illegal sexual intercourse and other similar sins) and do righteous good deeds, leave them alone. Surely, Allâh is Ever All-Forgiving (the One Who forgives and accepts repentance), (and He is) Most Merciful. 17. Allâh accepts only the repentance of those who do evil in ignorance and foolishness and repent soon afterwards; it is they whom Allâh will forgive and Allâh is Ever All-Knower, All-Wise.

وَلَيْسَتِ التَّوْبَةُ لِلَّذِيْنَ يَعْمَلُونَ اَلْسَفَاتِ حَتَّىٰ اِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَدَهُمُ الْمَوْتُ قَالَ اِنِّیْ بُتُّ اَلْكَفَّ وَلَا
 الَّذِيْنَ يَمُوتُونَ وَهُمْ كَفَّارًا اَوْ لَتَمَّتْ اَعْتَدْنَا لَهُمْ عَذَابًا اَلِيْمًا ﴿١٦﴾ يَأْتِيْهَا الَّذِيْنَ ءَامَنُوا لَا يَحِلُّ لَكُمْ
 اَنْ تَرِيْهُا النِّسَاءَ كَرِهًا وَلَا تَتَضَلَّوْهُنَّ لِتَذْهَبُوا بِبَعْضِ مَا ءَاتِيَتْهُنَّ وَلَا اَنْ يَأْتِيْنَ بِفَحِشَةٍ مُّبِيْنَةٍ
 وَعَاشِرُوْهُنَّ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ اِنْ كَرِهْتُمُوْهُنَّ فَمَسِيْ اَنْ تَكْرَهُوا شَيْئًا وَجَعَلَ اللهُ فِيْهِ خَيْرًا كَثِيْرًا ﴿١٧﴾

for those who لِلَّذِيْنَ the repentance التَّوْبَةُ and (is) not وَلَيْسَتِ
 faces حَضَرَ when اِذَا until حَتَّىٰ evil deeds اَلْسَفَاتِ do يَعْمَلُونَ
 one of them اَلْمَوْتُ the death قَالَ he says اِنِّیْ verily I بُتُّ
 اَلْكَفَّ now وَلَا nor الَّذِيْنَ those who يَمُوتُونَ die وَهُمْ

We **أَعْتَدْنَا** those **أُولَئِكَ** (are) disbelievers **كُفَّارًا** while they (are) a painful **أَلِيمًا** torment **عَذَابًا** for them **لَهُمْ** have preprepared it is lawful **يَحِلُّ** not **لَا** believe **آمَنُوا** who **الَّذِينَ** O you **يَا أَيُّهَا** **لَكُمْ** for you **أَنْ** that **زَرَوْا** you inherit **النِّسَاءَ** the women **كُرْهًا** you put constraints upon them **وَلَا** and (do) not **تَضْلُوهُنَّ** by force you **تَذْهَبُوا** what **مَا** a part of **بَعْضٍ** that you take away **ءَاتَيْتُمُوهُنَّ** they commit **يَفْعِلْنَ** except **إِلَّا** **أَنْ** that **يَأْتِينَ** in a **بِالْمَعْرُوفِ** and live with them **وَعَاشِرُوهُنَّ** open **مُبِينًا** lewdness then it **فَعَسَى** you dislike them **كُرْهَتْمُوهُنَّ** and if **فَإِنْ** good manner and has **وَجَعَلَ** a thing **شَيْعًا** you dislike **تَكْرَهُوا** that **أَنْ** may be much **كَثِيرًا** good **خَيْرًا** in it **فِيهِ** Allah **اللَّهُ** placed

18. And of no effect is the repentance of those who continue to do evil deeds until death faces one of them and he says: "Now I repent;" nor of those who die while they are disbelievers. For them We have prepared a painful torment. 19. O you who believe! You are forbidden to inherit women against their will; and you should not treat them with harshness, that you may take away part of the *Mahr* you have given them, unless they commit open illegal sexual intercourse; and live with them honourably. If you dislike them, it may be that you dislike a thing and Allâh brings through it a great deal of good.

وَلِنْ أَرَدْتُمْ اسْتِبْدَالَ زَوْجٍ مَّكَاتٍ زَوْجٍ وَءَاتَيْتُمْ إِحْدَهُنَّ قِنْطَارًا فَلَا تَأْخُذُوا مِنْهُ شَيْعًا أَتَأْخُذُونَهُ بُهْتَنًا وَإِنَّمَا بُهْتَنًا ۖ وَكَيْفَ تَأْخُذُونَهُ وَقَدْ أَفْضَى بَعْضُكُمْ إِلَى بَعْضٍ وَأَخَذْتُ مِنْكُمْ مِيثَاقًا غَلِيظًا ۖ وَلَا لَكُمْ حَوْلًا مَّا نَكَّحَ آبَاؤُكُمْ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ إِلَّا مَا قَدْ سَلَفَ ۚ إِنَّكُمْ كَانُمْ فَجِئَةً وَمَقْتًا وَسَاءَ سَبِيلًا ۖ

وَلِنْ أَرَدْتُمْ اسْتِبْدَالَ زَوْجٍ giving up you decide/intend **زَوْجٍ** (your) wife **مَّكَاتٍ** (and in her) place **زَوْجٍ** (have a new) wife a heap of gold **قِنْطَارًا** one of them **إِحْدَهُنَّ** and you have given anything **شَيْعًا** from it **مِنْهُ** you take away **تَأْخُذُوا** so do not **فَلَا** and wrong **بُهْتَنًا** would you take it **بُهْتَنًا** by slander **وَإِنَّمَا** and how **وَكَيْفَ** manifest **مُبِينًا** you could take it **تَأْخُذُونَهُ** and

دَخَلْتُمْ but if فَإِنْ with them بِهِنَّ you had conjugal relations
 with conjugational relations دَخَلْتُمْ you have تَكُونُوا did not
 them فَلَا then (there is) no جُنَاحَ sin عَلَيْكُمْ on you وَحَلَائِلُ
 from مَنْ who (are) الَّذِينَ (of) your sons and wives أَبْنَاءُكُمْ
 you gather تَجْمَعُوا and that وَأَنْ your (own) loins أَصْلَابُكُمْ
 except إِلَّا two sisters الْأَخْتَيْنِ [between] يَتَيْنِ together
 is مَا excepted قَدْ سَلَفَ what happened before إِنَّكَ indeed اللَّهُ Allah كَانَ
 Most Merciful رَحِيمًا All-Forgiving غَفُورًا

23. Forbidden to you (for marriage) are: your mothers, your daughters, your sisters, your father's sisters, your mother's sisters, your brother's daughters, your sister's daughters, your foster mothers who gave you suck, your foster milk suckling sisters, your wives' mothers, your stepdaughters under your guardianship, born of your wives to whom you have gone in — but there is no sin on you if you have not gone in them (to marry their daughters), — the wives of your sons who (spring) from your own loins, and two sisters in wedlock at the same time, except for what has already passed; verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

وَالْمُحْصَنَاتُ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ إِلَّا مَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُكُمْ كَتَبَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَإِجْلَ لَكُمْ مَا وَرَاءَ ذَلِكَُمْ أَنْ تَبْتَغُوا بِأَمْوَالِكُمْ مُحْصِنِينَ غَيْرَ مُسْفِحِينَ ۖ فَمَا اسْتَمْتَعْتُمْ بِهِ مِنْهُنَّ فَآتُوهُنَّ أُجُورَهُنَّ فَرِيضَةً وَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِيمَا تَرَاضَيْتُمْ بِهِ مِنْ بَعْدِ الْفَرِيضَةِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ﴿١١﴾

those مَا except إِلَّا women مِنَ النِّسَاءِ and married وَالْمُحْصَنَاتُ whom مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُكُمْ possess your right hands كَتَبَ اللَّهُ a decree (of) عَلَيْكُمْ (binding) upon you وَإِجْلَ (are) beyond وَرَاءَ those who لَكُمْ for you تَبْتَغُوا that (limits) أَنْ (you seek (them) بِأَمْوَالِكُمْ you seek (them) مُحْصِنِينَ not مُسْفِحِينَ debauchery desiring wedlock chastity غَيْرَ from them مِنْهُنَّ [of it] you benefit فَمَا اسْتَمْتَعْتُمْ for what as a duty فَرِيضَةً their bridal-due أَجُورَهُنَّ you give them قَاتُوهُنَّ as a duty وَلَا (there is) no جُنَاحَ and عَلَيْكُمْ sin on you فِيمَا (its) تَرَاضَيْتُمْ you mutually agree مِنْ بَعْدِ [of it] after الْفَرِيضَةِ (its) All-Knowing is عَلِيمًا Allah كَانَ All-Wise حَكِيمًا ﴿١١﴾

24. Also (forbidden are) women already married, except those (slaves) whom your right hands possess. Thus has Allâh ordained for you. All others are lawful, provided you seek (them in marriage) with *Mahr* (bridal-money given by the husband to his wife at the time of marriage) from your property, desiring chastity, not committing illegal sexual intercourse, so with those of whom you have enjoyed sexual relations, give them their *Mahr* as prescribed; but if after a *Mahr* is prescribed, you agree mutually (to give more), there is no sin on you. Surely, Allâh is Ever All-Knowing, All-Wise.

وَمَنْ لَمْ يَسْتَطِعْ مِنْكُمْ طَوْلًا أَنْ يَنْكَحَ الْمُحْصَنَاتِ الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ فَمِنْ مَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُكُمْ مِنْ فَيَدَيْكُمْ الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِأَيْمَانِكُمْ بَعْضُكُمْ مِنْ بَعْضٍ فَإِنْ كُنَّ حُورًا يَدَانِ أَهْلِهِنَّ وَأَمْوَالُهُنَّ أُجُورُهُنَّ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ مُحْصَنَاتٍ غَيْرَ مُسْفِحَاتٍ وَلَا مُتَّخَذَاتٍ أَخْدَانٍ فَإِذَا أَحْصَيْتُمْ أَنْ تَنْكِحَ يَفْجَسُوهُنَّ يَصِفُ مَا عَلَى الْمُحْصَنَاتِ مِنَ الْعَذَابِ ذَلِكَ لِمَنْ خَشِيَ الْعَنَتَ مِنْكُمْ وَأَنْ تَصِيرُوا خَيْرَ لَكُمْ وَاللَّهُ عَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿١٢﴾

وَمَنْ and who لَمْ not يَسْتَطِيعُ is able مِنْكُمْ of you طَوْلًا to afford
 أَن that يَنْكِحَ he marries الْمُحْصَنَاتِ Free chaste الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ believing
 your أَنْتُمْ possess مَلَكَتْ those whom مَا from فِيمَنْ women
 and فَنِيَّتِكُمْ your girls الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ believing وَاللَّهُ and
 you أَعْلَمُ Allah knows all بِإِيمَانِكُمْ about your faith بَعْضُكُمْ مِنْ بَعْضٍ you
 with يَأْذَنُ then marry them فَإِنْ are one from another
 and give them وَأَئْتُوهُنَّ their gaurdians أَهْلِهِنَّ permission of
 (they أَجُورَهُنَّ in a fair manner بِالمَعْرُوفِ their bridal-due مُحْصَنَاتٍ
 وَلَا adulterous مُسَوِّغَاتٍ not غَيْرَ sould be) chaste (in wedlock)
 and when مُتَخَذَاتٍ secret love affairs أَخْذَانٍ given to nor
 أُحْصَيْنَ they commit أَتَيْنَ and if فَإِنَّ they are married
 (what عَلَى of مَا (is) half نِصْفٌ then upon them فَمَنْ لَهِنَّ
 the الْعَذَابِ of مِنَ the free unmarried women is) upon
 أَلَمَتْ fear خَشِيَ for those who لِمَنْ this (is) ذَلِكَ punishment
 you persevere تَصْبِرُوا but that وَأَنْ of you مِنْكُمْ (falling into) sin
 (is) خَيْرٌ better لَكُمْ (is) for you وَاللَّهُ and عَزَّوَجَلَّ

Most Merciful ﴿١٦﴾ All-Forgiving

25. And whoever of you have not the means wherewith to wed free believing women, they may wed believing girls from among those (slaves) whom your right hands possess, and Allâh has full knowledge about your Faith; you are one from another. Wed them with the permission of their own folk (guardians, *Auliya'* or masters) and give them their *Mahr* according to what is reasonable; they (the above said slave-girls) should be chaste, not committing illegal sex, nor taking boyfriends. And after they have been taken in wedlock, if they commit illegal sexual intercourse, their punishment is half of that for free (unmarried) women. This is for him among you who is afraid of being harmed in his religion or in his body; but it is better for you that you practise self-restraint, and Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ لِيُذْهِبَ عَنْكُمُ الرِّيبَ الَّتِي فِي قُلُوبِكُمْ وَيَتُوبَ عَلَيْكُمُ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿١٦﴾ وَاللَّهُ
 يُرِيدُ أَنْ يَتُوبَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَيُرِيدُ الَّذِينَ يَتَّبِعُونَ الشَّهَوَاتِ أَنْ يُبَيِّلُوا مَيْلًا عَظِيمًا ﴿١٧﴾ يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ أَنْ يُخَفِّفَ
 عَنْكُمْ وَخُلِقَ الْإِنْسَانُ ضَعِيفًا ﴿١٨﴾

to you لَكُمْ to make clear يُبَيِّنُ Allah ﷻ wishes يُرِيدُ
 (of) those who الَّذِينَ (to) ways سُنَنَ and to guide you وَهَدِيَكُمْ
 and to accept repentance وَتُوبَ (were) before you مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ
 عَلَيْكُمْ (is) All-Knowing عَلِيمٌ and Allah ﷻ of you
 He accepts that أَنْ wishes يُرِيدُ and Allah ﷻ All-Wise
 those who الَّذِينَ and wishes وَرُيِدُ of you عَلَيْكُمْ repentance
 تَتَّبِعُونَ follow الشَّهَوَاتِ (their) lusts أَنْ (that) you deviate مِيلًا
 that أَنْ Allah ﷻ wishes يُرِيدُ tremendous عَظِيمًا deviation
 and was created وَخُلِقَ for you عَنْكُمْ He lightens (burden) يُخَفِّفُ
 weak الْإِنْسَانُ ضَعِيفًا

26. Allâh wishes to make clear (what is lawful and what is unlawful) to you, and to show you the ways of those before you, and accept your repentance, and Allâh is All-Knower, All-Wise. 27. Allâh wishes to accept your repentance, but those who follow their lusts, wish that you (believers) should deviate tremendously away (from the Right Path). 28. Allâh wishes to lighten (the burden) for you; and man was created weak. (cannot be patient to leave sexual intercourse with women).

يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا لَا تَأْكُلُوا أَمْوَالَكُمْ بَيْنَكُمْ بِالْبَاطِلِ إِلَّا أَنْ تَكُونَ تِجَارَةً عَنْ تَرَاضٍ مِنْكُمْ
 وَلَا تَقْتُلُوا أَنْفُسَكُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ بِكُمْ رَحِيمًا ۝ وَمَنْ يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ عُدْوَانًا وَظُلْمًا فَسَوْفَ نُصْلِيهِ نَارًا
 وَكَانَ ذَلِكَ عَلَى اللَّهِ يَسِيرًا ۝ إِنْ تَجْتَنِبُوا كَبَائِرَ مَا تُنْهَوْنَ عَنْهُ نُكَفِّرْ عَنْكُمْ سَيِّئَاتِكُمْ
 وَنُدْخِلَكُمْ مُدْخَلَ كَرِيمًا ۝

يَأْتِيهَا O you الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا who لَا believe do not تَأْكُلُوا
 unjustly أَمْوَالَكُمْ your wealth بَيْنَكُمْ between you بِالْبَاطِلِ
 إِلَّا أَنْ except أَنْ تَكُونَ it is تِجَارَةً by trading عَنْ تَرَاضٍ
 you kill تَقْتُلُوا and do not وَلَا among you مِنْكُمْ mutual consent
 to you بَيْنَكُمْ is كَانَ Allah ﷻ indeed إِنَّ yourselves أَنْفُسَكُمْ
 that رَحِيمًا ۝ Most Merciful وَمَنْ يَفْعَلْ and whoever عُدْوَانًا
 then shall فَسَوْفَ and injustice وَظُلْمًا through aggression
 نُصْلِيهِ We burn him in نَارًا Fire وَكَانَ and is ذَلِكَ that عَلَى
 for Allah ﷻ يَسِيرًا ۝ easy إِنْ if تَجْتَنِبُوا you avoid كَبَائِرَ

from عَنْهُ you have been forbidden تَنْهَوْنَ that مَا major sins
 your (minor) سَيِّئَاتِكُمْ from you عَنْكُمْ We shall remit تُكَفِّرُ which
 and We would admit you to وَتُدْخِلُكُمْ offences
 a noble كَرِيمًا ﴿٢٩﴾ an entrance

29. O you who believe! Eat not up your property among yourselves unjustly except it be a trade amongst you, by mutual consent. And do not kill yourselves (nor kill one another). Surely, Allâh is Most Merciful to you. 30. And whoever commits that through aggression and injustice, We shall cast him into the Fire, and that is easy for Allâh. 31. If you avoid the great sins which you are forbidden to do, We shall expiate from you your (small) sins, and admit you to a Noble Entrance (i.e. Paradise).

وَلَا تَتَمَنَّوْا مَا فَضَّلَ اللَّهُ بِهِ بَعْضَكُمْ عَلَى بَعْضٍ لِلرِّجَالِ نَصِيبٌ مِمَّا اكْتَسَبُوا وَلِلنِّسَاءِ نَصِيبٌ مِمَّا اكْتَسَبْنَ
 وَسَأَلُوا اللَّهَ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ يَكُلِّ شَيْءٌ عَلَيْهِمَا ﴿٣٠﴾ وَلِكُلِّ جَعَلْنَا مَوْلًى مِمَّا تَرَكَ الْوَالِدَانِ
 وَالْأَقْرَبُونَ وَالَّذِينَ عَقَدْتَ أَيْمَانُكُمْ فَتَأْتُوهُمْ نَصِيبُهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدًا ﴿٣١﴾

conferred فَضَّلَ what مَا you covet تَتَمَنَّوْنَ and (do) not وَلَا
 on some of you بَعْضَكُمْ of it بِهِ Allah اللَّهُ abundantly
 over بَعْضٍ (others) لِلرِّجَالِ (is) a share نَصِيبٌ from مِمَّا (is)
 and for women وَلِلنِّسَاءِ they earned اكْتَسَبُوا what
 a share مِمَّا for what اكْتَسَبْنَ they earned and you ask سَأَلُوا and Allah
 of فَضْلِهِ His Bounty إِنَّ Allah اللَّهُ indeed Allah
 of كُلِّ شَيْءٍ thing عَلَيْهِمَا ﴿٣٠﴾ All-Knowing وَلِكُلِّ and to
 We have appointed جَعَلْنَا every one مَوْلًى heirs مِمَّا of that تَرَكَ
 left الْوَالِدَانِ (by) parents وَالْأَقْرَبُونَ and relatives and with
 whom عَقَدْتَ أَيْمَانُكُمْ made covenant your right hands فَتَأْتُوهُمْ
 give them نَصِيبُهُمْ their share إِنَّ Allah اللَّهُ indeed Allah
 is كَانَ every كُلِّ شَيْءٍ thing شَهِيدًا ﴿٣١﴾ a Witness

32. And wish not for the things in which Allâh has made some of you to excel others. For men there is reward for what they have earned, (and likewise) for women there is reward for what they have earned, and ask Allâh of His Bounty.

Surely, Allâh is Ever All-Knower of everything. 33. And to everyone, We have appointed heirs of that (property) left by parents and relatives. To those also with whom you have made a pledge (brotherhood), give them their due portion (by Wasiya - wills). Truly, Allâh is Ever a Witness over all things.

الرِّجَالُ قَوَّامُونَ عَلَى النِّسَاءِ بِمَا فَضَّلَ اللَّهُ بَعْضَهُمْ عَلَى بَعْضٍ وَبِمَا أَنْفَقُوا مِنْ أَمْوَالِهِمْ فَأَلْصَقْنَا لِحُنَّتِ
قَدِينَتُ حَفِظَتْ لِلْغَيْبِ بِمَا حَفِظَ اللَّهُ وَالَّذِي خَافُونَ تَشْوَرُهُمْ فَوْطُوهُمْ وَأَهْجُرُوهُمْ فِي الْمَضَاجِعِ
وَأَضْرِبُوهُمْ فَإِنْ أَطَعْتُمْ فَلَا تَبْغُوا عَلَيْهِمْ سَبِيلًا إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلِيمًا كَبِيرًا ﴿٣٤﴾

الرِّجَالُ men قَوَّامُونَ (are) in charge of النِّسَاءِ women بِمَا on one of بَعْضُهُمْ Allah الله conferred abundantly فَضَّلَ because they spend أَنْفَقُوا and because others وَبِمَا over عَلَى them thus the righteous أَلْصَقْنَا their wealth أَمْوَالِهِمْ (out) of مِنْ women قَدِينَتُ who guard حَفِظَتْ (are) devoutly obedient قَدِينَتُ women who guard حَفِظَ that which بِمَا in (husband's) absence their وَالَّذِي Allah but those whom تَخَافُونَ you fear تَشْوَرُهُمْ and leave them فَوْطُوهُمْ admonish them وَأَهْجُرُوهُمْ rebellion then فَإِنْ and beat them وَأَضْرِبُوهُمْ the beds الْمَضَاجِعِ in (alone) if أَطَعْتُمْ they obey you تَبْغُوا then do not فَلَا they obey you تَبْغُوا you seek عَلَيْهِمْ against them سَبِيلًا a way إِنَّ indeed اللَّهُ Allah كَات is عَلِيمًا Most Great كَبِيرًا Most High ﴿٣٤﴾

34. Men are the protectors and maintainers of women, because Allâh has made one of them to excel the other, and because they spend (to support them) from their means. Therefore the righteous women are devoutly obedient (to Allâh and to their husbands), and guard in the husband's absence what Allâh orders them to guard (e.g. their chastity and their husband's property). As to those women on whose part you see ill-conduct, admonish them (first), (next) refuse to share their beds, (and last) beat them (lightly, if it is useful); but if they return to obedience, seek not against them means (of annoyance). Surely, Allâh is Ever Most High, Most Great.

وَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ شِقَاقَ بَيْنِهِمَا فَأَبْغُوا حَكْمًا مِنْ أَهْلِهِ وَحَكْمًا مِنْ أَهْلِهَا إِنْ يُرِيدَا إِصْلَاحًا يُوَفِّقِ اللَّهُ بَيْنَهُمَا
إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ﴿٣٥﴾ وَأَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ وَلَا تَشْرِكُوا بِهِ شَيْئًا وَاللَّوْلَدَيْنِ إِحْسَنًا وَبِذِي الْقُرْبَىٰ

وَالْيَتَامَىٰ وَالْمَسْكِينِ وَالْجَارِ ذِي الْقُرْبَىٰ وَالْجَارِ الْجُنُبِ وَالصَّاحِبِ بِالْجَنْبِ وَابْنِ السَّبِيلِ وَمَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُكُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ مَنْ كَانَ مُخْتَالًا فَخُورًا ﴿٣٥﴾

between the two **بَيْنَهُمَا** a breach **شِقَاقٌ** you fear **خِفْتُمْ** and if **وَإِنْ**
his family **أَهْلِيهِ** from **مِنْ** an arbitrator **حَكَمًا** then appoint **فَأَعْمُوا**
وَحَكَمًا and an arbitrator **مِنْ** her family **أَهْلِهَا** if **إِنْ** **يُرِيدَا**
will bring **يُؤَقِّ** to set things right **إِصْلَحًا** they both wish
اللَّهُ indeed **إِنَّ** between them **بَيْنَهُمَا** Allah **اللَّهُ** reconciliation
Aware (of every thing) **حَيِيرًا** All-Knower **عَلِيمًا** is Allah **كَانَ**
and do not **وَلَا** Allah **اللَّهُ** and you serve (worship) **وَأَعْبُدُوا**
and to **وَبِالْوَالِدَيْنِ** anything **شَيْعًا** with Him **بِهِ** you associate **تَشْرِكُوا**
and **وَالْيَتَامَىٰ** and relatives **وَالْقُرْبَىٰ** do good **إِحْسَنًا** parents
orphans **وَالْمَسْكِينِ** and the needy **وَالْجَارِ** and the neighbour **ذِي**
الْقُرْبَىٰ (who is) relative **وَالْجَارِ** (who is) and the neighbour **الْجُنُبِ** (who is)
a stranger **وَالصَّاحِبِ** and (to) companion **بِالْجَنْبِ** and by your side **وَابْنِ**
the wayfarer **السَّبِيلِ** and those **وَمَا** and the wayfarer **السَّبِيلِ** possessed **مَلَكَتْ**
your right hands **إِنَّ** (by) your right hands **اللَّهُ** indeed **اللَّهُ** does not **لَا**
love **مَنْ** one who **كَانَ** is **مُخْتَالًا** proud **فَخُورًا** (and) boastful **﴿٣٥﴾**

35. If you fear a breach between them twain (the man and his wife), appoint (two) arbitrators, one from his family and the other from her's; if they both wish for peace, Allâh will cause their reconciliation. Indeed Allâh is Ever All-Knower, Well-Acquainted with all things. 36. Worship Allâh and join none with Him (in worship); and do good to parents, kinsfolk, orphans, *Al-Masâkin* (the poor), the neighbour who is near of kin, the neighbour who is a stranger, the companion by your side, the wayfarer (you meet), and those (slaves) whom your right hands possess. Verily, Allâh does not like such as are proud and boastful.

الَّذِينَ يَبَخُلُونَ وَيَأْمُرُونَ النَّاسَ بِالْبُخْلِ وَيَكْتُمُونَ مَا آتَاهُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ وَأَعْتَدْنَا
لِلكَافِرِينَ عَذَابًا مُهِينًا ﴿٣٦﴾ وَالَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ أَمْوَالَهُمْ رِثَاءَ النَّاسِ وَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَلَا بِالْيَوْمِ
وَمَنْ يَكُنِ الشَّيْطَانُ لَهُ قَرِينًا فَسَاءَ قَرِينًا ﴿٣٧﴾ وَمَاذَا عَلَيْهِمْ لَوْ ءَامَنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ
وَأَنفَقُوا مِمَّا رَزَقَهُمُ اللَّهُ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ بِهِمْ عَلِيمًا ﴿٣٨﴾

الَّذِينَ and command وَيَأْمُرُونَ are stingy يَبْخُلُونَ those who
 مَا and (who) hide وَيَكْتُمُونَ with stinginess يَبْخُلِ people
 His Bounty فَضْلِهِ of Allah ﷻ gave them مَا أَنَّهُمْ what
 وَأَعْتَدْنَا for the disbelievers لِلْكَافِرِينَ and We have prepared عَذَابًا
 and those who وَالَّذِينَ a humiliating مُهِينًا torment
 and وَلَا of men النَّاسِ to be seen رِجَالًا their wealth spend
 in Day الْيَوْمِ nor وَلَا in Allah ﷻ they believe يُؤْمِنُونَ neither
 for Satan الشَّيْطَانُ is يَكْفُرُ and who وَمَنْ the Last
 him قَرِينًا (as) a companion فَتَنَةً then what a bad قَرِينًا
 they would have عَلَيْهِمْ and what (harm) وَمَا companion (he has)
 the الْآخِرِ and Day الْيَوْمِ in Allah ﷻ they believed مَا آمَنُوا had
 gave them for رَزَقَهُمْ out of what مِمَّا and spent وَأَنفَقُوا Last
 of them بِهِمْ Allah ﷻ and is وَكَانَ Allah ﷻ sustenance
 All-Knower

37. Those who are miserly and enjoin miserliness on other men and hide what Allâh has bestowed upon them of His Bounties. And We have prepared for the disbelievers a disgraceful torment. 38. And (also) those who spend of their substance to be seen of men, and believe not in Allâh and the Last Day [they are the friends of *Shaitân* (Satan)], and whoever takes *Shaitân* (Satan) as an intimate; then what a dreadful intimate he has! 39. And what loss have they if they had believed in Allâh and in the Last Day, and they spend out of what Allâh has given them for sustenance? And Allâh is Ever All-Knower of them.

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَظْلِمُ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ وَإِنْ تَكَ حَسَنَةً يُّضَاعِفْهَا وَيُؤْتِ مِنْ لَدُنْهُ أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا ﴿٣٧﴾ فَكَيْفَ إِذَا جِئْنَا مِنْ
 كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ بِشَهِيدٍ وَجِئْنَا بِكَ عَلَى هَؤُلَاءِ شَهِيدًا ﴿٣٨﴾ يَوْمَ يُذِيبُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَعَصَوُوا الرَّسُولَ لَوْ تُسَوَّى بِهِمُ
 الْأَرْضُ وَلَا يَكْتُمُونَ اللَّهَ حَدِيثًا ﴿٣٩﴾

إِنَّ اللَّهَ indeed ﷻ Allâh لَا does not يَظْلِمُ wrong مِثْقَالَ (not even of)
 a good حَسَنَةً there is تَكَ and if وَإِنْ an atom ذَرَّةٍ weight (of)
 يُّضَاعِفْهَا He doubles it وَيُؤْتِ and gives مِنْ and from لَدُنْهُ
 Him أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا ﴿٣٧﴾ a great فَكَيْفَ how then إِذَا when

جَمَعْنَا We bring from كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ each community بِشَهِيدٍ a witness وَجَمَعْنَا and we bring عَلَيْكَ you عَلَى هَذِهِ on/against these people شَهِيدًا ⑩ as a witness يَوْمَئِذٍ on that Day يَوَدُّ would wish الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا those who disbelieved وَعَصَوْا and disobeyed الرَّسُولَ the Messenger لَوْ if تَوَسَّيْ was levelled with them الْأَرْضُ the earth وَلَا but (would) not يَكْتُمُونَ they (be able to) hide (from) اللَّهُ Allah حَدِيثًا ⑪ any matter

40. Surely, Allâh wrongs not even of the weight of an atom (or a small ant), but if there is any good (done), He doubles it, and gives from Him a great reward. 41. How (will it be) then, when We bring from each nation a witness and We bring you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) as a witness against these people? 42. On that day those who disbelieved and disobeyed the Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) will wish that they were buried in the earth, but they will never be able to hide a single fact from Allâh.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لَا تَقْرَبُوا الصَّلَاةَ وَأَنْتُمْ سُكَرَى حَتَّى تَعْلَمُوا مَا تَقُولُونَ وَلَا جُنْبًا إِلَّا عَابِرِي سَبِيلٍ حَتَّى تَغْتَسِلُوا وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ مَرْجَى أَوْ عَلَى سَفَرٍ أَوْ جَاءَ أَحَدٌ مِنْكُمْ مِنَ الْغَائِطِ أَوْ لَمَسْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ فَلَمْ يَجِدُوا مَاءً فَتَيَمَّمُوا صَعِيدًا طَيِّبًا فَامْسَحُوا بِوُجُوهِكُمْ وَأَيْدِيكُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَفُوًّا غَفُورًا ⑫

يَا أَيُّهَا O you الَّذِينَ who آمَنُوا believe لَا (do) not تَقْرَبُوا draw near الصَّلَاةَ the prayer وَأَنْتُمْ (to) you are سُكَرَى while you are intoxicated حَتَّى until تَعْلَمُوا what you know مَا you utter لَقُولُونَ (while you are) defiled (or in a state of sexual nor جُنْبًا impurity) إِلَّا except (when) عَابِرِي passing on سَبِيلٍ way حَتَّى until تَغْتَسِلُوا you wash yourselves وَإِنْ and if كُنْتُمْ you are مَرْجَى ill أَوْ or عَلَى on سَفَرٍ a journey أَوْ or جَاءَ came أَحَدٌ one مِنْكُمْ of you مِنَ of you الْغَائِطِ from a toilet أَوْ or لَمَسْتُمُ a sexual contact النِّسَاءَ (with) women فَلَمْ but did not يَجِدُوا you find مَاءَ water فَتَيَمَّمُوا do Tayammum صَعِيدًا earth طَيِّبًا clean فَامْسَحُوا and your faces بِوُجُوهِكُمْ rub therewith وَأَيْدِيكُمْ your hands إِنَّ and your hands اللَّهُ indeed Allah كَانَ is عَفُوًّا Oft-Pardoning غَفُورًا ⑫ All-Forgiving

43. O you who believe! Approach not *As-Salât* (the prayer) when you are in a drunken state until you know (the meaning) of what you utter, nor when you are in a state of *Janâba* (i.e. in a state of sexual impurity and have not yet taken a bath), except when travelling on the road (without enough water, or just passing through a mosque), till you wash your whole body. And if you are ill, or on a journey, or one of you comes after answering the call of nature, or you have been in contact with women (by sexual relations) and you find no water, perform *Tayammum* with clean earth and rub therewith your faces and hands (*Tayammum*). Truly, Allâh is Ever Oft-Pardoning, Oft-Forgiving.

أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا نَصِيبًا مِّنَ الْكِتَابِ يَشْتُرُونَ الضَّلَالَةَ وَيُرِيدُونَ أَن تَضِلُّوا السَّبِيلَ ﴿٤٣﴾ وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِأَعْدَائِكُمْ وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ وَلِيًّا وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ نَصِيرًا ﴿٤٤﴾ مِنَ الَّذِينَ هَادُوا يُحَرِّفُونَ الْكَلِمَ عَنْ مَوَاضِعِهِ وَيَقُولُونَ سَمِعْنَا وَعَصَيْنَا وَاسْمِعْ غَيْرَ مُسْمِعٍ وَرَاعِنَا لَيًّا بِأَلْسِنَتِهِمْ وَطَعْنَا فِي الَّذِينَ وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ قَالُوا سَمِعْنَا وَأَطَعْنَا وَاسْمِعْ وَانْظُرْنَا لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَهُمْ وَأَقْوَمَ وَلَٰكِن لَّمْ يَلْمِهِمُ اللَّهُ بِكُفْرِهِمْ فَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿٤٥﴾

أَلَمْ تَرَ have not you seen إِلَى (to) الَّذِينَ those who أُوتُوا were they given نَصِيبًا a portion مِّنَ of الْكِتَابِ the Book يَشْتُرُونَ they purchase الضَّلَالَةَ error وَيُرِيدُونَ and they wish أَن that تَضِلُّوا you lose السَّبِيلَ (the) (Right) Path ﴿٤٣﴾ وَاللَّهُ but اللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ Allah knows well بِأَعْدَائِكُمْ your enemies وَكَفَى suffices بِاللَّهِ Allah and وَلِيًّا (as a) Protector وَكَفَى suffices بِاللَّهِ Allah and نَصِيرًا ﴿٤٤﴾ (as a) Helper مِنَ of الَّذِينَ those who هَادُوا are Jews يُحَرِّفُونَ they change الْكَلِمَ the words عَن from مَوَاضِعِهِ their places وَيَقُولُونَ and they say سَمِعْنَا we heard وَعَصَيْنَا we disobeyed وَاسْمِعْ and we (us) hear غَيْرَ twisting لَيًّا and hearken to us وَرَاعِنَا hearkening without مُسْمِعٍ their tongues بِأَلْسِنَتِهِمْ and slandering فِي [in] الَّذِينَ (the) (true) religion وَلَوْ and if أَنَّهُمْ they قَالُوا (had) said سَمِعْنَا we heard وَأَطَعْنَا and we obeyed وَاسْمِعْ and we (us) hear وَانْظُرْنَا and look at us لَكَانَ and more proper وَأَقْوَمَ for them هُمْ better وَلَٰكِن but لَمْ يَلْمِهِمُ Allah cursed them بِكُفْرِهِمْ due to their ﴿٤٥﴾ except قَلِيلًا a few

44. Have you not seen those (the Jews) who were given a portion of the Book, purchasing the wrong path, and wishing that you should go astray from the Right Path. 45. Allâh has full knowledge of your enemies, and Allâh is Sufficient as a *Wali* (Protector), and Allâh is Sufficient as a Helper. 46. Among those who are Jews, there are some who displace words from (their) right places and say: "We hear your word (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) and disobey," and "Hear and let you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) hear nothing." And *Râ'ina* with a twist of their tongues and as a mockery of the religion (Islâm). And if only they had said: "We hear and obey", and "Do make us understand," it would have been better for them, and more proper; but Allâh has cursed them for their disbelief, so they believe not except a few.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ آمِنُوا بِمَا نَزَّلْنَا مُصَدِّقًا لِمَا مَعَكُمْ مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ نَطْغِسَ وَجُوهًا فَنَرُدَّهَا عَلَى أَدْبَارِهَا أَوْ
لَلْعَنَتُمْ كَمَا لَعَنَّا أَصْحَابَ السَّبْتِ وَكَانَ أَمْرُ اللَّهِ مَفْعُولًا ﴿١٧﴾ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَغْفِرُ أَنْ يُشْرَكَ بِهِ وَيَغْفِرُ مَا دُونَ ذَلِكَ لِمَنْ
يَشَاءُ وَمَنْ يُشْرِكْ بِاللَّهِ فَقَدْ افْتَرَىٰ إِثْمًا عَظِيمًا ﴿١٨﴾

يَا أَيُّهَا O you الَّذِينَ who أُوتُوا have been given the الْكِتَابَ the
Scripture آمِنُوا believe بِمَا in what نَزَّلْنَا We have sent down مُصَدِّقًا
confirming لِمَا what is مَعَكُمْ with you مِنْ قَبْلِ before أَنْ that
نَطْغِسَ We efface وَجُوهًا faces فَنَرُدَّهَا and turn them عَلَى to أَدْبَارِهَا
or لَلْعَنَتُمْ We curse them كَمَا as لَعَنَّا We cursed
أَصْحَابَ the السَّبْتِ (of) Sabbath وَكَانَ and is أَمْرُ the
Commandment اللَّهِ (of) Allah مَفْعُولًا executed ﴿١٧﴾ إِنَّ indeed
Allah لَا that يَغْفِرُ (does) not أَنْ forgive يُشْرَكَ that
ascribed بِهِ to Him وَيَغْفِرُ and He forgives مَا دُونَ other than ذَلِكَ
لِمَنْ that يُشْرِكُ and whoever وَمَنْ He will يَشَاءُ to whom
anyone بِاللَّهِ with Allah فَقَدْ indeed افْتَرَىٰ he has
a sin عَظِيمًا ﴿١٨﴾ tremendous devised

47. O you who have been given the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! Believe in what We have revealed (to Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) confirming what is (already) with you, before We efface faces (by making them like the back of necks; without nose, mouth and eyes) and turn them hindwards, or curse them as We cursed the Sabbath-breakers. And the Commandment of Allâh is always executed. 48. Verily, Allâh forgives not that partners should be set up with Him (in worship), but He forgives except that (anything else) to whom He wills; and whoever sets up partners with Allâh in worship, he has indeed invented a tremendous sin.

أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ يَزْعُمُونَ أَنَّهُمْ بِلِلَّهِ بُرْهَانٍ مِّنْ بَيْنِهِمْ ۖ لَّا يُظْلَمُونَ قَبِيلًا ﴿٤٩﴾ أَنْظِرْ كَيْفَ يَقْضُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ الْكَذِبَ ۖ وَكَفَى بِهِمْ إِثْمًا مُّبِينًا ﴿٥٠﴾ أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا نَصِيبًا مِّنَ الْكِتَابِ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْجِبْتِ وَالطَّلُوتِ وَيَقُولُونَ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا هَؤُلَاءِ أَهْدَى مِنَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا سَبِيلًا ﴿٥١﴾

claim (did) not أَلَمْ تَرَ you see إِلَى (to) الَّذِينَ those who يُزْعُمُونَ they claim
 purity أَنفُسَهُمْ for themselves بِلِلَّهِ though (it is) اللَّهُ Allah
 whom مِّنْ Who purifies يَنْصَهُ He pleases وَلَا and not يُظْلَمُونَ they will be wronged
 قَبِيلًا ﴿٤٩﴾ the least أَنْظِرْ see كَيْفَ how يَقْضُونَ and suffices
 اللَّهُ Allah الْكَذِبَ a lie وَكَفَى and suffices they invent عَلَى
 it إِثْمًا to be a sin مُّبِينًا ﴿٥٠﴾ manifest أَلَمْ (have) not تَرَ you
 seen إِلَى (to) الَّذِينَ those who أُوتُوا were given نَصِيبًا a portion
 of الْكِتَابِ the Book يُؤْمِنُونَ they believe بِالْجِبْتِ in baseless
 superstitious وَالطَّلُوتِ and false deities وَيَقُولُونَ and they say لِلَّذِينَ
 to those who كَفَرُوا disbelieved هَؤُلَاءِ (that) they are أَهْدَى
 guided مِّنْ than الَّذِينَ those who ءَامَنُوا believed سَبِيلًا ﴿٥١﴾ (to the
 Right) Path

49. Have you not seen those (Jews and Christians) who claim sanctity for themselves. Nay, but Allâh sanctifies whom He wills, and they will not be dealt with injustice even equal to the extent of a *Fatîlâ* (a scallish thread in the long slit of a date stone). 50. Look, how they invent a lie against Allâh, and enough is that as a manifest sin. 51. Have you not seen those who were given a portion of the Scripture? They believe in *Jibt* and *Tâghût* and say to the disbelievers that they are better guided as regards the way than the believers (Muslims).

أُولَٰئِكَ الَّذِينَ لَعَنَهُمُ اللَّهُ وَمَنْ يَلْعَنِ اللَّهُ فَلَنْ نَجْدَ لَهُمْ نَصِيرًا ﴿٥٢﴾ أَمْ لَهُمْ نَصِيبٌ مِّنَ الْمَالِ فَإِذَا لَا يُؤْتُونَ النَّاسَ نَقِيرًا ﴿٥٣﴾ أَمْ يَحْسُدُونَ النَّاسَ عَلَى مَا آتَاهُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ فَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا آلَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَءَاتَيْنَاهُمْ مُلْكًا عَظِيمًا ﴿٥٤﴾

أُولَٰئِكَ they are الَّذِينَ those لَعَنَهُمُ whom cursed اللَّهُ Allah وَمَنْ and
 whom يَلْعَنِ اللَّهُ curses فَلَنْ then will not نَجْدَ you find لَهُمْ for
 him نَصِيرًا ﴿٥٢﴾ any helper أَمْ or لَهُمْ they have نَصِيبٌ a share مِّنْ in
 the dominion فَإِذَا then لَا not يُؤْتُونَ they would give النَّاسَ

or (even) a speck on the back of a date-stone ﴿٥٧﴾ people
 gave what on people do they envy
 We indeed His Bounty of Allah them
 the Book (of) Abraham family gave
 a kingdom and We gave them and the Wisdom
 great ﴿٥٨﴾

52. They are those whom Allâh has cursed, and he whom Allâh curses, you will not find for him (any) helper, 53. Or have they a share in the dominion? Then in that case they would not give mankind even a *Naqîra* (speck on the back of a date stone). 54. Or do they envy men (Muhammad ﷺ and his followers) for what Allâh has given them of His Bounty? Then, We had already given the family of Ibrâhîm (Abraham) the Book and *Al-Hikmah* (*As-Sunnah* — Divine Revelation to those Prophets not written in the form of a book), and conferred upon them a great kingdom.

فَإِنَّهُمْ مِّنْ ءَامَنٍ بِهِ وَبِهِمْ مِّنْ صَدِّ عَنْهُ وَكَفَىٰ بِجَهَنَّمَ سَعِيرًا ﴿٥٧﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِآيَاتِنَا سَوْفَ نُصْلِيهِمْ نَارًا كَلَّمَ
 نَصَبَتْ جُلُودَهُمْ بَدَلَهُمْ جُلُودًا غَيْرَهَا لِيَذُوقُوا الْعَذَابَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَزِيزًا حَكِيمًا ﴿٥٨﴾ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا
 الصَّالِحَاتِ سَنُدْخِلُهُمْ جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرَىٰ مِن تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا لَهُمْ فِيهَا أَزْوَاجٌ مُّطَهَّرَةٌ وَنُدْخِلُهُمْ ظِلًّا
 ظَلِيلًا ﴿٥٩﴾

فَإِنَّهُمْ (the Jews) of them who believed in him and of them (were some) turned away from him
 وَكَفَىٰ and suffices Hell سَعِيرًا for a blaze إِنَّ indeed الَّذِينَ We shall Our Signs rejected those who
 (are) burnt as often as (in) Fire نَارًا shall burn them
 skins جُلُودًا We shall change them بَدَلَهُمْ their skins out
 غَيْرَهَا other (than) that لِيَذُوقُوا the الْعَذَابُ that they may taste
 All-Mighty is عَزِيزًا Allah إِنَّ indeed punishment
 and those who ءَامَنُوا and those who عَلِمُوا All-Wise حَكِيمًا
 We shall admit them to سَنُدْخِلُهُمْ good deeds جَنَّاتٍ did
 to جَنَّاتٍ Gardens flow مِن تَحْتِهَا under which الْأَنْهَارُ rivers خَالِدِينَ

abide فيها therein أبداً forever لهم for them فيها in it أزواجٌ
 spouses مطهرةٌ pure وَتُدْخِلُهُمْ and We shall admit them to ظِلًّا
 a shelter ظليلاً ﴿٥٧﴾ with plenteous shade

55. Of them were (some) who believed in him (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), and of them were (some) who averted their faces from him (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم); and enough is Hell for burning (them). 56. Surely, those who disbelieved in Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), We shall burn them in Fire. As often as their skins are roasted through, We shall change them for other skins that they may taste the punishment. Truly, Allâh is Ever Most Powerful, All-Wise. 57. But those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh — Islâmic Monotheism) and do deeds of righteousness, We shall admit them to Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise), abiding therein forever. Therein they shall have *Azawâjun Mutahharatun* (purified mates or wives), and We shall admit them to shades wide and ever deepening (Paradise).

﴿٥٧﴾ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَأْمُرُكُمْ أَنْ تُؤَدُّوا الْأَمَانَاتِ إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهَا وَإِذَا حَكَمْتُمْ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ أَنْ تَحْكُمُوا بِالْعَدْلِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ نِعِمَّا يَعِظُكُمْ بِهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ سَمِيعًا بَصِيرًا ﴿٥٨﴾ يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا أَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا الرَّسُولَ وَأُولِي الْأَمْرِ مِنْكُمْ فَإِنْ تَنَازَعْتُمْ فِي شَيْءٍ فَرُدُّوهُ إِلَى اللَّهِ وَالرَّسُولِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ ذَلِكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَحْسَنُ تَأْوِيلًا ﴿٥٩﴾

﴿٥٧﴾ إِنَّ اللَّهَ verily الله يأمركم you أن commands أن that تؤدُّوا you deliver
 the trusts الْأَمَانَاتِ إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهَا to (those who are) worthy of
 وَإِذَا حَكَمْتُمْ and when you judge بَيْنَ them (their owners)
 النَّاسِ between أن people تَحْكُمُوا that you should judge بِالْعَدْلِ with
 justice إِنَّ indeed الله الله نِعِمَّا excellently يَعِظُكُمْ admonishes
 ﴿٥٨﴾ of it إِنَّ verily الله الله كَانَ is سَمِيعًا All- Hearing بَصِيرًا ﴿٥٩﴾
 you obey أَطِيعُوا believe آمَنُوا who يَا أَيُّهَا All-Seeing
 وَالَّذِينَ O الَّذِينَ and you obey أَطِيعُوا الله الله and the Messenger الرَّسُولَ
 وَأُولِي الْأَمْرِ the Messenger وَأُولِي الْأَمْرِ those having authority
 مِنْكُمْ you then if فَإِنْ among you تَنَازَعْتُمْ then if
 فِي dispute among yourselves شَيْءٍ anything فَرُدُّوهُ refer it إِلَى
 to الله الله وَالرَّسُولِ and the Messenger إِنْ if كُنْتُمْ you تؤْمِنُونَ
 believe بِاللَّهِ in الله وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ and Day الْآخِرِ the Last ذَلِكَ that خَيْرٌ
 (is) better وَأَحْسَنُ and more suitable تَأْوِيلًا ﴿٥٩﴾ (for final)

Interpretation

58. Verily, Allâh commands that you should render back the trusts to those, to whom they are due; and that when you judge between men, you judge with justice. Verily, how excellent is the teaching which He (Allâh) gives you! Truly, Allâh is Ever All-Hearer, All-Seer. 59. O you who believe! Obey Allâh and obey the Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), and those of you (Muslims) who are in authority. (And) if you differ in anything amongst yourselves, refer it to Allâh and His Messenger (صلى الله عليه وسلم), if you believe in Allâh and in the Last Day. That is better and more suitable for final determination.

أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ يَزْعُمُونَ أَنَّهُمْ ءَامَنُوا بِمَا أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكَ وَمَا أُنزِلَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ يُرِيدُونَ أَنْ يَتَحَاكَمُوا إِلَى الطَّاغُوتِ وَقَدْ أُمِرُوا أَنْ يَكْفُرُوا بِهِ وَيُرِيدُ الشَّيْطَانُ أَنْ يُضِلَّهُمْ ضَلَالًا بَعِيدًا ﴿٥٩﴾ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ تَعَالَوْا إِلَى مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ وَإِلَى الرَّسُولِ رَأَيْتَ الْمُنَافِقِينَ يَصُدُّونَ عَنْكَ صُدُودًا ﴿٦٠﴾

أَلَمْ تَرَ have not تَرَ you seen إِلَى (to) الَّذِينَ those who يَزْعُمُونَ claim أَنَّهُمْ that they ءَامَنُوا believe بِمَا in what أُنزِلَ has been sent down إِلَيْكَ to you وَمَا and what أُنزِلَ was sent down مِنْ قَبْلِكَ they go for يُرِيدُونَ before you أَنْ they wish يَتَحَاكَمُوا that they go for judgement إِلَى the الطَّاغُوتِ Taghut (fake judges) وَقَدْ while أُمِرُوا they should reject يَكْفُرُوا that they had been ordered وَيُرِيدُ it but wishes الشَّيْطَانُ Satan أَنْ that يُضِلَّهُمْ he misleads ضَلَالًا them misleading بَعِيدًا ﴿٥٩﴾ far away وَإِذَا and when قِيلَ it is said لَهُمْ to them تَعَالَوْا come إِلَى to مَا what أَنْزَلَ sent down اللَّهُ Allah وَإِلَى and to الرَّسُولِ the Messenger رَأَيْتَ you see الْمُنَافِقِينَ the hypocrites يَصُدُّونَ turn away عَنْكَ from you صُدُودًا ﴿٦٠﴾ with aversion

60. Have you not seen those (hypocrites) who claim that they believe in that which has been sent down to you, and that which was sent down before you, and they wish to go for judgement (in their disputes) to the *Tāghūt* (false judges) while they have been ordered to reject them. But *Shaitân* (Satan) wishes to lead them far astray. 61. And when it is said to them: "Come to what Allâh has sent down and to the Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم)," you (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) see the hypocrites turn away from you (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) with aversion.

فَكَيْفَ إِذَا أَصَابَتْهُمْ مُصِيبَةٌ بِمَا قَدَّمَتْ أَيْدِيهِمْ ثُمَّ جَاءُوكَ يَحْلِفُونَ بِاللَّهِ إِنْ أَرَدْنَا إِلَّا إِحْسَانًا وَتَوْفِيقًا ﴿٦١﴾ أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ يَعْلَمُ اللَّهُ مَا فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ فَأَعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ وَعِظْهُمْ وَقُلْ لَهُمْ فِي أَنْفُسِهِمْ

قَوْلًا بَلِيغًا ﴿٦٢﴾ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا مِنْ رَّسُولٍ إِلَّا لِيُطَاعَ بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ إِذْ ظَلَمُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ جَاءُوكَ فَاسْتَغْفَرُوا اللَّهَ وَاسْتَغْفَرَ لَهُمُ الرَّسُولُ لَوَجَدُوا اللَّهَ تَوَّابًا رَحِيمًا ﴿٦٣﴾

كَفَيْتْ how then إِذَا when أَصَبَتْهُمْ befalls them مُصِيبَةً a calamity بِمَا for what قَدَّمَتْ sent forth أَيْدِيَهُمْ their hands ثُمَّ then جَاءُوكَ they came to you بِحَيْثُونَ swearing بِاللَّهِ by good will إِنْكُنَّا only لَا We wanted أَرَدْنَا verily إِنَّ Allah those of whom الَّذِينَ they are أُولَئِكَ and reconciliation ﴿٦٢﴾ وَتَوْفِيقًا ﴿٦٣﴾ يَعْلَمُ اللَّهُ knows اللَّهُ مَا what فِي (is) فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ their hearts فَأَعْرِضْ so turn away عَنْهُمْ from them وَعِظْهُمْ and admonish them وَقُلْ and say لَهُمْ to them فِي about أَنْفُسِهِمْ themselves قَوْلًا words بَلِيغًا ﴿٦٣﴾ وَمَا penetrating and never أَرْسَلْنَا We sent مِنْ رَّسُولٍ by Leave بِإِذْنِ that he is obeyed إِلَّا a Messenger (of) اللَّهُ Allah وَلَوْ and if أَنَّهُمْ they إِذْ when ظَلَمُوا they wronged أَنْفُسَهُمْ themselves جَاءُوكَ they came to you فَاسْتَغْفَرُوا and asked فَاسْتَغْفَرَ اللَّهُ and asked forgiveness (of) لَهُمُ forgiveness الرَّسُولُ the Messenger لَوَجَدُوا they would have found تَوَّابًا رَحِيمًا ﴿٦٣﴾ Most All-Forgiving Merciful

62. How then, when a catastrophe befalls them because of what their hands have sent forth, they come to you swearing by Allâh, "We meant no more than goodwill and conciliation!" 63. They (hypocrites) are those of whom Allâh knows what is in their hearts; so turn aside from them (do not punish them) but admonish them, and speak to them an effective word (i.e. to believe in Allâh, worship Him, obey Him, and be afraid of Him) to reach their inner-selves. 64. We sent no Messenger, but to be obeyed by Allâh's Leave. If they (hypocrites), when they had been unjust to themselves, had come to you (Muhammad ﷺ) and begged Allâh's forgiveness, and the Messenger had begged forgiveness for them, indeed, they would have found Allâh All-Forgiving (One Who forgives and accepts repentance), Most Merciful.

فَلَا وَرَبِّكَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ حَتَّى يُحَكِّمُوكَ فِي مَا شَجَرَ بَيْنَهُمْ ثُمَّ لَا يَجِدُوا فِي أَنْفُسِهِمْ حَرَجًا مِمَّا قَضَيْتَ وَيُسَلِّمُوا تَسْلِيمًا ﴿٦٥﴾ وَلَوْ أَنَّا كَتَبْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ أَنْ اقْتُلُوا أَنْفُسَكُمْ أَوْ أَخْرِجُوا مِنْ دِيَارِكُمْ مَا فَعَلُوهُ إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ مِنْهُمْ وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ فَعَلُوا مَا يُوعَظُونَ بِهِ لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَهُمْ وَأَشَدَّ تَثْبِيتًا ﴿٦٦﴾

فَلَا وَرَبِّكَ لَا by your Lord but no they believe do not لَا until حَتَّى يُحَكِّمُوكَ in what they make you judge فِي مَا شَجَرَ rose (disputes) between them ثُمَّ لَا and لَا يَجِدُوا in أَنفُسِهِمْ they find حَرَجًا themselves on what مِمَّا anguish قَضَيْتَ and submit (accept) وَيُسَلِّمُوا you have decided تَسْلِيمًا ﴿٦٥﴾ and if We أَنَا and if وَلَوْ with full submission عَلَيْهِمْ had enjoined كَتَبْنَا We أَنَا and if upon them أَوْ اقْتُلُوا you kill أَنْفُسَكُمْ yourselves أَوْ leave أَخْرِجُوا مِنْ دِيَارِكُمْ (from) your homes مَا not فَعَلُوهُ they would but/except قَلِيلٌ very few لَّا have done it of them مِنْهُمْ they were admonished يُوْعَظُونَ what مَا had done فَعَلُوا if أَنَّهُمْ of it لَكَانَ it would have been خَيْرًا better لَهُمْ for them وَأَشَدَّ (to their) firmness تَثْبِيتًا ﴿٦٦﴾ and (would have) added

65. But no, by your Lord, they can have no Faith, until they make you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) judge in all disputes between them, and find in themselves no resistance against your decisions, and accept (them) with full submission.
66. And if We had ordered them (saying), "Kill yourselves (i.e. the innocent ones kill the guilty ones) or leave your homes," very few of them would have done it; but if they had done what they were told, it would have been better for them, and would have strengthened their (Faith);

وَإِذَا لَآتَيْنَهُمْ مِنْ لَدُنَّا أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا ﴿٦٧﴾ وَلَهَدَيْتَهُمْ صِرَاطًا مُسْتَقِيمًا ﴿٦٨﴾ وَمَنْ يُطِيعِ اللَّهَ وَالرَّسُولَ فَأُولَٰئِكَ مَعَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ النَّبِيِّينَ وَالصَّادِقِينَ وَالشُّهَدَاءِ وَالصَّالِحِينَ وَحَسُنَ أُولَٰئِكَ رَفِيقًا ﴿٦٩﴾ ذَٰلِكَ الْفَضْلُ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَكَفَىٰ بِاللَّهِ عِلْمًا ﴿٧٠﴾

وَإِذَا and then لَآتَيْنَهُمْ We would have given them مِنْ لَدُنَّا from أَجْرًا Ourselves عَظِيمًا ﴿٦٧﴾ a great وَلَهَدَيْتَهُمْ ﴿٦٨﴾ and We would صِرَاطًا have guided them مُسْتَقِيمًا ﴿٦٩﴾ (to the) Way وَمَنْ Straight

وَأُولَئِكَ and the Messenger وَالرَّسُولُ Allah obeys يُطِيعُ whoso they مَعَ (will be) الَّذِينَ those أَنْعَمَ (His) Blessings bestowed Allah عَلَيْهِمْ upon them مِنَ of النَّبِيِّينَ the Prophets وَالصَّادِقِينَ and the truthful وَالشَّهِدَاءَ and the martyrs وَالصَّالِحِينَ and the righteous وَحَسَنَ righteaus وَأُولَئِكَ and how excellent رَفِيقًا ﴿١٩﴾ these are companions ذَلِكَ (is) الْفَضْلُ the Bounty مِنَ the Allah وَكَفَى Allah and suffices بِاللَّهِ Allah عَلِيمًا ﴿٢٠﴾ (as) All-Knower

67. And indeed We should then have bestowed upon them a great reward from Ourselves. 68. And indeed We should have guided them to the Straight Way. 69. And whoso obey Allâh and the Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), then they will be in the company of those on whom Allâh has bestowed His Grace, of the Prophets, the *Siddiqûn* (those followers of the Prophets who were first and foremost to believe in them, like Abu Bakr As-Siddîq رضى الله عنه), the martyrs, and the righteous. And how excellent these companions are! 70. Such is the Bounty from Allâh, and Allâh is Sufficient as All-Knower.

يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا خُذُوا حِذْرَكُمْ فَانفِرُوا ثُبَاتٍ أَوْ بَعَادَ وَإِنْ مِنْكُمْ لَمَن لَّيْبُطُنَّ فَإِنْ أَصَابَتْكُمْ مُصِيبَةٌ قَالْ قَدْ أَنْعَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيَّ إِذْ لَوْ أَكُنْ مَعَهُمْ شَهِيدًا ﴿٢٠﴾ وَلَئِنْ أَصَابَكُمْ فَضْلٌ مِّنَ اللَّهِ لَيَقُولَنَّ كَأَن لَّمْ تَكُنْ بَيْنَكُمْ وَبَيْنَهُ مَوَدَّةٌ يَلْبِسَنِي كُنْتُ مَعَهُمْ فَأَفُوزَ فَوْزًا عَظِيمًا ﴿٢١﴾

يَأْتِيهَا O you الَّذِينَ who ءَامَنُوا believe خُذُوا you take حِذْرَكُمْ your precautions فَانفِرُوا and advance ثُبَاتٍ in groups أَوْ or انفِرُوا advance جَمِيعًا ﴿٢٠﴾ all together وَإِنَّ مِنْكُمْ لَمَن لَّيْبُطُنَّ he who لَمَن then if أَصَابَتْكُمْ befell you مُصِيبَةٌ a calamity قَالْ he said قَدْ indeed أَنْعَمَ (His) Blessings bestowed Allah عَلَيْهِمْ upon me إِذْ that لَوْ not أَكُنْ I was مَعَهُمْ with them شَهِيدًا ﴿٢٠﴾ present وَلَئِنْ أَصَابَكُمْ فَضْلٌ befell you فَضْلٌ the Bounty مِنَ from Allah لَيَقُولَنَّ he would say كَأَن as if لَمْ (had) not تَكُنْ there been بَيْنَكُمْ between you وَبَيْنَهُ between him مَوَدَّةٌ an affection يَلْبِسَنِي would that كُنْتُ I had been مَعَهُمْ success فَأَفُوزَ with them فَوْزًا then I should have achieved عَظِيمًا ﴿٢١﴾ a great

71. O you who believe! Take your precautions, and either go forth (on an expedition) in parties, or go forth all together. 72. There is certainly among you he who would linger behind (from fighting in Allâh's Cause). If a misfortune befalls you, he says, "Indeed Allâh has favoured me in that I was not present among them." 73. But if a bounty (victory and booty) comes to you from Allâh, he would surely say — as if there had never been ties of affection between you and him — "Oh! I wish I had been with them; then I would have achieved a great success (a good share of booty)."

﴿ فَلْيُقَاتِلْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ الَّذِينَ يَشْرُونَ الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا بِالْآخِرَةِ وَمَن يُقَاتِلْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ فَيُقْتَلْ أَوْ يَغْلِبْ فَسَوْفَ نُؤْتِيهِ أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا ﴾ ﴿٧١﴾ وَمَا لَكُمْ لَا تُقَاتِلُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَالْمُسْتَضْعَفِينَ مِنَ الرِّجَالِ وَالنِّسَاءِ وَالْوِلْدَانِ الَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا أَخْرِجْنَا مِنْ هَذِهِ الْقَرْيَةِ الظَّالِمِ أَهْلُهَا وَاجْعَل لَّنَا مِن لَّدُنكَ وَلِيًّا وَاجْعَل لَّنَا مِن لَّدُنكَ نَصِيرًا ﴿٧٢﴾

﴿ فَلْيُقَاتِلْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ ﴾ let fight (of) Allah the Way in ﴿ الَّذِينَ يَشْرُونَ ﴾ those who sell life الدُّنْيَا (of this) world ﴿ بِالْآخِرَةِ ﴾ in exchange of the Hereafter ﴿ وَمَن يُقَاتِلْ ﴾ and whoever fights ﴿ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ ﴾ in the Cause of Allah ﴿ فَيُقْتَلْ أَوْ يَغْلِبْ ﴾ is killed or gets victory ﴿ فَسَوْفَ نُؤْتِيهِ أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا ﴾ ﴿٧١﴾ We grant him soon shall ﴿ وَمَا لَكُمْ لَا تُقَاتِلُونَ ﴾ and what is wrong with you ﴿ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ ﴾ in the Cause of Allah ﴿ وَالْمُسْتَضْعَفِينَ مِنَ الرِّجَالِ وَالنِّسَاءِ وَالْوِلْدَانِ ﴾ (of) Allah the Way (that) you fight (for) weak (and oppressed) among men, women and children ﴿ رَبَّنَا أَخْرِجْنَا مِنْ هَذِهِ الْقَرْيَةِ الظَّالِمِ أَهْلُهَا ﴾ Our Lord say who ﴿ وَاجْعَل لَّنَا مِن لَّدُنكَ وَلِيًّا ﴾ and appoint whose people oppressors ﴿ وَاجْعَل لَّنَا مِن لَّدُنكَ نَصِيرًا ﴾ ﴿٧٢﴾ Yourself a protector and appoint from us for us from You one who will help.

74. Let those (believers) who sell the life of this world for the Hereafter fight in the Cause of Allâh, and whoso fights in the Cause of Allâh, and is killed or gets victory, We shall bestow on him a great reward. 75. And what is wrong with you that you fight not in the Cause of Allâh, and for those weak, ill-treated and oppressed among men, women, and children, whose cry is: "Our Lord! Rescue us from this town whose people are oppressors; and raise for us from You one who will protect, and raise for us from You one who will help."

الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا يُقَاتِلُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا يُقَاتِلُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ الطَّاغُوتِ فَقَاتِلُوا أَوْلِيَاءَ الشَّيْطَانِ إِنَّ كَيْدَ الشَّيْطَانِ كَانَ ضَعِيفًا ﴿٧٦﴾ أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ قِيلَ لَهُمْ كُفُّوا أَيْدِيَكُمْ وَأَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ وَآتُوا الزَّكَاةَ فَلَمَّا كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقِتَالُ إِذَا فَرِيقٌ مِنْهُمْ يَخْشَوْنَ النَّاسَ كَخَشْيَةِ اللَّهِ أَوْ أَشَدَّ خَشْيَةً وَقَالُوا رَبَّنَا لِمَ كَتَبْتَ عَلَيْنَا الْقِتَالَ لَوْلَا أَخَّرْنَا إِلَيْكَ أَجَلَ قَرِيبٍ قُلْ مَتَاعُ الدُّنْيَا قَلِيلٌ وَالْآخِرَةُ خَيْرٌ لِمَنِ اتَّقَى وَلَا يُظْلَمُونَ فَتِيلًا ﴿٧٧﴾

الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا those who believe in fight in the Way of Allah (of) Allah and those who disbelieve fight in the way of Taghut (Satan) the way of Satan indeed (of) Satan friends (against) you seen have not weak is Satan (of) Satan those (to) it was said (when) it was said to them hold back your hands and establish the prayer and pay Zakat but when fighting was enjoined upon them a group then the fighting upon them fear the men as (they) fear Allah or even greater fear even greater and they said our Lord and they said why have You ordained the fighting on us did not you defer it for us another period for (is) little (of) (this) world enjoyment say close and the Hereafter and (is) better for whoever and not fears Allah the least

76. Those who believe, fight in the Cause of Allâh, and those who disbelieve, fight in the cause of *Tāghût* (Satan). So fight you against the friends of *Shaitân* (Satan); ever feeble indeed is the plot of *Shaitân* (Satan). 77. Have you not seen those who were told to hold back their hands (from fighting) and perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), and give *Zakât*, but when the fighting was ordained for them, behold! a section of them fear men as they fear Allâh or even more. They say: "Our Lord! Why have you ordained for us fighting? Would that you had granted us respite for a short period?" Say: "Short is the enjoyment of this world. The Hereafter is (far) better for him who fears Allâh, and you shall not be dealt with unjustly even equal to the *Fatîlâ* (a scallish thread in the long slit of a date stone).

أَيْنَمَا تَكُونُوا يُدْرِكَكُمُ الْمَوْتُ وَلَوْ كُنْتُمْ فِي بُرُجٍ مُّسْتَدْرَجِينَ وَإِنْ تُصِبْهُمْ حَسَنَةٌ يَقُولُوا هَذِهِ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ وَإِنْ تُصِبْهُمْ سَيِّئَةٌ يَقُولُوا هَذِهِ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ قُلْ كُلٌّ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ قُلْ لَّيْسَ هَؤُلَاءِ الْقَوْمُ لَا يَكَادُونَ يَفْقَهُونَ حَدِيثًا ﴿٧٨﴾ مَا أَصَابَكَ مِنْ حَسَنَةٍ فَنِ اللَّهِ وَمَا أَصَابَكَ مِنْ سَيِّئَةٍ فَنَفْسِكَ وَأَرْسَلْنَاكَ لِلنَّاسِ رَسُولًا وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ شَهِيدًا ﴿٧٩﴾

أَيْنَمَا تَكُونُوا you may be wherever بُدْرِكُكُمْ will overtake you death وَلَوْ even if you are in بُرُجٍ towers مُّسْتَدْرَجُونَ built up they تُصِبْهُمْ a good حَسَنَةٌ happens to them and if يُقُولُوا lofty say هَذِهِ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ (is) from Allah وَإِنْ (is) from you تُصِبْهُمْ and if هَذِهِ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ (is) from Allah they say يَقُولُوا an evil سَيِّئَةٌ them so what (is wrong) قُلْ all say كُلٌّ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ (is) from Allah هَؤُلَاءِ these الْقَوْمُ people لَا do not يَكَادُونَ they seem يَفْقَهُونَ they seem to understand حَدِيثًا ﴿٧٨﴾ any word مَا whatever أَصَابَكَ happened to and whatever وَمَا Allah (is) from you of حَسَنَةٍ good فَنِ (is) from Allah yourself of سَيِّئَةٍ evil فَنِ (is) from نَفْسِكَ as وَأَرْسَلْنَاكَ لِلنَّاسِ and We have sent you رَسُولًا for mankind as a Witness شَهِيدًا ﴿٧٩﴾ Allah and suffices a Messenger

78. "Wheresoever you may be, death will overtake you even if you are in fortresses built up strong and high!" And if some good reaches them, they say, "This is from Allâh," but if some evil befalls them, they say, "This is from you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم)." Say: "All things are from Allâh," so what is wrong with these people that they fail to understand any word? 79. Whatever of good reaches you, is from Allâh, but whatever of evil befalls you, is from yourself. And We have sent you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) as a Messenger to mankind, and Allâh is Sufficient as a Witness.

مَنْ يُطِيعِ الرَّسُولَ فَقَدْ أَطَاعَ اللَّهَ وَمَنْ تَوَلَّى فَمَا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ عَلَيْهِمْ حَفِظًا ﴿٨٠﴾ وَيَقُولُونَ طَاعَةٌ فَإِذَا بَرَزُوا مِنْ عِنْدِكَ بَيَّتَ طَائِفَةٌ مِنْهُمْ غَيْرَ الَّذِي تَقُولُ وَاللَّهُ يَكْتُبُ مَا يُنِيبُونَ فَأَعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ وَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى اللَّهِ وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ وَكِيلًا ﴿٨١﴾ أَفَلَا يَتَذَكَّرُونَ الْفَرِيقَانِ وَلَوْ كَانَ مِنْ عِنْدِ غَيْرِ اللَّهِ لَوَجَدُوا فِيهِ اخْتِلَافًا كَثِيرًا ﴿٨٢﴾

مَنْ يُطِيعِ the Messenger الرَّسُولَ obeys فَقَدْ the Messenger has indeed أَطَاعَ who obeyed اللَّهَ Allah وَمَنْ تَوَلَّى and who فَمَا turned away اللَّهُ Allah أَرْسَلْنَاكَ We have sent you عَلَيْهِمْ over them حَفِظًا ﴿٨٠﴾ as a keeper

وَقَوْلُوبُ and they say طَاعَةٌ obedience فَإِذَا but
 spends night بِرُؤُوسِهِمْ they leave مِنْ عِنْدِكَ your presence بَيْنَ when
 (planning) طَائِفَةٌ a group مِنْهُمْ of them غَيْرَ other than الَّذِي
 what تَقُولُ you say وَاللَّهُ and يَكْتُبُ records مَا
 يَمْسُكُونَ (in planning) فَاعْرِضْ they spend night (from) عَنْهُمْ so turn
 and suffices وَكَفَى Allah وَاللَّهُ in عَلَى and put your trust وَتَوَكَّلْ them
 بِاللَّهِ Allah وَكَيْلًا ﴿٨١﴾ as a trustee أَفَلَا do they not يَتَذَكَّرُونَ ponder
 over الْقُرْآنَ the Quran وَلَوْ and كَانَ been مِنْ عِنْدِ from غَيْرِ
 other than Allah لَوَجَدُوا certainly they would have found فِيهِ many
 contradictions كَثِيرًا ﴿٨٢﴾ in it

80. He who obeys the Messenger (Muhammad ﷺ), has indeed obeyed Allâh, but he who turns away, then we have not sent you (O Muhammad ﷺ) as a watcher over them. 81. They say: "We are obedient," but when they leave you (Muhammad ﷺ), a section of them spend all night in planning other than what you say. But Allâh records their nightly (plots). So turn aside from them (do not punish them), and put your trust in Allâh. And Allâh is Ever All-Sufficient as a Disposer of affairs. 82. Do they not then consider the Qur'ân carefully? Had it been from other than Allâh, they would surely, have found therein many a contradiction.

وَإِذَا جَاءَهُمْ أَمْرٌ مِنَ الْأَمْنِ أَوْ الْخَوْفِ أَذَاعُوا بِهِ، وَلَوْ رَدُّوهُ إِلَى الرَّسُولِ وَإِلَى أُولِي الْأَمْرِ مِنْهُمْ لَعَلِمَهُ الَّذِينَ يَسْتَنْبِطُونَهُ مِنْهُمْ وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَتُهُ لَاتَّبَعْتُمُ الشَّيْطَانَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿٨١﴾ فَقَدِيلٌ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ لَا تَكْلَفُ إِلَّا نَفْسَكَ وَحَرِضَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى اللَّهِ أَنْ يَكْفَ بِأَسِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَاللَّهُ أَشَدُّ بِأَسًا وَأَشَدُّ تَنْكِيلًا ﴿٨٢﴾

وَإِذَا جَاءَهُمْ أَمْرٌ comes to them and whenever الْأَمْنِ peace أَوْ الْخَوْفِ fear أَذَاعُوا بِهِ they spread it وَلَوْ it
 but had رَدُّوهُ to الرَّسُولِ the Messenger وَإِلَى
 and to أُولِي الْأَمْرِ those having authority مِنْهُمْ among them لَعَلِمَهُ
 would have been known by الَّذِينَ يَسْتَنْبِطُونَهُ those who
 and had not (there) وَلَوْلَا from them مِنْهُمْ (right conclusions)
 and His رَحْمَتُهُ on you عَلَيْكُمْ (of) Allah وَاللَّهُ Bounty been)
 Mercy لَاتَّبَعْتُمُ certainly you would have followed الشَّيْطَانَ Satan

إِلَّا but قَلِيلًا ﴿٨٣﴾ a few فَقَاتِلْ so fight in فِي سَبِيلِ the Way اللَّهُ for (of) Allah لَا not تَكُلَّفُ (you are) accountable إِلَّا but نَفْسَكَ for yourself وَخَوِّضْ and rouse الْمُؤْمِنِينَ the believers عَسَى maybe اللَّهُ أَنْ Allah that يَكُفَّ restrain بَأْسَ evil الَّذِينَ (of) those who كَفَرُوا in might بَأْسًا (is) Stronger and Allah وَأَلَّهُ disbelieved in punishing تَنْكِيلًا ﴿٨٤﴾ and Stronger وَأَشَدُّ

83. When there comes to them some matter touching (public) safety or fear, they make it known (among the people); if only they had referred it to the Messenger or to those charged with authority among them, the proper investigators would have understood it from them (directly). Had it not been for the Grace and Mercy of Allâh upon you, you would have followed *Shaitân* (Satan), save a few of you. 84. Then fight (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) in the Cause of Allâh, you are not tasked (held responsible) except for yourself, and incite the believers (to fight along with you), it may be that Allâh will restrain the evil might of the disbelievers. And Allâh is Stronger in might and Stronger in punishing.

مَنْ يَشْفَعْ شَفْعَةً حَسَنَةً يَكُنْ لَهُ نَصِيبٌ مِّنْهَا وَمَنْ يَشْفَعْ شَفْعَةً سَيِّئَةً يَكُنْ لَهُ كِفْلٌ مِّنْهَا وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مُّقْبِلًا ﴿٨٥﴾ وَإِذَا حُيِّيتُمْ بِتَحِيَّةٍ فَحَيُّوا بِأَحْسَنَ مِنْهَا أَوْ رُدُّوهَا إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ حَسِيبًا ﴿٨٦﴾ اللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ لِيَجْمَعَ بَيْنَكُمْ إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ وَمَنْ أَصْدَقُ مِنَ اللَّهِ حَدِيثًا ﴿٨٧﴾

مَنْ whoever يَشْفَعْ intercedes شَفْعَةً intercession حَسَنَةً a good يَكُنْ he shall have لَهُ a share نَصِيبٌ of it وَمَنْ and whoever يَشْفَعْ intercedes شَفْعَةً intercession سَيِّئَةً an evil يَكُنْ He shall have لَهُ for him كِفْلٌ burden مِّنْهَا of it وَكَانَ and is اللَّهُ Allah عَلَى over كُلِّ every شَيْءٍ thing مُّقْبِلًا ﴿٨٥﴾ Reckoner وَإِذَا and you حُيِّيتُمْ when you are greeted بِتَحِيَّةٍ with a greeting فَحَيُّوا greet بِأَحْسَنَ better مِنْهَا or أَزْ than that رُدُّوهَا return it (equally) إِنَّ indeed اللَّهُ Allah كَانَ is عَلَى over كُلِّ every شَيْءٍ thing حَسِيبًا ﴿٨٦﴾ Account-Taker اللَّهُ Allah لَا (there is) no إِلَهَ god إِلَّا هُوَ but هُوَ Him لِيَجْمَعَ بَيْنَكُمْ He would certainly gather you together إِلَى to يَوْمِ Day الْقِيَامَةِ (of) Resurrection لَا (there is) no رَيْبَ doubt فِيهِ in it وَمَنْ (about which) أَصْدَقُ and who (is) truer مِنْ than اللَّهُ Allah حَدِيثًا ﴿٨٧﴾ in statement

85. Whosoever intercedes for a good cause will have the reward thereof, and whosoever intercedes for an evil cause will have a share in its burden. And Allâh is Ever All-Able to do (and also an All-Witness to) everything. 86. When you are greeted with a greeting, greet in return with what is better than it, or (at least) return it equally. Certainly, Allâh is Ever a Careful Account Taker of all things. 87. Allâh! *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He). Surely, He will gather you together on the Day of Resurrection about which there is no doubt. And who is truer in statement than Allâh?

﴿فَمَا لَكُمْ فِي الْمُنَافِقِينَ فِتْنَةٍ وَاللَّهُ أَرَكْسَهُمْ بِمَا كَسَبُوا أُرِيدُونَ أَنْ تَهْدُوا مَنْ أَضَلَّ اللَّهُ وَمَنْ يُضِلِلِ اللَّهُ فَلَنْ تَجِدَ لَهُ سَبِيلًا﴾ وَدُّوا لَوْ تَكْفُرُونَ كَمَا كَفَرُوا فَتَكُونُونَ سَوَاءً فَلَا تَتَّخِذُوا مِنْهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءَ حَتَّىٰ يُهَاجِرُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَخُذُوهُمْ وَأَقْتُلُوهُمْ حَيْثُ وَجَدْتُمُوهُمْ وَلَا تَتَّخِذُوا مِنْهُمْ وَلِيًّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا ﴿٨٩﴾

﴿فَمَا﴾ then what (is the matter) regarding *لَكُمْ* with you *فِي* the hypocrites *الْمُنَافِقِينَ* *فِتْنَةٍ* (you have become) two parties they *كَسَبُوا* cast them back *بِمَا* when Allah *أَرَكْسَهُمْ* whom you guide *تَهْدُوا* that *أَنْ* do you want *أُرِيدُونَ* earned lets go astray *يُضِلِلِ* and whom *وَمَنْ* Allah *اللَّهُ* lets go astray *أَضَلَّ* Allah *اللَّهُ* *فَلَنْ* you find *تَجِدَ* will not *لَهُ* for him *سَبِيلًا* a way *﴿٨٨﴾* they wish *وَدُّوا* if *لَوْ* they disbelieve *تَكْفُرُونَ* as *كَمَا* you become *فَتَكُونُونَ* alike (equal) *سَوَاءً* and you take *تَتَّخِذُوا* not from them *أَوْلِيَاءَ* friends *حَتَّىٰ* till they emigrate *فِي* the Way *سَبِيلِ* Allah *اللَّهُ* (of) Allah *﴿٨٩﴾* but if *فَإِنْ* they turn back *فَخُذُوهُمْ* seize them *وَأَقْتُلُوهُمْ* and kill them *حَيْثُ* wherever you find them *وَجَدْتُمُوهُمْ* (and) neither *وَلَا* you find them *تَتَّخِذُوا* a helper *نَصِيرًا* nor *وَلَا* a friend *وَلِيًّا* from them *تَتَّخِذُوا* take

88. Then what is the matter with you that you are divided into two parties about the hypocrites? Allâh has cast them back (to disbelief) because of what they have earned. Do you want to guide him whom Allâh has made to go astray? And he whom Allâh has made to go astray, you will never find for him any way (of guidance). 89. They wish that you reject Faith, as they have rejected (Faith), and thus that you all become equal (like one another). So take not *Auliya'* (protectors or friends) from them, till they emigrate in the way of Allâh (to Muhammad ﷺ). But if they turn back (from Islâm), take (hold of) them and kill them wherever you find them, and take neither *Auliya'* (protectors or friends) nor helpers from them.

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ يَصِلُونَ إِلَى قَوْمٍ بَيْنَكُمْ وَبَيْنَهُمْ مِيثَاقٌ أَوْ جَاءَهُمْ حَصْرَتٌ مِنْهُمُ أَنْ يَقْتُلُوكُمْ أَوْ يَقْبَلُوا قَوْمَهُمْ وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَسَاطَهُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ فَلَمْ يَقْتُلُوكُمْ فَإِنْ أَعْتَزَلُوكُمْ فَلَمْ يَقْبَلُواكُمْ فَمَا جَعَلَ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ سَبِيلًا

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ except those who يَصِلُونَ join إِلَى (to) قَوْمٍ a group يَنْتَقِمُونَ or (is) a treaty يَمِيقُونَ and between them بَيْنَهُمْ between you جَاكُمُ those who come to you حَصَرْتُ restraining صُدُّوهُمْ they fight or يُقَاتِلُوا they fight you أَنْ that يُقَاتِلُوكُمْ or they fight you أَنْ that بَرَأَتْ their people وَلَوْ and had شَاءَ Allah ﷻ لَسَطَّهَمْ He would لَسَطَّهَمْ over you فَلَقَّاتِلُوكُمْ have given them power عَلَيْهِمْ over you فَلَقَّاتِلُوكُمْ so if قَاتِلُوا have fought you فَلَمَّ they withdraw from you أَغْرَزُوا and did not بَقِيَتْ and offer أَلْقَا fight against you إِلَيْكُمْ (to) بَقِيَتْ you السَّلَامَ peace مَا then has not جَعَلَ Allah ﷻ لَكُمْ against them سَبِيلًا against them عَلَيْهِمْ for you

90. Except those who join a group, between you and whom there is a treaty (of peace), or those who approach you with their breasts restraining from fighting you as well as fighting their own people. Had Allâh willed, indeed He would have given them power over you, and they would have fought you. So if they withdraw from you, and fight not against you, and offer you peace, then Allâh has opened no way for you against them.

سَتَجِدُونَ الَّذِينَ يُبَايِعُونَكُمْ يَقُولُونَ إِنَّمَا نُبَايِعُهُمْ خِيفَةَ الرَّعْدِ وَنَحْنُ مُسْلِمُونَ أَلَمْ يَكْفُرُوا بِالْحَقِّ إِذْ أَخْرَجَهُمْ مِنْ دَارِهِمْ لِيُخَلِّفُوا فِيهَا وَالْغَفَّارُ الْكَلِيمُ

that أَن who wish يُرِيدُونَ others مَا لَكُمْ you will find سَتَجِدُونَ
and they be secure from وَيَأْمَنُوا they be secure from you يَأْمَنُوكُمْ
to إِلَى they are returned رُدُّوْا whenever كُلَّمَا their people قَوْمُهُمْ
so if فَإِن into it فِيهَا they plunge أَرْكَسُوا a mischief/temptation الْفِتْنَةُ
لَمْ did not يَتَرَدَّدُوا they withdraw from you وَتَلَقَّوْا and offer إِلَيْكُمْ
their hands أَيْدِيَهُمْ and they hold وَيَكْفُرُوا peace (to) you اَلْسَلَامُ
wherever حَيْثُ and kill them وَأَقْتُلُوهُمْ then seize them فَخُذُوهُمْ

We have جَعَلْنَا and those people وَأُولَئِكَمُ you find them تَوَفَّنَاهُمْ
 a مُبَيِّنًا sanction سُلْطَانًا against them عَلَيْهِم for you لَكُمْ made
 clear clear

91. You will find others that wish to have security from you and security from their people. Every time they are sent back to temptation, they yield thereto. If they withdraw not from you, nor offer you peace, nor restrain their hands, take (hold of) them and kill them wherever you find them. In their case, We have provided you with a clear warrant against them.

وَمَا كَانَتْ لِمُؤْمِنٍ أَنْ يَقْتُلَ مُؤْمِنًا إِلَّا خَطَاً وَمَنْ قَتَلَ مُؤْمِنًا خَطَاً فَتَحْرِيرُ رَقَبَةٍ مُؤْمِنَةٍ وَدِيَةٌ مُسَلَّمَةٌ
 إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهِ إِلَّا أَنْ يَصَدَّقُوا فَإِنْ كَانَتْ مِنْ قَوْمٍ عَدُوٍّ لَكُمْ وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ فَتَحْرِيرُ رَقَبَةٍ مُؤْمِنَةٍ وَإِنْ
 كَانَتْ مِنْ قَوْمٍ بَيْنَكُمْ وَبَيْنَهُمْ مِيثَاقٌ فَدِيَةٌ مُسَلَّمَةٌ إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهِ وَتَحْرِيرُ رَقَبَةٍ مُؤْمِنَةٍ فَمَنْ
 لَمْ يَجِدْ فَصِيَامُ شَهْرَيْنِ مُتَتَابِعَيْنِ تَوْبَةً مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ﴿٩١﴾

he يَقْتُلُ that أَنْ for a believer لِمُؤْمِنٍ it is كَانَتْ and not وَمَا
 and وَمَنْ by mistake خَطَاً except إِلَّا a believer مُؤْمِنًا kills
 فَمَنْ whosoever قَتَلَ killed مُؤْمِنًا a believer خَطَاً by mistake فَتَحْرِيرُ
 a (of) person (slave) رَقَبَةٍ then (upon him) freedom
 his أَهْلِهِ to اللَّهِ be paid مُسَلَّمَةٌ and blood-money وَدِيَةٌ believing
 family إِلَّا except أَنْ that يَصَدَّقُوا they remit it as a charity فَإِنْ
 to you لَكُمْ enemy عَدُوٍّ people قَوْمٍ from he is كَانَتْ and if
 وَهُوَ and he is مُؤْمِنٌ a believer فَتَحْرِيرُ then freedom رَقَبَةٍ
 he is كَانَتْ and if وَإِنْ (of) a believing مُؤْمِنَةٍ person (slave)
 and between بَيْنَكُمْ وَبَيْنَهُمْ people بَيْنَكُمْ from قَوْمٍ
 be مُسَلَّمَةٌ then blood-money فَدِيَةٌ (is) a covenant مِيثَاقٌ them
 slave رَقَبَةٍ and freedom وَتَحْرِيرُ his family أَهْلِهِ to اللَّهِ paid
 find it يَجِدُ did not لَمْ but who فَمَنْ (of) a believing مُؤْمِنَةٍ
 (for) two شَهْرَيْنِ then fasting (he should fast) فَصِيَامُ (possible)
 months مُتَتَابِعَيْنِ consecutive تَوْبَةً (seeking) repentance مِّنَ
 All-Knowing اللَّهُ Allah وَكَانَ and is عَلِيمًا All-Wise
 حَكِيمًا ﴿٩١﴾

92. It is not for a believer to kill a believer except (that it be) by mistake; and whosoever kills a believer by mistake, (it is ordained that) he must set free a believing slave and a compensation (blood money, i.e. *Diya*) be given to the deceased's family unless they remit it. If the deceased belonged to a people at war with you and he was a believer, the freeing of a believing slave (is prescribed); and if he belonged to a people with whom you have a treaty of mutual alliance, compensation (blood money — *Diya*) must be paid to his family, and a believing slave must be freed. And whoso finds this (the penance of freeing a slave) beyond his means, he must fast for two consecutive months in order to seek repentance from Allâh. And Allâh is Ever All-Knowing, All-Wise.

وَمَنْ يَقْتُلْ مُؤْمِنًا مُتَعَمِدًا فَجَزَاؤُهُ جَهَنَّمُ خَالِدًا فِيهَا وَغَضِبَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَلَعَنَهُ وَأَعَدَّ لَهُ عَذَابًا عَظِيمًا ﴿٩٢﴾ يَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا إِذَا ضَرَبْتُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ فَتَيَّنُوا وَلَا تَقُولُوا لِمَنْ أَلْفَىٰ إِلَيْكُمْ السَّلَامَ لَسْتَ مُؤْمِنًا تَبْتَغُونَ عَرَضَ الدُّنْيَا فَوَيْلٌ لِلَّذِينَ هُمْ عَنْ آلِهَتِهِمْ كَثِيرٌ كَذَلِكَ كُنْتُمْ مِنْ قَبْلُ فَمَنْ بَكَرَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ فَتَيَّنُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا ﴿٩٣﴾

وَمَنْ يَقْتُلْ and whosoever مُؤْمِنًا a believer kills مُتَعَمِدًا to abide (is) Hell جَهَنَّمُ his reward intentionally فَجَزَاؤُهُ and became angry وَغَضِبَ in it (therein) فِيهَا forever and He has prepared وَلَعَنَهُ and cursed him وَأَعَدَّ with him عَلَيْهِ لَمْ عَذَابًا for him عَظِيمًا ﴿٩٢﴾ a great (severe) punishment يَأَيُّهَا O you go forth (to ضَرَبْتُمْ when believe إِذَا who الَّذِينَ you fight) فِي سَبِيلِ the Way اللَّهُ (of) Allah فَتَيَّنُوا you discern وَلَا you offers أَلْفَىٰ to whoever لِمَنْ you say تَقُولُوا and do not اَلْسَلَامَ (to) you لَسْتَ greetings of peace مُؤْمِنًا you are not تَبْتَغُونَ believer seeking عَرَضَ advantage (of) الدُّنْيَا life فَوَيْلٌ (of this) world الدُّنْيَا then has اللَّهُ Allah مَكَانَهُمْ like this كَثِيرٌ abundant كَذَلِكَ you were كُنْتُمْ upon you عَلَيَّكُمْ Allah but then graced فَمَنْ before قَبْلُ of what فَتَيَّنُوا so discern إِنَّ اللَّهَ certainly كَانَ is بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ Well-Aware خَبِيرًا ﴿٩٣﴾ you do تَعْمَلُونَ

93. And whoever kills a believer intentionally, his recompense is Hell to abide therein; and the Wrath and the Curse of Allâh are upon him, and a great punishment is prepared for him. 94. O you who believe! When you go (to fight) in the Cause of Allâh, verify (the truth), and say not to anyone who greets you (by embracing Islâm): "You are not a believer"; seeking the perishable goods of the worldly life. There are much more profits and booties with Allâh. Even as he is now, so were you yourselves before till Allâh conferred on you His Favours (i.e. guided you to Islâm), therefore, be cautious in discrimination. Allâh is Ever Well-Aware of what you do.

لَا يَسْتَوِي الْقَاعِدُونَ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ غَيْرُ أُولِي الضَّرَرِ وَالْمُجَاهِدُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ فَضَّلَ اللَّهُ الْمُجَاهِدِينَ بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ عَلَى الْقَاعِدِينَ دَرَجَةً وَكُلًّا وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الْحُسْنَىٰ وَفَضَّلَ اللَّهُ الْمُجَاهِدِينَ عَلَى الْقَاعِدِينَ أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا ﴿٩٤﴾

of those who sit (are) equal لَا يَسْتَوِي the believers غَيْرُ except أُولِي الضَّرَرِ those who are (disabled) the Way in سَبِيلِ and those who strive وَالْمُجَاهِدُونَ handicapped (of) Allah اللَّهُ with their wealth وَأَمْوَالِهِمْ and their lives وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ Allah has exalted those who strive الْمُجَاهِدِينَ Allah has exalted those who sit عَلَى and their lives وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ wealth over the قَاعِدِينَ those who sit and unto each وَكُلًّا and وَعَدَ Allah has promised دَرَجَةً in rank good الْحُسْنَىٰ Allah and has graced فَضَّلَ Allah and has graced those who sit أَجْرًا those who sit over the قَاعِدِينَ those who strive great عَظِيمًا ﴿٩٤﴾ reward

95. Not equal are those of the believers who sit (at home), except those who are disabled (by injury or are blind or lame), and those who strive hard and fight in the Cause of Allâh with their wealth and their lives. Allâh has preferred in grades those who strive hard and fight with their wealth and their lives above those who sit (at home). Unto each, Allâh has promised good (Paradise), but Allâh has preferred those who strive hard and fight, above those who sit (at home) by a huge reward.

دَرَجَتٍ مِنْهُ وَمَغْفِرَةً وَرَحْمَةً وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَحِيمًا ﴿٩٥﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ تَوَفَّيْنَاهُمُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ ظَالِمِي أَنْفُسِهِمْ قَالُوا فِيمَ كُنْتُمْ قَالُوا كُنَّا مُسْتَضْعَفِينَ فِي الْأَرْضِ قَالُوا أَلَمْ تَكُنْ أَرْضَ اللَّهِ وَمِعْرَةً فَنَهَاجُوا فِيهَا فَأُولَٰئِكَ مَأْوَاهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ وَسَاءَتْ مَصِيرًا ﴿٩٦﴾ وَلَا الْمُسْتَضْعَفِينَ مِنَ الرِّجَالِ وَالنِّسَاءِ وَالْوِلْدَانِ لَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ حِيلَةً وَلَا يَهْتَدُونَ سَبِيلًا ﴿٩٧﴾

and رَحْمَةً and forgiveness وَمَغْفِرَةً from Him إِنَّ ranks دَرَجَاتٍ
Most رَحِيمًا All-Forgiving عَفُورًا Allah اللَّهُ and is كَانَ Mercy
إِنَّ Merciful الَّذِينَ verily those whom تَوَفَّاهُمْ caused death أَلَمَلِكُمْ
ظَالِمِينَ the angels أَنفُسِهِمْ while they are wronging قَالُوا themselves
قَالُوا they said كُنْتُمْ in what (condition)? فِيمَ they said
كُنَّا we were مُسْتَضْعِفِينَ oppressed فِي in الأَرْضِ the land قَالُوا they said
أَلَمْ is not تَكُنْ was أَرْضُ land اللَّهِ Allah (of) وَسِعَتْ spacious
فَتُهَاجِرُوا enough to emigrate فِيهَا in it فَأُولَئِكَ those people مَاؤُهُمْ
جَهَنَّمَ their abode (is) Hell وَسَاءَتْ an evil مَصِيرًا destination إِلَّا
except الْمُسْتَضْعِفِينَ the oppressed ones مِنَ from الرِّجَالِ men وَالنِّسَاءِ women
وَالْوِلْدَانِ and children لَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ and children جِيلَةً who cannot devise
a plan وَلَا and cannot يَهْتَدُونَ they direct سَبِيلًا (their) way

96. Degrees of (higher) grades from Him, and forgiveness and mercy. And Allâh is Ever Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful. 97. Verily, as for those whom the angels take (in death) while they are wronging themselves (as they stayed among the disbelievers even though emigration was obligatory for them), they (angels) say (to them): "In what (condition) were you?" They reply: "We were weak and oppressed on the earth." They (angels) say: "Was not the earth of Allâh spacious enough for you to emigrate therein?" Such men will find their abode in Hell — what an evil destination! 98. Except the weak ones among men, women and children who cannot devise a plan, nor are they able to direct their way.

فَأُولَئِكَ عَسَى اللَّهُ أَن يَعْفُو عَنْهُمْ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَفُورًا عَفُورًا ﴿٩٧﴾ وَمَنْ يُهَاجِرْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ يَجِدْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مُرْعًا كَثِيرًا وَسَعَةً وَمَنْ يَخْرُجْ مِنْ بَيْتِهِ مُهَاجِرًا إِلَى اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ثُمَّ يُدْرِكْهُ الْمَوْتُ فَقَدْ وَقَعَ أَجْرُهُ عَلَى اللَّهِ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَحِيمًا ﴿٩٨﴾ وَإِذَا ضَرَأْتُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَلَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ أَنْ تَقْصُرُوا مِنَ الصَّلَاةِ إِنْ خِفْتُمْ أَنْ يَفْتِنَكُمُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِنَّ الْكَافِرِينَ كَانُوا أَكْثَرًا عَدُوًّا مُبِينًا ﴿٩٩﴾

فَأُولَئِكَ عَسَى اللَّهُ maybe عَسَى these people فَأُولَئِكَ
عَنْهُمْ them وَكَانَ Allah اللَّهُ and is عَفُورًا All-Pardoning عَفُورًا ﴿٩٧﴾
وَمَنْ All-Forgiving وَمَنْ and he who يُهَاجِرْ in emigrates فِي in سَبِيلِ
Way اللَّهُ Allah (of) يَجِدْ will find فِي in الأَرْضِ the land مُرْعًا
and abundant resources وَسَعَةً many كَثِيرًا places of refuge

طَائِفَةٌ group (who) has not other أَخْرَى لَمْ come up
 and let them قَلِيلُوا (yet) prayed with you مَعَكُمْ وَلْيَأْخُذُوا
 wish وَدَّ and their arms وَأَسْلِحَتُهُمْ their precaution جُدْرَهُمْ take
 you neglect تَغْفُلُونَ if كَفَرُوا those who disbelieve
 then they قَبِيلُونَ and your baggage وَأَنْتُمْ وَأَنْتُمْ your arms
 but لَا (in) a single وَاحِدَةً rush مَيْلَةً upon you عَلَيْكُمْ swoop
 (there is) no جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ blame on you if كَانَ was
 you كُنْتُمْ or رَيْنُ due to rain أَذَى inconvenience with you
 your arms أَسْلِحَتِكُمْ you lay aside تَضَعُوا that أَنْ sick مَرَضٌ are
 وَخُذُوا but جُدْرَكُمْ precaution for yourselves إِنَّ verily اللَّهُ
 Allah أَعَدَّ has prepared لِلْكَافِرِينَ for the disbelievers عَذَابًا
 a humiliating مُهِينًا torment

102. When you (O Messenger Muhammad ﷺ) are among them, and lead them in *As-Salât* (the prayer), let one party of them stand up [in *Salât* (prayer)] with you taking their arms with them; when they finish their prostrations, let them take their positions in the rear and let the other party come up which have not yet prayed, and let them pray with you taking all the precautions and bearing arms. Those who disbelieve wish, if you were negligent of your arms and your baggage, to attack you in a single rush, but there is no sin on you if you put away your arms because of the inconvenience of rain or because you are ill, but take every precaution for yourselves. Verily, Allâh has prepared a humiliating torment for the disbelievers.

فَإِذَا قَضَيْتُمُ الصَّلَاةَ فَادْكُرُوا اللَّهَ فِيمَا وُقُودًا وَعَلَى جُنُوبِكُمْ فَإِذَا اطْمَأْنَنْتُمْ فَأَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ إِنَّ الصَّلَاةَ
 كَانَتْ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ كِتَابًا مَوْقُوتًا ۖ وَلَا تَهِنُوا فِي ابْتِغَاءِ الْقَوْمِ إِنْ تَكُونُوا تَأْمِنُونَ فَإِنَّهُمْ يَأْمِنُونَ
 كَمَا تَأْمِنُونَ وَتَرْجُونَ مِنَ اللَّهِ مَا لَا يَرْجُونَ ۚ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ۝

فَإِذَا قَضَيْتُمُ the prayer الصَّلَاةَ you have finished قَضَيْتُمُ and when
 فَادْكُرُوا Allah الله remember فِيمَا وُقُودًا standing and sitting وَعَلَى
 you جُنُوبِكُمْ and (lying) on اطْمَأْنَنْتُمْ and when
 the prayer الصَّلَاةَ verily إِنَّ prayer offer أَقِيمُوا are secure
 كَانَتْ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ the believers كِتَابًا مَوْقُوتًا enjoined ۝

pursuit **الْقَوْمِ** in **بِ** be weak **تَهْتَبُوا** and do not **وَلَا** at fixed time
تَأْلَمُونَ you are **تَكُونُوا** if **إِنْ** (of these) people (the enemy)
تَأْلَمُونَ as **كَمَا** suffering **بِالتَّأْلَمِ** they (too) are suffering **فَيَأْتِيهِمْ**
مَا Allah **اللَّهُ** from **مِنْ** while you hope **وَتَرْجُونَ** you are suffering
مَا Allah **اللَّهُ** and is **وَكَانَ** they hope **يَرْجُونَ** do not **لَا** what
All-Wise **حَكِيمًا** All-Knowing

103. When you have finished *As-Salât* (the congregational prayer), remember Allâh standing, sitting down, and (lying down) on your sides, but when you are free from danger, perform *As-Salât* (*Iqamat-as-Salât*). Verily, *As-Salât* (the prayer) is enjoined on the believers at fixed hours. 104. And don't be weak in the pursuit of the enemy; if you are suffering (hardships) then surely, they (too) are suffering (hardships) as you are suffering, but you have a hope from Allâh (for the reward, i.e. Paradise) that for which they hope not; and Allâh is Ever All-Knowing, All-Wise.

إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَا إِلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ بِالْحَقِّ لِتَحْكُمَ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ بِمَا أَرَاكَ اللَّهُ وَلَا تَكُنَ لِلْخَائِبِينَ خَصِيمًا ﴿١٠٣﴾
وَأَسْتَغْفِرِ اللَّهَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ غَفُورًا رَحِيمًا ﴿١٠٤﴾ وَلَا تَجِدُ عَنِ الَّذِينَ يَخْتَانُونَ أَنْفُسَهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ مَن
كَانَ خَوَّانًا أَثِيمًا ﴿١٠٥﴾ يَسْتَخْفُونَ مِنَ النَّاسِ وَلَا يَسْتَخْفُونَ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَهُوَ مَعَهُمْ إِذْ يُبَيِّنُونَ مَا لَا يَرْضَى مِنَ الْقَوْلِ
وَكَانَ اللَّهُ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ مُحِيطًا ﴿١٠٦﴾

the **إِنَّا** surely **أَنْزَلْنَا** We have sent down **إِلَيْكَ** to you **الْكِتَابَ**
بِالْحَقِّ Book **لِتَحْكُمَ** with the truth **بَيْنَ** so that you may judge
النَّاسِ between **بِمَا** the people **أَرَاكَ** with what **اللَّهُ** has shown you
وَلَا Allah **تَكُنَ** and do not **لِلْخَائِبِينَ** you be
خَصِيمًا and seek forgiveness of **وَأَسْتَغْفِرِ** a pleader **اللَّهُ**
إِنَّ indeed **اللَّهُ** **كَانَ** is **غَفُورًا** All-Forgiving **رَحِيمًا** Most
وَلَا Merciful **تَجِدُ** and do not **عَنِ** for **الَّذِينَ** those who
يَخْتَانُونَ deceive **أَنْفُسَهُمْ** themselves **إِنَّ** indeed **اللَّهُ** **لَا**
يُحِبُّ not **مَن** like **كَانَ** anyone who **خَوَّانًا** treacherous (and)
يَسْتَخْفُونَ sinful **لِلنَّاسِ** from **وَلَا** people **يَسْتَخْفُونَ** they may hide
وَكَانَ but cannot **يَسْتَخْفُونَ** they hide **اللَّهُ** **وَهُوَ** as He (is)

مَعَهُمْ with them إِذْ when يُبَيِّنُونَ they plot by night مَا what لَا does not رَضِيَ He approve مِنْ of/in الْقَوْلِ words وَكَانَ and is اللَّهُ Encompasser عَمَّا they do يَفْعَلُونَ of what يَمَّا Allah

105. Surely, We have sent down to you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) the Book (this Qur'ân) in truth that you might judge between men by that which Allâh has shown you (i.e. has taught you through Divine Revelation), so be not a pleader for the treacherous. 106. And seek the forgiveness of Allâh, certainly, Allâh is Ever Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful. 107. And argue not on behalf of those who deceive themselves. Verily, Allâh does not like anyone who is a betrayer, sinner. 108. They may hide (their crimes) from men, but they cannot hide (them) from Allâh; for He is with them (by His Knowledge), when they plot by night in words that He does not approve. And Allâh ever encompasses what they do.

هَآأَنَآ هَآؤَلَا جَدَلْتُمْ عَنْهُمْ فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا فَمَنْ يُجَادِلُ اللَّهَ عَنْهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ أَمْ مَنْ يَكُونُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَكَيْلًا ۖ وَمَنْ يَفْعَلْ سُوءًا أَوْ يَظْلِمْ نَفْسَهُ ثُمَّ يَسْتَغْفِرِ اللَّهَ يَجِدِ اللَّهَ غَفُورًا رَحِيمًا ۖ وَمَنْ يَكْسِبْ إِثْمًا فَإِنَّمَا يَكْسِبُهُ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ ۚ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ۖ

هَآأَنَآ you are هَآؤَلَا those who جَدَلْتُمْ argued عَنْهُمْ for them فِي in الْحَيَاةِ life of الدُّنْيَا (this) world فَمَنْ but who يُجَادِلُ shall (with) اللَّهَ اللَّه argue عَنْهُمْ Allah عَنْهُمْ for them يَوْمَ the Day (on) الْقِيَمَةِ (of) Resurrection أَمْ or مَنْ who يَكُونُ will be عَلَيْهِمْ over them وَكَيْلًا ۖ (their) defender وَمَنْ (their) defender وَيَفْعَلْ does سُوءًا evil أَوْ or يَظْلِمُ wrongs نَفْسَهُ himself ثُمَّ then يَسْتَغْفِرِ he seeks اللَّهَ forgiveness of يَجِدِ Allah he will find غَفُورًا All-Forgiving رَحِيمًا ۖ Most Merciful وَمَنْ and whoever يَكْسِبْ only فَإِنَّمَا a sin إِثْمًا earns (commits) عَلَى he earns يَكْسِبُهُ only وَكَانَ and is اللَّهَ Allah عَلِيمًا All-Knowing حَكِيمًا ۖ All-Wise

109. Lo! You are those who have argued for them in the life of this world, but who will argue for them on the Day of Resurrection against Allâh, or who will then be their defender? 110. And whoever does evil or wrongs himself but afterwards seeks Allâh's forgiveness, he will find Allâh Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful. 111. And whoever earns sin, he earns it only against himself. And Allâh is Ever All-Knowing, All-Wise.

وَمَنْ يَكْسِبْ خَطِيئَةً أَوْ إِثْمًا ثُمَّ يَرْمِ بِهِ بَرِيئًا فَقَدِ احْتَمَلَ بُهْتَانًا وَإِثْمًا مُّبِينًا ﴿١١٢﴾ وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكَ وَرَحْمَتُهُ لَهَمَّتْ طَائِفَةٌ مِنْهُمْ أَنْ يُضِلُّوكَ وَمَا يُضِلُّونَ إِلَّا أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَمَا يَضُرُّونَكَ مِنْ شَيْءٍ وَأَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَعَلَّمَكَ مَا لَمْ تَكُنْ تَعْلَمُ وَكَانَ فَضْلُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكَ عَظِيمًا ﴿١١٣﴾

وَمَنْ يَكْسِبْ and whoever earns خَطِيئَةً a fault or إِثْمًا a sin ثُمَّ then يَرْمِ it throws بِرِيئًا (to) an innocent (person) فَقَدِ indeed احْتَمَلَ he burdened (himself) بُهْتَانًا with false charge وَإِثْمًا and sin مُّبِينًا ﴿١١٢﴾ and had not been فَضْلُ the Grace of Allah عَلَيْكَ (of) Allah وَرَحْمَتُهُ and His Mercy upon you لَهَمَّتْ they will يُضِلُّوكَ that of them اَنْ a group طَائِفَةٌ decided except إِلَّا they mislead يُضِلُّونَ but did not وَمَا mislead you أَنْفُسَهُمْ themselves وَمَا and did not يَضُرُّونَكَ they harm you مِنْ شَيْءٍ to you اللَّهُ Allah and has sent down وَأَنْزَلَ in the least and taught you وَعَلَّمَكَ and the Wisdom الْحِكْمَةَ the Book الْكِتَابَ what لَمْ did not تَكُنْ you تَعْلَمُ know وَكَانَ and is فَضْلُ the Grace اللَّهُ (of) Allah عَلَيْكَ upon you عَظِيمًا ﴿١١٣﴾ Great

112. And whoever earns a fault or a sin and then throws it on to someone innocent, he has indeed burdened himself with falsehood and a manifest sin.

113. Had not the Grace of Allâh and His Mercy been upon you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), a party of them would certainly have made a decision to mislead you, but (in fact) they mislead none except their own selves, and no harm can they do to you in the least. Allâh has sent down to you the book (the Qur'ân), and Al-Hikmah (Islâmic laws, knowledge of legal and illegal things, i.e. the Prophet's Sunnah — legal ways), and taught you that which you knew not. And Ever Great is the Grace of Allâh unto you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم).

﴿لَا خَيْرَ فِي كَثِيرٍ مِنْ نَجْوَاهُمْ إِلَّا مَنْ أَمَرَ بِصَدَقَةٍ أَوْ مَعْرُوفٍ أَوْ إِصْلَاحٍ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ وَمَنْ يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ ابْتِغَاءَ مَرْضَاتِ اللَّهِ فَسَوْفَ نُؤْتِيهِ أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا﴾ ﴿١١٤﴾ وَمَنْ يُشَاقِقِ الرَّسُولَ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا بَيَّنَّ لَهُ الْهُدَى وَيَتَّبِعْ غَيْرَ سَبِيلِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ تُولَوْنَاهُ مَا تَوَلَّى وَتُصْلِهِ جَهَنَّمَ وَسَاءَتْ مَصِيرًا ﴿١١٥﴾ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَغْفِرُ أَنْ يُشْرَكَ بِهِ وَيَغْفِرُ مَا دُونَ ذَلِكَ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ وَمَنْ يُشْرِكْ بِاللَّهِ فَقَدْ ضَلَّ ضَلَالًا بَعِيدًا ﴿١١٦﴾

﴿لَا﴾ (there is) no **حَيْرَ** good **فِي** in **كَثِيرَ** most **مِنْ** of **تَجْوَنُهُمْ** their secret talks **إِلَّا** except **مَنْ** he who **أَمَرَ** commanded **بِصَدَقَةٍ** in charity **أَوْ** or **مَعْرُوفٍ** good deeds **أَوْ** or **إِصْلَاحٍ** conciliation **بَيْنَ** between **النَّاسِ** people **وَمَنْ** and who **يَفْعَلُ** does **ذَلِكَ** this **ابْتِغَاءَ** seeking **مَرْضَاتِ** Pleasure **اللَّهِ** Allah (of) **فَسَوْفَ** then shall **تُؤْتِيهِ** We give him **أَجْرًا** great **عَظِيمًا** reward **وَمَنْ** and whosoever **يُشَاقِقِ** opposes **الرَّسُولَ** the Messenger **مِنْ بَعْدِ** after **مَا** what **نَبَيٌّ** had become clear **لَهُ** to him **الْهُدَى** the guidance **وَيَتَّبِعِ** and follows **غَيْرَ** other than **سَبِيلِ** the way **الْمُؤْمِنِينَ** the believers (of) **قَوْلِهِ** We will burn **وَنُصَلِّهِ** he has turned **قَوْلِي** what **مَا** will turn him to **جَهَنَّمَ** Hell **وَسَاءَتْ** and what an evil **مَصِيرًا** (in) destination (it is) **إِنَّ** verily **اللَّهَ** Allah **لَا** does not **يَغْفِرُ** forgive **أَنْ** that **يُشْرَكَ** someone is associated **بِهِ** with Him **وَيَغْفِرُ** but He **لِمَنْ** to whom **مَا** forgives **ذُو** what (is) **دُونَ** other than **ذَلِكَ** that **يُشْرِكُ** associates others **بِاللَّهِ** with Allah **يَشَاءُ** He wills **وَمَنْ** and who **يُشْرِكْ** indeed **فَقَدْ** Allah **ضَلَّ** he is mislead **مَلَكًا** misleading **بَعِيدًا** far away

114. There is no good in most of their secret talks save (in) him who orders *Sadaqah* (charity in Allâh's Cause), or *Ma'rûf* (Islâmic Monotheism and all the good and righteous deeds which Allâh has ordained), or conciliation between mankind; and he who does this, seeking the good Pleasure of Allâh, We shall give him a great reward. 115. And whoever contradicts and opposes the Messenger (Muhammad ﷺ) after the right path has been shown clearly to him, and follows other than the believers' way, We shall keep him in the path he has chosen, and burn him in Hell — what an evil destination! 116. Verily, Allâh forgives not (the sin of) setting up partners (in worship) with Him, but He forgives whom He wills, sins other than that, and whoever sets up partners in worship with Allâh, has indeed strayed far away.

إِنْ يَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِهِ إِلَّا إِنْتَا وَإِنْ يَدْعُونَ إِلَّا شَيْطَانًا مَرِيدًا ﴿١١٦﴾ لَعَنَهُ اللَّهُ وَقَالَ لَا يُخِذَنَّ مِنْ عِبَادِكَ نَفْسِيًّا مَفْرُوضًا ﴿١١٧﴾ وَلَا ضَلَّتْهُمْ وَلَا امْتِنَنَتْهُمْ وَلَا مَرَنَّهُمْ فَلْيَبْتَكَنْ مَا ذَاكَ الْأَتْعِدِ وَلَا مَرَنَّهُمْ فَلْيَغْفِرْكَ خَلَقَ اللَّهُ وَمَنْ يَتَّخِذِ الشَّيْطَانَ وَلِيًّا مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ فَقَدْ خَسِرَ خُسْرَانًا مُبِينًا ﴿١١٨﴾

but **إِلَّا** besides Him **يَدْعُونَ** they invoke **وَأَن** females **بِشَيْطَانٍ** but **يَدْعُونَ** and do not **وَقَالَ** Allah **لَعَنَهُ** rebellious **مَرِيدًا** Satan **وَأَتَّخِذَنَّ** he said **وَأُضِلُّنَّهُمْ** appointed **وَلَا أُمِرَّتْهُمْ** and I will mislead them **وَلَا أُمِرَّتْهُمْ** and I will arouse in them false desires **وَلَا أُمِرَّتْهُمْ** and they will cut off **وَأَذَاتُ** ears **وَلَا أُمِرَّتْهُمْ** (of) the cattle **وَلَا أُمِرَّتْهُمْ** and I will order them **وَلَا أُمِرَّتْهُمْ** and who **وَمَن** (of) Allah **وَلَيْسَ** creation **وَلَيْسَ** Satan **وَلَيْسَ** as a guardian **وَلَيْسَ** besides **وَلَيْسَ** he has suffered **وَلَيْسَ** certainly **وَلَيْسَ** Allah **وَلَيْسَ** a manifest

117. They (all those who worship others than Allâh) invoke nothing but female deities besides Him (Allâh), and they invoke nothing but *Shaitân* (Satan), a persistent rebel! 118. Allâh cursed him. And he [*Shaitân* (Satan)] said: "I will take an appointed portion of your slaves. 119. "Verily, I will mislead them, and surely, I will arouse in them false desires; and certainly, I will order them to slit the ears of cattle, and indeed I will order them to change the nature created by Allâh." And whoever takes *Shaitân* (Satan) as a *Walî* (protector or helper) instead of Allâh, has surely, suffered a manifest loss.

وَيَعِدُهُمْ وَيُمَنِّيهِمْ وَمَا يَعِدُهُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ إِلَّا غُرُورًا **أُولَٰئِكَ مَأْوَاهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ وَلَا يَجِدُونَ عَنْهَا مَحِيصًا** **وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ سَنُدْخِلُهُمْ جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا وَعَدَ اللَّهُ حَقًّا وَمَنْ أَصْدَقُ مِنَ اللَّهِ قِيلًا**

and arouses in them **وَيُمَنِّيهِمْ** he makes promises to them **وَيَعِدُهُمْ** promise them **وَمَا** false desires **وَلَا** but **غُرُورًا** Satan **أُولَٰئِكَ** these people **مَأْوَاهُمْ** abode **وَلَا** is Hell **جَهَنَّمُ** and not **يَجِدُونَ** they will find **عَنْهَا** but those who **وَالَّذِينَ** an escape **مَحِيصًا** We shall admit them **سَنُدْخِلُهُمْ** good deeds **وَالَّذِينَ** and did

جَنَّاتٍ (to) Gardens تجري flowing مِنْ تَحْتِهَا under which الْأَنْهَارُ streams
 خَالِدِينَ therein أَبَدًا forever وَعَدَ they will abide
 اللَّهُ Promise (of) Allah حَقًّا is truth وَمَنْ and who أَصْدَقُ (is)
 in utterance قِيلَا ۞ Allah than مِنْ truer

120. He [*Shaitân* (Satan)] makes promises to them, and arouses in them false desires; and *Shaitân's* (Satân) promises are nothing but deceptions. 121. The dwelling of such (people) is Hell, and they will find no way of escape from it. 122. But those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh — Islâmic Monotheism) and do deeds of righteousness, We shall admit them to the Gardens under which rivers flow (i.e. in Paradise) to dwell therein forever. Allâh's Promise is the Truth; and whose words can be truer than those of Allâh? (Of course, none.)

لَيْسَ بِأَمَانِيكُمْ وَلَا أَمَانِي أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ مَنْ يَعْمَلْ سُوءًا يُجْزَى بِهِ وَلَا يَجِدْ لَهُ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ وَلِيًّا وَلَا
 نَصِيرًا ۞ وَمَنْ يَعْمَلْ مِنَ الصَّالِحَاتِ مِنْ ذَكَرٍ أَوْ أَنثَىٰ وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ فَأُولَٰئِكَ يَدْخُلُونَ الْجَنَّةَ وَلَا
 يُظْلَمُونَ نَقِيرًا ۞ وَمَنْ أَحْسَنُ دِينًا مِمَّنْ أَسْلَمَ وَجْهَهُ لِلَّهِ وَهُوَ مُحْسِنٌ وَاتَّبَعَ مِلَّةَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ حَنِيفًا وَاتَّخَذَ اللَّهُ
 إِبْرَاهِيمَ خَلِيلًا ۞

لَيْسَ neither بِأَمَانِيكُمْ your desires وَلَا nor أَمَانِي desires أَهْلِ (of) الْكِتَابِ People
 مَنْ (of) the Scripture يَعْمَلْ whoever سُوءًا does evil يُجْزَى shall be requited بِهِ for it وَلَا and not
 يَجِدْ he will find لَهُ for him مِنْ دُونِ besides اللَّهُ Allah وَلِيًّا any protector وَلَا any
 does (and not) or نَصِيرًا ۞ وَمَنْ any helper وَمَنْ and whoever يَعْمَلْ does
 مِنَ الصَّالِحَاتِ good deeds مِنْ (of)/whether ذَكَرٍ male أَوْ or أَنثَىٰ female
 these people مُؤْمِنٌ (is) a believer فَأُولَٰئِكَ (is) a believer وَهُوَ female
 يَدْخُلُونَ the الْجَنَّةَ Paradise وَلَا and not يُظْلَمُونَ they would enter
 (even) a speck on the back of a date-stone نَقِيرًا ۞ be wronged
 وَمَنْ أَحْسَنُ and who دِينًا can be better مِمَّنْ in religion وَهُوَ to Allah
 and he أَحْسَنُ His face وَجْهَهُ submitted أَسْلَمَ who
 (of) مُحْسِنٌ (is) righteous وَاتَّبَعَ (is) righteous and followed مِلَّةَ religion إِبْرَاهِيمَ
 the upright وَأَتَّخَذَ and took اللَّهُ Allah إِبْرَاهِيمَ
 as a friend خَلِيلًا ۞ Abraham

123. It will not be in accordance with your desires (Muslims), nor those of the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians), whosoever works evil, will have the recompense thereof, and he will not find any protector or helper besides Allâh.

124. And whoever does righteous good deeds, male or female, and is a (true) believer [in the Oneness of Allâh (Muslim)], such will enter Paradise and not the least injustice, even to the size of a *Naqîra* (speck on the back of a date stone), will be done to them. 125. And who can be better in religion than one who submits his face (himself) to Allâh (i.e. follows Allâh's religion of Islâmic Monotheism); and he is a *Muhsin* (a good-doer. See V.2:112). And follows the religion of Ibrâhîm (Abraham) *Hanîf* (Islâmic Monotheism — to worship none but Allâh Alone). And Allâh did take Ibrâhîm (Abraham) as a *Khalîl* (an intimate friend)!

وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ مُّحِيطًا ﴿١٢٦﴾ وَتَسْتَفْتُونَكَ فِي النِّسَاءِ قُلِ اللَّهُ يُفْتِيكُمْ فِيهِنَّ وَمَا يُتْلَىٰ عَلَيْكُمْ فِي الْكِتَابِ فِي يَتِمَّى النِّسَاءِ الَّتِي لَا تَوْفُونَهُنَّ مَا كُتِبَ لَهُنَّ وَرَغِبُونَ أَنْ تَنْكِحُوهُنَّ وَالْمُسْتَضْعِفِينَ مِنَ الْوِلْدَانِ وَأَنْ تَقُومُوا لِلْيَتَمَىٰ بِالْقِسْطِ وَمَا تَفْعَلُوا مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ بِهِ عَلِيمًا ﴿١٢٧﴾

وَلِلَّهِ (is) for Allah and مَا in what (is) السَّمَوَاتِ the heavens
وَمَا and in (is) الْأَرْضِ the earth وَكَانَ and is اللَّهُ
Allâh بِكُلِّ of every شَيْءٍ thing مُّحِيطًا ﴿١٢٦﴾ Ever-Encompassing
وَتَسْتَفْتُونَكَ and they ask you فِي about النِّسَاءِ women قُلِ say اللَّهُ
Allâh يُفْتِيكُمْ instructs you فِيهِنَّ about them وَمَا and what يُتْلَى
is recited عَلَيْكُمْ to you فِي in الْكِتَابِ the Book يَتِمَّى about
النِّسَاءِ girls الَّتِي whom لَا not تَوْفُونَهُنَّ you give them مَا
what كُتِبَ was ordained لَهُنَّ for them وَرَغِبُونَ and you desire أَنْ
that تَنْكِحُوهُنَّ you marry them وَالْمُسْتَضْعِفِينَ and weak (and helpless)
مِن among الْوِلْدَانِ children وَأَنْ and that تَقُومُوا you stand
لِلْيَتَمَىٰ for orphans بِالْقِسْطِ with justice وَمَا and whatever تَفْعَلُوا
do مِنْ of خَيْرٍ good فَإِنَّ indeed اللَّهُ Allâh كَانَ is بِهِ of it
عَلِيمًا ﴿١٢٧﴾ All-Aware

126. And to Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. And Allâh is Ever Encompassing all things. 127. They ask your legal instruction concerning women, say: Allâh instructs you about them, and about what is recited

unto you in the Book concerning the orphan girls whom you give not the prescribed portions (as regards *Mahr* and inheritance) and yet whom you desire to marry, and (concerning) the children who are weak and oppressed, and that you stand firm for justice to orphans. And whatever good you do, Allâh is Ever All-Aware of it.

وَإِنْ أَمْرَأَةٌ خَافَتْ مِنْ بَعْلِهَا نُشُورًا أَوْ إِعْرَاضًا فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا أَنْ يُصْلِحَا بَيْنَهُمَا صُلْحًا وَالصُّلْحُ خَيْرٌ وَأُحْضِرَتِ الْأَنْفُسُ الشُّحَّ وَإِنْ تُحْسِنُوا وَتَتَّقُوا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا ﴿١٢٨﴾ وَلَنْ تَسْتَطِيعُوا أَنْ تَعْدِلُوا بَيْنَ الْإِنْسَاءِ وَلَوْ حَرَصْتُمْ فَلَا تَمِيلُوا كُلَّ الْمِيلِ فَتَذَرُوهَا كَالْمُعَلَّقَةِ وَإِنْ تُصْلِحُوا وَتَتَّقُوا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَفُورًا رَحِيمًا ﴿١٢٩﴾

وَإِنْ أَمْرَأَةٌ خَافَتْ a woman feared مِنْ of بَعْلِهَا her husband نُشُورًا or cruelty أَوْ or إِعْرَاضًا desertion فَلَا then (there is) no جُنَاحَ then عَلَيْهِمَا blame أَنْ on both of them يُصْلِحَا that they reconcile بَيْنَهُمَا between themselves صُلْحًا a reconciliation وَالصُّلْحُ and the الصُّلْحُ and are swayed وَأُحْضِرَتِ (is) better خَيْرٌ reconciliation the أَنْفُسُ and are swayed الشُّحَّ by greed وَإِنْ by تُحْسِنُوا but if تَتَّقُوا you do good and never will fear Allah فَإِنَّ then verily اللَّهُ Allah كَانِ is بِمَا what تَعْمَلُونَ Well-Acquainted ﴿١٢٨﴾ خَبِيرًا you do تَسْتَطِيعُوا that أَنْ you be able between يَنْ تَعْدِلُوا you do justice بَيْنَ you do justice so do لَا you ardently desire حَرَصْتُمْ even if الْإِنْسَاءِ wives وَلَوْ wives تَمِيلُوا you incline كُلَّ the whole الْمِيلِ inclination فَتَذَرُوهَا and leave her كَالْمُعَلَّقَةِ as hanging وَإِنْ but if تُصْلِحُوا you act rightfully وَتَتَّقُوا and fear Allah فَإِنَّ then indeed اللَّهُ Allah كَانِ is عَفُورًا All-Forgiving رَحِيمًا ﴿١٢٩﴾ Most Merciful

128. And if a woman fears cruelty or desertion on her husband's part, there is no sin on them both if they make terms of peace between themselves; and making peace is better. And human inner-selves are swayed by greed. But if you do good and keep away from evil, verily, Allâh is Ever Well-Acquainted with what you do. 129. You will never be able to do perfect justice between wives even if it is your ardent desire, so do not incline too much to one of them (by giving her more of your time and provision) so as to leave the other hanging (i.e. neither divorced nor married). And if you do justice, and do all that is right and fear Allâh by keeping away from all that is wrong, then Allâh is Ever Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

وَلَا يَفْرَقُ اللَّهُ كَلًّا مِنْ سَعَتِهِ. وَكَانَ اللَّهُ وَاسِعًا حَكِيمًا ﴿١٣٠﴾ وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَقَدْ وَصَّيْنَا الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ وَإِيَّاكُمْ أَنْ اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَإِنْ تَكْفُرُوا فَإِنَّ لِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَنِيًّا حَمِيدًا ﴿١٣١﴾

وَلَا and if يَفْرَقُ they (two) separate will make
 independent اللَّهُ Allah كَلًّا all مِنْ His Bounty سَعَتِهِ
 and is وَكَانَ اللَّهُ Allah وَاسِعًا All-Bounteous حَكِيمًا All-Wise
 (is) لِلَّهِ (is) مَا and for (is) السَّمَوَاتِ the
 and وَمَا heavens (is) فِي and whatever الْأَرْضِ the earth وَلَقَدْ
 verily وَصَّيْنَا الَّذِينَ We had advised أُولَئِكَ those who
 the كِتَابِ Scripture مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ before you وَإِيَّاكُمْ and to you
 أَنْ تَتَّقُوا اللَّهُ that you fear اتَّقُوا Allah وَأَنْ تَكْفُرُوا and if
 then verily لِلَّهِ (is) مَا belongs to (is) السَّمَوَاتِ the
 and what وَمَا heavens (is) فِي and what الْأَرْضِ the earth وَكَانَ
 Allah غَنِيًّا Ever Rich حَمِيدًا Most Praise-worthy

130. But if they separate (by divorce), Allâh will provide abundance for everyone of them from His Bounty. And Allâh is Ever All-Sufficient for His creatures' needs, All-Wise. 131. And to Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. And verily, We have recommended to the people of the Scripture before you, and to you (O Muslims) that you (all) fear Allâh, and keep your duty to Him. But if you disbelieve, then unto Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth, and Allâh is Ever Rich (Free of all wants), Worthy of all praise.

وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ وَكِيلًا ﴿١٣٢﴾ إِنْ يَشَأْ يُذْهِبْكُمْ أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ وَيَأْتِ بِآخَرِينَ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَى ذَلِكَ قَدِيرًا ﴿١٣٣﴾ مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيدُ ثَوَابَ الدُّنْيَا فَعِنْدَ اللَّهِ ثَوَابُ الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ سَمِيعًا بَصِيرًا ﴿١٣٤﴾ * يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا قَوْمًا بِالْقِسْطِ شُهَدَاءَ لِلَّهِ وَلَوْ عَلَى أَنْفُسِكُمْ أَوِ الْوَالِدِينَ وَالْأَقْرَبِينَ إِنْ يَكُنْ غَنِيًّا أَوْ فَقِيرًا فَاللَّهُ أَوْلَى بِهِمَا فَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا الْهَوَى أَنْ تَعْدِلُوا وَإِنْ تَلَوْا أَوْ نَعَرَضُوا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا ﴿١٣٥﴾

وَلِلَّهِ (is) فِي what مَا and belongs to اللَّهُ Allah the السَّمَوَاتِ
 and وَمَا heavens (is) فِي and what الْأَرْضِ the earth وَكَفَى

Allah بِاللَّهِ suffices as a Defender/Disposer pf affairs وَكَذَلِكَ ﴿١٣٢﴾
 if يَسْأَلُ He wills يَذْهَبْكُمْ He can take you away أَيُّهَا O النَّاسُ
 people وَيَأْتِ and bring يَخَارِجُ others وَكَانَ and is اللَّهُ Allah عَلَى
 over ذَلِكَ that قَدِيرًا ﴿١٣٣﴾ All-Potent مَنْ whoever كَانَ يُرِيدُ desires
 ثَوَابَ reward الدُّنْيَا (of) (this) world فَوَسَدَ then with اللَّهُ Allah
 ثَوَابُ reward (is) الدُّنْيَا (of) (this) world وَالْآخِرَةِ and the Hereafter
 وَكَانَ and is اللَّهُ Allah سَمِيعًا All-Hearing بَصِيرًا All-Seeing
 يَا أَيُّهَا O الَّذِينَ الَّذِينَ who آمَنُوا believe كُونُوا you be قَوَّامِينَ
 upholder بِالْقِسْطِ of justice شُهَدَاءَ as witnesses لِلَّهِ for Allah وَلَوْ
 though (it be) عَلَى against أَنْفُسِكُمْ yourselves أَوْ or الْوَالِدِينَ
 parents وَالْأَقْرَبِينَ and relatives إِنْ if يَكُنْ he be غَنِيًّا rich أَوْ or
 فقيرًا poor فَاللَّهُ Allah أَوْلَى more right عِندَهُمَا (has) than both of
 them فَلَا so do not تَتَّبِعُوا you follow الْهَوَىٰ desires (your) أَنْ
 that تَمْدِلُوا justice do you وَكَانَ and if تَكُونُوا you distort أَوْ or
 or تَعْرِضُوا you refrain فَإِنَّ then اللَّهُ Allah كَانَ is بِمَا of what
 تَعْمَلُونَ you do خَبِيرًا Well-Aware ﴿١٣٥﴾

132. And to Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. And Allâh is Ever All-Sufficient as Disposer of affairs. 133. If He wills, He can take you away, O people, and bring others. And Allâh is Ever All-Potent over that. 134. Whoever desires a reward in this life of the world, then with Allâh (Alone and none else) is the reward of this worldly life and of the Hereafter. And Allâh is Ever All-Hearer, All-Seer. 135. O you who believe! Stand out firmly for justice, as witnesses to Allâh, even though it be against yourselves, or your parents, or your kin, be he rich or poor, Allâh is a Better Protector to both (than you). So follow not the lusts (of your hearts), lest you avoid justice; and if you distort your witness or refuse to give it, verily, Allâh is Ever Well-Acquainted with what you do.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا آمِنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَالْكِتَابِ الَّذِي نَزَّلَ عَلَىٰ رَسُولِهِ وَالْكِتَابِ الَّذِي أَنزَلَ مِن قَبْلُ
 وَمَن يَكْفُرْ بِاللَّهِ وَمَلَائِكَتِهِ وَكُتُبِهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ فَقَدْ ضَلَّ ضَلَالًا بَعِيدًا ﴿١٣٦﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا ثُمَّ كَفَرُوا
 ثُمَّ آمَنُوا ثُمَّ كَفَرُوا ثُمَّ أَرَادُوا كُفْرًا لَّمْ يَكُنِ اللَّهُ لِيَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ وَلَا لِيَهْدِيَهُمْ سَبِيلًا ﴿١٣٧﴾

يَتَأْتِيَا O you الَّذِينَ who آمَنُوا believe بِاللهِ in Allah believe وَرَسُولِهِ and His Messenger وَالْكِتَابِ and the Book الَّذِي which نَزَّلَ He has sent down عَلَى to رَسُولِهِ His Messenger وَالْمَكْتَبِ and the Scripture الَّذِي which أَنْزَلَ He sent down مِنْ قَبْلُ before وَمَنْ يَكْفُرْ and whosoever disbelieves بِاللهِ in Allah وَمَلَائِكَتِهِ and His Messengers وَرُسُلِهِ and His Books وَالْيَوْمِ and the Last Day الْآخِرِ فَقَدْ then indeed ضَلَّ he is mislead a misleading بَعِيدًا ﴿١٣٦﴾ far away إِنَّ الَّذِينَ verily those who آمَنُوا believe ثُمَّ then كَفَرُوا disbelieve ثُمَّ then believe ثُمَّ then كَفَرُوا disbelieve ثُمَّ then أَزْدَادُوا increased كُفْرًا (in their) then كَفَرُوا disbelieve ثُمَّ then لَا يَكُنْ neither will Allah اللهُ لِيَغْفِرَ forgive لَهُمْ them وَلَا nor لِيَهْدِيَهُمْ سَبِيلًا ﴿١٣٧﴾ (on the Right) Way

136. O you who believe! Believe in Allāh, and His Messenger (Muhammad ﷺ), and the Book (the Qur'ān) which He has sent down to His Messenger, and the Scripture which He sent down to those before (him); and whosoever disbelieves in Allāh, His Angels, His Books, His Messengers, and the Last Day, then indeed he has strayed far away. 137. Verily, those who believe, then disbelieve, then believe (again), and (again) disbelieve, and go on increasing in disbelief; Allāh will not forgive them, nor guide them on the (right) way.

بَشِيرِ الْمُنَافِقِينَ بِأَنَّهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا ﴿١٣٨﴾ الَّذِينَ يَتَّخِذُونَ الْكَافِرِينَ أَوْلِيَاءَ مِنْ دُونِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَيْبَنُوتُ عَنْهُمْ الْعِزَّةَ فَإِنَّ الْعِزَّةَ لِلَّهِ جَمِيعًا ﴿١٣٩﴾ وَقَدْ نَزَّلَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِي الْكِتَابِ أَنْ إِذَا سَمِعْتُمْ آيَاتَ اللَّهِ يُكْفَرُ بِهَا وَيُسْتَهْزَأُ بِهَا فَلَا تَقْعُدُوا مَعَهُمْ حَتَّى يَخُوضُوا فِي حَدِيثٍ غَرِيبٍ إِنَّكُمْ إِذَا مِنْهُمْ إِنَّا اللَّهُ جَامِعُ الْمُنَافِقِينَ وَالْكَافِرِينَ فِي جَهَنَّمَ جَمِيعًا ﴿١٤٠﴾

بَشِيرِ the hypocrites الْمُنَافِقِينَ give tidings بِأَنَّهُمْ that (to) the hypocrites عَذَابًا painful أَلِيمًا torment (is) الَّذِينَ those who يَتَّخِذُونَ instead of أَوْلِيَاءَ as allies الْكَافِرِينَ the disbelievers أَيْبَنُوتُ do they seek? الْمُؤْمِنِينَ believers الْعِزَّةَ from them جَمِيعًا for Allah اللهُ the honour (is) الْحَقَّ verily إِنَّكُمْ honour together وَقَدْ and indeed نَزَّلَ He has sent down عَلَيْكُمْ to you

you مِمَّكُمْ when إِذَا that أَنْ the Scripture الْكِتَابِ in فِي
 (these) هَآءِ being rejected يَكْفُرُ (of) Allah اللَّهُ Verses آيَاتِ hear
 وَاسْتَهْزَأُوا then do not فَلَا (these) هَآءِ and being mocked at
 حَتَّى in فِي they engage يُخَاصُّوْا until حَتَّى with them مَعَهُمْ you sit
 (are) هُنَا then إِذَا indeed you إِنْكُمْ other than that غَيْرِهَا a talk
 (would) collect جَامِعُ Allah اللَّهُ certainly إِنَّ like them
 Hell جَهَنَّمَ in فِي and the disbelievers وَالْكَافِرِينَ the hypocrites
 all together جَمِيعًا ﴿١٣٩﴾

138. Give to the hypocrites the tidings that there is for them a painful torment.
 139. Those who take disbelievers for *Auliya'* (protectors or helpers or friends) instead of believers, do they seek honour, power and glory with them? Verily, then to Allâh belongs all honour, power and glory. 140. And it has already been revealed to you in the Book (this Qur'ân) that when you hear the Verses of Allâh being denied and mocked at, then sit not with them, until they engage in a talk other than that; (but if you stayed with them) certainly in that case you would be like them. Surely, Allâh will collect the hypocrites and disbelievers all together in Hell.

الَّذِينَ يَتَّبِعُونَ بِكُمْ فَإِنْ كَانَ لَكُمْ فَتْحٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ قَالُوا أَنَّهُ تَكُنْ مَعَكُمْ وَإِنْ كَانَ لِلْكَافِرِينَ نَصِيبٌ قَالُوا أَلَمْ
 تَسْعَوْا عَلَيْهِمْ وَتَمْنَعُكُمْ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ فَاللَّهُ يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَكُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ وَلَنْ يَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ لِلْكَافِرِينَ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
 سَبِيلًا ﴿١٤٠﴾ إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ يَخْدِعُونَ اللَّهَ وَهُوَ خَدِيعُهُمْ وَإِذَا قَامُوا إِلَى الصَّلَاةِ قَامُوا كُسَالٍ يُرَاءُونَ النَّاسَ وَلَا
 يَذْكُرُونَ اللَّهَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿١٤١﴾

الَّذِينَ يَتَّبِعُونَ بِكُمْ watching closely يَتَّبِعُونَ those who are الَّذِينَ to you بِكُمْ
 Allah اللَّهُ from مِّنْ a victory فَتْحٌ for you لَكُمْ (there) was كَانَ
 and if وَإِنْ with you مَعَكُمْ we تَكُنْ were not أَنَّهُ they said قَالُوا
 they قَالُوا a chance نَصِيبٌ for disbelievers لِلْكَافِرِينَ (there) was كَانَ
 said أَنَّهُ did not تَسْعَوْا we have mastery عَلَيْكُمْ over you وَتَمْنَعُكُمْ
 the believers الْمُؤْمِنِينَ from مِّنْ and (did) we protect you
 (on) the Day يَوْمَ between you بَيْنَكُمْ will judge يَحْكُمُ and Allah
 اللَّهُ make يَجْعَلَ and never will وَلَنْ (of) Resurrection الْقِيَمَةِ
 the believers الْمُؤْمِنِينَ over عَلَى for the disbelievers لِلْكَافِرِينَ Allah

سَيِّئًا ﴿١٤١﴾ a way إِنَّ the hypocrites التَّائِبِينَ indeed deceives خَدَعَهُمْ but (it is) He (Who) وَهُوَ Allah ﷻ deceive them وَإِذَا قَامُوا إِلَى الصَّلَاةِ they stand up قَامُوا and when قَامُوا they stand كَسَالًا with laziness بَرَآءَةً to be seen النَّاسِ (of) but لَا men and do not يَذْكُرُونَ Allah ﷻ they remember but لَا little قَلِيلًا ﴿١٤٢﴾

141. Those (hypocrites) who wait and watch about you; if you gain a victory from Allâh, they say: "Were we not with you?" But if the disbelievers gain a success, they say (to them): "Did we not gain mastery over you and did we not protect you from the believers?" Allâh will judge between you (all) on the Day of Resurrection. And never will Allâh grant to the disbelievers a way (to triumph) over the believers. 142. Verily, the hypocrites seek to deceive Allâh, but it is He Who deceives them. And when they stand up for *As-Salât* (the prayer), they stand with laziness and to be seen of men, and they do not remember Allâh but little.

مُذَبِّبِينَ بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ لَا إِلَى هَؤُلَاءِ وَلَا إِلَى هَؤُلَاءِ وَمَنْ يُضِلِلِ اللَّهُ فَلَنْ يَجِدَ لَهُ سَبِيلًا ﴿١٤١﴾ يَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لَا تَتَّخِذُوا الْكَافِرِينَ أَوْلِيَاءَ مِنْ دُونِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ أُرِيدُونَ أَنْ تَجْعَلُوا لِلَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ سُلْطَانًا مُبِينًا ﴿١٤٢﴾ إِنَّ التَّائِبِينَ فِي الدَّرَكِ الْأَسْفَلِ مِنَ النَّارِ وَلَنْ يَجِدَ لَهُمْ نَصِيرًا ﴿١٤٣﴾

مُذَبِّبِينَ بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ (this and) that neither لَا to هَؤُلَاءِ these وَلَا nor إِلَى to هَؤُلَاءِ those وَمَنْ whom يُضِلِلِ and whom يُضِلِلِ Allah ﷻ sends astray فَلَنْ never يَجِدَ then will never يَجِدَ you find لَمْ for him سَبِيلًا ﴿١٤١﴾ a way يَأَيُّهَا O you الَّذِينَ who آمَنُوا believe لَا do not تَتَّخِذُوا you take الْكَافِرِينَ the disbelievers أَوْلِيَاءَ as allies مِنْ دُونِ instead of الْمُؤْمِنِينَ believers أُرِيدُونَ أَنْ do you wish? تَجْعَلُوا that عَلَيْكُمْ Allah ﷻ you give سُلْطَانًا against yourselves مُبِينًا ﴿١٤٢﴾ a clear إِنَّ the hypocrites التَّائِبِينَ verily (will be) in فِي the Fire الدَّرَكِ the lowest depths الْأَسْفَلِ مِنَ of النَّارِ the lowest and will وَلَنْ any helper نَصِيرًا ﴿١٤٣﴾ for them لَمْ you find يَجِدَ not

143. (They are) swaying between this and that, belonging neither to these nor to those; and he whom Allâh sends astray, you will not find for him a way (to the truth — Islâm). 144. O you who believe! Take not for *Auliâ'* (protectors or helpers or friends) disbelievers instead of believers. Do you wish to offer Allâh a manifest proof against yourselves? 145. Verily, the hypocrites will be in the lowest depth (grade) of the Fire; no helper will you find for them.

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُوا وَأَصْلَحُوا وَاعْتَصَمُوا بِاللَّهِ وَأَخْلَصُوا دِينَهُمْ لِلَّهِ فَأُولَٰئِكَ مَعَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَسَوْفَ يُؤْتِي اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا ﴿١١٧﴾

إِلَّا except those who تَابُوا repented وَأَصْلَحُوا mended (their ways) وَاعْتَصَمُوا and held fast إِلَى اللَّهِ to Allah وَأَخْلَصُوا and purified دِينَهُمْ their religion لِلَّهِ for Allah فَأُولَئِكَ they (will) مَعَ with (be) الْمُؤْمِنِينَ the believers وَسَوْفَ the believers يُؤْتِي grant اللَّهُ a great عَظِيمًا reward (to) الْمُؤْمِنِينَ believers أَجْرًا what يَفْعَلُ shall do اللَّهُ Allah بِعَذَابِكُمْ by your punishment إِنْ if شَكَرْتُمْ you have thanked وَءَامَنْتُمْ and you believed وَكَانَ and you believed وَكَانَ and you believed

All-Knowing عَلِيمًا All-Appreciative شَاكِرًا Allah is

146. Except those who repent (from hypocrisy), do righteous good deeds, hold fast to Allāh, and purify their religion for Allāh (by worshipping none but Allāh, and do good for Allāh's sake only, not to show off), then they will be with the believers. And Allāh will grant the believers a great reward. **147.** Why should Allāh punish you if you have thanked (Him) and have believed in Him. And Allāh is Ever All-Appreciative (of good), All-Knowing.

﴿لَا يُحِبُّ اللَّهُ الْجَهْرَ بِالسُّوِّ مِنَ الْقَوْلِ إِلَّا مَنْ ظَلَمَ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ سَمِيعًا عَلِيمًا﴾ ١٤٨ إِنْ تُبْدُوا خَيْرًا أَوْ تُخْفَوْهُ أَوْ تَعْفُوا عَنْ سُوءٍ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَفُوًّا قَدِيرًا ١٤٩ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَكْفُرُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَيُرِيدُونَ أَنْ يُفَرِّقُوا بَيْنَ اللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَيَقُولُوا نُؤْمِنُ بِبَعْضٍ وَنَكْفُرُ بِبَعْضٍ وَيُرِيدُونَ أَنْ يَتَّخِذُوا بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ سَبِيلًا ١٥٠ أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْكَافِرُونَ حَقًّا وَأَعْتَدْنَا لِلْكَافِرِينَ عَذَابًا مُهِينًا ١٥١

﴿لَا يُحِبُّ﴾ does not like اللَّهُ Allah the الْجَهْرَ (should be) uttered publicly بِالسُّوِّ evil of مِنَ except إِلَّا words (by him) مَنْ who ظَلَمَ has been wronged وَكَانَ Allah and is سَمِيعًا All-Hearing عَلِيمًا All-Knowing إِنْ if تُبْدُوا you disclose خَيْرًا a good أَوْ or تُخْفَوْهُ keep it secret or تَعْفُوا عَنْ سُوءٍ pardon an evil فَإِنَّ indeed اللَّهُ Allah كَانَ is عَفُوًّا All-Pardoning قَدِيرًا All-Powerful إِنَّ verily الَّذِينَ those who يَكْفُرُونَ disbelieve بِاللَّهِ in Allah وَرُسُلِهِ and His Messengers وَيُرِيدُونَ and they wish أَنْ and they differentiate بَيْنَ between اللَّهُ Allah and يُفَرِّقُوا that يُقُولُوا His Messengers and they say نُؤْمِنُ we believe بِبَعْضٍ in some وَنَكْفُرُ and we disbelieve بِبَعْضٍ in others وَيُرِيدُونَ and they wish أَنْ that يَتَّخِذُوا they take بَيْنَ between ذَلِكَ that سَبِيلًا a way أُولَٰئِكَ those هُمُ (are) الْكَافِرُونَ disbelievers حَقًّا in truth وَأَعْتَدْنَا and We have prepared عَذَابًا for the disbelievers مُهِينًا a humiliating torment

148. Allâh does not like that the evil should be uttered in public except by him who has been wronged. And Allâh is Ever All-Hearer, All-Knower. 149. Whether you (mankind) disclose a good deed, or conceal it, or pardon an evil,...verily, Allâh is Ever Oft-Pardoning, All-Powerful. 150. Verily, those who disbelieve in Allâh and His Messengers and wish to make distinction between Allâh and His Messengers saying, "We believe in some but reject others," and wish to adopt a way in between. 151. They are in truth disbelievers. And We have prepared for the disbelievers a humiliating torment.

وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَلَمْ يُفَرِّقُوا بَيْنَ أَحَدٍ مِنْهُمْ أُولَٰئِكَ سَوْفَ يُؤْتِيهِمْ أَجْرُهُمْ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَفُوًّا رَحِيمًا ١٥٢ يَسْأَلُ أَهْلُ الْكِتَابِ أَنْ تُنَزَّلَ عَلَيْهِمْ كِتَابًا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ فَقَدْ سَأَلُوا مُوسَىٰ أَكْبَرًا مِنْ ذَلِكَ فَقَالُوا أَرَنَا

اللَّهُ جَهْرَةً فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ الصَّاعِقَةُ بِظُلْمِهِمْ ثُمَّ اتَّخَذُوا الْعِجْلَ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَتْهُمْ أَلَيِّنْتُ لَهُمْ فَعَفَوْنَا عَنْ ذَلِكَ
وَمَا آتَيْنَا مُوسَى سُلْطَانًا مُبِينًا ﴿١٥٣﴾

and His رُسُلِهِ in Allah بِاللَّهِ believe آمَنُوا and those who وَالَّذِينَ they differentiate يُفَرِّقُوا and did not وَلَمْ Messengers shall أَحَدٌ between أُولَئِكَ of them وَمِنْهُمْ (any) one أَحَدٌ between سَوْفَ those أُولَئِكَ of them and is كَانَ their reward أَجْرُهُمْ He (Allah) give them يُؤْتِيهِمْ Allah عَفُورًا رَحِيمًا ﴿١٥٢﴾ Most Merciful يَسْأَلُكَ ask you تُزِيلُ that أَنْ (of) the Scripture الْكِتَابِ the People أَهْلُ the People الْكِتَابِ upon them كُنَّا a book مِنَ the سَمَاءِ heaven to descend عَلَيْهِمْ verily سَأَلُوا they had asked مُوسَى Moses أَكْبَرَ greater مِنْ greater فَكَذَلِكَ that قَالُوا they had said أَرِنَا show us اللَّهُ Allah جَهْرَةً a thunderbolt الصَّاعِقَةُ so they were struck with فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ in public they took (to) اتَّخَذُوا then ثُمَّ for their wickedness بِظُلْمِهِمْ had come جَاءَتْهُمْ what مَا after مِنْ بَعْدِ the calf الْعِجْلَ worshipping) أَتَيْنَا clear signs أَلَيِّنْتُ to them (even so) We forgave فَعَفَوْنَا عَنْ authority مُوسَى Moses سُلْطَانًا وَمَا آتَيْنَا that a manifest مُبِينًا ﴿١٥٣﴾

152. And those who believe in Allâh and His Messengers and make no distinction between any of them (Messengers), We shall give them their rewards; and Allâh is Ever Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful. 153. The people of the Scripture (Jews) ask you to cause a book to descend upon them from heaven. Indeed, they asked Mûsâ (Moses) for even greater than that, when they said: "Show us Allâh in public," but they were struck with thunderclap and lightning for their wickedness. Then they worshipped the calf even after clear proofs, evidences, and signs had come to them. (Even) so We forgave them. And We gave Mûsâ (Moses) a clear proof of authority.

وَرَفَعْنَا فَوْقَهُمُ الطُّورَ بِمِيثَاقِهِمْ وَقُلْنَا لَهُمْ ادْخُلُوا الْبَابَ مُجْتَعًا وَقُلْنَا لَهُمْ لَا تَعْدُوا فِي السَّبْتِ وَأَخَذْنَا مِنْهُمْ مِيثَاقًا
عَظِيمًا ﴿١٥٤﴾ فَمَا نَقْضِهِمْ مِيثَاقَهُمْ لَعَنَّاهُمْ وَكَفَرِهِمْ بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ وَقُلْنَا لَهُمُ الْآيَاتُ بَعْرِحٍ وَقَوْلِهِمْ قُلُونَا غُلْفٌ بَلْ طَعِبَ اللَّهُ
عَلَيْهَا يَكْفُرِهِمْ فَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿١٥٥﴾ وَيَكْفُرُهُمْ وَقَوْلِهِمْ عَلَى رَبِّهِمْ بَهْتَانًا عَظِيمًا ﴿١٥٦﴾

وَرَفَعْنَا ^{وَرَفَعْنَا} the mount ^{الْطُّورَ} over them ^{فَوْقَهُمْ} and We raised ^{وَرَفَعْنَا} their covenant ^{وَقُلْنَا} and We said ^{وَقُلْنَا} prostrating (or bowing) ^{سَاجِدًا} the gate ^{بِالسَّابِغَةِ} to them ^{وَقُلْنَا} and We said ^{وَقُلْنَا} Sabbath ^{السَّبَّاتِ} [in] ^{فِي} you violate ^{تَعْدُوا} do not ^{لَا} them ^{وَأَخَذْنَا} a firm ^{عَظِيمًا} covenant ^{مِمَّنْهُمْ} from them ^{وَمِنْهُمْ} and We took ^{وَمِنْهُمْ} because of ^{بِفَتْحِهِمْ} their breaking ^{وَقُلْنَا} their covenant ^{وَقُلْنَا} and their rejecting ^{وَقُلْنَا} Signs ^{آيَاتِ} of Allah ^{اللَّهِ} and their killing ^{وَقُلْنَا} the Prophets ^{بِغَيْرِ} without ^{حَقٍّ} right ^{وَقُلْنَا} and their saying ^{وَقُلْنَا} their hearts ^{قُلُوبَنَا} our hearts ^{خُلِفَتْ} (are) wrapped ^{بَلْ} but ^{طَبَعَ} has ^{وَقُلْنَا} due to their disbelief ^{وَقُلْنَا} Allah ^{اللَّهُ} set a seal ^{عَلَيْهَا} upon them (their hearts) ^{وَقُلْنَا} few ^{وَقُلْنَا} and their uttering ^{وَقُلْنَا} against ^{عَلَى} a mighty ^{عَظِيمًا} slander ^{بِهِنَّ} Mary ^{مَرْيَمَ}

154. And for their covenant, We raised over them the Mount and (on the other occasion) We said: "Enter the gate prostrating (or bowing) with humility;" and We commanded them: "Transgress not (by doing worldly works) on the Sabbath (Saturday)." And We took from them a firm covenant. 155. Because of their breaking the covenant, and of their rejecting the *Ayât* of Allâh, and of their killing the Prophets unjustly, and of their saying: "Our hearts are wrapped" — nay, Allâh has set a seal upon their hearts because of their disbelief, so they believe not but a little. 156. And because of their (Jews) disbelief and uttering against Maryam (عليها السلام) a grave false charge (that she has committed illegal sexual intercourse);

وَقَوْلِهِمْ إِنَّا قَتَلْنَا الْمَسِيحَ عِيسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ وَمَا قَتَلُوهُ وَمَا صَلَبُوهُ وَلَٰكِنْ شُبِّهَ لَهُمْ وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ اخْتَلَفُوا فِيهِ لَفِي شَكٍّ مِّنْهُ مَا لَهُمْ بِهِ مِنْ عِلْمٍ إِلَّا اتِّبَاعَ الظُّلُمِ وَمَا قَتَلُوهُ يَقِينًا ﴿١٥٦﴾ بَلْ رَفَعَهُ اللَّهُ إِلَيْهِ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَزِيزًا حَكِيمًا ﴿١٥٧﴾

وَقَوْلِهِمْ إِنَّا قَتَلْنَا that we ^{وَقَوْلِهِمْ} and (due to) their saying ^{وَقَوْلِهِمْ} the Messiah ^{مَسِيحَ} Jesus ^{عِيسَى} son ^{ابْنِ} of Mary ^{مَرْيَمَ} (of) ^{رَسُولَ} Messenger ^{وَقَوْلِهِمْ} and not ^{وَقَوْلِهِمْ} they killed him ^{وَقَوْلِهِمْ} nor ^{وَقَوْلِهِمْ} they crucified him ^{وَقَوْلِهِمْ} but ^{وَقَوْلِهِمْ} (it was made) ^{وَقَوْلِهِمْ} those who ^{وَقَوْلِهِمْ} and verily ^{وَقَوْلِهِمْ} for them ^{وَقَوْلِهِمْ} to resemble ^{وَقَوْلِهِمْ}

do مَا about it مَنَّةُ doubt شَكَّ (they are) in لَفِي in it differed فيه
 except إِلَّا any knowledge مِنْ عِلْمٍ about it بِهِ they have لَمْ not
 they kill قَتَلُوهُ and did not وَمَا the conjecture الظَّنِّ following اِتَّبَعَ
 to إِلَيْهِ Allah اللَّهُ raised him up رَفَعَهُ but بَلْ surely هِمْ
 حَكِيمًا All-Powerful عَزِيزًا Allah اللَّهُ and is وَكَانَ Himself
 All-Wise

157. And because of their saying (in boast), "We killed Messiah 'Isâ (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary), the Messenger of Allâh," — but they killed him not, nor crucified him, but it appeared so to them [the resemblance of 'Isâ (Jesus) was put over another man], and those who differ therein are full of doubts. They have no (certain) knowledge, they follow nothing but conjecture. For surely; they killed him not: 158. But Allâh raised him ['Isâ (Jesus)] up (with his body and soul) unto Himself (and he عليه السلام is in the heavens). And Allâh is Ever All-Powerful, All-Wise.

وَلَا مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ إِلَّا لِيُؤْمِنَ بِهِ قَبْلَ مَوْتِهِ وَيَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ يَكُونُ عَلَيْهِمْ شَهِيدًا ﴿١٥٧﴾ فَيُظَاهِرُ مِنَ الذِّبِّ هَادُوا
 حَرَمْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ طَيِّبَاتٍ أُحِلَّتْ لَهُمْ وَبِصَدِّهِمْ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ كَثِيرًا ﴿١٥٨﴾ وَأَخَذَهُمُ الرِّبَا وَقَدْ نُهُوا عَنْهُ وَأَكْلِهِمْ أَمْوَالَ
 النَّاسِ بِالْبَاطِلِ وَأَعْتَدْنَا لِلْكَافِرِينَ مِنْهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا ﴿١٥٩﴾

(of) the Scripture الْكِتَابِ the People أَهْلِ of مِنْ and none وَلَا
 his مَوْتِهِ before قَبْلَ in him بِهِ he would believe لِيُؤْمِنَ but إِلَّا
 he يَكُونُ (of) Resurrection الْقِيَامَةِ and (on) the Day وَيَوْمَ death
 thus due to فَيُظَاهِرُ a witness شَهِيدًا ﴿١٥٧﴾ against them عَلَيْهِمْ would be
 حَرَمْنَا became Jews هَادُوا those who الذِّبِّ of مِنَ wrong-doing
 (which أُحِلَّتْ good things طَيِّبَاتٍ to them عَلَيْهِمْ We made unlawful
 and for their وَبِصَدِّهِمْ to them لَهُمْ had been) made lawful
 many كَثِيرًا ﴿١٥٨﴾ (of) Allah اللَّهُ Way سَبِيلِ from عَنْ hindering
 وَأَخَذَهُمُ though وَقَدْ (of) interest الرِّبَا and (for) their taking
 and (for) their وَأَكْلِهِمْ from (taking) it عَنْهُ they were forbidden
 wrongfully بِالْبَاطِلِ (of) people النَّاسِ (of) wealth أَمْوَالَ devouring
 وَأَعْتَدْنَا لِلْكَافِرِينَ مِنْهُمْ and We have prepared عَذَابًا among them
 a painful أَلِيمًا ﴿١٥٩﴾ torment

159. And there is none of the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) but must believe in him before his death (at the time of the appearance of the angel of death). And on the Day of Resurrection, he [‘Isâ (Jesus)] will be a witness against them. 160. For the wrongdoing of the Jews, We made unlawful for them certain good foods which had been lawful for them — and for their hindering many from Allâh’s Way; 161. And their taking of *Ribâ* (usury) though they were forbidden from taking it and their devouring of men’s substance wrongfully (bribery). And We have prepared for the disbelievers among them a painful torment.

لَكِنَّ الرَّاٰسِخُوْنَ فِي الْعِلْمِ مِنْهُمْ وَالْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِمَا اُنْزِلَ اِلَيْكَ وَمَا اُنْزِلَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ وَالْمُقِيمِيْنَ الصَّلٰوةَ وَالْمُؤْتُوْنَ
الرَّكُوْةَ وَالْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِاللّٰهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْاٰخِرِ اُولٰٓئِكَ سَنُوْثِرُهُمْ اَجْرًا عَظِيْمًا ﴿١٦٠﴾ اِنَّا اَوْحَيْنَا اِلَيْكَ كَمَا اَوْحَيْنَا اِلٰى نُوْحٍ
وَالنَّبِيِّنَّ مِنْ بَعْدِهٖ وَاَوْحَيْنَا اِلٰى اِبْرٰهِيْمَ وَاِسْمٰعِيْلَ وَاِسْحٰقَ وَيَعْقُوْبَ وَالْاَسْبَاطِ وَعِيْسٰى وَيُوْسُفَ وَهٰرُوْنَ وَسُلَيْمٰنَ وَءَاٰتَيْنَا دَاوُدَ زَبُوْرًا ﴿١٦١﴾

لَكِنَّ but الرَّاٰسِخُوْنَ firmly rooted in الْعِلْمِ knowledge مِنْهُمْ among them
in what بِمَا believe يُؤْمِنُوْنَ and the believers وَالْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ among them
was sent اُنْزِلَ and what وَمَا to you اِلَيْكَ has been sent down اُنْزِلَ
the الصَّلٰوةَ and those who offer الْمُقِيمِيْنَ before you قَبْلِكَ down
and who وَالْمُؤْتُوْنَ Zakat الرَّكُوْةَ and who pay الْمُؤْتُوْنَ prayer
it is اُولٰٓئِكَ (in) the Last الْاٰخِرِ and Day وَالْيَوْمِ in Allâh بِاللّٰهِ believe
great اُولٰٓئِكَ reward عَظِيْمًا ﴿١٦٠﴾ to whom We shall give سَنُوْثِرُهُمْ they
﴿١٦٠﴾ as اَوْحَيْنَا verily We اَوْحَيْنَا to you اِلَيْكَ have revealed
and the Prophets وَالنَّبِيِّنَّ Noah اِلٰى اِنَّا We had revealed
Abraham اِبْرٰهِيْمَ to اِلٰى and We revealed وَاَوْحَيْنَا after him
and Jacob وَيَعْقُوْبَ and Isaac وَاِسْحٰقَ and Ishmael وَاِسْمٰعِيْلَ
and Job وَالْاَسْبَاطِ and (his) offspring وَعِيْسٰى and Jesus وَيُوْسُفَ and Job
وَهٰرُوْنَ and Jonah وَهٰرُوْنَ and Aaron وَسُلَيْمٰنَ and Solomon وَءَاٰتَيْنَا
the Psalms زَبُوْرًا ﴿١٦١﴾ David دَاوُدَ and We gave

162. But those among them who are well-grounded in knowledge, and the believers, believe in what has been sent down to you (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) and what was sent down before you; and those who perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), and give *Zakât* and believe in Allâh and in the Last Day, it is they to whom We shall give a great reward. 163. Verily, We have sent the Revelation to you (O

Muhammad (ﷺ) as We sent the Revelation to Nûh (Noah) and the Prophets after him; We (also) sent the Revelation to Ibrâhîm (Abraham), Ismâ'îl (Ishmael), Ishâq (Isaac), Ya'qûb (Jacob), and *Al-Asbât*, 'Îsâ (Jesus), Ayyub (Job), Yûnus (Jonah), Hârûn (Aaron), and Sulaimân (Solomon); and to Dâwûd (David) We gave the Zabûr (Psalms).

وَرُسُلًا قَدْ قَصَصْنَاهُمْ عَلَيْكَ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَرُسُلًا لَمْ نَقْصُصْهُمْ عَلَيْكَ ۚ وَكَلَّمَ اللَّهُ مُوسَى تَكْلِيمًا ﴿١٣٦﴾ وَرُسُلًا مُبَشِّرِينَ وَمُنْذِرِينَ لِئَلَّا يَكُونَ لِلنَّاسِ عَلَى اللَّهِ حُجْمٌ ۚ بَعْدَ الرُّسُلِ ۚ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَنِيًّا حَكِيمًا ﴿١٣٧﴾ لَئِنْ أَشْهَدُ بِمَا أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْكَ أَنْزَلَهُ بِعِلْمِهِ وَالْمَلَكِ يَشْهَدُونَ ۚ وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ شَهِيدًا ﴿١٣٨﴾

وَرُسُلًا and Messengers قَدْ قَضَيْنَاهُمْ We have mentioned عَلَيْكَ to you وَلَكَمْ mention them (to) وَمُذَرِّينَ and warners بُرُوحًا مُبَشِّرِينَ Messengers (direct) speech نَكَلِيمًا ﴿١٦٦﴾ so that not إِنَّا and bearers of glad tidings any plea حُجَّةٌ Allah against عَلَى for people لِلنَّاسِ there is بَعْدَ after أَرْسَلْنَا the Messengers وَكَانَ and is عَزِيزًا All-Powerful ﴿١٦٧﴾ All-Wise لَكِنِ but يَشْهَدُ Allah to you إِلَيْكَ He has sent down أَنْزَلْنَا to that which بِمَا witness أَنْزَلْنَاهُ He has sent it down بِعِلْمِهِ with His Knowledge وَالْمَلَكُوتُ and the angels وَكَفَى and suffices as a Witness شَهِيدًا ﴿١٦٨﴾ Allah

164. And Messengers We have mentioned to you before, and Messengers We have not mentioned to you, — and to Mûsâ (Moses) Allâh spoke directly. **165.** Messengers as bearers of good news as well as of warning in order that mankind should have no plea against Allâh after the Messengers. And Allâh is Ever All-Powerful, All-Wise. **166.** But Allâh bears witness to that which He has sent down (the Qur'ân) unto you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم); He has sent it down with His Knowledge, and the angels bear witness. And Allâh is All-Sufficient as a Witness.

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَصَدُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ قَدْ ضَلُّوا ضَلَالًا بَعِيدًا ﴿١٦٦﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَظَلَمُوا لَمْ يَكُنِ اللَّهُ يَجْعَلْ لَهُمْ طَرِيقًا ﴿١٦٧﴾ إِلَّا طَرِيقَ جَهَنَّمَ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا وَكَانَ ذَلِكَ عَلَى اللَّهِ يَسِيرًا ﴿١٦٨﴾ يَتَأْتِيهَا

النَّاسُ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ الرَّسُولُ بِالْحَقِّ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ فَآمِنُوا خَيْرًا لَكُمْ وَإِنْ تَكْفُرُوا فَإِنَّ لِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ﴿١٦٧﴾

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا those who disbelieved وَصَدُّوا (of) Allah Way سَبِيلُ prevented (people) قَدْ certainly they strayed ضَلُّوا straying بَعِيدًا ﴿١٦٧﴾ far away and did wrong وَظَلَمُوا disbelieved كَفَرُوا those who verily الَّذِينَ Allah will not يَكْفُرُ لَمْ يَغْفِرَ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ nor لَا لِيَهْدِيَهُمْ way طَرِيقًا ﴿١٦٨﴾ He will guide them إِلَّا to any way طَرِيقًا ﴿١٦٩﴾ except way طَرِيقًا (of) Hell خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا they would abide فِيهَا in it (therein) أَبَدًا forever وَكَانَ and is ذَلِكَ that عَلَى for اللَّهُ Allah يَسِيرًا ﴿١٧٠﴾ easy يَسِيرًا O النَّاسُ mankind قَدْ verily جَاءَكُمْ has come to you الرَّسُولُ the Messenger بِالْحَقِّ with the truth مِنْ from رَبِّكُمْ your Lord فَآمِنُوا but if لَكُمْ (it is) خَيْرًا better وَإِنْ for you وَكُنْتُمْ تَكْفُرُوا you disbelieve فَإِنَّ then indeed لِلَّهِ what (is) مَا for Allah فِي in السَّمَوَاتِ the heavens وَالْأَرْضِ and is وَكَانَ and is اللَّهُ All-Wise عَلِيمًا All-Knowing حَكِيمًا ﴿١٧١﴾

167. Verily, those who disbelieve [by concealing the truth about Prophet Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم and his message of true Islâmic Monotheism written in the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel) with them] and prevent (mankind) from the path of Allâh; they have certainly strayed far away. (Tafsir Al-Qurtubî). 168. Verily, those who disbelieve and did wrong [by concealing the truth about Prophet Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم and his message of true Islâmic Monotheism written in the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel) with them]; Allâh will not forgive them, nor will He guide them to any way — (Tafsir Al-Qurtubî). 169. Except the way of Hell, to dwell therein forever; and this is ever easy for Allâh. 170. O mankind! Verily, there has come to you the Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) with the truth from your Lord. So believe in him, it is better for you. But if you disbelieve, then certainly to Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and the earth. And Allâh is Ever All-Knowing, All-Wise.

يَتَّهَلَّ الْكِتَابَ لَا تَقُولُوا فِي دِينِكُمْ وَلَا تَقُولُوا عَلَى اللَّهِ إِلَّا الْحَقَّ إِنَّمَا الْمَسِيحُ عِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ وَكَلِمَتُهُ أَلْقَاهَا إِلَى مَرْيَمَ وَرُوحٌ مِنْهُ فَآمِنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَلَا تَقُولُوا ثَلَاثَةٌ انْتَهُوا خَيْرًا لَكُمْ إِنَّمَا اللَّهُ إِلَهٌ وَحِيدٌ سُبْحَانَهُ أَنْ يَكُونَ لَهُ وَلَدٌ لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ وَكِيلًا ﴿١٧٢﴾

يَتَأَمَّلْ O People أَلْكِتَبِ (do) not لَا (of) the Scripture and (do) not وَلَا your religion دِينِكُمْ in فِي exceed the limits only تَقُولُوا you say عَلَى of اللَّهِ Allah إِلَّا but الْحَقُّ the truth إِنَّمَا the truth الْمَسِيحُ the Messiah عِيسَى Jesus ابْنُ son of مَرْيَمَ Mary رَسُولٌ which أَلْقَاهَا and His Word وَكَلِمَتُهُ (of) Allah إِلَهُ a Messenger from Him مِنْهُ and a soul وَدُوحٌ Mary مَرْيَمَ to إِيَّاهُ He conveyed and لَا and His Messengers وَرُسُلِهِ in اللَّهِ Allah so believe فَآمِنُوا do not تَقُولُوا you say ثَلَاثَةً three أَنْتَهُمْ give up خَيْرًا (it is) better لَكُمْ for you إِنَّمَا only اللَّهُ Allah إِلَهُ God وَحْدَهُ (is) One سُبْحَانَهُ Glory be to Him أَنْ that يَكُونُ لَهُ He should have وَلَدٌ a son لَهُ for Him مَا in فِي what (is) in السَّمَوَاتِ the heavens وَمَا and (is) in الْأَرْضِ the earth وَكَفَى and suffices بِاللَّهِ Allah as a Guardian وَكَيْلًا ﴿١٧١﴾

171. O people of the Scripture (Christians)! Do not exceed the limits in your religion, nor say of Allâh aught but the truth. The Messiah 'Isâ (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary), was (no more than) a Messenger of Allâh and His Word, ("Be!" — and he was) which He bestowed on Maryam (Mary) and a spirit (Rûh) created by Him; so believe in Allâh and His Messengers. Say not: "Three (trinity)!" Cease! (it is) better for you. For Allâh is (the only) One *Ilâh* (God), glory is to Him (Far Exalted is He) above having a son. To Him belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. And Allâh is All-Sufficient as a Disposer of affairs.

لَنْ يَسْتَنْكِفَ الْمَسِيحُ أَنْ يَكُونَ عَبْدًا لِلَّهِ وَلَا الْمَلَائِكَةُ الْمُقَرَّبُونَ وَمَنْ يَسْتَنْكِفْ عَنْ عِبَادَتِهِ وَيَسْتَكْبِرْ فَسَيَحْشُرُهُمْ إِلَٰهُ جَمِيعًا ﴿١٧٢﴾ فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ فَيُوَفِّيهِمْ أُجُورَهُمْ وَيَزِيدُهُمْ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ اسْتَنكَفُوا وَاسْتَكْبَرُوا فَيُعَذِّبُهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا وَلَا يَجِدُونَ لَهُمْ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ وَلِيًّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا ﴿١٧٣﴾

لَنْ the Messiah الْمَسِيحُ disdain يَسْتَنْكِفُ will never أَنْ the Messiah the الْمَلَائِكَةُ nor وَلَا of Allah لِلَّهِ a slave عَبْدًا he be يَكُونُ disdains يَسْتَنْكِفُ and whoever وَمَنْ near (to Him) angles الْمُقَرَّبُونَ and shows arrogance وَاسْتَكْبَرَ His worship عِبَادَتِهِ from عَنْ

فَسَيَجْثُرُهُمْ unto Himself إِلَيْهِ He will certainly gather them
 and قَامًا then as for الَّذِينَ believed وَعَمِلُوا did
 their أَصْلَحَتِ good deeds فَيُوَفِّيهِمْ He would give them
 His أَجُورَهُمْ (out) of بOUNTY and give them more وَزِيدَهُمْ
 who disdained أَسْتَكْبَرُوا but as for الَّذِينَ BOUNTY
 He will punish them وَأَسْتَكْبَرُوا and showed arrogance فَيُعَذِّبُهُمْ
 they will find عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا a painful torment وَلَا and not
 or لَهُمْ for them مِنْ دُونِ Allah إِلَهُ besides
 any helper نَصِيرًا ﴿١٧٢﴾

172. The Messiah will never be proud to reject to be a slave of Allâh, nor the angels who are the near (to Allâh). And whosoever rejects His worship and is proud, then He will gather them all together unto Himself. 173. So, as for those who believed and did deeds of righteousness, He will give them their (due) rewards — and more out of His Bounty. But as for those who refused His worship and were proud, He will punish them with a painful torment. And they will not find for themselves besides Allâh any protector or helper.

يَأْتِيَا النَّاسَ قَدْ جَاءَكُم بُرْهَانٌ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ وَأَنْزَلْنَا إِلَيْكُمْ نُورًا مُبِينًا ﴿١٧٢﴾ قَامًا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا بِاللّٰهِ وَأَعْتَصَمُوا بِهِ
 فَسَيُدْخِلُهُمْ فِي رَحْمَةِ مِّنْهُ وَفَضْلٍ وَيَهْدِيهِمْ إِلَيْهِ صِرَاطًا مُسْتَقِيمًا ﴿١٧٣﴾ يَسْتَفْتُونَكَ قُلِ اللّٰهُ يُفْتِيكُمْ فِي
 الْكُلِّ لَئِنْ أَسْرَفْنَا هَلْكَ لَيْسَ لَكَ وَلَدٌ وَلَكِ أُخْتُ فَلَهَا نِصْفُ مَا تَرَكَ وَهُوَ يَرِثُهَا إِنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَهَا وَلَدٌ فَإِنْ كَانَتَا
 أُخْتَيْنِ فَلَهُمَا النِّسْلَانِ مِمَّا تَرَكَ وَإِنْ كَانُوا إِخْوَةً رِّجَالًا وَنِسَاءً فَلِلَّذَكَرِ مِثْلُ حَظِّ الْأُنثِيَيْنِ يُبَيِّنُ اللّٰهُ لَكُمْ أَن
 تَضِلُّوا وَاللّٰهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٧٤﴾

يَأْتِيَا O النَّاسَ mankind قَدْ verily جَاءَكُم has come to you بُرْهَانٌ
 and We have sent down أَنْزَلْنَا your Lord رَبِّكُمْ from بَرْنِ proof
 those الَّذِينَ so for as قَامًا a clear مُبِينًا light ﴿١٧٢﴾
 to who ءَامَنُوا believed بِاللّٰهِ in Allah وَأَعْتَصَمُوا and held fast بِهِ
 Him فَسَيُدْخِلُهُمْ He will admit them رَحْمَةٍ in (to) مِنْهُ Mercy
 to and guide them وَيَهْدِيهِمْ and Bounty وَفَضْلٍ from Him
 they ask you to يَسْتَفْتُونَكَ a Straight مُسْتَقِيمًا Way ﴿١٧٣﴾
 pronounces for يُفْتِيكُمْ Allah الله قُلِ pronounce a ruling

Kalala (who leaves behind no lineal **الْكَلَالَةُ** about **في** you a ruling a child **وَلَدٌ** he had **لَمْ** not **يَس** died **هَلَكَ** a man **أَمْرًا** if **إِنْ** heirs) **وَلَدٌ** and he had **أُخْتُ** a sister **فَلَهَا** then for her (is) **نِصْفٌ** half **مَا** if **إِنْ** will inherit her **يَرِثُهَا** and he **وَهُوَ** he left **رَاقٍ** (of) what there **كَانَتْ** and if **فَإِنْ** a child **وَلَدٌ** she have **لَهَا** does not **لَمْ** **يَكُنْ** two **اَلثَّانِيَانِ** then for them (are) **فَلَهُمَا** two (sisters) **أُخْتَيْنِ** were **إِخْوَةٌ** they were **كَانُوا** and if **وَإِنْ** he left **رَاقٍ** of what **ثُلُثًا** thirds (of) the two **اَلْأُنثَىٰنِ** share **حِظٌ** like **مِثْلٌ** then the male shall have **يَبَيِّنُ** females **لَكُمْ** Allah **اللَّهُ** makes clear **أَنْ** to you **تَضِلُّوا** lest you go astray **وَاللَّهُ** and Allah **يَكُنِّي** of every **شَيْءٍ** thing **عَلِيمٌ** (is) All-Knower

174. O mankind! Verily, there has come to you a convincing proof (Prophet Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) from your Lord; and We sent down to you a manifest light (this Qur'ân). 175. So, as for those who believed in Allâh and held fast to Him, He will admit them to His Mercy and Grace (i.e. Paradise), and guide them to Himself by the Straight Path. 176. They ask you for a legal verdict. Say: "Allâh directs (thus) about *Al-Kalâlah*. If it is a man that dies leaving a sister, but no child, she shall have half the inheritance. If (such a deceased was) a woman, who left no child, her brother takes her inheritance. If there are two sisters, they shall have two-thirds of the inheritance; if there are brothers and sisters, the male will have twice the share of the female. (Thus) does Allâh make clear to you (His Law) lest you go astray. And Allâh is the All-Knower of everything."

سُورَةُ الْمَائِدَةِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا أَوْفُوا بِالْعُقُودِ أُحِلَّتْ لَكُمْ بَيْعَةُ الْأَنْفُسِ إِيَّاءَ مَا بَيْنَ عَلَيْكُمْ غَيْرَ مُحِلِّي الصَّيْدِ وَأَنْتُمْ حُرْمٌ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَحْكُمُ مَا يُرِيدُ ﴿١﴾ يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا لَا تَحِلُّوا سَعْتِمَ اللَّهِ وَلَا الشَّهْرَ الْحَرَامَ وَلَا الْهَدْيَ وَلَا الْقَلَاعِدَ وَلَا ءَامِينَ الْبَيْتِ الْحَرَامَ يَنْتَعُونَ فَضْلًا مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ وَرِضْوَانًا وَإِذَا حَلَلْتُمْ فَاصْطَادُوا وَلَا يَجْرِمُكُمْ شَتَائِنُ قَوْمٍ أَنْ صَدَّوْكُمْ عَنِ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ أَنْ تَعْتَدُوا وَتَعَاوَنُوا عَلَى الْبِرِّ وَالتَّقْوَىٰ وَلَا تَعَاوَنُوا عَلَى الْإِثْمِ وَالْعُدْوَانِ وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيدُ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا believe أَوْفُوا fulfil (of) beasts الْبَهَائِمَ to you لَكُمْ are lawful أُحِلَّت obligations cattle إِلَّا except مَا what يَتْلَى is recited عَلَيْكُمْ to you غَيْرَ not يُحِلِّي in state حَرَمٌ while you are وَأَنْتُمْ to hunt الْقَتِيدَ you are allowed He إِيَّاهُ of Ihram اللَّهِ verily اللَّهُ what مَا decrees يَحْكُمُ Allah يَأْتِيَنَّ O you الَّذِينَ who آمَنُوا believe لَا do not يُحِلُّوا (of) the شَهْرٍ nor وَلَا (of) Allah اَللَّهِ Symbols شَعَائِرَ violate and nor وَلَا (of) the animals اَلْهَدْيِ nor وَلَا (of) the Sacred الْحَرَامِ Month الْقَتَادِ (of) the garlanded النَّاسِ nor وَلَا (of) the people coming اَلْبَيْتِ the Bounty فَصَلَا seeking يَتَّقُونَ Sacred اَلْحَرَامِ (to) the House and when وَإِنَّا and good pleasure وَرِضْوَانًا their Lord رَبِّهِمْ of and (let) وَلَا you may hunt فَاصْطَادُوا you finish the Ihram حَلَلْتُمْ not يَجْرِمَنَّكُمْ lead you to transgression شَتَاتٌ the hatred قَوْمِ (of) some people أَنْ that صَدُّوْكُمْ stopped عَنْ from الْمَسْجِدِ اَلْحَرَامِ Mosque أَنْ the Sacred اَلْحَرَامِ that تَقْتَدُوا you transgress وَمَا وَثَّوْا and help you one another عَلَى in اَلْإِيمَانِ righteousness وَالْقَوَىٰ and do not وَلَا piety اَلْمَدُونِ and transgression وَأَتَّقُوا and fear اَللَّهِ Allah إِيَّاهُ verily اللَّهُ (in) punishment اَلْعَقَابِ (is) Severe سَدِيدٌ Allah

Sûrat 5. Al-Mâ'idah

(The Table spread with food)

In the Name of Allâh

the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful

1. O you who believe! Fulfil (your) obligations. Lawful to you (for food) are all the beasts of cattle except that which will be announced to you (herein), game (also) being unlawful when you assume *Ihrâm* for *Hajj* or '*Umrah* (pilgrimage). Verily, Allâh commands that which He wills. 2. O you who believe! Violate not the sanctity of the Symbols of Allâh, nor of the Sacred Month, nor of the animals brought for sacrifice, nor the garlanded people or animals, and others, nor the people coming to the Sacred House (Makkah), seeking the bounty and good pleasure of their Lord. But when you finish the *Ihrâm*, you may hunt, and let not the hatred of some people in (once) stopping you from *Al-Masjid Al-Harâm* (at

Makkah) lead you to transgression. Help you one another in *Al-Birr* and *At-Taqwa*; but do not help one another in sin and transgression. And fear Allâh. Verily, Allâh is Severe in punishment.

حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْمَيْتَةَ وَالدَّمَ وَلَحْمَ الْخِنْزِيرِ وَمَا أُهِلَّ لِغَيْرِ اللَّهِ بِهِ وَالْمُنْخَنِقَةُ وَالْمَوْقُوذَةُ وَالْمُتَرَدِّيَةُ وَالنَّطِيحَةُ وَمَا أَكَلَ السَّبُعُ إِلَّا مَا ذَكَّيْتُمْ وَمَا ذُبِحَ عَلَى النُّصُبِ وَأَنْ تَسْتَقْسِمُوا بِالْأَزْوَاجِ ذَلِكَ فِسْقٌ الْيَوْمَ يَبْسُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْ دِينِكُمْ فَلَا تَحْشَوْهُمْ وَاخْشَوْنِ الْيَوْمَ أَكْمَلْتُ لَكُمْ دِينَكُمْ وَأَتِمَمْتُ عَلَيْكُمْ نِعْمَتِي وَرَضِيتُ لَكُمُ الْإِسْلَامَ دِينًا فَمَنِ اضْطُرَّ فِي مَخْمَصَةٍ غَيْرَ مُتَجَانِفٍ لِإِثْمٍ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿٦﴾

and blood **وَالدَّمُ** carrion **الْمَيْتَةُ** to you **عَلَيْكُمْ** are forbidden **حَرَّمَ**
has been **أُهِلَّ** and what **وَمَا** (of) swine **الْخِنْزِيرِ** and flesh **لَحْمُ**
which **بِهِ** Allah **اللَّهُ** to other than **لِغَيْرِ** slaughtered as a sacrifice
and by a violent blow **وَالْمَوْقُوذَةُ** and (killed by) strangling **وَالْمُنْخَنِقَةُ**
and by the goring of horns **وَالنَّطِيحَةُ** and by a head long fall **وَالْمُتَرَدِّيَةُ**
that **مَا** except **إِلَّا** by a beast **السَّبُعُ** devoured **أَكَلَ** and that **وَمَا**
on **ذَكَّيْتُمْ** slaughtered by you **وَمَا** and what **ذُبِحَ** slaughtered **عَلَى**
you seek knowledge of your **تَسْتَقْسِمُوا** and that **وَأَنْ** altars **النُّصُبِ**
this **الْيَوْمَ** (is) sin **فِسْقٌ** that **ذَلِكَ** by divining arrows **بِالْأَزْوَاجِ**
those who **الَّذِينَ** have given up all hope **يَبْسُ** Day
you **تَحْشَوْهُمْ** so do not **فَلَا** your religion **دِينَكُمْ** of **مِنْ** disbelieved
I have **أَخْشَوْنِ** fear them **وَاخْشَوْنِ** but fear Me **الْيَوْمَ** this day **أَكْمَلْتُ**
and I have **أَتِمَمْتُ** your religion **دِينَكُمْ** for you **لَكُمْ** perfected
and I have **وَرَضِيتُ** My Favour **نِعْمَتِي** upon you **عَلَيْكُمْ** completed
but **فَمَنْ** as a religion **دِينًا** Islam **الْإِسْلَامَ** for you **لَكُمْ** approved
who **اضْطُرَّ** is forced **فِي** by **مَخْمَصَةٍ** hunger **غَيْرَ** not **مُتَجَانِفٍ**
(is) **لِإِثْمٍ** to sin **فَإِنَّ** then indeed **اللَّهُ** Allah **غَفُورٌ** (is)
Most Merciful **رَحِيمٌ** All-Forgiving ﴿٦﴾

3. Forbidden to you (for food) are: *Al-Maitah* (the dead animals — cattle — beast not slaughtered), blood, the flesh of swine, and that on which Allâh's Name has not been mentioned while slaughtering and that which has been killed by strangling, or by a violent blow, or by a headlong fall, or by the goring of horns — and that which has been (partly) eaten by a wild animal — unless you are able to slaughter it (before its death) - and that which is sacrificed (slaughtered) on

An-Nusub (stone-altars). (Forbidden) also is to use arrows seeking luck or decision; (all) that is *Fisqun* (disobedience of Allâh and sin). This day, those who disbelieved have given up all hope of your religion; so fear them not, but fear Me. This day, I have perfected your religion for you, completed My Favour upon you, and have chosen for you Islâm as your religion. But as for him who is forced by severe hunger, with no inclination to sin, then surely, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

يَسْأَلُونَكَ مَاذَا أُحِلَّ لَهُمْ قُلْ أُحِلَّ لَكُمْ الطَّيِّبَاتُ وَمَا عَلَّمْتُم مِّنَ الْجَوَارِحِ مُكَلِّبِينَ تُعَلِّمُونَهُنَّ مِمَّا عَلَّمَكُمُ اللَّهُ فَكُلُوا مِمَّا
أَمْسَكْنَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَاذْكُرُوا اسْمَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَالْقُوا اللَّهَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَرِيعُ الْحِسَابِ ﴿١٠١﴾

to them *يَسْأَلُونَكَ* what *مَاذَا* they ask you *أُحِلَّ* what *طَيِّبَاتُ* pure good things *لَكُمْ* to you *أُحِلَّ* say *قُلْ* to hunting animals *مِّنَ الْجَوَارِحِ* you have taught *وَمَا* and what *عَلَّمْتُم* of what *تُعَلِّمُونَهُنَّ* you teach them *مِمَّا* training them for hunting *مُكَلِّبِينَ* of what *فَكُلُوا* so you may eat *اللَّهُ* Allah has taught you *عَلَّمَكُمُ* name *بِاسْمِ* but invoke *وَاذْكُرُوا* for you *عَلَيْكُمْ* they catch *أَمْسَكْنَ* indeed *إِنَّ* Allah and fear *وَالْقُوا* on it *اللَّهُ* (of) Allah *سَرِيعُ* Allah (in) reckoning *الْحِسَابِ* (is) Swift

4. They ask you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) what is lawful for them (as food). Say: "Lawful unto you are *At-Tayyibât*. And those beasts and birds of prey which you have trained as hounds, training and teaching them (to catch) in the manner as directed to you by Allâh; so eat of what they catch for you, but pronounce the Name of Allâh over it, and fear Allâh. Verily, Allâh is Swift in reckoning."

الْيَوْمَ أُحِلَّ لَكُمْ الطَّيِّبَاتُ وَطَعَامُ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ حِلٌّ لَّكُمْ وَطَعَامُكُمْ حِلٌّ لَهُمْ وَالْمُحْصَنَاتُ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ وَالْمُحْصَنَاتُ
مِنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ إِذَا آتَيْتُمُوهُنَّ أَجُورَهُنَّ مُحْصِنِينَ غَيْرَ مُسْفِحِينَ وَلَا مَعْذِرَ أَخْذَانٍ وَمَن
يَكْفُرْ بِالْإِيمَانِ فَقَدْ حَبِطَ عَمَلُهُ وَهُوَ فِي الْآخِرَةِ مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ ﴿١٠٢﴾

pure good *الْيَوْمَ* this Day *أُحِلَّ* to you *لَكُمْ* are made lawful *طَيِّبَاتُ* pure good things *وَالَّذِينَ* (of) those who *أُوتُوا* have been given *الْكِتَابَ* the Scripture *حِلٌّ* (is) lawful *لَكُمْ* to you *وَالْمُحْصَنَاتُ* and chaste women *مِنَ* and food *طَعَامُ* (is) lawful *لَهُمْ* to them *وَالْمُحْصَنَاتُ* food

from **الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ** believing women **وَالْمُحْصَنَاتِ** and chaste women **مِنَ الَّذِينَ** those who **أُوتُوا** have been given the Scripture **الْكِتَابَ** the Scripture **مِن قَبْلِكُمْ** from before you **إِنَّمَا** when **مَاتَتْهُنَّ** you have given them **أُجُورَهُنَّ** their **لَا** lewdness **مُسَفِّحِينَ** not **عَبْرَ** desiring chastity **مُحْصِنِينَ** bridal due and who **وَمَنْ** as secret companions **أَخَذَانِ** taking them **مَتَّخِذِي** nor went to waste **حِطَّ** indeed **فَقَدْ** in faith **بِالْإِيمَانِ** disbelieves **يَكْفُرُ** **عَمَلُهُ** his work **وَهُوَ** and He **فِي** in **الْآخِرَةِ** the Hereafter (will be) **مِنَ** among **الْخَاسِرِينَ** the losers ﴿٥﴾

5. Made lawful to you this day are *At-Tayyibât*. The food (slaughtered cattle, eatable animals) of the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) is lawful to you and yours is lawful to them. (Lawful to you in marriage) are chaste women from the believers and chaste women from those who were given the Scripture (Jews and Christians) before your time when you have given their due *Mahr* (bridal-money given by the husband to his wife at the time of marriage), desiring chastity (i.e. taking them in legal wedlock) not committing illegal sexual intercourse, nor taking them as girlfriends. And whosoever disbelieves in Faith, then fruitless is his work; and in the Hereafter he will be among the losers.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِذَا قُمْتُمْ إِلَى الصَّلَاةِ فَاغْسِلُوا وُجُوهَكُمْ وَأَيْدِيَكُمْ إِلَى الْمَرَافِقِ وَامْسَحُوا بِرُءُوسِكُمْ وَأَرْجُلَكُمْ إِلَى الْكَعْبَيْنِ وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ جُنُبًا فَاطَّهَّرُوا وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ مَرْضَى أَوْ عَلَى سَفَرٍ أَوْ جَاءَ أَحَدٌ مِنْكُمْ مِنَ الْغَائِطِ أَوْ لَمَسْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ فَلَمْ يَجِدُوا مَاءً فَتَيَمَّمُوا صَعِيدًا طَيِّبًا فَامْسَحُوا بِوُجُوهِكُمْ وَأَيْدِيكُمْ مِنْهُ مَا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ لِيَجْعَلَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِنْ حَرَجٍ وَلَكِنْ يُرِيدُ لِيُطَهِّرَكُمْ وَلِيُتِمَّمَ رِزْقَكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٥﴾

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا O you **إِذَا** when **قُمْتُمْ** you stand **إِلَى** up **الصَّلَاةِ** the prayer **فَاغْسِلُوا** then wash **وُجُوهَكُمْ** your faces **وَأَيْدِيَكُمْ** and your hands **إِلَى** upto **الْمَرَافِقِ** the elbows **وَامْسَحُوا** and (wash) your feet **وَأَرْجُلَكُمْ** your heads **بِرُءُوسِكُمْ** you wipe **إِلَى** upto **الْكَعْبَيْنِ** the ankles **وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ** but if **جُنُبًا** you are (in state of) **فَاطَّهَّرُوا** then purify yourself **جَانَابًا** (ritual impurity) **وَأَوْ** or **مَرْضَى** you are **أَوْ** ill **عَلَى** on **سَفَرٍ** journey **وَأَوْ** or **كُنْتُمْ** and if

جاءَ أَحَدٌ one of you مِنْ of you the toilet أَلْقَا بِطِيبٍ you have been in sexual contact or لَنْتَسْتُمُ make Tayammum أَلَيْسَ you find مَاءَ water فَتَيَمَّمُوا and did not فَلَمْ then look for يَجِدُوا clean طِينًا earth صَحِيدًا your يُوْجُوهُكُمْ and you wipe عَلَيْكُمْ faces وَأَيْدِيكُمْ does not مَا with it مِنْهُ and your hands لِيَجْعَلَ Allah ﷻ to lay عَلَيْكُمْ upon you حَرَجَ any مِنْ upon you لِيُطَهِّرَكُمْ He wants يُرِيدُ but وَلَكِنْ hardship to purify you وَلِيُكَمِّمْ so to complete His Favours عَلَيْكُمْ upon you لَمَّاكُمْ so give thanks تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٦﴾ that you may

6. O you who believe! When you intend to offer *As-Salât* (the prayer), wash your faces and your hands (forearms) up to the elbows, rub (by passing wet hands over) your heads, and (wash) your feet up to the ankles. If you are in a state of *Janâba*, purify yourselves (bathe your whole body). But if you are ill or on a journey, or any of you comes after answering the call of nature, or you have been in contact with women, and you find no water, then perform *Tayammum* with clean earth and rub therewith your faces and hands. Allâh does not want to place you in difficulty, but He wants to purify you, and to complete His Favours to you that you may be thankful.

وَاذْكُرُوا نِعْمَةَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ وَمِيثَاقَهُ الَّذِي وَاثَقَكُمْ بِهِ إِذْ قُلْتُمْ سَمِعْنَا وَأَطَعْنَا وَأَتَقُوا اللَّهَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ ﴿٧﴾ يَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا كُونُوا قَوِّمِينَ لِلَّهِ شُهَدَاءَ بِالْقِسْطِ وَلَا يَجْرِمَنَّكُمْ شَنَاَنُ قَوْمٍ عَلَىٰ أَلَّا تَعْدِلُوا أَعْدِلُوا هُوَ أَقْرَبُ لِلتَّقْوَىٰ وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٨﴾

وَاذْكُرُوا and you remember نِعْمَةَ Allah ﷻ (of) Allah ﷻ عَلَيْكُمْ He bound وَاثَقَكُمْ that الَّذِي and His Covenant وَمِيثَاقَهُ upon you we have heard قُلْتُمْ you said سَمِعْنَا with it إِذْ you وَأَطَعْنَا and you fear وَأَتَقُوا and we have obeyed إِنَّ Allah ﷻ indeed (of) what (is) بِذَاتِ (is) All-Knower عَلِيمٌ Allah ﷻ believe الصُّدُورِ ﴿٧﴾ يَأَيُّهَا O you (in your) breasts كُونُوا as witnesses قَوِّمِينَ for Allah ﷻ steadfast شُهَدَاءَ you be كُونُوا as witnesses بِالْقِسْطِ in equity وَلَا and may not يَجْرِمَنَّكُمْ drive you شَنَاَنُ you do تَعْدِلُوا that do not أَلَّا to عَلَىٰ (of) people قَوْمٍ enmity

to piety لِتَتَّقُوا nearer أَقْرَبُ that (is) هُوَ deal justly justice
 وَأَتَّقُوا and you fear اللَّهُ Allah إِنَّك indeed Allah خَيْرٌ is
 you do تَعْمَلُونَ of what بِمَا Well-Aware

7. And remember Allâh's Favour to you and His Covenant with which He bound you when you said: "We hear and we obey." And fear Allâh. Verily, Allâh is All-Knower of that which is in (the secrets of your) breasts. 8. O you who believe! Stand out firmly for Allâh as just witnesses; and let not the enmity and hatred of others make you avoid justice. Be just: that is nearer to piety; and fear Allâh. Verily, Allâh is Well-Acquainted with what you do.

وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ لَهُمْ مَغْفِرَةٌ وَأَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ ۝٩ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَكَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا
 أُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ الْجَحِيمِ ۝١٠ يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا أَذْكُرُوا نِعْمَتَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ إِذْ هُمْ قَوْمٌ اٰن
 يَبْسُطُوا إِلَيْكُمْ أَيْدِيَهُمْ فَكَفَّ أَيْدِيَهُمْ عَنْكُمْ وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَعَلَى اللَّهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ۝١١

believed ءَامَنُوا (to) those who الَّذِينَ Allah اللَّهُ has promised وَعَدَ
 (is) وَمَغْفِرَةٌ for them لَهُمْ good deeds الصَّالِحَاتِ and did وَعَمِلُوا
 and those وَالَّذِينَ great عَظِيمٌ ۝٩ and reward وَأَجْرٌ forgiveness
 Our Signs آيَاتِنَا and denied وَكَذَّبُوا who كَفَرُوا
 أُولَٰئِكَ they (will be) أَصْحَابُ companions (dwellers) الْجَحِيمِ ۝١٠
 (of) Hell-Fire يَأْتِيهَا O you الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا who أَذْكُرُوا
 remember نِعْمَتَ Favour اللَّهُ Allah (of) عَلَيْكُمْ upon you إِذْ
 when هُمْ decided قَوْمٌ some people اٰن that يَبْسُطُوا
 إِلَيْكُمْ to you أَيْدِيَهُمْ their hands فَكَفَّ but He held back
 their hands عَنْكُمْ from you وَاتَّقُوا and fear اللَّهُ Allah وَعَلَى
 in اللَّهُ Allah فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ the believers الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ۝١١ let put their trust

9. Allâh has promised those who believe and do deeds of righteousness, that for them there is forgiveness and a great reward (i.e. Paradise). 10. And those who disbelieve and deny Our Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) are those who will be the dwellers of the Hell-fire. 11. O you who believe! Remember the Favour of Allâh unto you when some people desired (made a plan) to stretch out their hands against you, but (Allâh) held back their hands from you. So fear Allâh. And in Allâh let the believers put their trust.

وَلَقَدْ أَخَذَ اللَّهُ مِيثَاقَ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ وَبَعَثْنَا مِنْهُمُ اثْنَيْ عَشَرَ نَقِيبًا وَقَالَ اللَّهُ إِنِّي مَعَكُمْ لَئِنْ أَقَمْتُمُ الصَّلَاةَ وَآتَيْتُمُ الزَّكَاةَ وَآمَنْتُمْ بِرُسُلِي وَعَزَّرْتُمُوهُمْ وَأَقْرَضْتُمُ اللَّهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا لَأُكَفِّرَنَّ عَنْكُمْ سَيِّئَاتِكُمْ وَلَأُدْخِلَنَّكُمْ جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ فَمَنْ كَفَرَ بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ مِنْكُمْ فَقَدْ ضَلَّ سَوَاءَ السَّبِيلِ ﴿١٧﴾

وَلَقَدْ أَخَذَ Allah took and verily مِيثَاقَ (from) Allah and We appointed بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ Children (of) Israel and said اثْنَيْ عَشَرَ twelve نَقِيبًا leaders among them and I am with you لَئِنْ if أَقَمْتُمُ you certainly مَعَكُمْ with you and you paid الزَّكَاةَ Zakat established and you believed وَآمَنْتُمْ in My Messengers رُسُلِي and you lent وَأَقْرَضْتُمُ Allah and you assisted them قَرْضًا loan حَسَنًا a good from you عَنْكُمْ I would certainly efface لَأُكَفِّرَنَّ your evil deeds وَلَأُدْخِلَنَّكُمْ and would surely admit you to جَنَّاتٍ Gardens and flowing تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا under them الْأَنْهَارُ the rivers after ذَلِكَ but who كَفَرَ disbelieved بَعْدَ this مِنْكُمْ among you فَقَدْ indeed ضَلَّ he has gone astray سَوَاءَ (from) Right Way السَّبِيلِ ﴿١٧﴾

12. Indeed, Allâh took the covenant from the Children of Israel (Jews), and We appointed twelve leaders among them. And Allâh said: "I am with you if you perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*) and give *Zakât* and believe in My Messengers; honour and assist them, and lend a good loan to Allâh, verily, I will expiate your sins and admit you to Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise). But if any of you after this, disbelieved, he has indeed gone astray from the Straight Path."

فِيمَا تَقْضِيهِمْ مِيثَاقَهُمْ لَعَنَّاهُمْ وَجَعَلْنَا قُلُوبَهُمْ قَاسِيَةً يُحَرِّفُونَ الْكَلِمَ عَنْ مَوَاضِعِهِ وَنَسُوا حَظًّا مِمَّا ذُكِّرُوا بِهِ وَلَا تَزَالُ تَطَّلِعُ عَلَى خَآئِنٍ مِنْهُمْ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِنْهُمْ فَاعْفُ عَنْهُمْ وَاصْفَحْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿١٨﴾ وَمِنَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا إِنَّا نَصْرُكَ أَخَذْنَا مِنْهُمْ مِيثَاقَهُمْ فَنَسُوا حَظًّا مِمَّا ذُكِّرُوا بِهِ فَأَغْرَيْنَا بَيْنَهُمُ الْعَدَاوَةَ وَالْبَغْضَاءَ إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ وَسَوْفَ يُنَبِّئُهُمُ اللَّهُ بِمَا كَانُوا يَصْنَعُونَ ﴿١٩﴾

فِيمَا then for نَقَضِهِمْ their breach مِيثَقَهُمْ (of) their covenant لَعَنَهُمْ We cursed them وَجَعَلْنَا their hearts قُلُوبَهُمْ and We made حَزَلًا they change الْكَلِمَ hard عَنِ the words مَوَاضِعِهِمْ from قُلُوبِهِمْ their hearts وَنَسُوا their context وَنَسُوا and they forgot حَظًّا a part وَمِمَّا of what ذُكِّرُوا you cease زَالٌ and will not وَلَا of it يَدٌ they were admonished except إِلَّا from them وَتَنَجَّسُوا treachery وَتَنَجَّسُوا to discover عَلَى تَطْلُعِ them إِلَّا a few مِنْهُمْ of them فَاعْفُ but forgive عَنْهُمْ them وَأَصْفَحْ those الْمُحْسِنِينَ loves اللَّهُ verily إِنَّ overlook said قَالُوا those who الَّذِينَ and from وَمِمَّنْ who do good deeds إِنْ we are نَصَرْنَاهُمْ Christians أَخَذْنَا We took مِيثَقَهُمْ their of that مِمَّا a (good) part حَقًّا but they forgot فَكَنُوا covenant so We aroused فَاغْرَبْنَا of it يَدَهُمْ they were admonished ذُكِّرُوا and hatred الْعَدَاوَةَ enmity وَالْبَغْضَاءَ and till يَوْمَ them يُنَبِّئُهُمُ Day (of) Resurrection وَسَوْفَ and shall يُنَبِّئُهُمُ them اللَّهُ بِمَا of what كَانُوا they had been يَصْنَعُونَ doing

13. So, because of their breach of their covenant, We cursed them and made their hearts grow hard. They change the words from their (right) places and have abandoned a good part of the Message that was sent to them. And you will not cease to discover deceit in them, except a few of them. But forgive them and overlook (their misdeeds). Verily, Allâh loves *Al-Muhsinîn* (good-doers — See V.2:112). 14. And from those who call themselves Christians, We took their covenant, but they have abandoned a good part of the Message that was sent to them. So We planted amongst them enmity and hatred till the Day of Resurrection (when they discarded Allâh's Book, disobeyed Allâh's Messengers and His Orders and transgressed beyond bounds in Allâh's disobedience); and Allâh will inform them of what they used to do.

يَا أَهْلَ الْكِتَابِ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ رَسُولُنَا يُبَيِّنُ لَكُمْ كَثِيرًا مِمَّا كُنْتُمْ تُخْفُونَ مِنَ الْكِتَابِ وَيَعْفُو عَنْ كَثِيرٍ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ نُورٌ وَكِتَابٌ مُبِينٌ ﴿١٥﴾ يَهْدِي بِهِ اللَّهُ مَنِ اتَّبَعَ رِضْوَانَهُ سُبُلَ السَّلَامِ وَيُخْرِجُهُم مِنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى النُّورِ بِإِذْنِهِ وَيَهْدِيهِمْ إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ ﴿١٦﴾

يَخَافُ O People أَلْكِتَابِ (of) the Scripture indeed قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ
 he makes clear رُسُلَنَا Our Messenger يُبَيِّنُ to you
 لَكُمْ to you كَثِيرًا much مِمَّا of that كُنْتُمْ you used تَخْفَوْنَ
 and passes أَلْكِتَابِ the Scripture مِنْ conceal
 over كَثِيرٌ much قَدْ surely جَاءَكُمْ has come to you مِنْ
 from اللَّهُ Allah نُورٌ a light وَكِتَابٌ a Book مُبِينٌ ﴿١٥﴾ and clear
 يَهْدِي guides بِهِ with it اللَّهُ Allah مَنْ those who اتَّبَعَ sought
 رِضْوَانَهُ His Good Pleasure سُبُلَ ways السَّلَامِ (of) peace
 وَيُخْرِجُهُمُ from الظُّلُمَاتِ the darkness وَهُوَ He brings them out
 إِلَى to النُّورِ the light بِإِذْنِهِ by His Will وَيَهْدِيهِمْ and He
 إِلَى guides them إِلَى to صِرَاطٍ Way مُسْتَقِيمٍ ﴿١٦﴾ the Straight

15. O people of the Scripture! Now has come to you Our Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) explaining to you much of that which you used to hide from the Scripture and pass over much. Indeed, there has come to you from Allâh a light (Prophet Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) and a plain Book (this Qur'ân).
 16. Wherewith Allâh guides all those who seek His Good Pleasure to ways of peace, and He brings them out of darkness by His Will unto light and guides them to the Straight Way.

لَقَدْ كَفَرَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الْمَسِيحُ ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ قُلْ فَمَنْ يَمْلِكُ مِنَ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا إِنْ أَرَادَ أَنْ
 يُهْلِكَ الْمَسِيحَ ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ وَأُمَّهُ وَفِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا وَلِلَّهِ مُلْكُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا
 بَيْنَهُمَا يَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٧﴾

لَقَدْ indeed كَفَرَ disbelieved الَّذِينَ those who قَالُوا said إِنَّ
 اللَّهُ Allah verily هُوَ (He) is الْمَسِيحُ the Messiah ابْنُ son مَرْيَمَ
 against مَنْ has power يَمْلِكُ who then قُلْ (of) Mary
 اللَّهُ Allah شَيْئًا the least إِنْ if أَرَادَ He decided أَن that يُهْلِكَ
 (of) the Messiah ابْنُ son مَرْيَمَ (are) on فِي and those who وَأُمُّهُ Mary
 الْأَرْضِ the earth جَمِيعًا all وَلِلَّهِ and belongs to اللَّهُ and the earth وَمَا
 السَّمَوَاتِ dominion (of) the heavens وَالْأَرْضِ and the earth وَمَا

what مَا He creates يَخْلُقُ (is) between them بَيْنَهُمَا and what
 thing شَيْءٌ every كُلِّ over عَلَى and Allah وَاللَّهُ He wills
 (is) All-Powerful

17. Surely, in disbelief are they who say that Allâh is the Messiah, son of Maryam (Mary). Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم): "Who then has the least power against Allâh, if He were to destroy the Messiah, son of Maryam (Mary), his mother, and all those who are on the earth together?" And to Allâh belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth, and all that is between them. He creates what He wills. And Allâh is Able to do all things.

وَقَالَتِ الْيَهُودُ وَالنَّصَارَىٰ نَحْنُ أَبْنَاءُ اللَّهِ وَأَحِبُّوهُ قُلْ فَلِمَ يُعَذِّبُكُمْ بِذُنُوبِكُمْ بَلْ أَنْتُمْ بَشَرٌ مِّمَّنْ خَلَقَ يَغْفِرُ لِمَن يَشَاءُ وَيُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَاءُ وَلِلَّهِ مُلْكُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا وَإِلَيْهِ الْمَصِيرُ ﴿١٧﴾ يَا أَهْلَ الْكِتَابِ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ رَسُولُنَا يُبَيِّنُ لَكُمْ عَلَىٰ فَتْرَةٍ مِّنَ الرُّسُلِ أَنْ تَقُولُوا مَا جَاءَنَا مِن بَشِيرٍ وَلَا نَذِيرٍ فَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ بَشِيرٌ وَنَذِيرٌ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٨﴾

وَقَالَتِ الْيَهُودُ and the Christians وَالنَّصَارَىٰ and said قَالَتْ and we (are) أَبْنَاءُ اللَّهِ children (of) Allah وَأَحِبُّوهُ and His beloved قُلْ say قُلْ فَلِمَ why then يُعَذِّبُكُمْ He punishes you بِذُنُوبِكُمْ for your sins بَلْ but أَنْتُمْ you (are) بَشَرٌ human being مِّمَّنْ from who خَلَقَ He created يَغْفِرُ has forgiven لِمَن whom يَشَاءُ (to) whom He wills وَيُعَذِّبُ and He punishes مَن and He wills يَشَاءُ whom and He punishes and belongs to اللَّهِ He wills يَشَاءُ and He punishes and the heavens السَّمَاوَاتِ and the earth وَمَا what بَيْنَهُمَا (is) between them وَإِلَيْهِ (is) to Him (of) the return الْمَصِيرُ ﴿١٧﴾ O People يَا أَهْلَ الْكِتَابِ the (eventual) return Our Messenger رَسُولُنَا has come to you جَاءَكُمْ surely قَدْ Scripture يُبَيِّنُ he makes clear لَكُمْ to you عَلَى (on) after فَتْرَةٍ an interval (has) not مَا you say تَقُولُوا lest the Messengers الرُّسُلِ of جَاءَنَا come to us مِن بَشِيرٍ a bearer of glad tidings وَلَا (and) not نَذِيرٍ a warner قَدْ surely جَاءَكُمْ but جَاءَكُمْ now has come to you بَشِيرٌ and a bearer of glad tidings نَذِيرٌ and a warner وَاللَّهُ and Allah عَلَى (is) All-Powerful قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٨﴾ thing شَيْءٌ every كُلِّ over

18. And (both) the Jews and the Christians say: "We are the children of Allâh and His loved ones." Say: "Why then does He punish you for your sins?" Nay, you are but human beings of those He has created, He forgives whom He wills and He punishes whom He wills. And to Allâh belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them; and to Him is the return (of all). 19. O people of the Scripture! Now has come to you Our Messenger (Muhammad ﷺ) making (things) clear unto you, after a break in (the series of) Messengers, lest you say: "There came unto us no bringer of glad tidings and no warner." But now has come unto you a bringer of glad tidings and a warner. And Allâh is Able to do all things.

وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لِقَوْمِهِ يُقَوِّمُ أَذْكُرُوا نِعْمَةَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ إِذْ جَعَلَ فِيكُمْ أَنْبِيَاءَ وَجَعَلَكُمْ مُلُوكًا وَآتَاكُمْ مَا لَمْ يُؤْتِ أَحَدًا مِنَ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٢٠﴾ يَقَوْمُ ادْخُلُوا الْأَرْضَ الْمُقَدَّسَةَ الَّتِي كَتَبَ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ وَلَا تَرْتَدُّوا عَلَىٰ أَدْبَارِكُمْ فَتَنْقَلِبُوا خَاسِرِينَ ﴿٢١﴾ قَالُوا يَمُوسَىٰ إِنَّ فِيهَا قَوْمًا جَبَارِينَ وَإِنَّا لَنَنْدَخُلُهَا حَتَّىٰ يُخْرِجُوا مِنْهَا فَإِنَّا دَاخِلُونَ ﴿٢٢﴾

وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لِقَوْمِهِ يُقَوِّمُ Moses said قَالَ and (remember) when
 أَذْكُرُوا O my people يَقَوِّمُ people
 نِعْمَةَ you remember
 عَلَيْكُمْ (of) Allah
 إِذْ upon you
 جَعَلَ when
 فِيكُمْ He raised
 أَنْبِيَاءَ Prophets
 وَجَعَلَكُمْ and made you
 مُلُوكًا kings
 وَآتَاكُمْ and
 مَا He gave you
 لَمْ what
 يُؤْتِ had not
 أَحَدًا He gave (to)
 ادْخُلُوا O my people يَقَوِّمُ the worlds
 مِنَ of
 الْعَالَمِينَ
 الْأَرْضَ land
 الْمُقَدَّسَةَ the holy
 الَّتِي which
 كَتَبَ has ordained
 اللَّهُ Allah
 لَكُمْ for you
 وَلَا (do) not
 تَرْتَدُّوا and
 عَلَىٰ you turn
 أَدْبَارِكُمْ on
 فَتَنْقَلِبُوا your backs
 خَاسِرِينَ then you will turn about
 قَالُوا losers
 يَمُوسَىٰ O Moses
 إِنَّ verily
 فِيهَا (are) in it
 قَوْمًا people
 جَبَارِينَ ferocious
 وَإِنَّا and we
 لَنَنْدَخُلُهَا shall never
 حَتَّىٰ enter it
 يُخْرِجُوا until they depart
 مِنْهَا from it
 فَإِن but if
 دَاخِلُونَ then We certainly would
 فَإِنَّا from it
 دَخَلْنَا enter (it)

20. And (remember) when Mûsâ (Moses) said to his people: "O my people! Remember the Favour of Allâh to you: when He made Prophets among you, made you kings and gave you what He had not given to any other among the 'Ālamîn

(mankind and jinn, in the past)." 21. "O my people! Enter the holy land (Palestine) which Allâh has assigned to you and turn not back (in flight); for then you will be returned as losers." 22. They said: "O Mûsâ (Moses)! In it (this holy land) are a people of great strength, and we shall never enter it till they leave it; when they leave, then we will enter."

قَالَ رَجُلَانِ مِنَ الَّذِينَ يَخَافُونَ أَنْعَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمَا ادْخُلُوا عَلَيْهِمُ الْبَابَ فَإِذَا دَخَلْتُمُوهُ فَإِنَّكُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ وَعَلَى اللَّهِ فَتَوَكَّلُوا إِنَّ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٢٢﴾ قَالُوا يَمْوَسَّىٰ إِنَّا لَنَدْخُلُهَا أَبَدًا مَا دَامُوا فِيهَا فَاذْهَبْ أَنْتَ وَرَبُّكَ فَقَتِلَا إِنَّا هَهُنَا قَاعِدُونَ ﴿٢٣﴾

قَالَ رَجُلَانِ two men of الَّذِينَ those who يَخَافُونَ were
 أَنْعَمَ frightened اللَّهُ had favoured عَلَيْهِمَا on whom
 ادْخُلُوا enter عَلَيْهِمُ upon them الْبَابَ (through) the gate
 فَإِذَا and if دَخَلْتُمُوهُ then indeed you will be فَإِنَّكُمْ you entered it
 وَعَلَى victors اللَّهُ and in فَتَوَكَّلُوا put your trust إِنَّ كُنْتُمْ if
 مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٢٢﴾ you are believers قَالُوا they said يَمْوَسَّىٰ O Moses
 إِنَّا we shall not enter it أَبَدًا ever مَا as دَامُوا as they
 فِيهَا (are) in it فَاذْهَبْ go أَنْتَ you وَرَبُّكَ your Lord
 فَقَتِلَا and fight you two هَهُنَا here (right)
 قَاعِدُونَ ﴿٢٣﴾ sitting

23. Two men of those who feared (Allâh and) on whom Allâh had bestowed His Grace (they were يوشع و كaleb Yûsha' and Kâlab) said: "Assault them through the gate; for when you are in, victory will be yours; and put your trust in Allâh if you are believers indeed." 24. They said: "O Mûsâ (Moses)! We shall never enter it as long as they are there. So go you and your Lord and fight you two, we are sitting right here."

قَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّي لَا أَمْلِكُ إِلَّا نَفْسِي وَأَخِي فَافْرُقْ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَ الْقَوْمِ الْفَاسِقِينَ ﴿٢٤﴾ قَالَ فَإِنَّهَا مُحَرَّمَةٌ عَلَيْهِمْ أَرْبَعِينَ سَنَةً يَتِيهُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَلَا تَأْسَ عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْفَاسِقِينَ ﴿٢٥﴾ وَأَتْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ نَبَأَ ابْنِ آدَمَ بِالْحَقِّ إِذْ قَرَّبَا قُرْبَانًا فَتُقْبِلَ مِنْ أَحَدِهِمَا وَلَمْ يُتَقَبَّلْ مِنَ الْآخَرِ قَالَ لَأَقْتُلَنَّكَ قَالَ إِنَّمَا يَتَقَبَّلُ اللَّهُ مِنَ الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿٢٦﴾

قَالَ He said رَبِّ O my Lord! لَا I لَا do not (have) أَمَّاكُمْ control إِلَّا except نَفْسِي myself (on) وَأَخِي and my brother فَافْرُقْ and the الْقَوْمَ and between وَبَيْنَ between us بَيْنَنَا so distinguish indeed it فَإِنَّهَا He said قَالَ transgressors ٱلْفَاسِقِينَ ﴿٢٥﴾ people عَصَاةٌ (will be) forbidden عَلَيْهِمْ to them أَرْبَعِينَ (for) forty سَنَةً years they will wander (in distraction) فِي the الْأَرْضِ the people الْقَوْمَ over عَلَى you grieve تَأْسَ so do not فَلَا earth ٱلْفَاسِقِينَ ﴿٢٦﴾ transgressors وَأَتْلُ and recite عَلَيْهِمْ to them تِلْكَ the story أَبْنَى (of) two sons آدَمَ (of) Adam بِالْحَقِّ (of) in truth إِذْ when قَرَّبَا both offered قُرْبَانًا a sacrifice فَتَقَبَّلَ and it was accepted مِنْ one of them أَحَدِهِمَا but was not بَلَّغَ but was not بَلَّغَ accepted مِنْ the other قَالَ he said الْآخَرَ he said إِنَّمَا verily يَتَقَبَّلُ accepts اللَّهُ Allah مِنْ from الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿٢٧﴾ the pious

25. He said: "O my Lord! I have power only over myself and my brother, so separate us from the people who are the *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious and disobedient to Allâh)!" 26. (Allâh) said: "Therefore it (this holy land) is forbidden to them for forty years; in distraction they will wander through the land. So be not sorrowful over the people who are the *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious and disobedient to Allâh)." 27. And (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) recite to them (the Jews) the story of the two sons of Adam (*Hâbil* and *Qâbil* - Abel and Cain) in truth; when each offered a sacrifice (to Allâh), it was accepted from the one but not from the other. The latter said to the former: "I will surely, kill you." The former said: "Verily, Allâh accepts only from those who are *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious)."

لَئِنْ بَسَطْتَ إِلَيَّ يَدَكَ لِتَقْتُلَنِي مَا أَنَا بِبَاسِطٍ يَدِيَ إِلَيْكَ لِأَقْتُلَكَ إِنِّي أَخَافُ اللَّهَ رَبَّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٢٨﴾ إِنِّي أُرِيدُ أَنْ تَبُوءَ بِإِثْمِي وَإِثْمِكَ فَتَكُونَ مِنْ أَصْحَابِ النَّارِ وَذَلِكَ جَزَاءُ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٢٩﴾ فَطَوَّعَتْ لَهُ نَفْسُهُ قَتْلَ أَخِيهِ فَقَتَلَهُ فَأَصْبَحَ مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ ﴿٣٠﴾ قَبَعَتْ اللَّهُ غُرَابًا يَبْحَثُ فِي الْأَرْضِ لِيُرِيَهُ كَيْفَ يُورِى سَوْءَ أَخِيهِ قَالَ يُنَوِّلْنِي أَعْجَزْتُ أَنْ أَكُونَ مِثْلَ هَذَا الْغُرَابِ فَأُورِى سَوْءَ أَخِي فَأَصْبَحَ مِنَ النَّادِمِينَ ﴿٣١﴾

لَئِنْ if بَسَطْتَ you stretched إِلَيَّ against Me يَدَكَ your hand لِتَقْتُلَنِي my stretch يَدِيَ I مَا shall not أَنَا so that you kill me

hand إِلَيْكَ against you لِأَقْتُلَكَ so that I kill you إِنْ for I أَخَافُ verily I of the worlds الْمَلَكِينَ ٢٨ the Lord رَبِّ Allah fear أُرِيدُ أَنْ desire أَنْ that تَبْؤَا you be laden بِإِثْمِي with my sin وَإِنَّكَ and your sin فَتَكُونُ and become مِنْ and جزَاءُ (is) reward الظَّالِمِينَ ٢٩ (of) the Fire (of) the Fire فَطَوَّعَتْ wrong-doers لَمْ then prompted قَتَلَ killing أَخِيهِ (of) his brother فَاصْبَحَ and he killed him فَكُنَّا the losers قَبَعَتْ ٣٠ then sent اللَّهُ عَزَّابًا Allah a crow يَبْحَثُ scratching فِي (in) الْأَرْضِ the earth لِيُرِيَهُ so that it shows him كَيْفَ how يُورِي he may hide سَوْءَهُ he woe to me! قَالَ (of) his brother أَخِيَّ dead body أَعَجَزْتُ I am I not able أَنْ that أَكُونَ I could be مِثْلَ like هَذَا (of) dead body فَأُورِي crow الْقَرَابِ this those who. ٣١ then he became فَاصْبَحَ my brother regret

28. "If you do stretch your hand against me to kill me, I shall never stretch my hand against you to kill you: for I fear Allâh, the Lord of the 'Ālamîn (mankind, jinn, and all that exists)." 29. "Verily, I intend to let you draw my sin on yourself as well as yours, then you will be one of the dwellers of the Fire; and that is the recompense of the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers)." 30. So the *Nafs* (self) of the other (latter one) encouraged him and made fair-seeming to him the murder of his brother; he murdered him and became one of the losers. 31. Then Allâh sent a crow who scratched the ground to show him how to hide the dead body of his brother. He (the murderer) said: "Woe to me! Am I not even able to be as this crow and to hide the dead body of my brother?" Then he became one of those who regretted.

مِنْ أَجْلِ ذَلِكَ كَتَبْنَا عَلَى بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ أَنَّهُمْ مَنْ قَتَلَ نَفْسًا بِغَيْرِ نَفْسٍ أَوْ فَسَادٍ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَكَأَنَّمَا قَتَلَ النَّاسَ جَمِيعًا وَمَنْ أَحْيَاهَا فَكَأَنَّمَا أَحْيَا النَّاسَ جَمِيعًا وَلَقَدْ جَاءَهُمْ رَسُولُنَا بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ ثُمَّ إِنَّ كَثِيرًا مِّنْهُمْ بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ فِي الْأَرْضِ لَكُسْرُوفُونَ ٣١

مِن أَجْلِ because ذَلِكَ that كَتَبْنَا We ordained عَلَى for بَيِّنَةٍ
 Children إِسْرَءِيلَ (of) أَنْتُمْ that مَنْ who قَتَلَ killed نَفْسًا a
 person بَغَيْرِ (he having killed) نَفْسٍ without أَوْ or فَكَأَنَّمَا (it would be) as
 in فِي the أَرْضِ earth فَكَأَنَّمَا (for) mischief مَنْ who قَتَلَ if
 he killed النَّاسَ mankind جَمِيعًا all وَمَنْ who أَحْيَاهَا (of)
 He had saved life أَحْيَا (it) as if فَكَأَنَّمَا saved its life
 mankind جَمِيعًا all وَلَقَدْ and جَاءَتْهُمْ came to them رُسُلُنَا
 Our Messengers بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ with clear signs ثُمَّ yet إِنَّ indeed كَثِيرًا
 many مِنْهُمْ of them بَعْدَ after ذَلِكَ that فِي in the أَرْضِ the
 earth لَمُسْرِفُونَ ﴿٢٦﴾ (are) those who committed excesses

32. Because of that, We ordained for the Children of Israel that if anyone killed a person not in retaliation of murder, or (and) to spread mischief in the land — it would be as if he killed all mankind, and if anyone saved a life, it would be as if he saved the life of all mankind. And indeed, there came to them Our Messengers with clear proofs, evidences, and signs, even then after that many of them continued to exceed the limits (e.g. by doing oppression unjustly and exceeding beyond the limits set by Allâh by committing the major sins) in the land!

إِنَّمَا جَزَاءُ الَّذِينَ يُحَارِبُونَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَيَسْعَوْنَ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَسَادًا أَنْ يُقَتَّلُوا أَوْ يُصَلَّبُوا أَوْ تُقَطَّعَ
 أَيْدِيهِمْ وَأَرْجُلُهُمْ مِنْ خِلَافٍ أَوْ يُنْفَوْا مِنَ الْأَرْضِ ذَلِكَ لَهُمْ جِزَاؤُ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَلَهُمْ فِي الْآخِرَةِ
 عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿٢٧﴾ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُوا مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تَقْدِرُوا عَلَيْهِمْ فَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُوٌّ رَحِيمٌ ﴿٢٨﴾

إِنَّمَا the only جَزَاؤُ reward الَّذِينَ (of) those who يُحَارِبُونَ wage
 Allah war (against) Allah وَرَسُولَهُ and His Messenger وَيَسْعَوْنَ and
 in فِي the أَرْضِ earth فَسَادًا mischief أَنْ that (is) يُقَتَّلُوا or
 they are killed أَوْ or يُصَلَّبُوا they are crucified أَوْ or تُقَطَّعَ
 off أَيْدِيهِمْ their hands وَأَرْجُلُهُمْ and their feet مِنْ خِلَافٍ from
 opposite أَوْ or يُنْفَوْا be exiled مِنَ the أَرْضِ the land ذَلِكَ (this)
 that لَهُمْ for them جِزَاؤُ (is) disgrace فِي in الدُّنْيَا (this) world
 وَلَهُمْ and for them فِي in الْآخِرَةِ the Hereafter عَذَابٌ torment
 عَظِيمٌ ﴿٢٧﴾ (is) a great إِلَّا (is) except الَّذِينَ those who تَابُوا repented

over them عَلَيْكُمْ you have power تَقْدِرُوا that أَنْ before مِنْ قَبْلِ
 (is) عَلِمُوا that اللَّهُ Allah أَنْ so you (should) know
 Most Merciful رَحِيمٌ All-Forgiving

33. The recompense of those who wage war against Allâh and His Messenger and do mischief in the land is only that they shall be killed or crucified or their hands and their feet be cut off from opposite sides, or be exiled from the land. That is their disgrace in this world, and a great torment is theirs in the Hereafter. 34. Except for those who (having fled away and then) came back (as Muslims) with repentance before they fall into your power; in that case, know that Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَابْتَغُوا إِلَيْهِ الْوَسِيلَةَ وَجَاهِدُوا فِي سَبِيلِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ ﴿٣٣﴾
 إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لَوَآتَتْ لَهُمْ مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا وَمِثْلَهُ مَعَهُ لَيَفْتَدُوا بِهِ مِنْ عَذَابِ يَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ مَا تُقْبَلُ مِنْهُمْ وَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿٣٤﴾ يُرِيدُونَ أَنْ يُخْرِجُوا مِنَ النَّارِ وَمَا هُمْ بِخَارِجِينَ مِنْهَا وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُقِيمٌ ﴿٣٥﴾

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا believe اتَّقُوا Allah you fear and you seek وَابْتَغُوا إِلَيْهِ to Him الْوَسِيلَةَ approach and you strive hard in فِي سَبِيلِهِ His Way لَعَلَّكُمْ so that you may succeed ﴿٣٣﴾ تَفْلِحُونَ those who الَّذِينَ verily إِنَّ succeed those who كَفَرُوا disbelieved لَوْ if أَنْ that لَهُمْ (for them) they had مَا what فِي in (is) الْأَرْضِ the earth جَمِيعًا all وَمِثْلَهُ and like of it مَعَهُ with it مِنْ from عَذَابِ torment يَوْمِ Day (of) الْقِيَامَةِ of Resurrection مَا (of) not تُقْبَلُ will be accepted مِنْهُمْ from them وَلَهُمْ and for them عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ torment ﴿٣٤﴾ is they come out يُخْرِجُوا that أَنْ they would wish يُرِيدُونَ a painful will come مِنْ النَّارِ of the Fire وَمَا but not هُمْ they بِخَارِجِينَ will come out مِنْهَا of it وَلَهُمْ and for them عَذَابٌ مُقِيمٌ torment ﴿٣٥﴾ (is) a lasting

35. O you who believe! Do your duty to Allâh and fear Him. And seek the means of approach to Him, and strive hard in His Cause (as much as you can), so that you may be successful. 36. Verily, those who disbelieve, if they had all that is in the earth, and as much again therewith to ransom themselves thereby from the

torment on the Day of Resurrection, it would never be accepted of them, and theirs would be a painful torment. 37. They will long to get out of the Fire, but never will they get out therefrom; and theirs will be a lasting torment.

وَالسَّارِقُ وَالسَّارِقَةُ فَاقْطَعُوا أَيْدِيَهُمَا جَزَاءً بِمَا كَسَبَا نَكَالًا مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿٣٨﴾ مَن تَابَ مِن بَعْدِ ظُلْمِهِ وَأَصْلَحَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ يَتُوبُ عَلَيْهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿٣٩﴾ أَلَمْ تَعْلَمْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ يُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَاءُ وَيَغْفِرُ لِمَن يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿٤٠﴾

وَالسَّارِقُ and male thief وَالسَّارِقَةُ and female thief فَاقْطَعُوا you cut off أَيْدِيَهُمَا their hands جَزَاءً as a recompense بِمَا for what كَسَبَا they have earned نَكَالًا an exemplary punishment مِّنَ اللَّهِ from Allah وَاللَّهُ Allah and Allah عَزِيزٌ (is) All-Mighty حَكِيمٌ All-Wise مَن whoever تَابَ but who repented after ظُلْمِهِ his wrong-doing وَأَصْلَحَ and amended (his ways) فَإِنَّ then surely يَتُوبُ Allah يَتُوبُ Allah would relent عَلَيْهِ towards him إِنَّ indeed اللَّهُ Allah عَفُورٌ (is) All-Forgiving رَّحِيمٌ Most Merciful أَلَمْ do not تَعْلَمْ you know أَنَّ Allah that اللَّهُ Allah belongs to Him لَهُ dominion السَّمَاوَاتِ the heavens (of) وَالْأَرْضِ the earth يُعَذِّبُ He punishes مَن whom يَشَاءُ He wills and He forgives لِمَن whom يَشَاءُ (to) whom He wills عَلَى and اللَّهُ Allah over كُلِّ thing قَدِيرٌ (is) All-Powerful

38. And (as for) the male thief and the female thief, cut off (from the wrist joint) their (right) hands as a recompense for that which they committed, a punishment by way of example from Allâh. And Allâh is All-Powerful, All-Wise. 39. But whosoever repents after his crime and does righteous good deeds (by obeying Allâh), then verily, Allâh will pardon him (accept his repentance). Verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful. 40. Know you not that to Allâh (Alone) belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth! He punishes whom He wills and He forgives whom He wills. And Allâh is Able to do all things.

يَأْتِيهَا الرُّسُولُ لَا يَحْزُنكَ الَّذِينَ يُسْكَرُونَ فِي الْكَفْرِ مِنَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا آمَنَّا بِأَقْوَابِهِمْ وَلَمْ تُؤْمِنْ قُلُوبُهُمْ وَمِنَ الَّذِينَ هَادُوا سَمَّعُونَ لِلْكَذِبِ سَمَّعُونَ لِغَوَّامٍ آخَرِينَ لَمْ يَأْتُواكَ بِتُوحِيدٍ بِحَرْفٍ مِنَ الْقَلَمِ مَن بَعْدَ مَوَاضِعِهِ يَقُولُونَ إِنْ أُوتِيتُمْ هَذَا فَخُذُوهُ وَإِن لَّمْ تُؤْتَوْهُ فَاحْذَرُوا وَمَن يُرِدِ اللَّهُ فِتْنَتَهُ فَلَن يَمَسُّهُ شَيْءٌ مِّنَ الْكَافِرِينَ

تَمْلِكُ لَهُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ شَيْعًا أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ لَمْ يُرِدِ اللَّهُ أَنْ يَظْهَرَ قُلُوبُهُمْ لَهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا خِزْيٌ وَلَهُمْ فِي
الْآخِرَةِ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿٤١﴾

﴿يَتَأْتِيهَا﴾ O الرُّسُولُ Messenger لَا (let) not يَحْزَنُكَ (let) not you grieve you
الَّذِينَ those who يُسْكِرُونَ race each other into الْكُفْرَ the disbelievers
مِنَ of الَّذِينَ those who قَالُوا said مَآءَمَّا we believed
بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ with their mouths وَلَمْ but did not تُؤْمِنَ believe قُلُوبُهُمْ
وَمِنْ their hearts and of الَّذِينَ those who هَادُوا have become
سَمْعُونَ (are) listeners لَكَاذِبٍ to falsehood سَمْعُونَ jews
لِقَوْمٍ listeners (who) to people مَآخِرِينَ other لَمْ have not بِأَتُولُوا
يُحَرِّثُونَ come to you they change الْكَلِمَ the words مِنْ بَعْدِ after
مَوَاضِعَهُمْ (has been determined) يَقُولُونَ they say إِنْ
أُوتِيتُمْ if you are given هَذَا this فَخُذُوهُ you take it وَإِنْ
لَمْ not تُؤْتَوْهُ you are given this فَاحْذَرُوا then beware وَمَنْ
whom يُرِيدُ Allah will يَنْتَنِمُ that he falls into error فَكُنْ then
shall never تَمْلِكُ (to do) you be able لَهُ for him مِنْ against الله
Allah شَيْعًا any thing أُولَئِكَ those (are) الَّذِينَ ones whom لَمْ
did not يُرِيدُ want الله Allah أَنْ that يَظْهَرَ He purifies قُلُوبَهُمْ
their hearts لَهُمْ for them فِي in الدُّنْيَا (this) world خِزْيٌ (is)
disgrace وَلَهُمْ and for them فِي in (is) الْآخِرَةِ the Hereafter
عَذَابٌ torment عَظِيمٌ ﴿٤١﴾ (is) a great

41. O Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم)! Let not those who hurry to fall into disbelief grieve you, of such who say: "We believe" with their mouths but their hearts have no Faith. And of the Jews are men who listen much and eagerly to lies — listen to others who have not come to you. They change the words from their places; they say, "If you are given this, take it, but if you are not given this, then beware!" And whomsoever Allâh wants to put in *Al-Fitnah* (error, because of his rejecting of Faith), you can do nothing for him against Allâh. Those are the ones whose hearts Allâh does not want to purify (from disbelief and hypocrisy); for them there is a disgrace in this world, and in the Hereafter a great torment.

سَتَعْمُونَ الْكُذِبَ أَكَلُونَ لِلسُّحْتِ فَإِنْ جَاءُوكَ فَاحْكُم بَيْنَهُمْ أَوْ أَعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ وَإِنْ تُعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ فَكَنْ يَضُرُّوكَ شَيْئًا وَإِنْ حَكَمْتَ فَاحْكُم بَيْنَهُم بِالْقِسْطِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُقْسِطِينَ ﴿١١﴾ وَكَيْفَ يُحْكِمُوكَ وَعِنْدَهُمُ التَّوْرَةُ فِيهَا حُكْمُ اللَّهِ ثُمَّ يَتَوَلَّوْنَ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ وَمَا أُولَئِكَ بِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٢﴾

سَتَعْمُونَ الْكُذِبَ listeners to falsehood أَكَلُونَ devourers لِلسُّحْتِ they come to you جَاءُوكَ and if فَإِنْ of forbidden earnings turn away أَعْرِضْ or أَوْ between them بَيْنَهُمْ then (either) judge from عَنْهُمْ you turn away تُعْرِضْ and if وَإِنْ from them عَنْهُمْ anything شَيْئًا they harm you يَضُرُّوكَ then shall never فَكَنْ them وَإِنْ and if حَكَمْتَ you (decide to) judge فَاحْكُم then judge بَيْنَهُمْ between them بِالْقِسْطِ with justice إِنَّ اللَّهَ verily يُحِبُّ they appoint يُحْكِمُوكَ and how وَكَيْفَ the just ﴿١١﴾ loves the Torah التَّوْرَةُ while (they have) with them وَعِنْدَهُمُ you a judge فِيهَا حُكْمُ wherein (is) decision اللَّهُ (of) Allah ثُمَّ yet يَتَوَلَّوْنَ and not وَمَا أُولَئِكَ those (are) بِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٢﴾ believers

42. (They like to) listen to falsehood, to devour anything forbidden. So if they come to you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), either judge between them, or turn away from them. If you turn away from them, they cannot hurt you in the least. And if you judge, judge with justice between them. Verily, Allâh loves those who act justly. 43. But how do they come to you for decision while they have the Taurât (Torah), in which is the (plain) Decision of Allâh; yet even after that, they turn away. For they are not (really) believers.

إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَا التَّوْرَةَ فِيهَا هُدًى وَنُورٌ يَحْكُمُ بِهَا النَّبِيُّونَ الَّذِينَ أَسْلَمُوا لِلَّذِينَ هَادُوا وَالرَّبَّانِيُّونَ وَالْأَحْبَارُ بِمَا اسْتُحْفِظُوا مِنْ كِتَابِ اللَّهِ وَكَانُوا عَلَيْهِ شُهَدَاءَ فَلَا تَخْشَوُا النَّاسَ وَاخْشَوُا اللَّهَ وَلَا تَشْتَرُوا بِإِيمَانِي مِمَّا قَلِيلًا وَمَنْ لَمْ يَحْكَمْ بِمَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْكَافِرُونَ ﴿١٣﴾

إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَا the Torah التَّوْرَةَ We have sent down هُدًى guidance وَنُورٌ and light يَحْكُمُ (used to) يَحْكُمُ judge بِهَا the Prophets النَّبِيُّونَ الَّذِينَ who had أَسْلَمُوا

became jews هَادُوا for those who الَّذِينَ submitted (to Allah)
 to them was أَسْتَحْفَظُوا rabbis بِمَا and scholars وَالرَّبِّيُّونَ
 of كُتِبَ Book اللَّهِ Allah (of) وَكَانُوا entrusted protection
 عَلَيْهِ to it شَهِدَاءُ witnesses فَلَا so do not تَخْشَوْا
 the people الْكَاسِ you fear وَأَخْشَوْنِي but fear Me وَلَا
 you sell بِكَائِي My Verses ثَمَنًا for a price قَلِيلًا
 and whoever لَمْ did not يَحْكُمُ judge بِمَا by what أَنْزَلَ (has)
 Allah اللَّهُ sent down فَأُولَئِكَ (they) indeed هُمْ those (are)
 the disbelievers الْكَافِرُونَ ﴿١١﴾

44. Verily, We did send down the Taurât (Torah) [to Mûsâ (Moses)], therein was guidance and light, by which the Prophets, who submitted themselves to Allâh's Will, judged for the Jews. And the rabbis and the priests [too judged for the Jews by the Taurât (Torah) after those Prophets], for to them was entrusted the protection of Allâh's Book, and they were witnesses thereto. Therefore fear not men but fear Me (O Jews) and sell not My Verses for a miserable price. And whosoever does not judge by what Allâh has revealed, such are the *Kâfirûn* (i.e. disbelievers — of a lesser degree as they do not act on Allâh's Laws).

وَكُتِبْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ فِيهَا أَنَّ النَّفْسَ بِالنَّفْسِ وَالْعَيْنَ بِالْأَنْفِ وَالْأَذُنَ بِالْأَذُنِ وَالسِّنَّ
 بِالسِّنِّ وَالْجُرُوحَ قِصَاصٌ فَمَن تَصَدَّقَ بِهِ فَهُوَ كَفَّارَةٌ لَّهُ وَمَن لَّمْ يَحْكَمْ بِمَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ فَأُولَئِكَ
 هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ ﴿١١﴾ وَقَفَّيْنَا عَلَىٰ مَرْيَمَ مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ مِنَ التَّوْرَةِ وَآيَيْنَاهُ بِالْأَيْمِ فَقِيلَ فِيهِ هُذِي
 تَوْرًا وَمُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ مِنَ التَّوْرَةِ وَهُدًى وَمَوْعِظَةً لِّلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١٢﴾

وَكُتِبْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ and We ordained فِيهَا in it (therein) أَنَّ that
 النَّفْسَ life بِالنَّفْسِ for life وَالْعَيْنَ eye and eye بِالْعَيْنِ for eye وَالْأَنْفَ
 and nose بِالْأَنْفِ وَالْأَذُنَ and ear بِالْأَذُنِ for ear وَالسِّنَّ
 and tooth بِالسِّنِّ وَالْجُرُوحَ for tooth قِصَاصٌ and (for) wounds
 فَمَن retribution تَصَدَّقَ so whoever بِهِ it فَهُوَ it (will) be
 كَفَّارَةٌ an expiation لَّهُ for him وَمَن and whoever لَمْ did not
 يَحْكَمْ judge بِمَا by what أَنْزَلَ Allah اللَّهُ has sent down
 فَأُولَئِكَ (they) those (are) هُمُ those (are) the الظَّالِمُونَ ﴿١١﴾

their foot steps in عَنِ in عَنِ and We sent وَقَفَيْنَا wrong-doers
 Jesus ابْنِ son مَرْيَمَ (of) Mary مُصَدِّقًا confirming لِمَا what بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ
 and We وَآتَيْنَاهُ the Torah التَّورَةَ of مِنْ had come before him
 guidance هُدًى in which (was) فِيهِ the Gospel الْإِنْجِيلَ gave him
 had come بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ what لِمَا and confirming وَمُصَدِّقًا and light وَنُورٌ
 the Torah التَّورَةَ of مِنْ before him وَهُدًى and a guidance وَمَوْعِظَةٌ
 for the pious لِلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١٩﴾ and an admonition

45. And We ordained therein for them: Life for life, eye for eye, nose for nose, ear for ear, tooth for tooth, and wounds equal for equal. But if anyone remits the retaliation by way of charity, it shall be for him an expiation. And whosoever does not judge by that which Allâh has revealed, such are the *Zâlimûn*. 46. And in their footsteps, We sent 'Isâ (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary), confirming the Taurât (Torah) that had come before him, and We gave him the Injeel (Gospel), in which was guidance and light and confirmation of the Taurât (Torah) that had come before it, a guidance and an admonition for *Al-Muttaqûn*.

وَلْيَحْكُمْ أَهْلُ الْإِنْجِيلِ بِمَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ فِيهِ وَمَنْ لَمْ يَحْكَمْ بِمَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْفَاسِقُونَ ﴿١٩﴾ وَأَنْزَلْنَا إِلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ بِالْحَقِّ مُصَدِّقًا لِمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ مِنَ الْكِتَابِ وَمُهَيِّمًا عَلَيْهِ فَاحْكُم بَيْنَهُمْ بِمَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ وَلَا تَتَّبِعْ أَهْوَاءَهُمْ عَمَّا جَاءَكَ مِنَ الْحَقِّ لِكُلِّ جَمْعٍ مِنْكُمْ شَرْعَةٌ وَمِنْهَا جَاءَ اللَّهُ لَجْعَلَكُمْ أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً وَلَكِنْ لِيَبْلُوَكُمْ فِي مَا آتَاكُمْ فَاسْتَقِمْ وَالْخَيْرَاتُ إِلَى اللَّهِ مَرْجِعُكُمْ جَمِيعًا فَيُنَبِّئَكُمْ بِمَا كُنتُمْ فِيهِ تَخْلِفُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾

and let judge وَلْيَحْكُمْ أَهْلُ the Gospel الْإِنْجِيلِ (of) بِمَا by
 and whoever وَمَنْ in it فِيهِ Allah اللَّهُ has sent down أَنْزَلَ what
 لَمْ did not يَحْكَمْ judge بِمَا by what أَنْزَلَ by what اللَّهُ has sent down
 the الْفَاسِقُونَ ﴿١٩﴾ they (who are) هُمُ those (are) اللَّهُ
 and We have sent down وَأَنْزَلْنَا transgressors إِلَيْكَ to you
 the Book بِالْحَقِّ in truth مُصَدِّقًا confirming لِمَا what بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ
 and a مُهَيِّمًا the Book الْكِتَابِ of مِنْ had come before it
 the truth الْحَقِّ of مِنْ has come to you جَاءَكَ over it عَلَيْهِ watcher
 a law شَرْعَةٌ of you مِنْكُمْ We have prescribed جَعَلْنَا for each لِكُلِّ
 Allah اللَّهُ willed شَاءَ and if وَلَوْ and a clear way وَمِنْهَا جَاءَ

one community **أُمَّة** He would have made you **لَجَعَلَكُمْ**
 He gave you **مَّا أَنْتُمْ** what **مَا** in **فِي** to test you **لِيَبْلُوَكُمْ** but **وَلَكِنْ**
فَأَسْتَبِقُوا so vie one with another **الْخَيْرَاتِ** in good works **إِلَى** to **اللَّهِ**
 then He will **مَرْجِعُكُمْ** all **جَمِيعًا** (is) your return **فَيُنَبِّئُكُمْ** Allah
 about it **فِيهِ** you used to **كُنْتُمْ** about what **بِمَا** inform you
 you differ **تَخْتَلِفُونَ** ﴿١٦﴾

47. Let the people of the Injeel (Gospel) judge by what Allâh has revealed therein. And whosoever does not judge by what Allâh has revealed (then) such (people) are the *Fâsiqûn* to Allâh. 48. And We have sent down to you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) the Book (this Qur'ân) in truth, confirming the Scripture that came before it and *Mohaymin* (trustworthy in highness and a witness) over it (old Scriptures). So judge among them by what Allâh has revealed, and follow not their vain desires, diverging away from the truth that has come to you. To each among you, We have prescribed a law and a clear way. If Allâh had willed, He would have made you one nation, but that (He) may test you in what He has given you; so compete in good deeds. The return of you (all) is to Allâh; then He will inform you about that in which you used to differ.

وَأَن أَسْأَلَكُمْ بَيْنَهُم بِمَا أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ وَلَا تَتَّبِعْ أَهْوَاءَهُمْ وَاحْذَرْهُمْ أَن يَفْتِنُوكَ عَن بَعْضِ مَا أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ إِلَيْكَ فَإِن تَوَلَّوْا فَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّمَا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ أَن يُصِيبَهُم بِبَعْضِ ذُنُوبِهِمْ وَإِن كَثِيرًا مِّنَ النَّاسِ لَفَاسِقُونَ ﴿١٦﴾ أَفَحُكْمَ الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ يَبْغُونَ وَمَنْ أَحْسَنُ مِنَ اللَّهِ حُكْمًا لِّقَوْمٍ يُوقِنُونَ ﴿١٧﴾

وَأَن and that **أَسْأَلَكُمْ** you judge **بَيْنَهُم** between them **بِمَا** by what
 you follow **تَتَّبِعْ** and do not **وَلَا** Allah **اللَّهُ** has sent down **أَنزَلَ**
أَهْوَاءَهُمْ their desires **وَاحْذَرْهُمْ** and beware of them **أَن** lest **يَفْتِنُوكَ**
 has **أَنزَلَ** (of) what **مَا** some **بَعْضِ** from **عَن** they tempt you away
 they turn away **تَوَلَّوْا** and if **فَإِن** to you **إِلَيْكَ** Allah **اللَّهُ** sent down
فَاعْلَمُوا then you know **أَنَّمَا** only **يُرِيدُ** Allah **اللَّهُ** wills **أَن** that **يُصِيبَهُمْ**
 and **يَبْغُونَ** He punishes them **بِبَعْضِ** for some **ذُنُوبِهِمْ** (of) their sins **وَلَئِنْ**
 are **لَفَاسِقُونَ** the people **مِنَ** of **كَثِيرًا** many **وَمَنْ** indeed
أَحْسَنُ (of) ignorance **الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ** do judgement **أَفَحُكْمَ** transgressors
 Allah **اللَّهُ** than **مِنْ** better **وَمَنْ** (is) and who **أَحْسَنُ** they seek
 having firm faith **يُوقِنُونَ** for a people **لِّقَوْمٍ** in judgement

وَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا أَهَؤُلَاءِ الَّذِينَ أَقْسَمُوا بِاللّٰهِ جَهْدَ أَيْمَانِهِمْ ۖ إِنَّهُمْ لَمَعَكُمْ حَبِطَتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ فَأَصْبَحُوا خَاسِرِينَ ﴿٥٣﴾
يَكَايِبُهُمُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مَنْ يَرْتَدَّ مِنْكُمْ عَنْ دِينِهِ فَسَوْفَ يَأْتِي اللّٰهُ بِقَوْمٍ يُحِبُّهُمْ وَيُحِبُّونَهُ ۖ أَذِلَّةٌ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَعِزَّةٌ عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ
يُجَاهِدُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللّٰهِ وَلَا يَخَافُونَ لَوْمَةَ لَآئِمٍ ۚ ذَٰلِكَ فَضْلُ اللّٰهِ يُؤْتِيهِ مَنْ يَشَآءُ ۗ وَاللّٰهُ وَاسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٥٤﴾

are these الَّذِينَ believed ءَامَنُوا those who and will say وَيَقُولُ
strongest جَهْدَ by اللّٰهِ swore أَقْسَمُوا the ones who الَّذِينَ
أَيْمَانِهِمْ (of) their oaths إِنَّهُمْ لَمَعَكُمْ (are) with you حَبِطَتْ
and they have فَأَصْبَحُوا their deeds أَعْمَالُهُمْ have gone to waste
believe ءَامَنُوا who الَّذِينَ O you يَكَايِبُهُمُ the losers ﴿٥٣﴾ become
his from عَنْ of you مِنْكُمْ turns back يَرْتَدَّ whoever مَنْ
religion سَوْفَ so shall يَأْتِي اللّٰهُ bring اَللّٰهُ a people يُحِبُّهُمْ
whom He loves وَيُحِبُّونَهُ and who love Him أَذِلَّةٌ humble عَلَى
towards الْمُؤْمِنِينَ the believers أَعِزَّةٌ stern عَلَى towards الْكَافِرِينَ
disbelievers يُجَاهِدُونَ in فِي they fight فِي سَبِيلِ اللّٰهِ Way (of) اللّٰهُ وَلَا
and do not يَخَافُونَ they fear لَوْمَةَ blame لَآئِمٍ (of) ذَٰلِكَ
that فَضْلُ (is) اللّٰهُ (of) اللّٰهُ يُؤْتِيهِ He grants مَنْ whom يَشَآءُ
He wills وَاللّٰهُ and اللّٰهُ وَاسِعٌ (is) عَلِيمٌ ﴿٥٤﴾
All-Knowing

53. And those who believe will say: "Are these the men (hypocrites) who swore their strongest oaths by Allâh that they were with you (Muslims)?" All that they did has been in vain (because of their hypocrisy), and they have become the losers. 54. O you who believe! Whoever from among you turns back from his religion (Islâm), Allâh will bring a people whom He will love and they will love Him; humble towards the believers, stern towards the disbelievers, fighting in the way of Allâh, and never fear of the blame of the blamers. That is the Grace of Allâh which He bestows on whom He wills. And Allâh is All-Sufficient for His creatures' needs, All-Knower.

إِنَّا وَلِيُّكُمْ اللّٰهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا الَّذِينَ يُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ وَيُؤْتُونَ الزَّكَاةَ وَهُمْ رَاكِعُونَ ﴿٥٥﴾ وَمَنْ يَتَوَلَّ اللّٰهُ وَرَسُولَهُ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا فَإِنَّ حِزْبَ اللّٰهِ هُمُ الْغَالِبُونَ ﴿٥٦﴾ يَكَايِبُهُمُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا لَا تَخْذَفُوا الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا وَيَتَكَبَّرُوا هُنَا وَلِهَآذَا مِنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ
مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ وَالْكَفَّارُ أَكْثَرُ وَأَتَّقُوا اللّٰهَ إِنَّ كُفْرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٥٧﴾

إِنَّمَا only وَلِيَّكُمْ your friend اللَّهُ (is) Allah رَسُولُهُ and His those who الَّذِينَ believe آمَنُوا and those who Messenger وَالَّذِينَ establish الصَّلَاةَ the prayer وَآتَوْا Zakat وَهُمْ and whoever رَكَعُونَ (are) those who bow down and they يَتَوَكَّلُ takes as friends اللَّهُ Allah رَسُولُهُ and His Messenger وَالَّذِينَ (of) Allah party حِزْب then فَإِنَّ believe and those who هُمْ (they who are) الْقَالِيلُونَ ۝٥٦ O you يَا أَيُّهَا victorious who آمَنُوا take لَا believe (do) not تَتَّخِذُوا those who الَّذِينَ you take وَبِغَيْرِ your religion هُزُوكًا mockery وَلِبَاسٍ and fun مِنَ الَّذِينَ from الَّذِينَ أَوْثُرًا those who the SCRIPTURE الْكِتَابَ have been given وَمِنَ الَّذِينَ and as allies أَوْلِيَاءَ and the disbelievers وَالْكَافِرِينَ before you (true) believers مُؤْمِنِينَ ۝٥٧ you are كُمْ if إِنَّ Allah اللَّهُ fear

55. Verily, your *Walî* (Protector or Helper) is none other than Allâh, His Messenger, and the believers, — those who perform *As-Salât*, and give *Zakât*, and they are *Râki'ûn* (those who bow down or submit themselves with obedience to Allâh in prayer). 56. And whosoever takes Allâh, His Messenger, and those who have believed, as Protectors, then the party of Allâh will be the victorious. 57. O you who believe! Take not as *Auliya'* those who take your religion as a mockery and fun from among those who received the Scripture before you, and nor from among the disbelievers; and fear Allâh if you indeed are true believers.

وَإِذَا نَادَيْتُمْ إِلَى الصَّلَاةِ اتَّخَذُوهَا هُزُوكًا وَلِبَاسًا ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ ۝٥٦ قُلْ يٰٓأَهْلَ الْكِتَابِ هَلْ تَتَّقُونَ وَمَا آتَاكُمُ اللَّهُ وَمَا أُنزِلَ إِلَيْنَا وَمَا أُنزِلَ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَأَنَّ أَكْثَرَكُمْ فَاسِقُونَ ۝٥٧ قُلْ هَلْ أُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِشَيْءٍ مِنْ ذَلِكَ مُتَوَبِّعًا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ مِنْ لَعْنَةِ اللَّهِ وَغَضِبَ عَلَيْهِ وَجَمَلَ مِنْهُمْ الْفِرْدَوْسَ وَالْخَنَازِيرَ وَعَبَدَ الطَّاغُوتِ أُولَٰئِكَ شَرٌّ مَكَانًا وَأَضَلُّ عَنْ سَوَاءِ السَّبِيلِ ۝٥٨

وَإِذَا نَادَيْتُمْ and when نَادَيْتُمْ you call إِلَى for الصَّلَاةِ prayer اتَّخَذُوهَا they take it هُزُوكًا for mockery وَلِبَاسًا and fun ذَلِكَ because أَنَّهُمْ they are قَوْمٌ a people لَا do not يَعْقِلُونَ ۝٥٦ قُلْ who understand يٰٓأَهْلَ say you opposing تَتَّقُونَ (of) the Scripture الْكِتَابِ O people وَمَا in Allah بِاللَّهِ we believe أَنَّمَا that except أَن us إِلَّا what أُنزِلَ has been sent إِلَيْنَا to us وَمَا and what أُنزِلَ was sent مِنْ before (us) وَأَنَّ and indeed أَكْثَرُكُمْ most of you فَاسِقُونَ ۝٥٧

of worse I inform you أَنْتُمْ shall say قُل transgressors
 Allah with عِنْدَ regarding recompence مَثُوبَةٌ than ذَٰلِكَ
 مَنْ لَعَنَهُ whom Allah الله cursed وَغَضِبَ and became angry عَلَيْهِ
 to الْقِرَدَةَ some of them مِنْهُمْ and He transformed وَجَعَلَ with him
 وَالْخَنَازِيرَ monkeys and (who) worshipped وَعَبَدَ and swines
 the false deities أُولَٰئِكَ those (are) شَرُّ worse مَكَائِكُمْ in rank وَأَضَلُّ
 Way السَّبِيلِ Right سَوَاءٌ from عَنْ and more astray

58. And when you proclaim the call for *As-Salât*, they take it (but) as a mockery and fun; that is because they are a people who understand not. 59. Say: "O people of the Scripture! Do you criticize us for no other reason than that we believe in Allâh, and in (the Revelation) which has been sent down to us and in that which has been sent down before (us), and that most of you are *Fâsiqûn*?" 60. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم to the people of the Scripture): "Shall I inform you of something worse than that, regarding the recompense from Allâh: those (Jews) who incurred the Curse of Allâh and His Wrath, and those of whom (some) He transformed into monkeys and swines, and those who worshipped *Tâghûl* (false deities); such are worse in rank (on the Day of Resurrection in the Hell-fire), and far more astray from the Right Path (in the life of this world)."

وَإِذَا جَاءُوكُمْ قَالُوا ءَامَنَّا وَقَدْ دَخَلُوا بِالْكَفْرِ وَهُمْ قَدْ خَرَجُوا بِهِ وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْتُمُونَ ﴿٥٩﴾ وَرَأَى كَثِيرًا مِنْهُمْ يُسْرِعُونَ
 فِي الْآثِمِ وَالْمُنْذَرِ وَأَكْلِهِمُ الشَّحْتِ لَيْسَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٦٠﴾ لَوْلَا يَنْهَاهُمُ الرَّبَّيُّونَ وَالْأَحْبَارُ عَنْ قَوْلِهِمُ الْآثِمَ
 وَأَكْلِهِمُ الشَّحْتِ لَيْسَ مَا كَانُوا يَصْنَعُونَ ﴿٦١﴾

وَإِذَا جَاءُوكُمْ and when قَالُوا they come to you ءَامَنَّا they said (say) with
 وَقَدْ we believed دَخَلُوا and verily بِالْكَفْرِ they entered
 وَهُمْ disbelief قَدْ and they خَرَجُوا verily بِهِ went out with it
 وَاللَّهُ Allah and أَعْلَمُ knows بِمَا what كَانُوا they are يَكْتُمُونَ ﴿٥٩﴾ hiding
 وَرَأَى and you see كَثِيرًا many مِنْهُمْ of them يُسْرِعُونَ hurrying فِي in
 الْآثِمِ sin وَالْمُنْذَرِ and transgression وَأَكْلِهِمُ and الشَّحْتِ devouring
 لَيْسَ the forbidden earnings مَا what كَانُوا they evil indeed (is) يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٦٠﴾ have been
 لَوْلَا if not يَنْهَاهُمُ forbid them الرَّبَّيُّونَ their uttering الْآثِمَ from قَوْلِهِمُ and rabbis وَالْأَحْبَارُ the scholars

forbidden **أَلْشَّعْتِ** and their devouring **وَأَكَلِهِمْ** sinful (words)
 they have been **كَانُوا** what **مَا** evil indeed (is) **لَيْسَ** earning
 contriving **يَصْنَعُونَ** ﴿١٦﴾

61. When they come to you, they say: "We believe." But in fact they enter with (an intention of) disbelief and they go out with the same. And Allâh knows all what they were hiding. 62. And you see many of them (Jews) hurrying towards sin and transgression, and eating illegal things. Evil indeed is that which they have been doing. 63. Why do not the rabbis and the religious learned men forbid them from uttering sinful words and from eating illegal things. Evil indeed is that which they have been performing.

وَقَالَتِ الْيَهُودُ يَدُ اللَّهِ مَغْلُولَةٌ غُلَّتْ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَلُعِنُوا بِمَا قَالُوا بَلْ يَدَاهُ مَبْسُوطَتَانِ يُنفِقُ كَيْفَ يَشَاءُ وَلَيزِيدَنَّ كَثِيرًا مِنْهُمْ مَا أَزِيلَ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَبِّكَ طُغْيَانًا وَكُفْرًا وَالْقَيْنَا بَيْنَهُمُ الْعَدَاوَةُ وَالْبَغْضَاءُ إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ كُلَّمَا أَوْقَدُوا نَارًا لِلْحَرْبِ أَطْفَأَهَا اللَّهُ وَسَعُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَسَادًا وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿١٦﴾

وَقَالَتِ **الْيَهُودُ** and said **يَدُ** the Jews **اللَّهُ** Hand **مَغْلُولَةٌ** (is) fettered **غُلَّتْ** fettered
 and they have **لُعِنُوا** their hands **أَيْدِيهِمْ** (are) fettered **وَلُعِنُوا** and they have been cursed
 His **بَلْ** but **يَدَاهُ** they have said **قَالُوا** for what **بِمَا** been cursed
 He **يَشَاءُ** as **كَيْفَ** He spends **يُنْفِقُ** (are) outspread **مَبْسُوطَتَانِ** Hands
 of them **كَثِيرًا** many **يَتِيمَ** and definitely increases **وَلَيزِيدَنَّ** wills
 your **رَبِّكَ** from **مِنْ** to you **إِلَيْكَ** has been sent down **أَزِيلَ** what **تَا**
 and We **طُغْيَانًا** Lord **وَكُفْرًا** in their rebellion **وَالْقَيْنَا** and disbelief
 and **بَيْنَهُمُ** have cast **الْعَدَاوَةُ** among them **وَالْبَغْضَاءُ** enmity and hatred
 they **أَوْقَدُوا** whenever **كُلَّمَا** (of) Resurrection **الْقِيَامَةِ** Day **يَوْمَ** till
 Allah **أَطْفَأَهَا** of war **لِلْحَرْبِ** fire **نَارًا** kindled
 (to) **سَعُونَ** and they (always) strive **فِي** on **الْأَرْضِ** earth **فَسَادًا**
 like **يُحِبُّ** (does) not **لَا** and Allah **وَاللَّهُ** spread) mischief
 the mischief-makers **الْمُفْسِدِينَ** ﴿١٦﴾

64. The Jews say: "Allâh's Hand is tied up (i.e. He does not give and spend of His Bounty)." Be their hands tied up and be they accursed for what they uttered. Nay, both His Hands are widely outstretched. He spends (of His Bounty) as He wills. Verily, the Revelation that has come to you from your Lord (Allâh) increases in

most of them (their) obstinate rebellion and disbelief. We have put enmity and hatred amongst them till the Day of Resurrection. Every time they kindled the fire of war, Allâh extinguished it; and they (ever) strive to make mischief on the earth. And Allâh does not like the *Mufsidûn* (mischief-makers).

وَلَوْ أَنَّ أَهْلَ الْكِتَابِ آمَنُوا وَاتَّقَوْا لَكَفَرْنَا عَنْهُمْ سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ وَلَآ دَخَلْنَاهُمْ جَنَّاتِ النَّعِيمِ ﴿٦٥﴾ وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ أَقَامُوا التَّوْرَةَ وَالْإِنْجِيلَ وَمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْهِمْ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ لَأَكَلُوا مِنْ فَوْقِهِمْ وَمِنْ تَحْتِ أَرْجُلِهِمْ مِنْهُمْ أُمَّةٌ مُقْتَصِدَةٌ وَكَثِيرٌ مِنْهُمْ سَاءَ مَا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٦٦﴾

وَلَوْ أَنَّ أَهْلَ الْكِتَابِ (of) the Scripture People that and if
 آمَنُوا believed and feared (Allah) لَكَفَرْنَا We would have
 عَنْهُمْ surely effaced from them سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ their evils وَلَآ دَخَلْنَاهُمْ
 جَنَّاتِ النَّعِيمِ (of) Gardens would have surely admitted them (to)
 التَّوْرَةَ the Torah أَقَامُوا they and if وَلَوْ bliss
 الْإِنْجِيلَ and the Gospel وَمَا and what أُنْزِلَ had been sent
 إِلَيْهِمْ to them رَبِّهِمْ their Lord لَأَكَلُوا they would surely have
 مِنْ فَوْقِهِمْ got provision from above them وَمِنْ and from تَحْتِ
 أَرْجُلِهِمْ beneath their feet مِنْهُمْ among them (are) أُمَّةٌ people
 مُقْتَصِدَةٌ moderate وَكَثِيرٌ and many مِنْهُمْ of them سَاءَ what is evil
 يَعْمَلُونَ they are doing ﴿٦٦﴾

65. And if only the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) had believed (in Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) and warded off evil (sin, ascribing partners to Allâh) and had become *Al-Muttaqûn* We would indeed have expiated from them their sins and admitted them to Gardens of pleasure (in Paradise). 66. And if only they had acted according to the Taurât (Torah), the Injeel (Gospel), and what has (now) been sent down to them from their Lord (the Qur'ân), they would surely, have gotten provision from above them and from underneath their feet. There are from among them people who are on the right course (i.e. they act on the Revelation and believe in Prophet Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم as 'Abdullâh bin Salâm رضي الله عنه), but many of them do evil deeds.

يَا أَيُّهَا الرُّسُلُ بَلِّغْ مَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَبِّكَ وَإِنْ لَمْ تَفْعَلْ مَا بَلَّغْتَ رِسَالَتَهُ وَاللَّهُ يَعْصِمُكَ مِنَ النَّاسِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٦٧﴾ قُلْ يَا أَهْلَ الْكِتَابِ لَسْتُمْ عَلَى شَيْءٍ حَتَّى تُقِيمُوا التَّوْرَةَ وَالْإِنْجِيلَ وَمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ وَلَئِيزِيدَ كَثِيرًا مِنْهُمْ مَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَبِّكَ طُغْيَيْنًا وَكُفْرًا فَلَا تَأْسَ عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٦٨﴾

has been أَنْزَلَ what مَا convey بَلِّغ Messenger أَرْسُولُ O يَا أَيُّهَا
 and if وَإِنْ your Lord رَبِّكَ from مِنْ to you إِلَيْكَ sent down
 you conveyed بَلَّغْتَ then have not مَا you do (it) did not
 will protect you يَعْصِمُكَ and Allah وَاللَّهُ His Message رِسَالَتُهُ
 the people النَّاسِ إِنَّ indeed اللَّهُ Allah لَا does not يَهْدِي
 O People الْقَوْمِ guide الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٦٧﴾ disbelievers قُلْ say يَا أَهْلَ
 anything الْكِتَابِ (of) the Scripture لَسْتُمْ (of) you are not عَلَى شَيْءٍ
 and the الْإِنْجِيلِ the Torah التَّوْرَةِ you observe تَقِيمُوا till حَتَّى
 Gospel وَمَا and what أَنْزَلَ has been sent down إِلَيْكُمْ to you مِنْ
 and would certainly increase وَلَيَزِيدَنَّ your Lord رَبِّكُمْ from
 to إِلَيْكَ has been sent down أَنْزَلَ what مَا of them مِنْهُمْ many
 and وَكَثُرًا in rebellion طَغَيْنَا your Lord رَبِّكَ from مِنْ you
 people الْقَوْمِ over عَلَى grieve تَأْسُ so do not فَلَا disbelief
 disbelievers الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٦٨﴾

67. O Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم)! Proclaim (the Message) which has been sent down to you from your Lord. And if you do not, then you have not conveyed His Message. Allâh will protect you from mankind. Verily, Allâh guides not the people who disbelieve. 68. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) "O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! You have nothing (as regards guidance) till you act according to the Taurât (Torah), the Injeel (Gospel), and what has (now) been sent down to you from your Lord (the Qur'ân)." Verily, that which has been sent down to you (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) from your Lord increases in most of them (their) obstinate rebellion and disbelief. So be not sorrowful over the people who disbelieve.

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَالَّذِينَ هَادُوا وَالصَّابِئُونَ وَالنَّصَارَى مَنْ ءَامَنَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَعَمِلَ صَالِحًا فَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿٦٩﴾ لَقَدْ أَخَذْنَا مِيثَاقَ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ وَارْسَلْنَا إِلَيْهِمْ رَسُولًا قَالَا جَاءَهُمْ رَسُولٌ بِمَا لَا تَهْوَى أَنْفُسُهُمْ فَرِيقًا كَذَّبُوا وَفَرِيقًا يَقْتُلُونَ ﴿٧٠﴾

and those who الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا believed and those who وَالَّذِينَ هَادُوا became Jews and Christians وَالصَّابِئُونَ and Sabaeans وَالنَّصَارَى and Day الْيَوْمِ in Allah بِاللَّهِ whoever مَنْ ءَامَنَ the Last وَعَمِلَ and did صَالِحًا good deeds فَلَا (shall be) no خَوْفٌ

فَإِذَا shall grieve ﴿٧٦﴾ they nor وَلَا on them fear عَلَيْهِمْ
 أَخَذْنَا We took مِيثَاقَ covenant بَنِي Children (of) إسرائيل
 وَأَرْسَلْنَا (of) Israel and We sent رُسُلًا Messengers
 كُلَّمَا جَاءَهُمْ came to them رَسُولٌ a Messenger بِمَا
 لَا with what تَهْوَى not تَهْوَى أَنفُسُهُمْ liked by them فَرِيقًا some (of)
 كَذَّبُوا them) and some (of them) وَفَرِيقًا they denied and some (of them) يَقْتُلُونَ ﴿٧٧﴾
 (they) kill

69. Surely, those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh, in His Messenger Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم and all that was revealed to him from Allâh), and those who are the Jews and the Sabians and the Christians, — whosoever believed in Allâh and the Last Day, and worked righteousness, on them shall be no fear, nor shall they grieve. 70. Verily, We took the covenant of the Children of Israel and sent Messengers to them. Whenever there came to them a Messenger with what they themselves desired not, — a group of them they called liars, and others among them they killed.

وَحَسِبُوا أَلَّا تَكُونَ فِتْنَةٌ فَعَمُوا وَصَمُوا ثُمَّ تَابَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ ثُمَّ عَمُوا وَصَمُوا كَثِيرٌ مِّنْهُمْ وَاللَّهُ بِصِيرٍ
 بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٧٦﴾ لَقَدْ كَفَرَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الْمَسِيحُ ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ وَقَالَ الْمَسِيحُ يَبْنِي لِيَسْكُنَ
 أَتَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ رَبِّي وَرَبَّكُمْ إِنَّكُمْ مِّنْ يُشْرِكِ بِاللَّهِ فَقَدْ حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ الْجَنَّةَ وَمَأْوَاهُ النَّارُ وَمَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ مِنْ
 أَنْصَارٍ ﴿٧٧﴾

وَحَسِبُوا أَلَّا تَكُونَ there will be فَتْنَةٌ and they thought
 فَعَمُوا trial so they became blind وَصَمُوا and they became deaf ثُمَّ
 تَابَ then turned اللَّهُ Allah عَلَيْهِمْ (with forgiveness) ثُمَّ to them
 وَصَمُوا but (again) they became blind عَمُوا and they became deaf
 كَثِيرٌ many of them وَاللَّهُ Allah and Allah بِصِيرٍ All-Seer (is) بِمَا
 يَعْمَلُونَ of what they do لَقَدْ they do كَفَرَ surely disbelieved الَّذِينَ
 قَالُوا those who said إِنَّ He (Who is) اللَّهُ Allah indeed هُوَ
 الْمَسِيحُ the Messiah ابْنُ the son مَرْيَمَ Mary (of) وَقَالَ but said الْمَسِيحُ
 أَتَعْبُدُوا (of) Israel يَسْكُنَ O Children إسرائيل
 رَبِّي my Lord رَبَّكُمْ and your Lord إِنَّكُمْ
 يَشْرِكُ whoever sets partners بِاللَّهِ with Allah فَقَدْ then

Paradise الْحَنَّة to him عَلَيْهِ Allah ﷻ has forbidden حَرَّمَ indeed
and (there are) وَمَا the Fire النَّارُ and his abode (will be) وَمَاؤُهُ
helpers لِلظَّالِمِينَ for the wrong-doers مِنْ أَنْصَارٍ ٧١ no

71. They thought there will be no *Fitnah* (trial or punishment), so they became blind and deaf; after that Allâh turned to them (with forgiveness); yet again many of them became blind and deaf. And Allâh is the All-Seer of what they do.
72. Surely, they have disbelieved who say: "Allâh is the Messiah, son of Maryam (Mary)." But the Messiah said: "O Children of Israel! Worship Allâh, my Lord and your Lord." Verily, whosoever sets up partners (in worship) with Allâh, then Allâh has forbidden Paradise to him, and the Fire will be his abode. And for the *Zâlimûn* there are no helpers.

لَقَدْ كَفَرَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ ثَالِثُ ثَلَاثَةٍ وَمَا مِنْ إِلَهٍ إِلَّا إِلَهُ وَحْدٌ وَإِنْ لَمْ يَنْتَهُوا عَمَّا يَقُولُونَ
لَيَمَسَّنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ٧١ أَفَلَا يَتُوبُونَ إِلَى اللَّهِ وَيَسْتَغْفِرُونَهُ وَاللَّهُ عَفُورٌ
رَحِيمٌ ٧٢ مَا الْمَسِيحُ ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ إِلَّا رَسُولٌ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ الرُّسُلُ وَأُمُّهُ صِدِّيقَةٌ كَانَا
يَأْكُلَانِ الطَّعَامَ أَنْظِرْ كَيْفَ نَبِّئُ لَهُمُ الْآيَاتِ ثُمَّ أَنْظِرْ أَنَّى يُؤْفَكُونَ ٧٣

لَقَدْ verily كَفَرَ disbelieved الَّذِينَ those who قَالُوا said إِنَّ and
Allah ﷻ indeed ثَالِثُ (is) third ثَلَاثَةٍ (of) three وَمَا (and)
no مِنْ إِلَهٍ Ilah (god) إِلَّا except إِلَهُ Ilah (God) وَحْدٌ One وَإِنْ and if
they did not لَمْ يَنْتَهُوا they desist يَقُولُونَ from what عَمَّا they
are saying لَيَمَسَّنَّ shall certainly befall الَّذِينَ those who كَفَرُوا
disbelieved مِنْهُمْ among them عَذَابٌ painful أَلِيمٌ torment ٧١
أَفَلَا not then أَفَلَا (will) not then يَتُوبُونَ they turn (in repentance) إِلَى to اللَّهِ Allah
and they ask for His forgiveness وَيَسْتَغْفِرُونَهُ وَاللَّهُ Allah
عَفُورٌ Most Merciful رَحِيمٌ (is) All-Forgiving ٧٢ مَا the Messiah
the Messiah ابْنُ son مَرْيَمَ Mary (of) إِلَّا except رَسُولٌ a Messenger
before قَدْ certainly خَلَتْ have passed away مِنْ قَبْلِهِ
(was) and his mother وَأُمُّهُ the Messengers الرُّسُلُ him
a woman of truth كَانَا they both يَأْكُلَانِ used to eat الطَّعَامَ
food أَنْظِرْ see كَيْفَ how نَبِّئُ We make clear لَهُمُ to them
the signs الْآيَاتِ ثُمَّ and أَنْظِرْ see أَنَّى they ٧٣
are deluded away

73. Surely, disbelievers are those who said: "Allâh is the third of the three (in a Trinity)." But there is no *Ilâh* (god) (none who has the right to be worshipped) but One *Ilâh* (God —Allâh). And if they cease not from what they say, verily, a painful torment will befall on the disbelievers among them. 74. Will they not turn with repentance to Allâh and ask His forgiveness? For Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful. 75. The Messiah, son of Maryam (Mary), was no more than a Messenger; many were the Messengers that passed away before him. His mother [Maryam (Mary)] was a *Siddiqah*. They both used to eat food (as any other human being, while Allâh does not eat). Look how We make the *Ayât* clear to them; yet look how they are deluded away (from the truth).

قُلْ أَتَعْبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ مَا لَا يَمْلِكُ لَكُمْ ضَرًّا وَلَا نَفْعًا وَاللَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ ﴿٧٣﴾ قُلْ يَتَاهَلِ
الْكِتَابِ لَا تَغْلُوا فِي دِينِكُمْ غَيْرَ الْحَقِّ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا أَهْوَاءَ قَوْمٍ قَدْ ضَلُّوا مِن قَبْلُ وَأَضَلُّوا كَثِيرًا
وَضَلُّوا عَنْ سَوَاءِ السَّبِيلِ ﴿٧٤﴾

قُلْ أَتَعْبُدُونَ say قُلْ besides Allah الله ما do you worship? *يَمْلِكُ* neither *لَكُمْ* something which
for your *ضَرًّا* has power *وَلَا* harm *نَفْعًا* and nor *وَاللَّهُ* (for your) benefit *هُوَ* and Allah *السَّمِيعُ* indeed
All-Knowing *الْعَلِيمُ* (is) *يَتَاهَلِ* say قُلْ All-Hearing *الْكِتَابِ* (of) the Scripture *تَغْلُوا* do not *لَا*
you exceed *دِينِكُمْ* in limits *غَيْرَ* other than the truth *أَهْوَاءَ* your religion *قَوْمٍ* and do not
the truth *تَتَّبِعُوا* you follow *وَضَلُّوا* certainly *كَثِيرًا* they mislead
and *ضَلُّوا* many *عَنْ* from *سَوَاءِ* the Right
Path *السَّبِيلِ* ﴿٧٤﴾

76. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم to mankind): "How do you worship besides Allâh something which has no power either to harm or benefit you? But it is Allâh Who is the All-Hearer, All-Knower." 77. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم): "O people of the Scripture! Exceed not the limits in your religion (by believing in something) other than the truth, and do not follow the vain desires of people who went astray before and who misled many, and strayed (themselves) from the Right Path."

لُعِنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِن بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ عَلَى لِسَانِ دَاوُدَ وَعِيسَى ابْنِ مَرْيَمَ ذَلِكَ بِمَا عَصَوْا وَكَانُوا
يَعْتَدُونَ ﴿٧٦﴾ كَانُوا لَا يَتَنَاهَوْنَ عَنْ مُنْكَرٍ فَعَلُوهُ لَبِئْسَ مَا كَانُوا يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿٧٧﴾ تَرَى

كَثِيرًا مِنْهُمْ يَتَوَلَّوْنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لَيْسَ مَا قَدَّمَتْ لَهُمْ أَنْفُسُهُمْ أَنْ سَخِطَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَفِي الْعَذَابِ هُمْ خَالِدُونَ ﴿٨٥﴾

لُعِنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا those who were cursed of (of) Children إسرائيل (of) إسرائيل by لِسَانِ (of) دَاوُدَ (of) David وَعِيسَى ابْنِ مَرْيَمَ (of) Mary ذَلِكَ (was) that (was) because عَصَوْا they disobeyed وَكَانُوا they were يَمْتَدُونَ ﴿٧٨﴾ transgressing لَا they did كَانُوا they did not يَنْتَاهُونَ forbidding they committed فَعَلُوا wrong deeds مِنْكُمْ from each other to لَيْسَ (was) vile indeed مَا what كَانُوا they used يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿٧٩﴾ they make تَرَى you see كَثِيرًا many مِنْهُمْ of them يَتَوَلَّوْنَ of (with) friends الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا those who disbelieved لَيْسَ evil (is) indeed مَا what قَدَّمَتْ has been sent forth لَهُمْ for themselves أَنْ that سَخِطَ Allah became angry عَلَيْهِمْ with them وَفِي and in الْعَذَابِ torment هُمْ they خَالِدُونَ ﴿٨٥﴾ shall abide for ever

78. Those among the Children of Israel who disbelieved were cursed by the tongue of Dawûd (David) and 'Isâ (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary). That was because they disobeyed (Allâh and the Messengers) and were ever transgressing beyond bounds. 79. They used not to forbid one another from *Al-Munkar* which they committed. Vile indeed was what they used to do. 80. You see many of them taking the disbelievers as their *Auliya'*. Evil indeed is that which their own selves have sent forward before them; for that (reason) Allâh's Wrath fell upon them, and in torment they will abide.

وَلَوْ كَانُوا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ وَالْآخِرَةِ مَا أَغْوَيْنَاهُمْ أَزْوَاجَ إِلَهِهِمْ وَلَكِنَّ كَثِيرًا مِنْهُمْ فَسِيقُونَ ﴿٨١﴾ لَتَجِدَنَّ أَشَدَّ النَّاسِ عَدَاوَةً لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا الْيَهُودَ وَالَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا وَلَتَجِدَنَّ أَقْرَبَهُمْ مَوَدَّةً لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا الَّذِينَ قَالُوا إِنَّا نَصْرِيكَ ذَلِكَ يَأْتِيهِمْ فَيَقْسِبُونَ وَيُنَاقِضُونَ ﴿٨٢﴾

وَلَوْ in Allah بِاللَّهِ believed يُؤْمِنُونَ they كَانُوا and if
 to إِلَيْهِ has been sent down أُنزِلَ and what وَمَا and the Prophet
 friends أَوْلِيَاءَ they would have taken them أَمَّا not him
 (are) disobedient فَسِيقُونَ ﴿٨١﴾ of them مِّنْهُمْ many but كَثِيرًا
 (to Allah) لَتَجِدَنَّ أَشَدَّ verily you will find most hostile النَّاسِ
 have آمَنُوا to those who لِلَّذِينَ in enmity عَدَاوَةٌ (among) people
 set أَشْرَكُوا and those who وَالَّذِينَ the Jews أَلْيَهُوهُ
 and verily you will find وَلَتَجِدَنَّ partners with Allah
 have believed آمَنُوا to those who لِلَّذِينَ in love مَوَدَّةٌ nearest of them
 Christians نَصَارَىٰ we (are) إِنَّا said قَالُوا (are) those who الَّذِينَ
 (are) قَتِيلِينَ among them مِنْهُمْ because إِنَّ that (is) ذَٰلِكَ
 do not لَا and that they وَأَنَّهُمْ and monks وَرُهَبَانًا
 take pride يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ ﴿٨٢﴾

81. And had they believed in Allâh, and in the Prophet (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) and in what has been revealed to him, never would they have taken them (the disbelievers) as *Auliya'*; but many of them are the *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh). 82. Verily, you will find the strongest among men in enmity to the believers (Muslims) the Jews and those who are *Al-Mushrikûn*, and you will find the nearest in love to the believers (Muslims) those who say: "We are Christians." That is because amongst them are priests and monks, and they are not proud.

﴿وَإِذَا سَمِعُوا مَا أُنزِلَ إِلَى الرَّسُولِ رَأَوْا أَعْيُنُهُمْ تَفِيضُ مِنَ الدَّمْعِ مِمَّا عَرَفُوا مِنَ الْحَقِّ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا ءَامَنَّا فَاكْتُبْنَا مَعَ الشَّاهِدِينَ﴾ ﴿٨٣﴾ وَمَا لَنَا لَا نُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَمَا جَاءَنَا مِنَ الْحَقِّ وَنَطْمَعُ أَنْ يُدْخِلَنَا رَبُّنَا مَعَ الْقَوْمِ الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿٨٤﴾

﴿وَإِذَا﴾ has been sent down ﴿إِلَى﴾ to the Messenger ﴿الرَّسُولِ﴾ the Messenger ﴿رَأَوْا﴾ you see their eyes ﴿أَعْيُنُهُمْ﴾ they have overflowed ﴿مِنَ﴾ with ﴿الدَّمْعِ﴾ tears ﴿مِمَّا﴾ because ﴿عَرَفُوا﴾ they say ﴿يَقُولُونَ﴾ the truth ﴿مِنَ﴾ of recognized ﴿الْحَقِّ﴾ our Lord! ﴿ءَامَنَّا﴾ we have believed ﴿فَاكْتُبْنَا﴾ so write us down ﴿مَعَ﴾ with the witnesses ﴿الشَّاهِدِينَ﴾ ﴿٨٣﴾ ﴿وَمَا﴾ and what ﴿لَنَا﴾ with us ﴿لَا﴾ do not ﴿نُؤْمِنُ﴾ the witnesses ﴿بِاللَّهِ﴾ we believe ﴿وَمَا﴾ in Allah ﴿جَاءَنَا﴾ and in that which ﴿هَاجَأَنَا﴾ has come to us ﴿مِنَ﴾ of the truth ﴿الْحَقِّ﴾ the truth ﴿وَنَطْمَعُ﴾ and we wish (ferverently desire) ﴿أَنْ﴾ and we wish ﴿يُدْخِلَنَا﴾ that our Lord ﴿رَبُّنَا﴾ will admit us (in Paradise) ﴿مَعَ﴾ with the people ﴿الْقَوْمِ﴾ the people ﴿الصَّالِحِينَ﴾ righteous ﴿٨٤﴾

83. And when they (who call themselves Christians) listen to what has been sent down to the Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), you see their eyes overflowing with tears because of the truth they have recognised. They say: "Our Lord! We believe; so write us down among the witnesses. 84. "And why should we not believe in Allâh and in that which has come to us of the truth (Islâmic Monotheism)? And we wish that our Lord will admit us along with the righteous people."

فَأَنبَهُمُ اللَّهُ بِمَا قَالُوا جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا ذَلِكَ جَزَاءُ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٨٥﴾ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَكَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا أُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ الْجَحِيمِ ﴿٨٦﴾ يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا لَا تَحْزَنُوا طَبِيعَتِ مَا أَحَلَّ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ وَلَا تَسْتَدْرَأْهُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُنْتَعِنِينَ ﴿٨٧﴾

فَأَنبَهُمُ اللَّهُ بِمَا قَالُوا for what they said ﴿جَنَّاتٍ﴾ Gardens ﴿تَجْرِي﴾ flowing ﴿مِنْ تَحْتِهَا﴾ under them ﴿الْأَنْهَارُ﴾ rivers ﴿خَالِدِينَ﴾ (streams) rivers ﴿فِيهَا﴾ they would abide forever ﴿ذَلِكَ﴾ and that (is) ﴿جَزَاءُ﴾ reward ﴿الْمُحْسِنِينَ﴾ (of) the ﴿٨٥﴾ ﴿وَالَّذِينَ﴾ good-doers ﴿كَفَرُوا﴾ and those who ﴿كَذَّبُوا﴾ disbelieved ﴿بِآيَاتِنَا﴾ Our Verses ﴿أُولَٰئِكَ﴾ they (shall be) ﴿أَصْحَابُ﴾ inmates ﴿الْجَحِيمِ﴾ ﴿٨٦﴾ ﴿يَا أَيُّهَا﴾ O you ﴿الَّذِينَ﴾ who ﴿ءَامَنُوا﴾ do ﴿لَا﴾ believe! ﴿تَسْتَدْرَأْهُ﴾ do not ﴿إِنَّ اللَّهَ﴾ do not ﴿يُحِبُّ﴾ like ﴿الْمُنْتَعِنِينَ﴾ ﴿٨٧﴾

has **أَحَلَّ** what **مَا** good things **طَيِّبَاتٍ** make unlawful **تَحَرَّمَ** not
 you **وَمَنْدُوا** and (do) not **وَلَا** to you **لَكُمْ** Allah **اللَّهُ** made lawful
 like **يُحِبُّ** (does) not **لَا** Allah **اللَّهُ** indeed **إِنَّ** transgress
 the transgressors **الْمُتَعَدِّينَ** ﴿٨٧﴾

85. So because of what they said, Allâh rewarded them Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise), they will abide therein forever. Such is the reward of *Al-Muhsinûn* (the good-doers). 86. But those who disbelieved and belied Our *Ayât*, they shall be the dwellers of the (Hell) Fire. 87. O you who believe! Make not unlawful the *Tayyibât* (all that is good as regards foods, things, deeds, beliefs, persons) which Allâh has made lawful to you, and transgress not. Verily, Allâh does not like the transgressors.

وَكُلُوا مِمَّا رَزَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ حَلَالًا وَطَيِّبًا وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ الَّذِي أَنْتُمْ بِهِ مُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٨٥﴾ لَا يُؤَاخِذُكُمُ اللَّهُ بِالْفُلُوِّ فِيْ أَيْمَانِكُمْ وَلَكِنْ يُؤَاخِذُكُمْ بِمَا عَقَّدْتُمُ الْأَيْمَانَ فَكَفَّرتُمْهُ إِطْعَامَ عَشْرَةِ مَسْكِينٍ مِنْ أَوْسَطِ مَا تُطْعَمُونَ أَهْلِيكُمْ أَوْ كِسْوَتُهُمْ أَوْ تَحْرِيرَ رَقَبَةٍ فَمَنْ لَمْ يَجِدْ فَصِيَامُ ثَلَاثَةِ أَيَّامٍ ذَلِكَ كَفَّرتُمْهُ أَيْمَانَكُمْ إِذَا حَلَفْتُمْ وَاحْفَظُوا أَيْمَانَكُمْ كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ آيَاتِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٨٦﴾

وَكُلُوا and eat **مِمَّا** of what **رَزَقَكُمُ** sustenance provided to you **اللَّهُ**
 (by) Allah **حَلَالًا** lawful **طَيِّبًا** good things **وَاتَّقُوا** and you fear **اللَّهُ**
 Allah **الَّذِي** whom **أَنْتُمْ** you **بِهِ** in Him **مُؤْمِنُونَ** (are) believers
 لَا **يُؤَاخِذُكُمْ** (will) not **اللَّهُ** Allah **بِالْفُلُوِّ** of futile
 He will call you to account **أَيْمَانِكُمْ** in **فِيْ** your oaths **وَلَكِنْ** but **يُؤَاخِذُكُمْ**
 account **بِمَا** for **عَقَّدْتُمُ** earnestly sworn in **الْأَيْمَانَ** oaths **فَكَفَّرتُمْهُ** its
 expiation **إِطْعَامَ** (is) feeding **عَشْرَةِ** ten **مَسْكِينٍ** needy persons
 of **أَوْسَطِ** average **مَا** what **تُطْعَمُونَ** (of) what **أَهْلِيكُمْ** you feed
 or **كِسْوَتُهُمْ** or clothing them **أَوْ** or **تَحْرِيرَ** freeing **رَقَبَةٍ** families
 a slave **فَمَنْ** but who **لَمْ** (did) not **يَجِدْ** (that) find **فَصِيَامُ** then
 (of) fasting **ثَلَاثَةِ** three **أَيَّامٍ** days **ذَلِكَ** that (is) **كَفَّرتُمْهُ** expiation
 your oaths **أَيْمَانَكُمْ** (of) your oaths **إِذَا** when **حَلَفْتُمْ** you have sworn **وَاحْفَظُوا**
 but keep **أَيْمَانَكُمْ** your oaths **كَذَلِكَ** thus **يُبَيِّنُ** makes clear **اللَّهُ**
 Allah **لَكُمْ** to you **آيَاتِهِ** His Signs **لَعَلَّكُمْ** so that you may **تَشْكُرُونَ** ﴿٨٦﴾
 give thanks

88. And eat of the things which Allâh has provided for you, lawful and good, and fear Allâh in Whom you believe. 89. Allâh will not punish you for what is unintentional in your oaths, but He will punish you for your deliberate oaths; for its expiation (a deliberate oath) feed ten *Masâkin* (poor persons), on a scale of the average of that with which you feed your own families, or clothe them or manumit a slave. But whosoever cannot afford (that), then he should fast for three days. That is the expiation for the oaths when you have sworn. And protect your oaths (i.e. do not swear much). Thus Allâh makes clear to you His *Ayât* that you may be grateful.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِنَّمَا الْفَنَرُ وَالْأَنصَابُ وَالْأَزْلَامُ رِجْسٌ مِّنْ عَمَلِ الشَّيْطَانِ فَاجْتَنِبُوهُ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ ﴿٩٠﴾ إِنَّمَا يُرِيدُ الشَّيْطَانُ أَنْ يُوقِعَ بَيْنَكُمُ الْعَدَاوَةَ وَالْبَغْضَاءَ فِي الْفَنَرِ وَالْأَنصَابِ وَيَصُدَّكُمْ عَنْ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ وَعَنِ الصَّلَاةِ فَهَلْ أَنْتُمْ مُنْتَهُونَ ﴿٩١﴾

يَا أَيُّهَا O you الَّذِينَ who آمَنُوا believe إِنَّمَا only الْفَنَرُ intoxicants and sacrifices at الْأَنصَابُ and game of chance (gambling) وَالْأَزْلَامُ altars رِجْسٌ (are) an abomination and divining arrows مِّنْ عَمَلِ so that الشَّيْطَانِ (of) handiwork (of) Satan فَاجْتَنِبُوهُ so avoid it لَعَلَّكُمْ so that you may تُفْلِحُونَ ﴿٩٠﴾ attain success إِنَّمَا only wants الشَّيْطَانُ enmity الْعَدَاوَةَ between you يَتَنَكَّمُ he excites يُوقِعُ that Satan أَن and hatred وَالْبَغْضَاءَ and games of الْفَنَرُ and intoxicants وَالْأَنصَابِ and games of chance (gambling) وَيَصُدَّكُمْ hinder you عَنْ and from ذِكْرِ the prayer الصَّلَاةِ and from وَعَنِ (of) Allah اللَّهُ remembrance (be of those) who abstain مُنْتَهُونَ ﴿٩١﴾ you أَنْتُمْ so will

90. O you who believe! Intoxicants (all kinds of alcoholic drinks), and gambling, and *Al-Ansâb*, and *Al-Azlâm* (arrows for seeking luck or decision) are an abomination of *Shaitân's* (Satan's) handiwork. So avoid (strictly all) that (abomination) in order that you may be successful. 91. *Shaitân* (Satan) wants only to excite enmity and hatred between you with intoxicants (alcoholic drinks) and gambling, and hinder you from the remembrance of Allâh and from *As-Salât* (the prayer). So, will you not then abstain?

وَأَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا الرَّسُولَ وَاحْذَرُوا فَإِن تَوَلَّيْتُمْ فَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّمَا عَلَى رَسُولِنَا الْبَلَاغُ الْمُبِينُ ﴿٩٢﴾ لَيْسَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ جُنَاحٌ فِيمَا طَعَمُوا إِذَا مَا اتَّقَوْا وَآمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ ثُمَّ اتَّقَوْا وَآمَنُوا ثُمَّ اتَّقَوْا وَأَحْسَنُوا وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٩٣﴾

the Messenger **وَأَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ** and obey **وَأَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ** and obey **وَأَحْذَرُوا** then **وَأَحْذَرُوا** you turn away **وَأَحْذَرُوا** but if **وَأَحْذَرُوا** and be aware **وَأَحْذَرُوا** (is) **وَأَحْذَرُوا** our Messenger **وَأَحْذَرُوا** upon **وَأَحْذَرُوا** only **وَأَحْذَرُوا** know **وَأَحْذَرُوا** those **وَأَحْذَرُوا** on **وَأَحْذَرُوا** (there is) not **وَأَحْذَرُوا** plain **وَأَحْذَرُوا** conveyance **وَأَحْذَرُوا** who **وَأَحْذَرُوا** believed **وَأَحْذَرُوا** and did **وَأَحْذَرُوا** righteous deeds **وَأَحْذَرُوا** **وَأَحْذَرُوا** for what **وَأَحْذَرُوا** sin **وَأَحْذَرُوا** they fear (Allah) **وَأَحْذَرُوا** when **وَأَحْذَرُوا** they ate **وَأَحْذَرُوا** **وَأَحْذَرُوا** then **وَأَحْذَرُوا** righteous deeds **وَأَحْذَرُوا** and do **وَأَحْذَرُوا** and believe **وَأَحْذَرُوا** **وَأَحْذَرُوا** then **وَأَحْذَرُوا** they fear (Allah) **وَأَحْذَرُوا** and believe **وَأَحْذَرُوا** **وَأَحْذَرُوا** then **وَأَحْذَرُوا** they fear (Allah) **وَأَحْذَرُوا** **وَأَحْذَرُوا** Allah **وَأَحْذَرُوا** do good **وَأَحْذَرُوا** and Allah **وَأَحْذَرُوا** loves **وَأَحْذَرُوا** the **وَأَحْذَرُوا** good-doers

92. And obey Allâh and the Messenger (Muhammad عليه وسلم), and beware (of even coming near to drinking or gambling or *Al-Ansâb*, or *Al-Azlâm*) and fear Allâh. Then if you turn away, you should know that it is Our Messenger's duty to convey (the Message) in the clearest way. 93. Those who believe and do righteous good deeds, there is no sin on them for what they ate (in the past), if they fear Allâh (by keeping away from His forbidden things), and believe and do righteous good deeds, and again fear Allâh and believe, and once again fear Allâh and do good deeds with *Ihsân* (perfection). And Allâh loves the good-doers.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لَبِئْسَ مَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ مِنَ الصَّيْدِ تَنَالُهُ أَيْدِيكُمْ وَرِمَاحُكُمْ لِيَعْلَمَ اللَّهُ مَنْ يَخَافُهُ بِالْغَيْبِ فَمَنِ اعْتَدَى بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ فَلَهُ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لَا تَقْتُلُوا الصَّيْدَ وَأَنْتُمْ حُرْمٌ** وَمَنْ قَتَلَهُ مِنْكُمْ مُتَعَمِّدًا فَجَزَاءٌ مِثْلُ مَا قَتَلَ مِنْ النَّعْمِ يَعْتَكِبْهُ ذُو عَدْلٍ مِنْكُمْ هَذَا يَبْلُغُ الْكُفْبَةِ أَوْ كَثْرَةً طَعَامٍ مَسْكِينٍ أَوْ عَدْلُ ذَلِكَ صِيَامًا لِيَذُوقَ وَبَالَ أَمْرِهِ عَفَا اللَّهُ عَمَّا سَلَفَ وَمَنْ عَادَ فَيَنْقِمُ اللَّهُ مِنْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ ذُو انْتِقَامٍ **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لَبِئْسَ مَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ** مِنَ الصَّيْدِ تَنَالُهُ أَيْدِيكُمْ وَرِمَاحُكُمْ لِيَعْلَمَ اللَّهُ مَنْ يَخَافُهُ بِالْغَيْبِ فَمَنِ اعْتَدَى بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ فَلَهُ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لَا تَقْتُلُوا الصَّيْدَ وَأَنْتُمْ حُرْمٌ** وَمَنْ قَتَلَهُ مِنْكُمْ مُتَعَمِّدًا فَجَزَاءٌ مِثْلُ مَا قَتَلَ مِنْ النَّعْمِ يَعْتَكِبْهُ ذُو عَدْلٍ مِنْكُمْ هَذَا يَبْلُغُ الْكُفْبَةِ أَوْ كَثْرَةً طَعَامٍ مَسْكِينٍ أَوْ عَدْلُ ذَلِكَ صِيَامًا لِيَذُوقَ وَبَالَ أَمْرِهِ عَفَا اللَّهُ عَمَّا سَلَفَ وَمَنْ عَادَ فَيَنْقِمُ اللَّهُ مِنْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ ذُو انْتِقَامٍ **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لَبِئْسَ مَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ**

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا O you **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** believe **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** surely will try you **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** which **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** the game **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** of **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** with something **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** Allah **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** can be taken **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** (by) your hands **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** and your lances **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** fears Him **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** who **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** Allah **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** so that knows **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** then whoever **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** transgressed **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** after **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** that **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** O you **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** (is a) painful **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** torment **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** him **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** when you **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** game **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** you kill **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** (do) not **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا** believe **يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا**

killed it قَتَلَهُ and whosoever وَمَنْ in (a state of) Ihram حُرِّمَ are
 like مِثْلُ then penalty (is) مُتَعَذِّدًا intentionally of you مِنْكُمْ
 قَتَلَ what قَتَلَ he killed مِنْ of النَّعَمِ cattle بِكُمْ بِه judged by ذَوَاعِدِلْ
 brought بَلَغَ an offering هَدْيًا among you مِنْكُمْ two just men
 (of) مَسْكِينِ feeding طَعَامُ expiation أَوْ or كَفَّرَهُ to the Ka'bah
 fasting لِيَذُوقَ (to) صِيَامًا equivalent ذَاكَ or عَذْلُ needy
 pardoned عَمَّا (of) his deed أَمْرُهُ and grieves وَبَالَ that he tastes
 repeated (it) عَادَ but who وَمَنْ passed سَلَفَ what عَمَّا Allah
 and فَسَنَقِمُ Allah will take retribution مِنْهُ Allah and وَاللَّهُ
 Lord of Retribution ذُو الْبِقَاعِ (is) All-Mighty Allah

94. O you who believe! Allâh will certainly make a trial of you with something in (the matter of) the game that is well within the reach of your hands and your lances, that Allâh may test who fears Him unseen. Then whoever transgresses thereafter, for him there is a painful torment. 95. O you who believe! Kill not the game while you are in a state of *Ihrâm*, and whosoever of you kills it intentionally, the penalty is an offering, brought to the Ka'bah, of an eatable animal (i.e. sheep, goat, cow) equivalent to the one he killed, as adjudged by two just men among you; or, for expiation, he should feed *Masâkin* (poor persons), or its equivalent in *Saum* (fasting), that he may taste the heaviness (punishment) of his deed. Allâh has forgiven what is past, but whosoever commits it again, Allâh will take retribution from him. And Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Able of Retribution.

أُحِلَّ لَكُمْ صَيْدُ الْبَحْرِ وَطَعَامُهُ مَتَاعًا لَكُمْ وَلِلنَّاسِ وَحُرِّمَ عَلَيْكُمْ صَيْدُ الْبَرِّ مَا دُمْتُمْ حُرُمًا وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ الَّذِي إِلَيْهِ تُحْشَرُونَ ﴿٩٤﴾ جَعَلَ اللَّهُ الْكَعْبَةَ الْبَيْتَ الْحَرَامَ قِيَمًا لِّلنَّاسِ وَالشَّهْرَ الْحَرَامَ وَالْهَدْيَ وَالْقَلَائِدَ ذَلِكَ لِيَتَذَكَّرُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ يَكُلُّ شَيْءًا عَلَيْهِ ﴿٩٥﴾

أُحِلَّ is lawful لَكُمْ to you صَيْدُ game الْبَحْرِ water and طَعَامُهُ (of)
 and for مَتَاعًا its eating لَكُمْ as provision وَلِلنَّاسِ for you
 حُرِّمَ but is forbidden عَلَيْكُمْ to you صَيْدُ hunting الْبَرِّ
 and وَاتَّقُوا in a state of Ihram حُرُمًا while you are دُمْتُمْ on land
 you shall إِلَيْهِ Whom الَّذِي Allah fear
 be gathered جَعَلَ Allah has made الْكَعْبَةَ the Ka'bah الْبَيْتَ

for النَّاسِ an establishment قِيَمًا the Sacred الْحَرَامَ House
 and animals of وَلَهْدَى the sacred الْحَرَامَ and month وَالشَّهْرَ people
 so that يَتَعَلَّمُوا (all) this ذَلِكَ and (their) collars وَالْقَتِيدُ offerings
 (is) in فِي what مَا knows يَعْلَمُ Allah اللَّهُ that أَنْ you may know
 السَّمَوَاتِ the heavens وَمَا and what فِي (is) in الْأَرْضِ the earth وَأَنَّ
 (is) عَلَيْهِ thing شَيْءٍ of every كُلِّ Allah اللَّهُ and that
 All-Knower

96. Lawful to you is (the pursuit of) water game and its use for food — for the benefit of yourselves and those who travel, but forbidden is (the pursuit of) land game as long as you are in a state of *Ihrâm*. And fear Allâh to Whom you shall be gathered back. 97. Allâh has made the Ka'bah, the Sacred House, an asylum of security and benefits for mankind, and also the Sacred Month and the animals of offerings and the garlanded, that you may know that Allâh has knowledge of all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth, and that Allâh is the All-Knower of each and everything.

اعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿٩٦﴾ مَا عَلَى الرَّسُولِ إِلَّا أَلْبَلَعُ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا بُدُونُ وَمَا
 تَكْتُمُونَ ﴿٩٧﴾ قُلْ لَا يَسْتَوِي الْخَبِيثُ وَالطَّيِّبُ وَلَوْ أَعْجَبَكَ كَثْرَةُ الْخَبِيثِ فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ يَتَذَكَّرُ الْآلَبِ لَعَلَّكُمْ
 تُفْلِحُونَ ﴿٩٨﴾

اعْلَمُوا أَنَّ know أَنَّ that اللَّهُ Allah شَدِيدُ Severe (is) الْعِقَابِ (in)
 (is) All-Forgiving عَفُورٌ Allah اللَّهُ and that وَأَنَّ punishment
 the Messenger الرَّسُولِ on عَلَى (is) not مَا Most Merciful رَحِيمٌ ﴿٩٦﴾
 إِلَّا but أَلْبَلَعُ (the message) to convey وَاللَّهُ Allah and يَعْلَمُ knows
 قُلْ you conceal تَكْتُمُونَ ﴿٩٧﴾ and what وَمَا you reveal بُدُونُ what مَا
 and good وَالطَّيِّبُ bad thing الْخَبِيثُ equal يَسْتَوِي (are) not لَا say
 abundance كَثْرَةُ fascinates you أَعْجَبَكَ even though وَلَوْ thing
 الْخَبِيثِ (of) bad things فَاتَّقُوا (of) bad things اللَّهُ Allah so fear يَتَذَكَّرُ
 الْآلَبِ (of) understanding لَعَلَّكُمْ ﴿٩٨﴾ so that you may تُفْلِحُونَ
 succeed

98. Know that Allâh is Severe in punishment and that Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful. 99. The duty of the Messenger is nothing but to convey (the Message). And Allâh knows all that you reveal and all that you conceal. 100. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم): "Not equal are *Al-Khabîth* (all that is evil and bad as regards things, deeds, beliefs, persons and foods) and *At-Tayyib* (all that is good as regards things, deeds, beliefs, persons and foods), even though the abundance of *Al-Khabîth* may please you." So fear Allâh, O men of understanding in order that you may be successful.

يٰۤاَيُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ اٰمَنُوْا لَا تَسْـَٔلُوْا عَنْ اَشْيَآءٍ اِنْ بُدِّ لَكُمْ فَسُوْكُمْ وَاِنْ تَسْـَٔلُوْا عَنْهَا حِيْنَ يُنْزَلِ الْقُرْآنُ بُدِّ لَكُمْ عَفَا
 اللّٰهُ عَنْهَا وَاللّٰهُ غَفُوْرٌ حَلِيْمٌ ﴿٩٩﴾ قَدْ سَاَلَهَا قَوْمٌ مِّنْ قَبْلِكُمْ ثُمَّ اَصْبَحُوْا بِهَا كٰفِرِيْنَ ﴿١٠٠﴾ مَا جَعَلَ اللّٰهُ مِنْ
 بَحِيْرَةٍ وَلَا سَآبِقَةٍ وَلَا وَصِيْلَةٍ وَلَا حَآمِرٍ وَلٰكِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا يَفْتَرُوْنَ عَلَى اللّٰهِ الْكَذِبَ وَاَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْقِلُوْنَ ﴿١٠١﴾

يٰۤاَيُّهَا O you الَّذِيْنَ who اٰمَنُوْا believe لَا (do) not تَسْـَٔلُوْا you ask
 عَنْ about اَشْيَآءٍ things اِنْ if بُدِّ they are made clear لَكُمْ to you
 فَسُوْكُمْ they would trouble you وَاِنْ and if تَسْـَٔلُوْا you will ask
 حِيْنَ when يُنْزَلِ the Quran الْقُرْآنُ is being revealed
 عَنْهُ they would be made clear لَكُمْ to you عَفَا has forgiven اللّٰهُ Allah
 عَنْهَا that وَاللّٰهُ Allah غَفُوْرٌ (is) All-Forgiving حَلِيْمٌ
 قَدْ All-Forbearing اَسَاَلَهَا indeed قَوْمٌ asked such (questions)
 مِنْ people اَصْبَحُوْا then ثُمَّ before you كٰفِرِيْنَ disbelievers
 جَعَلَ neither مَا disbelievers كٰفِرِيْنَ that account اللّٰهُ Allah
 مِنْ Bahira بَحِيْرَةٍ things like وَلَا nor سَآبِقَةٍ instituted
 وَلَا Saibah وَلَا nor وَصِيْلَةٍ nor حَآمِرٍ Ham وَلٰكِنَّ but الَّذِيْنَ
 كَفَرُوْا those who اَفْتَرُوْا disbelieve عَلَى invent اللّٰهُ Allah
 الْكَذِبَ a lie وَاَكْثَرُهُمْ but لَا (do) not يَعْقِلُوْنَ understand

101. O you who believe! Ask not about things which, if made plain to you, may cause you trouble. But if you ask about them while the Qur'ân is being revealed, they will be made plain to you. Allâh has forgiven that, and Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Forbearing. 102. Before you, a community asked such questions, then on that account they became disbelievers. 103. Allâh has not instituted things like *Bahîrah* or a *Sâ'ibah* or a *Wasîlah* or a *Hâm* (all these animals were liberated in honour of idols as practised by pagan Arabs in the pre-Islâmic period). But those who disbelieve invent lies against Allâh, and most of them have no understanding.

وَلَا إِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ تَعَالَوْا إِلَى مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ وَإِلَى الرَّسُولِ قَالُوا حَسْبُنَا مَا وَجَدْنَا عَلَيْهِ آبَاءَنَا أَوَلَوْ كَانَ آبَاؤُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ شَيْئًا وَلَا يَهْتَدُونَ ﴿١٠٤﴾ يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا عَلَيْكُمْ أَنْفُسَكُمْ لَا يَضُرُّكُمْ مَن ضَلَّ إِذَا اهْتَدَيْتُمْ إِلَى اللَّهِ مَرْجِعُكُمْ جَمِيعًا فَيُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٠٥﴾

وَلَا إِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ تَعَالَوْا إِلَى مَا to them it is said and when
 أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ وَإِلَى الرَّسُولِ what the Allah has revealed
 قَالُوا حَسْبُنَا مَا suffices us they say Messenger
 وَجَدْنَا عَلَيْهِ upon it found even though
 أَوَلَوْ our forefathers did their forefathers
 لَا يَعْلَمُونَ شَيْئًا know not their forefathers
 وَلَا يَهْتَدُونَ ﴿١٠٤﴾ يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ O you they had guidance
 آمَنُوا عَلَيْكُمْ believe on you (is to take care of)
 لَا يَضُرُّكُمْ مَن ضَلَّ who harm you will not
 إِذَا اهْتَدَيْتُمْ إِلَى اللَّهِ Allah to you are guided
 مَرْجِعُكُمْ (is) return of you
 جَمِيعًا فَيُنَبِّئُكُم all then He will inform you
 بِمَا كُنتُمْ doing had been

104. And when it is said to them: "Come to what Allâh has revealed and unto the Messenger." They say: "Enough for us is that which we found our fathers following," even though their fathers had no knowledge whatsoever and nor guidance. 105. O you who believe! Take care of your own selves. If you follow the guidance no hurt can come to you from those who are in error. The return of you all is to Allâh, then He will inform you about (all) that which you used to do.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا شَهَدَةُ بَيْنِكُمْ إِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَدَكُمُ الْمَوْتُ حِينَ الْوَصِيَّةِ اثْنَانِ ذَوَا عَدْلٍ مِّنكُمْ أَوْ آخَرَانِ مِّنْ غَيْرِكُمْ إِنْ أَنْتُمْ صَرَيْتُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَاصْبِرْ لِمُصِيبَةِ الْمَوْتِ تَحْسَبُونَهُمَا مِنْ بَعْدِ الْوَصَايَا فَيَقْسِمَانِ بِاللَّهِ إِنْ أَرَبْتُمْ وَلَا نَشْأَرِي بِهِ شَيْئًا وَلَوْ كَانَ ذَا قُرْبَىٰ وَلَا تَكُنْتُمْ شُهَدَاءَ اللَّهِ إِنَّمَا إِنْ آذَيْنِ الْآيَاتِينَ ﴿١٠٦﴾

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ O you who believe شَهَدَةُ (take) witness
 بَيْنِكُمْ إِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَدَكُمُ الْمَوْتُ any of you approaches
 حِينَ الْوَصِيَّةِ اثْنَانِ ذَوَا عَدْلٍ while (making) the death
 two others or آخَرَانِ مِّنْ غَيْرِكُمْ among you men
 مِنْ غَيْرِكُمْ other than you if أَنْتُمْ you are travelling
 فِي

calamity مُصِيبَةٌ and befalls you فَاصْبَتْكُم the land الْأَرْضُ through
 after أَلْمُوتِ (of) the death تَحْبِسُونَهُمَا you detain them both مِنْ بَعْدِ
 if إِنْ by Allah بِاللَّهِ and they swear فَيَقْسِمَانِ the prayer الصَّلَاةِ
 آرْتَبْتُمْ you doubt them لَا شَيْءَ we will sell بِهَا it for
 and not وَلَا a near relative نَاقِرٌ he is كَانَ even if وَلَوْ a price
 indeed نَكْتُمُ (of) Allah اللَّهُ testimony شَهَادَةً we will conceal
 the sinners الْآثِمِينَ (will be) among لَئِنْ then إِذَا we

106. O you who believe! When death approaches any of you, and you make a bequest, (then take) the testimony of two just men of your own folk or two others from outside, while you are travelling through the land and death befalls on you. Detain them both after *As-Salât* (the prayer), (then) if you are in doubt (about their truthfulness), let them both swear by Allâh (saying): "We wish not for any worldly gain in this, even though he (the beneficiary) be our near relative. We shall not hide Testimony of Allâh, for then indeed we should be of the sinful."

فَإِنْ عُرِيَ عَنْهُمَا اسْتَحَقَّ إِثْمًا فَلَا تَرَكَانِ يَفْؤَمَانِ مَقَامَهُمَا مِنَ الَّذِينَ اسْتَحَقَّ عَلَيْهِمُ الْأَوَّلِينَ فَيَقْسِمَانِ بِاللَّهِ
 لَشَهَادَتُنَا أَحَقُّ مِنْ شَهَادَتِهِمَا وَمَا اعْتَدَيْنَا إِذَا لَئِنْ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٠٦﴾ ذَلِكَ أَدَقُّ أَنْ يَأْتُوا بِالشَّهَادَةِ عَلَى وَجْهِهَا أَوْ
 يَخَافُوا أَنْ تُرَدَّ أَيْمَانٌ بَعْدَ أَيْمَانِهِمْ وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الْفَاسِقِينَ ﴿١٠٧﴾

فَإِنْ عُرِيَ عَنْهُمَا it is discovered then if عُرِيَ then if
 guilty of إِنْمَا sin فَلَا تَرَكَانِ then two others يَفْؤَمَانِ shall stand مَقَامَهُمَا
 those who الَّذِينَ from (among) مِنَ اسْتَحَقَّ عَلَيْهِمُ
 the former two الْأَوَّلِينَ against whose right (had deposed)
 (that) our testimony (is) لَشَهَادَتُنَا by Allah بِاللَّهِ and they two swear
 truer مِنْ than شَهَادَتِهِمَا testimony of the (other) two وَمَا
 (have) not اعْتَدَيْنَا we transgressed إِذَا we indeed we لَئِنْ then
 (will be) among الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٠٦﴾ the wrong-doers ذَلِكَ (is) أَدَقُّ
 closer أَنْ يَأْتُوا بِالشَّهَادَةِ evidence عَلَى in وَجْهِهَا
 (true) form أَوْ or يَخَافُوا they fear أَنْ that تُرَدَّ will be refuted أَيْمَانٌ
 (their) oaths بَعْدَ after أَيْمَانِهِمْ their (others') oaths وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ so fear
 Allah وَاللَّهُ and listen وَاللَّهُ and Allah لَا (does) not يَهْدِي guide
 الْقَوْمَ الْفَاسِقِينَ ﴿١٠٧﴾ people transgressors

107. If then it gets known that these two had been guilty of sin, let two others stand forth in their places, nearest in kin from among those who claim a lawful right. Let them swear by Allâh (saying): "We affirm that our testimony is truer than that of both of them, and that we have not trespassed (the truth), for then indeed we should be of the wrong-doers." 108. That should make it closer (to the fact) that their testimony would be in its true shape (and thus accepted), or else they would fear that (other) oaths would be admitted after their oaths. And fear Allâh and listen (with obedience to Him). And Allâh guides not the people who are *Al-Fâsiqûn* (the rebellious and disobedient).

﴿يَوْمَ يَجْمَعُ اللَّهُ الرُّسُلَ فَيَقُولُ مَاذَا أُجِبْتُمْ قَالُوا لَا عِلْمَ لَنَا إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ عَلَّمَهُ الْغُيُوبُ﴾ ١٠٧ إِذْ قَالَ اللَّهُ يٰعِيسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ اذْكُرْ نِعْمَتِي عَلَيْكَ وَعَلَىٰ وَالِدَتِكَ إِذْ أَيَّدْتُكَ بِرُوحِ الْقُدُسِ تُكَلِّمُ النَّاسَ فِي الْمَهْدِ وَكَهْلًا وَإِذْ عَلَّمْتُكَ الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَالتَّوْرَةَ وَالْإِنْجِيلَ وَإِذْ تَخْلُقُ مِنَ الطِّينِ كَهَيْئَةِ الطَّيْرِ بِإِذْنِي فَتَنفُخُ فِيهَا فَتَكُونُ طَيْرًا بِإِذْنِي وَتَتَرَىٰ الْأَكْمَةَ وَالْأَبْرَصَ بِإِذْنِي وَإِذْ تُخْرِجُ الْمَوْتَىٰ بِإِذْنِي وَإِذْ كَفَفْتُ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ عَنْكَ إِذْ جِئْتَهُم بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ فَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْهُمْ إِنْ هَٰذَا إِلَّا سِحْرٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿١٠٨﴾

﴿يَوْمَ يَجْمَعُ﴾ on the Day (when) Allah will gather the messengers ﴿الرُّسُلَ﴾ Allah will gather the messengers ﴿فَيَقُولُ﴾ and will say ﴿مَاذَا أُجِبْتُمْ﴾ what answer you were given ﴿قَالُوا لَا عِلْمَ لَنَا﴾ they said no knowledge we have ﴿إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ عَلَّمَهُ الْغُيُوبُ﴾ (are) All-Knower only You verily You (of) Allah said ﴿يٰعِيسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ اذْكُرْ نِعْمَتِي عَلَيْكَ وَعَلَىٰ وَالِدَتِكَ﴾ (remember) when hidden things O Jesus son of Mary (of) My favour upon you and upon your mother ﴿إِذْ أَيَّدْتُكَ بِرُوحِ الْقُدُسِ﴾ I strengthened you with spirit (of) the Holy Spirit ﴿تُكَلِّمُ النَّاسَ فِي الْمَهْدِ وَكَهْلًا﴾ you speak to the people (to) in the cradle and when (in) maturity ﴿وَإِذْ عَلَّمْتُكَ الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَالتَّوْرَةَ وَالْإِنْجِيلَ﴾ I taught you the Book the Wisdom and the Torah and the Gospel ﴿وَإِذْ تَخْلُقُ مِنَ الطِّينِ كَهَيْئَةِ الطَّيْرِ بِإِذْنِي فَتَنفُخُ فِيهَا فَتَكُونُ طَيْرًا﴾ and when you make from clay like the figure of a bird (of) by My Leave and you breathe into it and it becomes a bird ﴿وَتَتَرَىٰ الْأَكْمَةَ وَالْأَبْرَصَ بِإِذْنِي﴾ and the born blind and the lepers by My Leave ﴿وَإِذْ تُخْرِجُ الْمَوْتَىٰ بِإِذْنِي﴾ and when you raise the dead by My Leave

وَإِذْ كَفَفْتُ and when (of) Children إِسْرَءِيلَ I restrained بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ when إِذْ you came to them بِأَلْبَیْنَتِکَ Israel عَنْکَ those who الْذِیْنَ disbelieved كَفَرُوا and said فَقَالَ with clear proofs among them إِنَّ (is) not هَذَا this إِلَّا but سِحْرٌ magic clear ﴿١٠٩﴾

109. On the Day when Allâh will gather the Messengers together and say to them: "What was the response you received (from men to your teaching)?" They will say: "We have no knowledge, verily, only You are the All-Knower of all that is hidden (or unseen)." 110. (Remember) when Allâh will say (on the Day of Resurrection). "O 'Isâ, son of Maryam! Remember My Favour to you and to your mother when I supported you with *Rûh-ul-Qudus* so that you spoke to the people in the cradle and in maturity; and when I taught you writing, *Al-Hikmah* (the power of understanding), the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel); and when you made out of the clay, a figure like that of a bird, by My Permission, and you breathed into it, and it became a bird by My Permission, and you healed those born blind, and the lepers by My Permission, and when you brought forth the dead by My Permission; and when I restrained the Children of Israel from you (when they resolved to kill you) as you came unto them with clear proofs, and the disbelievers among them said: 'This is nothing but evident magic.'"

وَإِذْ أَوْحَيْتُ إِلَى الْخَوَارِجِ أَنْ آمِنُوا بِي وَبِرَسُولِي قَالُوا آمَنَّا وَاشْهَدْ بِأَنَّا مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿١١٠﴾ إِذْ قَالَ الْخَوَارِجُ يَٰعِيسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ هَلْ يَسْتَطِيعُ رَبُّكَ أَنْ يُنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا مَائِدَةً مِنَ السَّمَاءِ قَالُوا أَنفَقُوا اللَّهُ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١١١﴾ قَالُوا نُرِيدُ أَنْ نَأْكُلَ مِنْهَا وَنَطْمِئِنَّ قُلُوبُنَا وَنَعْلَمَ أَنْ قَدْ صَدَّقْتَنَا وَتَكُونُ عَلَيْهِمَا مِنَ الشَّاهِدِينَ ﴿١١٢﴾

وَإِذْ أَوْحَيْتُ I revealed إِلَى the disciples الْخَوَارِجِ to they آمِنُوا and My Messenger وَبِرَسُولِي in Me believe قَالُوا to that we are آمَنَّا and bear witness وَاشْهَدْ we believed بِأَنَّا Muslims ﴿١١٠﴾ said the disciples الْخَوَارِجُ قَالِ when إِذْ Muslims ﴿١١٠﴾ has يَٰعِيسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ (of) Mary هَلْ يَسْتَطِيعُ does رَبُّكَ your Lord أَنْ يُنْزِلَ to us مَائِدَةً send down عَلَيْنَا to us مَائِدَةً the heaven السَّمَاءِ he said قَالِ the heaven السَّمَاءِ from تَبْلُغُ table spread اللَّهُ fear أَنفَقُوا he said قَالِ the heaven السَّمَاءِ from تَبْلُغُ table spread اللَّهُ if كُنْتُمْ you are مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١١١﴾ they said قَالُوا believers ﴿١١١﴾ and be satisfied وَنَطْمِئِنَّ of it وَنَعْلَمَ we eat نَأْكُلُ that أَنْ we wish

قُلُوبُنَا our hearts وَتَعْلَمُ and we know أَنَّ that قَدْ indeed صَدَقْتَنَا
 وَتَكُونُ you have told us the truth and we be عَلَيْهَا on that
 الشَّاهِدِينَ ۞ witnesses

111. And when I (Allâh) inspired *Al-Hawâriyyûn* (the disciples) to believe in Me and My Messenger, they said: "We believe. And bear witness that we are Muslims." 112. (Remember) when *Al-Hawâriyyûn* (the disciples) said: "O 'Isâ, son of Maryam! Can your Lord send down to us a table spread (with food) from heaven?" 'Isâ said: "Fear Allâh, if you are indeed believers." 113. They said: "We wish to eat thereof and to satisfy our hearts (to be stronger in Faith), and to know that you have indeed told us the truth and that we ourselves be its witnesses."

قَالَ عِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ اللَّهُمَّ رَبَّنَا أَنْزِلْ عَلَيْنَا مَائِدَةً مِنَ السَّمَاءِ تَكُونُ لَنَا عِيدًا لِأَوَّلِنَا وَآخِرِنَا وَآيَةً مِنْكَ وَارْزُقْنَا
 وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الرَّازِقِينَ ۞ قَالَ اللَّهُ إِنِّي مُنَزِّلُهَا عَلَيْكُمْ فَمَنْ يَكْفُرْ بَعْدَ مِنْكُمْ فَإِنِّي أُعَذِّبُهُ عَذَابًا لَا أُعَذِّبُهُ أَحَدًا مِنَ
 الْعَالَمِينَ ۞

قَالَ عِيسَى said عِيسَى Jesus ابْنُ Mary مَرْيَمَ (of) اللَّهُمَّ O Allah رَبَّنَا
 from اُنْزِلْ our Lord عَلَيْنَا upon us مَائِدَةً a table مِنَ a
 السَّمَاءِ the heaven تَكُونُ which will be لَنَا for us عِيدًا a festival
 لِأَوَّلِنَا and last of us وَآخِرِنَا and a sign وَمَائَةٍ and a sign مِنْكَ
 وَارْزُقْنَا from You and provide us sustenance وَأَنْتَ and you خَيْرُ
 (are) Best الرَّازِقِينَ ۞ (of) sustainers قَالَ (of) اللَّهُ said إِنِّي Allah
 I (will) مُنَزِّلُهَا send it down عَلَيْكُمْ to you فَمَنْ but whoever يَكْفُرْ
 then I (will) فَإِنِّي among you مِنْكُمْ after (that) بَعْدُ disbelieves
 أُعَذِّبُهُ not لَا (with) a torment عَذَابًا punish him I shall أُعَذِّبُهُ
 the worlds الْعَالَمِينَ ۞ of anyone مِنَ punish أَحَدًا

114. 'Isâ, son of Maryam, said: "O Allâh, our Lord! Send us from the heaven a table spread (with food) that there may be for us — for the first and the last of us — a festival and a sign from You; and provide us with sustenance, for You are the Best of sustainers." 115. Allâh said: "I am going to send it down unto you, but if any of you after that disbelieves, then I will punish him with a torment such as I have not inflicted on anyone among (all) the 'Ālamîn (mankind and jinn)."

وَإِذْ قَالَ اللَّهُ يَٰعِيسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ ۖ أَأَنْتَ قُلْتَ لِلنَّاسِ اتَّخِذُونِي وَأُمِّيَ إِلَهَيْنِ مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ ۖ قَالَ سُبْحَنَكَ مَا يَكُونُ لِي أَنْ أَقُولَ مَا لَيْسَ لِي بِحَقٍّ ۚ إِنْ كُنْتُ قُلْتُهُ فَقَدْ عَلِمْتُمْ تَعْلَمُ مَا فِي نَفْسِي وَلَا أَعْلَمُ مَا فِي نَفْسِكَ ۚ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ عَلَّامُ الْغُيُوبِ ﴿١١٦﴾

وَإِذْ O Jesus Allah said قَالَ and (remember) when (of) Mary son (of) Mary son besides (as) two gods and my mother take me it Glory be to you he will say قَالَ Allah I had not what I say that for me was I had if any right in what (is) You know You would have known it in what (is) I know and (do) not my soul my soul Your Soul Your Soul indeed You are You are the hidden things Knower

116. And (remember) when Allâh will say (on the Day of Resurrection): "O 'Îsâ (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary)! Did you say unto men: 'Worship me and my mother as two gods besides Allâh?' " He will say: "Glory be to You! It was not for me to say what I had no right (to say). Had I said such a thing, You would surely have known it. You know what is in my inner-self though I do not know what is in Yours; truly, You, only You, are the All-Knower of all that is hidden.

مَا قُلْتُ لَهُمْ إِلَّا مَا أَمَرْتَنِي بِهِ أَنِ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ رَبِّي وَرَبَّكُمْ ۖ وَكُنْتُ عَلَيْهِمْ شَهِيدًا مَّا دُمْتُ فِيهِمْ ۖ فَلَمَّا تَوَفَّيْتَنِي كُنْتُ أَنتَ الرَّقِيبَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَأَنْتَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدٌ ﴿١١٧﴾ ۚ إِنَّ تَعَذِّبُهُمْ فَلَهُمْ عَذَابُهُمْ ۖ وَإِنْ تَغْفِرَ لَهُمْ فَبِأَنِّكَ أَنْتَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ ﴿١١٨﴾

مَا (did) not I say قُلْتُ I say to them إِلَّا except مَا what أَمَرْتَنِي You commanded me [of it] أَنِ that اعْبُدُوا you worship Allah my Lord رَبِّي my Lord رَبَّكُمْ and your Lord وَكُنْتُ and I was عَلَيْهِمْ among them شَهِيدًا till I remained مَّا دُمْتُ a witness تَوَفَّيْتَنِي but when أَنْتَ You were كُنْتُ You recalled me الرَّقِيبَ Yourself the Watcher عَلَيْهِمْ over them وَأَنْتَ and You عَلَى every شَيْءٍ thing شَهِيدٌ if (are) a Witness تَعَذِّبُهُمْ Your slaves عِبَادُكَ verily they (are) فَلَهُمْ You punish them

[You] and if تَغْفِرُ You forgive لَهُمْ them فَإِنَّكَ verily You أَنْتَ [You] the All-Wise الْكَامِلُ (are) the All-Mighty الْقَهَّارُ (indeed)

117. "Never did I say to them aught except what You (Allâh) did command me to say: 'Worship Allâh, my Lord and your Lord.' And I was a witness over them while I dwelt amongst them, but when You took me up, You were the Watcher over them; and You are a Witness to all things. (This is a great admonition and warning to the Christians of the whole world). 118. "If You punish them, they are Your slaves, and if You forgive them, verily, You, only You, are the All-Mighty, the All-Wise."

قَالَ اللَّهُ هَذَا يَوْمَ يَنْفَعُ الصَّادِقِينَ صِدْقُهُمْ لَهُمْ جَنَّاتٌ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمْ وَرَضُوا عَنْهُ ذَلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ ﴿١١٨﴾ لِلَّهِ مُلْكُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا فِيهِنَّ وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿١١٩﴾

قَالَ اللَّهُ said Allah هَذَا this يَوْمَ Day يَنْفَعُ shall profit the الصَّادِقِينَ truthful truthfulness صِدْقُهُمْ لَهُمْ (are) جَنَّاتٌ Gardens تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا the rivers الْأَنْهَارُ under them خَالِدِينَ they will abide فِيهَا in it أَبَدًا forever رَضِيَ Allah is pleased عَنْهُمْ Allah with Him رَضُوا and they are pleased عَنْهُ with Him ذَلِكَ that (is) الْفَوْزُ the Great الْعَظِيمُ success لِلَّهِ (is) for Allah مُلْكُ dominion السَّمَاوَاتِ (of) the heavens وَالْأَرْضِ and what (is) وَمَا فِيهِنَّ in them وَهُوَ and He عَلَى over كُلِّ every شَيْءٍ thing قَدِيرٌ has power

119. Allâh will say: "This is a Day on which the truthful will profit from their truth: theirs are Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise) — they shall abide therein forever. Allâh is pleased with them and they with Him. That is the great success (Paradise). 120. To Allâh belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth and all that is therein, and He is Able to do all things.

سُورَةُ الْاِنْجَمِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ وَجَعَلَ الظُّلُمَاتِ وَالنُّورَ ثُمَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِرَبِّهِمْ يَعْدِلُونَ ﴿١﴾ هُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ مِنْ طِينٍ ثُمَّ قَضَىٰ أَجَلًا وَأَجَلٌ مُّسَمًّى عِنْدَهُ ثُمَّ أَنْتُمْ تَمَعُّونَ ﴿٢﴾ وَهُوَ اللَّهُ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَفِي الْأَرْضِ يَعْلَمُ سِرَّكُمْ وَجَهْرَكُمْ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تَكْسِبُونَ ﴿٣﴾ وَمَا تَأْتِيهِمْ مِنْ آيَةٍ مِنْ آيَاتِ رَبِّهِمْ إِلَّا كَانُوا عَنْهَا مُعْرِضِينَ ﴿٤﴾

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ the praise (is) for Allah the الَّذِي Who created the السَّمَوَاتِ the heavens and the الْأَرْضَ the earth and وَجَعَلَ and made the الظُّلُمَاتِ the darknesses and the النُّورَ the light yet الَّذِينَ yet those who كَفَرُوا disbelieved in their Lord يَعْدِلُونَ (others) as they hold equal هُوَ He (it is) the الَّذِي Who created you خَلَقَكُمْ from طِينٍ clay ثُمَّ then قَضَىٰ decreed أَجَلًا a term وَأَجَلٌ مُّسَمًّى and a term تَمَعُّونَ you yet أَنْتُمْ with Him determined عِنْدَهُ and He (is) اللَّهُ Allah فِي in the السَّمَوَاتِ the heavens وَفِي in the الْأَرْضِ the earth and your open وَجَهْرَكُمْ your secret سِرَّكُمْ He knows يَعْلَمُ the earth and He knows وَيَعْلَمُ (deeds) مَا and He knows تَكْسِبُونَ what you earn وَمَا you earn never تَأْتِيهِمْ from a sign مِنْ آيَةٍ comes to them مِنْ a sign from آيَاتِ Signs (of) their Lord رَبِّهِمْ but كَانُوا they are عَنْهَا from it مُعْرِضِينَ turning away

Sûrat 6. Al-An'âm

(The Cattle)

In the Name of Allâh

the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful

1. All praises and thanks be to Allâh, Who (Alone) created the heavens and the earth, and originated the darkness and the light; yet those who disbelieve hold others as equal with their Lord. 2. He it is Who has created you from clay, and then has decreed a (stated) term (for you to die). And there is with Him another determined term (for you to be resurrected), yet you doubt (in the Resurrection). 3. And He is Allâh (to be worshipped Alone) in the heavens and on the earth; He knows what you conceal and what you reveal, and He knows what you earn (good or bad). 4. And never an *Ayah* (sign) comes to them from the *Ayât* of their Lord, but that they have been turning away from it.

فَقَدْ كَذَّبُوا بِالْحَقِّ لَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ فَسَوْفَ يَأْتِيهِمْ أَنْبَاءُ مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِئُونَ ﴿٦﴾ أَلَمْ يَرَوْا كَمْ أَهْلَكْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ مِنْ قَرْنٍ مَكَّنَّاهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مَا لَمْ نُمَكِّنْ لَكُمْ وَأَرْسَلْنَا السَّمَاءَ عَلَيْهِمْ مِدْرَارًا وَجَعَلْنَا الْأَنْهَارَ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهِمْ فَأَهْلَكْنَاهُمْ بِذُنُوبِهِمْ وَأَنْشَأْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ قَرْنًا آخَرِينَ ﴿٧﴾

فَقَدْ كَذَّبُوا indeed كَذَّبُوا they rejected بِالْحَقِّ the truth لَمَّا when it جَاءَهُمْ came to them news أَنْبَاءُ will come to them يَأْتِيهِمْ but soon فَسَوْفَ came to them مَا (of) that كَانُوا they used to بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِئُونَ at it mock at أَلَمْ We destroyed أَهْلَكْنَا how many كَمْ they see يَرَوْا did not We had established them مَكَّنَّاهُمْ a generation مِنْ قَرْنٍ before them We have not نُمَكِّنْ such as مَا the earth in فِي الْأَرْضِ on rain السَّمَاءَ and We sent وَأَرْسَلْنَا (for) you لَكُمْ established on عَلَيْهِم the rivers وَجَعَلْنَا abundantly مِدْرَارًا them تَجْرِي flow مِنْ تَحْتِهِمْ under them فَأَهْلَكْنَاهُمْ then We destroyed them بِذُنُوبِهِمْ for their sins وَأَنْشَأْنَا and We raised (created) مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ after them قَرْنًا other generations آخَرِينَ ﴿٧﴾

5. Indeed, they rejected the truth (the Qur'an and Muhammad ﷺ) when it came to them, but there will come to them the news of that (the torment) which they used to mock at. 6. Have they not seen how many a generation before them We have destroyed whom We had established on the earth such as We have not established you? And We poured out on them rain from the sky in abundance, and made the rivers flow under them. Yet, We destroyed them for their sins, and We created after them other generations.

وَلَوْ نَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْكَ كِتَابًا فِي قِرْطَاسٍ فَلَمَسُوهُ بِأَيْدِيهِمْ لَقَالُوا أَلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِنَّ هَذَا إِلَّا سِحْرٌ مُبِينٌ ﴿٧﴾ وَقَالُوا لَوْلَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا مَلَكٌ ﴿٨﴾ وَلَوْ أَرْسَلْنَا مَلَكَ لَقُضِيَ الْآمْرُ ثُمَّ لَا يُنْظَرُونَ ﴿٩﴾ وَلَوْ جَعَلْنَاهُ مَلَكًا لَجَعَلْنَاهُ رَجُلًا وَلَلَبَسْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ مَا يَلْبِسُونَ ﴿١٠﴾ وَلَقَدْ أَسْنَهَيْتُ رَسُولًا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ فَحَاقَ بِالْذِّكْرِ سَخِرُوا مِنْهُمْ مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِئُونَ ﴿١١﴾

وَلَوْ and had نَزَّلْنَا We sent down عَلَيْكَ to you كِتَابًا a Book (written) فِي on قِرْطَاسٍ paper فَلَمَسُوهُ and they would have touched بِأَيْدِيهِمْ it لَقَالُوا with their hands أَلَّذِينَ would have said كَفَرُوا disbelieved إِنَّ (is) not هَذَا this إِلَّا but سِحْرٌ magic مُبِينٌ ﴿٧﴾ sent لَوْلَا why has not been أُنْزِلَ why manifest

We sent down **أَنزَلْنَا** and had **وَلَوْ** an angel **مَلَكٌ** to him **عَلَيْهِ** down
مَلَكًا an angel **لَقُضِيَ** the matter **الْأَمْرُ** would have been decided **ثُمَّ**
لَا (and) then **يَنْظُرُونَ** respite would be granted to them **وَلَوْ**
We **جَعَلْنَاهُ** an angel **مَلَكًا** We appointed him **وَلَلْبَشَا** and had
and We would have **رَجُلًا** a man **عَلَيْهِمْ** would have made him
(in) what **مَا** to them **وَلَقَدْ** certainly caused confusion
يَلْبِسُونَ and indeed **وَلَقَدْ** they are (already) confused **أَسْتَهْزِئُ**
but **مُرْسَلٍ** Messengers **مِنْ قَبْلِكَ** were mocked
بِالَّذِينَ surrounded **سَخِرُوا** those who **مِنْهُمْ** scoffed
at them **كَانُوا** what **يَسْتَهْزِئُونَ** at it **بِهِمْ** they were

7. And even if We had sent down unto you (O Muhammad **صلى الله عليه وسلم**) a Message written on paper so that they could touch it with their hands, the disbelievers would have said: "This is nothing but obvious magic!" 8. And they say: "Why has not an angel been sent down to him?" Had We sent down an angel, the matter would have been judged at once, and no respite would be granted to them. 9. And had We appointed him an angel, We indeed would have made him a man, and We would have certainly confused them in which they are already confused. 10. And indeed (many) Messengers before you were mocked at, but their scoffers were surrounded by the very thing that they used to mock at.

قُلْ سِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ ثُمَّ أَنْظِرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ **قُلْ لِمَنْ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ قُلْ لِلَّهِ كُتِبَ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ الرَّحْمَةُ لِيَجْمَعَ كُمْ إِلَى يَوْمِ الْفَيْتَةِ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ الَّذِينَ خَسِرُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ فَهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ** **وَلَهُمْ مَأْسَكَنٌ فِي اللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ**

قُلْ say **سِيرُوا** travel **فِي** in **الْأَرْضِ** the land **ثُمَّ** and **أَنْظِرُوا** see
كَيْفَ what **كَانَ** was **عَاقِبَةُ** end **الْمُكَذِّبِينَ** (of) the rejecters
قُلْ say **لِمَنْ** to whom belongs **مَا** what **فِي** (is) in **السَّمَوَاتِ** the
He has **كُتِبَ** to Allah **قُلْ** and the earth **وَالْأَرْضِ** heavens
He **لِيَجْمَعَ كُمْ** the Mercy **الرَّحْمَةُ** Himself **عَلَى** for **نَفْسِهِ**
(of) Resurrection **يَوْمِ** Day **إِلَى** will gather you together
لَا (there is) no **رَيْبَ** doubt **فِيهِ** in it **الَّذِينَ** those who **خَسِرُوا**
not **لَا** they **فَهُمْ** themselves **أَنْفُسَهُمْ** have ruined (destroyed)

يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٦﴾ will believe ﴿١٦﴾ and to Him belongs مَا and He هُوَ and the day وَالنَّهَارِ the night اللَّيْلِ existed فِي in All-Knowing الْعَلِيمُ ﴿١٧﴾ (is) All-Hearing السَّمِيعُ ﴿١٧﴾

وَأِنْ يَمَسَّكَ اللَّهُ بِضُرٍّ فَلَا كَاشِفَ لَهُ إِلَّا هُوَ وَإِنْ يَمَسَّكَ بِخَيْرٍ فَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٧﴾ وَهُوَ الْقَاهِرُ فَوْقَ عِبَادِهِ وَهُوَ الْحَكِيمُ الْخَبِيرُ ﴿١٨﴾ قُلْ أَيْ شَيْءٍ أَكْبَرُ شَهَادَةً قُلْ اللَّهُ شَهِيدُ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ وَأُوحِيَ إِلَيَّ هَذَا الْقُرْآنُ أَنْ لَا تُذِرَكُمْ بِهِ وَمَنْ بَلَغَ أَهَيْكُمْ لِتَنْشُدُونَ أَتَىٰ مَعَ اللَّهِ إِلَهَةً أُخْرَىٰ قُلْ لَا أَشْهَدُ قُلْ إِنَّمَا هُوَ اللَّهُ وَحْدٌ وَإِنِّي بَرِيءٌ مِّمَّا تُشْرِكُونَ ﴿١٩﴾

وَأِنْ يَمَسَّكَ Allah touches you and if بِضُرٍّ with affliction فَلَا then none كَاشِفَ it can relieve لَهُ but إِلَّا He وَوَ يَمَسَّكَ He touches you بِخَيْرٍ with good فَهُوَ then He عَلَى over كُلِّ every شَيْءٍ thing قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٧﴾ (is) All-Powerful وَهُوَ (is) الْقَاهِرُ and He (is) Omnipotent فَوْقَ over عِبَادِهِ His slaves وَهُوَ and He الْحَكِيمُ (is) All-Wise الْخَبِيرُ ﴿١٨﴾ قُلْ أَيْ شَيْءٍ what أَكْبَرُ thing (is) a Witness شَهِيدٌ Allah say قُلْ in evidence شَهَادَةً greatest and has been بَيْنِي between me وَبَيْنَكُمْ between you وَأُوحِيَ that I may warn لَأُذِرَكُمْ this Qur'an revealed إِلَيَّ to me هَذَا the الْقُرْآنُ do أَبَيْكُمْ it may reach بَلَغَ and whomsoever وَمَنْ with it وَمَنْ you يَمَسُّكُمُ you verily لِتَنْشُدُونَ that bear witness أَتَىٰ Mَعَ with اللَّهُ Allah إِلَهَةً (there are) gods أُخْرَىٰ (do) not قُلْ say لَا أَشْهَدُ I bear (such) a witness قُلْ (is) only هُوَ He (is) وَحْدٌ God and indeed I am وَإِنِّي بَرِيءٌ of what exonerated (innocent) مِمَّا تُشْرِكُونَ ﴿١٩﴾ you associate (with Him)

17. And if Allâh touches you with harm, none can remove it but He, and if He touches you with good, then He is Able to do all things. 18. And He is the Irresistible (Supreme), above His slaves, and He is the All-Wise, Well-Acquainted with all things. 19. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم): "What thing is the most great in witness?" Say: "Allâh (the Most Great!) is Witness between me and you; this Qur'ân has been revealed to me that I may therewith warn you and whomsoever it may reach. Can you verily, bear witness that besides Allâh there are other *alihâ* (gods)?" Say: "I bear no (such) witness!" Say: "But in truth He (Allâh) is the only one *Ilâh* (God). And truly, I am innocent of what you join in worship with Him."

الَّذِينَ اتَّيْنَتْهُمْ الْكِتَابَ يَعْرِفُونَهُمْ كَمَا يَعْرِفُونَ أَبْنَاءَهُمْ الَّذِينَ خَسِرُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ فَهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾ وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ افْتَرَىٰ عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا أَوْ كَذَّبَ بِآيَاتِهِ إِنَّهُ لَا يُفْلِحُ الظَّالِمُونَ ﴿٢١﴾ وَيَوْمَ نَحْشُرُهُمْ جَمِيعًا ثُمَّ نَقُولُ لِلَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا إِنَّا سُرَكَاؤُكُمْ الَّذِينَ كُنْتُمْ تَزْعُمُونَ ﴿٢٢﴾

the الَّذِينَ We have given them مَا آتَيْنَاهُمْ those whom الَّذِينَ they recognize يَمُرُّونَهُمْ as كَمَا recognize him يَمُرُّونَهُمْ Scripture أَنبَاءَهُمْ their sons الَّذِينَ (but) those who خَسِرُوا who lost أَنفُسَهُمْ they will believe لَا يَزِيدُونَهُمْ not لَا they فَهُمْ their own selves أَظْلَمُ and who أَظْلَمُ (is) greater wrong-doer مِمَّنْ than he who أَفْضَرُ invented عَلَى against اللَّهُ Allāh كَذِبًا a lie أَوْ or كَذَّبَ rejected will attain success لَا يَنْصُرُهُمْ not يَنْصُرُهُمْ indeed إِنَّهُ His Signs الظَّالِمُونَ ١١ the wrong-doers وَرَبِّهِمْ and on Day (when) وَرَبِّهِمْ the wrong-doers الظَّالِمُونَ ١٢ We will say and (then) ثُمَّ all جَمِيعًا shall gather them together الَّذِينَ say أَشْرَكُوا to those who associated others with Allah أَشْرَكُوا to whom كُنْتُمْ where you used كُنْتُمْ to whom الَّذِينَ (are) your associates where تَزْعُمُونَ ١٣ assert to تَزْعُمُونَ ١٣

20. Those to whom We have given the Scripture (Jews and Christians) recognize him, as they recognize their own sons. Those who have lost (destroyed) themselves will not believe. 21. And who does more aggression and wrong than he who invents a lie against Allāh or rejects His Ayāt? Verily, the Zālīmūn shall never be successful. 22. And on the Day when We shall gather them all together, then We shall say to those who joined partners (in worship with Us): "Where are your partners (false deities) whom you used to assert?"

ثُمَّ لَئِنْ كُنْتُمْ فِتْنَتُهُمْ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا وَاللَّهِ رَبَّنَا مَا كُنَّا مُشْرِكِينَ ١٣ أَفْطَرُ كَيْفَ كَذَبُوا عَلَىٰ أَنفُسِهِمْ وَصَلَّ عَنْهُمْ مَا كَانُوا يَفْتَرُونَ ١٤ وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ يَسْتَمِعُ إِلَيْكَ وَجَعَلْنَا عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمْ أَكِنَّةً أَنْ يَفْقَهُوهُ وَفِي آذَانِهِمْ وَقْرًا وَإِنْ يَرَوْا كَلًّا أَبَدُوا لَا يَقْنُتُوا لَهَا حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَاءَ أَمْرُكَ يُجَادِلُونَكَ يَقُولُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا أَسْطِيرُ الْأَوَّلِينَ ١٥

ثُمَّ لَئِنْ كُنْتُمْ فِتْنَتُهُمْ will be فَتْنَتُهُمْ not لَئِنْ then لَئِنْ their mischief إِلَّا but أَنْ not مَا our Lord رَبَّنَا by اللَّهُ they said (will say) قَالُوا that كُنَّا we were مُشْرِكِينَ ١٣ أَفْطَرُ look كَيْفَ how كَذَبُوا they وَصَلَّ themselves أَنفُسِهِمْ against have lied وَمِنْهُمْ ١٤ وَجَعَلْنَا عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمْ أَكِنَّةً أَنْ يَفْقَهُوهُ وَفِي آذَانِهِمْ وَقْرًا وَإِنْ يَرَوْا كَلًّا أَبَدُوا لَا يَقْنُتُوا لَهَا حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَاءَ أَمْرُكَ يُجَادِلُونَكَ يَقُولُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا أَسْطِيرُ الْأَوَّلِينَ ١٥

يَفْقَهُوهُ (is) their ears (is) وَفِي and in مَادَانِيهِمْ they could understand it
 كُلِّ they see بَرَوْنَا and if heaviness deafness
 إِذَا so much that حَقِّقَ in it يَتَّبِعُوا not sign
 يَقُولُ to argue with you يَجِدُونَكَ they come to you جَاءَكَ when
 الَّذِينَ those who كَفَرُوا disbelieve إِنَّ (is) not هَٰذَا (is) but أَسَاطِيرُ
 (of) the ancients الْأَوَّلِينَ tales

23. There will then be (left) no *Fitnah* (excuses or statements or arguments) for them but to say: "By Allâh, our Lord, we were not those who joined others in worship with Allâh." 24. Look! How they lie against themselves! But the (lie) which they invented will disappear from them. 25. And of them there are some who listen to you; but We have set veils on their hearts, so they understand it not, and deafness in their ears; and even if they see every one of the *Ayât* they will not believe therein; to the point that when they come to you to argue with you, the disbelievers say: "These are nothing but tales of the men of old."

وَهُمْ يَنْهَوْنَ عَنْهُ وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنْهُ وَإِنْ يُهْلِكُونَ إِلَّا أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿٢٣﴾ وَلَوْ تَرَىٰ إِذْ يَقُولُوا عَلَى النَّارِ فَعَالُوا يُتْلَيْنَا نَزْدُ وَلَا
 نَكْذِبُ بِآيَاتِنَا رَبَّنَا وَنَكُونُ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٢٤﴾ بَلْ بَدَاهُمْ مَّا كَانُوا يَخْشَوْنَ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَلَوْ رُدُّوا لَعَادُوا لِمَا نُهُوا عَنْهُ وَإِنَّهُمْ
 لَكَاذِبُونَ ﴿٢٥﴾

وَهُمْ and they يَنْهَوْنَ forbid (others) عَنْهُ from him وَيَنْهَوْنَ and they
 يَهْلِكُونَ and not وَإِنْ from him عَنْهُ they (themselves) keep away
 and do not وَمَا their ownelves but إِلَّا they destroy
 يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿٢٣﴾ they perceive وَلَوْ and if تَرَىٰ you could see إِذَا when يَقُولُوا would
 تَلَيْنَا they said فَقَالُوا the Fire النَّارِ by عَلَى they were held
 نَكْذِبُ we will deny بِآيَاتِنَا then not وَلَا were sent back نَزْدُ that we
 رَبَّنَا Signs of our Lord وَنَكُونُ among مِنَ and we would be الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٢٤﴾
 what to them مَا became manifest لَهُمْ but بَلْ the believers
 كَانُوا they used to يَخْشَوْنَ conceal مِنْ قَبْلُ before وَلَوْ and if رُدُّوا they
 لَعَادُوا were sent back لِمَا they would have reverted لِمَا to what نُهُوا
 and indeed they (are) وَإِنَّهُمْ therefrom عَنْهُ they were forbidden
 لَكَاذِبُونَ ﴿٢٥﴾ the liars

26. And they prevent others from him (from following Prophet Muhammad ﷺ) and they themselves keep away from him, and (by doing so) they destroy not but their ownelves, yet they perceive (it) not. 27. If you could but see when they will be held over the (Hell) Fire! They will say: "Would that we were but sent back (to the world)! Then we would not deny the Ayât of our Lord, and we would be of the believers!" 28. Nay, it has become manifest to them what they had been concealing before. But if they were returned (to the world), they would certainly revert to that which they were forbidden. And indeed they are liars.

وَقَالُوا إِن هِيَ إِلَّا حَيَاتُنَا الدُّنْيَا وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمَبْعُوثِينَ ﴿٢٦﴾ وَلَوْ تَرَىٰ إِذْ يَقُولُوا عَلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ ۖ قَالَ الْيَاسَ هَذَا بِالْحَقِّ قَالُوا بَلَىٰ وَرَبِّنَا قَالَ فَذُوقُوا الْعَذَابَ بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَكْفُرُونَ ﴿٢٧﴾ قَدْ خَسِرَ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِفُلْقَيْهِ اللَّهِ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَاءَتْهُمْ السَّاعَةُ بَغْتَةً قَالُوا يَحْسِرُنَا عَلَىٰ مَا فَرَطْنَا فِيهَا وَهُمْ يَحْمِلُونَ أَوْزَارَهُمْ عَلَىٰ ظُهُورِهِمْ ۖ أَلَا سَاءَ مَا يَزِيدُونَ ﴿٢٨﴾

وَقَالُوا إِن (is) not هِيَ (is) but حَيَاتُنَا our life الدُّنْيَا (of) the world وَمَا (of) the world and not نَحْنُ we بِمَبْعُوثِينَ ﴿٢٦﴾ (will be) they وَقَالَ and if تَرَىٰ you (could) see إِذْ when يَقُولُوا they were stood عَلَىٰ before رَبِّهِمْ their Lord قَالَ He said الْيَاسَ is not هَذَا this بِالْحَقِّ the truth قَالُوا they said بَلَىٰ yes وَرَبِّنَا by our Lord قَالَ He said فَذُوقُوا then taste الْعَذَابَ the torment بِمَا for what كُنتُمْ suffered loss خَسِرَ indeed قَدْ disbelieve تَكْفُرُونَ ﴿٢٧﴾ you used to الَّذِينَ those who كَذَّبُوا denied بِفُلْقَيْهِ Allah حَتَّىٰ meeting with ALLAH suddenly بَغْتَةً the Hour السَّاعَةُ came to them إِذَا until جَاءَتْهُمْ when قَالُوا they said يَحْسِرُنَا they said مَا over مَا what فَرَطْنَا we neglected فِيهَا (in) it وَهُمْ (in) it and they يَحْمِلُونَ will bear أَوْزَارَهُمْ their burdens عَلَىٰ on ظُهُورِهِمْ their backs أَلَا how سَاءَ evil is مَا they bear يَزِيدُونَ ﴿٢٨﴾

29. And they said: "There is no (other life) but our (present) life of this world, and never shall we be resurrected (on the Day of Resurrection)." 30. If you could but see when they will be held (brought and made to stand) in front of their Lord! He will say: "Is not this (Resurrection and the taking of the accounts) the truth?" They will say: "Yes, by our Lord!" He will then say: "So taste you the torment because you used not to believe." 31. They indeed are losers who denied their Meeting with Allâh, until all of a sudden, the Hour (signs of death) is on them, and they say: "Alas for us that we gave no thought to it," while they will bear their burdens on their backs; and evil indeed are the burdens that they will bear!

وَمَا الْحَيَوةُ الدُّنْيَا إِلَّا لَبِثٌ وَلَهُوَ وَلَدَارُ الْآخِرَةِ خَيْرٌ لِلَّذِينَ يَتَّقُونَ أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿٣٢﴾ قَدْ نَعْلَمُ إِنَّهُ لَيَحْزُنُكَ الَّذِي يَقُولُونَ فَإِنَّهُمْ لَا يَكْذِبُونَكَ وَلَكِنَّ الظَّالِمِينَ بِبَايِعَاتِ اللَّهِ يَجْحَدُونَ ﴿٣٣﴾ وَلَقَدْ كَذَّبَتْ رُسُلٌ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ فَصَبَرُوا عَلَى مَا كُذِّبُوا وَأَوْدُوا حَتَّىٰ أَنَّهُمْ نَصَرْنَا وَلَا مَبْدَلَ لِكَلِمَاتِ اللَّهِ وَلَقَدْ جَاءَكَ مِنْ نَبَأِ الْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿٣٤﴾

وَمَا (of) the world life and nothing (is) but لَبِثٌ (a play) وَلَهُوَ (and a pastime (amusement) وَلَدَارُ (and abode) الْآخِرَةِ (of) the Hereafter خَيْرٌ (is) better لِلَّذِينَ (for those who) يَتَّقُونَ (fear) أَفَلَا (Allah) will not then تَعْقِلُونَ (you understand) قَدْ (indeed) نَعْلَمُ (We know) إِنَّهُ (that it) لَيَحْزُنُكَ (grieves you) الَّذِي (what) يَقُولُونَ (say) فَإِنَّهُمْ (verily they) لَا (not) يَكْذِبُونَكَ (reject you) وَلَكِنَّ (but) الظَّالِمِينَ (deny) (of) Allah يَجْحَدُونَ (the wrong-doers) بِبَايِعَاتِ (in Verses) اللَّهِ (deny) وَلَقَدْ (and indeed) كَذَّبَتْ (were rejected) رُسُلٌ (Messengers) مِنْ (of) قَبْلِكَ (before you) فَصَبَرُوا عَلَى (endured with patience) مَا (but they) كُذِّبُوا (they were hurt) وَأَوْدُوا (they were rejected) حَتَّىٰ (till) أَنَّهُمْ (who) نَصَرْنَا (Our Help) وَلَا (and (there is) none) مَبْدَلَ (has) لِكَلِمَاتِ (Words (Decisions) of) Allah (of) وَلَقَدْ (surely) جَاءَكَ (and surely) (of) the Messengers news come to you

32. And the life of this world is nothing but play and amusement. But far better is the house in the Hereafter for those who are *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious). Will you not then understand? 33. We know indeed the grief which their words cause you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم): it is not you that they deny, but it is the Verses (the Qur'ân) of Allâh that the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers) deny. 34. Verily, (many) Messengers were denied before you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), but with patience they bore the denial, and they were hurt; till Our Help reached them, and none can alter the Words (Decisions) of Allâh. Surely, there has reached you the information (news) about the Messengers (before you).

وَإِنْ كَانَ كَبُرَ عَلَيْكَ إِعْرَاضُهُمْ فَإِنْ اسْتَطَعْتَ أَنْ تَبْتَغِيَ نَفَقًا فِي الْأَرْضِ أَوْ سُلَّمًا فِي السَّمَاءِ فَتَأْتِيَهُمْ بِآيَاتِنَا وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَجَمَعَهُمْ عَلَى الْهَدْيِ فَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْجَاهِلِينَ ﴿٣٥﴾ إِنَّمَا يَسْتَجِيبُ الَّذِينَ يَسْمَعُونَ وَالْمَوْتِ يَبْعَثُهُمُ اللَّهُ ثُمَّ إِلَيْهِ يُرْجَعُونَ ﴿٣٦﴾ وَقَالُوا لَوْلَا نَزَلَ عَلَيْهِ آيَةٌ مِنْ رَبِّهِ قُلْ إِنِّي اللَّهُ قَادِرٌ عَلَىٰ أَنْ يُنْزِلَ آيَةً وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٣٧﴾

their aversion **إِعْرَاضُهُمْ** on you **عَلَيْكَ** hard **كَبِيرٌ** is **كَانَ** and if **وَإِنْ** a tunnel **فَإِنْ** you seek **تَبْنِي** that **أَنْ** you can **أَسْتَظْلَمْتَ** then if **فَإِنْ** the sky **فِي** the **الْأَرْضِ** ground **أَوْ** a ladder **سُلَّمًا** or **فِي** to **السَّمَاءِ** the sky **فَتَأْتِيَهُمْ** and had **وَلَوْ** a sign **بَيِّنَةٍ** so that you bring them **فَتَأْتِيَهُمْ** on **عَلَى** He would have gathered them **لَجَمَعَهُمُ** Allah **اللَّهُ** willed **أَلْهَدَى** the guidance **فَلَا** so do not **تَكُونُوا** you be **مِنَ** from **الْجَاهِلِينَ** the ignorant **إِنَّمَا** only **يَسْتَجِيبُ** respond **الَّذِينَ** (those) who **يَسْمَعُونَ** listen **وَالْمَوْتَى** and the dead **يَعْبَهُمُ** Allah **اللَّهُ** will raise them **ثُمَّ** then **إِلَيْهِ** to Him **يَرْجَعُونَ** they will be returned **وَقَالُوا** and they said **لَوْلَا** why not **زُلْ** has been sent down **عَلَيْهِ** to him **مَايَّةٌ** a sign **مِنَ** from **رَبِّهِمْ** his Lord **قُلْ** say **إِنَّ** indeed **اللَّهُ** Allah **قَادِرٌ** has **عَلَيْهِمْ** power over **أَنْ** that **يُنَزِّلَ** He sends down **مَايَّةٌ** a sign **وَلَكِنْ** but **أَكْثَرُهُمْ** most of them **لَا** do not **يَعْلَمُونَ** know

35. If their aversion (from you, O Muhammad ﷺ and from that with which you have been sent) is hard on you, (and you cannot be patient of their harm to you), then if you were able to seek a tunnel in the earth or a ladder to the sky, so that you may bring them a sign (and you cannot do it, so be patient). And had Allâh willed, He could have gathered them together (all) on true guidance, so be not you one of those who are *Al-Jâhilûn* (the ignorant). 36. It is only those who listen (to the Message of Prophet Muhammad ﷺ) will respond (benefit from it), but as for the dead (disbelievers), Allâh will raise them up, then to Him they will be returned (for their recompense). 37. And they said: "Why is not a sign sent down to him from his Lord?" Say: "Allâh is certainly Able to send down a sign, but most of them know not."

وَمَا مِنْ دَابَّةٍ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا طَائِرٍ يَطِيرُ بِجَنَاحَيْهِ إِلَّا أُنْمِئَتْ أُمَّتًا لَكُمْ مَّا قَرَرْنَا فِي الْكِتَابِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ يُحْشَرُونَ ﴿٣٦﴾ وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا صُمُّ وَبُكْمٌ فِي الظُّلُمَاتِ مَنْ يَشَأِ اللَّهُ يُضِلَّهُ وَمَنْ يَشَأِ اللَّهُ يُجْعَلْهُ عَلَىٰ صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ ﴿٣٧﴾ قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ إِنْ أَنْتُمْ عَذَابَ اللَّهِ أَوْ أَنْتُمْ السَّاعَةُ غَيْرَ اللَّهِ تَدْعُونَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿٣٨﴾

وَمَا (there is) no **دَابَّةٍ** animal **فِي** on **الْأَرْضِ** the earth **وَلَا** and no **طَائِرٍ** bird **يَطِيرُ** that flies **بِجَنَاحَيْهِ** with its two wings **إِلَّا** but (are) **أُمَّمٌ** communities **أَنْتُمْ** like you **مَّا** (did) not **قَرَرْنَا** We to **إِلَىٰ** then **ثُمَّ** anything **مِنْ شَيْءٍ** the Book **الْكِتَابِ** in neglect

and those رَبِّهِمْ they shall be gathered مُحْشَرُونَ their Lord
 and كَذَّبُوا rejected يَايُنَا Our Signs صُرُّ (are) deaf وَبَكُمُ
 Allah wills يَشَاءُ whom مَنْ the darkness أَلْظَلَمْتُ in فِي dumb
 sets him يَضِلُّهُ He wills يَشَاءُ and whom وَمَنْ lets go astray
 what do you أَرَأَيْتُمْ say قُلْ Straight مُسْتَقِيمٍ Path صِرَاطِ
 (of) Allah أَتَنْتُمْ if أَنْتُمْ comes to you عَذَابُ torment اللَّهُ
 do other than أَغَيْرَ the (last) Hour السَّاعَةُ came to you or
 truthful صَادِقِينَ you are كُنْتُمْ if أَنْتُمْ you call تَدْعُونَ Allah

38. There is not a moving (living) creature on earth, nor a bird that flies with its two wings, but are communities like you. We have neglected nothing in the Book, then unto their Lord they (all) shall be gathered. 39. Those who reject Our *Ayât* are deaf and dumb in the darkness. Allâh sends astray whom He wills and He guides on the Straight Path whom He wills. 40. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم): "Tell me if Allâh's Torment comes upon you, or the Hour comes upon you, would you then call upon any one other than Allâh? (Reply) if you are truthful!"

بَلْ إِلَٰهَهُمْ دَعْوَهُمْ فَيَكْشِفُ مَا تَدْعُونَ إِلَيْهِ إِنْ شَاءَ وَتَنْسَوْنَ مَا تُشْرِكُونَ ﴿٣٨﴾ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَىٰ أُمَمٍ مِّن قَبْلِكَ فَأَخَذْنَاهُمْ
 بِالْبَاسِ وَالضَّرَّةِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَضُرَّعُونَ ﴿٣٩﴾ فَلَوْلَا إِذْ جَاءَهُمْ بَاسُنَا تَضَرَّعُوا وَلَكِنْ قَسَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ وَزَيَّنَ لَهُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ مَا
 كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٤٠﴾

بَلْ and He removes فَيَكْشِفُ you call تَدْعُونَ to Him إِلَٰهَهُ but
 upon Him إِلَيْهِ you had called تَدْعُونَ (the distress) for which
 مَا and you forget وَتَنْسَوْنَ He willed شَاءَ if
 We sent أَرْسَلْنَا and verily وَلَقَدْ you had associated (with Allah)
 and فَاخَذْنَاهُمْ before you مِنْ قَبْلِكَ nations أُمَمٍ to إِلَٰهٍ (Messengers)
 and hardship وَالضَّرَّةِ with misfortune بِالْبَاسِ We seized them
 why فَلَوْلَا (they) humble themselves يَضُرَّعُونَ so that they may
 Our disaster (torment) بَاسُنَا came to them جَاءَهُمْ when إِذْ not
 became hardened قَسَتْ but وَلَكِنْ they humbled themselves تَضَرَّعُوا
 to them لَهُمْ and made fair-seeming وَزَيَّنَ their hearts قُلُوبُهُمْ
 do الشَّيْطَانُ what كَانُوا they used to يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٤٠﴾

41. Nay! To Him Alone you would call, and, if He wills, He would remove that (distress) for which you call upon Him, and you would forget at that time whatever partners you joined (with Him in worship)! 42. Verily, We sent (Messengers) to many nations before you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم). And We seized them with extreme poverty (or loss in wealth) and loss in health (with calamities) so that they might humble themselves (believe with humility). 43. When Our Torment reached them, why then did they not humble themselves? But their hearts became hardened, and *Shaitân* (Satan) made fair-seeming to them that which they used to do.

فَلَمَّا نَسُوا مَا ذُكِّرُوا بِهِ فَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ أَبْوَابَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا فَرِحُوا بِمَا أُوتُوا أَخَذْنَاهُمْ بَغْتَةً فَإِذَا هُمْ مُبْلِسُونَ ﴿٤٢﴾ فَقَطَّعَ دَائِرَ الْقَوَمِ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا وَلَحْنَهُ لَكُمْ وَالْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٤٣﴾ قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ إِنْ أَخَذَ اللَّهُ سَمْعَكُمْ وَابْصَرَكُمْ وَخَتَمَ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِكُمْ مَنْ إِلَهٌ غَيْرُ اللَّهِ يَأْتِيكُمْ بِهِ أَنْظِرْ كَيْفَ نُصَرِّفُ الْآيَاتِ ثُمَّ هُمْ يَصْذَقُونَ ﴿٤٤﴾

فَلَمَّا نَسُوا مَا ذُكِّرُوا بِهِ what they forgot so when they had been reminded We opened therewith (of) every gates to them We seized them in what rejoice they had been granted until thing (of) every gates they were suddenly and then they were plunged in despair so was cut off last ramnant (of) the people who did wrong and all praise Lord (is) for Allah (of) the worlds say (of) the worlds what do you think? Allah took away if what do you think? Allah hearing and sealed and your sight and your hearts other than god who (is) (there) Allah who could restore to you these see how variously We present the signs yet/then they turn away

44. So, when they forgot (the warning) with which they had been reminded, We opened for them the gates of every (pleasant) thing, until in the midst of their enjoyment in that which they were given, all of a sudden, We took them (in punishment), and lo! They were plunged into destruction with deep regrets and sorrows. 45. So the root of the people who did wrong was cut off. And all the praises and thanks are to Allâh, the Lord of the 'Âlamîn. 46. Say (to the

disbelievers): "Tell me, if Allâh took away your hearing and your sight, and sealed up your hearts, who is there — an *ilâh* (a god) other than Allâh who could restore them to you?" See how variously We explain the *Ayât*, yet they turn aside.

قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ إِنْ أَنْتُمْ عَذَابُ اللَّهِ بَفْتَةً أَوْ جَهْرَةً هَلْ يُهْلِكُ إِلَّا الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمُونَ ﴿٤٧﴾ وَمَا نُرْسِلُ الْمُرْسَلِينَ إِلَّا مُبَشِّرِينَ وَمُنذِرِينَ فَمَنْ ءَامَنَ وَأَصْلَحَ فَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿٤٨﴾ وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا يَمَسُّهُمُ الْعَذَابُ بِمَا كَانُوا يَفْسُقُونَ ﴿٤٩﴾

قُلْ say أََرَأَيْتُمْ if أَنْتُمْ what do you think? عَذَابُ Allah عَذَابُ torment (of) بَفْتَةً or أَو suddenly جَهْرَةً openly هَلْ shall يُهْلِكُ it destroy إِلَّا except الْقَوْمَ people الظَّالِمُونَ ﴿٤٧﴾ the We send مُرْسَلِينَ and do not وَمَا the wrong-doers and مُبَشِّرِينَ bearers of glad tidings but لَا Messengers and مُنذِرِينَ bearers of glad tidings and mended (his life) وَأَصْلَحَ believed ءَامَنَ so who فَمَنْ warners they هُمْ nor وَلَا upon them عَلَيْهِمْ fear (shall be) خَوْفٌ then no هُمْ nor وَلَا upon them عَلَيْهِمْ fear (shall be) يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿٤٨﴾ shall grieve وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا rejected بِآيَاتِنَا for what يَمَسُّهُمُ Our Signs the torment الْعَذَابُ shall touch them بِمَا they used to يَفْسُقُونَ ﴿٤٩﴾ transgress

47. Say: "Tell me, if the punishment of Allâh comes to you suddenly (during the night), or openly (during the day), will any be destroyed except the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoing people)?" 48. And We send not the Messengers but as givers of glad tidings and as warners. So whosoever believes and does righteous good deeds, upon such shall come no fear, nor shall they grieve. 49. But those who reject Our *Ayât*, the torment will touch them for their disbelief (and for their belying the Message of Muhammad (ﷺ)).

قُلْ لَا أَقُولُ لَكُمْ عِنْدَ خَزَائِنِ اللَّهِ وَلَا أَعْلَمُ الْغَيْبَ وَلَا أَقُولُ لَكُمْ إِنِّي مَلَكٌ إِنَّا أَنْتَعِ إِلَّا مَا يُوْحَىٰ إِلَىٰ قُلْ هَلْ يَسْتَوِي الْأَعْمَىٰ وَالْبَصِيرُ أَفَلَا تَتَفَكَّرُونَ ﴿٥٠﴾ وَأَنْذِرْ بِهِ الَّذِينَ يَخَافُونَ أَنْ يُحْشَرُوا إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ لَيْسَ لَهُمْ مِنْ دُونِهِ وَاوِيٌّ وَلَا شَفِيعٌ لَهُمْ يَنْفَعُونَ ﴿٥١﴾

قُلْ say لَا do not أَقُولُ I say لَكُمْ to you عِنْدِي I have خَزَائِنُ the unseen الْغَيْبَ I know وَلَا (of) Allah أَعْلَمُ nor وَأَنْذِرْ

52. And turn not away those who invoke their Lord, morning and afternoon seeking His Face. You are accountable for them in nothing, and they are accountable for you in nothing, that you may turn them away, and thus become of the *Zâlimûn* (unjust). 53. Thus We have tried some of them with others, that they might say: "Is it these (poor believers) whom Allâh has favoured from amongst us?" Does not Allâh know best those who are grateful?

وَإِذَا جَاءَكَ الَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِآيَاتِنَا فَقُلْ سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكُمْ كَتَبَ رَبُّكُمْ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ الرَّحْمَةَ أَنْهُمْ مَنْ عَمِلَ مِنْكُمْ
سُوءًا بِجَهْلَةٍ ثُمَّ تَابَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ وَأَصْلَحَ فَأَنَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿٥٢﴾ وَكَذَلِكَ نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ الْآيَاتِ وَلِتَسْتَبِينَ سَبِيلُ
الْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿٥٣﴾ قُلْ إِنِّي نُهَيْتُ أَنْ أُعْبَدَ الَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ قُلْ لَا أَتَّبِعُ أَهْوَاءَكُمْ قَدْ ضَلَلْتُ إِذَا وَمَا أَنَا
مِنَ الْمُهْتَدِينَ ﴿٥٤﴾

وَإِذَا جَاءَكَ those who الَّذِينَ come to you and when believe يُؤْمِنُونَ those who
يَايُنَا in Our Signs قُلْ peace عَلَيْكُمْ be upon you كَتَبَ
Rabُّكُمْ your Lord رَبُّكُمْ has made incumbent
الرَّحْمَةَ the Mercy أَنْهُمْ so that عَمِلَ any one who مِنْ
سُوءًا of you بِجَهْلَةٍ in ignorance ثُمَّ then تَابَ repents مِنْ
بَعْدِهِ after that وَأَصْلَحَ and mends (his ways) فَأَنَّهُ then surely He
غَفُورٌ (is) All-Forgiving رَحِيمٌ Most Merciful ﴿٥٢﴾ وَكَذَلِكَ and thus
نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ the Signs الْآيَاتِ We explain in detail
سَبِيلُ becomes distinct (of) the sinners الْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿٥٣﴾ قُلْ إِنِّي I am
نُهَيْتُ forbidden أَنْ that أُعْبَدَ I worship الَّذِينَ those whom
تَدْعُونَ call upon مِنْ دُونِ (instead of) اللَّهِ Allah
قُلْ لَا أَتَّبِعُ I will follow أَهْوَاءَكُمْ your desires قَدْ ضَلَلْتُ I
وَمَا then إِذَا would go astray and أَنَا I be مِنْ
الْمُهْتَدِينَ ﴿٥٤﴾ the guided

54. When those who believe in Our *Ayât* come to you, say: "*Salâmun 'Alaikum*" (peace be on you); your Lord has written (prescribed) Mercy for Himself, so that if any of you does evil in ignorance, and thereafter repents and does righteous good deeds (by obeying Allâh), then surely, He is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful. 55. And thus do We explain the *Ayât* in detail, that the way of the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, polytheists, sinners) may become manifest. 56. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "I have been forbidden to worship those whom you invoke (worship)

besides Allâh." Say: "I will not follow your vain desires. If I did, I would go astray, and I would not be one of the rightly guided."

قُلْ إِنِّي عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّي وَكَذَّبْتُمْ بِهِ مَا عِندِي مَا تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ بِهِ إِنَّ الْحُكْمَ إِلَّا لِلَّهِ يَقْضُ الْحَقُّ وَهُوَ
خَيْرُ الْفَاصِلِينَ ﴿٥٧﴾ قُلْ لَوْ أَنِّي عِندِي مَا تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ بِهِ لَفُضِيَ الْأَمْرُ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ
بِالظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٥٨﴾

قُلْ إِنِّي say I am عَلَىٰ on بَيِّنَةٍ a clear proof from رَبِّي my Lord
وَكَذَّبْتُمْ do not مَا it بِهِ but you have rejected
تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ that مَا you are demanding hastily which بِهِ (is)
الْحُكْمَ the decision إِلَّا but لِلَّهِ for Allah يَقْضُ He declares
الْحَقُّ (of) the judges (is) خَيْرُ Best and He وَهُوَ the truth
قُلْ say لَوْ if أَنَّنَا surely عِندِي I had مَا what تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ you are
would have been decided لَفُضِيَ which بِهِ demanding hastily
الْأَمْرُ the matter بَيْنِي between me وَبَيْنَكُمْ between you وَاللَّهُ and
and Allah أَعْلَمُ and the wrong-doers بِالظَّالِمِينَ knows best

57. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "I am on clear proof from my Lord (Islâmic Monotheism), but you deny it (the truth that has come to me from Allâh). I have not gotten what you are asking for impatiently (the torment). The decision is only for Allâh, He declares the truth, and He is the Best of judges." 58. Say: "If I had that which you are asking for impatiently (the torment), the matter would have been settled at once between me and you, but Allâh knows best the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers)."

وَعِنْدَهُ مَفَاتِحُ الْغَيْبِ لَا يَعْلَمُهَا إِلَّا هُوَ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي الْبَرِّ وَالْبَحْرِ وَمَا تَسْقُطُ مِن وَرَقَةٍ إِلَّا يَعْلَمُهَا وَلَا
حَبَّةٌ فِي ظُلُمَاتٍ الْأَرْضِ وَلَا رَطْبٌ وَلَا يَابِسٌ إِلَّا فِي كِتَابٍ مُّبِينٍ ﴿٥٩﴾ وَهُوَ الَّذِي يَتَوَفَّاكُم بِأَلْوَانٍ يَخْتَارُ
وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿٦٠﴾ جَرَحْتُم بِالنَّهَارِ ثُمَّ يَبْعَثُكُمْ فِيهِ لِيُقْضَىٰ أَجَلٌ مُّسَمًّى ثُمَّ إِلَيْهِ مَرْجِعُكُمْ ثُمَّ يُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٦١﴾

وَعِنْدَهُ مَفَاتِحُ keys الْغَيْبِ the unseen لَا (of) none
يَعْلَمُهَا and He knows them إِلَّا but هُوَ He يَعْلَمُ what مَا
وَمَا and (does) not وَمَا and the sea وَالْبَحْرِ the earth (is) فِي in
تَسْقُطُ fall مِن وَرَقَةٍ a leaf إِلَّا but يَعْلَمُهَا He knows it وَلَا and not
حَبَّةٌ in a grain فِي in ظُلُمَاتٍ darkness الْأَرْضِ the earth وَلَا (of) nor

but (is written) **إِلَّا** dry **يَابِسَ** nor **وَلَا** wet (fresh) **رَطْبَ** (anything) Who **الَّذِي** and it is He **وَهُوَ** Clear **مُبِينٌ** a Book **كِتَابٍ** in **فِي** and He **وَعَلَّمَ** by night **بَالَيْلٍ** recalls you (your souls) **يَتَوَفَّنَكُمْ** then **ثُمَّ** by day **بَالنَّهَارِ** you did **جَرَحْتُمْ** what **مَا** knows the **أَجَلُ** so that is fulfilled **لِيُقْضَىٰ** in it **فِيهِ** He raises you again (will be) **مَرْجِعُكُمْ** unto Him **إِلَيْهِ** then **ثُمَّ** appointed **مُسَمًّى** term of what **بِمَا** He will inform you **بِمَنْتَقِمُكُمْ** then **ثُمَّ** your return do **تَعْمَلُونَ** you used to

59. And with Him are the keys of the *Ghaib* (all that is hidden), none knows them but He. And He knows whatever there is in the land and in the sea; not a leaf falls, but He knows it. There is not a grain in the darkness of the earth nor anything fresh or dry, but is written in a Clear Record. 60. It is He, Who takes your souls by night (when you are asleep), and has knowledge of all that you have done by day, then He raises (wakes) you up again that a term appointed (your life period) be fulfilled, then (in the end) unto Him will be your return. Then He will inform you of that which you used to do.

وَهُوَ الْقَاهِرُ فَوْقَ عِبَادِهِ وَيُرْسِلُ عَلَيْكُمْ حَفَظَةً حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَاءَ أَحَدَكُمْ الْمَوْتُ تَوَفَّتْهُ رُسُلُنَا وَهُمْ لَا يُفْرِطُونَ ﴿٥٩﴾ ثُمَّ رُدُّوْا إِلَىٰ آلِهِ مَوْلَاهُمْ الْحَقُّ ۚ لَا لَهُ الْحُكْمُ وَهُوَ أَسْرَعُ الْحَاسِبِينَ ﴿٦٠﴾ قُلْ مَنْ يُنْجِيكُمْ مِّنْ ظُلُمَاتِ الْبَرِّ وَالْبَحْرِ تَدْعُونَهُ تَضَرُّعًا وَخُفْيَةً لَّئِنْ أَنجَيْنَا مِنْ هَٰذِهِ لَنُكَوِّنَنَّ مِنَ الشَّاكِرِينَ ﴿٦١﴾

His slaves **عِبَادِهِ** above **فَوْقَ** (is) the Omnipotent **الْقَاهِرُ** and He **وَهُوَ** **وَيُرْسِلُ** **عَلَيْكُمْ** and He sends **حَفَظَةً** guardians (angels) **حَتَّىٰ** death **الْمَوْتُ** one of you **أَحَدَكُمْ** approaches **جَاءَ** when **إِذَا** until Our Messengers **رُسُلُنَا** cause him to die (take his soul) **تَوَفَّتْهُ** neglect (their duty) **يُفْرِطُونَ** (do) not **لَا** and they **وَهُمْ** (angels) their Lord **مَوْلَاهُمْ** Allah **إِلَىٰ** to **رُدُّوْا** then **ثُمَّ** the judgement **الْحُكْمُ** for Him (is) **لَهُ** is not **أَلَا** the Just **الْحَقُّ** say **قُلْ** (of) reckoners **الْحَاسِبِينَ** (is) the Swiftest **وَهُوَ** and He **أَسْرَعُ** **يُنْجِيكُمْ** who **مِنْ** saves you **مِنْ** **ظُلُمَاتِ** darkness **الْبَرِّ** (of) the land **وَالْبَحْرِ** and the sea **تَدْعُونَهُ** you call Him **تَضَرُّعًا** humbly **وَخُفْيَةً** and secretly **لَّئِنْ** if He **أَنجَيْنَا** from **هَٰذِهِ** this **لَنُكَوِّنَنَّ** among **الشَّاكِرِينَ** the thankful **مِنْ** we shall be

61. He is the Irresistible (Supreme), over His slaves, and He sends guardians (angels guarding and writing all of one's good and bad deeds) over you, until when death approaches one of you, Our messengers (angel of death and his assistants) take his soul, and they never neglect their duty. 62. Then they are returned to Allâh, their True *Maulâ*. Surely, for Him is the judgement and He is the Swiftest in taking account. 63. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "Who rescues you from the darkness of the land and the sea (dangers like storms), (when) you call upon Him in humility and in secret (saying): If He (Allâh) only saves us from this (danger), we shall truly, be grateful."

قُلِ اللَّهُ يُنَجِّيكُمْ مِنْهَا وَمِنْ كُلِّ كَرْبٍ ثُمَّ أَنْتُمْ تُشْرِكُونَ ﴿١١﴾ قُلْ هُوَ الْقَادِرُ عَلَى أَنْ يَبْعَثَ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابًا مِنْ فَوْقِكُمْ أَوْ مِنْ تَحْتِ أَرْجُلِكُمْ أَوْ يَلْبِسَكُمْ شِيْعًا وَيُذِيقَ بَعْضَكُمْ بَأْسَ بَعْضٍ أَنْظُرْ كَيْفَ نُصَرِّفُ الْآيَاتِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَفْقَهُوْنَ ﴿١٢﴾ وَكَذَّبَ بِهِ قَوْمُكَ وَهُوَ الْحَقُّ قُلْ لَنْسُتُ عَلَيْكُمْ بِوَكِيلٍ ﴿١٣﴾

قُلِ اللَّهُ Allah say قُلِ اللَّهُ *يُنَجِّيكُمْ* saves you *مِنْهَا* from this *وَمِنْ* from and from every *كُلِّ* distress *كَرْبٍ* yet *ثُمَّ* you *أَنْتُمْ* yet *تُشْرِكُونَ* associate on *قُلْ* partners with Allah *هُوَ* He *الْقَادِرُ* (is) the Powerful *عَلَى* that *يَبْعَثُ* He sends *عَلَيْكُمْ* upon you *عَذَابًا* torment *مِنْ* from *فَوْقَكُمْ* above you *أَوْ* or *مِنْ* from *تَحْتِ* beneath *أَرْجُلِكُمْ* your feet *أَوْ* and lets *يَلْبِسَكُمْ* or *شِيْعًا* mutual discord *وَيُذِيقَ* and lets *بَعْضَكُمْ* some of you *بَأْسَ* violence *بَعْضٍ* (of) one another *أَنْظُرْ* see *كَيْفَ* how *نُصَرِّفُ* We explain *الْآيَاتِ* variously *لَعَلَّهُمْ* (Our) Signs *يَفْقَهُوْنَ* so that they may understand *وَكَذَّبَ* and *الْحَقُّ* (is) the truth *قُلْ* it *قَوْمُكَ* your people *وَهُوَ* and *لَنْسُتُ* I am not *عَلَيْكُمْ* over you *بِوَكِيلٍ* a supervisor

64. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "Allâh rescues you from this and from all (other) distresses, and yet you worship others besides Allâh." 65. Say: "He has power to send torment on you from above or from under your feet, or to cover you with confusion in party strife, and make you to taste the violence of one another." See how variously We explain the *Ayât*, so that they may understand. 66. But your people (O Muhammad ﷺ) have denied it (the Qur'ân) though it is the truth. Say: "I am not a *Wakîl* (guardian) over you."

لِكُلِّ نَبَرٍ مُّسْتَقَرٌّ وَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧٧﴾ وَإِذَا رَأَيْتَ الَّذِينَ يَخُوضُونَ فِي ءَايَاتِنَا فَأَعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ حَتَّى يَخُوضُوا فِي حَدِيثٍ غَيْرِهِ ۚ وَإِمَّا يُنْسِيَنَّكَ الشَّيْطَانُ فَلَا تَقْعُدْ بَعْدَ الذِّكْرِىٰ مَعَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٧٨﴾ وَمَا عَلَى الَّذِينَ يَنْتَفُونَ مِنْ حِسَابِهِمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ وَلَٰكِنْ ذِكْرِىٰ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَنْتَفُونَ ﴿٧٩﴾

لِكُلِّ نَبَرٍ news مُّسْتَقَرٌّ (is) a fixed time وَسَوْفَ and soon تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧٧﴾ you shall know (it) وَإِذَا you see رَأَيْتَ and when يَخُوضُونَ those who are engaged in ءَايَاتِنَا Our Signs فَأَعْرِضْ turn away عَنْهُمْ from them حَتَّى until يَخُوضُوا they are engaged in فِي they are engaged until حَتَّى from them away causes you to حَدِيثٍ a talk غَيْرِهِ other than that وَإِمَّا and if يُنْسِيَنَّكَ and if يُنْسِيَنَّكَ Satan forget فَلَا then do not تَقْعُدْ you sit بَعْدَ after الذِّكْرِىٰ the remembrance مَعَ with الْقَوْمِ the people الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٧٨﴾ wrong-doers وَمَا (there is) not عَلَى on الَّذِينَ those who يَنْتَفُونَ those who fear Allah مِنْ (from) حِسَابِهِم their account مِنْ شَيْءٍ anything وَلَٰكِنْ but ذِكْرِىٰ remembrance لَعَلَّهُمْ so that they may يَنْتَفُونَ ﴿٧٩﴾ fear Allah

67. For every news there is a reality and you will come to know. 68. And when you (Muhammad ﷺ) see those who engage in a false conversation about Our Verses (of the Qur'ân) by mocking at them, stay away from them till they turn to another topic. And if *Shaitân* (Satan) causes you to forget, then after the remembrance sit not you in the company of those people who are the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers). 69. Those who fear Allâh, keep their duty to Him and avoid evil are not responsible for them (the disbelievers) in any case, but (their duty) is to remind them, that they may fear Allâh (and refrain from mocking at the Qur'ân).

وَذَرِ الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا دِينَهُمْ لِبَآءٍ وَلَهُوَ وَعَرَتُهُمُ الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا وَذَكَرَ بِهِمْ أَن تَبْسَلَ نَفْسٌ بِمَا كَسَبَتْ لَيْسَ لَهَا مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ وَلِيٌّ وَلَا شَفِيعٌ وَإِنْ تَعْدِلْ كُلُّ عَدْلٍ لَا يُؤْخَذُ مِنْهَا أُولَٰئِكَ الَّذِينَ أُبْسِلُوا بِمَا كَسَبُوا لَهُمْ شَرَابٌ مِّنْ حَمِيمٍ وَعَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْفُرُونَ ﴿٨٠﴾

وَذَرِ الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا دِينَهُمْ those who and leave alone لِبَآءٍ religion (as) a play وَلَهُوَ and beguiled وَعَرَتُهُمُ life الدُّنْيَا (deceived) them but وَذَكَرَ (of this) world أَن lest تَبْسَلَ is caught نَفْسٌ a soul

for what بِمَا كَسَبَتْ it 'has earned لَيْسَ neither (will be) هَا an شَيْعٌ nor وَلَا a protector وَلِيَّ Allah besides it مِنْ دُونِ it every كَلَّ it offers ransom تَعْدِلُ and even if وَإِنْ intercessor عَدْلٍ ransom لَا not يُؤْخَذُ it will be accepted مِنْهَا from him أُولَئِكَ these are أُولَئِكَ those who أُتِيلُوا are caught بِمَا are caught for what كَسَبُوا boiling of حَمِيمٍ a drink شَرَابٌ for them (is) لَهُمْ they earned water وَعَذَابٌ and torment أَلِيمٌ a painful because كَاوُوا they used to يَكْفُرُونَ ﴿٧﴾ disbelieve

70. And leave alone those who take their religion as play and amusement, and whom the life of this world has deceived. But remind (them) with it (the Qur'ân) lest a person be given up to destruction for that which he has earned, when he will find for himself no protector or intercessor besides Allâh, and even if he offers every ransom, it will not be accepted from him. Such are they who are given up to destruction because of that which they have earned. For them will be a drink of boiling water and a painful torment because they used to disbelieve.

قُلْ اُنۡدَعُوْا مِنْ دُوۡنِ اللّٰهِ مَا لَا يَنْفَعُنَا وَلَا يَضُرُّنَا وَنُرَدُّ عَلٰٓى اَعْقَابِنَا بَعۡدَ اِذْ هَدٰنَا اللّٰهُ كَالَّذِيۡ اَسْتَهۡوَتُهُ الشَّيۡطٰنُ فِيۡ الْاَرْضِ حٰرِۡرَانَ لَّهٗۤ اَصْحٰبٌ يَّدْعُوۡنَهُۥٓ اِلَى الْهُدٰى اٰتَيْنَا۟ قُلۡ اِنَّ هٰذَا هُوَ الْهُدٰى وَاٰمَرْنَا۟ لِتُسَلِّمَ لِرَبِّ الْعٰلَمِيۡنَ ﴿٧١﴾

قُلْ اُنۡدَعُوْا say اُنۡدَعُوْا shall we invoke مِنْ دُوۡنِ others besides Allah مَا لَا (can) neither لَا (can) يَنْفَعُنَا nor وَلَا (can) يَضُرُّنَا after وَنُرَدُّ harm us on اَعْقَابِنَا our heels بَعۡدَ and shall we turn عَلٰٓى اِنۡذِ when هَدٰنَا Allah has guided us كَالَّذِيۡ like the one اَسْتَهۡوَتُهُ whom misled الشَّيۡطٰنُ the devils فِيۡ in الْاَرْضِ the earth حٰرِۡرَانَ who call him اَصْحٰبٌ companions يَّدْعُوۡنَهُۥٓ اِلَى to الْهُدٰى the guidance اٰتَيْنَا۟ come to us قُلۡ indeed هٰذَا is the الْهُدٰى guidance وَاٰمَرْنَا۟ to Lord رَبِّ that we submit لِتُسَلِّمَ and we have been commanded (of) the worlds ﴿٧١﴾

heavens وَالْأَرْضِ and the earth حَنِيفًا exclusively وَمَا and not
I am مِنْ of الْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿٧٦﴾ polytheists

77. When he saw the moon rising up, he said: "This is my lord." But when it set, he said: "Unless my Lord guides me, I shall surely be among the people who went astray." 78. When he saw the sun rising up, he said: "This is my lord. This is greater." But when it set, he said: "O my people! I am indeed free from all that you join as partners (in worship with Allâh). 79. Verily, I have turned my face towards Him Who has created the heavens and the earth *Hanîfa* (Islâmic Monotheism, i.e. worshipping none but Allâh Alone), and I am not of *Al-Mushrikûn*."

وَحَاجَّهُ قَوْمُهُ قَالَ أَتُحَادِّثُونِي فِي اللَّهِ وَقَدْ هَدَانِي وَلَا أَخَافُ مَا تُشْرِكُونَ بِهِ إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ رَبِّي شَيْئًا وَسِعَ رَبِّي كُلَّ شَيْءٍ عِلْمًا أَفَلَا تَتَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿٧٨﴾ وَكَيْفَ أَخَافُ مَا أَشْرَكْتُمْ وَلَا تَخَافُونَ أَنَّكُمْ أَشْرَكْتُم بِاللَّهِ مَا لَمْ يُنَزَّلْ بِهِ عَلَيْكُمْ سُلْطَانًا فَأَيُّ الْفَرِيقَيْنِ أَحَقُّ بِالْأَمْنِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧٩﴾

وَحَاجَّهُ قَوْمُهُ he said قَالَ his people قَوْمُهُ and disputed with him أَتُحَادِّثُونِي and He has هَدَانِي Allah الله about فِي do you dispute with me you تُشْرِكُونَ what مَا I fear أَخَافُ and do not وَلَا guided me my رَبِّي wills يَشَاءُ that أَنْ except إِلَّا with Him بِهِ associate Lord شَيْئًا وَسِعَ anything رَبِّي comprehends كُلَّ my Lord then not أَفَلَا (in His) Knowledge عِلْمًا thing every تَتَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿٧٨﴾ I should أَخَافُ and how وَكَيْفَ will you remember and do not وَلَا you associate with Allah أَشْرَكْتُمْ what مَا fear with اللَّهِ associate (others) أَشْرَكْتُمْ that you أَنْتُمْ you fear تَخَافُونَ أَنَّكُمْ أَشْرَكْتُم بِاللَّهِ مَا لَمْ يُنَزَّلْ بِهِ He send down يُنَزَّلْ did not لَمْ what مَا Allah (of) عَلَيْكُمْ to you سُلْطَانًا any authority فَأَيُّ then which الْفَرِيقَيْنِ if كُنْتُمْ to security بِالْأَمْنِ has more right أَحَقُّ the two parties know تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧٩﴾ you

80. His people disputed with him. He said: "Do you dispute with me concerning Allâh while He has guided me, and I fear not those whom you associate with Him (Allâh) in worship. (Nothing can happen to me) except when my Lord (Allâh)

وَرَكْرَبًا وَيَحْيَىٰ وَعِيسَىٰ وَإِلْيَاسَ كُلٌّ مِّنَ الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿٨٥﴾ وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ وَإِلْيَاسَ وَيُونُسَ وَلُوطًا وَكُلًّا فَضَّلْنَا عَلَىٰ
 الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٨٦﴾ وَمِنْ ءَابَائِهِمْ وَذُرِّيَّاتِهِمْ وَإِخْوَانِهِمْ وَاجْتَبَيْنَاهُمْ وَهَدَيْنَاهُمْ إِلَىٰ صِرَاطٍ مُّسْتَقِيمٍ ﴿٨٧﴾ ذَلِكَ هُدَى اللَّهِ يَهْدِي
 بِهِ مَن يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ وَلَوْ أَشْرَكُوا لَحِطَّ عَلَيْهِمْ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٨٨﴾

وَرَكْرَبًا وَيَحْيَىٰ and John وَعِيسَى and Jesus وَإِلْيَاسَ and Zacharia
 كُلٌّ (were) of all (were) الصَّالِحِينَ the righteous وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ and Ishmael
 وَالْيَاسَعَ and Elisha وَيُونُسَ and Jonah وَلُوطًا and Lot وَكُلًّا and all
 فَضَّلْنَا We favoured عَلَى over الْعَالَمِينَ the worlds وَمِنْ the worlds
 and from ءَابَائِهِمْ and their forefathers وَذُرِّيَّاتِهِمْ and their progeny وَإِخْوَانِهِمْ and their brethren
 and We وَهَدَيْنَاهُمْ and We chose them وَاجْتَبَيْنَاهُمْ and their brethren
 that the Straight مُسْتَقِيمٍ Way صِرَاطٍ to إِلَى guided them
 (is) هُدَى guidance اللَّهُ Allah (of) يَهْدِي He guides بِهِ with it مَن
 whom يَشَاءُ He wills مِنْ of عِبَادِهِ His slaves وَلَوْ and if أَشْرَكُوا and if
 from rendered vain لَحِطَّ they associated others with Allah
 they used to do كَانُوا what تَمَّ them

85. And Zakariyyâ (Zachariya), and Yahyâ (John) and 'Isâ (Jesus) and Ilyâs (Elias), each one of them was of the righteous. 86. And Ismâ'il (Ishmael) and Al-Yasaa' (Elisha), and Yûnus (Jonah) and Lût (Lot), and each one of them We preferred above the 'Âlamîn [mankind and jinn (of their times)]. 87. And also some of their fathers and their progeny and their brethren, We chose them, and We guided them to the Straight Path. 88. This is the Guidance of Allâh with which He guides whomsoever He wills of His slaves. But if they had joined in worship others with Allâh, all that they used to do would have been of no benefit to them.

أُولَٰئِكَ الَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَاهُمُ الْكِتَابَ وَالْحُكْمَ وَالنُّبُوَّةَ فَإِن يَكْفُرْ بِهَا هَٰؤُلَاءِ فَقَدْ وَكَلْنَا بِهَا قَوْمًا لَّيْسُوا بِهَا بِكَافِرِينَ ﴿٨٩﴾ أُولَٰئِكَ
 الَّذِينَ هَدَى اللَّهُ فِيمَهُمْ نَبَهُمْ أَفْتَدِيَةٌ قُلْ لَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ أَجْرًا إِن هُوَ إِلَّا ذِكْرُنَا لِلْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٩٠﴾

أُولَٰئِكَ those الَّذِينَ whom ءَاتَيْنَاهُمُ We gave (them) الْكِتَابَ the Book
 but if فَإِن and Prophethood وَالنُّبُوَّةَ and (sound) Judgement وَالْحُكْمَ
 then indeed فَقَدْ these هَٰؤُلَاءِ in it (therein) بِهَا disbelieve يَكْفُرْ
 who are not قَوْمًا people لَّيْسُوا it (to) بِهَا We have entrusted وَكَلْنَا

يَا in it يَكْفُرُونَ ﴿٨٩﴾ disbelievers أُولَٰئِكَ (they are) those الَّذِينَ whom هَدَىٰ Allah ﷻ guided فِيهِدَهُمْ so their guidance أَفْتَدَىٰ you follow قُل say لَا do not أَتَنَزَّلُكُمْ I ask you عَلَيْهِ on it أَجْرًا admonition ذِكْرَىٰ but إِلَّا this هُوَ (is) not إِنَّ a reward لِّلْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٩٠﴾ for the worlds

89. They are those whom We gave the Book, *Al-Hukm* (understanding of the religious laws), and Prophethood. But if these disbelieve therein (the Book, *Al-Hukm* and Prophethood), then, indeed We have entrusted it to a people (such as the Companions of Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ) who are not disbelievers therein. 90. They are those whom Allāh had guided. So follow their guidance. Say: "No reward I ask of you for this (the Qur'ān). It is only a reminder for the 'Ālamīn (mankind and jinn)."

وَمَا قَدَرُوا اللَّهَ حَقَّ قَدْرِهِ إِذْ قَالُوا مَا أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ بَشَرٍ مِّن شَيْءٍ قُلْ مَن أَنزَلَ الْكِتَابَ الَّذِي جَاءَ بِهِ مُوسَىٰ نُورًا وَهُدًى لِّلنَّاسِ يَجْعَلُونَهُ قُرْطُبِسَ يُبَدُّونَهَا وَتُخْفُونَ كَثِيرًا وَعِلْمُكُمْ مَا لَمْ تَعْلَمُوا أَنْتُمْ وَلَا آبَاؤُكُمْ قُلِ اللَّهُ ثُمَّ ذَرْهُمْ فِي خَوْضِهِمْ يَلْعَبُونَ ﴿٩١﴾ وَهَذَا كِتَابٌ أَنزَلْنَاهُ مُبَارَكٌ مُّصَدِّقُ الَّذِي بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ وَلِتُنذِرَ أُمَّ الْقُرَىٰ وَمَن حَوْلَهَا وَالَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ وَهُمْ عَلَىٰ صَلَاتِهِمْ يُحَافِظُونَ ﴿٩٢﴾

وَمَا قَدَرُوا and did not قَدَرُوا due Allah ﷻ they estimate حَقَّ estimation to Him send أَنزَلَ did not مَا they said قَالُوا when إِذْ estimation to Him down Allah ﷻ عَلَى to بَشَرٍ any human being مِّن شَيْءٍ thing قُل thing who أَنزَلَ sent down الْكِتَابَ the Book الَّذِي which جَاءَ brought [it] بِهِ [it] مُوسَىٰ a light نُورًا a guidance وَهُدًى a light [it] brought [it] لِّلنَّاسِ for people يَجْعَلُونَهُ قُرْطُبِسَ which you have put تُبَدُّونَهَا and you conceal وَتُخْفُونَ you disclose (some of) it كَثِيرًا and you conceal (of it) وَعِلْمُكُمْ though you were taught مَا though you were taught لَمْ neither تَعْلَمُوا nor you knew أَنْتُمْ you وَلَا nor أَبَاؤُكُمْ your forefathers قُل your say اللَّهُ Allah ﷻ then ذَرْهُمْ then leave them فِي in خَوْضِهِمْ their argumentation يَلْعَبُونَ ﴿٩١﴾ which (is) a Book كِتَابٌ and this وَهَذَا they play كِتَابٌ which أَنزَلْنَاهُ (is) a Book مُبَارَكٌ blessed مُّصَدِّقُ confirming الَّذِي which وَلِتُنذِرَ (came) before it أُمَّ الْقُرَىٰ so that you may warn وَمَن (people of) Mother of Towns (Makkah) حَوْلَهَا and those

in the *بِالْآخِرَةِ* believe *يُؤْمِنُونَ* and those who *وَالَّذِينَ* around it
هَآءِهِ Hereafter believe *يُؤْمِنُونَ* in it *وَهُمْ* and they *عَلَى* over *صَلَاتِهِم*
 guard *يَحَافِظُونَ* their prayers

91. They (the Jews, Quraish pagans, idolators) did not estimate Allâh with an estimation due to Him when they said: "Nothing did Allâh send down to any human being (by Revelation)." Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "Who then sent down the Book which Mûsâ (Moses) brought, a light and a guidance to mankind which you (the Jews) have made into (separate) paper sheets, disclosing (some of it) and concealing (much). And you (believers in Allâh and His Messenger Muhammad ﷺ) were taught (through the Qur'ân) that which neither you nor your fathers knew." Say: "Allâh (sent it down)." Then leave them to play in their vain discussions. 92. And this (the Qur'ân) is a blessed Book which We have sent down, confirming (the Revelations) which came before it, so that you may warn the Mother of Towns (i.e. Makkah) and all those around it. Those who believe in the Hereafter believe in it (the Qur'ân), and they are constant in guarding their *Salât* (prayers).

وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ افْتَرَىٰ عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا أَوْ قَالَ أُوحِيَ إِلَيَّ وَلَمْ يُوحَ إِلَيْهِ شَيْءٌ وَمَنْ قَالَ سَأُنْزِلُ مِثْلَ مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ وَلَوْ تَرَىٰ إِذِ
 الظَّالِمُونَ فِي غَمَرَاتِ الْمَوْتِ وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ بَاسِطُو أَيْدِيهِمْ أَخْرِجُوا أَنْفُسَكُمُ الْيَوْمَ تُجْزَوْنَ عَذَابَ الْهُونِ بِمَا
 كُنْتُمْ تَقُولُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ غَيْرَ الْحَقِّ وَكُنْتُمْ عَنْ آيَاتِهِ تَسْتَكْبِرُونَ ﴿٩٢﴾

وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ and who *مِمَّنِ* (is) more unjust *أَفْتَرَىٰ* than he who
عَلَى invented against *اللَّهُ* Allah *كَذِبًا* a lie *أَوْ* or *قَالَ* said *أُوحِيَ*
 was *يُوحَ* while not *وَلَمْ* to Me *إِلَيَّ* revelation was sent down
إِلَيْهِ revealed to him *شَيْءٌ* a thing *وَمَنْ* and who *قَالَ* said *سَأُنْزِلُ*
لَوْ Allah *اللَّهُ* has revealed *أَنْزَلَ* what *مِثْلَ* like *إِذِ* I would reveal
 in *الظَّالِمُونَ* the wrong-doers *فِي* when you could see *تَرَىٰ* and if
غَمَرَاتِ (are) in *الْمَوْتِ* the death *وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ* (of) the angels
بَاسِطُوا are stretching out *أَيْدِيَهُمْ* their hands *أَخْرِجُوا*
 you will be *أَنْفُسَكُمُ* your souls *الْيَوْمَ* this Day *تُجْزَوْنَ*
 for *بِمَا* (of) humiliation *الْهُونِ* torment *عَذَابَ* recompensed with
 what *كُنْتُمْ* you used to *تَقُولُونَ* utter *عَلَى* against *اللَّهُ* Allah *غَيْرَ*
 other than *الْحَقِّ* the truth *وَكُنْتُمْ* and you used to *عَنْ* concerning *آيَاتِهِ*
 be arrogant *تَسْتَكْبِرُونَ* His Signs

93. And who can be more unjust than he who invents a lie against Allâh, or says: "A revelation has come to me" whereas no Revelation has come to him in anything; and who says, "I will reveal the like of what Allâh has revealed." And if you could but see when the *Zâlimûn* are in the agonies of death, while the angels are stretching forth their hands (saying): "Deliver your souls! This day you shall be recompensed with the torment of degradation because of what you used to utter against Allâh other than the truth. And you used to reject His *Ayât* with disrespect!"

وَلَقَدْ جِئْتُمُونَا فُرْدَىٰ كَمَا خَلَقْتَكُمْ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ وَرَزَقْنَاكُمْ مِمَّا خَوَّلْنَاكُمْ وَرَأَىٰ ظُهُورُكُمْ وَمَا نَرَىٰ مَعَكُمْ شُفَعَاءَ الَّذِينَ رَعِمْتُمْ أَنَّهُمْ فِيكُمْ شُرَكَاءُ لَقَدْ تَقَطَّعَ بَيْنَكُمْ وَصَلَّ عَنْكُمْ مَا كُنْتُمْ تَزْعُمُونَ ﴿١١﴾ إِنَّ اللَّهَ فَالِقُ الْخَيْبِ وَالنَّوَىٰ يُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مِنَ الْمَيِّتِ وَيُخْرِجُ الْمَيِّتَ مِنَ الْحَيِّ ذَٰلِكُمْ اللَّهُ فَأَنَّىٰ تُؤْفَكُونَ ﴿١٢﴾

وَلَقَدْ جِئْتُمُونَا and verily فُرْدَىٰ you have come to Us all alone كَمَا
and you رَزَقْنَاكُمْ as خَلَقْتَكُمْ We had created you first أَوَّلَ
behind رَزَقْنَاكُمْ We had bestowed on you خَوَّلْنَاكُمْ what مَا have left
with you ظُهُورُكُمْ We see نَرَىٰ and do not وَمَا your backs
شُفَعَاءَ الَّذِينَ your intercessors الَّذِينَ those whom رَعِمْتُمْ you claimed أَنَّهُمْ
share with Allah شُرَكَاءُ in your (matters) فِيكُمْ that they (have)
between you بَيْنَكُمْ (bonds) have been severed تَقَطَّعَ indeed
you used to وَصَلَّ and have forsaken عَنْكُمْ you مَا what كُنْتُمْ
Who فَالِقُ Allah indeed (it is) إِنَّ ﴿١١﴾ imagine/claim تَزْعُمُونَ
and the fruit-kernel وَالنَّوَىٰ the grain الْحَيَّ causes to split
and يُخْرِجُ the dead الْمَيِّتِ from مِنَ the living الْحَيَّ He brings forth
such ذَٰلِكُمْ the living الْحَيَّ from مِنَ the dead الْمَيِّتِ brings forth
are you being mislead تُؤْفَكُونَ ﴿١٢﴾ then how فَأَنَّى Allah (is)
(from the truth)

94. And truly, you have come unto Us alone (without wealth, companions or anything else) as We created you the first time. You have left behind you all that which We had bestowed on you. We see not with you your intercessors whom you claimed to be partners with Allâh. Now all relations between you and them have been cut off, and all that you used to claim has vanished from you. 95. Verily, it is Allâh Who causes the seed grain and the fruit stone (like date stone) to split and sprout. He brings forth the living from the dead, and it is He Who brings forth the dead from the living. Such is Allâh, then how are you deluded away from the truth?

فَالْقُلُوبِ الْفَاسِقِ وَالْقَمَرِ حُسْبَانًا ذَلِكَ تَقْدِيرُ الْعَزِيزِ الْعَلِيمِ ﴿٩٦﴾ وَهُوَ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ
النُّجُومَ لِتَهْتَدُوا بِهَا فِي ظُلُمَاتِ اللَّيْلِ وَالْبَحْرِ قَدْ فَصَّلْنَا الْآيَاتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٩٧﴾ وَهُوَ الَّذِي أَنشَأَكُم مِّن نَّفْسٍ وَاحِدَةٍ
فَمُسْتَقَرٍّ وَمُمْسِقٍ قَدْ فَصَّلْنَا الْآيَاتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَفْقَهُونَ ﴿٩٨﴾

فَالْقُلُوبِ الْفَاسِقِ (of) the day break (He is the) Cleaver (He) جَعَلَ (of) the night اَللَّيْلِ has made
and اَلشَّمْسِ for stillness (resting) سَكَا the night اَللَّيْلِ has made
this اَلْقَمَرِ حُسْبَانًا and the Moon اَلْقَمَرِ the sun
the اَلْعَزِيزِ (of) the All-Mighty اَلْعَزِيزِ will/measuring (is)
for لَكُمُ made جَعَلَ Who اَلَّذِي and (it is) He وَهُوَ All-Knowing
يَا so that you may guide yourselves لِتَهْتَدُوا the stars اَلنُّجُومَ you
and the اَلْبَحْرِ (of) the land اَللَّيْلِ darkness اَلظُّلُمَاتِ in بِهَا by them
قَدْ sea اَلآيَاتِ We have made clear فَصَّلْنَا certainly قَدْ sea
Who اَلَّذِي and (it is) He وَهُوَ who know يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٩٧﴾ for people
so اَنشَأَكُم a single person وَاحِدَةٍ from مِّن created you
certainly قَدْ and a resting place وَمُسْتَقَرٍّ (there is) a time-limit
for people اَلآيَاتِ We have made clear فَصَّلْنَا
who understand يَفْقَهُونَ ﴿٩٨﴾

96. (He is the) Cleaver of the daybreak. He has appointed the night for resting, and the sun and the moon for reckoning. Such is the measuring of the All-Mighty, the All-Knowing. 97. It is He Who has set the stars for you, so that you may guide your course with their help through the darkness of the land and the sea. We have (indeed) explained in detail Our Ayât for people who know. 98. It is He Who has created you from a single person (Adam), and has given you a place of residing (on the earth or in your mother's wombs) and a place of storage. Indeed, We have explained in detail Our Revelations (this Qur'ân) for people who understand.

وَهُوَ الَّذِي أَنزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً فَأَخْرَجْنَا بِهِ نَبَاتَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ فَأَخْرَجْنَا مِنْهُ خَضِرًا مِّنْهُ خُضِرَ وَمِنْهُ جَبَا مُتَرَاكِبًا
وَمِنَ النَّخْلِ مِنْ طَلْعِهَا قِنْوَانٌ دَابِئٌ وَجَنَّاتٍ مِّنْ أَعْنَابٍ وَالزَّيْتُونَ وَالرُّمَّانَ مُشْتَبِهًا وَغَيْرَ مُتَشَبِهٍ انظُرُوا إِلَى ثَمَرِهِ إِذَا
أَشْمَرَ وَبَتَّ وَجَدَ أَنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ لِّقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٩٩﴾

وَهُوَ اَلَّذِي and (it is) He اَنزَلَ Who اَلَّذِي has sent down مِنَ السَّمَاءِ
thereby اَخْرَجْنَا water مَاءَ the heaven

and We **فَأَخْرَجْنَا** thing (kind) **كُلِّ** (of) every vegetation **بَنَاتٍ**
 We **نُخْرِجُ** green stalks **خَضِرًا** thereby **مِنْهُ** have brought forth
 thick-clustered **مُتْرَاجِبًا** grain **حَبًّا** from it **مِنْهُ** bring forth
وَمِنْ and from **النَّخْلِ** date-palm **مِنْ** **طَلْمِهَا** its sprout **فَتَوَارٍ**
 of **مِنْ** and gardens **وَجَنَّاتٍ** hanging low **دَانِيَةً** clusters of dates
أَعْنَبٍ grapes **وَالزَّيْتُونِ** and olives **وَالرَّيَّانِ** and pomegranates **مُشْتَبِهًا**
وَعَيْرَ مُنْتَبِهٍ resembling (yet) different **وَنَظَرُوا** look **إِلَى** at **نَمْرِهِ**
 and its ripeness **وَإِذَا** when **أَتَمَرَ** it bears fruit **وَيَتَوَوَّءُ** and its ripeness **إِنَّ**
 certainly **فِي** in **ذَٰلِكُمْ** this **لَآيَاتٍ** (are) signs **لِّقَوْمٍ** for people
 believing ﴿١١﴾

99. It is He Who sends down water (rain) from the sky, and with it We bring forth vegetation of all kinds, and out of it We bring forth green stalks, from which We bring forth thick clustered grain. And out of the date palm and its spathe come forth clusters of dates hanging low and near, and gardens of grapes, olives and pomegranates, each similar (in kind) yet different (in variety and taste). Look at their fruits when they begin to bear, and the ripeness thereof. Verily, in these things there are signs for people who believe.

وَجَعَلُوا لِلَّهِ شُرَكَاءَ الْجِنَّ وَخَلَقَهُمْ وَخَرَقُوا لَهُ بَنِينَ وَبَنَاتٍ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ سُبْحَنَهُ وَتَعَالَى عَمَّا يُصِفُونَ ﴿١٢﴾ بَدِيعُ
 السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضِ اَنۡ يَّكُوۡنَ لَهُ وَلَدٌ وَلَمْ تَكُنۡ لَّهٗ صَاحِبَةً وَخَلَقَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ وَهُوَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيۡمٌ ﴿١٣﴾ ذَٰلِكُمْ اِلَٰهُ
 رَبُّكُمْ لَا اِلَٰهَ اِلَّا هُوَ خَلَقَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ فَاعْبُدُوْهُ وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَكِيلٌ ﴿١٤﴾

وَجَعَلُوا and they have made **لِلَّهِ** with Allah **شُرَكَاءَ** associates **الْجِنَّ**
 and they **وَخَرَقُوا** though He has created them **وَخَلَقَهُمْ** the jinns
 and **بَنَاتٍ** daughters **وَبَنِينَ** sons **لَهُ** to Him **بِغَيْرِ** falsely attributed
 and **وَتَعَالَى** be He Glorified **سُبْحَنَهُ** knowledge **عِلْمٍ** without
 (He is the) **بَدِيعُ** they attribute **يَصِفُونَ** from what **عَمَّا** Exalted
 how **اَنۡ** and the earth **وَالْاَرْضِ** (of) the heavens **السَّمٰوٰتِ** Originator
لَهُ when He did not **لَمْ** a son **وَلَدٌ** He have **لَهُ** can He **يَكُوۡنَ**
 every **كُلِّ** and He has created **وَخَلَقَ** a mate **صَاحِبَةً** He have
 thing **وَهُوَ** and He **بِكُلِّ** of every **شَيْءٍ** thing **عَلِيۡمٌ** (is) ﴿١٤﴾

(there is your Lord رَبِّكُمْ Allah ﷻ such is All-Knower
(of) the Creator خَلِيقُ He ﷻ but ﷻ god ﷻ is) no
[over] and He ﷻ so worship Him ﷻ thing ﷻ every
(is) Guardian وَكِيلٌ ﷻ thing ﷻ every ﷻ of

100. Yet, they join the jinn as partners in worship with Allâh, though He has created them (the jinn); and they attribute falsely without knowledge sons and daughters to Him. He is Glorified and Exalted above all that (evil) they attribute to Him. 101. He is the Originator of the heavens and the earth. How can He have children when He has no wife? He created all things and He is the All-Knower of everything. 102. Such is Allâh, your Lord! *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He), the Creator of all things. So worship Him (Alone), and He is the *Wakil* (Trustee, Disposer of affairs or Guardian) over all things.

لَا تُدْرِكُهُ الْبَصَرُ وَهُوَ يُدْرِكُ الْبَصَرَ وَهُوَ اللَّطِيفُ الْخَبِيرُ ﴿١٠٠﴾ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ بِصَآئِرٍ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ فَمَنْ أَبْصَرَ
فَلَِنَفْسِهِ. وَمَنْ عَمِيَ فَعَلَيْهَا وَمَا أَنَا عَلَيْكُمْ بِحَفِيفٍ ﴿١٠١﴾ وَكَذَٰلِكَ نُصْرِفُ الْآيَاتِ وَلِيَقُولُوا دَرَسْتَ وَلِنُبَيِّنَهُ
لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٠٢﴾

لَا can not تُدْرِكُهُ grasp Him الْبَصَرَ vision وَهُوَ but He يُدْرِكُ
the الْبَصَرَ grasps the vision وَهُوَ (is) and He اللَّطِيفُ the All-Subtle
الْخَبِيرُ ﷻ the All-Aware قَدْ verily جَاءَكُمْ have come to you
بَصَآئِرٍ proofs مِنْ from رَبِّكُمْ your Lord فَمَنْ so who أَبْصَرَ saw فَلَِنَفْسِهِ.
remained blind عَمِيَ and who وَمَنْ (he did this) for his ownself
فَعَلَيْهَا against himself وَمَا (he did this) and not أَنَا I (am) عَلَيْكُمْ
We نُصْرِفُ and thus وَكَذَٰلِكَ a keeper بِحَفِيفٍ ﷻ over you
and that they may وَلِيَقُولُوا the Signs الْآيَاتِ diversely explain
and that We may make it وَلِنُبَيِّنَهُ you have learned دَرَسْتَ say
having knowledge لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ ﷻ for people clear

103. No vision can grasp Him, but He grasps all vision. He is *Al-Latîf* (the Most Subtle and Courteous), Well-Acquainted with all things. 104. Verily, proofs have come to you from your Lord, so whosoever sees, will do so for (the good of) his ownself, and whosoever blinds himself, will do so to his own harm, and I (Muhammad ﷺ) am not a watcher over you. 105. Thus We explain

variously the Verses so that they (the disbelievers) may say: "You have studied (the Books of the people of the Scripture and brought this Qur'ân from that)" and that We may make the matter clear for the people who have knowledge.

أَتَعْلَمُ مَا أُوحِيَ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَبِّكَ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ وَأَعْرِضْ عَنِ الْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿٦٦﴾ وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ مَا أَشْرَكُوا وَمَا جَعَلْنَاكَ عَلَيْهِمْ حَفِظًا وَمَا أَنْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ بِوَكِيلٍ ﴿٦٧﴾ وَلَا تَسُبُّوا الَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ فَيَسُبُّوا اللَّهَ عَدْوًا بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ كَذَلِكَ زَيَّنَّا لِكُلِّ أُمَّةٍ عَمَلَهُمْ ثُمَّ إِنْ رَبِّهِمْ مَرْجِعُهُمْ فَيُنَبِّئُهُمْ بِمَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٦٨﴾

أَتَعْلَمُ what follow مَا to you إِلَيْكَ has been inspired رَبِّكَ from your Lord لَا (there is) no إِلَهَ god إِلَّا but هُوَ Him وَأَعْرِضْ and turn away عَنِ the polytheists الْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿٦٦﴾ وَلَوْ they أَشْرَكُوا (would) not (have) مَا Allah الله willed and had We have made جَعَلْنَاكَ and not وَمَا associated others with Him you (are) أَنْتَ and not وَمَا a watcher حَفِظًا over them عَلَيْهِمْ you you (do) not وَلَا a guardian وَكِيلٍ ﴿٦٧﴾ عَلَيْهِمْ and (do) not تَسُبُّوا and (do) not تَسُبُّوا Allah الله lest they revile فَيَسُبُّوا Allah الله out of spite عَدْوًا out of spite بِغَيْرِ We have made كَذَلِكَ thus زَيَّنَّا knowledge عَمَلَهُمْ their deeds ثُمَّ then fair-seeming لِكُلِّ to every أُمَّةٍ nation عَلَيْهِمْ their return رَبِّهِمْ their Lord (is) رَبِّهِمْ إِلَى to رَبِّهِمْ رَبِّهِمْ and then فَيُنَبِّئُهُمْ their return رَبِّهِمْ رَبِّهِمْ do كَانُوا of what بِمَا He will inform them يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٦٨﴾

106. Follow what has been revealed to you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) from your Lord, *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He) and turn aside from *Al-Mushrikûn*. 107. Had Allâh willed, they would not have taken others besides Him in worship. And We have not made you a watcher over them nor are you a *Wakîl* over them. 108. And insult not those whom they (disbelievers) worship besides Allâh, lest they insult Allâh wrongfully without knowledge. Thus We have made fair-seeming to each people its own doings; then to their Lord is their return and He shall then inform them of all that they used to do.

وَأَقْسَمُوا بِاللَّهِ جَهْدَ أَيْمَانِهِمْ لَئِنْ جَاءَهُمْ نَذِيرٌ لَيَؤْمِنُنَّ بِهِ قُلْ إِنَّمَا الْآيَاتُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَمَا يُشْعِرُكُمْ أَنَّهَا إِذَا جَاءَتْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٦٩﴾ وَنُقَلِّبُ أَفْئِدَتَهُمْ وَأَبْصَارَهُمْ كَمَا لَمْ يُؤْمِنُوا بِهِ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ وَنَذَرُهُمْ فِي طُغْيَانِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ ﴿٧٠﴾

وَأَقْسَمُوا strongest بِاللهِ by Allah and they swore
 they لَيُؤْمِنَنَّ a sign آيَةً came to them جَاءَتْهُمْ that if كَينَ their oaths
 the الْآيَةُ only إِنْكَا say قُلْ in it هَآ would certainly believe
 will make يَشْعُرْكُمْ and what وَمَا Allah اللهُ (are) with عِنْدَ signs
 not لَا come (those signs) جَاءَتْ when إِذَا that أَنَّهُمَا you realize
 their أَتَدْرِكُهُمْ and We shall turn وَنُقَلِّبُ they will believe يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٠٩﴾
 they (did) not لَمْ as كَمَا and their eyes وَأَبْصَرَهُمْ hearts
 and We shall leave وَنَذَرُهُمْ time مَرَّةً first in it يَدِ believe
 to wander blindly يَعْمَهُونَ ﴿١١٠﴾ their tyranny طُغْيَانِهِمْ in فِي them

109. And they swear their strongest oaths by Allâh, that if there came to them a sign, they would surely, believe therein. Say: "Signs are but with Allâh and what will make you (Muslims) perceive that (even) if it (the sign) came, they will not believe?" 110. And We shall turn their hearts and their eyes away (from guidance), as they refused to believe therein for the first time, and We shall leave them in their trespass to wander blindly.

﴿وَلَوْ أَنَّا نَزَّلْنَا إِلَيْهِمُ الْمَلَائِكَةَ وَكَلَّمَهُمُ الْمَوْتُ وَحَشَرْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قُبُلًا مَا كَانُوا لَيُؤْمِنُوا إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ اللَّهُ وَلَكِنْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ يَجْهَلُونَ﴾ وَكَذَلِكَ جَعَلْنَا لِكُلِّ نَبِيٍّ عَدُوًّا شَيْطَانِ الْإِنْسِ وَالْجِنِّ يُوحِي بَعْضُهُمْ إِلَى بَعْضٍ زُخْرَفَ الْقَوْلِ غُرُورًا وَلَوْ شَاءَ رَبُّكَ مَا فَعَلُوهُ فَذَرْهُمْ وَمَا يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿١١١﴾

﴿وَلَوْ﴾ and even if We had sent down ﴿إِلَيْهِمُ﴾ to them the angels ﴿الْمَلَائِكَةَ﴾ the angels and had spoken to them ﴿وَكَلَّمَهُمُ﴾ the dead ﴿وَحَشَرْنَا﴾ and We had gathered ﴿عَلَيْهِمْ﴾ every thing ﴿كُلَّ شَيْءٍ﴾ open before them ﴿قُبُلًا﴾ not they were ﴿مَا كَانُوا﴾ to believe ﴿لَيُؤْمِنُوا﴾ unless ﴿إِلَّا﴾ that Allah ﴿اللَّهُ﴾ wills ﴿يَشَاءُ﴾ but most of them ﴿أَكْثَرُهُمْ﴾ are ignorant ﴿يَجْهَلُونَ﴾ ﴿١١١﴾ and as such ﴿وَكَذَلِكَ﴾ We have made ﴿جَعَلْنَا﴾ an enemy ﴿عَدُوًّا﴾ for every ﴿لِكُلِّ﴾ Prophet ﴿نَبِيٍّ﴾ and jinns ﴿وَالْجِنِّ﴾ (of) humans ﴿الْإِنْسِ﴾ inspiring ﴿يُوحِي﴾ some of them ﴿إِلَى﴾ to some of them ﴿بَعْضٍ﴾ adorned ﴿زُخْرَفَ﴾ speech ﴿غُرُورًا﴾ as a delusion ﴿وَلَوْ﴾ and if your Lord ﴿رَبُّكَ﴾ had willed ﴿شَاءَ﴾ they have done it ﴿فَعَلُوهُ﴾ (would) not and so leave them ﴿وَمَا﴾ they fabricate ﴿يَفْتَرُونَ﴾ what ﴿١١١﴾

111. And even if We had sent down unto them angels, and the dead had spoken unto them, and We had gathered together all things before their very eyes, they would not have believed, unless Allâh willed, but most of them behave ignorantly.

112. And so We have appointed for every Prophet enemies — *Shayâtîn* (devils) among mankind and jinn, inspiring one another with adorned speech as a delusion (or by way of deception). If your Lord had so willed, they would not have done it; so leave them alone with their fabrications.

وَلِنَصْنَعِ الْإِنْسَافِئِدَةُ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ وَلِيَقْرِئُوا مَا هُمْ مُقَرَّرُونَ ﴿١١٢﴾ أَفَنَسِيَ اللَّهُ أَتَنَسَىٰ حَكْمًا وَهُوَ الَّذِي أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْكُمُ الْكِتَابَ مُفَصَّلًا وَالَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَاهُمُ الْكِتَابَ يَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّهُ مُنَزَّلٌ مِّن رَّبِّكَ بِالْحَقِّ فَلَا تَكُونُونَ مِنَ الْمُنْتَرِينَ ﴿١١٣﴾

وَلِنَصْنَعِ الْإِنْسَافِئِدَةُ so that incline ﴿إِلَى﴾ hearts ﴿الَّذِينَ﴾ (of) those who لا ﴿لَا﴾ (do) not believe ﴿يُؤْمِنُونَ﴾ in the Hereafter ﴿وَلِيَقْرِئُوا﴾ and that they commit ﴿وَلِيَقْرِئُوا﴾ that they may be pleased with it ما ﴿مَا﴾ what they ﴿هُمْ﴾ shall other than ﴿أَفَنَسِيَ﴾ commit ﴿تَنَسَىٰ﴾ ﴿١١٣﴾

اللَّهُ Allah أَتَبَعِي I seek حَكَمًا a judge وَهُوَ and He is الَّذِي the Book أُنزِلَ has sent down إِلَيْكُمْ to you أَلَيْكُمْ the Book مُفَصَّلًا We have given them مَاتِبَهُمْ and those to whom وَالَّذِينَ in detail that it أَلَيْكُمْ (previously) the Scripture يَعْلَمُونَ they know أَنْتُمْ so do لَا in truth بِالْحَقِّ your Lord رَبِّكَ by (is) sent down مَنْزِلٌ not تَكُونُ you be مِنَ of الْمُتَمَرِّضِينَ ۞

113. (And this is in order) that the hearts of those who disbelieve in the Hereafter may incline to such (deceit), and that they may remain pleased with it, and that they may commit what they are committing (all kinds of sins and evil deeds).
 114. (Say): "Shall I seek a judge other than Allâh while it is He Who has sent down unto you the Book (the Qur'ân), explained in detail." Those unto whom We gave the Scripture know that it is revealed from your Lord in truth. So be not you of those who doubt.

وَتَمَّتْ كَلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ صِدْقًا وَعَدْلًا لَا مُبَدِّلَ لِكَلِمَتِهِ ۖ وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ ۞ وَإِنْ تُطِيعُوا أَكْثَرَ مِنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ يُضِلُّوكَ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ إِنْ يَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا الظَّنَّ وَإِنْ هُمْ إِلَّا يَخْرُصُونَ ۞ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ أَعْلَمُ مَنْ يَضِلُّ عَنْ سَبِيلِهِ ۖ وَهُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِالْمُهْذِبِينَ ۞ فَكُلُوا مِمَّا ذُكِرَ اسْمُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ بِآيَاتِهِ مُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَتَمَّتْ and has been perfected كَلِمَتُ the word رَبِّكَ (of) your Lord صِدْقًا in truth وَعَدْلًا and justice لَا and مُبَدِّلَ no one can change لِكَلِمَتِهِ His Words وَهُوَ and He السَّمِيعُ the All-Hearing الْعَلِيمُ the All-Knowing ۞ وَإِنْ the All-Knowing أَكْثَرَ you obey تُطِيعُوا and if فِي on the earth الْأَرْضِ they will mislead يُضِلُّوكَ the earth (of) those مَنْ they do يَتَّبِعُونَ not (of) Allah اللَّهُ Way سَبِيلِ from you عَنْ they follow إِلَّا but الظَّنَّ the conjecture وَإِنْ and not هُمْ but إِلَّا they do يَخْرُصُونَ guessing إِنَّ indeed رَبِّكَ your Lord هُوَ (is) He Who أَعْلَمُ who knows best يَضِلُّ who strays عَنْ from سَبِيلِهِ His Way وَهُوَ and He أَعْلَمُ knows best بِالْمُهْذِبِينَ the guided ones فَكُلُوا so eat مِمَّا of what ذُكِرَ has been pronounced اسْمُ name اللَّهِ Allah (of) عَلَيْهِ on which إِنْ if كُنْتُمْ you are بِآيَاتِهِ in His Signs مُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

believers

115. And the Word of your Lord has been fulfilled in truth and in justice. None can change His Words. And He is the All-Hearer, the All-Knower. 116. And if you obey most of those on the earth, they will mislead you far away from Allâh's path. They follow nothing but conjectures, and they do nothing but lie. 117. Verily, your Lord! It is He Who knows best who strays from His way, and He knows best the rightly guided ones. 118. So eat of that (meat) on which Allâh's Name has been pronounced (while slaughtering the animal), if you are believers in His Ayât.

وَمَا لَكُمْ أَلَّا تَأْكُلُوا مِمَّا ذُكِرَ اسْمُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَقَدْ فَصَّلَ لَكُمْ مَا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمْ إِلَّا مَا اضْطُرِرْتُمْ إِلَيْهِ وَإِنَّ كَثِيرًا لِّيُضِلُّوا بِأَهْوَاءِهِمْ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِالْمُعْتَدِينَ ﴿١١٨﴾ وَذَرُوا ظَاهِرَ الْإِنِّمْ وَبَاطِنَهُ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَكْسِبُونَ الْإِنِّمْ سَيَجْزَوْنَ بِمَا كَانُوا يَقْتَرُونَ ﴿١١٩﴾

وَمَا لَكُمْ and what (happened) لَكُمْ to you أَلَّا that do not تَأْكُلُوا you (of) مِمَّا eat of ذُكِرَ of what اسْمُ name اللَّهِ (of) Allah عَلَيْهِ on it وَقَدْ when indeed فَصَّلَ He has explained لَكُمْ to you مَا to you حَرَّمَ He has forbidden عَلَيْكُمْ to you إِلَّا surely unless مَا you are constrained اضْطُرِرْتُمْ to it إِلَيْهِ by their desires بِغَيْرِ lead astray أَهْوَاءِهِمْ many لِيُضِلُّوا of knowledge إِنَّ certainly رَبَّكَ your Lord هُوَ (is) (Who) أَعْلَمُ knows best بِالْمُعْتَدِينَ ﴿١١٨﴾ and وَذَرُوا the transgressors and بَاطِنَهُ (of) sin الْإِنِّمْ outwardness ظَاهِرَ forsake thereof إِنَّ indeed الَّذِينَ those who يَكْسِبُونَ earn الْإِنِّمْ sin سَيَجْزَوْنَ they shall be required بِمَا for what كَانُوا they have يَقْتَرُونَ ﴿١١٩﴾ committed

119. And why should you not eat of that (meat) on which Allâh's Name has been pronounced (at the time of slaughtering the animal), while He has explained to you in detail what is forbidden to you, except under compulsion of necessity? And surely, many do lead (mankind) astray by their own desires through lack of knowledge. Certainly your Lord knows best the transgressors. 120. Leave (O mankind, all kinds of) sin, open and secret. Verily, those who commit sin will get due recompense for that which they used to commit.

وَلَا تَأْكُلُوا مِمَّا لَمْ يَذْكُرْ اسْمُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَإِنَّهُ لَفَاسِقٌ ﴿١٢٠﴾ إِنَّ الشَّيْطَانَ لِيُؤْخِرَ إِلَى أُولِيَآئِهِمْ لِيُجِدُوا كُفْرًا وَإِنْ أَطَعْتُمُوهُمْ إِنَّكُمْ لَمُشْرِكُونَ ﴿١٢١﴾ أَوْ مَنْ كَانَ مِثْلًا فَأَحْبَبْتَهُ وَجَعَلْنَا لَهُ نُورًا يَمْشِي بِهِ فِي النَّاسِ كَمَنْ مَثَلُهُ فِي الظُّلُمَاتِ لَيْسَ بِخَارِجٍ مِنْهَا كَذَلِكَ زُيِّنَ لِلْكَافِرِينَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٢٢﴾

has been **يَذْكُرُ** not **لَا** of that **مِمَّا** you eat **تَأْكُلُوا** and do not **وَلَا**
 on it **عَلَيْهِ** (of) Allah **اللَّهُ** name **اسْمُ** pronounced
 the **الشَّيَاطِينِ** and indeed **وَإِنَّ** a transgression **لَفِسْقٌ** indeed it is
 so **لِيُوحُونَ** their friends **أَوْلِيَائِهِمْ** to **إِلَآئِكَ** do inspire **لِيُوحُونَ** devils
 you obeyed them **أَطَعْتُمُوهُمْ** and if **وَإِنْ** that they dispute with you
إِلَّاهُكُمْ is he who **أَوْفَنَ** polytheists **لَمُشْرِكُونَ** you would surely be
 and We made **وَجَعَلْنَا** and We gave him life **فَأَحْيَيْنَاهُ** dead **مَيِّتًا** was
 among **فِي** by it **يُؤْتِي** his likeness **يَمِثُّ** a light **نُورًا** for him **لَهُ**
 the **النَّاسِ** is in **فِي** who is **مِثْلُهُ** like the one **كَمَنْ** men **النَّاسِ**
 thus **كَذَلِكَ** of it **يَخْرُجُ** come out **يَخْرُجُ** he can not **لَيْسَ** darknesses
زُيِّنَ was made fair-seeming **لِلْكَافِرِينَ** to disbelievers **مَا** what **كَانُوا**
 to do **يَعْمَلُونَ** they used

121. Eat not (O believers) of that (meat) on which Allâh's Name has not been pronounced (at the time of the slaughtering of the animal), for sure it is *Fisq* (a sin and disobedience of Allâh). And certainly, the *Shayâtîn* (devils) do inspire their friends (from mankind) to dispute with you, and if you obey them [by making *Al-Maitah* (a dead animal) legal by eating it], then you would indeed be *Mushrikûn* (polytheists); 122. Is he who was dead (without Faith by ignorance and disbelief) and We gave him life (by knowledge and Faith) and set for him a light (of Belief) whereby he can walk amongst men — like him who is in the darkness from which he can never come out? Thus it is made fair-seeming to the disbelievers that which they used to do.

وَكَذَلِكَ جَعَلْنَا فِي كُلِّ قَرْيَةٍ أَكْبَرًا مُّجْرِمِيهَا لِيَمْكُرُوا فِيهَا وَمَا يَمْكُرُونَ إِلَّا بِأَنْفُسِهِمْ وَمَا
 يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿١٢٢﴾ وَإِذَا جَاءَتْهُمْ آيَةٌ قَالُوا لَنْ نُؤْمِنَ حَتَّى نُؤْتَىٰ مِثْلَ مَا أُوتِيَ رُسُلُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ حَيْثُ يَجْعَلُ
 رِسَالَتَهُ سِيبُ الَّذِينَ أَجْرَمُوا صَغَارٌ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَعَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ بِمَا كَانُوا يَمْكُرُونَ ﴿١٢٣﴾

وَكَذَلِكَ **جَعَلْنَا** and thus **فِي** We have made **كُلِّ** in **قَرْيَةٍ** every
 to plot **لِيَمْكُرُوا** (of) its wicked ones **أَكْبَرًا** leaders **مُجْرِمِيهَا**
فِيهَا therein **وَمَا** but not **يَمْكُرُونَ** they plot **إِلَّا** except **بِأَنْفُسِهِمْ**
وَلَا they perceive **يَشْعُرُونَ** though do not **وَمَا** against themselves
لَنْ they say **قَالُوا** a sign **آيَةٌ** comes to them **جَاءَتْهُمْ** and when
مِثْلَ we are given **نُؤْتَىٰ** until **حَتَّى** we believe **نُؤْمِنَ** shall not

مَا أُوتِيَ what (to) رُسُلُ Messengers اللَّهِ (of) Allah
 Allah أَعْلَمُ where يَجْعَلُ His رِسَالَتُهُ to place
 سَيُصِيبُ Message الَّذِينَ soon will meet with those who
 أَجْرَمُوا from عِنْدِ اللَّهِ humiliation صَغَارُ have committed a crime
 وَعَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ severe and a torment بِمَا they used
 يَتَكَوَّنُونَ ﴿١٢٣﴾ to plot

123. And thus We have set up in every town great ones of its wicked people to plot therein. But they plot not except against their ownselves, and they perceive (it) not. 124. And when there comes to them a sign (from Allâh) they say: "We shall not believe until we receive the like of that which the Messengers of Allâh had received." Allâh knows best with whom to place His Message. Humiliation and disgrace from Allâh and a severe torment will overtake the criminals (polytheists and sinners) for that which they used to plot.

فَمَنْ يُرِدْ اللَّهُ أَنْ يَهْدِيَهُ يَشْرَحْ صَدْرَهُ لِلْإِسْلَامِ وَمَنْ يُرِدْ أَنْ يُضِلَّهُ يَجْعَلْ صَدْرَهُ ضَيِّقًا حَرَجًا كَأَنَّمَا يَصْعَعُدُ فِي السَّمَاءِ كَذَلِكَ يَجْعَلُ اللَّهُ الرِّجْسَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٢٤﴾ وَهَذَا صِرَاطٌ رَبِّكَ مُسْتَقِيمًا قَدْ فَصَّلْنَا الْآيَاتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَذَّكَّرُونَ ﴿١٢٥﴾

He وَمَنْ that اللَّهُ wills يُرِدْ and whomsoever
 He opens يَشْرَحْ صَدْرَهُ for Islam the breast
 He lets him go يُضِلُّهُ that اللَّهُ wills يُرِدْ and whomsoever
 closed صَدْرَهُ He makes يَجْعَلُ حَرَجًا
 the كَأَنَّمَا as if يَصْعَعُدُ he is climbing فِي السَّمَاءِ to
 the كَذَلِكَ thus يَجْعَلُ Allah الرِّجْسَ the impurity
 and عَلَى الَّذِينَ those who لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٢٤﴾ believe وَهَذَا
 surely قَدْ Straight (of) your رَبِّكَ Way صِرَاطٌ this (is)
 for a people (who) لِقَوْمٍ the Signs الْآيَاتِ We have detailed
 take heed يَذَّكَّرُونَ ﴿١٢٥﴾

125. And whomsoever Allâh wills to guide, He opens his breast to Islâm; and whomsoever He wills to send astray, He makes his breast closed and constricted, as if he is climbing up to the sky. Thus Allâh puts the wrath on those who believe not. 126. And this is the path of your Lord (the Qur'ân and Islâm) leading straight. We have detailed Our Revelations for a people who take heed.

﴿١٢٧﴾ لَهُمْ دَارُ السَّلَامِ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ وَهُوَ وَلِيُّهُمْ بِمَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٢٨﴾ وَيَوْمَ يَجْمَعُهُمْ جَمِيعًا يَمْعَشَرُ الْجِنُّ قَدْ اسْتَكْبَرْتُمْ مِنَ الْإِنْسِ وَقَالَ أَوْلِيَاؤُهُمْ مِنَ الْإِنْسِ رَبَّنَا اسْتَمْتَعَ بَعْضُنَا بِبَعْضٍ وَبَلَّغْنَا آجَلَنَا الَّذِي أَجَلْتَ لَنَا قَالَ النَّارُ مَثْوًى لَكُمْ فَاصْبِرْ فِيهَا إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ اللَّهُ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ حَكِيمٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٢٩﴾

﴿١٢٧﴾ لَهُمْ دَارُ السَّلَامِ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ with (of) peace abode for them (is) and He will be their *Wali* (Helper and Protector) because of what they used to do. 128. And on the Day (when) they used to do ﴿١٢٨﴾ وَيَوْمَ يَجْمَعُهُمْ جَمِيعًا He will gather them together O you assembly of jinns قَدْ اسْتَكْبَرْتُمْ surely (of) jinns you have taken a lot their أَوْلِيَاؤُهُمْ and said (will say) وَقَالَ humans from الْإِنْسِ friends among الْإِنْسِ the humans رَبَّنَا our Lord and We have benefited بَعْضُنَا some of us from some بَلَّغْنَا and You had appointed أَجَلْتَ which our term أَجَلْنَا reached to خَالِدِينَ (is) your abode النَّارُ the Fire He said قَالَ for us therein abide forever إِلَّا except مَا what شاءَ willled اللَّهُ Allah إِنَّ indeed رَبَّكَ your Lord حَكِيمٌ (is) All-Wise عَلِيمٌ All-Knowing

127. For them will be the home of peace (Paradise) with their Lord. And He will be their *Wali* (Helper and Protector) because of what they used to do. 128. And on the Day when He will gather them (all) together (and say): "O you assembly of jinn! Many did you mislead of men," and their *Auliya'* (friends and helpers) amongst men will say: "Our Lord! We benefited one from the other, but now we have reached our appointed term which You did appoint for us." He will say: "The Fire be your dwelling place, you will dwell therein forever, except as Allâh may will. Certainly your Lord is All-Wise, All-Knowing."

وَكَذَلِكَ نُؤَيِّدُ بَعْضَ الظَّالِمِينَ بَعْضًا بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ ﴿١٢٩﴾ يَمْعَشَرُ الْجِنُّ وَالْإِنْسُ أَلْفَاظُهُمْ رُسُلٌ مِنْكُمْ يَقْضُونَ عَلَيْكُمْ مَا يَنْتَهِى وَيُسْذِرُونَكُمْ لِقَاءَ يَوْمِكُمْ هَذَا قَالُوا شَهِدْنَا عَلَى أَنْفُسِنَا وَغَرَّبْنَاهُمْ الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا وَشَهِدُوا عَلَى أَنْفُسِهِمْ أَنَّهُمْ كَانُوا كَافِرِينَ ﴿١٣٠﴾

وَكَذَلِكَ نُؤَيِّدُ بَعْضَ الظَّالِمِينَ some We make friends and thus ﴿١٢٩﴾ يَمْعَشَرُ الْجِنُّ وَالْإِنْسُ (of) the الظَّالِمِينَ some they used to كَانُوا for what بِمَا (of) some wrong-doers they used to يَكْسِبُونَ ﴿١٣٠﴾ يَمْعَشَرُ الْجِنُّ O assembly and (of) jinns

مُرْسَلٌ Messengers did not humans
 My Verses to you reciting from among you
 (of) your Day meeting and warning you (of)
 هَذَا قَالُوا this they said شَهِدْنَا we bear witness
 (of) the world life and deluded them
 themselves against and they did bear witness
 أَنَّهُمْ كَاذِبُونَ (they) were disbelievers

129. And thus We do make the *Zālimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers) *Auliya'* (supporters and helpers) of one another (in committing crimes), because of that which they used to earn. 130. O you assembly of jinn and Mankind! "Did not there come to you Messengers from amongst you, reciting unto you My Verses and warning you of the Meeting of this Day of yours?" They will say: "We bear witness against ourselves." It was the life of this world that deceived them. And they will bear witness against themselves that they were disbelievers.

ذَٰلِكَ أَن لَّمْ يَكُن رَّبُّكَ مُهْلِكَ الْقُرَىٰ بِظُلْمٍ وَأَهْلُهَا غَفْلُونَ ﴿١٢٩﴾ وَلِكُلِّ دَرَجَةٍ مِّمَّا عَمِلُوا وَمَا رَبُّكَ بِغَافِلٍ عَمَّا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٣٠﴾ وَرَبُّكَ الْغَفِيُّ ذُو الرَّحْمَةِ إِنْ يَشَأْ يُذْهِبْكُمْ وَيَسْتَخْلِفْ مِنْ بَعْدِكُمْ مَا يَشَاءُ كَمَا أَنْشَأَكُمْ مِنْ ذُرِّيَّةٍ قَوْمٍ آخَرِينَ ﴿١٣١﴾

your Lord was not that this (is because)
 and unjustly the towns Who destroys
 and for every one (were) unaware their people
 and not they did for what (there are) ranks
 they of what (is) unaware your Lord
 Full (is) Self-Sufficient and your Lord do
 He takes you away He wills if of Mercy
 He whom after you and lets succeed
 offspring from He raised you as wills
 (of) other people

131. This is because your Lord would not destroy the (populations of) towns for their wrongdoing (i.e. associating others in worship along with Allâh) while their people were unaware (so the Messengers were sent). 132. For all there will be degrees (or ranks) according to what they did. And your Lord is not unaware of

what they do. 133. And your Lord is Rich (Free of all needs), full of Mercy; if He wills, He can destroy you, and in your place make whom He wills as your successors, as He raised you from the seed of other people.

إِنَّمَا تُوعَدُونَ لَآئِي وَمَا أَنتُمْ بِمُعْجِزِينَ ﴿١٣٣﴾ قُلْ يَقَوْمِ اعْمَلُوا عَلَىٰ مَكَاتِبِكُمْ إِنِّي عَامِلٌ فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ مَن تَكُونُ لَهُ عَقِيبَةُ الدَّارِ إِنَّهُ لَا يُفْلِحُ الظَّالِمُونَ ﴿١٣٤﴾ وَجَعَلُوا لِلَّهِ مِمَّا ذَرَأَ مِنَ الْحَرْثِ وَالْأَنْعَامِ نَصِيبًا فَقَالُوا هَذَا لِلَّهِ بِرِزْقِهِمْ وَهَذَا لِشُرَكَائِنَا فَمَا كَانَ لِشُرَكَائِهِمْ فَلَا يَصِلُ إِلَى اللَّهِ وَمَا كَانَ لِلَّهِ فَهُوَ يَصِلُ إِلَىٰ شُرَكَائِهِمْ سَاءَ مَا يَحْكُمُونَ ﴿١٣٥﴾

إِنَّمَا (is) certainly مَا you are promised تُوعَدُونَ what (is) لَآئِي you are promised
 وَمَا and cannot أَنتُمْ you بِمُعْجِزِينَ ﴿١٣٣﴾ disable
 قُلْ (Allah) يَقَوْمِ O people اعْمَلُوا in عَلَىٰ work مَكَاتِبِكُمْ your
 فَسَوْفَ (am) at work عَامِلٌ verily I (too) إِنِّي place
 تَعْلَمُونَ soon (of) the House (Paradise) الدَّارِ whom تَكُونُ you will know
 لَهُ will be عَقِيبَةُ for him لَا indeed إِنَّهُ (of) the House (Paradise) الدَّارِ reward
 وَجَعَلُوا the wrong-doers الظَّالِمُونَ ﴿١٣٤﴾ succeed
 وَمِمَّا ذَرَأَ of what He has created مِنَ of the الْحَرْثِ of the أَنْعَامِ to Allah
 وَفَقَالُوا a share نَصِيبًا and the cattle وَالْأَنْعَامِ tilth
 وَهَذَا (is) for Allah لِلَّهِ this هَذَا
 is لِشُرَكَائِنَا this (is) for our partners فَمَا but what كَانَ is
 لِشُرَكَائِهِمْ (of Allah) reaches يَصِلُ does not فَلَا for their partners
 إِلَى (to) Allah وَمَا and what كَانَ is لِلَّهِ for Allah فَهُوَ
 reaches يَصِلُ that (to) شُرَكَائِهِمْ (of Allah) their partners
 سَاءَ (is) what مَا they judge يَحْكُمُونَ ﴿١٣٥﴾ evil

134. Surely, that which you are promised, will verily, come to pass, and you cannot escape (from the punishment of Allâh). 135. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "O my people! Work according to your way, surely, I too am working (in my way), and you will come to know for which of us will be the (happy) end in the Hereafter. Certainly the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers) will not be successful." 136. And they assign to Allâh a share of the tilth and cattle which He has created, and they say: "This is for Allâh" according to their claim, "and this is for our (Allâh's so-called) partners." But the share of their (Allâh's so-called) "partners" reaches not Allâh, while the share of Allâh reaches their (Allâh's so-called) "partners"! Evil is the way they judge!

وَكَذَٰلِكَ زَيَّنَ لِكَثِيرٍ مِّنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ قَتْلَ أَوْلَادِهِمْ شُرَكَّاؤُهُمْ لِيُرْذُوهُمْ
وَلِيَلْجِسُوا عَلَيْهِمْ دِينَهُمْ وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ مَا فَعَلُوهُ فَذَرْهُمْ وَمَا يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿١٣٧﴾ وَقَالُوا هَذِهِ
أَنْعَمُ حَبْرٌ لَا يَطْعُمُهَا إِلَّا مَنْ نَّشَاءَ بِرَعْمِهِمْ وَأَنْعَمُ حُرِّمَتْ ظُهُورُهَا وَأَنْعَمُ لَا يَذْكُرُونَ أَسْمَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهَا
أَفْرَآءَ عَلَيْهِمْ سَيَجْزِيهِمْ بِمَا كَانُوا يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿١٣٨﴾

وَكَذَٰلِكَ زَيَّنَ and likewise زَيَّنَ made fair-seeming لِكَثِيرٍ many
of many of the polytheists الْمُشْرِكِينَ of قَتْلَ the polytheists killing
of their children شُرَكَّاؤُهُمْ (of) their partners (of Allah) لِيُرْذُوهُمْ
and so that they confound وَلِيَلْجِسُوا that they ruin them
had willed شَاءَ and if وَلَوْ (regarding) their religion دِينَهُمْ
so leave فَذَرْهُمْ they would have done it فَعَلُوهُ not
and they said وَقَالُوا they fabricate يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿١٣٧﴾ and what وَمَا them
these هَذِهِ أَنْعَمُ cattle وَحَرَّتْ and crops حَبْرٌ (are) forbidden
none يَطْعُمُهَا should eat them إِلَّا except مَنْ whom نَّشَاءَ we
will بِرَعْمِهِمْ as they presume وَأَنْعَمُ and cattle حُرِّمَتْ (are)
forbidden ظُهُورُهَا their backs وَأَنْعَمُ cattle لَا and لا يَذْكُرُونَ do not
they pronounce أَسْمَ name اللَّهِ (of) Allah عَلَيْهَا on it أَفْرَآءَ
He will سَيَجْزِيهِمْ against Him (Allah) عَلَيْهِ false fabrication
to يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿١٣٨﴾ they used كَانُوا for what بِمَا recompense them
fabricate

137. And so to many of the *Mushrikûn* (polytheists) their (Allâh's so-called) "partners" have made fair-seeming the killing of their children, in order to lead them to their own destruction and cause confusion in their religion. And if Allâh had willed, they would not have done so. So leave them alone with their fabrications. 138. And according to their claim, they say that such and such cattle and crops are forbidden, and none should eat of them except those whom we allow. And (they say) there are cattle forbidden to be used for burden (or any other work), and cattle on which (at slaughtering) the Name of Allâh is not pronounced; lying against Him (Allâh). He will recompense them for what they used to fabricate.

وَقَالُوا مَا فِي بُطُونِ هَذِهِ الْأَنْعَمِ خَالِصَةٌ يَذْكُرُونَنَا وَنُحَرِّمُ عَلَى أَزْوَاجِنَا وَإِنْ يَكُن مِّمَّنَّ فَهُمْ فِيهِ
شُرَكَاءُ سَيَجْزِيهِمْ وَصَفَّهُمْ إِنَّهُ حَكِيمٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٣٩﴾ قَدْ خَسِرَ الَّذِينَ قَتَلُوا أَوْلَادَهُمْ سَفَهًا بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ
وَحَرَّمُوا مَا رَزَقَهُمُ اللَّهُ افْتِرَاءً عَلَى اللَّهِ قَدْ ضَلُّوا وَمَا كَانُوا مُهْتَدِينَ ﴿١٤٠﴾

وَقَالُوا مَا فِيهِ (of) bellies بَطُونِ (is) in what مَا and they said وَقَالُوا these for our males لَنَا مَالِكٌ is exclusively خَالِصَةً cattle وَالْحَرَامُ but if وَإِنْ our females أَزْوَاجَنَا and forbidden عَلَيْنَ it is مَيِّتَةً dead فَهُمْ then they فِيهِ (are) in it (therein) شُرَكَاءُ (for) their وَصَفَهُمْ He will recompense them سَيَجْزِيهِمْ partners إِنَّهُ attribution (is) All-Wise حَكِيمٌ indeed He قَدْ All-Knowing those who الَّذِينَ suffered loss خَسِرَ certainly قَتَلُوا أولادَهُمْ killed their children سَفَهًا foolishly بِغَيْرِ without عِلْمٍ knowledge وَحَرَمُوا and they made unlawful مَا what رَزَقَهُمُ اللهُ اللَّهُ sustenance provided them أَفَرَأَى inventing a lie عَلَى and they have gone astray ضَلُّوا surely قَدْ Allah against كَانُوا they are مُهْتَدِينَ not

139. And they say: "What is in the bellies of such and such cattle (milk or foetus) is for our males alone, and forbidden to our females (girls and women), but if it is born dead, then all have shares therein." He will punish them for their attribution (of such false orders to Allâh). Verily, He is All-Wise, All-Knower. 140. Indeed lost are they who have killed their children, foolishly, without knowledge, and have forbidden that which Allâh has provided for them, inventing a lie against Allâh. They have indeed gone astray and were not guided.

وَهُوَ الَّذِي أَنشَأَ جَنَّاتٍ مَّعْرُوشَاتٍ وَغَيْرَ مَعْرُوشَاتٍ وَالنَّخْلَ وَالزَّرْعَ مُخْتَلِفًا أَكْلُهُمُ وَالزَّيْتُونَ وَالرَّيَاحَاتُ مُتَشَابِهًا وَغَيْرَ مُتَشَابِهٍ كُلُّوا مِنْ ثَمَرِهِ إِذَا أَثْمَرَ وَامَّاوُا حَقَّهُ يَوْمَ حَصَادِهِ وَلَا تُشْرِفُوا عَلَيْهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُسْرِفِينَ وَمِمَّنْ أَلْأَنَعِمَ حَمُولَةً وَفَرْشًا كُلُّوا مِمَّا رَزَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا خُطُوَاتِ الشَّيْطَانِ إِنَّهُ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌّ مُبِينٌ

وَهُوَ الَّذِي who أَنشَأَ brought into being جَنَّاتٍ gardens مَّعْرُوشَاتٍ and not وَغَيْرَ trellised مَعْرُوشَاتٍ and the date-palm وَالزَّرْعَ (of) varying مُخْتَلِفًا crops أَكْلُهُمُ tastes وَالزَّيْتُونَ and the olive وَالرَّيَاحَاتُ and pomegranates مُتَشَابِهًا and not مُتَشَابِهٍ resembling كُلُّوا eat مِنْ its fruit ثَمَرِهِ إِذَا when أَثْمَرَ it bears fruit حَقَّهُ and give يَوْمَ its due حَصَادِهِ (of) its harvest وَلَا (do not)

like **تُسْرِفُوا** does not **لَا** indeed He **إِكُمْ** exceed the limits **الْمُسْرِفِينَ** the **وَمِنَ** and of **وَمِنَ** those who exceed limits **وَفَرَسَاتٍ** and to be laid on **وَفَرَسَاتٍ** for burden **حَوَالَهُ** cattle (are some) Allah **اللَّهُ** provided you **رَزَقَكُمْ** that what **مِمَّا** eat **كُلُوا** ground **وَلَا** (of) **الْأَشْيَاطِ** footsteps **تَتَّبِعُوا** you follow **وَلَا** and do not **إِنَّهُ** Satan **لَكُمْ** indeed he **عَدُوٌّ** to you **مُتَّبِعِينَ** (is) open **مُتَّبِعِينَ** enemy

141. And it is He Who produces gardens trellised and untrellised, and date palms, and crops of different shape and taste (their fruits and their seeds) and olives, and pomegranates, similar (in kind) and different (in taste). Eat of their fruit when they ripen, but pay the due thereof (their *Zakât*, according to Allâh's Orders, 1/10th or 1/20th) on the day of their harvest, and waste not by extravagance. Verily, He likes not *Al-Musrifîn* (those who waste by extravagance), 142. And of the cattle (are some) for burden (like camel) and (some are) small (unable to carry burden like sheep and goats for food, meat, milk and wool). Eat of what Allâh has provided for you, and follow not the footsteps of *Shaitân* (Satan). Surely, he is to you an open enemy.

ثَمَانِيَةَ أَزْوَاجٍ مِّنَ الضَّأْنِ اثْنَيْنِ وَمِنَ الْمَعْزِ اثْنَيْنِ قُلْ مَّا الذَّكَرَيْنِ حَرَّمَ أَمِ الْأُنثَيَيْنِ أَمَّا اشْتَمَلَتْ عَلَيْهِ أَرْحَامُ الْأُنثَيَيْنِ نُبَيِّنُ لَكُمْ إِن كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ **وَمِنَ الْإِبِلِ اثْنَيْنِ وَمِنَ الْبَقَرِ اثْنَيْنِ قُلْ مَّا الذَّكَرَيْنِ حَرَّمَ أَمِ الْأُنثَيَيْنِ أَمَّا اشْتَمَلَتْ عَلَيْهِ أَرْحَامُ الْأُنثَيَيْنِ أَمْ كُنْتُمْ شُهَدَاءَ إِذْ وَصَّيْكُمْ اللَّهُ بِهَذَا فَمَن أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا لِّيُضِلَّ النَّاسَ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِينَ**

and two **ثَمَانِيَةَ أَزْوَاجٍ** eight **مِّنَ** (in) pairs **الضَّأْنِ** of **اثْنَيْنِ** sheep **وَمِنَ** has the two **الْمَعْزِ** the **اثْنَيْنِ** goats **قُلْ** two **مَّا الذَّكَرَيْنِ** say **أَمْ** the two females **الْأُنثَيَيْنِ** or **أَمْ** He has forbidden **حَرَّمَ** males **أَمْ** (of) the two **الْأُنثَيَيْنِ** wombs **أَرْحَامُ** which **عَلَيْهِ** contain **أَمْ** or **كُنْتُمْ** if **إِنْ** with knowledge **نُبَيِّنُ** tell me **ثَمَانِيَةَ أَزْوَاجٍ** females **وَمِنَ** are **الْإِبِلِ** and of **اثْنَيْنِ** the camels **وَمِنَ** **الْبَقَرِ** and of **اثْنَيْنِ** the cows **قُلْ** two **مَّا الذَّكَرَيْنِ** say **أَمْ** the two females **الْأُنثَيَيْنِ** or **أَمْ** He has forbidden **حَرَّمَ** two males **أَمْ** (of) the two **الْأُنثَيَيْنِ** wombs **أَرْحَامُ** which **عَلَيْهِ** contain **أَمْ** or **كُنْتُمْ** when **إِذْ** witnesses **شُهَدَاءَ** were you **أَمْ** or **كُنْتُمْ** females

swine (pork); for that surely, is impure or impious (unlawful) meat (of an animal) which is slaughtered as a sacrifice for others than Allâh. But whosoever is forced by necessity without wilful disobedience, nor transgressing due limits; (for him) certainly, your Lord is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful."

وَعَلَى الَّذِينَ هَادُوا حَرَّمْنَا كُلَّ ذِي ظُفْرٍ وَمِنَ الْبَقَرِ وَالْغَنَمِ حَرَّمْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ شُحُومَهُمَا إِلَّا مَا حَمَلَتْ ظُهُورُهُمَا أَوْ الْحَوَايَا أَوْ مَا اخْتَلَطَ بِعَظْمٍ ذَلِكَ جَزَيْنَاهُمْ بِبَغْيِهِمْ وَإِنَّا لَصَادِقُونَ ﴿١٤٦﴾ فَإِنْ كَذَّبُوكَ فَقُلْ رَبُّكُمْ ذُو رَحْمَةٍ وَاسِعَةٍ وَلَا يُرَدُّ بَأْسُهُ عَنِ الْقَوْمِ الْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿١٤٧﴾

وَعَلَى الَّذِينَ هَادُوا those who were Jews حَرَّمْنَا and to كُلَّ forbade every (animal) ذِي ظُفْرٍ with claws وَمِنَ the cows الْبَقَرِ the sheep وَالْغَنَمِ حَرَّمْنَا We prohibited عَلَيْهِمْ We prohibited حَمَلَتْ what إِلَّا except their fat شُحُومَهُمَا to them ظُهُورُهُمَا or الْحَوَايَا or their backs أَوْ is mixed بِعَظْمٍ with bone ذَلِكَ thus جَزَيْنَاهُمْ We recompensed them بِبَغْيِهِمْ for their rebellion وَإِنَّا verily we لَصَادِقُونَ ﴿١٤٦﴾ (are) truthfull and if كَذَّبُوكَ they deny you فَقُلْ say رَبُّكُمْ your Lord ذُو (is) Owner of وَاسِعَةٍ Mercy Vast وَلَا but is not يُرَدُّ His punishment from الْقَوْمِ الْمُجْرِمِينَ people guilty ﴿١٤٧﴾

146. And unto those who are Jews, We forbade every (animal) with undivided hoof, and We forbade them the fat of the ox and the sheep except what adheres to their backs or their entrails, or is mixed up with a bone. Thus We recompensed them for their rebellion (committing crimes like murdering the Prophets and eating of *Ribâ*). And verily, We are Truthful. 147. If they (Jews) belie you (Muhammad ﷺ) say: "Your Lord is the Owner of vast mercy, and never will His Wrath be turned back from the people who are *Mujrimûn*."

سَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا لَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ مَا أَشْرَكْنَا وَلَا آبَاؤُنَا وَلَا حَرَمْنَا مِنْ شَيْءٍ كَذَلِكَ كَذَّبَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ حَتَّى دَاوُوا بِأَسْنَأَ قُلْ هَلْ عِنْدَكُمْ مِنْ عِلْمٍ فَتُخْرِجُوهُ لَوْلَا تَنْبِئُوتُ إِلَّا الظَّنَّ وَإِنْ أَنْتُمْ إِلَّا تَخْرُصُونَ ﴿١٤٨﴾

سَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ will say الَّذِينَ those who أَشْرَكُوا made partners with Allah لَوْ if شَاءَ had willed اللَّهُ Allah مَا neither أَشْرَكْنَا We would have

nor our forefathers مَا بَاؤُنَا nor made partners with Allah
 حَرَمْنَا anything مِنْ شَيْءٍ We would have prohibited
 (were) before those who الَّذِينَ denied كَذَّبَ likewise
 say قُل Our punishment بَأْسُنَا they tasted ذَاقُوا until حَتَّى them
 هَلْ is عِنْدَكُمْ (there) with you مِنْ عِلْمٍ any knowledge فَتُخْرِجُوهُ
 you do follow تَتَّبِعُونَ not إِنْ to us لَّا which you can provide
 but إِلَّا you are أَنْتُمْ and not وَإِنْ conjecture أَلْظَنُّ but
 guessing تَحْضُونُ ﴿١٤٨﴾

148. Those who took partners (in worship) with Allâh will say: "If Allâh had willed, we would not have taken partners (in worship) with Him, nor would our fathers, and we would not have forbidden anything (against His Will)." Likewise belied those who were before them, (they argued falsely with Allâh's Messengers), till they tasted Our Wrath. Say: "Have you any knowledge (proof) that you can produce before us? Verily, you follow nothing but guess and you do nothing but lie."

قُلْ فَلِلَّهِ الْحُجَّةُ الْبَالِغَةُ فَلَوْ شَاءَ لَهَدَيْتُكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿١٤٩﴾ قُلْ هَلُمْ شُهَدَاءُ كُمُ الَّذِينَ يَشْهَدُونَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ حَرَّمَ هَذَا إِنْ شَهِدُوا فَلَا تَشْهَدُ مَعَهُمْ وَلَا تَتَّبِعْ أَهْوَاءَ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَالَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ وَهُمْ بِرَبِّهِمْ يَعْدِلُونَ ﴿١٥٠﴾

قُلْ say فَلِلَّهِ Allah has الْحُجَّةُ argument الْبَالِغَةُ conclusive فَلَوْ and
 هَدَيْتُكُمْ He would have guided you أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿١٤٩﴾ He willed شَاءَ
 قُلْ say هَلُمْ bring شُهَدَاءُ كُمُ your witnesses الَّذِينَ who يَشْهَدُونَ
 then إِنْ this has prohibited حَرَّمَ Allah اللَّهُ that أَنْ testify
 with مَعَهُمْ you testify تَشْهَدُ do not فَلَا they testify if شَهِدُوا
 (of) الَّذِينَ desires أَهْوَاءَ you follow تَتَّبِعْ and do not وَلَا them
 and those الَّذِينَ Our Signs بِآيَاتِنَا have rejected كَذَّبُوا those who
 and وَهُمْ in the Hereafter بِالْآخِرَةِ believe يُؤْمِنُونَ do not لَا who
 set up equals يَعْدِلُونَ ﴿١٥٠﴾ with their Lord رَبِّهِمْ they

149. Say: "With Allâh is the perfect proof and argument, (i.e. the Oneness of Allâh, the sending of His Messengers and His Holy Books, to mankind); had He so willed, He would indeed have guided you all." 150. Say: "Bring forward your witnesses, who can testify that Allâh has forbidden this." Then if they testify,

testify not you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) with them. And you should not follow the vain desires of such as treat Our *Ayât* as falsehoods, and such as believe not in the Hereafter, and they hold others as equal (in worship) with their Lord.

﴿قُلْ تَكَاَلَوْا أَنَّىٰ مَا حَرَّمَ رَبُّكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ أَلَّا تُشْرِكُوا بِهِ شَيْئًا وَبِالْوَالِدَيْنِ إِحْسَانًا وَلَا تَقْتُلُوا أَوْلَادَكُمْ مِنْ أَمَلَتْكُمْ عَنْ نَرْزُقْكُمْ وَإِنَّهِنَّ وَرَاقَاتٌ وَلَا تَقْرَبُوا الْفَوَاحِشَ مَا ظَهَرَ مِنْهَا وَمَا بَطَنٌ وَلَا تَقْتُلُوا النَّفْسَ الَّتِي حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ ذَٰلِكُمْ وَصَنَّمُ بِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١٥١﴾﴾

﴿قُلْ تَكَاَلَوْا﴾ say come أَنَّىٰ I shall recite مَا what حَرَّمَ has prohibited رَبُّكُمْ your Lord عَلَيْكُمْ to you أَلَّا that do not تُشْرِكُوا you associate بِهِ with Him شَيْئًا anything وَبِالْوَالِدَيْنِ and with إِحْسَانًا parents do good وَلَا do not تَقْتُلُوا you kill أَوْلَادَكُمْ your children مِنْ (for fear) أَمَلَتْكُمْ poverty نَرْزُقْكُمْ We provide sustenance for you وَإِنَّهِنَّ and for them وَرَاقَاتٌ committed secretly بَطَنٌ or that مَا shameful deeds ظَهَرَ that committed openly مِنْهَا of these وَمَا which a life النَّفْسَ you kill تَقْتُلُوا and do not تَقْتُلُوا Allah forbidden إِلَّا except بِالْحَقِّ in a just cause ذَٰلِكُمْ this وَصَنَّمُ He has commanded you بِهِ so that you may لَعَلَّكُمْ of it تَعْقِلُونَ understand ﴿١٥١﴾﴾

151. Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم): "Come, I will recite what your Lord has prohibited you from: Join not anything in worship with Him; be good and dutiful to your parents; kill not your children because of poverty" — We provide sustenance for you and for them" Come not near to *Al-Fawâhish* (shameful sins and illegal sexual intercourse) whether committed openly or secretly; and kill not anyone whom Allâh has forbidden, except for a just cause (according to Islâmic law). This He has commanded you that you may understand."

﴿وَلَا تَقْرَبُوا مَالَ الْيَتِيمِ إِلَّا بِالَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ حَتَّىٰ يَبْلُغَ أَشُدَّهُ وَأَوْفُوا بِالْعَهْدِ ۚ إِنَّكُمْ لَفِي ذَٰلِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿١٥٢﴾﴾ وَأَنَّ هَٰذَا صِرَاطِي مُسْتَقِيمًا فَاتَّبِعُوهُ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا السُّبُلَ فَتَفَرَّقَ بِكُمْ عَنْ سَبِيلِهِ ذَٰلِكُمْ وَصَنَّمُ بِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١٥٣﴾﴾

(of) the **الْيَتِيمَ** wealth **مَالٍ** draw near **وَاتَّقُوا** and do not **وَلَا**
 orphan **إِلَّا** except **إِلَّا** with that **بِأَلَيْهِ** (is) better **أَحْسَنُ** which **هِيَ**
 and give full **وَأَوْفُوا** his maturity **أَشُدَّهُ** he reaches **يَلْعَ** until
 do **لَا** with justice **بِالْقِسْطِ** and weight **وَالْإِيزَانَ** measure **الْكَيْلَ**
 to his capacity **وَسَعَهَا** but **إِلَّا** anyone **نَفْسًا** We burden **تُكَلِّفُ** not
وَإِذَا and when **فُلْتُمْ** you speak **فَاعْدِلُوا** be just **وَلَوْ** even if **كَانَ**
 (of) Allah **اللَّهُ** and the Covenant **وَبِعَهْدٍ** a relative **ذَا قُرْبَىٰ** he is
 of **بِهِ** He has commanded you **وَصَنَّكُمْ** this **ذَلِكَ** you fulfil **أَوْفُوا**
 and that **وَأَن** take heed **تَذَكَّرُوا** so that you may **لَعَلَّكُمْ** it
وَلَا so follow it **فَاتَّبِعُوهُ** Straight **مُسْتَقِيمًا** (is) My Way **صِرَاطِي** this
 lest they **فَنَفَرَقَ** (other) paths **الْأَسْبُلَ** you follow **تَتَّبِعُوا** and do not
 He **وَصَنَّكُمْ** this **ذَلِكَ** His Path **سَبِيلِي** from **عَنْ** you **يَكُفُّ** scatter
تَنْفَقُونَ so that you may **لَعَلَّكُمْ** of it **بِهِ** has commanded you
 become pious

152. “And come not near to the orphan’s property, except to improve it, until he (or she) attains the age of full strength; and give full measure and full weight with justice.” — We burden not any person, but that which he can bear — “And whenever you give your word (i.e. judge between men or give evidence), say the truth even if a near relative is concerned, and fulfil the Covenant of Allâh. This He commands you, that you may remember.” **153.** “And verily, this (i.e. Allâh’s Commandments mentioned in the above two Verses 151 and 152) is My straight path, so follow it, and follow not (other) paths, for they will separate you away from His path. This He has ordained for you that you may become *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious).”

ثُمَّ آتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْكِتَابَ تَمَامًا عَلَى الَّذِي أَحْسَنَ وَتَفْصِيلًا لِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَةً لِّعَلَّهُمْ يُلْقَاَهُ ذَلِكُمُ الْيَوْمَ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٥٠﴾ وَهَذَا كِتَابٌ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ مُبَارَكٌ فَاتَّبِعُوهُ وَاتَّقُوا لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ ﴿١٥١﴾ أَنْ تَقُولُوا إِنَّمَا أَنْزَلَ الْكِتَابَ عَلَى طَائِفَتَيْنِ مِنْ قُلِينَا وَإِنْ كُنَّا عَنْ دِرَاسَتِهِمْ لَغَفِيلِينَ ﴿١٥٢﴾

ثُمَّ مَا آتَيْنَا then We gave موسى the Book the Book
 عَلَى complete (Our Favour) him who أَحْسَنَ did good
 لِكُلِّ and explain (for) every شَيْءٍ thing
 وَرَحْمَةً a guidance and لَعَلَّهُمْ so that they may
 يَهْتَدُوا in

and وَهَذَا they believe يُؤْمِنُونَ their Lord رَبِّهِمْ meeting with this كِتَابُ (is) a Book أَنْزَلْنَاهُ which We have sent down مُبَارَكٌ so that فَاتَّبِعُوهُ and fear (Allah) وَأَتَّقُوا so follow it and lest أَنْ be shown mercy تَرْحَمُونَ you may only أَنْزَلَ the Book الْكِتَابُ was sent down عَلَى to طَائِفَتَيْنِ the Book was sent down only from قَبْلَنَا groups وَإِن before us and indeed كُنَّا and indeed we were عَنْ from we were UNWARE لَغَفْلِينَ their study

154. Then, We gave Mûsâ (Moses) the Book, to complete (Our Favour) upon those who would do right, and explaining all things in detail and a guidance and a mercy that they might believe in the Meeting with their Lord. 155. And this is a blessed Book (the Qur'ân) which We have sent down, so follow it and fear Allâh (i.e. do not disobey His Orders), that you may receive mercy (i.e. saved from the torment of Hell). 156. Lest you (pagan Arabs) should say: "The Book was sent down only to two sects before us (the Jews and the Christians), and for our part, we were in fact unaware of what they studied."

أَوْ تَقُولُوا لَوْ أَنَّا أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا الْكِتَابُ لَكُنَّا أَهْدَىٰ مِنْهُمْ فَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ بَيِّنَةٌ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَةٌ فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنْ كَذَبَ بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ وَصَدَفَ عَنْهَا سَنَجْزِي الَّذِينَ يَصْدِفُونَ عَنْ آيَاتِنَا سُوءَ الْعَذَابِ بِمَا كَانُوا يَصْدِفُونَ ﴿١٥٦﴾ هَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَّا أَنْ تَأْتِيَهُمُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ أَوْ يَأْتِيَ رَبُّكَ أَوْ يَأْتِيَ بَعْضُ آيَاتِ رَبِّكَ لَا يَنْفَعُ نَفْسًا إِمْتِنَانًا تَمَنَّى أَوْ مَأْمَنَةٌ مِنْ قَبْلُ أَوْ كَسَبَتْ فِي إِيمَانِهَا خَيْرًا قُلِ انْظُرُوا إِنَّا مُنْظِرُونَ ﴿١٥٧﴾

or تَقُولُوا you say لَوْ if أَنَّا verily أَنْزَلَ was sent down عَلَيْنَا better أَهْدَىٰ we would have been لَكُنَّا the Book الْكِتَابُ to us فَقَدْ surely جَاءَكُمْ has come to you بَيِّنَةٌ guided مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ from رَبِّكُمْ your Lord وَهُدًى and a guidance وَرَحْمَةٌ more unjust أَظْلَمُ who is then فَمَنْ and a mercy وَصَدَفَ (of) Allah Signs رَجَاكَ rejected كَذَبَ he who turned away عَنْهَا from them سَنَجْزِي We shall requite الَّذِينَ (evil) Our Signs مِنْ turn away يَصْدِفُونَ who severe torment بِمَا for what كَانُوا they used to يَصْدِفُونَ they used to turn away هَلْ are يَنْظُرُونَ they waiting إِلَّا except أَنْ that تَأْتِيَهُمُ the angels الْمَلَائِكَةُ come to them أَوْ or يَأْتِيَ رَبُّكَ your Lord

أو يَأْتِ some come بَعْضُ Signs رَبِّكَ (of) your Lord يَوْمَ (of) your Lord يَأْتِ some come بَعْضُ Signs رَبِّكَ (of) your Lord لَا not يَنْفَعُ will benefit نَفْسًا a soul إِيَّاهَا its belief لَمْ not earned كَسَبَتْ or أو before مِنْ قَبْلُ believed مَأْمَنَتْ it had تَكُنْ through إِيْمَانِكُمْ its faith خَيْرًا good قُلْ say قُلْ أَنْتُمْ أَنْتُمْ (are) waiting مُنْتَظِرُونَ ﴿١٥٧﴾

157. Or lest you (pagan Arabs) should say: "If only the Book had been sent down to us, we would surely, have been better guided than they (Jews and Christians)." So now has come unto you a clear proof (the Qur'ân) from your Lord, and a guidance and a mercy. Who then does more wrong than one who rejects the Ayât of Allâh and turns away therefrom? We shall requite those who turn away from Our Ayât with an evil torment, because of their turning away (from them). 158. Do they then wait for anything other than that the angels should come to them, or that your Lord (Allâh) should come, or that some of the Signs of your Lord should come (i.e. portents of the Hour, e.g., rising of the sun from the west)! The day that some of the Signs of your Lord do come, no good will it do to a person to believe then, if he believed not before, nor earned good (by performing deeds of righteousness) through his Faith. Say: "Wait you! we (too) are waiting."

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ فَرَّقُوا دِينَهُمْ وَكَانُوا شِيَعًا لَسْتَ مِنْهُمْ فِي شَيْءٍ إِنَّمَا أَمْرُهُمْ إِلَى اللَّهِ ثُمَّ يُنَبِّئُهُمْ بِمَا كَانُوا يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿١٥٧﴾ مَنْ جَاءَ بِالْحَسَنَةِ فَلَهُ عَشْرُ أَمْثَالِهَا وَمَنْ جَاءَ بِالسَّيِّئَةِ فَلَا يُجْزَى إِلَّا مِثْلَهَا وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ﴿١٥٨﴾ قُلْ إِنِّي هَدَانِي رَبِّي إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ دِينًا قِيَمًا مِلَّةَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ حَنِيفًا وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿١٥٩﴾

إِنَّ indeed الَّذِينَ those who فَرَّقُوا split up دِينَهُمْ their religion وَكَانُوا with and became شِيَعًا factions لَسْتَ you have no concern وَمِنْهُمْ (is) their case إِلَى verily إِنَّمَا the least مِنْهُمْ in فِي them اللَّهُ Allah ثُمَّ then يُنَبِّئُهُمْ He will tell them بِمَا what كَانُوا with they had been يَفْعَلُونَ doing مَنْ who جَاءَ came بِالْحَسَنَةِ came a good deed فَلَهُ he will have عَشْرُ ten أَمْثَالِهَا times like thereof وَمَنْ and who جَاءَ came بِالسَّيِّئَةِ with an evil deed فَلَا will not be يُجْزَى he rewarded إِلَّا but (with) مِثْلَهَا like thereof وَهُمْ and they يُظْلَمُونَ not قُلْ will be wronged إِنِّي indeed هَدَانِي has

Straight مُسْتَقِيمَ a Way صِرَاطٍ to إِلَى my Lord رَبِّ guided me
the حَنِيفًا (of) Abraham إِبْرَاهِيمَ way مِلَّةَ a right religion
the polytheists الْمُشْرِكِينَ of مِنْ he was كَانَ and not وَمَا upright

159. Verily, those who divide their religion and break up into sects (all kinds of religious sects), you (O Muhammad ﷺ) have no concern in them in the least. Their affair is only with Allâh, Who then will tell them what they used to do. 160. Whoever brings a good deed shall have ten times the like thereof to his credit, and whoever brings an evil deed shall have only the recompense of the like thereof, and they will not be wronged. 161. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "Truly, my Lord has guided me to a Straight Path, a right religion, the religion of Ibrâhîm (Abraham), Hanîfa and he was not of Al-Mushrikûn."

قُلْ إِنَّ صَلَاتِي وَنُسُكِي وَمَحْيَايَ وَمَمَاتِي لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٥٩﴾ لَا شَرِيكَ لَّهُ وَبِذَلِكَ أُمِرْتُ وَأَنَا أَوَّلُ الْمُسْلِمِينَ ﴿١٦٠﴾ قُلْ أَغْيَرُ
اللَّهُ أُنْبِيَ رَبًّا وَهُوَ رَبُّ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَلَا تَكْسِبُ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ إِلَّا عَلَيْهَا وَلَا نُزِدُ وَازِرَةً وَزِدْ أُخْرَى ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكُمْ مَرْجِعُكُمْ
فَيُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِمَا كُنتُمْ فِيهِ تَخْلِفُونَ ﴿١٦١﴾

قُلْ إِنَّ say إِنَّ surely صَلَاتِي my prayer وَنُسُكِي and my sacrifice وَمَحْيَايَ and my living
Lord رَبِّ (are) for Allah لِلَّهِ and my dying وَمَمَاتِي and my dying
الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٥٩﴾ (of) the worlds لَا (of) the worlds شَرِيكَ partner لَّهُ He has وَبِذَلِكَ
أُمِرْتُ and of this I have been commanded وَأَنَا I am أَوَّلُ and I am first
الْمُسْلِمِينَ ﴿١٦٠﴾ of those who surrender أَغْيَرُ say قُلْ of those who surrender
Allah أَنْبِيَ I seek رَبًّا a Lord وَهُوَ and He رَبُّ (is) Lord كُلِّ (is) Lord
every شَيْءٍ (of) every thing وَلَا and does not تَكْسِبُ earn كُلِّ every
نَفْسٍ soul إِلَّا but عَلَيْهَا against itself وَلَا and will not نُزِدُ and will not
وَازِرَةً bear a burden وَزِدْ bearer of burdens أُخْرَى burden (o) burden
your return مَرْجِعُكُمْ your Lord is رَبِّكُمْ to إِلَى then ثُمَّ another
يُنَبِّئُكُمْ and He will tell you بِمَا and He will tell you of what كُنتُمْ you had been
differing تَخْلِفُونَ ﴿١٦١﴾ wherein

162. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "Verily, my *Salât* (prayer), my sacrifice, my living, and my dying are for Allâh, the Lord of the 'Ālamîn. 163. "He has no partner. And of this I have been commanded, and I am the first of the Muslims." 164. Say: "Shall I seek a lord other than Allâh, while He is the Lord of all things?"

No person earns any (sin) except against himself (only), and no bearer of burdens shall bear the burden of another. Then unto your Lord is your return, so He will tell you that wherein you have been differing."

وَهُوَ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ الْأَرْضَ وَرَفَعَ بَعْضَكُمْ فَوْقَ بَعْضٍ دَرَجَاتٍ لِّيَبْلُوكُمْ فِي مَا آتَاكُمْ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ سَرِيعُ الْعِقَابِ وَإِنَّهُ لَغَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿١٦٥﴾

وَهُوَ (it is) He and الَّذِي Who جَعَلَ لَكُمُ has made you some of بَعْضَكُمْ and exalted وَرَفَعَ (of) the earth الْأَرْضِ inheritors that He may try لِّيَبْلُوكُمْ in ranks دَرَجَاتٍ others over بَعْضٍ you فَوْقَ you رَبَّكَ indeed إِنَّ He has given you مَا what آتَاكُمْ in you رَبِّكَ and He certainly وَلَئِنَّ (in) retribution الْعِقَابِ (is) Swift Lord سَرِيعُ and He certainly لَغَفُورٌ Most Merciful رَحِيمٌ (is) All-Forgiving

165. And it is He Who has made you generations coming after generations, replacing each other on the earth. And He has raised you in ranks, some above others that He may try you in that which He has bestowed on you. Surely, your Lord is Swift in retribution, and certainly He is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

سُورَةُ الْأَعْرَافِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

التَّص ﴿١﴾ كَتَبَ أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْكَ فَلَا يَكُنْ فِي صَدْرِكَ حَرَجٌ مِّنْهُ لِيُنْذِرَ بِهِ وَيُذَكِّرَ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٢﴾ اتَّبِعُوا مَا أَنْزَلَ وَإِلَيْكُمْ مِّنْ رَبِّكُمْ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا مِن دُونِهِ أَوْلِيَاءَ قَلِيلًا مَّا تَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿٣﴾ وَكَمْ مِّن قَرْيَةٍ أَهْلَكْنَاهَا فَجَاءَهَا بَأْسُنَا بَيِّنًا أَوْ هُمْ فَالِقُونَ ﴿٤﴾

التَّص ﴿١﴾ Alif-Lam-Mim-Sad كَتَبَ a Book أَنْزَلَ sent down إِلَيْكَ you فَلَا so let not يَكُنْ there be in صَدْرِكَ your breast حَرَجٌ that you may لِيُنْذِرَ from it مِّنْهُ a heaviness/straitness/narrowness وَيُذَكِّرَ with it لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ and (that it be) an admonition اتَّبِعُوا to the believers what أَنْزَلَ has been sent إِلَيْكُمْ down you تَتَّبِعُوا you follow مِن دُونِهِ besides Him أَوْلِيَاءَ (any) protectors قَلِيلًا it تَذَكَّرُونَ that وَمَا you remember وَكَمْ and how many مِّن

قَرِيبًا towns أَهْلَكْنَاهَا We destroyed them فَجَاءَهُمَا came to them بَاسُنَا
 Our Torment بَيْنَا by night أَوْ هُمْ (when) they قَابَلُوهُ (1) slept
 at noon

Sûrat 7. Al-A'râf

[The Heights (or The Wall with Elevations)]

In the Name of Allâh

the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

1. *Alif-Lâm-Mîm-Sâd.* [These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings.] 2. (This is the) Book (the Qur'ân) sent down unto you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), so let not your breast be narrow therefrom, that you warn thereby; and a reminder unto the believers. 3. [Say (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) to these idolaters (pagan Arabs) of your folk:] Follow what has been sent down unto you from your Lord, and follow not any *Auliya'*, besides Him (Allâh). Little do you remember! 4. And a great number of towns (their population) We destroyed (for their crimes). Our torment came upon them (suddenly) by night or while they were taking their midday nap.

فَمَا كَانَ دَعْوَانَهُمْ إِذْ جَاءَهُمْ بَاسُنَا إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا إِنَّا كُنَّا ظَالِمِينَ (٦) فَلَنَسْئَلَنَّ الَّذِينَ أُرْسِلَ إِلَيْهِمْ وَلَنَسْئَلَنَّ
 الْمُرْسَلِينَ (١) فَلَنَقْصُصَنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ (٧) وَالْوَزْنُ يَوْمَئِذٍ الْحَقُّ فَمَنْ ثَقُلَتْ مَوَازِينُهُ فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ
 الْمُفْلِحُونَ (٨)

فَمَا not كَانَ was دَعْوَانَهُمْ their plea إِذْ when جَاءَهُمْ came to them
 بَاسُنَا Our punishment إِلَّا but أَنْ that قَالُوا they said إِنَّا indeed
 كُنَّا We were ظَالِمِينَ wrong-doers (٦) فَلَنَسْئَلَنَّ We shall certainly
 الَّذِينَ those أُرْسِلَ (Our Message) was sent down إِلَيْهِمْ to them
 وَلَنَسْئَلَنَّ (١) and We shall certainly question الْمُرْسَلِينَ (٢)
 فَلَنَقْصُصَنَّ Messengers عَلَيْهِمْ then We shall narrate
 وَمَا knowledge and not كُنَّا we were عَابِدِينَ (٧) and الْوَزْنَ absent
 (will be) the true (weighing) يَوْمَئِذٍ the weighing الْحَقُّ that day
 فَمَنْ so who ثَقُلَتْ became heavy مَوَازِينُهُ his scale (of good)
 فَأُولَئِكَ those هُمُ they (will be) الْمُفْلِحُونَ (٨) the successful

5. No cry did they utter when Our Torment came upon them but this: "Verily, we were *Zâlimûn*." 6. Then surely, We shall question those (people) to whom it (the Book) was sent and verily, We shall question the Messengers. 7. Then surely, We shall narrate unto them (their whole story) with knowledge, and indeed We have not been absent. 8. And the weighing on that day (Day of Resurrection) will be the true (weighing). So as for those whose Scale (of good deeds) will be heavy, they will be the successful (by entering Paradise).

وَمَنْ خَفَّتْ مَوَازِينُهُ فَأُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ خَسِرُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ بِمَا كَانُوا بِآيَاتِنَا يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿٦﴾ وَلَقَدْ مَكَّنَّاكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَجَعَلْنَا لَكُمْ فِيهَا مَعْيِشًا قَلِيلًا مَا تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٧﴾ وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَاكُمْ ثُمَّ صَوَّرْنَاكُمْ ثُمَّ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَائِكَةِ اسْجُدُوا لِآدَمَ فَسَجَدُوا إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ لَمْ يَكُنْ مِنَ السَّاجِدِينَ ﴿٨﴾

وَمَنْ خَفَّتْ and who مَوَازِينُهُ became light his scale (of good) فَأُولَئِكَ upon themselves أَنْفُسَهُمْ incurred loss خَسِرُوا (are) who الَّذِينَ those بِمَا for كَانُوا they used to بِآيَاتِنَا with Our Signs يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿٦﴾ be unjust and surely مَكَّنَّاكُمْ in the We established you الْأَرْضِ on لَكُمْ and We made وَمَجَّلْنَا earth وَمَجَّلْنَا in it مَعْيِشًا for you لَكُمْ and We made قَلِيلًا a livelihood لَكُمْ that مَا little تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٧﴾ you give ثُمَّ We created you خَلَقْنَاكُمْ and surely وَلَقَدْ thanks ثُمَّ We gave you shape قُلْنَا then We said لِمَلَائِكَتِكَ to angels اسْجُدُوا prostrate لِآدَمَ to Adam فَسَجَدُوا except إِلَّا and they prostrated those who إِبْلِيسَ Iblis لَمْ not يَكُنْ he was مِنَ of السَّاجِدِينَ ﴿٨﴾ prostrated

9. And as for those whose Scale will be light, they are those who will lose their own selves (by entering Hell) because they denied and rejected Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.). 10. And surely, We gave you authority on the earth and appointed for you therein provisions (for your life). Little thanks do you give. 11. And surely, We created you (your father Adam) and then gave you shape (the noble shape of a human being); then We told the angels, "Prostrate yourselves to Adam", and they prostrated themselves, except *Iblîs* (*Satan*), he refused to be of those who prostrated themselves.

قَالَ مَا مَنَعَكَ آلَا تَسْجُدَ إِذْ أَمَرْتُكَ قَالَ أَنَا خَيْرٌ مِمَّنْ خَلَقْتَنِي مِنْ نَارٍ وَخَلَقْتَهُمْ مِنْ طِينٍ ﴿١٠﴾ قَالَ فَاهْبِطْ مِنْهَا فَمَا يَكُونُ لَكَ أَنْ تَتَكَبَّرَ فِيهَا فَاخْرُجْ إِنَّكَ مِنَ الصَّاغِرِينَ ﴿١١﴾ قَالَ أَنْظِرْنِي إِلَى يَوْمِ أَعُودُ قَالَ إِنَّكَ مِنَ الْمُنْظَرِينَ ﴿١٢﴾

قَالَ He said مَا what مَنَعَكَ prevented you أَلَّا that do not تَسْجُدَ I commanded you قَالَ he said أَنَا I am خَيْرٌ better مِنَهُ than him خَلَقَنِي You created me مِنَ from نَارٍ fire وَخَلَقْتُمُ and You created him مِنَ from طِينٍ clay قَالَ He said فَاقْبِطْ get down مِنَهَا from this مَا not يَكُونُ it is لَكَ for you أَن تَتَكَبَّرَ that you show arrogance فِيهَا in this فَاتَخَرَّجْ get out إِنَّكَ the disgraced ones الصَّغِيرِينَ of indeed you (are) أَنِاطِرِي reprieve me إِلَى till يَوْمِ the Day they are raised up يَوْمَ the Day they are raised up إِنَّكَ He said إِنَّكَ the reprieved النَّظِيرِينَ of indeed you (are) ones

12. (Allâh) said: "What prevented you (O *Iblîs*) that you did not prostrate yourself, when I commanded you?" *Iblîs* said: "I am better than him (Adam), You created me from fire, and him You created from clay." 13. (Allâh) said: "(O *Iblîs*) get down from this (Paradise), it is not for you to be arrogant here. Get out, for you are of those humiliated and disgraced." 14. (*Iblîs*) said: "Allow me respite till the Day they are raised up (i.e. the Day of Resurrection)." 15. (Allâh) said: "You are of those respited."

قَالَ فِيمَا آغَاوَيْتَنِي لِأَقْعُدَنَّ لَهُمْ صِرَاطَكَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ ثُمَّ لَآتِيَنَّهُمْ مِنْ بَيْنِ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ وَعَنْ أَيْمَنِهِمْ وَعَنْ شَمَائِلِهِمْ وَلَا يَجِدُ أَكْثَرَهُمْ شَاكِرِينَ قَالَ أَخْرَجَ مِنْهَا مَذْهُومًا وَمِمَّا مَدْحُورًا لَمَنْ يَبْعَكَ مِنْهُمْ لَأَمْلَأَنَّ جَهَنَّمَ مِنْكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ

قَالَ He said فِيمَا because that آغَاوَيْتَنِي You have sent me astray لِأَقْعُدَنَّ (on) Your صِرَاطَكَ for them لَهُمْ I would surely sit in ambush ثُمَّ Straight ثُمَّ لَآتِيَنَّهُمْ then I shall come to them مِنْ بَيْنِ أَيْدِيهِمْ from before them وَمِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ and from behind them وَعَنْ أَيْمَنِهِمْ and from their right وَعَنْ شَمَائِلِهِمْ and from their left وَلَا أَكْثَرَهُمْ You find أَكْثَرَهُمْ most of them شَاكِرِينَ grateful قَالَ He said أَخْرَجَ get out مِنْهَا from this مَذْهُومًا disgraced لَمَنْ expelled whoever يَبْعَكَ followed you مِنْهُمْ of them لَأَمْلَأَنَّ all أَجْمَعِينَ with you جَهَنَّمَ Hell

16. (*Iblîs*) said: "Because You have sent me astray, surely, I will sit in wait against them (human beings) on Your straight path. 17. "Then I will come to them from

فَدَّأَتْهُمَا but when فَلَمَّا with deceit يُرْمِدُ thus he led them (both) فَكُلَا to them لَمَّا was exposed بَدَتْ the tree الشَّجَرَةَ they both tasted and they began وَطَفِقَا their private parts سَوَّاهُمَا both (of) الْجَنَّةِ leaves وَرَقٍ with مِنْ themselves عَلَيْهِمَا covering did أَلَزَّ their Lord رَبَّهُمَا and called out to them وَكَادَتْهُمَا Paradise and أَنْهَكُمَا I forbid you عَنْ [from] تِلْكَمَا that الشَّجَرَةَ tree وَأَقْبَلَ (is) enemy عَدُوٌّ to you لَكُمَا Satan الشَّيْطَانُ verily إِنَّكُمْ you تَكُمَا tell we have فَكَلَّمَا our Lord رَبَّنَا they (both) said فَاتَّخَذَا open قُلُوبَهُمَا You forgive did not تَتَفَرَّقَا and if وَلَئِنْ ourselves أَشْكَا wronged we would certainly be لَنَكُونَنَّ and have Mercy on us وَرَبَّحْنَا us لَنَا of الْخَاسِرِينَ ﴿١٧﴾ the losers

22. So he misled them with deception. Then when they tasted of the tree, that which was hidden from them of their shame (private parts) became manifest to them and they began to cover themselves with the leaves of Paradise (in order to cover their shame). And their Lord called out to them (saying): "Did I not forbid you that tree and tell you: Verily, *Shaitân* (Satan) is an open enemy unto you?"

23. They said: "Our Lord! We have wronged ourselves. If You forgive us not, and bestow not upon us Your Mercy, we shall certainly be of the losers."

قَالَ أَهْبِطُوا بَعْضُكُمْ لِبَعْضٍ عَدُوٌّ وَلَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مُسْتَقَرٌّ وَمَتَاعٌ إِلَىٰ حِينٍ ﴿٢٥﴾ قَالَ فِيهَا تَحْيَوْنَ وَفِيهَا تَمُوتُونَ وَمِنْهَا تُخْرَجُونَ ﴿٢٦﴾ بَنِي آدَمَ قَدْ أَنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْكَ لِبَاسًا يُوْرِي سَوْءَٰكُمْ وَرِبَاسًا وَلِبَاسُ التَّقْوَىٰ ذَٰلِكَ خَيْرٌ ذَٰلِكَ مِنْ آيَاتِ اللَّهِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَذَّكَّرُونَ ﴿٢٧﴾

to some **بَعْضُكُمْ** some of you **أَهْبِطُوا** get down He said **قَالَ**
the earth **الْأَرْضِ** on **فِي** and for you **وَلَكُمْ** (are) enemy **عَدُوٌّ** (other)
مُسْقَرٌ **۞** **حِينَ** for **إِلَى** and a livelihood **وَمَتَّعُ** (is) a dwelling place **مُسْقَرٌ**
and in it **وَفِيهَا** you shall live **تَحْيَوْنَ** in it **فِيهَا** He said **قَالَ** a time
you shall be taken **تَمُوتُونَ** and from it **وَمِنْهَا** you shall die **تَمُوتُونَ**
We have sent **أَزَلْنَا** verily **مَدَّ** (of) Adam **مَادَمَ** O Children **يَبْنَى** out
your **عَلَيْكُمْ** which covers **بُورَى** clothing **لِيَأْسَا** to you **عَلَيْكُمْ** down
النَّقَوِي and garment **وَلِيَأْسَا** and (as an) adornment **وَرِبْشًا** private parts

(is) a Sign *مِنْ آيَاتِ* this *ذَلِكَ* (is) better *خَيْرٌ* that *ذَلِكَ* (of) piety
remember *يَذْكُرُونَ* so that they may *لَعَلَّهُمْ* (of) Allah *اللَّهُ*

24. (Allâh) said: "Get down, one of you an enemy to the other [i.e. Adam, Hawwâ, (Eve), and *Shaitân* (Satan)]. On earth will be a dwelling place for you and an enjoyment for a time." 25. He said: "Therein you shall live, and therein you shall die, and from it you shall be brought out (i.e. resurrected)." 26. O Children of Adam! We have bestowed raiment upon you to cover yourselves (screen your private parts) and as an adornment; and the raiment of righteousness, that is better. Such are among the *Ayât* of Allâh, that they may remember (i.e. leave falsehood and follow truth).

يَبْقَىٰ ءَادَمَ لَا يَفْتِنَنَّكُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ كَمَا أَخْرَجَ أَبَوَيْكُم مِّنَ الْجَنَّةِ يَنْزِعُ عَنْهُمَا لِبَاسَهُمَا لِيُرِيَهُمَا سَوْءَ بَيْتِهِمَا إِنَّهُ
يَرَبُّكُمْ هُوَ وَفِيهِمْ مِّنْ حَيْثُ لَا تَأْمُرُهُمْ إِنَّا جَمَعْنَا الشَّيَاطِينَ أَوْلِيَاءَ لِلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٢٧﴾ وَإِذَا فَعَلُوا فَحِشَةً قَالُوا وَجَدْنَا
عَلَيْهَا ءَابَاءَنَا وَاللَّهُ أَمَرَنَا بِهَا قُلْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَأْمُرُ بِالْفَحْشَاءِ اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٢٨﴾

seduce you *يَفْتِنَنَّكُمُ* let not *لَا* (of) Adam *ءَادَمَ* O Children *يَبْقَىٰ*
الشَّيْطَانُ Satan *كَمَا* as *أَخْرَجَ* he drove out *أَبَوَيْكُم* your parents *مِّنْ*
their *لِبَاسَهُمَا* them of *عَنْهُمَا* stripping *يَنْزِعُ* Paradise *الْجَنَّةِ* from
their private parts *لِيُرِيَهُمَا* to expose [to them] *سَوْءَ بَيْتِهِمَا* garments
إِنَّهُ indeed *يَرَبُّكُمْ* he does see you *هُوَ* and his host *وَفِيهِمْ* *مِّنْ حَيْثُ*
We have *جَمَعْنَا* verily *إِنَّا* you see them *تَأْمُرُهُمْ* do not *لَا* where
do not *لَا* of those who *أَوْلِيَاءَ* guardians *الشَّيَاطِينَ* devils *يَبْقَىٰ* made
some *فَعَلُوا* they do *وَإِذَا* believe *يُؤْمِنُونَ* ﴿٢٧﴾ and when
our *ءَابَاءَنَا* on it *عَلَيْهَا* we found *وَجَدْنَا* they say *قَالُوا* lewdness
say *قُلْ* of it *بِهَا* has commanded us *أَمَرَنَا* and Allah *وَاللَّهُ* fathers
of *بِالْفَحْشَاءِ* command *يَأْمُرُ* does not *لَا* Allah *اللَّهُ* certainly *إِنَّ*
عَلَى do you say *أَتَقُولُونَ* lewdness *عَلَى* what *مَا* Allah *اللَّهُ* on
you know *تَعْلَمُونَ* ﴿٢٨﴾ do not

27. O Children of Adam! Let not *Shaitân* (Satan) deceive you, as he got your parents out of Paradise, stripping them of their raiments, to show them their private parts. Verily, he and *Qabiluhu* (his soldiers from the jinn or his tribe) see you from where you cannot see them. Verily, We made the *Shayâtîn* (devils) *Auliya'* (protectors and helpers) for those who believe not. 28. And when they

commit a *Fâhisha* (evil deed, going round the Ka'bah in naked state, every kind of unlawful sexual intercourse), they say: "We found our fathers doing it, and Allâh has commanded it on us." Say: "Nay, Allâh never commands *Fâhisha*. Do you say of Allâh what you know not?"

قُلْ أَسْرَرْتُ إِلَىٰ رَبِّي بِالْقِسْطِ وَأَقِيمُوا وُجُوهَكُمْ عِندَ كُلِّ مَسْجِدٍ وَادْعُوهُ مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ الدِّينَ ۚ كَمَا بَدَأَكُمْ تَعُودُونَ ﴿٦٦﴾ فَرِيقًا هَدَىٰ وَفَرِيقًا حَقَّ عَلَيْهِمُ الضَّلَالَةُ ۚ إِنَّهُمْ اتَّخَذُوا الشَّيَاطِينَ أَوْلِيَاءَ مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ وَيَحْسَبُونَ أَنَّهُم مُّهِتَدُونَ ﴿٦٧﴾ ۖ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ ذَاتُ أَلَمٍ ۖ خُذُوا زِينَتَكُمْ عِندَ كُلِّ مَسْجِدٍ وَكُلُوا وَاشْرَبُوا وَلَا تُسْرِفُوا ۚ إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُسْرِفِينَ ﴿٦٨﴾

of justice قَالَ my Lord رَبِّي has commanded اَمَرَ say
وَأَقِمْوْا at your faces (to Him) وَجُوهَكُمْ and keep straight
and invoke Him رَادُّوْهُ prayer (place)/mosque مَسْجِدٍ every
He بَدَأَكُمْ as كَمَا (in) faith اِلَيْهِ to Him لَهُ being sincere مُخْلِصِينَ
He هَدٰى a group فَرِيقًا (so) shall you return ﴿٢٦﴾ تَوَدُّوْنَ created you
the اَلْعٰلَمٰلَهُ on them عَلَيْهِمْ deserved حَقَّ and a group وَفَرِيقًا guided
guardians اَرْوَآءَ devils الشَّيْطٰنِ took اَخَذُوْا verily they اِنْتَهَوْْا error
that اَنْتُمْ and they consider وَخَسِرُوْا Allah اَللّٰهُ instead of مِنْ دُوْنِ
(of) Adam مَادَمَ O Children اَبْنَاءِ ﴿٢٧﴾ (are) guided تَهْتَدُوْنَ they
prayer مَسْجِدٍ every كُلِّ at وَزِيْنَتَكُمْ your adornment اَعْدُوْا take
but do not وَلَا and drink وَاشْرَبُوْا and eat وَكُلُوْا place/mosque
like يَحِبُّ does not لَا indeed He اِنَّهُ waste by extravagance
the wasters الْمُسْرِفِيْنَ ﴿٢٨﴾

29. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): My Lord has commanded justice and (said) that you should face Him only in each and every place of worship, in prayers (and not to face other false deities and idols), and invoke Him only making your religion sincere to Him. As He brought you (into being) in the beginning, so shall you be brought into being. **30.** A group He has guided, and a group deserved to be in error; (because) surely, they took the *Shayâtîn* (devils) as *Auliya'* instead of Allâh, and think that they are guided. **31.** O Children of Adam! Take your adornment (by wearing your clean clothes) while praying and eat and drink but waste not by extravagance, certainly He (Allâh) likes not *Al-Musrifûn*.

قُلْ مَنْ حَرَّمَ زِينَةَ اللَّهِ الَّتِي أَخْرَجَ لِعِبَادِهِ وَالطَّيِّبَاتِ مِنَ الرِّزْقِ قُلْ هِيَ لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا خَالِصَةً يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ كَذَلِكَ نَفْصِّلُ الْآيَاتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٣٢﴾ قُلْ إِنَّمَا حَرَّمَ رَبِّي الْفَوَاحِشَ مَا ظَهَرَ مِنْهَا وَمَا بَطَنَ وَالْإِثْمَ وَالْبَغْيَ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ وَأَنْ تُشْرِكُوا بِاللَّهِ مَا لَمْ يُنَزِّلْ بِهِ سُلْطَانًا وَأَنْ تَقُولُوا عَلَى اللَّهِ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٣٣﴾

if (of) Adam مَادَمَ O Children بَنِي be able to bring it earlier
 يَا بَنِيكُمْ from among you مِنْكُمْ Messengers رُسُلُ come to you
 feared أَتَقْن then who فَنِي My Verses آيَاتِي to you عَلَيْكُمْ reciting
 any fear خَوْفٌ will not be وَلَا and mended himself وَأَصْلَحَ Allah
 عَلَيْهِمْ upon them وَلَا and not وَمَنْ they يَمْرُؤُونَ ﴿٥٥﴾ will grieve وَالَّذِينَ
 and those who كَذَّبُوا rejected بَايَعْنَا Our Signs وَاسْتَكْبَرُوا
 those (are) أُولَئِكَ them عَنَّا treated with arrogance
 would خَالِدُونَ ﴿٥٦﴾ therein فِيهَا they هُمْ (of) the Fire النَّارِ dwellers
 abide forever

34. And every nation has its appointed term; when their term comes, neither can they delay it nor can they advance it an hour (or a moment). 35. O Children of Adam! If there come to you Messengers from amongst you, reciting to you My Verses, then whosoever becomes pious and righteous, on them shall be no fear nor shall they grieve. 36. But those who reject Our Ayât and treat them with arrogance, they are the dwellers of the (Hell) Fire, they will abide therein forever.

فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا أَوْ كَذَّبَ بِآيَاتِهِ أُولَئِكَ يَنَالُهُمْ نَصِيبُهُمْ مِنَ الْكِتَابِ حَتَّى إِذَا جَاءَهُمْ رُسُلُنَا يَتَوَفَّوْنَهُمْ قَالُوا آيِنَ مَا كُنْتُمْ تَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ قَالُوا أَصَلُّوا عَنَّا وَشَهِدُوا عَلَىٰ أَنْفُسِهِمْ أَنَّهُمْ كَاذِبُونَ ﴿٥٧﴾

فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ then who (is) more unjust مِمَّنِ than him who افْتَرَى
 rejected عَلَى invented against اللَّهِ Allah كَذِبًا or كَذَّبَ
 will reach them يَنَالُهُمْ they are those أُولَئِكَ His Verses
 نَصِيبُهُمْ their share مِنَ the Book (of Decrees) الْكِتَابِ حَتَّى
 Our Messengers (angels) رُسُلُنَا come to them جَاءَهُمْ when إِذَا until
 where (are) آيِنَ they ask قَالُوا causing them to die يَتَوَفَّوْنَهُمْ
 those كُنْتُمْ you used تَدْعُونَ to invoke مِنْ دُونِ other than اللَّهِ
 and صَلُّوا they say قَالُوا Allah قَالُوا they have forsaken عَنَّا us وَشَهِدُوا
 that indeed أَنَّهُمْ themselves against عَلَى they testify
 disbelievers كَاذِبِينَ ﴿٥٧﴾ they were

37. Who is more unjust than one who invents a lie against Allâh or rejects His Ayât? For such their appointed portion (good things of this worldly life and their period of stay therein) will reach them from the Book (of Decrees) until when Our messengers (the angel of death and his assistants) come to them to take their

souls, they (the angels) will say: "Where are those whom you used to invoke and worship besides Allâh," they will reply, "They have vanished and deserted us." And they will bear witness against themselves, that they were disbelievers.

قَالَ ادْخُلُوا فِي أُمَمٍ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ مِنَ الْجِنَّ وَالْإِنْسِ فِي النَّارِ كُلَّمَا دَخَلَتْ أُمَّةٌ لَعْنَتْ أُخْتَهَا حَتَّى إِذَا ادَّارَكُوا فِيهَا جَمِيعًا قَالَتْ أُخْرَيْنَاهُمْ لِأُولَئِهِمْ رَبَّنَا هَؤُلَاءِ أَضَلُّونَا فَتَيْنَهُمْ عَذَابًا ضِعْفًا مِنَ النَّارِ قَالَ لِكُلِّ ضِعْفٌ وَلَكِنْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٣٨﴾

قَالَ ادْخُلُوا you enter في among أُمَمٍ nations قَدْ خَلَتْ who and passed away مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ of الْجِنَّ jinns وَالْإِنْسِ and entered دَخَلَتْ every time كُلَّمَا the Fire فِي humans النَّارِ in اَلَمْ تَنْتَ a group أُخْتَهَا its sister (group) حَتَّى until إِذَا when will say قَالَتْ all جَمِيعًا in it (therein) فِيهَا they will gather اَدَّارَكُوا last of them لِأُولَئِهِمْ to the first of them رَبَّنَا Our Lord هَؤُلَاءِ these أَضَلُّونَا misled us فَتَيْنَهُمْ عَذَابًا so give them ضِعْفًا torment for every one لِكُلِّ He will say قَالَ the Fire النَّارِ of double وَلَكِنْ (is) double (torment) ضِعْفٌ you تَعْلَمُونَ do not لَا but know

38. (Allâh) will say: "Enter you in the company of nations who passed away before you, of men and jinn, into the Fire." Every time a new nation enters, it curses its sister nation (that went before) until they will be gathered all together in the Fire. The last of them will say to the first of them: "Our Lord! These misled us, so give them a double torment of the Fire." He will say: "For each one there is double (torment), but you know not."

وَقَالَتْ أُولَئِهِمْ لِأُخْرَيْنَهُمْ فَمَا كَانَتْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْنَا مِنْ فَضْلٍ فَذُوقُوا الْعَذَابَ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْسِبُونَ ﴿٣٩﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَاسْتَكْبَرُوا عَنْهَا لَا تُفْلِحُ لَهُمْ أَبْوَابُ السَّمَاءِ وَلَا يَدْخُلُونَ الْجَنَّةَ حَتَّى يَلِجَ الْجَمَلُ فِي سَمِّ الْخِيَاطِ وَكَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿٤٠﴾ لَهُمْ مِنْ جَهَنَّمَ مِهَادٌ وَمِنْ فَوْقِهِمْ غَوَاشٍ وَكَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٤١﴾

وَقَالَتْ أُولَئِهِمْ and will say لِأُخْرَيْنَهُمْ first of them فَمَا to last of them كَانَتْ is لَكُمْ for you عَلَيْنَا upon us مِنْ any فَضْلٍ not ذُوقُوا superiority الْعَذَابَ so taste بِمَا the torment كُنْتُمْ for what تَكْسِبُونَ you used to earn إِنَّ indeed الَّذِينَ those who كَذَبُوا and showed arrogance بِآيَاتِنَا Our Signs rejected

42. But those who believed, and worked righteousness — We tax not any person beyond his scope — such are the dwellers of Paradise. They will abide therein.
 43. And We shall remove from their breasts any (mutual) hatred or sense of injury (which they had, if at all, in the life of this world); rivers flowing under them, and they will say: "All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, Who has guided us to this, and never could we have found guidance, were it not that Allâh had guided us! Indeed, the Messengers of our Lord did come with the truth." And it will be cried out to them: "This is the Paradise which you have inherited for what you used to do."

وَنَادَىٰ أَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةِ أَصْحَابَ النَّارِ أَن قَدْ وَجَدْنَا مَا وَعَدَنَا رَبُّنَا حَقًّا فَهَلْ وَجَدْتُمْ مَا وَعَدَ رَبُّكُمْ حَقًّا قَالُوا نَعَمْ فَأَذَّنَ مُؤَذِّنٌ بَيْنَهُمْ
 أَن لَعْنَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَى الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١١﴾ الَّذِينَ يَصُدُّونَ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَيَبْغُونَهَا عِوَجًا وَهُمْ بِالْآخِرَةِ كَفُورُونَ ﴿١٢﴾

وَنَادَىٰ أَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةِ (of) Paradise dwellers and called out أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ (of) the Fire dwellers
 We have found وَجَدْنَا verily قَدْ that أَن (of) the Fire dwellers
 وَجَدْنَا what مَا our Lord رَبُّنَا had promised to us حَقًّا true فَهَلْ
 your Lord رَبُّكُمْ had promised وَعَدَ what مَا you found وَجَدْتُمْ have
 a herald مُؤَذِّنٌ then cried out فَأَذَّنَ yes نَعَمْ they said قَالُوا true حَقًّا
 (be) عَلَى (of) Allah اللَّهُ curse لَعْنَةُ that أَن between them بَيْنَهُمْ
 hinder يَصُدُّونَ those who الَّذِينَ the wrong-doers الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١١﴾ upon
 and seek to make وَيَبْغُونَهَا (of) Allah اللَّهُ Path سَبِيلِ from عَنْ (men)
 ﴿١٢﴾ in the Hereafter بِالْآخِرَةِ and they وَهُمْ crooked عِوَجًا it
 (are) disbelievers

44. And the dwellers of Paradise will call out to the dwellers of the Fire (saying):
 "We have indeed found true what our Lord had promised us; have you also found true what your Lord promised (warned)?" They shall say: "Yes." Then a crier will proclaim between them: "The Curse of Allâh is on the *Zâlimûn*." 45. Those who hindered (men) from the path of Allâh, and would seek to make it crooked, and they were disbelievers in the Hereafter.

وَبَيْنَهُمَا حِجَابٌ وَعَلَى الْأَعْرَافِ رِجَالٌ يَعْرِفُونَ كُلًّا بِسِيمَتِهِمْ وَنَادَوْا أَصْحَابَ الْجَنَّةِ أَن سَلِّمُوا عَلَيْنَا لَنَدْخُلَنَّهُمْ وَهُمْ يَطْمَعُونَ ﴿١٣﴾
 وَإِذَا صُرِفَتْ أَبْصَارُهُمْ تِلْقَاءَ أَصْحَابِ النَّارِ قَالُوا رَبَّنَا لَا تَجْعَلْنَا مَعَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٤﴾ وَنَادَىٰ أَصْحَابُ الْأَعْرَافِ رِجَالًا يَعْرِفُونَهُمْ
 بِسِيمَتِهِمْ قَالُوا مَا أَغْنَىٰ عَنْكُمْ جَمْعُكُمْ وَمَا كُنْتُمْ تَسْتَكْبِرُونَ ﴿١٥﴾

وَبَيْنَهُمَا and between them is حِجَابٌ a barrier وَعَلَى and on الْأَعْرَافِ Al-Araf (heights) who would recognize يَرَوْنَهُمْ (will be) men رِجَالٌ and they called out وَنَادَوْا by their marks يَسْمِعُهُمْ every one كُلًّا peace سَلَامٌ that أَنْ (of) Paradise الْجَنَّةِ people (dwellers) أَصْحَابَ but they عَلَيْكُمْ they enter it يَدْخُلُونَهَا did not لَنْ be on you بِطَمَعُونَ ﴿٦٥﴾ and when وَإِذَا would long (to do so) أَبْصَرُوهُمْ their eyes يَلْقَاهُ towards أَصْحَابِ النَّارِ dwellers (of) the Fire قَالُوا (of) the Fire النَّارِ they will say لَا Our Lord رَبَّنَا do not تَجْعَلْنَا with مَعَ place us الْقَوْمِ wrong-doers الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٦٦﴾ and called out وَنَادَى the people رِجَالًا (of) Al-Araf (heights) الَّذِينَ whom they يَرَوْنَهُمْ men أَعْقَى did not مَا saying قَالُوا by their marks يَسْمِعُهُمْ would recognize you used كُنْتُمْ and what رَبَّنَا your number جَمْعُكُمْ you عَنْكُمْ avail to تَسْتَكْبِرُونَ ﴿٦٧﴾ show arrogance

46. And between them will be a (barrier) screen and on Al-A'râf (a wall with elevated places) will be men (whose good and evil deeds would be equal in Scale), who would recognise all (of the Paradise and Hell people), by their marks (the dwellers of Paradise by their white faces and the dwellers of Hell by their black faces). And they will call out to the dwellers of Paradise, "Salâmun 'Alaikûm" (peace be on you), and at that time they (men on Al-A'râf) will not yet have entered it (Paradise), but they will hope to enter (it) with certainty. 47. And when their eyes will be turned towards the dwellers of the Fire, they will say: "Our Lord! Place us not with the people who are Zâlimûn." 48. And the men on Al-A'râf (the wall) will call unto the men whom they would recognise by their marks, saying: "Of what benefit to you were your great numbers (and hoards of wealth), and your arrogance (against Faith)?"

أَهْتُولَاءِ الَّذِينَ أَقْسَمْتُمْ لَا يَنَالُهُمُ اللَّهُ بِرَحْمَةٍ أَدْخُلُوا الْجَنَّةَ لَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَا أَنْتُمْ تَحْزَنُونَ ﴿٦٥﴾ وَنَادَى أَصْحَابَ الْجَنَّةِ أَنْ أَفِيضُوا عَلَيْنَا مِنَ الْمَاءِ أَوْ مِمَّا رَزَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ قَالُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ حَرَّمَهُمَا عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٦٦﴾ الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا دِينَهُمْ لَهْوًا وَلَعِبًا وَغَرَّتْهُمُ الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا فَالْيَوْمَ نَنسِفُهُمْ كَمَا نَسَفْنَا لِقَاءَ يَوْمِهِمْ هَذَا وَمَا كَانُوا بِآيَاتِنَا يَجْحَدُونَ ﴿٦٧﴾

أَهْتُولَاءِ are they الَّذِينَ those who أَقْسَمْتُمْ you swore لَا will not يَنَالُهُمُ Allah grant them رَحْمَةً (His) Mercy أَدْخُلُوا enter الْجَنَّةَ

for لَّا who intercede فَيَشْفَعُوا intercessors شُفَعَاءَ any مِن we have
 عَيَّر so that we do deeds فَتَعْمَلُ we are sent back نُرَدُّ or أَوْ us
 خَيْرُوا verily قَدْ to do نَعْمَلُ we used كُنَّا those الَّذِينَ other than
 عَنْهُمْ and has forsaken وَضَلَّ themselves أَنفُسَهُمْ they have lost
 to fabricate يَفْقَرُونَ they used كَانُوا what مَا them

52. Certainly, We have brought to them a Book (the Qur'ân) which We have explained in detail with knowledge, — a guidance and a mercy to a people who believe. 53. Await they just for the final fulfillment of the event? On the Day the event is finally fulfilled (i.e. the Day of Resurrection), those who neglected it before will say: "Verily, the Messengers of our Lord did come with the truth, now are there any intercessors for us that they might intercede on our behalf? Or could we be sent back (to the first life of the world) so that we might do (good) deeds other than those (evil) deeds which we used to do?" Verily, they have lost their own selves (i.e. destroyed themselves) and that which they used to fabricate (invoking and worshipping others besides Allâh) has gone away from them.

إِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ اسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ يُغْشَىٰ الْاَيْلَ النَّهَارَ يَطْلُبُهُ
 حَيْثُهَا وَالشَّمْسُ وَالْقَمَرُ وَالنُّجُومُ مُسَخَّرَاتٍ بِأَمْرِهِ أَلَا لَهُ الْخَلْقُ وَالْأَمْرُ تَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ رَبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٥٣﴾ اذْعُوا رَبَّكُمْ
 تَضَرُّعًا وَخُفْيَةً إِنَّهُمْ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمَعْتَدِينَ ﴿٥٤﴾

إِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ indeed your Lord اللَّهُ (is) Allah الَّذِي Who خَلَقَ
 six السَّمَوَاتِ the heavens وَالْأَرْضَ and the earth فِي in سِتَّةِ
 أَيَّامٍ then days ثُمَّ اسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ He ascended the throne يُغْشَى
 which seeks it الْاَيْلَ the night النَّهَارَ the day يَطْلُبُهُ
 حَيْثُهَا swiftly وَالشَّمْسُ and the sun وَالْقَمَرُ and the moon وَالنُّجُومُ
 verily أَلَا to His Command بِأَمْرِهِ are subjected مُسَخَّرَاتٍ
 لَهُ (is) His الْخَلْقُ the creation وَالْأَمْرُ and the command تَبَارَكَ
 اللَّهُ blessed be اللَّهُ رَبُّ Lord الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٥٣﴾ (of) the worlds اذْعُوا
 رَبَّكُمْ call upon your Lord تَضَرُّعًا وَخُفْيَةً humbly and in secret إِنَّهُمْ
 indeed لَا does not يُحِبُّ the transgressors الْمَعْتَدِينَ ﴿٥٤﴾

54. Indeed, your Lord is Allâh, Who created the heavens and the earth in Six Days, and then He rose over (*Istawâ*) the Throne (really in a manner that suits His Majesty). He brings the night as a cover over the day, seeking it rapidly, and (He

created) the sun, the moon, the stars subjected to His Command. Surely, His is the creation and commandment. Blessed is Allâh, the Lord of the 'Âlamîn! 55. Invoke your Lord with humility and in secret. He likes not the aggressors.

وَلَا تُفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ بَعْدَ إِصْلَاحِهَا وَادْعُوهُ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا إِنَّ رَحْمَتَ اللَّهِ قَرِيبٌ مِنَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٥٥﴾
وَهُوَ الَّذِي يُرْسِلُ الرِّيحَ بُشْرًا بَيْنَ يَدَيْ رَحْمَتِهِ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا أَقْلَّتْ سَحَابًا ثِقَالًا سُقْنَاهُ لِبَلَدٍ مَّيِّتٍ فَأَنْزَلْنَا بِهِ
الْمَاءَ فَأَخْرَجْنَا بِهِ مِنْ كُلِّ الثَّمَرَاتِ كَذَٰلِكَ نُخْرِجُ الْمَوْتَىٰ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿٥٦﴾

وَلَا تُفْسِدُوا in the earth بَعْدَ make mischief and do not after
إِصْلَاحِهَا its order وَادْعُوهُ with fear and call Him
وَطَمَعًا and longing إِنَّ indeed رَحْمَتَ Allah (of) Mercy
قَرِيبٌ (is) close (of) He وَهُوَ the good-doers الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٥٥﴾
الَّذِي Who يُرْسِلُ sends الرِّيحَ the winds بُشْرًا (as) glad tidings
بَيْنَ يَدَيْ (with) [in presence of] رَحْمَتِهِ His Mercy حَتَّىٰ until إِذَا
أَقْلَّتْ when they carry سَحَابًا a cloud ثِقَالًا heavy-laden سُقْنَاهُ We
drive it لِبَلَدٍ to a land مَّيِّتٍ dead فَأَنْزَلْنَا then We sent down
الْمَاءَ from it فَأَخْرَجْنَا (rain) water then We brought forth
مِنْ كُلِّ therewith (of) fruit كَذَٰلِكَ similarly
نُخْرِجُ the dead الْمَوْتَىٰ We will raise لَعَلَّكُمْ that you may
تَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿٥٦﴾ take heed

56. And do not do mischief on the earth, after it has been set in order, and invoke Him with fear and hope. Surely, Allâh's Mercy is (ever) near unto the good-doers.
57. And it is He Who sends the winds as heralds of glad tidings, going before His Mercy (rain). Till when they have carried a heavy-laden cloud, We drive it to a land that is dead, then We cause water (rain) to descend thereon. Then We produce every kind of fruit therewith. Similarly, We shall raise up the dead, so that you may remember or take heed.

وَالْبَلَدُ الطَّيِّبُ يَخْرِجُ نَبَاتُهُ بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِ وَالَّذِي خَبَتْ لَا يَخْرِجُ إِلَّا نَكِدًا كَذَٰلِكَ نُصَرِّفُ الْآيَاتِ لِقَوْمٍ
يَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٥٧﴾ لَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ فَقَالَ يَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ إِلَهٍ غَيْرُهُ إِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابَ
يَوْمٍ عَظِيمٍ ﴿٥٨﴾ قَالَ الْمَلَأُ مِنْ قَوْمِهِ إِنَّا لَنَرُّكَ فِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ ﴿٥٩﴾ قَالَ يَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ يَوْمَ لَيْسَ فِي ضَلَالَةٍ وَلَكِنِّي رَسُولٌ
مِّنْ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٦٠﴾

وَالْبَلَدُ الطَّيِّبُ good يَخْرُجُ comes forth its نَبَاتُهُ and which وَالَّذِي (of) its Lord رَبِّهِ by the Order يَأْذِنُ vegetation خَيْرٌ لَا (is) bad جَبْتُ but لَا come forth يَخْرُجُ (does) not تَكِدُّ little كَذَلِكَ thus نُصَرِّفُ We diversely expound الْآيَاتِ the signs لِقَوْمِ We sent أَرْسَلْنَا verily لَقَدْ (who) give thanks بِشُكْرِهِمْ ﴿٥٨﴾ for people تَوَّحَّاهُمْ Noah إِلَى قَوْمِهِ and he said فَقَالَ his people يَقُولُونَ and he said يَا بَنِي إِدْرِيسَ I fear لَكُمْ do not مَا Allah الله (you) worship أَعْبُدُوا people مِنْ إِلَهِ any إِلَهٍ God غَيْرُهُ but إِيَّاهُ certainly أَعْلَمُ I fear عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابَ torment يَوْمِ a Day عَظِيمٍ ﴿٥٩﴾ Great (awful) قَالَ said the leaders مِنَ of قَوْمِهِ his people إِنَّا verily we لَنَرِيكَ in ضَلَالٍ error مُبِينٍ ﴿٦٠﴾ plain قَالَ he said يَقُولُونَ we see you فِي in ضَلَالَةٍ an error وَلَكِنِّي O my people لَيْسَ (there is) not فِي in ضَلَالَةٍ an error وَلَكِنِّي (of) Lord رَبِّ from مِنْ a Messenger رَسُولٌ but I (am) the worlds

58. The vegetation of a good land comes forth (easily) by the Permission of its Lord; and that which is bad, brings forth nothing but (a little) with difficulty. Thus do We explain variously the *Ayât* for a people who give thanks. 59. Indeed, We sent Nûh (Noah) to his people and he said: "O my people! Worship Allâh! You have no other *Ilâh* (God) but Him. Certainly, I fear for you the torment of a Great Day!" 60. The leaders of his people said: "Verily, we see you in plain error." 61. said: "O my people! There is no error in me, but I am a Messenger from the Lord of the 'Ālamîn!"

أُبَلِّغُكُمْ رِسَالَتِي رَبِّي وَأَنْصَحُ لَكُمْ وَأَعْلَمُ مِنَ اللَّهِ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٦١﴾ أَوْ يَحْجِبُهُ أَنْ جَاءَكَ ذِكْرٌ مِنْ رَبِّكَ عَلَنٌ نَجِيٍّ يَنْهَوِي عَنْكُمْ بِسُوءِكُمْ وَلَنْفَعُوا لَكُمْ تَرَحُّمُونَ ﴿٦٢﴾ تَكْذِبُوهُ فَانْجَبْتَهُ وَالَّذِينَ مَعَهُ فِي الْفَلَاحِ وَأَغْرَقْنَا الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا قَوْمًا عَمِينَ ﴿٦٣﴾

أُبَلِّغُكُمْ I convey to you رِسَالَتِي Messages رَبِّي (of) my Lord وَأَنْصَحُ and give advice لَكُمْ to you وَأَعْلَمُ and I know مِنَ اللَّهِ from Allah مَا that لَا do not تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٦١﴾ or يَحْجِبُهُ or you know ذِكْرٌ a reminder مِنْ a reminder جَاءَكَ has come to you تَكْذِبُوهُ that وَانْجَبْتَهُ upon اَلَّذِينَ مَعَهُ a man يَنْهَوِي among you بِسُوءِكُمْ your Lord عَلَنٌ upon رَبِّكُمْ

وَلَقَدْ so that you may fear Allah وَلَقَدْ that he may warn you
 but they denied تَكَذَّبُوا shown mercy ﴿٣٦﴾ and that you may be
 with him مَعَهُ and those الَّذِينَ and We saved him فَأَنْجَيْنَاهُ Him
 the ship الْفُلِ وَأَغْرَقْنَا and We drowned الَّذِينَ and those who كَذَّبُوا
 Our Signs بَيِّنَاتٍ denied إِنْهُمْ indeed they كَانُوا they were قَوْمًا
 blind عَمِينَ ﴿٣٧﴾ people

62. "I convey unto you the Messages of my Lord and give sincere advice to you. And I know from Allâh what you know not. 63. "Do you wonder that there has come to you a Reminder from your Lord through a man from amongst you, that he may warn you, so that you may fear Allâh and that you may receive (His) Mercy?" 64. But they belied him, so We saved him and those along with him in the ship, and We drowned those who belied Our Ayât. They were indeed a blind people.

﴿٣٦﴾ وَإِلَىٰ عَادِ أَخَاهُمْ هُودًا قَالَ يَنْقُورِ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِن إِلَهٍ غَيْرُهُ أَفَلَا تَتَّقُونَ ﴿٣٧﴾ قَالَ الْمَلَأُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِن قَوْمِهِ إِنَّا لَنَرُّكَ فِي سَفَاهَةٍ وَإِنَّا لَنُظَنُّكَ مِنَ الْكَاذِبِينَ ﴿٣٨﴾ قَالَ يَنْقُورِ لَيْسَ بِي سَفَاهَةٌ وَلَكِنِّي رَسُولٌ مِّن رَّبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٣٩﴾ أَتِلْفَعُكُمْ رَّبِّي وَأَنَا لَكُمْ نَاصِحٌ أَمِينٌ ﴿٤٠﴾

﴿٣٦﴾ وَإِلَىٰ and to عَادِ (We sent) أَخَاهُمْ their brother هُودًا Hud قَالَ he said
 do not مَا Allah اللَّه worship اعْبُدُوا O My people يَنْقُورِ he said
 will not then أَفَلَا but Him غَيْرُهُ god إِلَهٍ any مِن you have لَكُمْ
 of those who الَّذِينَ leaders الْمَلَأُ said you fear Allah ﴿٣٧﴾ تَتَّقُونَ
 verily we إِنَّا his people قَوْمِهِ of مِن had disbelieved كَفَرُوا
 لَنَرُّكَ we see you فِي in سَفَاهَةٍ folly وَإِنَّا and verily we نُظَنُّكَ
 we consider you مِن of الْكَاذِبِينَ ﴿٣٨﴾ the liars قَالَ he said
 but I وَلَكِنِّي folly سَفَاهَةٌ in me بِي (there is) not لَيْسَ O my people
 (of) the رَسُولٌ a Messenger مِّن from رَّبِّ Lord الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٣٩﴾ (of)
 (of) my رَّبِّي Messages رَسَلْتُ I convey to you أَنِلْفَعُكُمْ worlds
 Lord وَأَنَا and I (am) لَكُمْ to you نَاصِحٌ adviser أَمِينٌ ﴿٤٠﴾ trusworthy

65. And to 'Âd (people, We sent) their brother Hûd. He said: "O my people! Worship Allâh! You have no other Ilâh (God) but Him. Will you not fear (Allâh)?" 66. The leaders of those who disbelieved among his people said: "Verily, we see you in foolishness, and verily, we think you are one of the liars."

67. (Hûd) said: "O my people! There is no foolishness in me, but (I am) a Messenger from the Lord of the 'Ālamîn! 68. "I convey unto you the Messages of my Lord, and I am a trustworthy adviser (or well-wisher) for you.

أَوْ عَجِبْتُمْ أَنْ جَاءَكُمْ ذِكْرٌ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ عَلَى رَجُلٍ مِنْكُمْ لِيُنذِرَكُمْ وَأَذْكُرُوا إِذْ جَعَلَكُمْ خُلَفَاءَ مِنْ بَعْدِ قَوْمِ نُوحٍ وَزَادَكُمْ فِي الْخَلْقِ بَضْطَةً فَأَذْكُرُوا آلَاءَ اللَّهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ ﴿٦٩﴾ قَالُوا أَجِئْتَنَا لِنَعْبُدَ اللَّهَ وَحْدَهُ وَنَذْرَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْبُدُونَ ۖ فَأَيْنَا بَعْدَ مَا كُنَّا مِنْ الصَّادِقِينَ ﴿٧٠﴾

أَوْ or عَجِبْتُمْ you wonder أَنْ that جَاءَكُمْ has come to you ذِكْرٌ a reminder مِنْ from رَبِّكُمْ your Lord عَلَى upon رَجُلٍ a man مِنْكُمْ from among you لِيُنذِرَكُمْ that he may warn you وَأَذْكُرُوا and remember إِذْ when جَعَلَكُمْ He made you خُلَفَاءَ successors مِنْ after قَوْمِ people نُوحٍ (of) Noah وَزَادَكُمْ and increased you فِي in الْخَلْقِ stature بَضْطَةً amply فَأَذْكُرُوا so remember آلَاءَ Bounties of اللَّهِ so that you may تُفْلِحُونَ ﴿٦٩﴾ succeed قَالُوا they said أَجِئْتَنَا have you come to us لِنَعْبُدَ Allah وَحْدَهُ Alone and forsake مَا what كَانُوا used to worship إِلَٰهًا to عَبَدُوا our forefathers فَأَيْنَا so bring to us مَا of what نَذَرْنَا if you promise كُنْتُمْ you are مِنْ of الصَّادِقِينَ ﴿٧٠﴾ the truthful

69. "Do you wonder that there has come to you a Reminder (and an advice) from your Lord through a man from amongst you to warn you? And remember that He made you successors after the people of Nûh (Noah) and increased you amply in stature. So remember the graces (bestowed upon you) from Allâh so that you may be successful." 70. They said: "You have come to us that we should worship Allâh Alone and forsake that which our fathers used to worship. So bring us that wherewith you have threatened us if you are of the truthful."

قَالَ قَدْ وَقَعَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ رِجْسٌ وَغَضَبٌ أَتُجَادِلُونَنِي فِي أَسْمَاءِ سَمَّيْتُمُوهَا أَنْتُمْ وَآبَاؤُكُمْ مَا نَزَّلَ اللَّهُ بِهَا مِنْ سُلْطَانٍ فَانظُرُوا إِلَىٰ مَعَكُمْ مِنَ الْمُنْظَرِينَ ﴿٧١﴾ فَأَنجَيْنَاهُ وَالَّذِينَ مَعَهُ بِرَحْمَةٍ مِنَّا وَقَطَعْنَا دَابِرَ الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَمَا كَانُوا مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٧٢﴾

قَالَ he said قَدْ verily وَقَعَ has fallen عَلَيْكُمْ upon you مِنْ from رَبِّكُمْ your Lord رِجْسٌ punishment وَغَضَبٌ and anger

(mere) names **أَتَجِدِلُونِي** about **فِي** do you dispute with me
 and **سَمَّيْتُمُوهَا** which you have named (assigned) **أَنْتُمْ** you **وَأَبَاؤُكُمْ**
 for which **لَهُم** Allah **أَلَمْ** sent down **نَزَلَ** has not **مَا** your fathers
 verily I (am) **إِنِّي** then wait you **فَانْتَظِرُوا** sanction **سُلْطَانِي** any **مِنْ**
 then **فَأَجِبْنَهُ** those who wait **الْمُنْتَظِرِينَ** of **مَعَكُمْ** with you
 by a Mercy **بِرَحْمَةٍ** with him **مَعَهُ** and those **وَالَّذِينَ** We saved him
 (of) those **الَّذِينَ** last remanent **دَابِرَ** and We cut **وَقَطَعْنَا** from Us
 they were **كَذَّبُوا** belied **بِآيَاتِنَا** Our Signs **وَمَا** and not **كَانُوا**
 believers **مُؤْمِنِينَ**

71. (Hûd) said: "Torment and wrath have already fallen on you from your Lord. Dispute you with me over names which you have named — you and your fathers — with no authority from Allâh? Then wait, I am with you among those who wait." 72. So We saved him and those who were with him by a mercy from Us, and We cut the roots of those who belied Our *Ayât*; and they were not believers.

وَالِإِنْ تَحُودَ أَخَاهُمْ صَالِحًا قَالَ يَقَوْمِ **أَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ إِلَهٍ غَيْرُهُ** قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ بَيِّنَةٌ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ هَذِهِ نَاقَةُ اللَّهِ لَكُمْ آيَةٌ فَذَرُوهَا تَأْكُلْ فِي أَرْضِ اللَّهِ وَلَا تَمْسُوهَا يُسَوِّرْهَا فَيَأْخُذْكُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ **وَإِذْ كُنَّا فِي الْأَرْضِ نَكُفِّرُ بَنِي إِدْرِسَ** وَمِنْ بَنِي عَادٍ وَبَنِي آدَمَ فِي الْأَرْضِ نَتَّخِذُكَ مِنْ سُهُولِهَا قُصُورًا وَنَتَّخِذُكَ الْجِبَالَ يَوْمًا فَادْكُرُوا آلَاءَ اللَّهِ وَلَا تَعْمُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِينَ

وَالِإِنْ and to **تَحُودَ** (We sent) **أَخَاهُمْ** thier brother **صَالِحًا**
 Allah **أَعْبُدُوا** O my people **يَقَوْمِ** he said **قَالَ** Salih
لَكُمْ do not **مِنْ** any **إِلَهٍ** god **غَيْرُهُ** Him **قَدْ** but
 from **جَاءَكُمْ** verily **بَيِّنَةٌ** has come to you **مِنْ** a clear proof
رَبِّكُمْ your Lord **هَذِهِ** this **نَاقَةُ** she-camel **لَكُمْ** (of) Allah
آيَةٌ to you (is) a sign **فَذَرُوهَا** so you leave her **تَأْكُلْ** to graze
 on **أَرْضِ** earth **اللَّهُ** (of) Allah **وَلَا** and do not **تَمْسُوهَا** touch her
 with harm **يُسَوِّرْهَا** lest should seize you **عَذَابٌ** a torment
أَلِيمٌ painful **وَإِذْ كُنَّا** and remember **بَنِي إِدْرِسَ** when He made
 you **خُلَفَاءَ** successors **مِنْ بَعْدِ** after **عَادٍ** **وَبَنِي آدَمَ** and We
 in **الْأَرْضِ** the land **نَتَّخِذُكَ** you take **مِنْ**

and you carve out ^{قُصُورًا} palaces ^{وَتَجْنُونَ} its plains ^{سُهُولَهَا} in
 الْجِبَالِ mountains ^{يُوتًا} as homes ^{فَاذْكُرُوا} so remember ^{عَالَمًا} عَالَمًا
 (of) Allah ^{وَلَا} Bounties ^{تَمْشُوا} you go about and do not
 in ^{مُفْسِدِينَ} the land ^{الْأَرْضِ} (as) the mischief-makers

73. And to Thamûd (people, We sent) their brother Sâlih (Saleh). He said: "O my people! Worship Allâh! You have no other *Ilâh* (God) but Him. Indeed there has come to you a clear sign (the miracle of the coming out of a huge she-camel from the midst of a rock) from your Lord. This she-camel of Allâh is a sign unto you; so you leave her to graze in Allâh's earth, and touch her not with harm, lest a painful torment should seize you. 74. And remember when He made you successors after 'Âd (people) and gave you habitations in the land, you build for yourselves palaces in plains, and carve out homes in the mountains. So remember the graces (bestowed upon you) from Allâh, and do not go about making mischief on the earth."

قَالَ الْمَلَأُ الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوا مِنْ قَوْمِهِ لِلَّذِينَ اسْتُضِعُوا لِمَنْ ءَامَنَ مِنْهُمْ أَتَقْتُلُونَ أَتَكْتُمُونَ أَنْ صَالِحًا
 مِّن رَّبِّهِ قَالُوا إِنَّا بِمَا أُرْسِلَ بِهِ مُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٧٣﴾ قَالَ الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوا إِنَّا بِالَّذِي ءَامَنُمْ بِهِ
 كَفِرُونَ ﴿٧٤﴾ فَعَقَرُوا النَّاقَةَ وَعَتَوْا عَنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّهِمْ وَقَالُوا يُصَلِّحْ أَخِنَا بِمَا نَعِدْنَا إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ
 الْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿٧٥﴾

قَالَ الْمَلَأُ (of) those who leaders الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوا behaved arrogantly
 مِنْ قَوْمِهِ his people لِلَّذِينَ اسْتُضِعُوا to those who
 ءَامَنَ to those who were oppressed لِمَنْ ءَامَنَ مِنْهُمْ had believed among
 أَتَقْتُلُونَ they do you know أَتَكْتُمُونَ them that صَالِحًا Salih
 مِّن رَّبِّهِ his Lord قَالُوا they said إِنَّا indeed we بِمَا أُرْسِلَ sent
 (are) مُؤْمِنُونَ with he has been sent أُرْسِلَ in what they showed arrogance
 الَّذِينَ said قَالُ believers who اسْتَكْبَرُوا who
 in you believe ءَامَنُمْ in that which إِنَّا verily we بِالَّذِي
 the النَّاقَةَ then they hamstrung فَعَقَرُوا disbelieve كَفِرُونَ
 وَعَتَوْا she-camel and insolently defied عَنِ أَمْرِ the Order رَبِّهِمْ
 (of) their Lord وَقَالُوا and they said أَخِنَا O Salih يُصَلِّحْ
 بِمَا نَعِدْنَا what you are بِمَا if كُنْتَ you have been promising us
 (one) of الْمُرْسَلِينَ the Messengers

75. The leaders of those who were arrogant among his people said to those who were counted weak — to such of them as believed: "Know you that Sâlih (Saleh) is one sent from his Lord." They said: "We indeed believe in that with which he has been sent." 76. Those who were arrogant said: "Verily, we disbelieve in that which you believe in." 77. So they killed the she-camel and insolently defied the Commandment of their Lord, and said: "O Sâlih (Saleh)! Bring about your threats if you are indeed one of the Messengers (of Allâh)."

فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُ فَأَصْبَحُوا فِي دَارِهِمْ جَنِينَ ﴿٧٥﴾ فَتَوَلَّى عَنْهُمْ وَقَالَ يَنقُورُ لَقَدْ أَتَلَفْتُكُمْ رَسُولَ رَبِّي وَنَصَحْتُ لَكُمْ وَلَكِنْ لَا تُحِبُّونَ النَّصِيحَ ﴿٧٦﴾ وَلَوْطًا إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ أَتَأْتُونَ الْفَحِشَةَ مَا سَبَقَكُمْ بِهَا مِنْ أَحَدٍ مِنَ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٧٧﴾

and in the الرَّجْفَةُ an earthquake so took them فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ
they were lying dead جَنِينَ their homes دَارِهِمْ in morning
فَتَوَلَّى on their faces عَنْهُمْ then he turned away وَقَالَ
I have أَتَلَفْتُكُمْ verily لَقَدْ O my people يَنقُورُ and said
and (of) my lord رَبِّي Message رَسُولَ conveyed to you
you like تُحِبُّونَ do not لَا but وَلَكِنْ to you لَكُمْ gave good advice
he قَالَ when إِذْ and Lot وَلَوْطًا advisers ﴿٧٦﴾
lewdness الْفَحِشَةَ do you commit أَتَأْتُونَ to his people لِقَوْمِهِ said
مَا not سَبَقَكُمْ you has preceded you بِهَا therein مِنْ any أَحَدٍ one مِنْ
the worlds مِنَ الْعَالَمِينَ of ﴿٧٧﴾

78. So the earthquake seized them, and they lay (dead), prostrate in their homes. 79. Then he [Sâlih (Saleh)] turned from them, and said: "O my people! I have indeed conveyed to you the Message of my Lord, and have given you good advice but you like not good advisers." 80. And (remember) Lût (Lot), when he said to his people: "Do you commit the worst sin such as none preceding you has committed in the 'Ālamîn?"

إِنَّكُمْ لَأَتُونَ الرِّجَالَ شَهْوَةً مِنْ دُونِ النِّسَاءِ ۚ بَلْ أَنْتُمْ قَوْمٌ مُّسْرِفُونَ ﴿٨١﴾ وَمَا كَانَتْ جَوَابَ قَوْمِهِ ۚ
إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا أَخْرِجُوهُمْ مِنْ قَرْيَتِكُمْ ۚ إِنَّهُمْ أَنَاسٌ يَنْظُرُونَ ﴿٨٢﴾ فَأَجْبَيْنَهُ وَآهْلَهُ ۚ إِلَّا أَمْرًا تَرَاهُ كَانَتْ مِنَ
الْعَذِيبِينَ ﴿٨٣﴾ وَأَمْطَرْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ مَطَرًا فَأَنْظَرُوا ۚ كَيْفَ كَانَتْ عَذِيبَةُ الْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿٨٤﴾

إِنَّكُمْ لَتَأْتُونَ men الرجال you approach لَتَأْتُونَ verily you
 (are) أَنْتُمْ you أَنْتُمْ nay بَلْ women الْإِنْسَاءِ instead of
 was كَانَتْ and not وَمَا who exceed limits ﴿٨١﴾ مُتْسِفُونَ people
 they جَوَابَ answer قَوْمِهِ (of) his people إِلَّا أَنْ but أَنْ that قَالُوا that
 said أَخْرِجُوهُمْ drive them out مِنْ قَرْيَتِكُمْ your town إِنَّهُمْ
 wanting to be pure ﴿٨٢﴾ يَبْتَغُونَ (are) people أَنَا verily they
 except إِلَّا and his family وَأَهْلَهُ then We delivered him فَأَجْنَبَتْهُ
 those who الَّذِينَ among مِنْ she was كَانَتْ his wife أَمْرَاتِهِ
 a rain مَطَرًا on them عَلَيْهِمْ and We rained وَأَمْطَرْنَا stayed behind
 فَانْظُرْ so observe كَيْفَ how كَانَتْ was عَذَابُهُ end الْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿٨٤﴾
 (of) the evil-doers

81. "Verily, you practise your lusts on men instead of women. Nay, but you are a people transgressing beyond bounds (by committing great sins)." 82. And the answer of his people was only that they said: "Drive them out of your town, these are indeed men who want to be pure (from sins)!" 83. Then We saved him and his family, except his wife; she was of those who remained behind (in the torment). 84. And We rained down on them a rain (of stones). Then see what was the end of the *Mujrimûn*.

وَالْإِن مَدَنِيَّتْ أَخَاهُمْ شُعَيْبًا قَالَ يَنْفَوِرْ أَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ إِلَهٍ غَيْرُهُ قَدْ جَاءَتْكُمْ بَيِّنَةٌ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ فَأَوْفُوا الْكَيْلَ وَالْمِيزَانَ وَلَا تَبْخَسُوا النَّاسَ أَشْيَاءَهُمْ وَلَا تُفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ بَعْدَ إِصْلَاحِهَا ذَلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٨٥﴾

وَالْإِن and to مَدَنِيَّتْ أَخَاهُمْ Madyan (We sent) شُعَيْبًا their brother
 قَالَ Shuhaib قَالَ he said يَنْفَوِرْ O my people أَعْبُدُوا worship اللَّهَ
 but Him غَيْرُهُ any إِلَهٍ you have لَكُمْ do not مَا Allah
 قَدْ جَاءَتْكُمْ verily بَيِّنَةٌ has come to you مِنْ a clear proof
 from رَبِّكُمْ your Lord فَأَوْفُوا so give full الْكَيْلَ measure
 and weight وَالْمِيزَانَ and لَا تَبْخَسُوا and do not تَبْخَسُوا diminish النَّاسَ (to)
 the people أَشْيَاءَهُمْ their things وَلَا تُفْسِدُوا and do not
 فِي on the earth بَعْدَ after إِصْلَاحِهَا its being set in order
 ذَلِكُمْ (is) خَيْرٌ good لَكُمْ for you إِنْ if كُنْتُمْ you are
 ﴿٨٥﴾ مُؤْمِنِينَ believers

85. And to (the people of) Madyan (Midian), (We sent) their brother Shu'aib. He said: "O my people! Worship Allâh! You have no other *Ilâh* (God) but Him. Verily, a clear proof (sign) from your Lord has come unto you; so give full measure and full weight and wrong not men in their things, and do not do mischief on the earth after it has been set in order, that will be better for you, if you are believers.

وَلَا تَقْعُدُوا بِكُلِّ صِرَاطٍ تُوعِدُونَ وَتَصُدُّونَ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ مَنْ آمَنَ بِهِ وَتَبْغُونَهَا عِوَجًا
وَأَذْكُرُوا إِذْ كُنْتُمْ قَلِيلًا فَكَثَّرَكُمْ وَانظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَتْ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿٨٦﴾
طَائِفَةٌ مِنْكُمْ آمَنُوا بِالَّذِي أُرْسِلْتُ بِهِ وَطَائِفَةٌ لَمْ يُؤْمُوا فَأَصِرُوا حَتَّى يَحْكُمَ اللَّهُ بَيْنَنَا وَهُوَ خَيْرُ
الْحَاكِمِينَ ﴿٨٧﴾

وَلَا تَقْعُدُوا بِكُلِّ صِرَاطٍ road by every sit and do not
(of) Path سَبِيلِ from and hindering وَتَصُدُّونَ threatening
and believe آمَنَ those who Allah
and remember إِذْ crooked عِوَجًا seeking to make it
and He multiplied فَكَثَّرَكُمْ a few you were كُنْتُمْ when
you وَانظُرُوا and see كَيْفَ how كَانَتْ was عَاقِبَةُ end الْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿٨٦﴾
a party طَائِفَةٌ there is كَانْ and if (of) the mischief-makers
مِنْكُمْ of you آمَنُوا (who) believed بِالَّذِي in that which أُرْسِلْتُ
I have been sent بِهِ with وَطَائِفَةٌ and a party لَمْ did not يُؤْمُوا
who believe فَأَصِرُوا then have patience حَتَّى till يَحْكُمَ shall judge
Allah اللَّهُ بَيْنَنَا between us وَهُوَ and He خَيْرُ Best (is) الْحَاكِمِينَ ﴿٨٧﴾
(of) the judges

86. "And sit not on every road, threatening, and hindering from the path of Allâh those who believe in Him, and seeking to make it crooked. And remember when you were but few, and He multiplied you. And see what was the end of the *Mufsidûn*. 87. "And if there is a party of you who believes in that with which I have been sent and a party who does not believe, so be patient until Allâh judges between us, and He is the Best of judges."

﴿ قَالَ أُمَلَّا الَّذِينَ اسْتَكَبَرُوا مِنْ قَوْمِهِ لَنُخْرِجَنَّكَ يَشْعِيبُ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مَعَكَ مِنْ قَرْيَتِنَا أَوْ لَتَعُودُنَّ فِي مِلَّتِنَا قَالَ أَوَلَوْ كُنَّا كَارِهِينَ ﴾ ﴿٨٨﴾ قَدْ أَفْرَيْنَا عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا إِنْ عُدْنَا فِي مِلَّتِكُمْ بَعْدَ إِذْ بَخَّسْنَا اللَّهُ مِنْهَا وَمَا يَكُونُ لَنَا أَنْ نَعُودَ فِيهَا إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ اللَّهُ رَبُّنَا وَسِعَ رَبُّنَا كُلَّ شَيْءٍ عِلْمًا عَلَى اللَّهِ تَوَكَّلْنَا رَبُّنَا أَفَتُخَبِّرُنَا بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَ قَوْمِنَا بِالْحَقِّ وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الْفَاضِلِينَ ﴾ ﴿٨٩﴾

﴿ قَالَ أُمَلَّا الَّذِينَ اسْتَكَبَرُوا ﴾ (of) those who chiefs الَّذِينَ said ﴿ قَالَ أُمَلَّا ﴾ We shall certainly drive you out, O Shu'aib, and those who have believed with you from our town, or else you (all) shall return to our religion." He said: "Even though we hate it?" 89. "We should have invented a lie against Allâh if we returned to your religion, after Allâh has rescued us from it. And it is not for us to return to it unless Allâh, our Lord, should will. Our Lord comprehends all things in His Knowledge. In Allâh (Alone) we put our trust. Our Lord! Judge between us and our people in truth, for You are the Best of those who give judgment."

88. The chiefs of those who were arrogant among his people said: "We shall certainly drive you out, O Shu'aib, and those who have believed with you from our town, or else you (all) shall return to our religion." He said: "Even though we hate it?" 89. "We should have invented a lie against Allâh if we returned to your religion, after Allâh has rescued us from it. And it is not for us to return to it unless Allâh, our Lord, should will. Our Lord comprehends all things in His Knowledge. In Allâh (Alone) we put our trust. Our Lord! Judge between us and our people in truth, for You are the Best of those who give judgment."

وَقَالَ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْ قَوْمِهِ لَئِنْ أَتَيْتُمْ شُعَيْبًا إِذْكَرُوا إِذَا الْخَاسِرُونَ ﴿٩٠﴾ فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُ فَأَصْبَحُوا فِي دَارِهِمْ جِثِيمِينَ ﴿٩١﴾ الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا شُعَيْبًا كَأَن لَّمْ يَنْفَعُوا فِيهَا الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا شُعَيْبًا كَانُوا هُمُ الْخَاسِرِينَ ﴿٩٢﴾ فَنُوحِلْنَاهُمْ وَقَالَ يَوْمَ لَقَدْ أَبْلَغْتُكُمْ رَسُولَاتِي وَنَصَحْتُ لَكُمْ فَكَيْفَ ءَامَسَ عَلَى قَوْمٍ كَافِرِينَ ﴿٩٣﴾

وَقَالَ and said الَّذِينَ the chiefs (of) those who كَفَرُوا
 you disbelieved among قَوْمِهِ his people لَئِنْ if أَتَيْتُمُ
 (will) لَخَيْرُكُمْ then إِنَّا indeed you شُعَيْبًا Shuaib followed
 the earthquake الرَّجَفَةُ then took them فَأَخَذْتَهُمُ be) the losers
 فَأَصْبَحُوا became فَصَبَّحُوا in دَارِهِمْ their homes جُنُودًا ⑪
 those who كَذَّبُوا Shuaib denied شُعَيْبًا Shuaib كَانَ
 were as if لَمْ not يَتَوَلَّوْا they lived فِيهَا therein الَّذِينَ
 they were كَذَّبُوا Shuaib denied شُعَيْبًا Shuaib كَانُوا
 the losers فَتَوَلَّى عَنْهُمْ so he turned from them وَقَالَ
 I conveyed to يَنْقُورُ O my people لَقَدْ indeed أَنَا أَنَا
 and gave good وَصَّيْتُكُمْ (of) my Lord رَبِّي messages you
 for advice لَكُمْ to you فَكَيْفَ then how can أَنَا I mourn عَلَى
 people كَافِرِينَ ⑫ disbelievers

90. The chiefs of those who disbelieved among his people said (to their people): "If you follow Shu'aib, be sure then you will be the losers!" 91. So the earthquake seized them and they lay (dead), prostrate in their homes. 92. Those who belied Shu'aib, became as if they had never dwelt there (in their homes). Those who belied Shu'aib, they were the losers. 93. Then he (Shu'aib) turned from them and said: "O my people! I have indeed conveyed my Lord's Messages unto you and I have given you good advice. Then how can I sorrow for the disbelieving people's (destruction)."

وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا فِي قَرْيَةٍ مِّن نَّبِيٍّ إِلَّا أَخَذْنَا أَهْلَهَا بِالْبَاسِ وَالضَّرَّةِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَضُرَّعُونَ ⑪ ثُمَّ بَدَّلْنَا مَكَانَ السَّيِّئَةِ الْحَسَنَةَ حَتَّىٰ عَفَوْا وَقَالُوا قَدْ مَسَّ ءَابَاءَنَا الضَّرَّةُ وَالسَّرَّةُ فَأَخَذْنَاهُمْ بَغْنَةً وَهُمْ لَا يُشْعُرُونَ ⑫ وَلَوْ أَنَّ أَهْلَ الْقُرَىٰ ءَامَنُوا وَأَتَّقَوْا لَفَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِم بَرَكَاتٍ مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَلَٰكِن كَذَّبُوا فَأَخَذْنَاهُم بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ ⑬

وَمَا and not أَرْسَلْنَا We sent فِي to قَرْيَةٍ a town مِّن any نَّبِيٍّ
 Prophet إِلَّا but أَخَذْنَا We took up أَهْلَهَا its people بِالْبَاسِ with
 and calamity وَالضَّرَّةِ لَعَلَّهُمْ so that they may يَضُرَّعُونَ ⑪
 then بَدَّلْنَا We changed مَكَانَ in place السَّيِّئَةِ
 (of) the evil الْحَسَنَةَ the good حَتَّى until عَفَوْا they throve وَقَالُوا

for their sins **بِذُنُوبِهِمْ** We had punished them **أَصَابَتْهُمْ** We will
so that **فَهُمْ** their hearts **قُلُوبِهِمْ** on (up) **عَلَى** and We seal **وَنَطْبَعُ**
hear **يَسْمَعُونَ** do not **لَا** they

97. Did the people of the towns then feel secure against the coming of Our punishment by night while they were asleep? 98. Or, did the people of the towns then feel secure against the coming of Our punishment in the forenoon while they were playing? 99. Did they then feel secure against the Plan of Allâh? None feels secure from the Plan of Allâh except the people who are the losers. 100. Is it not clear to those who inherit the earth in succession from its (previous) possessors, that had We willed, We would have punished them for their sins. And We seal up their hearts so that they hear not?

تِلْكَ الْقَرْىَ نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ مِنْ أَنْبَاءِهَا وَلَقَدْ جَاءَتْهُمْ رُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ فَمَا كَانُوا لِيُؤْمِنُوا بِمَا كَذَّبُوا مِنْ
قَبْلُ كَذَلِكَ يَطْبَعُ اللَّهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٩٧﴾ وَمَا وَجَدْنَا لِأَكْثَرِهِمْ مِنْ عَهْدٍ وَإِنْ وَجَدْنَا أَكْثَرَهُمْ
لَفَاسِقِينَ ﴿٩٨﴾ ثُمَّ بَعَثْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ مُوسَى بِآيَاتِنَا إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَئِهِ فَظَلَمُوا بِهَا فَانْظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَتْ عَاقِبَةُ
الْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿٩٩﴾

تِلْكَ those الْقَرْىَ towns نَقُصُّ We relate عَلَيْكَ to you مِنْ أَنْبَاءِهَا their stories
وَلَقَدْ and verily جَاءَتْهُمْ came to them رُسُلُهُمْ their messengers
بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ with clear proofs فَمَا but not كَانُوا they had denied لِيُؤْمِنُوا were
to believe بِمَا in what كَذَّبُوا they had denied
مِنْ قَبْلُ before كَذَلِكَ thus يَطْبَعُ seals اللَّهُ Allah عَلَى on (up)
قُلُوبِ hearts الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٩٧﴾ (of) the disbelievers وَمَا and did not وَجَدْنَا
We find لِأَكْثَرِهِمْ in most of them مِنْ عَهْدٍ any
covenant وَإِنْ but وَجَدْنَا We found أَكْثَرَهُمْ most of them
لَفَاسِقِينَ ﴿٩٨﴾ transgressors ثُمَّ then بَعَثْنَا We sent مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ after them
مُوسَى Moses بِآيَاتِنَا with Our signs إِلَى to فِرْعَوْنَ Pharaoh وَمَلَئِهِ
and his chiefs فَظَلَمُوا and they dealt unjustly بِهَا but they dealt unjustly
كَيْفَ so observe كَانَتْ how (of) the الْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿٩٩﴾ end
mischievous-makers

101. Those were the towns whose story We relate unto you (O Muhammad ﷺ). And there came indeed to them their Messengers with clear proofs, but they were not such as to believe in that which they had rejected before. Thus Allâh

does seal up the hearts of the disbelievers. 102. And most of them We found not true to their covenant, but most of them We found indeed *Fâsiqûn*. 103. Then after them We sent Mûsâ (Moses) with Our Signs to Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his chiefs, but they wrongfully rejected them. So see how was the end of the *Mufsidûn*.

وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ يَنْفِرْعَوْنُ إِنِّي رَسُولٌ مِّن رَّبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٠٢﴾ حَقِيقٌ عَلَىٰ أَن لَا أَقُولَ عَلَى اللَّهِ إِلَّا الْحَقَّ قَدْ جِئْتُكُمْ
بِبَيِّنَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ فَأَرْسِلْ مَعِيَ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ ﴿١٠٣﴾ قَالَ إِن كُنتَ جِئْتَ بِآيَةٍ فَلْتَبِئِرْ قَائِلَ يَٰهَا إِن كُنتَ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ ﴿١٠٤﴾
فَالْقَىٰ عَصَاهُ فَإِذَا هِيَ ثُعْبَانٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿١٠٥﴾

وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ and said قَالَ Moses يَنْفِرْعَوْنُ O Pharaoh إِنِّي I (am) verily I (am) رَسُولٌ a messenger مِّن a messenger رَّبِّ from رَبِّ Lord الْعَالَمِينَ (of) the worlds ﴿١٠٢﴾ حَقِيقٌ (it is) incumbent عَلَى (me) upon أَن that لَا do not أَقُولُ I say عَلَى about اللَّهِ Allah إِلَّا but الْحَقَّ the truth قَدْ the truth جِئْتُكُمْ I have come to you بِبَيِّنَةٍ with a clear proof مِّن from مِّن with a clear proof رَّبِّكُمْ your Lord فَأَرْسِلْ so send مَعِيَ with me بَنِي Children of إِسْرَءِيلَ (of) Israel ﴿١٠٣﴾ قَالَ he said إِن if كُنت you have جِئْتَ come بِآيَةٍ with a sign فَلْتَبِئِرْ then bring يَٰهَا it if كُنت you are مِنَ of الصَّادِقِينَ the truthful ﴿١٠٤﴾ فَالْقَى the truthful then he threw عَصَاهُ his staff فَإِذَا his staff ثُعْبَانٌ a serpent مُّبِينٌ manifest ﴿١٠٥﴾ and instantly هِيَ it (became) ثُعْبَانٌ a serpent مُّبِينٌ manifest

104. And Mûsâ (Moses) said: "O Fir'aun (Pharaoh)! Verily, I am a Messenger from the Lord of the 'Ālamîn (mankind, jinn and all that exists). 105. "Proper it is for me that I say nothing concerning Allâh but the truth. Indeed I have come unto you from your Lord with a clear proof. So let the Children of Israel depart along with me." 106. [Fir'aun (Pharaoh)] said: "If you have come with a sign, show it forth, if you are one of those who tell the truth." 107. Then [Mûsâ (Moses)] threw his stick and behold! it was a serpent, manifest!

وَنَزَعَ يَدَهُ فَإِذَا هِيَ بَيْضَاءُ لِلنَّظِيرِينَ ﴿١٠٦﴾ قَالَ الْمَلَأُ مِنْ قَوْمِ فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّ هَذَا لَسَاحِرٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٠٧﴾ يُرِيدُ أَن يُخْرِجَكُم مِّنْ أَرْضِكُمْ فَأَمَّا تَأْمُرُونَ ﴿١٠٨﴾ قَالُوا أَتَجْعَلُ فِي الْمَدَائِنِ حَاشِرِينَ ﴿١٠٩﴾ يَأْتُوكَ بِكُلِّ سِحْرِ عَلِيمٍ ﴿١١٠﴾
وَجَاءَ السَّحَرَةُ فِرْعَوْنَ قَالُوا إِنَّ كُنَّا لَمُتَّاعُونَ ﴿١١١﴾

وَنَزَعَ and he drew out يَدَهُ his hand فَإِذَا his hand هِيَ and instantly بَيْضَاءُ white (luminous) لِلنَّظِيرِينَ to the beholders قَالَ said الْمَلَأُ

indeed (of) Pharaoh people of the chiefs
 that he wants well-versed a sorcerer this (is)
 so what your land from He drives you out
 keep him in they said do you recommend
 suspense and his brother and send to the
 cities heralds they bring you every
 the sorcerers and came knowing sorcerer
 (to) Pharaoh they said indeed for us
 the winners we are if (would be) reward

108. And he drew out his hand, and behold! it was white (with radiance) for the beholders. 109. The chiefs of the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "This is indeed a well-versed sorcerer; 110. "He wants to get you out of your land, so what do you advise?" 111. They said: "Put him and his brother off (for a time), and send callers to the cities to collect — 112. "That they bring to you all well-versed sorcerers." 113. And so the sorcerers came to Fir'aun (Pharaoh). They said: "Indeed there will be a (good) reward for us if we are the victors."

قَالَ نَعَمْ وَإِنَّكُمْ لَمِنَ الْمُفْرِينَ ﴿١٠٩﴾ قَالُوا يَنْمُوسَىٰ إِمَّا أَنْ تُلْقَىٰ وَإِمَّا أَنْ نَكُونَ خَمْنًا مُّثْلَيْنِ ﴿١١٠﴾ قَالَ أَلْقُوا فَلَمَّا
 أَلْقَوْا سَحَرُوا أَعْيُنَ النَّاسِ وَاسْتَرْهَبُوهُمْ وَجَاءُوا بِسِحْرِ عَظِيمٍ ﴿١١١﴾ وَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَىٰ مُوسَىٰ أَنْ أَلْقِ عَصَاكَ
 فَإِذَا هِيَ تَلْقَفُ مَا يَأْفِكُونَ ﴿١١٢﴾ فَوَقَعَ الْحَقُّ وَبَطَلَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١١٣﴾

of and indeed you will be yes he said
 nearest (to me) O Moses they said
 we will [that] or you throw [that] either
 you throw he said the throwers [we] be
 eyes they enchanted they threw so when
 and overawed them (of) the people
 and We great with a magic came up
 your throw (that) Moses (to) inspired
 they what swallowed it and then staff
 and the truth thus was established had (made)
 so they used what proved vain
 were defeated

114. He said: "Yes, and moreover you will (in that case) be of the nearest (to me)." 115. They said: "O Mûsâ (Moses)! Either you throw (first), or shall we have the (first) throw?" 116. He said: "Throw you (first)." So when they threw, they bewitched the eyes of the people, and struck terror into them, and they displayed a great magic. 117. And We revealed to Mûsâ (Moses) (saying): "Throw your stick," and behold! It swallowed up straight away all the falsehood which they showed. 118. Thus truth was confirmed, and all that they did was made of no effect.

فَعَلُوا هُنَاكَ ۖ وَانْقَلَبُوا صَغِيرِينَ ﴿١١٤﴾ وَأَلْقَى السَّحَرَةُ سِحْرَهُمْ ﴿١١٥﴾ قَالُوا ءَأَمَّا رَبِّ الْمَالِئِينَ ﴿١١٦﴾ رَبِّ مُوسَى وَهَارُونَ ﴿١١٧﴾ قَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ ءَأَمَنْتُمْ بِهِ قَبْلَ أَنْ ءَاذَنَ لَكُمْ ۖ إِنَّ هَٰذَا لَمَكْرٌ مَّكْرْتُهُمْ فِي الْمَدِينَةِ لِتُخْرِجُوا مِنْهَا أَهْلَهَا ۖ فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١١٨﴾ لَا قُطْعَانَ أَيْدِيكُمْ وَأَرْجُلَكُمْ مِنْ خِلْفٍ ثُمَّ لَأُسْلِبَنَّكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿١١٩﴾

هُنَاكَ there ۖ وَانْقَلَبُوا and returned صَغِيرِينَ low (disgraced) وَأَلْقَى they said قَالُوا prostrate السَّحَرَةُ the sorcerers سِحْرَهُمْ fell down ءَأَمَّا Lord رَبِّ (of) the worlds الْمَالِئِينَ in Lord رَبِّ we believed مُوسَى Pharaoh (of) Moses وَهَارُونَ ﴿١١٧﴾ and Aaron قَالَ and AARON فِرْعَوْنُ said I give ءَأَمَنْتُمْ you believed قَبْلَ in him أَنْ before that ءَاذَنَ permission (is) a plot لَكُمْ to you إِنَّ certainly هَٰذَا this لَمَكْرٌ (is) a plot مَكْرْتُهُمْ that you have plotted فِي in the city الْمَدِينَةِ the city لِتُخْرِجُوا but soon shall you فَسَوْفَ its people أَهْلَهَا from it drive out I would surely cut off لَا قُطْعَانَ know (its consequences) أَيْدِيكُمْ your hands وَأَرْجُلَكُمْ your feet مِنْ and on خِلْفٍ opposite sides ثُمَّ I will crucify you أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿١١٩﴾ all

119. So they were defeated there and returned disgraced. 120. And the sorcerers fell down prostrate. 121. They said: "We believe in the Lord of the 'Ālamîn. 122. "The Lord of Mûsâ (Moses) and Hârûn (Aaron)." 123. Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "You have believed in him [Mûsâ (Moses)] before I give you permission. Surely, this is a plot which you have plotted in the city to drive out its people, but you shall come to know. 124. "Surely, I will cut off your hands and your feet from opposite sides, then I will crucify you all."

قَالُوا إِنَّا إِلَىٰ رَبِّنَا مُقْلِبُونَ ﴿١٢٠﴾ وَمَا نُنْفِئُ مِنْهَا إِلَّا أَنْتَ ءَأَمَّنَا بِمَا يَأْتِي رَبَّنَا لَمَّا جَاءَتْ تَنَارًا ۖ أَفَرِحَ عَلَيْنَا صَبْرًا وَتَوَفَّنَا مُسْلِمِينَ ﴿١٢١﴾ وَقَالَ لِلْكَأْثَرِ مِنْ قَوْمِ فِرْعَوْنَ أَتَنْذَرُ مُوسَىٰ وَقَوْمَهُ لِيُفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَيَذَرُكَ وَءَاهَتَكَ ۚ قَالَ سَنْقِيلُ أَبْنَاءَهُمْ وَلَسْتَعِجِي ۖ يَسَاءَ لَهُمْ وَءَانَا فَوْقَهُمْ فَهَرُوبٌ ﴿١٢٢﴾

will ﴿١٢٦﴾ مُنْقِلُونَ our Lord رَبَّنَا to إِنَّ indeed we إنا they said قَالُوا
 on us وَمَا you take vengeance لَنَقِمَنَّ and do not وَمَا be returning
 (of) our رَبَّنَا in Signs يَا أَيُّهَا we believed ءَامَنَّا that أَنْتَ but لَا
 pour أَفْرِغْ our Lord! رَبَّنَا they came to us جَاءَتْنَا when لَنَا Lord
 ﴿١٢٧﴾ مُسْلِمِينَ and cause us to die وَتَوَكَّلْنَا patience صَبْرًا on us عَلَيْنَا out
 people قَوْمِ of chiefs مِنَ and said وَقَالَ (as) Muslims
 and his قَوْمُهُ Moses مُوسَى will you leave? أَتَذَرُ (of) Pharaoh
 and وَيَذَرُكَ the land الْأَرْضِ in فِي to spread mischief يُفْسِدُوا people
 we سَنَقْتُلُ he said قَالَ and your gods وَإِلَهَاتِكَ they forsake you
 their نِسَاءَهُمْ and we will let live وَنَسْتَحْيِي their sons أَبْنَاءَهُمْ will kill
 ﴿١٢٨﴾ فَهَرَبُوا over them فَوْقَهُمْ and certainly we are وَإِنَّا women
 dominant powers

125. They said: "Verily, we are returning to our Lord. 126. "And you take vengeance on us only because we believed in the *Ayat* of our Lord when they reached us! Our Lord! pour out on us patience, and cause us to die as Muslims." 127. The chiefs of Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people said: "Will you leave Mûsâ (Moses) and his people to spread mischief in the land, and to abandon you and your gods?" He said: "We will kill their sons, and let live their women, and we have indeed irresistible power over them."

قَالَ مُوسَى لِقَوْمِهِ اسْتَعِينُوا بِاللَّهِ وَاصْبِرُوا إِنَّ الْأَرْضَ لِلَّهِ يُورِثُهَا مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ وَالْعَاقِبَةُ
 لِلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١٢٦﴾ قَالُوا أَوْذَيْنَا مِنْ قَبْلُ أَنْ تَأْتِيَنَا وَمِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جِئْتَنَا قَالَ عَنِ رَبِّكُمْ أَنْ يَهْلِكَ عَدُوَّكُمْ
 وَيَسْتَخْلِفَ كُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَيَنْظُرَ كَيْفَ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٢٧﴾ وَلَقَدْ أَخَذْنَا آلَ فِرْعَوْنَ بِالسِّنِينَ وَنَقَصْنَا
 الشَّمْرَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَذْكُرُونَ ﴿١٢٨﴾

قَالَ مُوسَى لِقَوْمِهِ اسْتَعِينُوا بِاللَّهِ seek help to his people قَوْمِهِ and endure وَاصْبِرُوا from Allah
 the earth الْأَرْضُ indeed إِنَّ and (is) Allah's يُورِثُهَا مَنْ He gives it as a heritage يَشَاءُ to whom
 ﴿١٢٦﴾ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ and the end وَالْعَاقِبَةُ His slaves عِبَادِهِ of مِنْ He wills
 we suffered hurt أَوْذَيْنَا they said قَالُوا for God-fearing people
 that أَنْ before تَأْتِيَنَا that وَمِنْ بَعْدِ you came to us and after مَا
 your Lord رَبِّكُمْ may be قَالَ he said قَالُوا you came to us جِئْتَنَا

131. But whenever good came to them, they said: "Ours is this." And if evil afflicted them, they ascribed it to evil omens connected with Mûsâ (Moses) and those with him. Be informed! Verily, their evil omens are with Allâh but most of them know not. 132. They said: "Whatever Ayât you may bring to us, to work therewith your sorcery on us, we shall never believe in you." 133. So We sent on them: the flood, the locusts, the lice, the frogs, and the blood (as a succession of) manifest signs, yet they remained arrogant, and they were of those people who were *Mujrimûn*.

وَلَمَّا وَقَعَ عَلَيْهِمُ الرِّجْزُ قَالُوا يَمْشُوايَ أَدْعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ بِمَا عَهِدَ عِنْدَكَ لِيَن كَشَفْتَ عَنَّا الرِّجْزَ لَنُؤْمِنَنَّ لَكَ وَلَنُرْسِلَنَّ مَعَكَ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ ﴿١٣٢﴾ فَلَمَّا كَشَفْنَا عَنْهُمْ الرِّجْزَ إِلَى أَجَلٍ هُمْ بِلِقَاؤِهِ إِذَا هُمْ يَسْكُتُونَ ﴿١٣٣﴾ فَانْقَمْنَا مِنْهُمْ فَاغْرَقْنَاهُمْ فِي الْيَمِّ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَكَانُوا عَنْهَا غَافِلِينَ ﴿١٣٤﴾

وَلَمَّا وَقَعَ عَلَيْهِمُ الرِّجْزُ on them fell and when they said يَمْشُوايَ O Moses أَدْعُ invoke لَنَا for us رَبَّكَ your Lord because of عَهِدَ (His) promise عِنْدَكَ to you لِيَن if كَشَفْتَ we shall remove the الرِّجْزَ penalty from us لَنُؤْمِنَنَّ the penalty and we shall send وَلَنُرْسِلَنَّ in you لَكَ certainly believe but when فَلَمَّا (of) Israel بَنِي Children إِسْرَءِيلَ with you to كَشَفْنَا We removed عَنْهُمْ the penalty الرِّجْزَ from them إِلَى the penalty أَجَلٍ a fixed term هُمْ they بِلِقَاؤِهِ had to reach (it) إِذَا then هُمْ so We took retribution يَنْقَمْنَا broke the promise يَسْكُتُونَ they the sea الْيَمِّ in and drowned them فَاغْرَقْنَاهُمْ from them بَنِي in the sea الْيَمِّ and they كَذَّبُوا because they غَافِلِينَ Our signs وَكَانُوا and they were غَافِلِينَ of them heedless

134. And when the punishment fell on them, they said: "O Mûsâ (Moses)! Invoke your Lord for us because of His Promise to you. If you remove the punishment from us, we indeed shall believe in you, and we shall let the Children of Israel go with you." 135. But when We removed the punishment from them to a fixed term, which they had to reach, behold! they broke their word! 136. So We took retribution from them. We drowned them in the sea, because they belied Our Ayât and were heedless about them.

وَأَوْرَثْنَا الْقَوْمَ الَّذِينَ كَانُوا يُسْتَضَعُونَ مَشْرِقَ الْأَرْضِ وَمَغْرِبَهَا الَّتِي بَرَكْنَا فِيهَا وَتَمَّتْ كَلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ الْحُسْنَى عَلَى بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ بِمَا صَبَرُوا وَدَمَرْنَا مَا كَانُوا يَصْنَعُونَ فِرْعَوْنُ وَقَوْمُهُ وَمَا كَانُوا

يَعْرِشُونَ ﴿١٣٧﴾ وَجَوَزْنَا بِبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ الْبَحْرَ فَأَتَوْا عَلَى قَوْمٍ يَمْكُفُونَ عَلَى أَصْنَامٍ لَهُمْ قَالُوا يَنْمُوسَى أَجْعَلْ لَنَا إِلَهًا كَمَا لَهُمْ آلِهَةٌ قَالَ إِنَّكُمْ قَوْمٌ تَجْهَلُونَ ﴿١٣٨﴾

وَأَوْرَثْنَا الْقَوْمَ الَّذِينَ كَانُوا يُسْتَضْفَوْنَ (of) the land east وَمَغْرِبَهَا أَلَيْهَا and its west وَمَنْعْنَا عَنْ آلِيهِمَا We sent our blessings بَنَرَكُنَا which (of) your رَبِّكَ words and were fulfilled وَكُنْتُمْ where in Children of Israel (of) Israel the fair لَقَوْلِكَ Lord what صَبَرُوا because and We destroyed وَدَمَّرْنَا they endured and his وَقَوْمُهُ Pharaoh used to erect people and what كَانُوا they used to erect ﴿١٣٧﴾ وَجَوَزْنَا the sea (of) Israel Children of Israel and We led across فَأَتَوْا then they came عَلَى a people يَمْكُفُونَ devoted upon قَوْمٍ they had قَالُوا they said يَنْمُوسَى O Moses أَجْعَلْ to make لَنَا for us إِلَهًا a god كَمَا as لَهُمْ they have آلِهَةٌ gods قَالُوا make know nothing ﴿١٣٨﴾ a people قَوْمٌ verily you are إِنَّكُمْ he said

137. And We made the people who were considered weak to inherit the eastern parts of the land and the western parts thereof which We have blessed. And the fair Word of your Lord was fulfilled for the Children of Israel, because of their endurance. And We destroyed completely all the great works and buildings which Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his people erected. 138. And We brought the Children of Israel (with safety) across the sea, and they came upon a people devoted to some of their idols (in worship). They said: "O Mûsâ (Moses)! Make for us an *ilâh* (a god) as they have *âlihah*." He said: "Verily, you are a people who know not."

إِنَّ هَؤُلَاءِ مُتَّبِعُونَ مَا هُمْ فِيهِ وَظِلٌّ ﴿١٣٩﴾ قَالِ أَغَيْرَ اللَّهِ أَبْغِيكُمْ إِلَهًا وَهُمْ فَصَلَّاهُمْ عَلَى الْعَلَمَاتِ ﴿١٤٠﴾ وَإِذْ أَجْتَبَاكُمْ مِنْ آلِ فِرْعَوْنَ يَسُومُونَكُمْ سُوءَ الْعَذَابِ يَقُولُونَ أَبْنَاءُكُمْ وَمَسْخُوجُونَ ﴿١٤١﴾ وَإِنْ يَدْعُوا إِلَى دَوْلَابِكُمْ فَلَا تَصْعَقُوا بِهِمْ وَهُمْ فِي دَوْلَابِكُمْ عَظِيمٌ ﴿١٤٢﴾

إِنَّ هَؤُلَاءِ certainly (these people) مُتَّبِعُونَ are to be destroyed مَا that which هُمْ (they are) فِيهِ in (it) وَظِلٌّ what and is in vain كَانُوا they are يَمْكُفُونَ doing قَالِ he said أَغَيْرَ he said إِلَهًا I seek for you اللَّهُ Allah أَبْغِيكُمْ than وَهُمْ a god هُوَ He while

the worlds ﴿١٣٩﴾ above (all) عَلَى exalted you فَضَّلَكُمْ (has) رَأَى and (remember) when رَأَى from بَيْنَ We saved you أُنَجَّيْنَكُمْ (of) Pharaoh فِرْعَوْنَ people who afflicted you (with) يَسُومُونَكُمْ (of) torment أَلْأَذَابِ worst سُوءَ killing بَنَاءَكُمْ your sons and in فِي your women نِسَاءَكُمْ and letting live وَتَسْتَحْيُونَ ذَلِكُمْ بَلَاءٌ that (was) مِنْ a trial رَبِّكُمْ your Lord عَظِيمٌ ﴿١٤٠﴾ great

139. "Verily, these people will be destroyed for that which they are engaged in (idols, worship). And all that they are doing is in vain." 140. He said: "Shall I seek for you an *ilâh* (a god) other than Allâh, while He has given you superiority over the '*Ālamîn*." 141. And (remember) when We rescued you from Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people, who were afflicting you with the worst torment, killing your sons and letting your women live. And in that was a great trial from your Lord.

﴿١٤١﴾ وَوَعَدْنَا مُوسَى ثَلَاثِينَ لَيْلَةً وَأَتَمَمْنَاهَا بِمِثْرِ فِتْنَةٍ مِيقَتُ رَبِّهِ أَرْبَعِينَ لَيْلَةً وَقَالَ مُوسَى لِأَخِيهِ هَارُونَ اخْلُفْنِي فِي قَوْمِي وَأَصْلِحْ وَلَا تَتَّبِعْ سَبِيلَ الْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿١٤٢﴾ وَلَمَّا جَاءَ مُوسَى لِمِيقَاتِنَا وَكَلَّمَهُ رَبُّهُ قَالَ رَبِّ أَرِنِي أَنْظُرْ إِلَيْكَ قَالَ لَنْ تَرَنِي وَلَكِنْ أَنْظُرْ إِلَى الْجَبَلِ فَإِنِ اسْتَقَرَّ مَكَانَهُ فَسَوْفَ تَرَنِي فَلَمَّا تَبَيَّنَ رَبُّهُ لَلْجَبَلِ جَعَلَهُ دَكًّا وَخَرَّ مُوسَى صَوِقًا فَلَمَّا أَفَاقَ قَالَ سُبْحَنَكَ ثَبَّتْ إِلَيْكَ وَأَنَا أَوَّلُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٤٣﴾

﴿١٤١﴾ وَوَعَدْنَا مُوسَى ثَلَاثِينَ Moses and We appointed for وَوَعَدْنَا thirty nights وَأَتَمَمْنَاهَا بِمِثْرِ and We completed them فِتْنَةٍ with ten (more) مِثْرٍ thus was completed مِيقَتُ رَبِّهِ (of) his Lord أَرْبَعِينَ (of) forty nights وَقَالَ مُوسَى and said قَالَ nights (of) forty my قَوْمِي in فِي take my place اخْلُفْنِي Aaron brother way أَصْلِحْ people وَلَا and do right and do not تَتَّبِعْ follow سَبِيلِ came جَاءَ (of) the mischief-makers الْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿١٤٢﴾ and spoke to him وَكَلَّمَهُ at Our appointment لِمِيقَاتِنَا Moses رَبُّهُ he said قَالَ رَبِّ he said رَبِّ O my Lord! أَرِنِي show me قَالَ رَبِّ (Yourself) أَنْظُرْ (that) I may look إِلَيْكَ upon You قَالَ رَبِّ He said لَنْ تَرَنِي you (be able to) see Me وَلَكِنْ أَنْظُرْ but إِلَيَّ at the mountain الْجَبَلِ فَإِنِ if اسْتَقَرَّ it remained firm مَكَانَهُ in its place فَسَوْفَ then you might تَرَنِي see me فَلَمَّا and when تَبَيَّنَ

جَعَلَهُ to the mountain الْجَبَلِ his Lord رَبُّهُ revealed (His) Glory
 دَكَّا He made it as dust وَحَرَ and fell down مُوسَى Moses صَعِقًا
 he said قَالَ he recovered أَفَاقَ and when فَلَمَّا unconscious
 to You (in إِلَيْكَ I return بَرُّتُ Glory be to You سُبْحَانَكَ
 (of) the believers الْمُؤْمِنِينَ first أَوَّلُ and I am أَنَا repentance)

142. And We appointed for Mûsâ (Moses) thirty nights and added (to the period) ten (more), and he completed the term, appointed by his Lord, of forty nights. And Mûsâ (Moses) said to his brother Hârûn (Aaron): "Replace me among my people, act in the right way (by ordering the people to obey Allâh and to worship Him Alone) and follow not the way of the *Mufsidûn* (mischief-makers)." 143. And when Mûsâ (Moses) came at the time and place appointed by Us, and his Lord (Allâh) spoke to him; he said: "O my Lord! Show me (Yourself), that I may look upon You." Allâh said: "You cannot see Me, but look upon the mountain; if it stands still in its place then you shall see Me." So when his Lord appeared to the mountain, He made it collapse to dust, and Mûsâ (Moses) fell down unconscious. Then when he recovered his senses he said: "Glory be to You, I turn to You in repentance and I am the first of the believers."

قَالَ يَمُوسَىٰ إِنِّي أَصْطَفَيْتُكَ عَلَى النَّاسِ بِرِسَالَتِي وَبِكَلَامِي فَخُذْ مَا آتَيْتُكَ وَكُن مِّنَ الشَّاكِرِينَ ﴿١٤٢﴾ وَكَتَبْنَا لَهُمُ فِي الْآلْوَاحِ مِن كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مَّوْعِظَةً وَتَفْصِيلًا لِّكُلِّ شَيْءٍ فَخُذْهَا بِقُوَّةٍ وَأْمُرْ قَوْمَكَ يَأْخُذُوا بِأَحْسَنِهَا سَأُرِيكُمْ دَارَ الْفَاسِقِينَ ﴿١٤٣﴾

قَالَ He said يَمُوسَىٰ O Moses إِنِّي indeed I have أَصْطَفَيْتُكَ chosen
 عَلَى you above النَّاسِ people (all) بِرِسَالَتِي by My messages وَبِكَلَامِي
 I have آتَيْتُكَ what مَا so hold فَخُذْ and by My speaking (to you)
 وَكُن given you الشَّاكِرِينَ of ﴿١٤٢﴾ the grateful وَكَتَبْنَا
 لَهُمُ and We ordained الْآلْوَاحِ in فِي for him كُلِّ the tablets
 (from) every شَيْءٍ thing مَّوْعِظَةً (for) admonition وَتَفْصِيلًا
 لِّكُلِّ explanation شَيْءٍ for every فَخُذْهَا thing بِقُوَّةٍ so hold these
 وَأْمُرْ with firmness قَوْمَكَ your people يَأْخُذُوا to follow
 بِأَحْسَنِهَا best of it سَأُرِيكُمْ I shall show you soon دَارَ abode
 (of) the transgressors الْفَاسِقِينَ ﴿١٤٣﴾

144. (Allâh) said: "O Mûsâ (Moses) I have chosen you above men by My Messages, and by My speaking (to you). So hold that which I have given you and be of the grateful." 145. And We wrote for him on the Tablets the lesson to be drawn from all things and the explanation for all things (and said): Hold unto these with firmness, and enjoin your people to take the better therein. I shall show you the home of *Al-Fâsiqûn* (the rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

سَأَصْرِفُ عَنْ آيَاتِيَ الَّذِينَ يَتَكَبَّرُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ وَإِنْ يَرَوْا كُلَّ آيَةٍ لَا يُؤْمِنُوا بِهَا وَإِنْ يَرَوْا سَبِيلَ الرُّشْدِ لَا يَتَّخِذُوهُ سَبِيلًا وَإِنْ يَرَوْا سَبِيلَ الْغَيِّ يَتَّخِذُوهُ سَبِيلًا ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَكَانُوا عَنْهَا غَافِلِينَ ﴿١٤٦﴾ وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَلِقَاءِ الْآخِرَةِ حَسِطَتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ هَلْ يُجْزَوْنَ إِلَّا مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٤٧﴾

those who الَّذِينَ My Signs آيَاتِي from عَنْ I shall turn away سَأَصْرِفُ without بِغَيْرِ the earth الْأَرْضِ in فِي behave arrogantly يَتَكَبَّرُونَ sign آيَةٍ every كُلِّ they see يَرَوْا and if وَإِنْ right الْحَقِّ (any) they see يَرَوْا and if وَإِنْ in them بِهَا they believe يُؤْمِنُوا not لَا they will يَتَّخِذُوهُ do not لَا (of) righteousness الرُّشْدِ way سَبِيلَ they see يَرَوْا but if وَإِنْ (as their) way سَبِيلًا take it الْغَيِّ (of) error يَتَّخِذُوهُ they will take it سَبِيلًا (as their) way ذَلِكَ (is) because they كَذَّبُوا rejected بِآيَاتِنَا Our signs وَكَانُوا and those وَالَّذِينَ heedless غَافِلِينَ to them عَنْهَا and they were in كَذَّبُوا rejected بِآيَاتِنَا Our Signs and meeting وَلِقَاءِ الْآخِرَةِ the Hereafter حَسِطَتْ their deeds أَعْمَالُهُمْ will they be rewarded يُجْزَوْنَ إِلَّا they be rewarded إِلَّا except (for) مَا what كَانُوا used to do يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٤٧﴾

146. I shall turn away from My *Ayât* (Verses of the Qur'ân) those who behave arrogantly on the earth, without a right, and (even) if they see all the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), they will not believe in them. And if they see the way of righteousness (monotheism, piety, and good deeds), they will not adopt it as the Way, but if they see the way of error (polytheism, crimes and evil deeds), they will adopt that way, that is because they have rejected Our *Ayât* and were heedless (to learn a lesson) from them. 147. Those who deny Our *Ayât* and the Meeting in the Hereafter (Day of Resurrection,), vain are their deeds. Are they requited with anything except what they used to do?

وَأَخَذَ قَوْمٌ مِّنْ بَعْدِهِ مِنْ خُلِيِّهِمْ عِجْلًا جَسَدًا لَّهُمْ خَوَارٌ أَلَمْ يَرَوْا أَنَّهُ لَا يُكَلِّمُهُمْ وَلَا يَهْدِيهِمْ سَبِيلًا
 أَخَذُوهُ وَكَانُوا ظَالِمِينَ ﴿١٤٨﴾ وَلَمَّا سَفِطَ فِي أَيْدِيهِمْ وَرَأَوْا أَنَّهُمْ قَدْ ضَلُّوا قَالُوا لَئِنْ لَّمْ يَرْحَمْنَا رَبُّنَا
 وَيَغْفِرْ لَنَا لَنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ ﴿١٤٩﴾

وَأَخَذَ and took قَوْمٌ people مِّنْ (of) Moses مُوسَى after him مِنْ خُلِيِّهِمْ from (out of) their ornaments عِجْلًا a calf جَسَدًا the body لَّهُمْ which had خَوَارٌ a (lowing) sound أَلَمْ يَرَوْا did not see أَنَّهُ that it لَا can not يُكَلِّمُهُمْ speak to them وَلَا neither يَهْدِيهِمْ guide them they took it (for أَخَذُوهُ (to the) way سَبِيلًا it can guide them (who are) the ظَالِمِينَ and they were وَكَانُوا worship ﴿١٤٨﴾ and when لَمَّا wrong-doers سَفِطَ فِي أَيْدِيهِمْ they felt regretted وَرَأَوْا and saw أَنَّهُمْ that they had ضَلُّوا gone astray قَالُوا our Lord رَبُّنَا have mercy on us if لَمْ they said did not يَرْحَمْنَا and forgive لَنَكُونَنَّ us Lord وَيَغْفِرْ and forgive لَنَا and forgive لَنَكُونَنَّ us Lord the losers مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ ﴿١٤٩﴾

148. And the people of Mûsâ (Moses) made in his absence, out of their ornaments, the image of a calf (for worship). It had a sound (as if it was mooing). Did they not see that it could neither speak to them nor guide them to the way? They took it (for worship) and they were *Zâlimûn* (wrongdoers). 149. And when they regretted and saw that they had gone astray, they (repented and) said: "If our Lord have not mercy upon us and forgive us, we shall certainly be of the losers."

وَلَمَّا رَجَعَ مُوسَىٰ إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ غَضْبَنَ أَيُّهَا قَالَ إِنَّكَ خَلَفْتَنِي مِنْ بَعْدِي أَعَجَلْتُمْ أَمْرَ رَبِّكُمْ وَالْقَىٰ الْأَلْوَابَ وَأَخَذَ
 بِرَأْسِ أَخِيهِ يَجُرُّهُ إِلَيْهِ قَالَ ابْنَ أُمِّ إِيَّانَ الْقَوْمَ اسْتَضَعِفُونِي وَكَادُوا يَقْتُلُونِي فَلَا تُشْمِتْ بِيَ الْأَعْدَاءَ وَلَا تَجْعَلْنِي مَعَ
 الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٥٠﴾

وَلَمَّا رَجَعَ and when رَجَعَ returned مُوسَىٰ Moses إِلَىٰ to قَوْمِهِ his people غَضْبَنَ angry أَيُّهَا (and) grieved قَالَ he said إِنَّكَ خَلَفْتَنِي (you have done in my place) مِنْ بَعْدِي after me أَعَجَلْتُمْ thing and he رَجَعْتُمْ (to) decree أَمْرَ did you hasten (of) your Lord الْقَىٰ and seized الْأَلْوَابَ the tablets وَأَخَذَ by head أَخِيهِ and

O he said قَالَ to himself إِلَيَّ dragging him يَجْرُهُ his brother
 son أُمِّ (of) my mother إِنَّ indeed الْقَوْمَ the people اسْتَضَعَفُونِي
 so to kill me يَقْتُلُونَنِي and were about وَكَادُوا overpowered me
 and لَا the enemies الْأَعْدَاءُ over me بِكَ gloat شِئْتِ let not
 the people الْقَوْمَ with مَعَ place me تَجْعَلَنِي do not
 wrong-doers

150. And when Mûsâ (Moses) returned to his people, angry and grieved, he said: "What an evil thing is that which you have done (i.e. worshipping the calf) during my absence. Did you hasten and go ahead as regards the matter of your Lord (you left His worship)?" And he threw down the Tablets and seized his brother by (the hair of) his head and dragged him towards him. Hârûn (Aaron) said: "O son of my mother! Indeed the people judged me weak and were about to kill me, so make not the enemies rejoice over me, nor put me amongst the people who are *Zâlimûn* (wrongdoers)."

قَالَ رَبِّ اغْفِرْ لِي وَلِإِخِي وَأَدْخِلْنَا فِي رَحْمَتِكَ وَأَنْتَ أَرْحَمُ الرَّاحِمِينَ ﴿١٥٠﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ أَخَذُوا الْعِجْلَ
 سَيَنَالُهُمْ غَضَبٌ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ وَذَلَّةٌ فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا وَكَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُفْتَرِينَ ﴿١٥١﴾ وَالَّذِينَ عَمِلُوا السَّيِّئَاتِ ثُمَّ تَابُوا
 مِنْ بَعْدِهَا وَآمَنُوا بِرَبِّكَ مِنْ بَعْدِهَا لَغَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿١٥٢﴾

and my وَلِإِخِي me لي forgive اغْفِرْ O my Lord رَبِّ he said قَالَ
 for brother وَأَدْخِلْنَا فِي رَحْمَتِكَ Your Mercy وَأَنْتَ
 (of) the merciful الرَّحِيمِ Most Merciful أَرْحَمُ You are
 the calf (for worship) الْعِجْلَ took أَخَذُوا those who الَّذِينَ indeed
 their Lord رَبِّهِمْ from مِنْ wrath غَضَبٌ will overtake them سَيَنَالُهُمْ
 وَذَلَّةٌ (of) the world الدُّنْيَا life الْحَيَاةِ in فِي and humiliation وَكَذَلِكَ
 those who fabricate الْمُفْتَرِينَ We do recompense نَجْزِي and thus
 then evil (deed) السَّيِّئَاتِ did عَمِلُوا but those who الَّذِينَ lies
 تابُوا verily رَبِّكَ and believed وَآمَنُوا after that مِنْ بَعْدِهَا repented
 your Lord لَغَفُورٌ (is) رَحِيمٌ Most Merciful

151. Mûsâ (Moses) said: "O my Lord! Forgive me and my brother, and admit us into Your Mercy, for you are the Most Merciful of those who show mercy."

152. Certainly, those who took the calf (for worship), wrath from their Lord and humiliation will come upon them in the life of this world. Thus do We recompense those who invent lies. 153. But those who committed evil deeds and then repented afterwards and believed, verily, your Lord after (all) that is indeed Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

وَلَمَّا سَكَتَ عَنْ مُوسَى الْغَضَبُ أَخَذَ الْأَلْوَابَ وَفِي تَنْخِيفِهَا هُدًى وَرَحْمَةٌ لِلَّذِينَ هُمْ لِرَبِّهِمْ يَرْهَبُونَ ﴿١٥١﴾ وَأَخَارَ
مُوسَى قَوْمَهُ سَبْعِينَ رَجُلًا لِّمِيقَاتِنَا فَلَمَّا أَخَذَتْهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُ قَالَ رَبِّ لَوْ شِئْتَ أَهْلَكْتَهُمْ مِن قَبْلُ وَإِنِّي أَتَلْكُمَا بِمَا
فَعَلَّ السُّفَهَاءُ مِنَّا إِن يَهِيَ إِلَّا فَنَنَّاكَ نُضِلُّ بِهَا مَن نَّشَاءُ وَتَهْدِي مَن نَّشَاءُ أَنتَ وَلِيُّنَا فَاغْفِرْ لَنَا وَارْحَمْنَا وَأَنتَ خَيْرُ
الْغَافِرِينَ ﴿١٥٢﴾

وَلَمَّا anger النَّغَضُ from Moses سَكَتَ and when وَلَمَّا
writing whereof تَنْخِيفِهَا and in فِي the tablets الْأَلْوَابَ he took up
they هُمْ for those الَّذِينَ and mercy وَرَحْمَةٌ (was) guidance هُدًى
they لِرَبِّهِمْ (who) and chose وَأَخَارَ fear يَرْهَبُونَ ﴿١٥١﴾ (to) their Lord
for قَوْمَهُ Moses سَبْعِينَ (of) his people رَجُلًا seventy
a لِّمِيقَاتِنَا seized them أَخَذَتْهُمُ and when فَلَمَّا Our appointment
You شِئْتَ had لَوْ O my Lord رَبِّ he said قَالَ violent earthquake
before أَهْلَكْتَهُمْ would have destroyed them مِن قَبْلُ You would
did وَلَئِنِّي for what إِنَّا would You destroy us أَتَلْكُمَا and me
السُّفَهَاءُ the fools مِنَّا among us إِن not يَهِيَ إِلَّا it is but فَنَنَّاكَ
You will نُضِلُّ trial بِهَا You mislead مَن with it نَّشَاءُ whom
وَتَهْدِي and You guide مَن whom نَّشَاءُ You أَنتَ You will
and have mercy فَاغْفِرْ (are) our Guardian لَنَا so forgive وَارْحَمْنَا us
of those who forgive الْغَافِرِينَ ﴿١٥٢﴾ (are) Best خَيْرُ and You وَأَنتَ on us

154. And when the anger of Mûsâ (Moses) was calmed down, he took up the Tablets; and in their inscription was guidance and mercy for those who fear their Lord. 155. And Mûsâ (Moses) chose out of his people seventy (of the best) men for Our appointed time and place of meeting, and when they were seized with a violent earthquake, he said: "O my Lord, if it had been Your Will, You could have destroyed them and me before; would You destroy us for the deeds of the foolish

ones among us? It is only Your trial by which You lead astray whom You will, and keep guided whom You will. You are our *Wali* (Protector), so forgive us and have mercy on us: for You are the Best of those who forgive.

﴿وَكَتَبْنَا لَهُ فِي هَذِهِ الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً وَفِي الْآخِرَةِ إِنَّا هُنَا مُّذَنَّبُونَ إِلَيْكَ قَالَ عَذَابِي أُصِيبُ بِهِ مَنْ أَشَاءُ وَرَحْمَتِي وَسِعَتْ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ وَفَسَاكَتُ بِهَا لِلَّذِينَ يَتَّقُونَ وَيُؤْتُونَ الزَّكَاةَ وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ بِآيَاتِنَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٥٦﴾﴾

﴿وَكَتَبْنَا لَهُ and ordain كُنَّا for us فِي in هَذِهِ this الدُّنْيَا world حَسَنَةً good وَفِي and in الْآخِرَةِ the Hereafter إِنَّا indeed we have turned إِلَيْكَ to you قَالَ he said عَذَابِي My punishment أُصِيبُ I afflict بِهِ therewith مَنْ whom أَشَاءُ I will وَرَحْمَتِي I will وَسِعَتْ mercy كُلَّ encompasses every شَيْءُ thing فَسَاكَتُهَا I shall ordain that لِلَّذِينَ for those who يَتَّقُونَ do right وَيُؤْتُونَ and those الَّذِينَ Zakat وَالَّذِينَ pay الزَّكَاةَ they (who) هُمْ and those بِآيَاتِنَا they believe يُؤْمِنُونَ﴾

156. "And ordain for us good in this world, and in the Hereafter. Certainly we have turned unto You." He said: (As to) My punishment I afflict therewith whom I will and My Mercy embraces all things. That I shall ordain for those who are the *Muttaqûn* (the pious), and give *Zakât*; and those who believe in Our *Ayât*;

الَّذِينَ يَتَّبِعُونَ الرَّسُولَ النَّبِيَّ الْأُمِّيَّ الَّذِي يَجِدُونَهُ مَكْتُوبًا عِنْدَهُمْ فِي التَّوْرَةِ وَالْإِنْجِيلِ يَأْمُرُهُمْ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَنْهَاهُمْ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَيُحِلُّ لَهُمُ الطَّيِّبَاتِ وَيُحَرِّمُ عَلَيْهِمُ الْخَبَائِثَ وَيَضَعُ عَنْهُمْ إِصْرَهُمْ وَالْأَغْلَالَ الَّتِي كَانَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ ۚ فَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا بِهِ وَعَزَّرُوهُ وَنَصَرُوهُ وَاتَّبَعُوا النُّورَ الَّذِي أُنْزِلَ مَعَهُ ۚ أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ ﴿١٥٧﴾﴾

الَّذِينَ those who يَتَّبِعُونَ follow الرَّسُولَ the Messenger النَّبِيَّ the *Ummi* (unlettered) الَّذِي whom يَجِدُونَهُ they find مَكْتُوبًا written عِنْدَهُمْ in فِي with them التَّوْرَةِ the Torah وَالْإِنْجِيلِ and يَأْمُرُهُمُ the Gospel He commands them بِالْمَعْرُوفِ to good وَيَنْهَاهُمْ and prohibits عَلَيْهِمُ the pure things الطَّيِّبَاتِ وَيُحَرِّمُ and He removes عَنْهُمْ the impure things الْخَبَائِثَ وَيَضَعُ

which أَلَيَّ and the fetters وَالْأَعْلَلَّ their burdens إِصْرَهُمْ from them
 believed مَأْمَنُوا so those who فَأَذِيبُ upon them عَلَيْهِمْ were كَانَتْ
 and helped him وَتَصَرُّوهُ and supported him وَعَزَّرُوهُ in him بِهِ
 has been sent أَنْزَلَ which أَلَيَّْ the light أَلْتَوَّرَ and followed
 the successful أُولَئِكَ they هُمْ those (are) with him

157. Those who follow the Messenger, the Prophet who can neither read nor write (i.e. Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) whom they find written with them in the Taurât (Torah) (Deut, xviii 15) and the Injeel (Gospel) (John, xiv 16), — he commands them for *Al-Ma'rûf* (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism and all that Islâm has ordained); and forbids them from *Al-Munkar*; he allows them as lawful *At-Tayyibât* (i.e. all good and lawful as regards things, deeds, beliefs, persons and foods), and prohibits them as unlawful *Al-Khabâ'ith* he releases them from their heavy burdens (of Allâh's Covenant with the children of Israel), and from the fetters (bindings) that were upon them. So those who believe in him (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), honour him, help him, and follow the light (the Qur'ân) which has been sent down with him, it is they who will be successful.

قُلْ يٰٓأَيُّهَا النَّاسُ إِنِّي رَسُولُ اللَّهِ إِلَيْكُمْ جَمِيعًا الَّذِي لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْأَرْضِ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ يُحْيِي وَيُمِيتُ فَآمِنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ النَّبِيِّ الْأُمِّيِّ الَّذِي يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَكَلِمَاتِهِ وَاتَّبِعُوهُ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَهْتَدُونَ ﴿١٥٧﴾ وَمِنْ قَوْمِ مُوسَى أُمَّةٌ يَهْدُونَ بِالْحَقِّ وَبِهِ يَعْدِلُونَ ﴿١٥٨﴾

Messenger رَسُولُ verily I (am) إِنِّي O mankind يٰٓأَيُّهَا النَّاسُ say قُلْ
 to Him لَهُ whom الَّذِي all جَمِيعًا to you إِلَيْكُمْ (of) Allâh
 and مُلْكُ (belongs) السَّمٰوٰتِ the heavens (of) وَالْأَرْضِ and
 He gives يُحْيِي He هُوَ but إِلَّا god إِلَهَ (there is) no لَا the earth
 life وَيُمِيتُ and causes death فَآمِنُوا so believe بِاللَّهِ in Allâh وَرَسُولِهِ
 the Ummi (unlettered) الْأُمِّيِّ Prophet and His Messenger
 and His كَلِمَاتِهِ in Allâh بِاللَّهِ believes يُؤْمِنُ who الَّذِي
 so that you may لَعَلَّكُمْ and follow Him وَاتَّبِعُوهُ words
 تَهْتَدُونَ ﴿١٥٧﴾ find guidance وَمِنْ (of) قَوْمِ people مُوسَى
 and يَهْدُونَ a party أُمَّةٌ (of) Moses
 establishes justice يَعْدِلُونَ ﴿١٥٨﴾ therewith

158. Say (O Muhammad (على الله عليه وسلم)): "O mankind! Verily, I am sent to you all as the Messenger of Allâh — to Whom belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth. *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He). It is He Who gives life and causes death. So believe in Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad (على الله عليه وسلم)), the Prophet who can neither read nor write (i.e. Muhammad (على الله عليه وسلم)), who believes in Allâh and His Words [(this Qur'ân), the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel) and also Allâh's Word: "Be!" — and he was, i.e. 'Îsâ (Jesus) son of Maryam, (عليهما السلام)], and follow him so that you may be guided." 159. And of the people of Mûsâ (Moses) there is a community who lead (the men) with truth and establish justice therewith (i.e. judge among men with truth and justice).

وَقَطَعْنَاهُمْ أَثْنَتَيْ عَشْرَةَ أَسْبَاطًا أُمَمًا وَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَىٰ مُوسَىٰ إِذِ اسْتَسْقَاهُ قَوْمُهُ آبَ صَاعِيكَ
الْحَجَرِ فَأَنْبَجَسَتْ مِنْهُ اثْنَتَا عَشْرَةَ عَيْنًا قَدْ عَلِمَ كُلُّ أُنَاسٍ مَّشْرِبَهُمْ وَظَلَّلْنَا عَلَيْهِمُ الْغَمَمَ وَأَنْزَلْنَا
عَلَيْهِمُ الْمَنَّاءَ وَالسَّلَوىَّ كُلُوا مِن طَيِّبَاتِ مَا رَزَقْنَاكُمْ وَمَا ظَلَمُونَا وَلَكِن كَانُوا أَنفُسَهُمْ
يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿١٦٠﴾

tribes وَقَطَعْنَاهُمْ (into) twelve أَثْنَتَيْ عَشْرَةَ and We divided them أُمَمًا
أُمَمًا as communities وَأَوْحَيْنَا and We inspired إِلَىٰ مُوسَىٰ to Moses
his people قَوْمُهُ asked him for water إِذِ when Moses اسْتَسْقَاهُ
the stone آبَ صَاعِيكَ strike that أَنْبَجَسَتْ out of it twelve
people (group) أَثْنَتَا عَشْرَةَ each (thus) knew كُلُّ أُنَاسٍ
مَّشْرِبَهُمْ and We provided shades وَظَلَّلْنَا their drinking place
upon عَلَيْهِمُ الْغَمَمَ (of) clouds وَأَنْزَلْنَا on them
الْمَنَّاءَ and quails وَالسَّلَوىَّ eat كُلُوا of طَيِّبَاتِ them
We have provided you رَزَقْنَاكُمْ which مَا good things
they were ظَلَمُونَا and did not وَلَكِن but كَانُوا
doing wrong يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿١٦٠﴾ to themselves أَنفُسَهُمْ

160. And We divided them into twelve tribes (as distinct) nations. We revealed to Mûsâ (Moses) when his people asked him for water (saying): "Strike the stone with your stick", and there gushed forth out of it twelve springs, each group knew its own place for water. We shaded them with the clouds and sent down upon them *Al-Manna* and the quail (saying): "Eat of the good things with which We have provided you." They harmed Us not but they used to harm themselves.

وَإِذْ قِيلَ لَهُمْ اسْكُنُوا هَذِهِ الْقَرْيَةَ وَكُلُوا مِنْهَا حَيْثُ شِئْتُمْ وَقُولُوا حِطَّةٌ وَادْخُلُوا الْبَابَ سُجَّدًا
نَعْفِرْ لَكُمْ خَطِيئَتَكُمْ سَرَّيْدُ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿١٦١﴾ فَبَدَّلَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا مِنْهُمْ قَوْلًا غَيْرَ الَّذِي قِيلَ
لَهُمْ فَأَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ رِجْزًا مِنْ السَّمَاءِ بِمَا كَانُوا يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿١٦٢﴾

وَإِذْ قِيلَ لَهُمْ اسْكُنُوا to them it was said and (remember) when
therefrom dwell (in) this town الْقَرْيَةَ وَكُلُوا and eat مِنْهَا and wherever
repentance حَيْثُ شِئْتُمْ you wish وَقُولُوا حِطَّةٌ and say
وَادْخُلُوا the gate الْبَابَ and enter سُجَّدًا (bowing) prostrate (bowing) نَعْفِرْ
لَكُمْ We shall forgive خَطِيئَتَكُمْ your sins سَرَّيْدُ (reward of) good-doers
(and) We shall increase الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿١٦١﴾ الَّذِينَ but changed الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا those who
مِنْهُمْ did wrong قَوْلًا amongst them غَيْرَ other (than that) الَّذِي which قِيلَ
لَهُمْ was said فَأَرْسَلْنَا to them رِجْزًا upon them عَلَيْهِمْ so We sent
مِنْ a scourage السَّمَاءِ the heaven بِمَا because كَانُوا they used
يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿١٦٢﴾ to do wrong

161. And (remember) when it was said to them: "Dwell in this town (Jerusalem) and eat therefrom wherever you wish, and say, '(O Allâh) forgive our sins'; and enter the gate prostrate (bowing with humility). We shall forgive you your wrongdoings. We shall increase (the reward) for the good-doers." 162. But those among them who did wrong, changed the word that had been told to them. So We sent on them a torment from the heaven in return for their wrongdoings.

وَسَأَلَهُمْ عَنِ الْقَرْيَةِ الَّتِي كَانَتْ حَاضِرَةَ الْبَحْرِ إِذْ يَعْدُونَ فِي السَّبْتِ إِذْ تَأْتِيهِمْ جِثَاثُهُمْ يَوْمَ
سَبْتِهِمْ شُرْعًا وَيَوْمَ لَا يَسْبِتُونَ لَا تَأْتِيهِمْ كَذَلِكَ بَلَّوْنَهُمْ بِمَا كَانُوا يَفْسُقُونَ ﴿١٦٣﴾ وَإِذْ قَالَتْ أُمَّةٌ
مِنْهُمْ لِمَ يَعْطُونَ قَوْمًا اللَّهُ مُهْلِكُهُمْ أَوْ مُعَذِّبُهُمْ عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا قَالُوا مَعذِرَةٌ لِي رُبَّمَا وَاعَلَّاهُمْ يَنْقُوتُونَ ﴿١٦٤﴾

وَسَأَلَهُمْ عَنْ the town الْقَرْيَةِ about and ask them الَّتِي which
كَانَتْ حَاضِرَةَ الْبَحْرِ situated (by) the sea إِذْ when يَعْدُونَ
(the matter of) the Sabbath السَّبْتِ in they transgressed فِي
[their] fish جِثَاثُهُمْ came to them تَأْتِيهِمْ (Saturday) إِذْ
وَيَوْمَ visibly شُرْعًا of [their] Sabbath سَبْتِهِمْ (on) day
come تَأْتِيهِمْ do not لَا they have sabbath لَا يَسْبِتُونَ do not (on) day

كَانُوا because بِمَا did We test them تَبْلُوهُمْ thus كَذَلِكَ to them
 قَالَتْ and (remember) when وَإِذْ to disobey يَفْسُقُونَ ﴿١٦٣﴾ they used
 you admonish تَعْطُونَ why did لِمَ of them مِنْهُمْ a group أَنَّهُ said
 or أَوْ (is) (about) to destroy them مُهْلِكُهُمْ Allah اللَّهُ a people قَوْمًا
 مُعَذِّبُهُمْ punish them (with) عَذَابًا punishment شَدِيدًا a severe
 وَلَعَلَّهُمْ your Lord رَبِّكُمْ to إِيَّاكَ to offer an excuse مَعْذَرَةً they said
 refrain from disobedience يَنْتَقُونَ ﴿١٦٤﴾ and that they may

163. And ask them (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) about the town that was by the sea; when they transgressed in the matter of the Sabbath (i.e. Saturday): when their fish came to them openly on the Sabbath day, and did not come to them on the day they had no Sabbath. Thus We made a trial of them, for they used to rebel against Allâh's Command (disobey Allâh). 164. And when a community among them said: "Why do you preach to a people whom Allâh is about to destroy or to punish with a severe torment?" (The preachers) said: "In order to be free from guilt before your Lord (Allâh), and perhaps they may fear Allâh."

فَلَمَّا نَسُوا مَا ذُكِّرُوا بِهِ أَنجَيْنَا الَّذِينَ يَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ السُّوءِ وَأَخَذْنَا الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا بِعَذَابٍ بَیِّنٍ بِمَا كَانُوا
 يَفْسُقُونَ ﴿١٦٣﴾ فَلَمَّا عَتَوْا عَنْ مَا نُهُوا عَنْهُ قُلْنَا لَهُمْ كُونُوا قِرَدَةً خَاسِئِينَ ﴿١٦٤﴾ وَإِذْ تَأَذَّتْ رَبَّكَ لِتَبَعْنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ إِلَى
 يَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ مَنْ يُسْأَلُهُمْ سُوءَ الْعَذَابِ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَسَرِيعُ الْعِقَابِ وَإِنَّهُ لَغَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿١٦٥﴾

فَلَمَّا نَسُوا what ذُكِّرُوا so when they forgot
 أَنجَيْنَا with الَّذِينَ We delivered those who يَنْهَوْنَ reminded
 عَنِ السُّوءِ from evil وَأَخَذْنَا but the الَّذِينَ but We afflicted
 ظَلَمُوا who severe بِعَذَابٍ with torment بَیِّنٍ did wrong
 يَفْسُقُونَ ﴿١٦٣﴾ they used to because of what كَانُوا
 عَتَوْا عَنْ (from) مَا what they were نُهُوا when they
 قُلْنَا from [it] عَنْهُ forbidden We told لَهُمْ them كُونُوا be you قِرَدَةً
 خَاسِئِينَ ﴿١٦٤﴾ despised وَإِذْ and (remember) when تَأَذَّتْ
 رَبَّكَ declared your Lord رَبَّكَ that He will send يَتَّبِعُنَّ
 يَوْمِ Day الْقِيَامَةِ (of) Resurrection مَنْ who يُسْأَلُهُمْ
 سُوءَ would afflict them a grievous الْعَذَابِ torment إِنَّ
 رَبَّكَ your Lord لَسَرِيعُ (is) swift الْعِقَابِ (in) persecution وَإِنَّهُ
 لَغَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿١٦٥﴾ (is) All-Forgiving Most Merciful

165. So when they forgot the reminders that had been given to them, We rescued those who forbade evil, but with a severe torment We seized those who did wrong because they used to rebel against Allâh's Command (disobey Allâh). 166. So when they exceeded the limits of what they were prohibited, We said to them: "Be you monkeys, despised and rejected." 167. And (remember) when your Lord declared that He would certainly keep on sending against them (i.e. the Jews), till the Day of Resurrection, those who would afflict them with a humiliating torment. Verily, your Lord is Quick in Retribution (for the disobedient, wicked) and certainly He is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

وَقَطَعْنَاهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ أُمَمًا مِّنْهُمْ أَصْنَابًا وَبَيْنَهُمْ دُونَ ذَلِكَ وَبَلَوْنَاهُمْ بِالْحَسَنَاتِ وَالسَّيِّئَاتِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ ﴿١٦٦﴾ فَخَلَفَ مِنْ بَعدِهِمْ خَلْفٌ وَرِثُوا الْكِتَابَ يَأْخُذُونَ عَرَضَ هَذَا الْأَدْنَىٰ وَيَقُولُونَ سَيُغْفَرُ لَنَا وَإِنْ يَأْتِهِمْ عَرَضٌ مِّثْلُ الَّذِي أَخَذَ آلَهُ يُوْحَدْ عَلَيْهِمُ الرِّبِّيُّ الْكِتَابِ أَنْ لَا يَقُولُوا عَلَى اللَّهِ إِلَّا الْحَقَّ وَدَرَسُوا مَا فِيهِ وَالنَّارُ الْآخِرَةُ خَيْرٌ لِّلَّذِينَ يَتَّقُونَ أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١٦٧﴾

وَقَطَعْنَاهُمْ (as) the land الْأَرْضِ in فِي and We dispersed them أُمَمًا (are) أَصْنَابًا among them مِّنْهُمْ separate) communities that دُونَ other than ذَلِكَ and among them (are) وَبَيْنَهُمْ righteous with good (blessings) بِالْحَسَنَاتِ and We tested them وَبَلَوْنَاهُمْ turn that they may لَعَلَّهُمْ and evil (calamities) وَالسَّيِّئَاتِ (evil) فَخَلَفَ (to Us) (after) them مِنْ بَعدِهِمْ but succeeded خَلْفٌ (evil) they وَرِثُوا successors (who) الْكِتَابَ the Book يَأْخُذُونَ and they say وَيَقُولُونَ low life (of) this هَذَا goods عَرَضَ grasp سَيُغْفَرُ لَنَا and if وَإِنْ we shall be forgiven يَأْتِيهِمْ comes to them عَرَضٌ offer مِثْلُ of the like أَخَذَهُ they would seize it آلَهُ was not يُوْحَدْ taken عَلَيْهِمُ on them الرِّبِّيُّ الْكِتَابِ (of) the Book أَنْ (of) the Book لَا that يَقُولُوا they will say عَلَى about اللَّهِ Allah إِلَّا but الْحَقَّ and they have studied وَدَرَسُوا the truth مَا and they have studied فِيهِ what (is) in it وَالنَّارُ الْآخِرَةُ and abode خَيْرٌ (of) the Hereafter لِّلَّذِينَ (is) better for you تَعْقِلُونَ do not then أَفَلَا (are) God-fearing يَتَّقُونَ those who understand?

168. And We have broken them (i.e. the Jews) up into various separate groups on the earth: some of them are righteous and some are away from that. And We tried them with good (blessings) and evil (calamities) in order that they might turn (to Allâh's Obedience). 169. Then after them succeeded an (evil) generation, which inherited the Book, but they chose (for themselves) the goods of this low life (evil pleasures of this world) saying (as an excuse): "(Everything) will be forgiven to us." And if (again) the offer of the like (evil pleasures of this world) came their way, they would (again) seize them (would commit those sins). Was not the covenant of the Book taken from them that they would not say about Allâh anything but the truth? And they have studied what is in it (the Book). And the home of the Hereafter is better for those who are *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious). Do not you then understand?

وَالَّذِينَ يَمْسِكُونَ بِالْكِتَابِ وَأَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ إِنَّا لَا نَضِيعُ أَجْرَ الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿١٦٨﴾ وَإِذْ نَفَقْنَا الْجَبَلِ فَوْقَهُمْ كَأَنَّهُ ظُلَّةٌ وَظَنُوا أَنَّهُ وَاقِعٌ بِهِمْ خُذُوا مَا آتَيْنَاكُمْ بِقُوَّةٍ وَاذْكُرُوا مَا فِيهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ ﴿١٦٩﴾ وَإِذْ أَخَذَ رَبُّكَ مِن بَنِي آدَمَ مِنْ ظُهُورِهِمْ ذُرِّيَّتَهُمْ وَأَشْهَدَهُمْ عَلَى أَنْفُسِهِمْ أَلَسْتُ بِرَبِّكُمْ قَالُوا بَلَى شَهِدْنَا أَنْ تَقُولُوا يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ إِنَّا كُنَّا عَنْ هَذَا غَافِلِينَ ﴿١٧٠﴾

وَالَّذِينَ يَمْسِكُونَ and those who hold fast بِالْكِتَابِ to the Book وَأَقَامُوا established and the prayer إِنَّا We لَا shall not نَضِيعُ waste أَجْرَ reward الصَّالِحِينَ (of) the righteous ﴿١٦٨﴾ وَإِذْ (remember) when نَفَقْنَا the mountain الْجَبَلِ We raised فَوْقَهُمْ the mountain as if it was ظُلَّةٌ a canopy وَظَنُوا and they thought أَنَّهُ that it was وَاقِعٌ going to fall بِهِمْ on them خُذُوا hold مَا what آتَيْنَاكُمْ We have given you بِقُوَّةٍ (firmly) with strength وَاذْكُرُوا what remember مَا (is) in it فِيهِ that you may لَعَلَّكُمْ (remember) when وَإِذْ refrain from evil took رَبُّكَ your Lord مِنْ of بَنِي Children آدَمَ (of) Adam مِنْ from and made them ذُرِّيَّتَهُمْ their descendants وَأَشْهَدَهُمْ their loins ظُهُورِهِمْ to testify عَلَى themselves أَلَسْتُ am I not بِرَبِّكُمْ your Lord قَالُوا they said بَلَى yes شَهِدْنَا we testify أَنْ lest تَقُولُوا you say يَوْمَ (on) Day الْقِيَمَةِ (of) Resurrection إِنَّا verily كُنَّا we were عَنْ of هَذَا of غَافِلِينَ ﴿١٧٠﴾

unaware

170. And as to those who hold fast to the Book (i.e. act on its teachings) and perform *As-Salât*, certainly We shall never waste the reward of those who do righteous deeds. 171. And (remember) when We raised the mountain over them as if it had been a canopy, and they thought that it was going to fall on them. (We said): "Hold firmly to what We have given you [i.e. the Taurât (Torah)], and remember that which is therein (act on its commandments), so that you may fear Allâh and obey Him." 172. And (remember) when your Lord brought forth from the Children of Adam, from their loins, their seed (or from Adam's loin his offspring) and made them testify as to themselves (saying): "Am I not your Lord?" They said: "Yes! We testify," lest you should say on the Day of Resurrection: "Verily, we have been unaware of this."

أَوْ قَوْلُوا إِنَّمَا أَشْرَكَ آبَاؤُنَا مِنْ قَبْلُ وَكُنَّا ذُرِّيَّةً مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ أَفَتُهْلِكُنَا بِمَا فَعَلَ الْمُبْطِلُونَ ﴿٧١﴾ وَكَذَلِكَ نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ الْقِصَّةَ الْأُولَى وَلَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ ﴿٧٢﴾ وَأَتْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ نَبَأَ الَّذِي ءَاتَيْنَاهُ ءَايَاتِنَا فَانْسَلَخَ مِنْهَا فَاتَّبَعَهُ الشَّيْطَانُ فَكَانَ مِنَ الضَّالِّينَ ﴿٧٣﴾

associated with Allah أَشْرَكَ only إِنَّمَا you should say قَوْلُوا or أَوْ
 آبَاؤُنَا our forefathers مِنْ قَبْلُ before (us) وَكُنَّا and we are
 ذُرِّيَّةً and (their) offspring مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ after them أَفَتُهْلِكُنَا
 destroy us بِمَا for what فَعَلَ the مُبْطِلُونَ unrighteous
 وَكَذَلِكَ and thus نَقُصُّ (Our) Verses عَلَيْكَ do We explain
 الْقِصَّةَ the story نَبَأَ to them عَلَيْهِمْ and recite وَأَتْلُ return
 يَرْجِعُونَ may but ءَاتَيْنَاهُ Our Signs فَانْسَلَخَ of whom
 الَّذِي he turned away مِنْهَا from them فَاتَّبَعَهُ so followed him
 الشَّيْطَانُ Satan فَكَانَ and he became الضَّالِّينَ of those who went
 astray

173. Or lest you should say: "It was only our fathers aforetime who took others as partners in worship along with Allâh, and we were (merely their) descendants after them; will You then destroy us because of the deeds of men who practised *Al-Bâtil* (i.e. polytheism and committing crimes and sins, invoking and worshipping others besides Allâh)?" (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*) 174. Thus do We explain the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) in detail, so that they may turn (unto the truth). 175. And recite (O Muhammad ﷺ) to them the story of him to whom We gave Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), but he threw them away; so *Shaitân* (Satan) followed him up, and he became of those who went astray.

وَلَوْ شِئْنَا لَرَفَعْنَاهُ بِهَا وَلَنُكِنِّهُ إِلَى الْأَرْضِ وَاتَّبَعَ هَوَاهُ فَتَشَبَّهُ الْكَلْبَ إِنْ تَحِمِلْ عَلَيْهِ يَلْهَثَ
أَوْ تَتْرُكْهُ يَلْهَثَ ذَلِكَ مَثَلُ الْقَوْمِ الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا فَاقْصِصْ الْقِصَصَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ ﴿١٧٦﴾ سَاءَ مَثَلًا
الْقَوْمِ الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَأَنْفُسُهُمْ كَانُوا بِظُلْمٍ ﴿١٧٧﴾ مَنْ يَهْدِ اللَّهُ فَهُوَ الْمُهْتَدَىٰ وَمَنْ يُضِلِلْ فَلَا وَلِيكَ هُمُ
الْخَاسِرُونَ ﴿١٧٨﴾

We would have exalted him **رَفَعْنَاهُ** We willed **شِئْنَا** and if **وَلَوْ**
to **إِلَى** clung (inclined) **أَخْلَدَ** but he **وَلَنُكِنِّهُ** with these (signs) **بِهَا**
the earth **الْأَرْضِ** and followed **وَاتَّبَعَ** his vain desires **هَوَاهُ**
if **إِنْ** (of) a dog **الْكَلْبِ** (is) like parable **كَشَبَّ** and his parable
or **أَوْ** he lolls out his tongue **يَلْهَثَ** him **عَلَيْهِ** you attack **تَحِمِلْ**
that **ذَلِكَ** he lolls out his tongue **يَلْهَثَ** if you leave him **تَتْرُكْهُ**
rejected **كَذَبُوا** who **الَّذِينَ** (of) the people **الْقَوْمِ** (is) parable **مَثَلُ**
(these) stories **بِآيَاتِنَا** so narrate (these) **فَاقْصِصْ** Our Signs
evil is **سَاءَ** reflect **يَتَفَكَّرُونَ** that they may **لَعَلَّهُمْ** (to them)
rejected **كَذَبُوا** who **الَّذِينَ** (of) the people **الْقَوْمِ** the example
they **يُظْلِمُونَ** used **كَانُوا** and (to) themselves **وَأَنْفُسُهُمْ** Our Signs
whom **مَنْ** to wrong **يَهْدِ** Allah **اللَّهُ** (is) **فَهُوَ** he **الْمُهْتَدَىٰ**
He lets go astray **يُضِلِلْ** and whom **وَمَنْ** the guided one
the losers **الْخَاسِرُونَ** they (are) **هُمْ** those

176. And had We willed, We would surely, have elevated him therewith, but he clung to the earth and followed his own vain desire. So his parable is the parable of a dog: if you drive him away, he lolls his tongue out, or if you leave him alone, he (still) lolls his tongue out. Such is the parable of the people who reject Our Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.). So relate the stories, perhaps they may reflect. 177. Evil is the parable of the people who rejected Our Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses and signs, etc.), and used to wrong their own selves. 178. Whomsoever Allâh guides, he is the guided one, and whomsoever He sends astray, — then those! they are the losers.

وَلَقَدْ ذَرَأْنَا لِجَهَنَّمَ كَثِيرًا مِّنَ الْجِنِّ وَالْإِنسِ لَهُمْ قُلُوبٌ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ بِهَا وَلَهُمْ أَعْيُنٌ لَا يُبْصِرُونَ بِهَا وَلَهُمْ آذَانٌ لَا
يَسْمَعُونَ بِهَا أُولَٰئِكَ كَالْأَنْعَامِ بَلْ هُمْ أَضَلُّ أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْغَافِلُونَ ﴿١٧٩﴾ وَلِلَّهِ الْأَسْمَاءُ الْحُسْنَىٰ فَادْعُوهُ بِهَا وَذَرُوا الَّذِينَ
يُلْحِدُونَ فِي أَسْمَائِهِ سَيُجْزَوْنَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٨٠﴾

in they look **يَنْظُرُوا** did not **أَوَّلَ** plain **مُؤَيِّنٌ** a Warner
 and the earth **وَالْأَرْضِ** (of) the heavens **السَّمَوَاتِ** dominion
 and **وَأَنَّ** (every) thing **مِنْ شَيْءٍ** of Allah **اللَّهُ** has created **خَلَقَ** what
 their **لَجُلُومِهِمْ** drawn near **قَدْ أَقْرَبَ** has **يَكُونُ** that **أَنْ** maybe **عَمَى** that
 after this **بَعْدُ** message **حَدِيثِهِ** then in what **فِي أَيِّ** term (of life)
 they will believe **يُؤْمِنُونَ**

181. And of those whom We have created, there is a community who guides (others) with the truth, and establishes justice therewith. 182. Those who reject Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), We shall gradually seize them with punishment in ways they perceive not. 183. And I respite them; certainly My Plan is strong. 184. Do they not reflect? There is no madness in their companion (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم). He is but a plain Warner. 185. Do they not look in the dominion of the heavens and the earth and all things that Allâh has created; and that it may be that the end of their lives is near. In what message after this will they then believe?

مَنْ يُضِلِلِ اللَّهُ فَسَآءَ هَادِيَ لَمْ يَدْرِهُمْ فِي طَغْيَتِهِمْ يَمْعُونَ **يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ السَّاعَةِ أَيَّانَ مُرْسِنُهَا قُلْ إِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِنْدَ رَبِّي لَا يُجِيبُهَا لَوْفَهَا إِلَّا هُوَ نَفَلَتْ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ لَا تَأْتِيكُمُ إِلَّا بَغْتَةً يَسْتَلُونَكَ كَذَلِكَ حِفْظٌ عَنْهَا قُلْ إِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ**

then there is no **فَلَا** Allah **اللَّهُ** lets go astray **يُضِلِلِ** whom **مَنْ**
 guide **هَادِيَ** لَمْ for him **يَدْرِهُمْ** and He leaves them **فِي** in **طَغْيَتِهِمْ**
 they ask **يَسْأَلُونَكَ** they wander blindly **يَمْعُونَ** their transgression
 its appointed **مُرْسِنُهَا** when (is) **أَيَّانَ** the Hour **السَّاعَةِ** about you
 my **قُلْ** (is) with **عِنْدَ** its knowledge **عِلْمُهَا** only **إِنَّمَا** say **قُلْ** times
 He **لَا** Lord **يَجِيبُهَا** (can) manifest it **لَوْفَهَا** its time **إِلَّا** but **هُوَ**
 and **نَفَلَتْ** it (will) weigh heavy **فِي** in **السَّمَوَاتِ** the heavens **وَالْأَرْضِ**
 suddenly **يَسْتَلُونَكَ** they ask you **كَذَلِكَ** as if you were **حِفْظٌ** very knowledgeable **عَنْهَا**
 about it **قُلْ** say **إِنَّمَا** only **عِلْمُهَا** its knowledge **عِنْدَ** (is) with **اللَّهُ**
 Allah **وَلَكِنَّ** but **أَكْثَرَ** most **النَّاسِ** people **لَا** do not **يَعْلَمُونَ** know

186. Whomsoever Allâh sends astray, none can guide him; and He lets them wander blindly in their transgressions. 187. They ask you about the Hour (Day of Resurrection): "When will be its appointed time?" Say: "The knowledge thereof is with my Lord (Alone). None can reveal its time but He. Heavy is its burden through the heavens and the earth. It shall not come upon you except all of a sudden." They ask you as if you have a good knowledge of it. Say: "The knowledge thereof is with Allâh (Alone), but most of mankind know not."

قُلْ لَا أَمْلِكُ لِنَفْسِي نَفْعًا وَلَا ضَرًّا إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ اللَّهُ وَلَوْ كُنْتُ أَعْلَمُ الْغَيْبِ لَا سْتَكْبَرْتُ مِنَ الْخَيْرِ وَمَا مَسَّنِيَ السُّوءُ إِنْ أَنَا إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ وَبَشِيرٌ لِّقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٨٦﴾ هُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ مِنْ نَفْسٍ وَاحِدَةٍ وَجَعَلَ مِنْهَا زَوْجَهَا لِيَسْكُنَ إِلَيْهَا فَلَمَّا تَغَشَّاهَا حَمَلَتْ حَمْلًا خَفِيفًا فَمَرَّتَ بِهِ فَلَمَّا أَثْقَلَتْ دَعَوَا اللَّهَ رَبَّهُمَا لَئِنْ آتَيْنَا صَبْلًا لَتَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الشَّاكِرِينَ ﴿١٨٧﴾

قُلْ لَا أَمْلِكُ I possess لِنَفْسِي for myself نَفْعًا any good وَلَا ضَرًّا any harm إِلَّا except مَا that شَاءَ Allah wished (of) the unseen الْغَيْبِ knowledge أَعْلَمُ I had and if كُنْتُ and if لَوْ وَلَوْ كُنْتُ I had لَا سْتَكْبَرْتُ I should have abundance مِنَ الْخَيْرِ of (all sorts of) الْخَيْرِ I am أَنَا not the evil السُّوءُ touched Me مَسَّنِيَ and not good إِلَّا but نَذِيرٌ a warner وَبَشِيرٌ a herald of glad-tidings لِّقَوْمٍ and a herald of glad-tidings people يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٨٦﴾ believing هُوَ He الَّذِي Who has created خَلَقَكُمْ Who has created you مِنْ you from نَفْسٍ single وَاحِدَةٍ a person وَجَعَلَ single and He made مِنْهَا and He made إِلَيْهَا that he finds comfort لِيَسْكُنَ its mate زَوْجَهَا out of it he covered her (he had sexual contact with تَغَشَّاهَا and when فَلَمَّا and moved حَمَلَتْ her) حَمْلًا she bore خَفِيفًا a burden and moved فَمَرَّتَ light they about بِهِ with it فَلَمَّا but when أَثْقَلَتْ she grew heavy دَعَوَا You رَبَّهُمَا Allah (both) invoked رَبَّهُمَا that if لَئِنْ their Lord كُنَّا لَنَكُونَنَّ we shall indeed be صَبْلًا a goodly (child) among الشَّاكِرِينَ ﴿١٨٧﴾ the grateful

188. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "I possess no power over benefit or hurt to myself except as Allâh wills. If I had the knowledge of the *Ghaib* (Unseen), I should have secured for myself an abundance of wealth, and no evil should have touched me. I am but a warner, and a bringer of glad tidings unto people who believe." 189. It is He Who has created you from a single person (Adam), and (then) He has created from him his wife [Hawwâ' (Eve)], in order that he might

enjoy the pleasure of living with her. When he (a polytheist from Adam's offspring — as stated by Ibn Kathir in his Tafsir), had sexual relation with her (the polytheists wife), she became pregnant and she carried it about lightly. Then when it became heavy, they both invoked Allâh, their Lord (saying): "If You give us a *Sâlih* (good in every aspect) child, we shall indeed be among the grateful."

فَلَمَّا ءَاتَاهُمَا صَالِحًا جَعَلَا لَهُ شُرَكَاءَ فِيمَا ءَاتَاهُمَا فَتَعَالَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿١٩٠﴾ أَشْرِكُونَ مَا لَا يَخْلُقُ شَيْئًا وَهُمْ يُخْلَقُونَ ﴿١٩١﴾ وَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ لَهُمْ نَصْرًا وَلَا أَنْفُسُهُمْ يَنْصُرُونَ ﴿١٩٢﴾ وَإِنْ تَدْعُوهُمْ إِلَى الْهُدَى لَا يَتَّبِعُوكُمْ سَوَاءٌ عَلَيْكُمْ أَدَعَوْتُمُوهُمْ أَمْ أَنْتُمْ صَامِتُونَ ﴿١٩٣﴾

فَلَمَّا a goodly (child) صَالِحًا He gave them ءَاتَاهُمَا but when
in that (which) فِيمَا partners شُرَكَاءَ to Him لَهُ they attributed
ءَاتَاهُمَا (is) Allah اللَّهُ but Exalted تَعَالَى He had given them
do أَشْرِكُونَ they associate (with Him) يُشْرِكُونَ above that (which)
can not لَا who مَا they associate (partners with Allah)
and no وَلَا are created يُخْلَقُونَ ﴿١٩١﴾ but they وَهُمْ anything شَيْئًا create
يَسْتَطِيعُونَ ﴿١٩٢﴾ they can give لَهُمْ them نَصْرًا nor أَنْفُسُهُمْ
you call تَدْعُوهُمْ and if وَإِنْ they can help يَنْصُرُونَ ﴿١٩٣﴾ themselves
they follow إِلَى to الْهُدَى the guidance لَا they will not يَتَّبِعُوكُمْ
whether you call أَدَعَوْتُمُوهُمْ for you عَلَيْكُمْ (it is the) same سَوَاءٌ you
silent صَامِتُونَ ﴿١٩٣﴾ you (are) أَنْتُمْ or أَمْ them

190. But when He gave them (the polytheist and his wife) a *Sâlih* (good in every aspect) child, they ascribed partners to Him (Allâh) in that which He has given to them. High be Allâh, Exalted above all that they ascribe as partners to Him.

191. Do they attribute as partners to Allâh those who created nothing but they themselves are created? 192. No help can they give them, nor can they help themselves. 193. And if you call them to guidance, they follow you not. It is the same for you whether you call them or you keep silent.

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ عِبَادُ أَمْثَلُكُمْ فَأَدْعُوهُمْ فَلْيَسْتَجِيبُوا لَكُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿١٩٤﴾ أَلَهُمْ أَزْجُلٌ يَمْسُونَ بِهَا أَمْ لَهُمْ آتٍ يَبْطِشُونَ بِهَا أَمْ لَهُمْ أَعْيُنٌ يَصْهَرُونَ بِهَا أَمْ لَهُمْ آذَانٌ يَسْمَعُونَ بِهَا قُلْ أَدْعُوا شُرَكَاءَكُمْ ثُمَّ كِيدُونِ فَلَا تُنْظِرُونِ ﴿١٩٥﴾ إِنْ وَلِيَ اللَّهُ الْأَمْرَ الَّذِي نَزَلَ إِلَيْكُمَّ وَهُوَ تَوَلَّى الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿١٩٦﴾

with **اللَّهُ** then seek refuge **فَاسْتَوِذْ** an evil incitement **نَزَعُ** Satan
All-Knowing **عَلِيمٌ** (is) All-Hearing **سَمِيعٌ** indeed He **إِنَّهُ** Allah

197. And those whom you call upon besides Him (Allâh) cannot help you nor can they help themselves.” **198.** And if you call them to guidance, they hear not and you will see them looking at you, yet they see not. **199.** Show forgiveness, enjoin what is good, and turn away from the foolish (i.e. don't punish them). **200.** And if an evil whisper comes to you from *Shaitân* (Satan), then seek refuge with Allâh. Verily, He is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا إِذَا مَسَّهُمْ طَائِفٌ مِّنَ الشَّيْطَانِ تَذَكَّرُوا فَإِذَا هُمْ مُبْصِرُونَ ﴿٦٠﴾ وَإِخْوَانُهُمْ يَمُدُّوهُمْ فِي
 الْفِتْنَةِ ثُمَّ لَا يُبْصِرُونَ ﴿٦١﴾ وَإِذَا لَمْ تَأْتِهِم بِآيَةٍ قَالُوا لَوْلَا اجْتَبَيْتَهَا قُلْ إِنَّمَا أَتَّبِعُ مَا يُوحَىٰ إِلَيَّ مِنْ رَبِّي هَذَا
 بَصَآئِرٌ مِّنْ رَبِّيكُمْ وَهَدَىٰ وَرَحْمَةً لِّقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٦٢﴾

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ إِذَا فَتَقُوا اللَّهَ فَأَتَوْا بِهِمْ كَبِيرَةً ۚ وَمَنْ يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ يَنقُصْ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ ۚ وَتِلْكَ الْأَمْثَلُ لِقَوْمٍ يُظَاهَوْنَ ۚ وَإِذَا لَمْ يَأْتِ الْوَحْيَ قَالُوا إِنَّمَا نَحْنُ مُبَشِّرُونَ ۚ وَتِلْكَ الْأَمْثَلُ لِقَوْمٍ يُظَاهَوْنَ ۚ وَإِذَا لَمْ يَأْتِ الْوَحْيَ قَالُوا إِنَّمَا نَحْنُ مُبَشِّرُونَ ۚ وَتِلْكَ الْأَمْثَلُ لِقَوْمٍ يُظَاهَوْنَ ۚ

201. Verily, those who are *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious), when an evil thought comes to them from *Shaitân* (Satan), they remember (Allâh), and (indeed) they then see (aright). **202.** But (as for) their brothers (the devils) they (i.e. the devils) plunge them deeper into error, and they never stop short. **203.** And if you do not bring them a miracle, they say: "Why have you not brought it?" Say: "I but follow what is revealed to me from my Lord. This (the Qur'ân) is nothing but evidences from your Lord, and a guidance and a mercy for a people who believe."

وَإِذَا قُرِئَ الْقُرْآنُ فَاسْتَمِعُوا لَهُ وَأَنْصِتُوا لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ ﴿٢٠٤﴾ وَادْكُرْ رَبَّكَ فِي نَفْسِكَ تَضَرُّعًا وَخِيفَةً وَدُونَ
الْجَهْرِ مِنَ الْقَوْلِ بِالْغُدُوِّ وَالْآصَالِ وَلَا تَكُنْ مِنَ الْغَافِلِينَ ﴿٢٠٥﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ لَا يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ عَنْ عِبَادَتِهِ
وَيَسَبِّحُونََهُ وَلَهُ يُسْجُدُونَ ﴿٢٠٦﴾

وَإِذَا قُرِئَ the Quran الْقُرْآنُ is recited and when قُرِئَ listen
لَهُ to it وَأَنْصِتُوا and keep silent لَعَلَّكُمْ so that you تُرْحَمُونَ ﴿٢٠٤﴾
وَادْكُرْ shown mercy رَبَّكَ in your Lord رَبِّكَ and remember
(and) without وَدُونَ and with fear وَخِيفَةً humbly تَضَرُّعًا your heart
الْجَهْرِ loudness مِنَ of الْقَوْلِ words بِالْغُدُوِّ in the mornings وَالْآصَالِ
الْغَافِلِينَ ﴿٢٠٥﴾ of الْغَافِلِينَ of تَكُنْ and do not وَلَا and the evenings
unheedful إِنَّ الَّذِينَ indeed those who عِنْدَ (are) with رَبِّكَ your
do not لَا Lord لَا يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ turn away in pride عَنْ from عِبَادَتِهِ His
and they glorify Him وَيَسَبِّحُونََهُ worship وَلَهُ and before Him
يُسْجُدُونَ ﴿٢٠٦﴾ they prostrate

204. So, when the Qur'ân is recited, listen to it, and be silent that you may receive mercy. (Tafsir At-Tabari) 205. And remember your Lord within yourself, humbly and with fear and without loudness in words in the mornings and in the afternoons, and be not of those who are neglectful. 206. Surely, those who are with your Lord (angels) are never too proud to perform acts of worship to Him, but they glorify His Praise and prostrate themselves before Him.

سُورَةُ الْأَنْفَالِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الْأَنْفَالِ قُلِ الْأَنْفَالُ لِلَّهِ وَالرَّسُولِ فَأَتَقُوا اللَّهَ وَأَصْلِحُوا ذَاتَ بَيْنِكُمْ وَأَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ إِنْ
كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١﴾ إِنَّمَا الْمُؤْمِنُونَ الَّذِينَ إِذَا ذُكِرَ اللَّهُ وَجِلَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ وَإِذَا تُلِيَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ آيَاتُهُ زَادَتْهُمْ إِيمَانًا وَعَلَى
رَبِّهِمْ يَتَوَكَّلُونَ ﴿٢﴾ الَّذِينَ يُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ وَمِمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ يُنفِقُونَ ﴿٣﴾

يَسْأَلُونَكَ they ask you عَنِ about الْأَنْفَالِ spoils of war قُلِ say الْأَنْفَالُ
اللَّهُ spoils of war وَالرَّسُولُ (are) for Allah وَأَتَقُوا and the Messenger فَأَتَقُوا
اللَّهُ so fear وَأَصْلِحُوا ذَاتَ (things) بَيْنِكُمْ and set right
and obey وَأَطِيعُوا Allah and His Messenger وَرَسُولَهُ

إن كُنْتُمْ if you are مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١﴾ believers إِمَّا only الْمُؤْمِنُونَ the
 اللَّهُ is mentioned ذُكِرَ when إِذَا (are) those الَّذِينَ believers
 وَقَلَّتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ quake and when نُفِيتْ is recited عَلَيْهِمْ
 رَبَّهُمْ to them زَادَتْهُمْ His Verses مَا يَنْتُمْ increase them
 رَبَّهُمْ and in وَعَلَى in faith they put their trust يَتَوَكَّلُونَ ﴿٢﴾ their Lord
 الَّذِينَ who يُقِيمُونَ establish الصَّلَاةَ prayer وَمِمَّا and out of what
 رَزَقْنَاهُمْ We have provided them يُنْفِقُونَ ﴿٣﴾ they spend

Sûrat 8. Al-Anfâl (The Spoils of War)

In the Name of Allâh

the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful

1. They ask you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) about the spoils of war. Say: "The spoils are for Allâh and the Messenger." So fear Allâh and adjust all matters of difference among you, and obey Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), if you are believers. 2. The believers are only those who, when Allâh is mentioned, feel a fear in their hearts and when His Verses (this Qur'ân) are recited unto them, they (i.e. the Verses) increase their Faith; and they put their trust in their Lord (Alone); 3. Who perform As-Salât (Iqâmat-as- Salât) and spend out of that We have provided them.

أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ حَقًّا لَهُمْ دَرَجَاتٌ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ وَمَغْفِرَةٌ وَرِزْقٌ كَرِيمٌ ﴿١﴾ كَمَا أَخْرَجَكَ رَبُّكَ مِنْ بَيْتِكَ
 بِالْحَقِّ وَإِنَّ فَرِيقًا مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ لَكَرِهُونَ ﴿٢﴾ يُجَادِلُونَكَ فِي الْحَقِّ بَعْدَمَا بَيَّنَّ كَأَنَّمَا يُسَاقُونَ إِلَى الْمَوْتِ وَهُمْ
 يَنْظُرُونَ ﴿٣﴾ وَإِذْ يَعِدُكُمُ اللَّهُ إِحْدَى الطَّائِفَتَيْنِ أَنَّهَا لَكُمْ وَتَوَدُّوْنَ أَنَّ غَيْرَ ذَاتِ الشَّوْكَةِ تَكُونُ لَكُمْ
 وَيُرِيدُ اللَّهُ أَن يُحِقَّ الْحَقَّ بِكَلِمَاتِهِ وَيَقَطَّ دَابِرَ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٧﴾

أُولَئِكَ these (are) هُمُ they (who are) الْمُؤْمِنُونَ the believers حَقًّا in
 لَهُمْ truth they have دَرَجَاتٌ (high) ranks عِنْدَ with رَبِّهِمْ their
 وَمَغْفِرَةٌ and forgiveness وَرِزْقٌ and sustenance كَرِيمٌ ﴿١﴾
 كَمَا as أَخْرَجَكَ رَبُّكَ brought you out رَبُّكَ your Lord مِنْ
 a party فَرِيقًا and verily وَإِنَّ in truth بِالْحَقِّ your home بَيْتِكَ from
 مِنَ among الْمُؤْمِنِينَ the believers لَكَرِهُونَ ﴿٢﴾ disliked (it) يُجَادِلُونَكَ
 after what بَعْدَمَا the truth الْحَقِّ about فِي they dispute with you

to إِلى they were driven يُسَافُونَ as if كَأَنَّمَا it became manifest بَيِّنَ
 وَارِدَ (are) looking (at it) يَنْظُرُونَ ﴿٦﴾ while they وَهُمْ the death
 of الطَّائِفَتَيْنِ one إحدَى Allah ﷻ promised you يَعِدْكُمْ and when
 and you وَوَدُّوْا for you لَكُمْ that it shall be أَنَّهُ the two groups
 تَكُوْنُ having arms ذَاتِ الشُّوْكَةِ (one) without غَيْرَ that أَنْ wish
 يُحَقِّقُ that أَنْ Allah ﷻ but willed وَيُرِيدُ for you لَكُمْ should be
 and cut off وَيَقْطَعُ by His words بِكَلِمَتِهِ the truth الْحَقَّ He justifies
 دَابِرَ roots الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٧﴾ (of) the disbelievers

4. It is they who are the believers in truth. For them are grades of dignity with their Lord, and forgiveness and a generous provision (Paradise). 5. As your Lord caused you (O Muhammad ﷺ) to go out from your home with the truth; and verily, a party among the believers disliked it, 6. Disputing with you concerning the truth after it was made manifest, as if they were being driven to death, while they were looking (at it). 7. And (remember) when Allâh promised you (Muslims) one of the two parties (of the enemy, i.e. either the army or the caravan) that it should be yours; you wished that the one not armed (the caravan) should be yours, but Allâh willed to justify the truth by His Words and to cut off the roots of the disbelievers.

يُحَقِّقُ الْحَقَّ وَيَبْطِلُ الْبَاطِلَ وَلَوْ كَرِهَ الْمُجْرِمُونَ ﴿٨﴾ إِذْ تَسْتَغِيثُونَ رَبَّكُمْ فَاسْتَجَابَ لَكُمْ أَنِّي مُمِدُّكُمْ بِأَلْفٍ
 مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ مُرَوِّفِينَ ﴿٩﴾ وَمَا جَعَلَهُ اللَّهُ إِلَّا بُشْرَىٰ وَلِتَطْمَئِنَّ بِهِ قُلُوبُكُمْ وَمَا النَّصْرُ إِلَّا مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ إِنَّ
 اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿١٠﴾

and proves false وَيَبْطِلُ the truth الْحَقَّ that He proves true يُحَقِّقُ
 الْبَاطِلَ the falsehood وَلَوْ the falsehood كَرِهَ even though الْمُجْرِمُونَ ﴿٨﴾ dislike (it)
 (of) رَبَّكُمْ you were seeking help تَسْتَغِيثُونَ when إِذْ the evil-doers
 indeed I أَنِّي (to) you لَكُمْ and He answered فَاسْتَجَابَ your Lord
 of angels مُمِدُّكُمْ shall help you بِأَلْفٍ with a thousand مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ
 مُرَوِّفِينَ ﴿٩﴾ do this جَعَلَهُ and did not وَمَا one after another
 and that be set at بُشْرَىٰ (as) glad tidings وَلِتَطْمَئِنَّ (as) rest
 victory النَّصْرُ and no وَمَا your hearts قُلُوبُكُمْ therewith
 إِلَّا but مِنْ from عِنْدِ Allah ﷻ presence إِنَّ (of) Allah ﷻ indeed
 Allah عَزِيزٌ (is) All-Mighty حَكِيمٌ ﴿١٠﴾ All-Wise

8. That He might cause the truth to triumph and bring falsehood to nothing, even though the *Mujrimûn* hate it. 9. (Remember) when you sought help of your Lord and He answered you (saying): "I will help you with a thousand of the angels each behind the other (following one another) in succession." 10. Allâh made it only as glad tidings, and that your hearts be at rest therewith. And there is no victory except from Allâh. Verily, Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise.

إِذْ يُغَشِّبُكُمُ الْغُصَاةَ أَمْنًا مِنْهُ وَيُنْزِلُ عَلَيْكُمْ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً لِيُطَهِّرَكُمْ بِهِ وَيُذْهِبَ عَنْكُمْ رِجْزَ الشَّيْطَانِ وَلِيَرْبِطَ عَلَى قُلُوبِكُمْ وَيُثَبِّتَ بِهِ الْأَقْدَامَ ﴿١١﴾ إِذْ يُوحِي رَبُّكَ إِلَى الْمَلَائِكَةِ أَنْ يَنْتَهِوا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا سَأَلْتَنِي فِي قُلُوبِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا الرَّعْبَ فَأَضْرِبُوا فَوْقَ الْأَعْنَاقِ وَأَضْرِبُوا مِنْهُمْ كُلَّ بَنَانٍ ﴿١٢﴾

إِذْ (remember) when يُغَشِّبُكُمُ (with) a الْغُصَاةَ He covered you and He وَيُنْزِلُ from Him مِنْهُ as a security أَمْنًا drowsiness عَلَيْكُمْ sent down مِنَ the sky السَّمَاءِ rain مَاءً the sky لِيُطَهِّرَكُمْ rain and take away وَيُذْهِبَ thereby بِهِ that He may cleanse you and رِجْزَ (of) Satan الشَّيْطَانِ pollution (dirt) from you and وَلِيَرْبِطَ (of) Satan الشَّيْطَانِ pollution (dirt) from you and make firm وَيُثَبِّتَ your hearts قُلُوبِكُمْ (on) strengthen عَلَى strength thereby الْأَقْدَامَ ﴿١١﴾ (your) feet إِذْ (remember) when يُوحِي (remember) when رَبُّكَ your Lord إِلَى (to) الْمَلَائِكَةِ the angels أَنِّي I am مَعَكُمْ with you فَيَنْتَهِوا you those who الَّذِينَ so keep firm ءَامَنُوا those who سَأَلْتَنِي have believed الَّذِينَ so keep firm ءَامَنُوا those who الَّذِينَ so keep firm ءَامَنُوا those who كَفَرُوا (of) those who الَّذِينَ hearts قُلُوبِ in فِي I shall cast الرَّعْبَ the terror فَاَضْرِبُوا so strike فَوْقَ above الْأَعْنَاقِ (their) necks وَأَضْرِبُوا and strike مِنْهُمْ and strike كُلَّ from them بَنَانٍ ﴿١٢﴾ fingertips

11. (Remember) when He covered you with a slumber as a security from Him, and He caused water (rain) to descend on you from the sky, to clean you thereby and to remove from you the *Rijz* (whispering, evilsuggestions) of *Shaitân* (Satan), and to strengthen your hearts, and make your feet firm thereby. 12. (Remember) when your Lord revealed to the angels, "Verily, I am with you, so keep firm those who have believed. I will cast terror into the hearts of those who have disbelieved, so strike them over the necks, and smite over all their fingers and toes."

ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ شَاقُوا اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَمَنْ يُشَاقِقِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ ﴿١٣﴾ ذَٰلِكُمْ فَذُوقُوهُ وَأَنَّ لِلْكَافِرِينَ عَذَابَ النَّارِ ﴿١٤﴾ يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا إِذَا لَقِيتُهُمُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا رَحَقًا فَلَا تُولُوهُمْ الْأَدْبَارَ ﴿١٥﴾

وَمَنْ يُؤْلِهِمْ يَوْمَئِذٍ دُبُرُهُمْ إِلَّا مُتَحَرِّفًا لِقُنَالٍ أَوْ مُتَحِيزًا إِلَى فِتْنَةٍ فَقَدْ بَاءَ بِغَضَبٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَمَأْوَاهُ جَهَنَّمُ
وَرَيْسٌ الْمَصِيرُ ﴿١٦﴾

ذَلِكَ (is) يَأْتُهُمْ because they شَاتُوا Allah رَدَّوهُمُ Allah الله defies يُشَاقِقِ and whoever وَمَنْ and His Messenger رَدَّوهُمُ Allah الله then indeed فَاتَ and His Messenger (is) شَدِيدُ Allah الله that is (the torment) ذَلِكُمْ (in) punishment أَلْوَقَابِ ﴿١٣﴾ severe فَذُوقُوهُ (is) عَذَابَ for disbelievers وَلَكِنَّهُمْ لَكَفَرِينَ and that وَأَنْتَ so taste it فَذُوقُوهُ (is) عَذَابِ ﴿١٤﴾ torment أَلْوَقَابِ ﴿١٥﴾ (of) the Fire يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ O you الَّذِينَ who أَمَنُوا who believe إِذَا when لَقِيتُمْ you meet الَّذِينَ those who كَفَرُوا do not تَوَلَّوْهُمْ in a battle-field فَلَا and whoever يَوَلَّوْهُمْ (your) backs الْأَنْبَارِ ﴿١٦﴾ that Day دُبُرُهُ his back إِلَّا except مُتَحَرِّفًا as strategy لِقُنَالٍ he certainly فَقَدْ a troop إِلَى to retreat فِتْنَةٍ a troop وَمَأْوَاهُ Allah الله of بَاءَ incurred بِغَضَبٍ wrath مِنَ and his وَمَأْوَاهُ Allah الله (is that) رَيْسٌ [and] worst indeed الْمَصِيرُ ﴿١٦﴾ (is that) destination

13. This is because they defied and disobeyed Allâh and His Messenger. And whoever defies and disobeys Allâh and His Messenger, then verily, Allâh is Severe in punishment. 14. This is (the torment), so taste it; and surely, for the disbelievers is the torment of the Fire. 15. O you who believe! When you meet those who disbelieve, in a battlefield, never turn your backs to them. 16. And whoever turns his back to them on such a day — unless it be a stratagem of war, or to retreat to a troop (of his own), — he indeed has drawn upon himself wrath from Allâh. And his abode is Hell, and worst indeed is that destination!

فَلَمْ تَقْتُلُوهُمْ وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ قَتَلَهُمْ وَمَا رَمَيْتَ إِذْ رَمَيْتَ وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ رَمَىٰ وَلِئْسَ بِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ مِنْهُ بَلَاءٌ حَسَنًا إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٧﴾ ذَلِكُمْ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ مُوهِنٌ كَيْدَ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿١٨﴾ إِنْ تَسْتَفِيدُوا فَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ الْفَتْحُ وَإِنْ تَنْهَوْا فَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ وَإِنْ تَعُدُّوا نَعْدًا وَلَنْ تُغْنَىٰ عَنْكُمْ فِئَتُكُمْ شَيْئًا وَلَوْ كَثُرَتْ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٩﴾

فَلَمْ تَقْتُلُوهُمْ so did not قَتَلَهُمُ Allah الله but وَلَكِنَّ you kill them رَمَيْتَ when إِذْ you throw رَمَيْتَ and did not وَمَا killed them

that He may test وَلَيْسَ threw رَمَى Allah but وَلَكِنْ threw
 الْمُؤْمِنِينَ the believers مِنْهُ from Him بَلَاءٌ a trial حَسَنًا fair
 All-Knowing عَلَيْهِ (is) All-Hearing سَمِيعٌ Allah certainly
 makes مُؤْمِنٌ Allah and certainly وَأَنَّ this (is the case) عَلَيْكُمْ
 if إِنْ (of) the disbelievers الْكَافِرِينَ evil designs كَيْدٍ feeble
 تَسْتَفِيدُوا then certainly فَقَدْ you had sought a judgement
 you تَنْتَهُوا and if وَإِنْ the judgement الْفَتْحُ has come to you
 you تَقْوَدُوا and if وَإِنْ for you لَكُمْ better خَيْرٌ that is فَهُوَ desist
 avail تُنْقِ and shall not وَلَنْ We shall return (too) نَعُدُّ will return
 it be عَنْكُمْ you فَيَنْتَكُمُ your forces شَيْئًا anything وَلَوْ though كَثُرَتْ
 the الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (is) with مَعَ Allah [and] that وَأَنَّ numerous
 believers

17. You killed them not, but Allâh killed them. And you (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) threw not when you did throw, but Allâh threw, that He might test the believers by a fair trial from Him. Verily, Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower. 18. This (is the fact) and surely, Allâh weakens the deceitful plots of the disbelieves. 19. (O disbelievers) if you ask for a judgement, now has the judgement come unto you; and if you cease (to do wrong), it will be better for you, and if you return (to the attack), so shall We return, and your forces will be of no avail to you, however numerous they be; and verily, Allâh is with the believers.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا أَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَلَا تَوَلَّوْا عَنْهُ وَأَنْتُمْ تَسْمَعُونَ ﴿١٧﴾ وَلَا تَكُونُوا كَالَّذِينَ قَالُوا سَمِعْنَا وَهُمْ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ ﴿١٨﴾ إِنَّ شَرَّ الدَّوَابِّ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ الصُّمُّ الْبُكْمُ الَّذِينَ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١٩﴾ وَلَوْ عَلِمَ اللَّهُ فِيهِمْ خَيْرًا لَأَسْمَعَهُمْ وَلَوْ أَسْمَعَهُمْ لَتَوَلَّوْا وَهُمْ مُعْرِضُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا have believed أَطِيعُوا Allah obey
 turn away تَوَلَّوْا and do not وَلَا and His Messenger وَرَسُولَهُ Allah
 عَنْهُ from Him وَأَنْتُمْ when you تَسْمَعُونَ hear (His command) وَلَا
 said قَالُوا like those who كَالَّذِينَ you be تَكُونُوا and do not
 verily إِنَّ hear تَسْمَعُونَ not لَا but they وَهُمْ we have heard
 شَرَّ الدَّوَابِّ worst (of) living creatures الصُّمُّ الْبُكْمُ Allah to
 use يَعْقِلُونَ do not لَا who الْبُكْمُ the dumb الَّذِينَ (are) the deaf

(their) reason وَلَوْ had عَلِمَ known اللهُ Allah فِيهِمْ in them خَبَرًا and لَأَسْمَعَهُمْ (of) any good وَلَوْ He would have made them listen they would have لَتَوَلَّوْا He had made them listen أَسْمَعَهُمْ even if اverse مَقْرَضُونَ ﴿١٣﴾ while they (were) وَهُمْ turned away

20. O you who believe! Obey Allâh and His Messenger, and turn not away from him (i.e. Messenger Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) while you are hearing. 21. And be not like those who say: "We have heard," but they hear not. 22. Verily, the worst of (moving) living creatures with Allâh are the deaf and the dumb, who understand not. 23. Had Allâh known of any good in them, He would indeed have made them listen; and even if He had made them listen, they would but have turned away with aversion (to the truth).

يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا اسْتَجِيبُوا لِلَّهِ وَلِلرَّسُولِ إِذَا دَعَاكُمْ لِمَا يُحْيِيكُمْ ؕ وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّهُ اللَّهُ يَحُولُ بَيْنَ الْمَرْءِ وَقَلْبِهِ ؕ وَأَنَّهُ إِلَيْهِ تُحْشَرُونَ ﴿١٣﴾ وَاتَّقُوا فَتْنَةً لَا تُصِيبَنَّ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا مِنْكُمْ خَاصَّةً وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ ﴿١٤﴾

يَأْتِيهَا O you الَّذِينَ who ءَامَنُوا have believed اسْتَجِيبُوا respond لِلَّهِ He calls دَعَاكُمْ when إِذَا and to the Messenger وَلِلرَّسُولِ to Allah and know ؕ which gives you life يُحْيِيكُمْ to that لِمَا you أَمَّ that اللَّهُ Allah that يَحُولُ comes in بَيْنَ between الْمَرْءِ a man وَقَلْبِهِ. and his heart إِلَيْهِ and that وَأَنَّهُ and that تُحْشَرُونَ ﴿١٣﴾ to Him you فَتْنَةً and fear وَاتَّقُوا shall be gathered of you تُصِيبَنَّ which afflict الَّذِينَ those who ظَلَمُوا wronged مِنْكُمْ you خَاصَّةً particularly ؕ وَاعْلَمُوا and know أَنَّ that اللَّهُ (is) Allah شَدِيدُ severe الْعِقَابِ ﴿١٤﴾ (in) punishment

24. O you who believe! Answer Allâh (by obeying Him) and (His) Messenger when he (صلى الله عليه وسلم) calls you to that which will give you life, and know that Allâh comes in between a person and his heart (i.e. He prevents an evil person to decide anything). And verily, to Him you shall (all) be gathered. 25. And fear the *Fitnah* (affliction and trial) which affects not in particular (only) those of you who do wrong (but it may afflict all the good and the bad people), and know that Allâh is Severe in punishment.

وَأَذْكُرُوا إِذْ أَنْتُمْ مُسْتَضْعَفُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ تَخَافُونَ أَنْ يَخَطَفَكُمْ النَّاسُ فَتَوَارِكُمْ وَيَنْصِرِيهِمْ
وَرَزَقَكُمْ مِنَ الطَّيِّبَاتِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٢٦﴾ يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لَا تَخُونُوا اللَّهَ وَالرَّسُولَ وَتَخُونُوا أَمْنَتَكُمْ وَأَنْتُمْ
تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٢٧﴾ وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّكُمْ وَأَوْلَادُكُمْ فِتْنَةٌ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ عِنْدَهُ أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿٢٨﴾

وَأَذْكُرُوا and remember إِذْ when أَنْتُمْ you قَلِيلٌ few (were)
مُسْتَضْعَفُونَ reckoned weak فِي in الْأَرْضِ the land تَخَافُونَ (and) you
النَّاسُ the people أَنْ were afraid أَنْ يَخَطَفَكُمْ that
فَتَوَارِكُمْ so He provided you with refuge وَأَيْدِيَكُمْ and strengthened
يَنْصِرِيهِمْ you بِمَنْ and provided you رَزَقَكُمْ with His help
الطَّيِّبَاتِ with you يَا أَيُّهَا give thanks تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٢٦﴾ so that you may
الَّذِينَ O you لَمْ يَكُن لَكُمْ آمَنُوا who have believed لَا
اللَّهُ Allah وَالرَّسُولَ the Messenger وَتَخُونُوا and the Messenger أَمْنَتَكُمْ nor betray
أَنْتُمْ your trusts وَأَعْلَمُوا know تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٢٧﴾ while you
أَنَّكُمْ and know وَأَوْلَادُكُمْ your children وَأَوْلَادُكُمْ your possessions
فِتْنَةٌ (are) a trial وَأَنَّ and that اللَّهُ Allah عِنْدَهُ with Him أَجْرٌ
عَظِيمٌ ﴿٢٨﴾ (is) a great reward

26. And remember when you were few and were reckoned weak in the land, and were afraid that men might kidnap you, but He provided a safe place for you, strengthened you with His Help, and provided you with good things so that you might be grateful. 27. O you who believe! Betray not Allâh and His Messenger, nor betray knowingly your *Amânât*. 28. And know that your possessions and your children are but a trial and that surely, with Allâh is a mighty reward.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِنْ تَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ يَجْعَلْ لَكُمْ فُرْقَانًا وَيُكَفِّرْ عَنْكُمْ سَيِّئَاتِكُمْ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ وَاللَّهُ ذُو الْفَضْلِ
الْعَظِيمِ ﴿٢٩﴾ وَإِذْ يَمْكُرُ بِكَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لِيُثْبِتُوكَ أَوْ يَقْتُلُوكَ أَوْ يُخْرِجُوكَ وَيَمْكُرُونَ وَيَمْكُرُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ خَيْرُ
الْمَكْرِينَ ﴿٣٠﴾

يَا أَيُّهَا O you الَّذِينَ الَّذِينَ who آمَنُوا have believed إِنْ if تَتَّقُوا you
اللَّهُ Allah يَجْعَلْ He will grant لَكُمْ you فُرْقَانًا a criterion وَيُكَفِّرْ
وَيَغْفِرْ and will expiate عَنْكُمْ for you سَيِّئَاتِكُمْ your sins
بِالْفَضْلِ (is) Lord ذُو and اللَّهُ Allah لَكُمْ you forgive
الْعَظِيمِ ﴿٢٩﴾ (of) the great وَإِذْ (and remember) when يَمْكُرُ and

have disbelieved كَفَرُوا those who الَّذِينَ against you بِكَ plotted
 or لِيُتَبَوَّكَ they kill you بِقَتْلِكَ or أَوْ that they imprison you
 يُخْرِجُوكَ and they were plotting وَيَكْمُرُونَ drive you away
 (is) Best خَيْرٌ and Allah وَاللَّهُ Allah (as well) اللَّهُ was planning
 (of) the planners الْمَكِيدِينَ ﴿٢٩﴾

29. O you who believe! If you obey and fear Allâh, He will grant you *Furqân*, and will expiate for you your sins, and forgive you; and Allâh is the Owner of the Great Bounty. 30. And (remember) when the disbelievers plotted against you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) to imprison you, or to kill you, or to get you out (from your home, i.e. Makkah); they were plotting and Allâh too was plotting; and Allâh is the Best of those who plot.

وَإِذَا تُلِيَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ آيَاتُنَا قَالُوا قَدْ سَمِعْنَا لَوْ نَشَاءُ لَقُلْنَا مِثْلَ هَذَا إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا أَسَاطِيرُ الْأَوَّلِينَ ﴿٣٠﴾ وَإِذْ قَالُوا اللَّهُمَّ إِنْ كُنْتَ هَذَا هُوَ الْحَقُّ مِنْ عِنْدِكَ فَأَمْطِرْ عَلَيْنَا حِجَابًا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ أَوْ أُنْزِلْ عَلَيْنَا آيَاتٌ مِمَّا كُنْتَ آيَاتُكَ اللَّهُ لِيُعَذِّبَهُمْ وَأَنْتَ فِيهِمْ وَمَا كُنْتَ اللَّهُ مُعَذِّبَهُمْ وَهُمْ يَسْتَغْفِرُونَ ﴿٣١﴾

Our Verses تُلِيَتْ to them عَلَيْهِمْ are recited وَإِذَا and when
 قَالُوا they say قَدْ سَمِعْنَا we have heard لَوْ if نَشَاءُ we wish لَقُلْنَا we can say
 مِثْلَ the like هَذَا (of) this إِنْ (is) not هَذَا this إِلَّا but
 أَسَاطِيرُ tales الْأَوَّلِينَ ﴿٣٠﴾ (of) the ancient people وَإِذْ and
 is قَالُوا (remember) when اللَّهُمَّ O Allah إِنْ if كُنْتَ is
 هَذَا this هُوَ (indeed) الْحَقُّ the truth مِنْ from عِنْدِكَ You فَأَمْطِرْ
 from stones حِجَابًا upon us عَلَيْنَا then (You) rain down
 السَّمَاءِ the sky أَوْ or أُنْزِلْ bring us آيَاتٌ آيَاتُكَ torment
 that He لِيُعَذِّبَهُمْ (for) Allah اللَّهُ is كُنْتَ and not وَمَا a painful
 and وَمَا (are) among them فِيهِمْ while you وَأَنْتَ punishes them
 كُنْتَ not اللَّهُ is اللَّهُ مُعَذِّبَهُمْ He Who will punish them وَهُمْ
 seek forgiveness يَسْتَغْفِرُونَ ﴿٣١﴾ while they

31. And when Our Verses (of the Qur'ân) are recited to them, they say: "We have heard (the Qur'ân); if we wish we can say the like of this. This is nothing but the tales of the ancients." 32. And (remember) when they said: "O Allâh! If this (the Qur'ân) is indeed the truth (revealed) from You, then rain down stones on us from

the sky or bring on us a painful torment." 33. And Allâh would not punish them while you (Muhammad ﷺ) are amongst them, nor will He punish them while they seek (Allâh's) forgiveness.

وَمَا لَهُمْ آلَا يُعَذِّبُهُمُ اللَّهُ وَهُمْ يَصُدُّونَ عَنِ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ وَمَا كَانُوا أَوْلِيَاءَهُ ۖ إِنَّا أَوْلِيَ الْأُمُتُونَ وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٣٤﴾ وَمَا كَانَ صَلَاتُهُمْ عِنْدَ الْبَيْتِ إِلَّا مُكَاءٌ وَتَصْدِيدَةٌ فَذُوقُوا الْعَذَابَ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْفُرُونَ ﴿٣٥﴾

وَمَا لَهُمْ but what they is with them but what they should not punish them while they (are) hindering (people) Allah them from the sacred Mosque the sacred Mosque and not they are its guardians they are guardians except the pious but most of them know do not of them their prayer at the House the House except the House so taste the punishment because you used to deny punishment punishment

34. And why should not Allâh punish them while they hinder (men) from Al-Masjid Al-Harâm, and they are not its guardians? None can be its guardians except Al-Muttaqûn (the pious), but most of them know not. 35. Their Salât (prayer) at the House (of Allâh, i.e. the Ka'bah at Makkah) was nothing but whistling and clapping of hands. Therefore taste the punishment because you used to disbelieve.

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا يُنْفِقُونَ أَمْوَالَهُمْ لِيَصُدُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ فَسَيُنْفِقُونَهَا ثُمَّ تَكُونُ عَلَيْهِمْ حَسْرَةً ثُمَّ يُغْلَبُونَ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِلَىٰ جَهَنَّمَ يُخْشَرُونَ ﴿٣٦﴾ لِيَمِيزَ اللَّهُ الْخَبِيثَ مِنَ الطَّيِّبِ وَيَجْعَلَ الْخَبِيثَ بَعْضُهُ عَلَىٰ بَعْضٍ فَيَرْكَبُ جَمِيعًا فَيَجْعَلُهُ فِي جَهَنَّمَ ۚ أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ ﴿٣٧﴾

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا those who indeed they have disbelieved they spend their wealth to hinder (people) that they hinder (people) from way of Allah (of) Allah they will keep spending they will keep spending it will become and then it

and those الَّذِينَ they will be overcome يُغْلِبُونَ then ثُمَّ anguish
 they كَفَرُوا who have disbelieved إِلَى to جَهَنَّمَ Hell يُحْشَرُونَ ﴿٣٦﴾
 Allah اللَّهُ in order that may distinguish لِيُمَيِّزَ shall be gathered
 and will put وَيَجْعَلُ the good الطَّيِّبِ from مِنَ the wicked الْخَبِيثِ
 الْخَبِيثِ the wicked بَعْضُهُمْ (one) عَلَى (another) بَعْضَهُمْ
 into فِي and will cast them فَيَجْعَلُهُمْ all جَمِيعًا and will pile them
 (who are) هُمُ those (are) أُولَئِكَ Hell جَهَنَّمَ they الْخَاسِرُونَ ﴿٣٧﴾
 the losers

36. Verily, those who disbelieve spend their wealth to hinder (men) from the path of Allâh, and so will they continue to spend it; but in the end it will become an anguish for them. Then they will be overcome. And those who disbelieve will be gathered unto Hell. 37. In order that Allâh may distinguish the wicked from the good (believers of Islâmic Monotheism and doers of righteous deeds), and put the wicked one over another, heap them together and cast them into Hell. Those! it is they who are the losers.

قُلْ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِنْ يَنْتَهُوا يُغْفَرْ لَهُمْ مَا قَدْ سَلَفَ وَإِنْ يَعُودُوا فَقَدْ مَضَتْ سُنتُ الْأَوَّلِينَ ﴿٣٨﴾
 وَقَفَّيْلُوهُمْ حَتَّى لَا تَكُونَ فِتْنَةٌ وَيَكُونَ الدِّينُ كُلُّهُ لِلَّهِ فَإِنَّ آتَتْهُمُ آيَاتُ اللَّهِ بِمَا يَكْمُلُونَ
 بَصِيرَةً ﴿٣٩﴾ وَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ مَوْلَانَكُمْ يَغْنَمُ الْمَوَالِي وَيَغْنَمُ النَّصِيرُ ﴿٤٠﴾

قُلْ say لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا to those who have disbelieved إِنْ if يَنْتَهُوا
 past قَدْ سَلَفَ what مَا they will be forgiven يُغْفَرْ لَهُمْ they desist
 وَإِنْ but if يَعُودُوا they revert فَقَدْ then has مَضَتْ preceded سُنتُ
 and fight them وَقَفَّيْلُوهُمْ (of) the ancients الْأَوَّلِينَ ﴿٣٨﴾
 and حَتَّى until لَا no تَكُونَ there is فِتْنَةٌ mischief وَيَكُونَ
 for Allah اللَّهِ all of it كُلُّهُ the religion (Islam) الدِّينُ becomes
 فَإِنَّ but if آتَتْهُمُ آيَاتُ they cease فَإِنَّ then certainly اللَّهُ Allah بِمَا
 تَوَلَّوْا and if وَإِنْ (is) All-Seeing بَصِيرَةً they do يَكْمُلُونَ of what
 (is) مَوْلَانَكُمْ Allah اللَّهُ that أَنْ then know فَأَعْلَمُوا they turn away
 and an يَغْنَمُ Portector الْمَوَالِي an Excellent your Protector
 Helper النَّصِيرُ ﴿٤٠﴾ Excellent

38. Say to those who have disbelieved, if they cease (from disbelief), their past will be forgiven. But if they return (thereto), then the examples of those (punished) before them have already preceded (as a warning). 39. And fight them until there is no more *Fitnah* (disbelief and polytheism, i.e. worshipping others besides Allâh), and the religion (worship) will all be for Allâh Alone. But if they cease (worshipping others besides Allâh), then certainly, Allâh is All-Seer of what they do. 40. And if they turn away, then know that Allâh is your *Maulâ* (Patron, Lord, Protector and Supporter) — (what) an Excellent *Maulâ*, and (what) an Excellent Helper!

﴿وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّمَا غَنِمْتُمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ فَإِنَّ لِلَّهِ خُمُسَهُ وَلِلرَّسُولِ وَلِذِي الْقُرْبَىٰ وَالْيَتَامَىٰ وَالْمَسْكِينِ وَآبِ السَّبِيلِ ۚ إِن كُنتُمْ ءَامَنْتُمْ بِاللَّهِ وَمَا أُنزِلْنَا عَلَىٰ عَبْدِنَا يَوْمَ الْفُرْقَانِ يَوْمَ التَّلَاقِ ۚ الْجَمْعَانِ ۚ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿١١﴾﴾

war-booty that you may gain غَنِمْتُمْ that أَنَّمَا and know وَأَعْلَمُوا ﴿١١﴾
 one fifth of it خُمُسَهُ to Allah لِلَّهِ verily فَإِنَّ whatever مِنْ شَيْءٍ of
 the الْقُرْبَىٰ and to وَلِذِي and to the Messenger وَلِلرَّسُولِ (is assigned)
 and the الْمَسْكِينِ (and also) the orphans وَالْيَتَامَىٰ near relatives
 كُنتُمْ if and the wayfarer وَآبِ السَّبِيلِ poor who do not beg
 and in that which وَمَا in Allah بِاللَّهِ have believed ءَامَنْتُمْ you
 on the Day يَوْمَ Our slave عَبْدِنَا to عَلَى We sent down أُنزِلْنَا
 the two الْفُرْقَانِ met التَّلَاقِ the Day when يَوْمَ (of) criterion
 وَاللَّهُ forces and عَلَى over كُلِّ all شَيْءٍ things قَدِيرٌ ﴿١١﴾
 (is) Able

41. And know that whatever of war-booty that you may gain, verily, one-fifth (1/5th) of it is assigned to Allâh, and to the Messenger, and to the near relatives, (and also) the orphans, *Al-Masâkin* (the poor) and the wayfarer, if you have believed in Allâh and in that which We sent down to Our slave (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) on the Day of Criterion (between right and wrong), the Day when the two forces met (the battle of Badr); and Allâh is Able to do all things.

إِذْ أَنتُمْ بِالْمُدَوِّهِ الدُّنْيَا وَهُمْ بِالْمُدَوِّهِ الْقُصْوَى وَالرَّكْبُ أَسْفَلَ مِنْكُمْ وَلَوْ تَوَاعَدْتُمْ لَاخْتَلَفْتُمْ فِي
 الْيَعْدِ وَلَٰكِنْ لَيَقْبِضَنَّ اللَّهُ أَمْرًا كَانَتْ مَفْعُولًا لِيَهْلِكَ مَنْ هَلَكَ عَنْ بَيِّنَةٍ وَيَحْيَىٰ مَنْ حَيَّ عَنْ بَيِّنَةٍ
 وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَسَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٢﴾

side of the valley بِالْمُدَوِّهِ you (were) أَنتُمْ (remember) when إِذْ
 الدُّنْيَا on the near وَهُمْ (were) and they بِالْمُدَوِّهِ on the side الْقُصْوَى
 further وَالرَّكْبُ and the caravan أَسْفَلَ on the ground lower مِنْكُمْ
 you had made a mutual تَوَاعَدْتُمْ even if وَلَوْ than you
 in you would certainly have failed لَاخْتَلَفْتُمْ appointment to meet
 that might لَيَقْبِضَنَّ but (you met) وَلَٰكِنْ the appointment الْيَعْدِ in
 that was (already) كَانَتْ a matter أَمْرًا Allah وَاللَّهُ accomplish

those who مَنْ so that might be destroyed لِيَهْلِكَ ordained مَفْعُولًا
 هَلَكَ were هَلَكَ to be destroyed عَنْ with بَيِّنَةٍ a clear evidence وَيَجِيءُ
 a بَيِّنَةٌ with عَنْ to live حَيَّ those who were مَنْ and might live
 (is) All-Hearer اللهُ Allah لَسَمِيعٌ and surely وَارٍ clear evidence
 All-Knower عَلِيمٌ ﴿١١﴾

42. (And remember) when you (the Muslim army) were on the near side of the valley, and they on the farther side, and the caravan on the ground lower than you. Even if you had made a mutual appointment to meet, you would certainly have failed in the appointment, but (you met) that Allâh might accomplish a matter already ordained (in His Knowledge), so that those who were to be destroyed (for their rejecting the Faith) might be destroyed after a clear evidence, and those who were to live (i.e. believers) might live after a clear evidence. And surely, Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

إِذْ يُرِيكُمُ اللَّهُ فِي مَنَامِكَ قَلِيلًا وَلَوْ أَرَدَكُمُ كَثِيرًا لَّفَهِشْتُمْ وَلَتَنَزَعْتُمْ فِي الْأَمْرِ وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ
 سَلَّمَ إِنَّهُمْ عَلَيْهِ يُدَاتُ الصُّدُورُ ﴿١٢﴾ وَإِذْ يُرِيكُمُوهُمْ إِذِ التَّفَقُّتُمْ فِي أَعْيُنِكُمْ قَلِيلًا وَقَلَلْتُكُمْ فِي أَعْيُنِهِمْ
 لِيَقْضِيَ اللَّهُ أَمْرًا كَانَ مَفْعُولًا وَإِلَى اللَّهِ تُرْجَعُ الْأُمُورُ ﴿١٣﴾

إِذْ يُرِيكُمُ (remember) when showed them to you اللهُ Allah في
 He had shown أَرَدَكُمُ if وَلَوْ as few قَلِيلًا your dream مَنَامِكَ in
 you would surely have been لَفَهِشْتُمْ as many كَثِيرًا them to you
 in فِي and you would surely have disputed وَلَتَنَزَعْتُمْ discouraged
 saved (you) سَلَّمَ Allah اللهُ but وَلَكِنَّ making a decision الْأَمْرِ
 of what is in يُدَاتُ (is) All-Knower عَلَيْهِ certainly He إِنَّهُمْ
 He الصُّدُورُ ﴿١٢﴾ the breasts وَإِذْ and (remember) when يُرِيكُمُوهُمْ
 your أَعْيُنِكُمْ in فِي you met التَّفَقُّتُمْ when إِذْ showed them to you
 فِي and He made you appear as few وَقَلَلْتُكُمْ as few قَلِيلًا eyes
 Allah اللهُ so that might accomplish لِيَقْضِيَ their eyes أَعْيُنِهِمْ in
 أَمْرًا a matter كَانَ (already) مَفْعُولًا that was (already) مَفْعُولًا and وَإِلَى ordained
 all matters (for decision) تُرْجَعُ return اللَّهُ Allah إِلَى ﴿١٣﴾

43. (And remember) when Allâh showed them to you as few in your (i.e. Muhammad's) dream; if He had shown them to you as many, you would surely, have been discouraged, and you would surely, have disputed in making a decision. But Allâh saved (you). Certainly, He is the All-Knower of what is in the breasts.
44. And (remember) when you met (the army of the disbelievers on the day of the battle of Badr), He showed them to you as few in your eyes and He made you appear as few in their eyes, so that Allâh might accomplish a matter already ordained (in His Knowledge), and to Allâh return all matters (for decision).

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِذَا لَقِيتُمْ فِئَةً فَاغْلِبُوا وَادْكُرُوا اللَّهَ كَثِيرًا لَّعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ ﴿١٥﴾ وَأَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَلَا تَنَازَعُوا فَتَفْشَلُوا وَتَذْهَبَ رِيحُكُمْ وَاصْبِرُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَ الصَّابِرِينَ ﴿١٦﴾ وَلَا تَكُونُوا كَالَّذِينَ خَرَجُوا مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ بِطَرَاوِيذَ النَّاسِ وَيَصُدُّونَ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ مُخِيطٌ ﴿١٧﴾

يَا أَيُّهَا O you الَّذِينَ who آمَنُوا believe إِذَا when لَقِيتُمْ you meet
 فِئَةً a force فَاغْلِبُوا take a firm stand against (them) وَادْكُرُوا and
 اللَّهُ remember (the Name of) كَثِيرًا much لَّعَلَّكُمْ so that
 وَأَطِيعُوا be successful ﴿١٥﴾ you may and obey اللَّه
 وَرَسُولَهُ and His Messenger وَلَا and do not تَنَازَعُوا dispute
 فَتَفْشَلُوا lest you lose courage وَتَذْهَبَ and depart رِيحُكُمْ
 your strength (is) with اللَّه surely إِنَّ and be patient وَاصْبِرُوا
 الصَّابِرِينَ ﴿١٦﴾ those who are patient وَلَا and not تَكُونُوا be
 كَالَّذِينَ like those who خَرَجُوا of دِيَارِهِمْ their homes
 بِطَرَا and to be seem وَرِيثَةً (of) النَّاسِ men وَيَصُدُّونَ
 and hinder (men) عَنْ سَبِيلِ the Path اللَّه (of) اللَّه
 (is) All-Encompassing ﴿١٧﴾ they do بِمَا of what اللَّه

45. O you who believe! When you meet (an enemy) force, take a firm stand against them and remember the Name of Allâh much (both with tongue and mind), so that you may be successful. 46. And obey Allâh and His Messenger, and do not dispute (with one another) lest you lose courage and your strength departs, and be patient. Surely, Allâh is with those who are *As-Sâbirûn* (the patient). 47. And be not like those who come out of their homes boastfully and to be seen of men, and hinder (men) from the path of Allâh; and Allâh is *Muhîṭun* (encircling and thoroughly comprehending) all that they do.

take away the **يَتَوَفَّى** when **إِذَا** you could see **تَرَى** and if **وَلَوْ**
 the angels **الَّذِينَ** disbelieve **كَفَرُوا** (of) those who **أَنفُسَهُمْ** souls
يَضْرِبُونَ smite **وُجُوهَهُمْ** their faces **وَأَدْبَارَهُمْ** and their backs **وَذُفُوفًا**
 (of) the blazing **الْحَرِيقِ** the punishment **عَذَابَ** (saying) taste
ذَلِكَ Fire (is) this **بِمَا** because of what **قَدَّمْتُمْ** forwarded **أَيْدِيَكُمْ**
وَأَنَّ your hands (is) not **لَيْسَ** Allah **اللَّهُ** and verily **وَأَنَّ**
 unjust **لِلْعَالَمِينَ** to His slaves **كَذَابَ** similar to the behaviour **مِثْلَ**
 (of) the people **فِرْعَوْنَ** (of) Pharaoh **وَالَّذِينَ** and of those **مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ**
 (of) Allah **اللَّهُ** the Signs **بَيِّنَاتٍ** they rejected **كَفَرُوا** before them
فَأَخَذَهُمُ so punished them **اللَّهُ** Allah **بِذُنُوبِهِمْ** for their sins **إِنَّ**
 Allah **اللَّهُ** verily **قَوِيٌّ** (is) All-Strong **سَدِيدٌ** Severe **الْعِقَابِ** (in) punishment

50. And if you could see when the angels take away the souls of those who disbelieve (at death); they smite their faces and their backs, (saying): "Taste the punishment of the blazing Fire." 51. "This is because of that which your hands had forwarded. And verily, Allâh is not unjust to His slaves." 52. Similar to the behaviour of the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh), and of those before them — they rejected the *Ayât* of Allâh, so Allâh punished them for their sins. Verily, Allâh is All-Strong, Severe in punishment.

ذَلِكَ **بِأَنَّ** Allah **لَمْ يَكْ مُغَيِّرًا** نِعْمَةً أَنْعَمَهَا عَلَى قَوْمٍ حَتَّى يُغَيِّرُوا مَا بِأَنْفُسِهِمْ **وَأَنَّ** الله **سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ** **كَذَابَ** مِثْلَ
فِرْعَوْنَ **وَالَّذِينَ** مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ **كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِ رَبِّهِمْ** فَأَهْلَكْنَاهُمْ **بِذُنُوبِهِمْ** وَأَغْرَقْنَا **مِثْلَ** فِرْعَوْنَ **وَكُلٌّ** كَانُوا
ظَالِمِينَ

ذَلِكَ **بِأَنَّ** that is so **لَمْ يَكْ** never Allah **اللَّهُ** because **سَمِيعٌ** will **مُغَيِّرًا**
 change **نِعْمَةً** a grace **أَنْعَمَهَا** which He has bestowed **عَلَى** on **قَوْمٍ**
 until **يُغَيِّرُوا** they change **مَا** what is **بِأَنْفُسِهِمْ** in their
 (is) All-Hearer **سَمِيعٌ** Allah **اللَّهُ** and verily **وَأَنَّ** ownselves
 (of) the **مِثْلَ** similar to the behaviour **كَذَابَ** All-Knower **عَلِيمٌ**
 before **مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ** and those **وَالَّذِينَ** (of) Pharaoh **فِرْعَوْنَ** people of
 (of) their Lord **رَبِّهِمْ** the Signs **بَيِّنَاتٍ** they denied **كَذَّبُوا** them
 and **فَأَهْلَكْنَاهُمْ** so We destroyed them **بِذُنُوبِهِمْ** for their sins **وَأَغْرَقْنَا**

and they all (of) Pharaoh **فَرَعَوْنَ** the people **أَلْ** We drowned
wrong-doers **ظَالِمِينَ** were **كَانُوا**

53. That is so because Allâh will never change a grace which He has bestowed on a people until they change what is in their own selves. And verily, Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower. 54. Similar to the behaviour of the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh), and those before them. They belied the *Ayât* of their Lord, so We destroyed them for their sins, and We drowned the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) for they were all *Zâlimûn*.

إِنَّ شَرَّ الدَّوَابِّ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فَهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٥٣﴾ الَّذِينَ عَاهَدْتَ مِنْهُمْ ثُمَّ يَنْقُضُونَ عَهْدَهُمْ فِي كُلِّ مَرَّةٍ وَهُمْ لَا يَتَّقُونَ ﴿٥٤﴾ فَإِنَّمَا تَتَفَقَّهُهُمْ فِي الْحَرْبِ فَشَرِدَ بِهِنَّ مَن خَلَفَهُم لَعَلَّهُمْ يَذَّكَّرُونَ ﴿٥٥﴾

إِنَّ شَرَّ الدَّوَابِّ the worst verily (of) moving (living) creatures
عِنْدَ اللَّهِ with (to) Allah الَّذِينَ (are) those who كَفَرُوا
they believe الَّذِينَ shall not لَا so they فَهُمْ disbelieve
then عَاهَدْتَ are those you made a covenant وَمِنْهُمْ with whom
time يَنْقُضُونَ they break عَهْدَهُمْ their covenant فِي كُلِّ every مَرَّةٍ
وَهُمْ لَا يَتَّقُونَ do not لَا and they فَهُمْ
punish فَشَرِدَ war in فِي you gain the mastery over them
those who are مِّنْ them بِهِنَّ severely in order to disperse
learn a lesson يَذَّكَّرُونَ so that they may لَعَلَّهُمْ behind them

55. Verily, the worst of moving (living) creatures before Allâh are those who disbelieve, — so they shall not believe. 56. They are those with whom you made a covenant, but they break their covenant every time and they do not fear Allâh. 57. So if you gain the mastery over them in war, punish them severely in order to disperse those who are behind them, so that they may learn a lesson.

وَإِنَّمَا تَخَافَنَ مِنْ قَوْمٍ خِيَانَةٌ فَانْزِلْ إِلَيْهِمْ عَلَى سَوَاءٍ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ الْخَائِنِينَ ﴿٥٦﴾ وَلَا يَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا سَبَقُوا
إِنَّهُمْ لَا يَعْرِضُونَ ﴿٥٧﴾ وَأَعِدُوا لَهُمْ مَا اسْتَطَعْتُمْ مِنْ قُوَّةٍ وَمِنْ رِبَاطِ الْخَيْلِ تُرْهَبُونَ بِهِمْ عَدُوَّ اللَّهِ
وَعَدُوَّكُمْ وَأَخْرِجُوا مِنْ دُونِهِمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَهُمُ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُهُمْ وَمَا تُنْفِقُوا مِنْ شَيْءٍ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ يُوَفَّى إِلَيْكُمْ وَأَنْتُمْ
لَا تَظْلَمُونَ ﴿٥٨﴾

وَأِنَّمَا and if تَخَافُ you fear مِنْ from قَوْمٍ any people خِيَانَةً treachery فَأَنذِ throw back (their covenant) إِلَيْهِمْ to them عَلَى on سَوَاءٍ equal terms إِنَّ certainly اللَّهُ Allah لَا not يُحِبُّ likes الْمُتَكِبِينَ ﴿٥٨﴾ the treacherous وَلَا and let not يَحْسَبَنَّ think that الَّذِينَ who كَفَرُوا disbelieve سَبَقُوا they can outstrip إِنَّهُمْ verily لَا they يَنْجُوْنَ ﴿٥٩﴾ never وَعِدُوا will be able to save themselves وَأَعِدُوا of you can أَسْتَظْعِمُ all مَا against them لَهُمْ and make ready قُوَّةٍ power وَمِنْ including رِبَاطٍ steeds of الْخَيْلِ war تُرْهِبُونَ threaten بِهِ (with them) عَدُوَّ the enemy اللَّهُ Allah (of) وَعَدُوَّكُمْ not لَا besides whom مِنْ دُونِهِمْ and others وَاعْلَمَنَّ you knows them اللَّهُ Allah يَعْلَمُهُمْ وَمَا know them وَتَنْفِقُوا and whatever مِنْ you shall spend مِنْ (from) شَيْءٍ thing فِي in سَبِيلِ the Way اللَّهُ Allah (of) يُوَفَّ shall be repaid إِلَيْكُمْ unto you وَأَنْتُمْ and you لَا not تَظْلَمُونَ ﴿٦٠﴾ shall be treated unjustly

58. If you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) fear treachery from any people throw back (their covenant) to them (so as to be) on equal terms (that there will be no more covenant between you and them). Certainly Allâh likes not the treacherous. 59. And let not those who disbelieve think that they can outstrip (escape from the punishment). Verily, they will never be able to save themselves (from Allâh's punishment). 60. And make ready against them all you can of power, including steeds of war (tanks, planes, missiles, artillery) to threaten the enemy of Allâh and your enemy, and others besides whom, you may not know but whom Allâh does know. And whatever you shall spend in the Cause of Allâh shall be repaid unto you, and you shall not be treated unjustly.

﴿٦١﴾ وَإِنْ جَنَحُوا لِلسَّلَامِ فَاجْتَنِعْ لَهَا وَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى اللَّهِ إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ ﴿٦٢﴾ وَإِنْ يُرِيدُوا أَنْ يَخْدَعُوكَ فَإِنَّ حَسْبَكَ اللَّهُ هُوَ الَّذِي أَيْدَكَ بِتَرْسِهِ وَبِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٦٣﴾ وَأَلْفَ بَيْتٍ قُلُوبِهِمْ لَوْ أَنْفَقْتَ مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا مَا أَلْفَتْ بِكَ قُلُوبُهُمْ وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ أَلْفَ بَيْنَهُمْ إِنَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿٦٤﴾ يَأْتِيهَا النَّبِيُّ حَسْبُكَ اللَّهُ وَمَنِ اتَّبَعَكَ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٦٥﴾

﴿٦١﴾ وَإِنْ جَنَحُوا لِلسَّلَامِ فَاجْتَنِعْ to peace and if جَنَحُوا they incline

لَهَا to it وَتَوَكَّلْ and عَلَى in اللهُ Allah إِنَّهُ verily هُوَ the السَّمِيعُ He they يُرِيدُوا and if وَإِنَّ the All-Knower (is) the All-Hearer (is) the عَلِيمُ (٦١) فَاتَّعِدُوا deceive you فَاتَّعِدُوا then verily فَاتَّعِدُوا (is) حَسْبُكَ then verily هُوَ Allah اللهُ All-Sufficient for you He الَّذِي Who (it is) أَيْدَاكَ (is) it and with the وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ (٦٢) with His Help بِصُرُوحِهِ supported you you their قُلُوبِهِمْ (between) بَيْنَ and He has united وَالَّذِينَ believers (is) in فِي that مَا you had spent أَنْفَقْتَ if لَوْ hearts (is) the الْأَرْضِ (is) in فِي that مَا you have united أَلْفَتْ (could) not مَا all جَمِيعًا earth (between) قُلُوبِهِمْ their hearts وَلَكِنَّ but اللهُ Allah أَلْفَتْ has (between) يَتَّبِعُهُمْ united (between) إِنْهُمْ certainly He عَزِيزٌ (is) (is) حَكِيمٌ All-Mighty (٦٣) يَا أَيُّهَا O النَّبِيُّ Prophet (is) حَسْبُكَ (is) follow you اتَّبِعَكَ and for who وَمِنْ Allah اللهُ SuffICIENT for you the believers مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (٦٤)

61. But if they incline to peace, you also incline to it, and (put your) trust in Allâh. Verily, He is the All-Hearer, the All-Knower. 62. And if they intend to deceive you, then verily, Allâh is All-Sufficient for you. He it is Who has supported you with His Help and with the believers. 63. And He has united their (i.e. believers') hearts. If you had spent all that is in the earth, you could not have united their hearts, but Allâh has united them. Certainly He is All-Mighty, All-Wise. 64. O Prophet (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم)! Allâh is SuffICIENT for you and for the believers who follow you.

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ حَرِّضِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى الْقِتَالِ إِنْ يَكُنْ مِنْكُمْ عَشْرُونَ صَابِرُونَ يَغْلِبُوا مِائَتَيْنِ وَإِنْ يَكُنْ مِنْكُمْ مِائَةٌ يَغْلِبُوا أَلْفًا مِنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِأَنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ (٦٥) أَلَمْ تَرَ خَفَّفَ اللَّهُ عَنْكُمْ وَعَلِمَ أَنَّ فِيكُمْ ضَعْفًا فَإِنْ يَكُنْ مِنْكُمْ مِائَةٌ صَابِرَةٌ يَغْلِبُوا مِائَتَيْنِ وَإِنْ يَكُنْ مِنْكُمْ أَلْفٌ يَغْلِبُوا أَلْفَيْنِ بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ مَعَ الصَّابِرِينَ (٦٦)

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ O النَّبِيُّ Prophet حَرِّضِ the believers الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى (on) الْقِتَالِ to fight إِنْ if يَكُنْ there are مِنْكُمْ amongst you عَشْرُونَ twenty صَابِرُونَ steadfast يَغْلِبُوا they will overcome مِائَتَيْنِ two hundred وَإِنْ and if يَكُنْ there be مِنْكُمْ a hundred مِائَةٌ of you أَلْفٌ they will overcome يَغْلِبُوا (steadfast) أَلْفَيْنِ of مِائَةِ a thousand الَّذِينَ

people قَوْمٌ because they are بِأَنَّهُمْ disbelieve كَفَرُوا those who
has خَفَّ now أَلَمْ who understand ۞ do not لَا
for He knows وَعَلِمَ from you عَنْكُمْ Allah اللَّهُ lightened
there are بَكُنْ so if فَإِنْ weakness ضَعْفًا there is in you فَيَكُنْ that
they shall يَغْلِبُوا steadfast صَابِرَةٌ a hundred يَأْتِيَنَّ of you مِنْكُمْ
there are بَكُنْ and if وَإِنْ two hundred يَغْلِبُونَ overcome
two ألفين they shall overcome يَغْلِبُوا a thousand أَلَمْ you
and Allah وَاللَّهُ (of) Allah اللَّهُ with the Leave بِإِذْنِ thousand
the patient الصَّابِرِينَ ۞ (is) with

65. O Prophet (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم)! Urge the believers to fight. If there are twenty steadfast persons amongst you, they will overcome two hundreds, and if there be a hundred steadfast persons they will overcome a thousand of those who disbelieve, because they (the disbelievers) are people who do not understand.
66. Now Allâh has lightened your (task), for He knows that there is weakness in you. So if there are of you a hundred steadfast persons, they shall overcome two hundreds, and if there are a thousands of you, they shall overcome two thousands with the Leave of Allâh. And Allâh is with As-Sâbirûn (the patient).

مَا كَانَتْ لِيَنْبِيَّ أَنْ يَكُونَ لَهُ أَسْرَى حَتَّى يُنْخَرَجَ فِي الْأَرْضِ تُرِيدُونَ عَرَضَ الدُّنْيَا وَاللَّهُ يُرِيدُ الْآخِرَةَ وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ
حَكِيمٌ ۞ لَوْلَا كَتَبَ مِنْ اللَّهِ سَبَقَ لَمَسَّكُمْ فِيمَا أَخَذْتُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ۞ فَكُلُوا مِمَّا غَنِمْتُمْ حَلَالًا طَيِّبًا وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ۞

مَا he should يَكُونَ that أَنْ for a Prophet لِيَنْبِيَّ it is كَانَتْ not
he had made a great يُنْخَرَجَ until حَتَّى prisoners of war أَسْرَى have
the good عَرَضَ you desire تُرِيدُونَ the land فِي الْأَرْضِ in slaughter
الدُّنْيَا desires يُرِيدُ but Allah وَاللَّهُ (of) this world
All-Wise حَكِيمٌ ۞ (is) All-Mighty عَزِيزٌ and Allah وَاللَّهُ Hereafter
لَوْلَا were it not كَتَبَ مِنْ اللَّهِ from سَبَقَ Allah
لَمَسَّكُمْ a previous فِيمَا would have touched you أَخَذْتُمْ
عَذَابٌ you took عَظِيمٌ ۞ a severe فَكُلُوا (eat) enjoy مِمَّا
حَلَالًا طَيِّبًا you have gotten of booty in war غَنِمْتُمْ what
Allah وَاللَّهُ certainly إِنَّ Allah وَاللَّهُ and be afraid of اتَّقُوا good
عَفُورٌ Most Merciful رَحِيمٌ ۞ (is) Oft-Forgiving

67. It is not for a Prophet that he should have prisoners of war (and free them with ransom) until he had made a great slaughter (among his enemies) in the land. You desire the good of this world (i.e. the money of ransom for freeing the captives), but Allâh desires (for you) the Hereafter. And Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise. 68. Were it not a previous ordainment from Allâh, a severe torment would have touched you for what you took. 69. So enjoy what you have gotten of booty in war, lawful and good, and be afraid of Allâh. Certainly, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ قُلْ لِمَن فِي أَيْدِيكُمْ مِنَ الْأَسْرَىٰ إِن يَعْلَمِ اللَّهُ فِي قُلُوبِكُمْ خَيْرًا يُؤْتِكُمْ خَيْرًا مِّمَّا أُخِذَ مِنْكُمْ وَيَغْفِرَ لَكُمْ وَاللَّهُ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿٦٧﴾ وَإِن يُرِيدُوا خِيَانَتَكَ فَقَدْ خَانُوا اللَّهَ مِن قَبْلُ فَأَمْكَنَ مِنْهُمْ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿٦٨﴾

يَا أَيُّهَا O النَّبِيُّ Prophet قُل say لِمَن to those who are فِي in أَيْدِيكُمْ your hands from the أَسْرَىٰ captives إِن if يَعْلَمِ knows اللَّهُ He will give يُؤْتِكُمْ any good خَيْرًا your hearts فِي in اللَّهُ Allah has been taken أُخِذَ what مِمَّا something better than you خَيْرًا and He will forgive وَيَغْفِرُ from you وَمِنْكُمْ and لَكُمْ you وَاللَّهُ but if وَإِن Most Merciful رَّحِيمٌ (is) Oft-Forgiving عَفُورٌ Allah they خَانُوا already فَقَدْ betray you خِيَانَتَكَ they intend to يُرِيدُوا so He gave (you) فَأَمْكَنَ before مِن قَبْلُ Allah have betrayed اللَّهُ (is) All-Knower عَلِيمٌ and وَاللَّهُ over them power مِنْهُمْ All-Wise حَكِيمٌ ﴿٦٨﴾

70. O Prophet (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم)! Say to the captives that are in your hands: "If Allâh knows any good in your hearts, He will give you something better than what has been taken from you, and He will forgive you, and Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful." 71. But if they intend to betray you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), they indeed betrayed Allâh before. So He gave (you) power over them. And Allâh is All-Knower, All-Wise.

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَهَاجَرُوا وَجَاهَدُوا بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَالَّذِينَ ءَاوُوا وَنَصَرُوا أُولَٰئِكَ بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءُ بَعْضٍ وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَلَمْ يُهَاجِرُوا مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ حَتَّىٰ يُهَاجِرُوا وَإِنِ اسْتَنْصَرُوكُمْ فِي الَّذِينَ فَعَلْتُمْ النَّصْرَ إِلَّا عَلَىٰ قَوْمٍ بَيْنَكُمْ وَبَيْنَهُم مِّيثَاقٌ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿٧١﴾

and emigrated وَهَاجَرُوا believed آمَنُوا those who الَّذِينَ verily إِنَّ وَجَاهَدُوا and strove hard and fought بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ with their property

وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ and their lives in سَبِيلِ the Way (of) Allah وَالَّذِينَ and those who and helped وَأَنْصَرُوا gave asylum and helped أَوْلِيَاءَ some allies بَعْضُهُمْ (all) these are (all) and (as) وَالَّذِينَ another allies أَمَّا those who believed وَلَمْ but did not هَاجَرُوا emigrate مَا no لَكُمْ you owe (from) وَلَهُمْ duty of protection to them any شَيْءٍ thing حَتَّى until هَاجَرُوا they emigrate وَإِنْ but if أَسْتَنْصِرُكُمْ they seek your help in فِي the religion فَعَلَيْكُمْ it is your duty to help them إِلَّا except عَلَى a people يَتَنَكَّمُ a treaty of يَمِينُكُمُ and between them وَبَيْنَهُمْ have between you mutual alliance وَاللَّهُ Allah and بِمَا of what تَعْمَلُونَ you do (is) All-Seer ﴿٧٦﴾

72. Verily, those who believed, and emigrated and strove hard and fought with their property and their lives in the Cause of Allâh as well as those who gave (them) asylum and help, — these are (all) allies to one another. And as to those who believed but did not emigrate (to you O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), you owe no duty of protection to them until they emigrate, but if they seek your help in religion, it is your duty to help them except against a people with whom you have a treaty of mutual alliance; and Allâh is the All-Seer of what you do.

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءُ بَعْضٍ إِلَّا تَفْعَلُوا تَكُنْ فِتْنَةٌ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَفَسَادٌ كَبِيرٌ ﴿٧٧﴾ وَالَّذِينَ هَاجَرُوا وَجْهَهُدُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَالَّذِينَ آوَوْا وَانصَرُوا أَوْلِيَاءُ هُمُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ حَقًّا لَهُمْ مَغْفِرَةٌ وَرِزْقٌ كَرِيمٌ ﴿٧٨﴾ وَالَّذِينَ آَمَنُوا مِنْ بَعْدِ وَهَجَرُوا وَجْهَهُدُوا مَعَكُمْ فَأُولَئِكَ مِنْكُمْ وَأُولَئِكَ الْأَرْحَامُ بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلَى بِبَعْضٍ فِي كِتَابِ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٧٩﴾

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا disbelieve بَعْضُهُمْ some أَوْلِيَاءُ (are) and those who and helped وَأَنْصَرُوا and those who آوَوْا gave asylum and helped أَوْلِيَاءَ some allies بَعْضُهُمْ (all) these are (all) and (as) وَالَّذِينَ another allies أَمَّا those who believed وَلَمْ but did not هَاجَرُوا emigrate مَا no لَكُمْ you owe (from) وَلَهُمْ duty of protection to them any شَيْءٍ thing حَتَّى until هَاجَرُوا they emigrate وَإِنْ but if أَسْتَنْصِرُكُمْ they seek your help in فِي the religion فَعَلَيْكُمْ it is your duty to help them إِلَّا except عَلَى a people يَتَنَكَّمُ a treaty of يَمِينُكُمُ and between them وَبَيْنَهُمْ have between you mutual alliance وَاللَّهُ Allah and بِمَا of what تَعْمَلُونَ you do (is) All-Seer ﴿٧٦﴾

and those who noble/generous ﴿٧١﴾ and provision
 and emigrated afterwards believed
 of you ﴿٧٢﴾ they are along with you strove hard
 are nearer some by blood and kindred
 the decree in another (regarding inheritance)
 of every ﴿٧٣﴾ Allah verily ﴿٧٤﴾ Allah (ordained by)
 (is) All-Knower ﴿٧٥﴾ thing

73. And those who disbelieve are allies of one another, (and) if you (Muslims of the whole world collectively) do not do so [i.e. become allies, as one united block under one *Khalifah* to make victorious Allâh's religion of Islâmic Monotheism], there will be *Fitnah* (wars, battles, polytheism) and oppression on the earth, and a great mischief and corruption. 74. And those who believed, and emigrated and strove hard in the Cause of Allâh (*Al-Jihâd*), as well as those who gave (them) asylum and aid — these are the believers in truth, for them is forgiveness and *Rizqun Karîm* (a generous provision, i.e. Paradise). 75. And those who believed afterwards, and emigrated and strove hard along with you (in the Cause of Allâh), they are of you. But kindred by blood are nearer to one another (regarding inheritance) in the decree ordained by Allâh. Verily, Allâh is the All-Knower of everything.

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

برَاءَةٌ مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ إِلَى الَّذِينَ عَاهَدْتُم مِّنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿١﴾ فَيَسْجُوْا فِي الْأَرْضِ أَرْبَعَةَ أَشْهُرٍ وَعَلِمُوا أَنَّهُمْ عِندَ
 مُعْجِزِ اللَّهِ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ مُخْزِي الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٢﴾ وَأَذِّنْ مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ إِلَى النَّاسِ يَوْمَ الْحَجِّ الْأَكْبَرِ أَنَّ اللَّهَ بَرِيءٌ مِّنَ
 الْمُشْرِكِينَ وَرَسُولُهُ إِنَّا بُنَيْنَا لَهُمْ خَيْرَ لِّكُم مَّا وَإِنْ تَوَلَّيْتُمْ فَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّهُمْ عِندَ مُعْجِزِ اللَّهِ وَنَشِيرِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
 يَعْذَابُ آلِهِمْ ﴿٣﴾

برَاءَةٌ from Allah from freedom from (all) obligations
 you those with whom to and His Messenger
 so the polytheists of made a treaty
 for four the land throughout travel freely
 (can) not that you but know months
 and that Allah escape (from the punishment of)
 and the disbelievers will disgrace Allah

إلى and His Messenger ﷺ Allah ﷻ from اعلان a declaration
 the النَّاسِ to mankind يومَ on the day الْحَجِّ of pilgrimage الْاَكْبَرِ
 (is) free from (all) obligations Allah ﷻ that اَنْ greatest
 so فَاِنْ and so is His Messenger ﷺ polytheists الْمُشْرِكِينَ (to) مَنْ
 for ثَبْتُمْ if it is خَيْرٌ better لَكُمْ for you (polytheists) repent
 that اَنْكُمْ then know فَاَعْلَمُوا you turn away تَوَلَّيْتُمْ but if اِنْ you
 and give tidings وَبَشِّرِ Allah ﷻ escape مُعْجِزِي not اَيْزِ you can
 اَلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا to those who disbelieve يَمْدَابِ of a torment اَلَيْهِمُ
 painful

Sûrat 9. At-Taubah (The Repentance)

1. Freedom from (all) obligations (is declared) from Allâh and His Messenger (صلى الله عليه وسلم) to those of the *Mushrikûn*, with whom you made a treaty. 2. So travel freely (O *Mushrikûn*) for four months throughout the land, but know that you cannot escape (from the punishment of) Allâh; and Allâh will disgrace the disbelievers. 3. And a declaration from Allâh and His Messenger to mankind on the greatest day that Allâh is free from (all) obligations to the *Mushrikûn* and so is His Messenger. So if you (*Mushrikûn*) repent, it is better for you, but if you turn away, then know that you cannot escape Allâh. And give tidings (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) of a painful torment to those who disbelieve.

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ عَاهَدْتُمْ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ ثُمَّ لَمْ يَنْقُصُوكُمْ شَيْئًا وَلَمْ يُظَاهِرُوا عَلَيْكُمْ أَحَدًا فَأَتُوا إِلَيْهِمْ عَهْدَهُمْ إِلَىٰ مُدَّتِهِمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١﴾ فَإِذَا انسَلَخَ الْأَشْهُرُ الْحُرُمُ فَاقْتُلُوا الْمُشْرِكِينَ حَيْثُ وَجَدْتُمُوهُمْ وَخُذُوهُمْ وَأَحْضُرُوهُمْ وَأَقْعُدُوا لَهُمْ كُلَّ مَرْصَدٍ فَإِنْ تَابُوا وَأَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ وَآتَوْا الزَّكَاةَ فَخَلُّوا سَبِيلَهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿٢﴾

إِلَّا اَلَّذِينَ عَاهَدْتُمْ those with whom اَلَّذِينَ except اَلَّذِينَ
 not لَمْ and who subsequently ثُمَّ the polytheists اَلَّذِينَ
 they have يُظَاهِرُوا nor وَلَمْ in aught شَيْئًا have failed you
 to اَلَّذِينَ supported عَلَيْكُمْ أَحَدًا against you اَلَّذِينَ so fulfil
 اَلَّذِينَ (the end of) their term مُدَّتِهِمْ to اَلَّذِينَ their treaty
 then when اَلَّذِينَ the pious اَلَّذِينَ loves اَلَّذِينَ Allah ﷻ surely

then kill **فَاقْتُلُوا** the sacred **الْحُرُمُ** months **الْأَشْهُرُ** have passed **أَسْلَخَ**
 you find them **وَجَدْتُمُوهُمْ** wherever **حَيْثُ** the polytheists **الْمُشْرِكِينَ**
 and beseige them **وَأَقْبَسُوا** and capture them **وَأَخْضَرُوهُمْ**
 and **كُلَّ** for them **لَهُمْ** prepare **مَرَصِدٍ** ambush **فَإِنْ**
 prayers **وَأَقَامُوا** and offer perfectly **وَالصَّلَاةَ** they repent **تَابُوا** but if
 their way **سَبِيلَهُمْ** then leave **فَخَلُّوا** Zakat **الزَّكَاةَ** and give **وَأَتُوا**
 Most **عَفُورٌ** Allah **اللَّهُ** verily **إِنَّ** free **رَحِيمٌ** (is) Oft-Forgiving
 Merciful

4. Except those of the *Mushrikûn* with whom you have a treaty, and who have not subsequently failed you in aught, nor have supported anyone against you. So fulfil their treaty to them for the end of their term. Surely, Allâh loves *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious). 5. Then when the Sacred Months have passed, then kill the *Mushrikûn* wherever you find them, and capture them and besiege them, and lie in wait for them in each and every ambush. But if they repent [by rejecting *Shirk* (polytheism) and accept Islamic Monotheism] and perform *As-Salât*, and give *Zakât*, then leave their way free. Verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

وَأِنْ أَحَدٌ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ اسْتَجَارَكَ فَأَجِرْهُ حَتَّى يَسْمَعَ كَلِمَ اللَّهِ ثُمَّ اتْلُغْهُ مَأْمَنَهُ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ لَا يَمْلِكُونَ ﴿٦﴾ كَيْفَ يَكُونُ لِلْمُشْرِكِينَ عَهْدٌ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَعِنْدَ رَسُولِهِ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ عَاهَدْتُمْ عِنْدَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ فَمَا اسْتَقِيمُوا لَكُمْ فَاسْتَقِيمُوا لَهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿٧﴾

وَأِنْ أَحَدٌ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ of anyone **أَسْتَجَارَكَ** the polytheists
 so that **حَتَّى** then grant him protection **فَأَجِرْهُ** seeks your protection
 and then **كَلِمَ** he may hear **اللَّهُ** the Word **ثُمَّ** (of) Allah
 escort him **مَأْمَنَهُ** to where he can be secure **ذَلِكَ** that is **بِأَنَّهُمْ**
 they know **يَمْلِكُونَ** do not **لَا** (are) people **قَوْمٌ** because they
 for the polytheists **لِلْمُشْرِكِينَ** (there) can be **يَكُونُ** how **كَيْفَ**
 a covenant **عِنْدَ** with **اللَّهُ** Allah **وَعِنْدَ** and with **رَسُولِهِ** His
 you made **عَاهَدْتُمْ** those with whom **الَّذِينَ** except **إِلَّا** Messenger
 so **فَمَا** the Sacred **الْمَسْجِدِ** Mosque **الْحَرَامِ** near **عِنْدَ** a covenant
 stand you true **فَاسْتَقِيمُوا** to you **لَكُمْ** they are true **أَسْتَقِيمُوا**
 the pious **يُحِبُّ** Allah **اللَّهُ** verily **إِنَّ** to them **لَهُمْ**

6. And if anyone of the *Mushrikûn* seeks your protection then grant him protection so that he may hear the Word of Allâh (the Qur'ân) and then escort him to where he can be secure, that is because they are men who know not. 7. How can there be a covenant with Allâh and with His Messenger for the *Mushrikûn* (polytheists, idolaters, pagans, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh) except those with whom you made a covenant near *Al-Masjid Al-Harâm*? So long as they are true to you, stand you true to them. Verily, Allâh loves *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious).

كَيْفَ وَإِنْ يَظْهَرُوا عَلَيْكُمْ لَا يَرْقُبُوا فِيكُمْ إِلَّا وَلَا ذِمَّةً يُرْضُونَكُمْ بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ وَتَأْبَى قُلُوبُهُمْ وَأَكْثَرُهُمْ فَاسِقُونَ ﴿٨﴾ أَشْتَرُوا بِعَايَتِ اللَّهِ ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا فَصَدَّوْا عَنْ سَبِيلِهِ إِنَّهُمْ سَاءَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٩﴾ لَا يَرْقُبُونَ فِي مُؤْمِنٍ إِلَّا وَلَا ذِمَّةً وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُعْتَدُونَ ﴿١٠﴾

كَيْفَ how? وَإِنْ that يَظْهَرُوا they overpower عَلَيْكُمْ you
 لَا not يَرْقُبُوا they regard the ties فِيكُمْ with you إِلَّا either of
 وَلَا or ذِمَّةً of covenant يُرْضُونَكُمْ they please you بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ
 but are averse (to you) وَتَأْبَى with their mouths قُلُوبُهُمْ
 وَأَكْثَرُهُمْ and most of them فَاسِقُونَ ﴿٨﴾ (are) disobedient
 أَشْتَرُوا (of) Allah اللَّهُ with the Verses بِعَايَتِ they have purchased
 ثَمَنًا gain قَلِيلًا a little فَصَدَّوْا (men) and they hindered عَنْ
 سَبِيلِهِ His Way إِنَّهُمْ indeed سَاءَ evil is مَا that كَانُوا they
 used to do لَا not يَرْقُبُونَ they respect the ties فِي with
 regard to مُؤْمِنٍ a believer إِلَّا either (of kinship) وَلَا or ذِمَّةً
 covenant وَأُولَئِكَ it is they هُمُ who are الْمُعْتَدُونَ ﴿١٠﴾ the
 transgressors

8. How that when you are overpowered by them, they regard not the ties, either of kinship or of covenant with you? With (good words from) their mouths they please you, but their hearts are averse to you, and most of them are *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh). 9. They have purchased with the *Ayât* of Allâh a little gain, and they hindered men from His way; evil indeed is that which they used to do. 10. With regard to a believer, they respect not the ties, either of kinship or of covenant! It is they who are the transgressors.

إِنْ تَابُوا وَأَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ وَآتَوُا الزَّكَاةَ فَخِوُنْكُمْ فِي الَّذِينَ يُفَصِّلُ الْآيَاتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١١﴾ وَإِنْ نَكَثُوا أَيْمَانَهُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ عَهْدِهِمْ وَطَعَنُوا فِي دِينِكُمْ فَقَبِلُوا أَمَّةً الْكَفَرِ إِنَّهُمْ لَا آيَةَ لَهُمْ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَنْتَهُونَ ﴿١٢﴾

فَإِنْ but if تَابُوا they repent وَأَقَامُوا and offer perfectly الصَّلَاةَ then they are your Zakat زَكَاةً and give وَآتُوا prayers and We explain in detail religion دِينَكُمْ in brothers فِي the الأَيْنِ the Verses لِقَوْمٍ for a people يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١١﴾ who know وَإِنْ but if لَكُفْرًا they violate أَيْمَانَهُمْ their oaths بِنَبَأٍ after عَهْدِهِمْ their covenant وَطَعْنُوا and attack with disapproval and criticism فِي (in) دِينِكُمْ your religion فَتَقَاتِلُوا then fight (you) أَيْمَنَ the leaders الكُفْرِ (of) disbelief إِنَّهُمْ surely they لَا nothing أَيْمَنَ their oaths are لَهُمْ to them لَعَلَّهُمْ so that they may يَنْتَهُوْا ﴿١٢﴾ stop

11. But if they repent, perform *As-Salât* and give *Zakât*, then they are your brethren in religion. We explain the *Ayât* in detail for a people who know. 12. But if they violate their oaths after their covenant, and attack your religion with disapproval and criticism then fight (you) the leaders of disbelief (chiefs of Quraish pagans of Makkah) — for surely, their oaths are nothing to them — so that they may stop (evil actions).

أَلَا تَقَاتِلُونَ قَوْمًا نَكَثُوا أَيْمَانَهُمْ وَهَكُّوا بِإِخْرَاجِ الرَّسُولِ وَهُمْ بَدَءُوكُمْ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ أَتَخْشَوْنَهُمْ فَاللَّهُ أَحَقُّ أَنْ تَخْشَوْهُ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٣﴾ فَتَقَاتِلُوهُمْ يُعَذِّبُهُمُ اللَّهُ بِأَيْدِيكُمْ وَيُخْزِيهِمْ وَيَضْرِبُهُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ وَيَشْفِ صُدُورَ قَوْمٍ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٤﴾

أَلَا will not تَقَاتِلُونَ you fight قَوْمًا a people نَكَثُوا who have violated أَيْمَانَهُمْ their oaths وَهَكُّوا and intended بِإِخْرَاجِ to expel الرَّسُولِ the Messenger وَهُمْ while they بَدَءُوكُمْ did attack you أَوَّلَ first مَرَّةٍ time أَتَخْشَوْنَهُمْ do you fear them فَاللَّهُ Allah أَحَقُّ that has more right أَنْ تَخْشَوْهُ if you should fear Him إِنْ you so كُنْتُمْ you are مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٣﴾ believers فَتَقَاتِلُوهُمْ fight against them يُعَذِّبُهُمُ so that will punish them اللَّهُ Allah بِأَيْدِيكُمْ by your hands وَيُخْزِيهِمْ over them وَيَضْرِبُهُمْ and give you victory عَلَيْهِمْ and disgrace them وَيَشْفِ and heal صُدُورَ the breasts قَوْمٍ (of) people مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٤﴾ a believing

13. Will you not fight a people who have violated their oaths (pagans of Makkah) and intended to expel the Messenger while they did attack you first? Do you fear

them? Allâh has more right that you should fear Him if you are believers. 14. Fight against them so that Allâh will punish them by your hands and disgrace them and give you victory over them and heal the breasts of a believing people,

وَيَذْهَبْ غَيْظُ قُلُوبِهِمْ وَيَتُوبَ اللَّهُ عَلَى مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿١٥﴾ أَمْ حَسِبْتُمْ أَنْ تُتْرَكُوا وَلَمَّا يَعْلَمِ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ جَاهَدُوا مِنْكُمْ وَلَمْ يَتَّخِذُوا مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ وَلَا رَسُولِهِ وَلَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَلِجَةً وَاللَّهُ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٦﴾ مَا كَانَ لِلْمُشْرِكِينَ أَنْ يَعْمُرُوا مَسَاجِدَ اللَّهِ شَاهِدِينَ عَلَى أَنْفُسِهِم بِالْكَفْرِ أُولَئِكَ حِطَّتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ فِي النَّارِ هُمْ خَالِدُونَ ﴿١٧﴾

وَيَذْهَبْ and removes غَيْظُ the anger قُلُوبِهِمْ (of) their hearts وَيَتُوبَ He (on) مَنْ (on) ALLAH اللَّهُ and accepts the repentance يَشَاءُ whom He عَالِمٌ (is) All-Knowing حَكِيمٌ (is) All-Wise أَمْ wills وَاللَّهُ and Allah عَالِمٌ (is) Well-Acquainted خَبِيرٌ بِمَا (is) Well-Acquainted تَعْمَلُونَ with what you shall be left alone تُتْرَكُوا that أَنْ you think or حَسِبْتُمْ those who الَّذِينَ Allah tested يَعْلَمِ while has not yet and have not وَلَمْ among you مِنْكُمْ have striven hard and fought بِتَّخِذُوا taken مِنْ دُونِ besides اللَّهُ Allah and رَسُولِهِ His and وَلِجَةً the believers الْمُؤْمِنِينَ and وَلَا Messenger you اللَّهُ helps helpers وَاللَّهُ and خَبِيرٌ (is) Well-Acquainted تَعْمَلُونَ with what you do مَا not كَانَ it is لِلْمُشْرِكِينَ the polytheists أَنْ for the polytheists يَعْمُرُوا to while they شَاهِدِينَ (of) Allah اللَّهُ the mosques مَسَاجِدَ maintain of disbelief بِالْكَفْرِ their own selves أَنْفُسِهِمْ against عَلَى witness their works أَعْمَالُهُمْ are in vain حِطَّتْ such (people) أُولَئِكَ shall abide forever خَالِدُونَ they هُمْ the Fire النَّارِ and in فِي

15. And remove the anger of their hearts. Allâh accepts the repentance of whom He wills. Allâh is All-Knowing, All-Wise. 16. Do you think that you shall be left alone while Allâh has not yet tested those among you who have striven hard and fought and have not taken *Walijah* [(*Bitânah* — helpers, advisors and consultants from disbelievers, pagans) giving openly to them their secrets] besides Allâh and His Messenger, and the believers. Allâh is Well-Acquainted with what you do. 17. It is not for the *Mushrikûn* (polytheists, idolaters, pagans, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh), to maintain the mosques of Allâh, while they witness against their own selves of disbelief. The works of such are in vain and in Fire shall they abide.

إِنَّمَا يَعْمُرُ مَسَاجِدَ اللَّهِ مَنَ آمَنَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَأَقَامَ الصَّلَاةَ وَآتَى الزَّكَاةَ وَلَمْ يَخْشَ إِلَّا اللَّهَ
فَعَسَىٰ أُولَٰئِكَ أَن يَكُونُوا مِنَ الْمُهْتَدِينَ ﴿١٨﴾ أَجَعَلْتُم سَفَايَةَ الْحَاجِّ وَعِمَارَةَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ كَمَنَ آمَنَ بِاللَّهِ
وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَجَاهَدَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ لَا يَسْتَوُونَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٩﴾

إِنَّمَا (of) the mosques مَسَاجِدَ shall be maintained يَعْمُرُ only those who believe آمَنَ بالله in Allah and the Day
the LAST وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ and offer (perfectly) وَأَقَامَ prayers and give زَكَاةَ and fear none إِلَّا اللَّهَ but Allah
فَعَسَىٰ expected أُولَٰئِكَ they are to be يَكُونُوا مِنَ of the people of true guidance الْمُهْتَدِينَ ﴿١٨﴾
سَفَايَةَ the pilgrims الْحَاجِّ the providing of drinking water to وَعِمَارَةَ as Sacred كَمَنَ (of) the Mosque الْمَسْجِدِ and maintenance
those who believe آمَنَ equal to the worth of in Allah وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ and strive hard and fight وَجَاهَدَ in the Day
the Way اللَّهِ (of) Allah لَا they are equal يَسْتَوُونَ عِنْدَ Allah (to) وَاللَّهُ Allah and لَا يَهْدِي guides الْقَوْمَ
those people الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٩﴾ (who are) wrong-doers

18. The mosques of Allâh shall be maintained only by those who believe in Allâh and the Last Day; perform *As-Salât*, and give *Zakât* and fear none but Allâh. It is they who are on true guidance. 19. Do you consider the providing of drinking water to the pilgrims and the maintenance of *Al-Masjid Al-Harâm* as equal to the worth of those who believe in Allâh and the Last Day, and strive hard and fight in the Cause of Allâh? They are not equal before Allâh. And Allâh guides not those people who are the *Zâlimûn*.

الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَهَاجَرُوا وَجَاهَدُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ أَكْظَمَ دَرَجَةً عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْفَائِزُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾ يُبَشِّرُهُمْ
رَبُّهُمْ بِرَحْمَةٍ مِنْهُ وَرِضْوَانٍ وَجَّسَّتْ لَهُمْ فِيهَا نَيْصٌ مُّقِيمٌ ﴿٢١﴾ خَلِيلِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا إِنَّ اللَّهَ عِنْدَهُ أَجْرٌ
عَظِيمٌ ﴿٢٢﴾ يَتَأْتِيهِمُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لَا تَتَّخِذُوا أَعْيَانَكُمْ وَإِخْوَانَكُمْ أَوْلِيَاءَ إِنِ اسْتَحَبُّوا الْكُفْرَ عَلَى الْإِيمَانِ
وَمَنْ يَتَوَلَّهُمْ فَاُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ ﴿٢٣﴾

الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا those who believed وَهَاجَرُوا and emigrated وَجَاهَدُوا and strove hard and fought
in سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ Allah's Way بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ with

in **دَرَجَةً** are far greater **أَعْظَمُ** and their lives **وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ** their wealth
 are **هُمْ** and they **وَأُولَئِكَ** Allah **اللَّهُ** with (to) **عِنْدَ** degree
 their **الْقَائِرُونَ** gives them glad tidings **يُبَشِّرُهُمْ** the successful **﴿٢٠﴾**
 and pleasure **وَرِضْوَانٍ** from Him **عِنْدَهُ** of a Mercy **بِرَحْمَةٍ** Lord
 delights **فِيهِمْ** wherein (are) **فِيهَا** for them **لَهُمْ** and of Gardens
ثَابِتَةً everlasting **خَالِدِينَ** therein **فِيهَا** they will dwell **أَبَدًا**
 reward **عَظِيمَةً** with him **عِنْدَهُ** Allah **اللَّهُ** verily **إِنَّ** forever
يَا أَيُّهَا O you **الَّذِينَ** who **آمَنُوا** believe **لَا** not **تَتَّخِذُوا**
 and your brothers **وَأَخَوَانَكُمْ** your fathers **مِثْلَ آبَائِكُمْ** take
 to **عَلَى** disbelief **الْكُفْرَ** they prefer **إِنْ** if **أَسْتَحَبُّوا** protectors
 of you **وَمَنْ** Belief **الْإِيمَانَ** and whoever **يَتَّخِذْهُمْ** takes them **وَمِنْكُمْ**
 are the wrong-doers **﴿٢١﴾** **الظَّالِمُونَ** they **هُمْ** then such **فَأُولَئِكَ**

20. Those who believed and emigrated and strove hard and fought in Allâh's Cause with their wealth and their lives, are far higher in degree with Allâh. They are the successful. 21. Their Lord gives them glad tidings of mercy from Him, and His being pleased (with them), and of Gardens (Paradise) for them wherein are everlasting delights. 22. They will dwell therein forever. Verily, with Allâh is a great reward. 23. O you who believe! Take not as *Auliya'* (supporters and helpers) your fathers and your brothers if they prefer disbelief to Belief. And whoever of you does so, then he is one of the *Zâlimûn*.

قُلْ إِنْ كَانَ آبَاؤُكُمْ وَأَبْنَاؤُكُمْ وَإِخْوَانُكُمْ وَأَزْوَاجُكُمْ وَعَشِيرَتُكُمْ وَأَمْوَالٌ اقْتَرَفْتُمُوهَا وَتِجَارَةٌ تَخْشَوْنَ كَسَادَهَا وَمَسْكَنٌ تَرْضَوْنَهَا أَحَبَّ إِلَيْكُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَجِهَادٍ فِي سَبِيلِهِ فَتَرَبَّصُوا حَتَّى يَأْتِيَ اللَّهُ بِأَمْرٍ وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الْفَاسِقِينَ ﴿٢٢﴾

and your **وَأَبْنَاؤُكُمْ** your fathers **وَأَبَاؤُكُمْ** are **كَانَ** if **إِنْ** say **قُلْ**
 and your brothers **وَأَزْوَاجُكُمْ** and your wives **وَعَشِيرَتُكُمْ** sons
 that you have gained **اقْتَرَفْتُمُوهَا** and the wealth **وَأَمْوَالٌ** your kindred
 in which **تَخْشَوْنَ** you fear **كَسَادَهَا** and the commerce **وَتِجَارَةٌ**
 in which you delight **تَرْضَوْنَهَا** and the dwellings **وَمَسْكَنٌ** a decline
 and **وَرَسُولِهِ** Allah **اللَّهُ** than **مِنْ** to you **إِلَيْكُمْ** are dearer **أَحَبَّ**
 His Messenger **وَجِهَادٍ** and striving hard and fighting **فِي** in **سَبِيلِهِ**

Allah brings about يَأْتِي until حَتَّى then wait فَتَرَبَّصُوا His Way
guides يَهْدِي not لَا and Allah وَاللَّهُ His Decision بِأَمْرِهِ Allah
(who are) disobedient الْقَوْمَ الْفَاسِقِينَ ﴿١٦﴾ the people

24. Say: If your fathers, your sons, your brothers, your wives, your kindred, the wealth that you have gained, the commerce in which you fear a decline, and the dwellings in which you delight are dearer to you than Allâh and His Messenger, and striving hard and fighting in His Cause, then wait until Allâh brings about His Decision (torment). And Allâh guides not the people who are *Al-Fâsiqûn*.

لَقَدْ نَصَرَكُمُ اللَّهُ فِي مَوَاطِنَ كَثِيرَةٍ وَيَوْمَ حُنَيْنٍ إِذْ أَعْجَبَتْكُمْ كَثَرَتُكُمْ فَلَمْ تُغْنِ عَنْكُمْ شَيْئًا
وَصَافَتْ عَلَيْكُمُ الْأَرْضُ بِمَا رَحُبَتْ ثُمَّ وَلَّيْتُمْ مُدْبِرِينَ ﴿١٦﴾ ثُمَّ أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ سَكِينَتَهُ عَلَى رَسُولِهِ وَعَلَى
الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَأَنْزَلَ جُنُودًا لَمْ تَرَوْهَا وَعَذَّبَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَذَلِكَ جَزَاءُ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿١٧﴾

on/in في Allah اللَّهُ has given you victory نَصَرَكُم truly
(of) حُنَيْنٍ and on the Day وَيَوْمَ many battle-fields مَوَاطِنَ
إِذْ Hunain (battle) أَعْجَبَتْكُمْ when you rejoiced at كَثَرَتُكُمْ
عَنْكُمْ it availed not فَلَمْ your great number
the الْأَرْضُ for you عَلَيْكُمْ and was straitened وَصَافَتْ anything
you turned in flight وَلَّيْتُمْ then ثُمَّ (is) vast رَحُبَتْ as it earth
His سَكِينَتَهُ Allah اللَّهُ did send down أَنْزَلَ then ثُمَّ back مُدْبِرِينَ ﴿١٦﴾
the الْمُؤْمِنِينَ and on وَعَلَى His Messenger رَسُولِهِ on peace
believers وَأَنْزَلَ and sent down جُنُودًا forces (angels) لَمْ not تَرَوْهَا
وَعَذَّبَ which you saw الَّذِينَ and punished كَفَرُوا those
(of) الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿١٧﴾ the recompence وَذَلِكَ such is disbelievers
disbelievers

25. Truly, Allâh has given you victory on many battlefields, and on the day of Hunain (battle) when you rejoiced at your great number, but it availed you naught and the earth, vast as it is, was straitened for you, then you turned back in flight.

26. Then Allâh did send down His *Sakînah* on the Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), and on the believers, and sent down forces (angels) which you saw not, and punished the disbelievers. Such is the recompense of disbelievers.

ثُمَّ يَتُوبُ اللَّهُ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ عَلَى مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿٢٧﴾ يٰٓأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا إِنَّمَا الْمُشْرِكُونَ نَجَسٌ فَلَا يَقْرَبُوا الْمَسْجِدَ الْحَرَامَ بَعْدَ عَامِهِمْ هَذَا وَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ عَيْلَةً فَسَوْفَ يُغْنِيكُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ إِنَّ شَاءَ إِلَهٌ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿٢٨﴾

after then Allah will accept the repentance of تَتُوبُ then
 and Allah He wills يَشَاءُ whom of (on) عَلَى that ذَلِكَ
 O you يٰٓأَيُّهَا Most Merciful رَحِيمٌ (is) Oft-Forgiving غَفُورٌ
 the polytheists الْمُشْرِكُونَ verily إِنَّمَا believe الَّذِينَ who
 the polytheists come near يَقْرَبُوا so let they not (are) impure نَجَسٌ
 and this year هَذَا after عَامِهِمْ Sacred Mosque الْحَرَامَ
 if you fear عَيْلَةً poverty فَسَوْفَ will يُغْنِيكُمُ Allah
 He wills شَاءَ if إِنَّ His Bounty فَضْلِهِ out of مِنْ Allah
 All-Wise حَكِيمٌ (is) All-Knowing عَلِيمٌ Allah surely

27. Then after that Allâh will accept the repentance of whom He wills. And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful. 28. O you who believe (in Allâh's Oneness and in His Messenger Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم)! Verily, the *Mushrikûn* (polytheists, pagans, idolaters, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh, and in the Message of Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) are *Najasun* (impure). So let them not come near *Al-Masjid Al-Harâm* after this year; and if you fear poverty, Allâh will enrich you if He wills, out of His Bounty. Surely, Allâh is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

فَقَاتِلُوا الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَلَا بِالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَلَا يُحَرِّمُونَ مَا حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَلَا يَدِينُونَ دِينَ الْحَقِّ مِنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ حَتَّى يُعْطُوا الْجِزْيَةَ عَنْ يَدٍ وَهُمْ صَاغِرُونَ ﴿٢٩﴾ وَقَالَتِ الْيَهُودُ عُزَيْرُ ابْنُ اللَّهِ وَقَالَتِ النَّصَارَى الْمَسِيحُ ابْنُ اللَّهِ ذَلِكَ قَوْلُهُمْ بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ يُضَاهِئُونَ قَوْلَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْ قَبْلُ قَتَلْنَاهُمْ اللَّهُ أَنْ يُوَفَّى كُفْرَهُمْ

فَقَاتِلُوا fight against الَّذِينَ those who لَا not يُؤْمِنُونَ believe بِاللَّهِ
 and in Allah وَلَا nor بِالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ in the Day Last وَلَا nor يُحَرِّمُونَ
 and Allah has forbidden حَرَّمَ that which مَا forbid
 the religion دِينَ acknowledge يَدِينُونَ nor وَلَا His Messenger
 who the people الَّذِينَ among مِنْ (of) truth (Islam) الْحَقِّ
 the Scripture (Jews and Christians) الْكِتَابَ were given حَتَّى

until **يُعْطُوا** they pay **الْجِزْيَةَ** the security tax **عَنْ يَدٍ** willingly **وَهُمْ** and feel themselves **وَصَغُورٌ** subdued **وَقَالَتْ** and said **وَالْيَهُودُ** the Jews **عُزَيْرُ** Ezra is **ابْنُ** the son **اللَّهِ** Allah (of) **وَقَالَتْ** and say **الْمَسِيحُ** the Christians **ابْنُ** the son **اللَّهِ** Allah (of) **ذَٰلِكَ** that **قَوْلُهُمْ** their saying **يَأْفُوهِمْ** with their **اللَّيِّنَ** the saying **قَوْلَ** they imitate **يُصْهِفُونَ** mouths **كَفَرُوا** who disbelieve (disbelievers) **مِنْ** of **قَبْلُ** old **فَنَلَّاهُمْ** they are **أَنَّى** how **يُؤْتِكُونَ** Allah's **اللَّهُ** curse be on them **كُفَرُوا** deluded away from the truth

29. Fight against those who (1) believe not in Allâh, (2) nor in the Last Day, (3) nor forbid that which has been forbidden by Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad ﷺ), (4) and those who acknowledge not the religion of truth (i.e. Islâm) among the people of the Scripture, until they pay the *Jizyah* with willing submission, and feel themselves subdued. 30. And the Jews say: 'Uzair (Ezra) is the son of Allâh, and the Christians say: Messiah is the son of Allâh. That is their saying with their mouths, resembling the saying of those who disbelieved aforetime. Allâh's Curse be on them, how they are deluded away from the truth!

أَتَّخَذُوا أَحْبَارَهُمْ وَرُهْبَانَهُمْ أَرْبَابًا مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ وَالْمَسِيحَ ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ وَمَا أُمِرُوا إِلَّا لِيَعْبُدُوا إِلَهًا وَاحِدًا لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ سُبْحَنَهُ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿٣٠﴾ يُرِيدُونَ أَنْ يُطْفِئُوا نُورَ اللَّهِ بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ وَيَأْبَى اللَّهُ إِلَّا أَنْ يُتِمَّ نُورَهُ وَلَوْ كَرِهَ الْكَافِرُونَ ﴿٣١﴾

أَتَّخَذُوا the (Jews & Christians) took **أَحْبَارَهُمْ** their rabbis **وَرُهْبَانَهُمْ** and their monks **أَرْبَابًا** to be their Lords **مِنْ دُونِ** besides **اللَّهُ** Allah **وَالْمَسِيحَ** the son **ابْنُ** Messiah **مَرْيَمَ** Mary (of) **وَمَا** and not **أُمِرُوا** they were commanded **إِلَّا** but **لِيَعْبُدُوا** to worship **إِلَهًا** (Allah) **وَاحِدًا** One **لَا** (there is) no **إِلَهَ** god **إِلَّا** but **هُوَ** He **سُبْحَنَهُ** Praise and Glory be to Him **عَمَّا** from (having the partners) **يُشْرِكُونَ** they associate (with Him) **يُرِيدُونَ** they want **أَنْ** with their **يُطْفِئُوا** extinguish **نُورَ** Light **اللَّهُ** Allah's **بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ** mouths **وَيَأْبَى** but refuses **إِلَّا** except **أَنْ** that **يُتِمَّ** He

perfect **هُدًى** His Light **وَلَوْ** even though **كَرِهَ** hate (it) **الْكَافِرُونَ** disbelievers ﴿٣١﴾

31. They (Jews and Christians) took their rabbis and their monks to be their lords besides Allâh, and (they also took as their Lord) Messiah, son of Maryam (Mary), while they (Jews and Christians) were commanded to worship none but One *Ilâh* (God — Allâh) *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He). Praise and glory be to Him (far above is He) from having the partners they associate (with Him).” 32. They (the disbelievers, the Jews and the Christians) want to extinguish Allâh’s Light (with which Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم has been sent — Islâmic Monotheism) with their mouths, but Allâh will not allow except that His Light should be perfected even though the *Kâfirân* (disbelievers) hate (it).

هُوَ الَّذِي أَرْسَلَ رَسُولَهُ بِالْهُدَىٰ وَدِينِ الْحَقِّ لِيُظْهِرَهُ عَلَى الدِّينِ كُلِّهِ وَلَوْ كَرِهَ الْمُشْرِكُونَ ﴿٣٢﴾
 يٰٓأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا إِنَّ كَثِيرًا مِّنَ الْأَخْبَارِ وَالرُّهْبَانِ لَيَأْكُلُونَ أَمْوَالَ النَّاسِ بِالْبَاطِلِ وَيَصُدُّونَ
 عَن سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَالَّذِينَ يَكْنِزُونَ الذَّهَبَ وَالْفِضَّةَ وَلَا يُفْقِدُونَهَا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ فَبَشِّرْهُمْ بِعَذَابٍ
 أَلِيمٍ ﴿٣٣﴾

هُوَ الَّذِي it is He **أَرْسَلَ** Who **رَسُولَهُ** His Messenger (of) truth **وَدِينِ** and the religion of **الْحَقِّ** truth (Islam) **لِيُظْهِرَهُ** to make it superior **عَلَى** over **الدِّينِ** religions **كُلِّهِ** all **وَلَوْ** even though **كَرِهَ** hate (it) **الْمُشْرِكُونَ** the polytheists ﴿٣٢﴾
 يٰٓأَيُّهَا O you **الَّذِينَ** who **ءَامَنُوا** believe **إِنَّ** verily **كَثِيرًا** there are **مِّنَ** many **الْأَخْبَارِ** of **وَالرُّهْبَانِ** the (Jewish) rabbis **لَيَأْكُلُونَ** who devour **أَمْوَالَ** the wealth **النَّاسِ** and hinder (them) **وَيَصُدُّونَ** in falsehood **وَالْبَاطِلِ** (of) mankind **وَالَّذِينَ** (of) Allah **عَن** from **سَبِيلِ** the Way **وَالَّذِينَ** (of) Allah **وَالْفِضَّةَ** gold and silver **وَالذَّهَبَ** and (do) **يَكْنِزُونَ** board up **وَالَّذِينَ** (of) Allah **لَا** and **يُفْقِدُونَهَا** not **فِي** spend it **سَبِيلِ** in **وَالَّذِينَ** (of) Allah **فَبَشِّرْهُمْ** announce unto them **بِعَذَابٍ** a painful **أَلِيمٍ** torment ﴿٣٣﴾

33. It is He Who has sent His Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) with guidance and the religion of truth (Islâm), to make it superior over all religions even though the *Mushrikân* (polytheists, pagans, idolaters, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh) hate (it). 34. O you who believe! Verily, there are many of the (Jewish) rabbis and

the (Christian) monks who devour the wealth of mankind in falsehood, and hinder (them) from the way of Allâh. And those who hoard up gold and silver (*Al-Kanz*: the money, the *Zakât* of which has not been paid) and spend them not in the way of Allâh, announce unto them a painful torment.

يَوْمَ يُحْمَىٰ عَلَيْهَا فِي نَارِ جَهَنَّمَ فَتُكْوَىٰ بِهَا جِبَاهُهُمْ وَجُودُهُمْ وظُهُورُهُمْ هَذَا مَا كَرَزْتُمْ لِأَنفُسِكُمْ فَذُقُوا مَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْتُمُونَ ﴿٣٥﴾ إِنَّ عِدَّةَ الشُّهُورِ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ اثْنَا عَشَرَ شَهْرًا فِي كِتَابِ اللَّهِ يَوْمَ خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ مِنْهَا أَرْبَعَةٌ حُرُمٌ ذَلِكَ الْدِّينُ الْقَيِّمُ فَلَا تَظْلِمُوا فِيهِ أَنْفُسَكُمْ وَقَاتِلُوا الْمُشْرِكِينَ كَافَّةً كَمَا يُقَاتِلُونَكُمْ كَافَّةً وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَ الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿٣٦﴾

يَوْمَ (on it) يُحْمَىٰ will be heated on the Day (when) عَلَيْهَا in نَارِ the Fire جَهَنَّمَ (of) Hell فَتُكْوَىٰ and will be branded بِهَا with it جِبَاهُهُمْ their foreheads وَجُودُهُمْ and their flanks وظُهُورُهُمْ (the treasure) كَرَزْتُمْ (is) what مَا this and their backs (of) what مَا now taste فَذُقُوا for yourselves لِأَنفُسِكُمْ you hoarded كُنْتُمْ you used تَكْتُمُونَ ﴿٣٥﴾ to hoard عِدَّةَ verily إِنَّ to hoard الشُّهُورِ (of) months عِنْدَ اللَّهِ with Allah اثْنَا عَشَرَ (is) twelve شَهْرًا on the Day يَوْمَ (of) Allah the Book كِتَابِ in months and the السَّمَوَاتِ the heavens وَالْأَرْضَ He created خَلَقَ when that (is) أَرْبَعَةٌ (are) sacred حُرُمٌ four of them مِنْهَا earth therein الدِّينُ religion الْقَيِّمُ the right فَلَا so not تَظْلِمُوا wrong فِيهِ there the أَنْفُسَكُمْ yourselves وَقَاتِلُوا and fight against الْمُشْرِكِينَ they fight يُقَاتِلُونَكُمْ as كَافَّةً collectively polytheists كَافَّةً collectively against you وَاعْلَمُوا but know أَنَّ that اللَّهُ those who are pious الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿٣٦﴾ (is) with Allah مَعَ

35. On the Day when that (*Al-Kanz*: money, gold and silver, the *Zakât* of which has not been paid) will be heated in the fire of Hell and with it will be branded their foreheads, their flanks, and their backs, (and it will be said unto them:) "This is the treasure which you hoarded for yourselves. Now taste of what you used to hoard." 36. Verily, the number of months with Allâh is twelve months (in a year), so was it ordained by Allâh on the Day when He created the heavens and the earth; of them four are Sacred. That is the right religion, so wrong not yourselves therein, and fight against the *Mushrikûn* collectively as they fight against you collectively. But know that Allâh is with those who are *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious).

إِنَّمَا النَّسِيءُ زِيَادَةٌ فِي الْكُفْرِ يُضَلُّ بِهِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا يُحِلُّونَهُ عَامًا وَيُحَرِّمُونَهُ عَامًا لِيُوَاطِّئُوا عِدَّةَ مَا حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ فَيَحِلُّوا مَا حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ زَيْنَ اللَّهِ لَهُمْ سَوَاءُ أَعْمَلِهِمْ وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٣٧﴾ يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مَا لَكُمْ إِذَا قِيلَ لَكُمْ أَنْفِرُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَنْتَقَلْتُمْ إِلَى الْأَرْضِ أَرْضَيْتُمْ بِالْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا مِنَ الْآخِرَةِ فَمَا مَتَّعُ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا فِي الْآخِرَةِ إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ ﴿٣٨﴾

إِنَّمَا النَّسِيءُ indeed the postponing (of a Sacred Month) (is) زِيَادَةٌ (is) indeed
 بِهٖ are led astray يُضَلُّ disbelief to فِي an addition
 كَفَرُوا those الَّذِينَ thereby who disbelieve (the disbelievers) يُحِلُّونَهُ
 عَامًا and forbid it وَيُحَرِّمُونَهُ one year for they make it lawful
 عِدَّةً in order to adjust لِيُوَاطِّئُوا another year
 مَا حَرَّمَ which اللَّهُ has forbidden
 زَيْنَ Allah has forbidden حَرَّمَ what (months) مَا lawful
 لَهُمْ made pleasing to them سَوَاءُ the evil أَعْمَلِهِمْ (of) their
 وَاللَّهُ and لَا not يَهْدِي guides الْقَوْمَ the people
 يَأْتِيهَا O you الَّذِينَ who disbelieve ﴿٣٧﴾ who believe
 إِذَا (is) the matter with you لَكُمْ what مَا believe
 قِيلَ it is asked لَكُمْ to you أَنْفِرُوا to march forth فِي in سَبِيلِ the
 Way Allah (of) أَنْتَقَلْتُمْ you cling heavily إِلَى to الْأَرْضِ the
 أَرْضَيْتُمْ are you pleased? بِالْحَيَاةِ with the life الدُّنْيَا (of)
 this world مِنَ rather than الْآخِرَةِ the Hereafter فَمَا (of)
 nothing مَتَّعُ (is) the enjoyment الْحَيَاةِ (of) the life الدُّنْيَا (of)
 in this world الْآخِرَةِ the Hereafter إِلَّا but قَلِيلٌ ﴿٣٨﴾ little

37. The postponing (of a Sacred Month) is indeed an addition to disbelief: thereby the disbelievers are led astray, for they make it lawful one year and forbid it another year in order to adjust the number of months forbidden by Allâh, and make such forbidden ones lawful. The evil of their deeds is made fair-seeming to them. And Allâh guides not the people who disbelieve. 38. O you who believe! What is the matter with you, that when you are asked to march forth in the Cause of Allâh (i.e. *Jihâd*) you cling heavily to the earth? Are you pleased with the life of this world rather than the Hereafter? But little is the enjoyment of the life of this world as compared to the Hereafter.

إِلَّا تَنْفِرُوا يُعَذِّبْكُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا وَتَسْتَبْدِلَ قَوْمًا غَيْرَكُمْ وَلَا تَضُرُّوهُ شَيْئًا وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿٣٩﴾ إِلَّا تَنْصُرُوهُ فَقَدْ نَصَرَهُ اللَّهُ إِذْ أَخْرَجَهُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ثَانِيًا أَتَيْنَ إِذْ هُمَا فِي الْغَارِ إِذْ يَقُولُ لِصَاحِبِهِ لَا تَحْزَنْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَنَا فَأَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ سَكِينَتَهُ عَلَيْهِ وَأَيَّدُوهُ بِجُنُودٍ لَمْ تَرَوْهَا وَجَعَلَ كَلِمَةَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا السُّفْلَى وَكَلِمَةُ اللَّهِ هِيَ الْعُلْيَا وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿٤٠﴾

He will punish you يُعَذِّبْكُمْ you march forth تَنْفِرُوا if not إِلَّا
and will replace you وَتَسْتَبْدِلُ a painful أَلِيمًا with torment عَذَابًا
you can تَضُرُّوهُ and not وَلَا besides you غَيْرَكُمْ people قَوْمًا
all over كُلِّ on and اللَّهُ at all شَيْئًا harm Him
you help him تَنْصُرُوهُ if not إِلَّا (is) Able قَدِيرٌ ﴿٣٩﴾ things
(Muhammad) فَقَدْ did help him نَصَرَهُ for indeed اللَّهُ
who disbelieve كَفَرُوا those الَّذِينَ drove him out when
ثَانِيًا the second أَتَيْنَ (of) two إِذْ when هُمَا
he said يَقُولُ when إِذْ the cave الْغَارِ in فِي they (both) were
لِصَاحِبِهِ to his companion لَا not تَحْزَنْ be sad إِنَّ
Allah مَعَنَا (is) with us فَأَنْزَلَ then sent down اللَّهُ
and strengthened him عَلَيْهِ upon him وَأَيَّدُوهُ His peace سَكِينَتَهُ
بِجُنُودٍ with forces (angels) لَمْ not تَرَوْهَا which you saw وَجَعَلَ
and made كَلِمَةَ the word الَّذِينَ (of) those who كَفَرُوا
and the Word وَكَلِمَةُ the lowermost السُّفْلَى disbelieve
اللَّهُ (of) Allah هِيَ it is الْعُلْيَا the uppermost وَاللَّهُ
Allah عَزِيزٌ (is) All-Mighty حَكِيمٌ ﴿٤٠﴾ All-Wise

39. If you march not forth, He will punish you with a painful torment and will replace you by another people; and you cannot harm Him at all, and Allâh is Able to do all things. 40. If you help him (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) not (it does not matter), for Allâh did indeed help him when the disbelievers drove him out, the second of the two; when they (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم and Abu Bakr رضى الله عنه) were in the cave, he (صلى الله عليه وسلم) said to his companion (Abu Bakr رضى الله عنه): "Be not sad (or afraid), surely, Allâh is with us." Then Allâh sent down His *Sakînah* (calmness, tranquillity, peace) upon him, and strengthened him with forces (angels) which you saw not, and made the word of those who disbelieved the lowermost, while the Word of Allâh that became the uppermost; and Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise.

لَا يَسْتَفْذِنُكَ الَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ أَنْ يُجَاهِدُوا بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِالْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١٤﴾
 إِنَّمَا يَسْتَفْذِنُكَ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَارْتَابَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ فَهُمْ فِي رَيْبِهِمْ يَتَرَدَّدُونَ ﴿١٥﴾
 وَلَوْ أَرَادُوا الْخُرُوجَ لَأَعَدُّوا لَهُ عُدَّةً وَلَكِنْ كَرِهَ اللَّهُ انْبِعَاثَهُمْ فَثَبَّطَهُمْ وَقِيلَ اقْعُدُوا مَعَ
 الْقَاعِدِينَ ﴿١٦﴾

لَا يَسْتَفْذِنُكَ ask your leave (to be exempted) would not الَّذِينَ those who believe بِاللَّهِ in Allah وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ and Day the Last from أَنْ the Last with their wealth بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ they fight يُجَاهِدُوا from the Last (is) All-Knower عَلِيمٌ and Allah وَاللَّهُ and their lives أَنْفُسِهِمْ that ask يَسْتَفْذِنُكَ it is only إِنَّمَا of those who are pious الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١٤﴾ in believe بِاللَّهِ (do) not لَا those who your leave وَالْيَوْمِ Allah and in doubt وَارْتَابَتْ the Last and Day قُلُوبُهُمْ their hearts فَهُمْ in so they their doubts يَتَرَدَّدُونَ ﴿١٥﴾ they waver وَلَوْ they had intended to أَرَادُوا and if لَأَعَدُّوا march out for it لَهُ certainly they would have made عُدَّةً Allah was averse to كَرِهَ but وَلَكِنْ some preparation so He made them lag behind انْبِعَاثَهُمْ their being sent forth فَثَبَّطَهُمْ and it was said وَقِيلَ اقْعُدُوا sit you along with الْقَاعِدِينَ ﴿١٦﴾ those who sit (at home)

44. Those who believe in Allâh and the Last Day would not ask your leave to be exempted from fighting with their properties and their lives; and Allâh is the All-Knower of *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious). 45. It is only those who believe not in Allâh and the Last Day and whose hearts are in doubt that ask your leave (to be exempted from *Jihâd*). So in their doubts they waver. 46. And if they had intended to march out, certainly, they would have made some preparation for it; but Allâh was averse to their being sent forth, so He made them lag behind, and it was said (to them): "Sit you among those who sit (at home)."

لَوْ خَرَجُوا فِيكَ مَا زَادُواكُمْ إِلَّا حَبَالًا وَلَا وُضِعُوا لِلنَّارِ يَغْتَوْنَكُمْ الْفِتْنَةَ وَفِيكُمْ سَمْعُونُ لَمْ وَاللَّهُ
 عَلَيْهِمُ بِالْظَالِمِينَ ﴿١٧﴾ لَقَدْ ابْتِغَوْا الْفِتْنَةَ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَقَلَبُوا لَكَ الْأُمُورَ حَتَّى جَاءَ الْحَقُّ وَظَهَرَ أَمْرُ اللَّهِ
 وَهُمْ كَارِهُونَ ﴿١٨﴾

لَوْ if حَرَجُوا they marched out فِكُمْ with you مَا nothing زَادُوكُمْ disorder إِلَّا they would have added to you خَبَالًا except in your midst خَلَلَكُمْ and they would have hurried about وَلَا وَضَعُوا and sowing among you الْفِتْنَةَ sedition وَفِكُمْ and (there) يَتَوَنِّكُكُمْ among you سَمْعُونَ are some) who would have listened لَهُمْ of those وَاللَّهُ and Allah عَلِيمٌ (is) All-Knower بِالظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٤٧﴾ they had plotted اِتَّمَعُوا verily لَقَدْ who are wrong-doers الْفِتْنَةَ sedition مِنْ قَبْلُ before وَكَلَبُوا and had upset لَكَ for you الْأُمُورُ matters حَتَّى until جَاءَ the truth (victory) الْحَقُّ and وَظَهَرَ the truth (victory) أَمْرُ the Decree اللَّهِ (of) Allah وَهُمْ though they hated (it) كَرِهُوا ﴿٤٨﴾

47. Had they marched out with you, they would have added to you nothing except disorder, and they would have hurried about in your midst (spreading corruption) and sowing sedition among you — and there are some among you who would have listened to them. And Allâh is the All-Knower of the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers). 48. Verily, they had plotted sedition before, and had upset matters for you, until the truth (victory) came and the Decree of Allâh (His religion, Islâm) became manifest though they hated it.

وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ يَقُولُ أَفَذَنْ لِي وَلَا تَقِيَتْهُ إِلَّا فِي الْفِتْنَةِ سَقَطُوا وَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ لَمُحِيطَةٌ بِالْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٤٩﴾ إِنْ تُصِيبَكَ حَسَنَةٌ فَسَوْفُمْ وَإِنْ تُصِيبَكَ مُصِيبَةٌ يَقُولُوا قَدْ أَخَذْنَا أَمْرًا مِنْ قَبْلُ وَكَانُوا فِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ ﴿٥٠﴾ قُلْ لَنْ يُصِيبَنَا إِلَّا مَا كَتَبَ اللَّهُ لَنَا هُوَ مَوْلَانَا وَعَلَى اللَّهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٥١﴾

وَمِنْهُمْ (is) مَنْ he who يَقُولُ says أَفَذَنْ grant لِي leave me وَلَا and not تَقِيَتْهُ put me into trial. إِلَّا surely فِي into الْفِتْنَةِ trial سَقَطُوا and verily وَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ Hell لَمُحِيطَةٌ (is) surrounding بِالْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٤٩﴾ the disbelievers إِنْ if تُصِيبَكَ good حَسَنَةٌ فَسَوْفُمْ it grieves them وَإِنْ but if تُصِيبَكَ مُصِيبَةٌ a calamity يَقُولُوا they say قَدْ indeed أَخَذْنَا We took أَمْرًا our precaution مِنْ قَبْلُ before

وَيَكُولُوا and they turn away وَهُمْ and they (are) فَرِحُوا and they rejoicing قُلْ say لَنْ nothing يُصِيبُنَا shall ever happen to us كَتَبَ what مَا except for us اللَّهُ Allah has ordained لَنَا for us هُوَ He is مَوْلَانَا our Protector وَعَلَى and in اللَّهِ Allah فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ let put the believers الْمُؤْمِنُونَ their trust

49. And among them is he who says: "Grant me leave (to be exempted from *Jihâd*) and put me not into trial." Surely, they have fallen into trial. And verily, Hell is surrounding the disbelievers. 50. If good befalls you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), it grieves them, but if a calamity overtakes you, they say: "We took our precaution beforehand" and they turn away rejoicing. 51. Say: "Nothing shall ever happen to us except what Allâh has ordained for us. He is our *Maulâ* (Lord, Helper and Protector)." And in Allâh let the believers put their trust.

قُلْ هَلْ تَرْتَضُونَ إِنَّا لَا إِحْدَى الْحَسَيْنَيْنِ وَنَحْنُ نَرْتَبِصُ بِكُمْ أَنْ يُصِيبَكُمُ اللَّهُ بِعَذَابٍ مِنْ عِنْدِهِ أَوْ يَأْتِيَنَا فَتَرْتَبِصُوا إِنَّا مَعَكُمْ مُتَرْتَبِصُونَ ﴿٥٠﴾ قُلْ أَنْفِقُوا طَوْعًا أَوْ كَرْهًا لَنْ يُتَقَبَلَ مِنْكُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ قَوْمًا فَاسِقِينَ ﴿٥١﴾ وَمَا مَنَعَهُمْ أَنْ تُقَبَلَ مِنْهُمْ نَفَقَتُهُمْ إِلَّا أَنْهُمْ كَفَرُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَلَا يَأْتُونَ الصَّلَاةَ إِلَّا وَهُمْ كُسَالَى وَلَا يُنْفِقُونَ إِلَّا وَهُمْ كَارِهُونَ ﴿٥٢﴾

قُلْ say هَلْ do تَرْتَضُونَ you wait إِنَّا for us (anything) إِلَّا except one إِحْدَى the two best things الْحَسَيْنَيْنِ (of) we وَنَحْنُ and we نَرْتَبِصُ await بِكُمْ for you أَنْ either that يُصِيبَكُمُ either that اللَّهُ Allah بِعَذَابٍ with a punishment مِنْ from عِنْدِهِ Himself أَوْ or يَأْتِيَنَا at our hands فَتَرْتَبِصُوا so wait إِنَّا we too مَعَكُمْ with you مُتَرْتَبِصُونَ ﴿٥٠﴾ (are) waiting قُلْ say أَنْفِقُوا willingly طَوْعًا or كَرْهًا unwillingly لَنْ it be accepted يُتَقَبَلَ from you إِنْ كُنْتُمْ verily you قَوْمًا a people فَاسِقِينَ ﴿٥١﴾ disobedient وَمَا and nothing مَنَعَهُمْ prevents them أَنْ from تُقَبَلَ being accepted مِنْهُمْ from them نَفَقَتُهُمْ their إِلَّا except أَنْهُمْ that they كَفَرُوا disbelieved بِاللَّهِ Allah in رَسُولِهِ and that not يَأْتُونَ they الصَّلَاةَ prayer إِلَّا except وَهُمْ they كُسَالَى lazy (are) وَلَا and (that) not يُنْفِقُونَ they offer contributions إِلَّا but وَهُمْ (are) unwilling كَارِهُونَ they

52. Say: "Do you wait for us (anything) except one of the two best things (martyrdom or victory); while we await for you either that Allâh will afflict you with a punishment from Himself or at our hands. So wait, we too are waiting with you." 53. Say: "Spend (in Allâh's Cause) willingly or unwillingly, it will not be accepted from you. Verily, you are ever a people who are *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh)." 54. And nothing prevents their contributions from being accepted from them except that they disbelieved in Allâh and in His Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), and that they came not to *As-Salât* (the prayer) except in a lazy state, and that they offer not contributions but unwillingly.

فَلَا تُعْجِبْكَ أَمْوَالُهُمْ وَلَا أَوْلَادُهُمْ إِنَّمَا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ لِيُعَذِّبَهُمْ بِهَا فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا وَنَزَعَنَ أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَهُمْ كَافِرُونَ ﴿٥٣﴾ وَيَخْلِفُونَ بِاللَّهِ إِيَّاهُمْ لَيْسَ مِنْكُمْ وَمَا هُمْ بِمُؤْمِنِينَ وَلَكِنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ يَفْرُقُونَ ﴿٥٤﴾ لَوْ يَجِدُونَ مَلْجَأًا أَوْ مَعْرَبًا أَوْ مَدْخَلًا لَوَلَّوْا إِلَيْهِ وَهُمْ يَجْحَدُونَ ﴿٥٥﴾

فَلَا تُعْجِبْكَ so let not their wealth أَمْوَالُهُمْ amaze you وَلَا nor/or
أَوْلَادُهُمْ their children إِنَّمَا in reality يُرِيدُ Allah الله intends
لِيُعَذِّبَهُمْ Allah to punish them بِهَا with these things فِي in
الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا the life of this world وَنَزَعَنَ (of) this world
أَنْفُسَهُمْ and that shall depart (die) وَهُمْ while they are
كَافِرُونَ disbelievers ﴿٥٣﴾ and they لَيْسَ مِنْكُمْ of you
وَمَا by Allah الله إِيَّاهُمْ that they are truly
بِاللَّهِ swear (are) of you هُمْ they وَمَا but they
يَفْرُقُونَ (are) of you وَلَكِنَّهُمْ (are) of you قَوْمٌ but they
يَجِدُونَ should لَوْ who are afraid ﴿٥٤﴾ people
مَلْجَأًا or مَعْرَبًا or أَوْ caves or مَدْخَلًا or
لَوَلَّوْا concealment إِلَيْهِ they would turn straightway وَهُمْ
يَجْحَدُونَ and they ﴿٥٥﴾ rush (with a swift rush)

55. So let not their wealth nor their children amaze you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم); in reality Allâh's Plan is to punish them with these things in the life of this world, and that their souls shall depart (die) while they are disbelievers. 56. They swear by Allâh that they are truly, of you while they are not of you, but they are a people (hypocrites) who are afraid (that you may kill them). 57. Should they find a refuge, or caves, or a place of concealment, they would turn straightway thereto with a swift rush.

وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ يَلْمِزُكَ فِي الصَّدَقَاتِ فَإِنْ أُعْطُوا مِنْهَا رَضُوا وَإِنْ لَمْ يُعْطُوا مِنْهَا إِذَا هُمْ يَسْتَخْطُونَ ﴿٥٦﴾ وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ رَضُوا مَا آتَاهُمُ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَقَالُوا حَسْبُنَا اللَّهُ سَيُؤْتِينَا اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ وَرَسُولُهُ إِنَّا إِلَى اللَّهِ

وَمِنْهُمْ who and of them are some يُؤْذِنُكَ accuse you (O Muhammad) فِي in the matter of the alms الصَّدَقَاتِ if فَإِنْ the matter of the alms الصَّدَقَاتِ but if رَضُوا they are pleased مِنْهَا part thereof رَضُوا they are given لَمْ not يَعْطُوا they are given مِنْهَا thereof إِذَا behold هُمْ they were بَسْخَطُونَ ﴿٥٨﴾ are enraged وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ would أَنَّهُمْ that they رَضُوا were contented مَا with what عَاشَتْهُمْ Allah gave them رَضُوا and Allah (is) SuffICIENT for us حَسْبُنَا and had said وَقَالُوا His Messenger Allah سَيُؤْتِينَا Allah will give us مِنْ Allah of فَضْلِهِ His Bounty رَضُوا and (also) His Messenger (to) إِلَى we implore رَغِبُونَ ﴿٥٩﴾ Allah

58. And of them are some who accuse you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) in the matter of (the distribution of) the alms. If they are given part thereof, they are pleased, but if they are not given thereof, behold! They are enraged! 59. Would that they were contented with what Allâh and His Messenger (صلى الله عليه وسلم) gave them and had said: "Allâh is SuffICIENT for us. Allâh will give us of His Bounty, and so will His Messenger (from alms). We implore Allâh (to enrich us)."

﴿٥٨﴾ إِنَّمَا الصَّدَقَتُ لِلْفُقَرَاءِ وَالْمَسْكِينِ وَالْعَمِلِينَ عَلَيْهَا وَالْمُؤَلَّفَةِ فُلُؤْمِهِمْ وَفِي الرِّقَابِ وَالْغَنَمِمْ وَفِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَأَبْنِ السَّبِيلِ فَرِيضَةً مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿٥٩﴾ وَمِنْهُمْ الَّذِينَ يُؤْذُونَ النَّبِيَّ وَيَقُولُونَ هُوَ أَذُنٌ قُلْ أَذُنٌ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَيُؤْمِنُ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَرَحْمَةٌ لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مِنْكُمْ وَالَّذِينَ يُؤْذُونَ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿٦٠﴾

﴿٥٨﴾ إِنَّمَا only الصَّدَقَتُ alms, charities (Zakat) لِلْفُقَرَاءِ (are) for the poor (who beg) وَالْمَسْكِينِ and the poor (who do not beg) وَالْعَمِلِينَ and those employed to collect عَلَيْهَا them (the funds) وَالْمُؤَلَّفَةِ for attracting those who have been inclined (towards Islam) وَفِي their hearts الرِّقَابِ and to (free) وَالْغَنَمِمْ the captives وَفِي those in debt سَبِيلِ Allah's Way and for (in) فَرِيضَةً a duty imposed مِّنَ Allah by سَبِيلِ Allah and Allah عَلِيمٌ (is) All-Knower حَكِيمٌ ﴿٥٩﴾ وَمِنْهُمْ All-Wise الَّذِينَ and among them (are) يُؤْذُونَ those who hurt النَّبِيَّ the Prophet وَيَقُولُونَ and say هُوَ أَذُنٌ he is (lending)

what is best **خَيْرٌ** he listens to **أُذُنٌ** say **قُلْ** his ear to every news) and has faith **وَيُؤْمِنُ** in Allāh **بِاللَّهِ** he believes **يُؤْمِنُ** for you **لَكُمْ** to those **لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ** and (is) mercy **وَرَحْمَةً** in the believers **لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ** hurt **يُؤْذُونَ** and those who **وَالَّذِينَ** of you **مِنْكُمْ** believe **يُؤْمِنُوا** who torment **رَسُولَ** the Messenger **اللَّهِ** (of) Allāh **لَهُمْ** for them **عَذَابٌ** a painful **أَلِيمٌ**

60. *As-Sadaqât* (here it means *Zakât*) are only for the *Fuqarâ'* (poor), and *Al-Masâkin* (the poor) and those employed to collect (the funds); and to attract the hearts of those who have been inclined (towards Islâm); and to free the captives; and for those in debt; and for Allâh's Cause, and for the wayfarer (a traveller who is cut off from everything); a duty imposed by Allâh. And Allâh is All-Knower, All-Wise. 61. And among them are men who annoy the Prophet (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) and say: "He is (lending his) ear (to every news)." Say: "He listens to what is best for you; he believes in Allâh; has faith in the believers; and is a mercy to those of you who believe." But those who annoy Allâh's Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) will have a painful torment.

يَخْلِفُونَ بِاللَّهِ لَكُمْ لِيَرْضَوْكُمْ وَاللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ أَحَقُّ أَنْ يُرْضَوْهُ إِنْ كَانُوا مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٦٠﴾ أَلَمْ يَعْلَمُوا أَنَّهُ
مَنْ يُحَادِدِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ فَأَبَقَ لَمْ نَرِ جَهَنَّمَ خَلِيدًا فِيهَا ذَلِكَ الْخِزْيُ الْعَظِيمُ ﴿٦١﴾ يَحْذَرُ
الْمُنَافِقُونَ أَنْ تُنَزَّلَ عَلَيْهِمْ سُورَةٌ تُنَبِّئُهُمْ بِمَا فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ قُلِ اسْتَزِرُوا إِنْ اللَّهَ يُخْرِجْ مَا تَحْذَرُونَ ﴿٦٢﴾

يَخْلِفُونَ بِاللَّهِ لَكُمْ by Allāh **بِاللَّهِ** they swear **يَخْلِفُونَ** to you (Muslims) **لَكُمْ** and His Messenger **وَرَسُولُهُ** but Allāh **وَاللَّهُ** in order to please you if **إِنْ** they should please Him **يُرْضَوْهُ** that **أَنْ** has more right **أَحَقُّ** know **يَعْلَمُوا** did not **أَلَمْ** (are) believers **لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ** they **كَانُوا** opposes and shows hostility **يُحَادِدِ** whoever **مَنْ** that **أَنْتُمْ** they for **لَمْ** certainly **فَأَبَقَ** and His Messenger **وَرَسُولُهُ** Allāh **اللَّهُ** (to) him will be **نَارَ** the Fire **جَهَنَّمَ** (of) Hell **خَلِيدًا** to abide **فِيهَا** therein **ذَلِكَ** that (is) **الْخِزْيُ الْعَظِيمُ** disgrace **يَحْذَرُ** extreme **يَحْذَرُ** should be revealed **تُنَزَّلَ** lest **أَنْ** the hypocrites **الْمُنَافِقُونَ** fear showing **عَلَيْهِمْ** about them **سُورَةٌ** a Surah (chapter of Quran) **تُنَبِّئُهُمْ** mock **قُلِ** say **اسْتَزِرُوا** their hearts **قُلُوبِهِمْ** (is) in **فِي** what **بِمَا** them

إِنَّ but certainly Allah ﷻ will bring to light مَا all that
you fear تَحْذَرُونَ ﴿١٦﴾

62. They swear by Allâh to you (Muslims) in order to please you, but it is more fitting that they should please Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad ﷺ), if they are believers. 63. Know they not that whoever opposes and shows hostility to Allâh (عز وجل) and His Messenger (ﷺ), certainly for him will be the fire of Hell to abide therein. That is the extreme disgrace. 64. The hypocrites fear lest a Sûrah (chapter of the Qur'ân) should be revealed about them, showing them what is in their hearts. Say: "(Go ahead and) mock! But certainly Allâh will bring to light all that you fear."

وَلَيْن سَأَلْتَهُمْ لَيَقُولُنَّ إِنَّمَا كُنَّا نَخُوضُ وَنَلْعَبُ قُلْ أَبِاللَّهِ وَآيَاتِهِ وَرَسُولِهِ كُنْتُمْ تَسْتَهْزِئُونَ ﴿١٦﴾
لَا تَعْذِرُوا قَدْ كَفَرْتُمْ بَعْدَ إِيمَانِكُمْ إِنْ نَعَفَ عَنْ طَائِفَةٍ مِنْكُمْ تُعَذِّبُ طَائِفَةٌ أُخْرَى كَانُوا أَجْرَمِينَ ﴿١٧﴾
الْمُتَّقُونَ وَالْمُتَفَقِّهَاتُ بَعْضُهُمْ مِنْ بَعْضٍ يَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمُنْكَرِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَقْبِضُونَ أَيْدِيَهُمْ نَسُوا اللَّهَ فَنَسِيَهُمْ إِنَّ الْمُنَافِقِينَ هُمُ الْفَاسِقُونَ ﴿١٨﴾

وَلَيْن if سَأَلْتَهُمْ you ask them (about this) لَيَقُولُنَّ they declare
إِنَّمَا only كُنَّا we were نَخُوضُ talking idly وَنَلْعَبُ and joking
قُلْ (playing) أَبِاللَّهِ say آيَاتِهِ was it at Allah وَرَسُولِهِ and His Verses
وَرَسُولِهِ and His Messenger كُنْتُمْ that you were تَسْتَهْزِئُونَ ﴿١٦﴾
you كَفَرْتُمْ indeed قَدْ make excuses تَعْذِرُوا no لَا mocking
We نَعَفَ if إِنْ you had believed إِيمَانِكُمْ after disbelieved
طَائِفَةٌ We will punish تُعَذِّبُ of you طَائِفَةٌ some
أُخْرَى because كَانُوا others (amongst you) أَجْرَمِينَ ﴿١٧﴾
الْمُتَّقُونَ the hypocrites men الْمُتَفَقِّهَاتُ and the hypocrites
بَعْضُهُمْ some مِنْ from بَعْضٍ another يَأْمُرُونَ they
بِالْمُنْكَرِ evil (disbelief) وَيَنْهَوْنَ and forbid عَنِ
الْمَعْرُوفِ good (Islam) وَيَقْبِضُونَ and they close أَيْدِيَهُمْ
so He has forgotten نَسُوا Allah ﷻ they have forgotten
إِنَّ them الْمُنَافِقِينَ verily هُمُ the hypocrites الْفَاسِقُونَ ﴿١٨﴾
the disobedient

65. If you ask them (about this), they declare: "We were only talking idly and joking." Say: "Was it at Allâh (عز وجل), and His Ayât and His Messenger (صلى الله عليه وسلم) that you were mocking?" 66. Make no excuse; you disbelieved after you had believed. If We pardon some of you, We will punish others amongst you because they were *Mujrimûn*. 67. The hypocrites, men and women, are one from another; they enjoin (on the people) *Al-Munkar*, and forbid (people) from *Al-Ma'rûf* (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism and all that Islâm orders one to do), and they close their hands [from giving (spending in Allâh's Cause) alms]. They have forgotten Allâh, so He has forgotten them. Verily, the hypocrites are the *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الْمُنَافِقِينَ وَالْمُنَافِقَاتِ وَالْكُفَّارَ نَارَ جَهَنَّمَ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا هِيَ حَسْبُهُمْ وَلَعْنَهُمُ اللَّهُ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُّقِيمٌ ﴿٦٥﴾ كَذَٰلِكَ يَنْقُلُ اللَّهُ أَسْأَدَ مِنْكُمْ قُوَّةً وَآكْثَرَ أَمْوَالًا وَأَوْلَدًا فَاسْتَمْتَعُوا بِخُلُقَيْهِمْ فَاسْتَمْتَعْتُمْ بِخُلُقَيْكُمْ كَمَا اسْتَمْتَعَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ بِخُلُقَيْهِمْ وَخُضْتُمْ كَالَّذِي خَاضُوا أُولَٰئِكَ حِطَّةُ آعْمَلْتُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ وَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ ﴿٦٦﴾

the hypocrites men **الْمُنَافِقِينَ** Allah **اللَّهُ** has promised **وَعَدَ** the Fire **نَارَ** and disbelievers **وَالْكُفَّارَ** and women **وَالْمُنَافِقَاتِ** (of) Hell **جَهَنَّمَ** they shall abide **خَالِدِينَ** therein **فِيهَا** it will **هِيَ** suffice them **حَسْبُهُمْ** and for them **وَلَعْنَهُمُ** Allah **اللَّهُ** has cursed them **وَلَهُمْ** like those **كَذَٰلِكَ** lasting **مُّقِيمٌ** is a torment **عَذَابٌ** them before you **كَانُوا** they were **أَسْأَدَ** mightier **مِنْكُمْ** than you **قُوَّةً** in wealth **أَمْوَالًا** and more abundant **وَآكْثَرَ** power **وَأَوْلَدًا** children **فَاسْتَمْتَعُوا** they had enjoyed **بِخُلُقَيْهِمْ** their portion (a while) **فَاسْتَمْتَعْتُمْ** so enjoy **بِخُلُقَيْكُمْ** your portion (a while) **كَمَا** as **اسْتَمْتَعَ** those **الَّذِينَ** enjoyed **مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ** before you **وَخُضْتُمْ** (a while) and you indulged in play and pastime **كَالَّذِي** such are they **أُولَٰئِكَ** they indulged in play and pastime **خَاضُوا** in this world **الدُّنْيَا** are in vain **آعْمَلْتُمْ** their deeds **فِي** and such (are) **وَأُولَٰئِكَ** and (in) the Hereafter **وَالْآخِرَةِ** the losers **الْخَاسِرُونَ** (who are)

68. Allâh has promised the hypocrites — men and women — and the disbelievers, the fire of Hell; therein shall they abide. It will suffice them. Allâh has cursed them and for them is the lasting torment. 69. Like those before you: they were

mightier than you in power, and more abundant in wealth and children. They had enjoyed their portion (awhile), so enjoy your portion (awhile) as those before you enjoyed their portion (awhile); and you indulged in play and pastime (and in telling lies against Allâh and His Messenger Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) as they indulged in play and pastime. Such are they whose deeds are in vain in this world and in the Hereafter. Such are they who are the losers.

أَلَمْ يَأْتِيهِمْ نَبَأُ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ قَوْمِ نُوحٍ وَعَادٍ وَثَمُودَ وَقَوْمِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَأَصْحَابِ مَدْيَنَ وَالْمُؤْتَفِكَاتِ أَنَّهُمْ رُسِلُهم بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ فَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيَظْلِمَهُمْ وَلَكِنْ كَانُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿٧٠﴾
وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتُ بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءُ بَعْضٍ يَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَيُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ وَيُؤْتُونَ الزَّكَاةَ وَيُطِيعُونَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ أُولَئِكَ سَيَرْحَمُهُمُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿٧١﴾

أَلَمْ of those الَّذِينَ the story نَبَأُ reached them يَأْتِيهِمْ has not
قَبْلِهِمْ before them قَوْمِ the people نُوحٍ (of) Noah وَعَادٍ (of) Ad وَثَمُودَ
وَقَوْمِ and the people إِبْرَاهِيمَ (of) Abraham وَأَصْحَابِ
مَدْيَنَ and the dwellers of the cities وَالْمُؤْتَفِكَاتِ (of) Madyan
أَنَّهُمْ to them came رُسِلُهم their Messengers بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ
with clear proofs فَمَا كَانَ so not اللَّهُ it was اللَّهُ
لِيَظْلِمَهُمْ they used to كَانُوا but وَلَكِنْ who wronged them
يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿٧٠﴾ themselves wrong وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ the believing men
وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتُ some بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءُ Bَعْضٍ are protectors of others
يَأْمُرُونَ they command بِالْمَعْرُوفِ good وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ
evil وَيُقِيمُونَ and they offer perfectly الصَّلَاةَ (their) prayers
وَيُؤْتُونَ the Zakat الزَّكَاةَ and obey اللَّهَ and اللَّهَ
وَرَسُولَهُ these سَيَرْحَمُهُمُ will give them
ALLAH إِنَّ اللَّهَ surely اللَّهَ Allah عَزِيزٌ (is) All-Mighty
حَكِيمٌ ﴿٧١﴾ All-Wise

70. Has not the story reached them of those before them? — The people of Nûh (Noah), 'Âd, and Thamûd, the people of Ibrâhîm (Abraham), the dwellers of Madyan (Midian) and the cities overthrown [i.e. the people to whom Lût (Lot) preached]; to them came their Messengers with clear proofs. So it was not Allâh Who wronged them, but they used to wrong themselves. 71. The believers, men and women, are *Auliya'* (helpers, supporters, friends, protectors) of one another; they enjoin (on the people) *Al-Ma'rûf* (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism and all that Islâm

orders one to do), and forbid (people) from *Al-Munkar*; they perform *As-Salât*, and give the *Zakât*, and obey Allâh and His Messenger. Allâh will have His Mercy on them. Surely, Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise.

وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا وَمَسْكَنٍ طَيِّبَةٍ فِي جَنَّاتٍ عَدْنٍ وَرِضْوَانٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ أَكْبَرُ ذَلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ ﴿٧٦﴾ يَا أَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ جَاهِدِ الْكُفَّارَ وَالْمُنَافِقِينَ وَاغْلُظْ عَلَيْهِمْ وَمَأْوَهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ وَيُسَّ الْمَصِيرُ ﴿٧٧﴾

وَعَدَ اللَّهُ the believing men الْمُؤْمِنِينَ Allah has promised جَنَّاتٍ Gardens and جَنَّاتٍ women and mansions خَالِدِينَ therein to dwell forever وَمَسْكَنٍ beautiful (of) Adn (Eden عَدْنٍ Gardens in of) Allah of and the Good Pleasure وَرِضْوَانٍ Paradise) أَكْبَرُ the greatest bliss ذَلِكَ is that الْفَوْزُ success الْعَظِيمُ ﴿٧٦﴾ O النَّبِيُّ the supreme and be جَاهِدِ Prophet and the hypocrites وَالْمُنَافِقِينَ and the disbelievers الْكُفَّارَ and be غَلِظْ and the hypocrites and the disbelievers (is) Hell جَهَنَّمُ and their abode وَمَأْوَهُمْ against them harsh عَلَيْهِمْ and worst indeed وَيُسَّ the destination الْمَصِيرُ ﴿٧٧﴾

72. Allâh has promised the believers — men and women, — Gardens under which rivers flow to dwell therein forever, and beautiful mansions in Gardens of 'Adn (Eden Paradise). But the greatest bliss is the Good Pleasure of Allâh. That is the supreme success. 73. O Prophet (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم)! Strive hard against the disbelievers and the hypocrites, and be harsh against them, their abode is Hell, — and worst indeed is that destination.

يَخْلِفُونَ بِاللَّهِ مَا قَالُوا وَلَقَدْ قَالُوا كَلِمَةَ الْكُفْرِ وَكَفَرُوا بَعْدَ إِسْلَامِهِمْ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧٨﴾ وَإِنْ يَتُوبَا إِلَى اللَّهِ فَقَدْ صَغَتْ قُلُوبُكُمَا وَإِنْ يَظْهَرَا عَلَيْكُمَا مِنْ عَدَاوَةٍ بَيْنَهُمَا فَاغْلُظْ عَلَيْهِمَا وَمَا يُغْلِظُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ الْعَذَابَ وَلَا يَخَافُ أَصَابُهُمْ ﴿٧٩﴾

يَخْلِفُونَ they swear بِاللَّهِ by Allah مَا did not قَالُوا (that) وَلَقَدْ they said قَالُوا but really كَلِمَةَ the word الْكُفْرِ (of) disbelieف and they كَفَرُوا after بَعْدَ إِسْلَامِهِمْ Islam and they resolved وَمَا that which لَمْ unable يَغْلِظُ they could find (any) نَقَمُوا and not وَمَا they were to carry out

Allah had enriched them أَغْنَاهُمْ that أَنْ except إِلَّا cause to do so) if His Bounty فَضْلِهِ of مِنْ and His Messenger رُسُولُهُ Allah فَإِنْ for them لَهُمْ better خَيْرًا it will be بِكُمْ they repent يَتُوبُوا then Allah will punish them بِعَذَابِهِمْ they turn away يَتَوَلَّوْا but if عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا torment أَلِيمًا in فِي with a painful torment وَالْآخِرَةُ the world (there is) for them لَهُمْ and none وَمَا and the Hereafter on فِي a helper نَصِيرٍ ﴿٧٦﴾ nor/or وَلَا a protector وَلِيٍّ as مِنْ earth الْأَرْضِ

74. They swear by Allâh that they said nothing (bad), but really they said the word of disbelief, and they disbelieved after accepting Islâm, and they resolved that (plot to murder Prophet Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) which they were unable to carry out, and they could not find any cause to do so except that Allâh and His Messenger had enriched them of His Bounty. If then they repent, it will be better for them, but if they turn away; Allâh will punish them with a painful torment in this worldly life and in the Hereafter. And there is none for them on earth as a *Wali* (supporter, protector) or a helper.

وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ عَاهَدَ اللَّهَ لَئِذَا مَاتْنَا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ لَنَصَّدَّقَنَّ وَلَنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿٧٥﴾ فَلَمَّا عَاهَدَهُمْ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ بَخِلُوا بِهِ وَتَوَلَّوْا وَهُمْ مُّعْرِضُونَ ﴿٧٦﴾ فَأَعْقَبَهُمْ نِفَاقًا فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ إِلَى يَوْمِ يَلْقَوْنَهُ بِمَا أَخْلَفُوا اللَّهَ مَا وَعَدُوهُ وَبِمَا كَانُوا يَكْذِبُونَ ﴿٧٧﴾ أَلَمْ يَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ سِرَّهُمْ وَنَجْوَاهُمْ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَّمَهُ الْغَيْبُ ﴿٧٨﴾

made a covenant عَاهَدَ (are) some who مِّنْ and of them وَمِنْهُمْ Allah with لَئِذَا (saying): if مَاتْنَا He bestowed on us مِنْ فَضْلِهِ We will verily give charity لَنَصَّدَّقَنَّ His Bounty of فَضْلِهِ those who are مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ among مِنْ and will be certainly He gave them عَاهَدَهُمْ then when فَلَمَّا righteous Bounty بَخِلُوا (with it) بِهِ they became stingy وَتَوَلَّوْا so He فَأَعْقَبَهُمْ (are) averse مُّعْرِضُونَ and they وَهُمْ turned away their قُلُوبِهِمْ into فِي by putting hypocrisy نِفَاقًا punished them they shall meet Him يَلْقَوْنَهُ the Day (when) يَوْمِ till إِلَى hearts بِمَا Allah they broke (the covenant with) أَخْلَفُوا because مَا Allah and because وَبِمَا they had promised (Him) وَعَدُوهُ which

know they **يَكْذِبُونَ** do not? **أَو** tell lies **﴿٧٦﴾** they used to **أَنْتَ** that **اللَّهُ** Allah **يَعْلَمُ** knows **سِرَّهُمْ** their secret ideas **وَنَجْوَاهُمْ** and their secret talk **وَأَنْتَ** and that **اللَّهُ** Allah **عَلَّمَهُ** (is) the All-Knower **﴿٧٨﴾** (of) the unseen

75. And of them are some who made a covenant with Allâh (saying): "If He bestowed on us of His Bounty, we will verily, give *Sadaqâh* (*Zakât* and voluntary charity in Allâh's Cause) and will be certainly among those who are righteous." 76. Then when He gave them of His Bounty, they became niggardly [refused to pay the *Sadaqah* (*Zakât* or voluntary charity)], and turned away, averse. 77. So He punished them by putting hypocrisy into their hearts till the Day whereon they shall meet Him, because they broke that (covenant with Allâh) which they had promised to Him and because they used to tell lies. 78. Know they not that Allâh knows their secret ideas, and their *Najwa* (secret counsels), and that Allâh is the All-Knower of things unseen.

الَّذِينَ يَلْمِزُونَ الْمُطَّوِّعِينَ فِي الْأَصْدَقَاتِ وَالَّذِينَ لَا يَجِدُونَ إِلَّا جُهْدَهُمْ فَيَسْخَرُونَ مِنْهُمْ سَخِرَ اللَّهُ مِنْهُمْ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿٧٦﴾ أَسْتَغْفِرُ لَهُمْ أَوْ لَا تَسْتَغْفِرُ لَهُمْ إِنْ تَسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ سَبْعِينَ مَرَّةً فَلَنْ يَغْفِرَ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَفَرُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الْفَاسِقِينَ ﴿٧٨﴾

such who give **الَّذِينَ** those who **يَلْمِزُونَ** defame **الْمُطَّوِّعِينَ** voluntarily **مِنْ** of **الْمُؤْمِنِينَ** the believers **فِي** (in) **الْأَصْدَقَاتِ** charity) **إِلَّا** except **جُهْدَهُمْ** what is available to them **فَيَسْخَرُونَ** so **اللَّهُ** will throw back their mockery **سَخِرَ** at them **مِنْهُمْ** they mock **اللَّهُ** Allah **مِنْهُمْ** on them **وَلَهُمْ** and they shall have **عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ** torment **﴿٧٦﴾** or **أَوْ** for them **لَهُمْ** whether you ask forgiveness **أَسْتَغْفِرُ** a painful **لَا** not **تَسْتَغْفِرُ** ask forgiveness **لَهُمْ** for them **إِنْ** if **تَسْتَغْفِرُ** you **لَنْ** times **سَبْعِينَ** seventy **مَرَّةً** for them **لَهُمْ** ask forgiveness **يَغْفِرَ** never **اللَّهُ** Allah **لَهُمْ** them **ذَلِكَ** because **يَأْتِيَهُمْ** they **وَرَسُولِهِ** in Allah **يَا لَئِنْ** disbelieved **كَفَرُوا** have **اللَّهُ** Allah **وَاللَّهُ** Messenger **لَا** and **يَهْدِي** guides **الْقَوْمَ** those people **الْفَاسِقِينَ** who

79. Those who defame such of the believers who give charity voluntarily, and such who could not find to give charity (in Allâh's Cause) except what is available to them — so they mock at them (believers); Allâh will throw back their mockery on them, and they shall have a painful torment. 80. Whether you (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) ask forgiveness for them (hypocrites) or ask not forgiveness for them — (and even) if you ask seventy times for their forgiveness — Allâh will not forgive them because they have disbelieved in Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم). And Allâh guides not those people who are *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

فَرِحَ الْمُخَلَّفُونَ بِمَقْعَدِهِمْ خَلْفَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ وَكَرِهُوا أَنْ يُجَاهِدُوا بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَقَالُوا لَا تَنْفِرُوا فِي الْحَرِّ قُلْ نَارُ جَهَنَّمَ أَشَدُّ حَرًّا لَوْ كَانُوا يَفْقَهُونَ ﴿٨٠﴾ فَلْيَضْحَكُوا قَلِيلًا وَلْيَبْكُوا كَثِيرًا جَزَاءً بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ ﴿٨١﴾

فَرِحَ rejoiced الْمُخَلَّفُونَ those who stayed behind بِمَقْعَدِهِمْ in their places خَلْفَ behind رَسُولِ the Messenger اللَّهُ the Messenger (of) Allah وَكَرِهُوا and they hated أَنْ to يُجَاهِدُوا strive and fight بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ and their wealth وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ in في and their lives سَبِيلِ the Way اللَّهُ the Way وَقَالُوا and they said لَا not تَنْفِرُوا march forth فِي in الْحَرِّ the heat قُلْ say نَارُ the Fire جَهَنَّمَ (of) Hell أَشَدُّ (is) more intense حَرًّا in heat لَوْ if only كَانُوا they could يَفْقَهُونَ ﴿٨٠﴾ understand فَلْيَضْحَكُوا so much وَلْيَبْكُوا and (they will) cry كَثِيرًا a little جَزَاءً as a recompense بِمَا of what كَانُوا they used to يَكْسِبُونَ ﴿٨١﴾ earn

81. Those who stayed away (from Tabuk expedition) rejoiced in their staying behind the Messenger of Allâh; they hated to strive and fight with their properties and their lives in the Cause of Allâh, and they said: "March not forth in the heat." Say: "The fire of Hell is more intense in heat"; if only they could understand! 82. So let them laugh a little and (they will) cry much as a recompense of what they used to earn (by committing sins).

فَإِنْ رَجَعَكَ اللَّهُ إِلَى طَائِفَةٍ مِنْهُمْ فَاسْتَعَذُّوكَ لِلْخُرُوجِ فَقُلْ لَنْ نَخْرُجََا مَعِيَ أَبَدًا وَلَنْ تُقَاتِلُوا مَعِيَ عَدُوًّا إِنَّكُمْ رَضِيتُمْ بِالْقُعُودِ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ فَاقْعُدُوا مَعَ الْخَائِلِينَ ﴿٨٢﴾ وَلَا تَصْلَوْا عَلَى أَحَدٍ مِنْهُمْ مَاتَ أَبَدًا وَلَا تَقُمْ عَلَى قَبْرِهِ إِنَّهُمْ كَفَرُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَمَاتُوا وَهُمْ فَاسِقُونَ ﴿٨٣﴾

فَإِنْ if رَبَّكَ Allah brings you back إِلَيَّ to party طَائِفَةٍ
 and they ask your فَاسْتَعِذْكَ of them (the hypocrites) مِنْهُمْ
 permission لِلْخُرُوجِ never لَنْ say قُلْ to go out (to fight) فَخْرُجُوا
 fight قَاتِلُوا nor وَلَنْ (never) أَبَدًا with me مَعِيَ you shall go out
 to sit with me مَعِيَ عَدُوًّا an enemy أَنْتُمْ رَضِيتُمْ pleased بِالْقُعُودِ
 then you sit (now) فَاقْعُدُوا occasion مَرَّةٍ on the first أَوَّلٍ inactive
 and not وَلَا those who lag behind الْخَالِفِينَ ﴿٨٧﴾
 of them مِنْهُمْ any أَحَدٍ for عَلَى pray صَلَّى (O Mohammad)
 at stand عَلَى nor قُمْ never أَبَدًا who dies مَاتَ (hypocrites)
 in قَبْرِهِ his grave إِنَّهُمْ certainly كَفَرُوا they disbelieved بِاللَّهِ Allah
 and they وَهُمْ and died وَمَاتُوا and His Messenger رُسُولِهِ
 (were) diobedient فَاسِقُونَ ﴿٨٨﴾

83. If Allâh brings you back to a party of them (the hypocrites), and they ask your permission to go out (to fight), say: "Never shall you go out with me nor fight an enemy with me; you were pleased to sit (inactive) on the first occasion, then you sit (now) with those who lag behind." 84. And never (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) pray (funeral prayer) for any of them (hypocrites) who dies, nor stand at his grave. Certainly they disbelieved in Allâh and His Messenger, and died while they were *Fâsiqûn*.

وَلَا تَعْجَبْ أَمْوَالَهُمْ وَأَوْلَادَهُمْ إِنَّمَا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ أَنْ يُعَذِّبَهُمْ بِهَا فِي الدُّنْيَا وَتَرْهَقَ أَنْفُسُهُمْ وَهُمْ كَافِرُونَ ﴿٨٩﴾ وَإِذَا
 أَنْزَلَتْ سُورَةٌ أَنْ آمَنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَجَاهِدُوا مَعَ رَسُولِهِ اسْتَعِذْكَ أُولَئِذَا الطَّوْلِ مِنْهُمْ وَقَالُوا ذَرْنَا نَكُنْ مَعَ الْقَاعِدِينَ ﴿٩٠﴾

وَلَا تَعْجَبْ and let not أَمْوَالَهُمْ their wealth or وَأَوْلَادَهُمْ
 their children إِنَّمَا only يُرِيدُ Allah intends أَنْ to يُعَذِّبَهُمْ
 فِي in الدُّنْيَا this world وَتَرْهَقَ and that shall depart (die) أَنْفُسُهُمْ
 while they وَهُمْ their souls وَكَافِرُونَ ﴿٨٩﴾ (are) disbelievers
 is revealed وَأَنْزَلَتْ and when وَأَمَّا in the سُوْرَةُ a Surah
 in بِاللَّهِ they believe آمِنُوا (enjoining) that أَنْ a Surah
 Allah وَجَاهِدُوا and strive hard and fight مَعَ along with رُسُولِهِ
 those أُولَئِذَا ask your leave to exempt them اسْتَعِذْكَ Messenger
 leave us ذَرْنَا and say وَقَالُوا among them مِنْهُمْ wealth الطَّوْلِ with

who sit (at ﴿٨٦﴾ الْقَعِيدِينَ with those مَعَ we would be نَكُنْ (behind)
home)

85. And let not their wealth or their children amaze you. Allâh's Plan is to punish them with these things in this world, and that their souls shall depart (die) while they are disbelievers. 86. And when a Sûrah (chapter from the Qur'ân) is revealed, enjoining them to believe in Allâh and to strive hard and fight along with His Messenger, the wealthy among them ask your leave to exempt them (from Jihâd) and say, "Leave us (behind), we would be with those who sit (at home)."

رَضُوا بِأَن يَكُونُوا مَعَ الْخَوَالِفِ وَطُبِعَ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ فَهُمْ لَا يَفْقَهُوْنَ ﴿٨٧﴾ لَكِنِ الرَّسُولُ وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مَعَهُ جَاهِدُوا بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ وَأُولَئِكَ لَهُمُ الْخَيْرَاتُ وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ ﴿٨٨﴾ أَعَدَّ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا ذَلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ ﴿٨٩﴾

رَضُوا they are content بِأَن to يَكُونُوا be مَعَ with those الْخَوَالِفِ those who sit behind وَطُبِعَ and are sealed up عَلَى (on) قُلُوبِهِمْ so they فَهُمْ their hearts لَا do not يَفْقَهُوْنَ ﴿٨٧﴾ do understand لَكِنِ but الرَّسُولُ the Messenger وَالَّذِينَ and those who آمَنُوا believed with him جَاهِدُوا strove hard and fought بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ with their wealth وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ and their lives وَأُولَئِكَ such are they لَهُمْ for whom الْخَيْرَاتُ (are) the good things وَأُولَئِكَ and it is they هُمُ who الْمُفْلِحُونَ ﴿٨٨﴾ will be successful أَعَدَّ Allah has prepared لَهُمْ for them جَنَّاتٍ gardens تَجْرِي flowing مِنْ تَحْتِهَا under them الْأَنْهَارُ rivers خَالِدِينَ to dwell forever ذَلِكَ therein (is) الْفَوْزُ that success الْعَظِيمُ ﴿٨٩﴾ supreme

87. They are content to be with those (the women) who sit behind (at home). Their hearts are sealed up (from all kinds of goodness and right guidance), so they understand not. 88. But the Messenger (Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) and those who believed with him (in Islâmic Monotheism) strove hard and fought with their wealth and their lives (in Allâh's Cause). Such are they for whom are the good things, and it is they who will be successful. 89. For them Allâh has got ready Gardens (Paradise) under which rivers flow, to dwell therein forever. That is the supreme success.

وَجَاءَ الْمُعَذِّرُونَ مِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ لِيُؤْذَنَ لَهُمْ وَقَعَدَ الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ سَيُصِيبُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿٩٠﴾ لَيْسَ عَلَى الضَّعَفَاءِ وَلَا عَلَى الْمَرْضَى وَلَا عَلَى الَّذِينَ لَا يَجِدُونَ مَا يُنْفِقُونَ حَرَجٌ إِذَا نَصَحُوا لِلَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ مَا عَلَى الْمُحْسِنِينَ مِنْ سَبِيلٍ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿٩١﴾

وَجَاءَ from those who made excuses الْمُعَذِّرُونَ and came the bedouins الْأَعْرَابِ لِيُؤْذَنَ asking your permission to exempt them وَقَعَدَ they and sat at home الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا Allah had lied to and His Messenger رَسُولَهُ سَيُصِيبُ those who will seize الَّذِينَ who كَفَرُوا disbelieve مِنْهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ torment of them ﴿٩٠﴾ لَيْسَ a painful (there is) no عَلَى (on) الضَّعَفَاءِ those who are weak or ill or who find no resources to spend (those) who لَا يَجِدُونَ what يُنْفِقُونَ they spend حَرَجٌ if blame إِذَا and His رَسُولَهُ to Allah اللَّهُ they are sincere (in duty) نَصَحُوا Messenger and His رَسُولَهُ against the good-doers الْمُحْسِنِينَ مَا not عَلَى (from) ground (of complaint can be there) سَبِيلٍ and Allah وَاللَّهُ Most Merciful غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ (is) Oft-Forgiving ﴿٩١﴾

90. And those who made excuses from the bedouins came (to you, O Prophet صلى الله عليه وسلم) asking your permission to exempt them (from the battle), and those who had lied to Allâh and His Messenger sat at home (without asking the permission for it); a painful torment will seize those of them who disbelieve. 91. There is no blame on those who are weak or ill or who find no resources to spend [in holy fighting (*Jihâd*)], if they are sincere and true (in duty) to Allâh and His Messenger. No ground (of complaint) can there be against the *Muhsinûn* (good-doers). And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

وَلَا عَلَى الَّذِينَ إِذَا مَا أَتَوْكَ لِتَحْمِلَهُمْ قُلْتَ لَا أَجِدُ مَا أَحْمِلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ تَوَلَّوْا وَأَعِثْنَهُمْ تَبِيعُوا مِنَ الدِّمِ حَرْنَا أَلَّا يَجِدُوا مَا يُنْفِقُونَ ﴿٩٢﴾ إِنَّمَا السَّبِيلُ عَلَى الَّذِينَ يَسْتَأْذِنُونَكَ وَهُمْ أَغْنَاءُ رَضُوا بِأَنْ يَكُونُوا مَعَ الْخَوَالِفِ وَطَبَعَ اللَّهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ فَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٩٣﴾

وَلَا nor (is there blame) عَلَى those who الَّذِينَ إِذَا مَا when that you provide them with mounts تَحْمِلَهُمْ came to you أَتَوْكَ قُلْتَ and when you said لَا أَجِدُ what I can find مَا

they turned تَوَلَّوْا (on it) عَلَيْهِمْ bear you (mounts for you) أَجْلُكُمْ
 back رَأَيْتُهُمْ while their eyes تَفِيضُ overflowing مِنْ the الدَّمْعِ
 tears حَزَنًا of grief أَلَّا that not يَجِدُوا they could find مَا
 the ground (of السَّيْلِ only إِنَّمَا to spend ٩٢) بِنَفْقَةٍ anything
 ask عَلَى complaint) الَّذِينَ (is) against بَسْتَفْتُونَكَ those who
 they are content رَضُوا (are) rich أَغْنِيَاءُ yet they وَهُمْ exemptions
 (the women) who sit behind الْخَوَالِفِ with مَعَ be يَكُونُوا to بَانَ
 so وَطَبَعَ their hearts عَلَى up قُلُوبِهِمْ Allah اللَّهُ and has sealed
 they know يَعْلَمُونَ ٩٣ not لَا that

92. Nor (is there blame) on those who came to you to be provided with mounts, when you said: "I can find no mounts for you," they turned back, while their eyes overflowing with tears of grief that they could not find anything to spend (for *Jihâd*). 93. The ground (of complaint) is only against those who are rich, and yet ask exemption. They are content to be with (the women) who sit behind (at home) and Allâh has sealed up their hearts (from all kinds of goodness and right guidance) so that they know not (what they are losing).

